Evening Telegraph

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1864.

LATER FOREIGN NEWS.

HALIFAX, Dec. 22—The British mail steamship *Africa*, which left Liverpool at eight A. M. on the 10th and Queenstown on the 11th inst., arrived at Halifax at eleven o'clock last night in the midst of a thick snow storm. She had fifteen passengers for Halifax and thirty-six for Boston.

The *Africa* sailed at 3½ A. M. for her destination, where she will be due to-morrow (Friday) evening.

The steamship *Belgiana*, from New York, arrived at Southampton on the 9th.

The steamship *Australasian*, from New York, arrived at Queenstown on the 11th.

The *Daily News* publishes a letter from Professor Goldwin Smith, dated "Cornell University, Ithaca, on the Susquehanna," in which he says: "Probably no army in history ever was so well cared for as this and such is the case is such a very strong point that the war is being waged with improvidence and wastefulness. The regards the officers in manners and conversation, at least, the equal of any armies he ever saw.

At a numerous and excited meeting of working men at South London, the "News" says, a strong address and address was adopted congratulating Mr. Lincoln on his re-election and the consequent emphatic condemnation of slavery by the American people.

An Italian Reform Association has taken possession of Bradford. Resolutions demanding an extension of the elective franchise, and in favor of an open ballot, were passed. Mr. Forster, Mr. Baines and Mr. Fawcett members of Parliament were the principal speakers. Mr. Forster replied to the taunts raised by the opponents of Reform as to the position of affairs in America, and denied that they furnished any argument against universal suffrage. He regarded the contest as a life and death struggle for the American Democracy to rescue their country from the grasp of a slavocracy determined to destroy it, and he is glad that it was not the aristocracy nor even the middle classes, but the working men, who preserved England from interfering in American affairs.

FRANCE.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France exhibit an increase of cash on hand of nearly twenty-eight millions of francs.

The Bank of France, on the 8th inst., reduced its rate of discount from six to five per cent.

M. Magnard, Private Secretary to the Emperor, died on the 8th inst.

General Goyon (Marin, wife, baby, and the rest of the diminutive and cream-and-smile waiting-maids of the Emperor's Compiègne, on the 8th inst.

The official journals quote the reception of the Italian ambassador at the Tuileries by his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales as a precedent.

SWITZERLAND.

The Federal Assembly elected M. Comporet, of Berne, by a large majority, as President of the Swiss Confederation for 1865, and M. Knüsel, of Lucerne, as Vice President.

ITALY.

The Italian Senate has passed the bill for the transfer of the capital, by 131 to 41 votes.

RUSSIA.

An Imperial ukase has been issued for a new lottery loan of a hundred million roubles at 5 per cent. The bonds are redeemable within sixty years by annual drawings. The proceeds of the loan are to be used in the capital of the National Bank and promote national industry.

TURKEY.

Disturbances are reported in Albania. Six hundred Albanians took up arms, and massacred numerous Turkish officials. The Turkish troops were proceeding to the scene of disturbance. It was feared the movement would extend. A convention has been signed between the Porte and Persia on the Indian extradition via Tamaskus. The line will soon be opened for public use.

THE "KANGAROO'S NEWS.

The following is sent by the *Kangaroo*, which left Liverpool on the 11th inst.:

The result of Sherman's operations are awaited with much interest. The journals do not hazard conjectures. The Confederate loan is depressed by his proceedings.

European news is almost blank.

The Paris correspondent of the *Land's Times* pays a warm tribute to Dr. Dayton, whose death has caused sincere regret. He was courteous to all, and was universally respected.

Bonds steady at 65@60.

The Italian Minister of Finance sailed in the Chamber of Deputies that the capital would be transferred to Florence, as soon as Parliament disposes of this relative to organic laws.

The American Lower House has finally voted an address to the throne.

The Bombay mails of November 14th had been received. The British forces were at Bunder, about the middle of December. A large increase in the cotton crop of the Northwest Provinces is reported.

A violent gale on the east coast had caused great inundations. Thousands of lives are reported lost.

THE "ERIN'S" NEWS.

The following news was sent out by the *Erin*, which left Liverpool on the 6th instant:

The trial of Lamirande, Rimaud, for enlisting men at Sheerness for the Rebel steamer *Rappahannock*, commenced in the Court of Queen's Bench on the 5th, but during the evidence the case was brought to a stop upon technical grounds in the absence of witnesses to an alleged conversation. The case was suspended till after the next term.

An open air meeting of factory operatives at Manchester adopted a resolution in favor of the maintenance of England and France in American affairs. An amendment in favor of continued neutrality was rejected, but the Danish sides claimed the majority.

The Earl of Carlisle died on the 5th.

Lord Clarence Paget, in a speech on naval affairs at Deal, replied to Mr. Osborne on the large expenditure in time of peace, and quoted Secretary Welles in support of the sound policy of such expenditures.

The Home Secretary stated as the monetary reward in Mulas's case to the cabman Matthews, whose creditors claim the amount.

The details of Mr. Dayton's death state that he was visiting an American lady at the Hotel du Louvre when he was seized with illness. He felt serious, was conveyed to his residence, and expired before he could be carried up stairs. His body will be embalmed and sent to Havre for shipment to New York.

The Paris Bourse was buoyant at 65 90 for Rentes.

The Italian Senate is still debating the convention, and the American Reclamation is still engaged on the address to the Emperor.

The German Diet has, by a vote of 9, to 6 adopted the proposition for the withdrawal of the Federal troops from the Duchies.

It is reported that the Afghanistans are in full insurrection, but this lacks confirmation.

THE NORTH AMERICAN'S NEWS.

The following news was sent by the steamship *North American*, which left Liverpool on the 8th, and Londonderry on the 9th inst. for Portland.

The screw steamer *Lara* from London and Havre for New York, was aground near Cherbourg.

The obsequies of Mr. Dayton took place on the 6th inst. in the American church at Paris. Dr. Sutherland per eined the religious services. A detachment of troops escorted the remains as a mark of honor. The days de Berri was lined with carriages. The emperor was represented by Baron de Lajus, and Prince Jerome by Gen. Fleischmann. The French Foreign Minister, M. Drouyn De L'Huys and the whole diplomatic body were in attendance and the church was crowded in every part.

Dr. Sutherland delivered a discourse, eulogistic of the deceased, and said the cordiality which subsists between France and America is, in a great measure, owing to his thorough uprightness and manliness, and his courteous and conciliatory manners. Mr. Dayton's only son was chief mourner, and he was supported by Mr. Pennington, Secretary of Legation, Mr. Bigelow, United States Consul, and Mr. Archwall, of New York. Most of the Americans in Paris were present including many Southerners. The body will remain in church till the 16th, and then be sent to Havre, to be embarked for New York.

The French journals, even those most hostile to the Northern cause, pay warm tributes to Mr. Dayton's memory.

The London *Morning Post*, in its city article, says Russia is about to recognize the new Mexican Empire.

Mr. Peabody, of Manchester, member of Parliament for Totness, had been addressing his constituents. Adverting to American affairs, he said he believed, though the North might subjugate the South, it could not keep them in subjection. He estimated the cotton England during last year, at twenty-two millions sterling owing to dear cotton, and gave it as his belief that India would never supply the required fibre in necessary quantity and quality.

Judge Perrin, of Dublin, and Mr. Williams, member of Parliament for Lambeth, are dead.

Official inquiry into the Bolton riots, after lasting nearly a month, has been brought to a close.

The French Court of Correctional Appeal had confirmed the previous judgment in the case of the thirteen deputies convicted of holding illegal meetings.

The French steamer *Ardèche* arrived at Lisbon with one regiment of the French expeditionary army from Mexico.

Bourse buoyant and higher, 65f 25.

ITALY.

During the debate on the Convention in the Senate on the 6th, General Cialdini said no compromise is possible between Austria and Italy, and the Genral Della Marmora said he shared with the views expressed by Cialdini. Signor Pellavicini was in favor of going to Rome, and of making war on Venetia. The debate is still pending.

GERMANY AND THE DUCHIES.

The Prussian troops, who have returned from the seat of the late war entered Berlin on the 7th, with the King at their head and were received with great enthusiasm. The city was gaily decorated and illuminated in the evening. The King of Denmark has arrived at Kooding. Several thousand inhabitants of Schleswig were ready to proceed there to render homage, but were forbidden by the authorities. Severa arrests were made. The *Daily Gazette* announces that the king had received a deputation of 5,000 Schleswigers.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Funds firmer. The discount market is unaltered, but there is rather more demand for choice bills to run on market at 6½. Satterthwait's insular says the market for American securities has been steady throughout the week and without material change. United States Five-Twenties improved ¼ per cent, while Illinois has given way. Virginia's are more inquired for at an advance of ½@2 per cent.

Latest via Queenstown.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16, P. M.—The cotton *Times*, from London for New York, which ran ashore near Cherbourg, has totally sunk.

Politics to-day uninportant.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16.—The Brokers' Circular reports the cotton sales for the week 67,000 bales. The market opened with an advance of ⅛d., but subsequently became flat, and the improvement was nearly all lost. The sales to speculators were 25,000 bales, and to exporters 6000 bales. The following are the authorized quotations:—

	Fair.	Middling
Orleans	29d.	26½d.
Mobile	27¾	26⅛
Upland	27	26

The sales on Friday were 8000 bales, the market closing quiet and unchanged.

Stock in port 384,000 bales, of which 13,500 are American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The market is firmer, with more demand for goods and yarns.

Richardson, Spence & Co. and Gordon Bruce & Co. report Flour quiet and steady; extra State 26@28s.

Wheat steady. Red Western 7s. 6d@8s.; white Western 8s @9s. 3d. Corn dull; mixed nominal at 37s. 6d@38s.

Provisions.—Bigland, Athya & Co., and Richardson, Spence & Co., report Beef very dull. Pork quiet and steady. Bacon steady, except new, which is 1s. lower. Lard quiet and nominal at 49s. 6d@50s. Tallow dull and 6d. lower.

Produce.—The Brokers' Circular reports Ashes firmer. Pots and Pearls, 29. 3d@30s. Sugar very dull and still declining. Coffee firm but quiet. Rice steady. Linseed easier. Linseed Oil steady. Sperm Oil nominal. Rosin very dull. Spirits Turpentine inactive at 45s.

Bonnt, English & Brandon report Petroleum steady, at 1s. 9½d@1s. 10½d. for refined; Fine Oil scarce.

LONDON MARKETS.

Barings' Circular reports Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Iron quiet. Sugar dull and 6d. lower. Coffee steady. Tea opened with a declining tone and closed firmer.

Rice steady and unchanged. Tallow steady at 40@41s. Spirits Turpentine at 45@45s. Petroleum quiet and steady at 2¼d for crude, and 1s. 1d. for refined. Sperm Oil dull and tending downward. Cod Oil, £52. Linseed Oil easier. Linseed Cakes steady.

Mexican Securities inactive. United States Five-Twenties, 62¼@61¾.

Consols closed on Friday at 89¾ for money.

The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £149,000.

Latest via Queenstown.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16—P. M.—Cotton.—Sales to-day 8000 bales, including 4000 to speculators and exporters. The market is quiet and unchanged.

Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions dull and unchanged. Tallow steady. Cattle plague abroad, Reduced to 9½@10½d.

LONDON, Dec. 16—P. M.—Consols for money, 89¾; Illinois Central shares, 50@52 discount; Erie shares, 39@40.

The discussion's news was received too late for any effect to be developed to-day.

HAVRE MARKET.

HAVRE, Dec. 8.—Cotton.—Sales of the week, 8500 bales. The market is firmer, closing quiet and steady. New Orleans ordinary, 220 f. on day, 216.

PARIS MONEY MARKET.

PARIS, Dec. 16, P. M.—Bourse quiet. Rentes closed at 65f 10c.

AN EDITORIAL SCENE.

From George Steyne's Novel of "The Boy that wouldn't grow."

From the War Press.

* * * * * * *

Upon a green velvet and thickly cushioned sofa, whose deep and luxurious recesses precluded the very idea of battling with what the editor had styled, in a late article, "the world's howling wrongs," lolled a young man, Mr. Jarrimer by name. He was exceedingly young, not more than twenty-three or twenty-four, I should imagine, although of course he seemed older to me then. His face was perfectly pale and smoothly shaven; his hair thick, long, black, and brushed carefully back from an arched and symmetrically shaped brow. He was dressed in black, and with scrupulous neatness. He appeared just to have thrown aside his hat and gloves, and was tapping his shining boots with a small slender cane, and spasmodically puffing at a cigar whose fragrance was grateful to even my uneducated smell.

"Take seats, gentlemen," exclaimed Mr. Jarrimer, without rising. "I shall be at leisure in a minute."

Mr. Jarrimer may possibly have meant this as a slight sarcasm, for there were no seats in the room saving the sofa he occupied at his full length, and the arm-chair occupied by his companions.

The latter was a middle-aged man, with a head as bald as an egg. His face was no more than middle aged, but the top of his head was old, exceedingly. He was asked at a desk, and appeared to have been writing at Mr. Jarrimer's dictation.

"You put that last sentence down right, Mr. Chip," asked Mr. Jarrimer.

Mr. Jerrimer spoke in a quick, consequential voice—not healthy, nor impolite, but as though he knew he was Mr. Jarrimer, and editor of the Beddoes *Evening Harbinger*.

"Yes, Mr. Jarrimer," responded Mr. Chip, meekly.

"You can read the article, 'The Nation's Clarion Cry,'" pursued Mr. Jarrimer. "The 'Nation's Clarion Cry'—I think that will be a taking title. Now, Mr. Chip, if you are ready, I want to hit the people pretty hard this time—pretty hard. I want to hit 'em. Now for it."

Mr. Jarrimer aroused himself into a less lounging attitude, and extended his right arm in the spirit of dictation towards my uncle and me. "No." So wot the dictation. "Never shall it be said that the Beddoes *Evening Harbinger* so prostituted the limitless influence it wields over the civilized portions of the globe as to give its sanction to so vile and inhumous a proceeding. Never shall it be said we so slanderously misrepresented the utterances of a free people as to set the signet of approbation upon that which seals our shame. Our course has been onward and upward, and upward and onward. So shall it ever be. Our circulation increases day by day. The subscribers to, and the advertisers in, the Beddoes *Beacon* are daily coming over to us by twenties and, indeed, by thirties.

"Of the proprietor of the Beddoes *Beacon* I make no remarks. He is beneath our notice—he is beneath contempt itself. He has copied our articles over and over again without credit. He has stolen and sub-applied our despatches. He has misquoted and mutilated the poem of the 'Occasion Battle-Sword,' written originally for this paper and for this alone, and he has indulged in personal vituperation against us, which we can forget but never can forgive. But the hour has come. The Clarion Cry of the Nation is heard. The people of Beddoes have arisen in their prowess and their weight, ready to crush the invader from the soil."

Mr. Jarrimer gave a final puff to his cigar and flung it out of the window. He advanced to my uncle and me, and, my uncle introducing himself, the reason of our visit was made known to him in a few words.

"Certainly, Mr. Colebrook, it shall be as you wish, sir." Here Mr. Jarrimer marched off to a sort of dumb-waiter concern at the furthest corner of the first office he had entered, and putting his lips to a mouth-piece, screamed up the pipe—"Mr. Juniper! Mr. Juniper! Cancel that bold-headed 'Frightful Affair in the Twenty-second ward—a Valetudinarian Murdered in Cold Blood.' I'm going to send up an editorial called 'The Clarion Cry of the Nation.' Make it a leader, and put it in double-leaded. Send down proofs. D'ye hear?"

A demi murmuring at the other end of the pipe, somewhere in the upper regions, seemed to indicate that Mr. Juniper not only heard, but that he had already heard more than a sour-tempered, obstinate-headed foreman could be expected meekly to bear.

"Mr. Juniper is in an ugly little humor, I'm afraid," said Mr. Jarrimer, smiling pleasantly, and not at all put out.

The box came rattling down with the proofs in them.

Mr. Jarrimer took them out and looked over them. He selected one out of the heap, looked intently at it, and scowled—

"Now look," said Mr. Jarrimer solemnly, appealing to my uncle and me; "look at that article. A beautiful article, Mr. Colebrook. I assure you, a beautiful article, sir. A case of kleptomania, sir; fire on the brain. A working-woman, who, by honest industry, earns her daily bread, suddenly brought up on a monstrous charge of theft, practised successfully for years. One of the most beautiful cases that ever came under my notice. It's *better* than a conflagration; it's *better* than a divorce; it's *better* than a breach of promise; it's *better*, why it's even *better* than a murder!" Mr. Jarrimer emphasized the word better in a surprised and delighted way. "And why is it? says Mr. Colebrook to himself," pursued Mr. Jarrimer in argumentative confidence, "why is it? Why, for the simple reason that it's so uncommon. It's a phenomenon; it's an anomaly. This murder case is nothing to it. Here's a woman, Mr. Colebrook—a young woman, too—quick, reserved, respectable, hard working, who turns out to be a regular thief; a thief in principle. She goes on for years undetected. Then all of a sudden she's brought up. It's a mania with her. She can't help it. Should she be punished. I trow not."

Here Mr. Jarrimer shook his head in a very deep manner, and resumed:—

"I was so interested in this case, Mr. Colebrook—and, by-the-by, Mr. Chip, that suggested to me an idea for a splendid series of editorials on capital punishment—I was so interested in it that I worked it up myself. I go carefully to work. I dictate to Mr. Chip. I give the history of kleptomaniacs from the history of the world to the present time. I order it to be set up in leaded nonpareil. I order in a sensation head—for there's nothing like sensation in a thing like this, Mr. Colebrook. I head the article 'The Self Convicted Seamstress—Kleptomania Quiddities.' There's nothing takes so much, in a case like this, Mr. Colebrook, as apt alliteration's artful aid. I give directions for a hanging head in bold-face type. What does Juniper go and do? Why, says Juniper to himself, 'I shall put this in in italics, pagoda form.'"

Here Mr. Jarrimer suddenly broke off, and putting his lips to the pipe, screamed frantically, "Juniper! Mr. Juniper!"

A low roar asked, at the other end of the pipe:—"Well, what do you want?" and something like the following conversation ensued, conducted on the part of Mr. Jarrimer in light and insinuating accents, and on the part of Mr. Juniper in the same low, unconciliatory roar:—

"I should like this head changed, Mr. Juniper, if you please."

"Yes, but you see you can't have everything you want."

"I should like it in boldface, Mr. Juniper."

"Well, you can't have it."

"Why not, Mr. Juniper?"

"Because you can't."

"Why not, Mr. Juniper?" with a sardonic smile.

"Why, because I say you can't," the low roar growing still deeper. "I'm foreman here, and I won't be interfered with by you people down stairs. I know my own business. If the proprietor of the paper don't like the way I do my business, he can get some one else."

"Am I to understand, then, that you will *not* alter this, Mr. Juniper?"

"Yes."

Here the roar at the far end of the pipe expired in gently murmuring thunder, and Mr. Jarrimer removed his lips.

"Mr. Juniper's in one of his conniption fits, I suppose," said Mr. Jarrimer. "But, Mr. Colebrook, a thought strikes me. You want that little thing kept out of all the papers. And, by-the-by, it *must* be, for it will never do to have it appear in the Beddoes *Beacon* and not in the Beddoes *Harbinger*. Come with me. Bring your little boy along; there's nothing like introducing a young lad—while he is young, mark me—into the mysteries and miseries of newspaper nonentity."

—Hon. George Brown, editor of the Toronto *Globe*, and leader of the Opposition in the Canadian Parliament, arrived in England on the 3d, on his mission relating to the confederation of the Provinces.

Projectiles versus Armor-Plates.

The Naval Ordnance Bureau claims to have settled a question which has excited a great deal of discussion in England and France—whether ships can be plated so as to resist the heaviest artillery. The annual report, which has just been sent to Congress, says the powers of the guns belonging to the navy, and in common use in the batteries of our ships, have been fairly tested against both solid and built up plates, and the conclusion reached is wholly in favor of the guns and their solid projectiles—the spherical shot for smooth bores being, however, immeasurably superior to the elongated rifle-shot in every form. That is to say, no manner or thickness of iron or steel armor that could be carried on the hulls of sea-going ships will resist the impact of solid spherical shot fired from the heaviest calibres of the navy, at close range, with appropriate charges of cannon powder.

This result has been reached by the fabrication of simple globes of iron, solid throughout, a thing heretofore considered impossible with large spherical shot. It is now known, beyond any question, that it is easy to cast a 15-inch or 20-inch shot which will be perfectly sound and solid from circumference to centre of figure, and one of the former has resisted, without breaking, two hundred and twenty-two continuous blows of an eight-ton steam hammer. This being decided, the solution of the remaining elements of the problem of guns versus armor is of easy process; for, thanks to the skill of our artisans, the cannon required to hurl these compact masses of iron with the high velocities due to heavy charges of powder are readily obtained.

Arrival of Fourteen Escaped Officers from Columbia.

The following officers, who recently escaped from Columbia, S. C., have arrived here, after a long and hazardous journey. Some of them are well known here, and all are welcome visitors:—

Major O. S. Sanford, 7th Connecticut Volunteers; Captain S. S. Fisher, 1st United States Artillery; Captain J. B. Dennis, 7th Connecticut Volunteers; Captain James Belger, 1st Rhode Island Battery; Captain C. H. Nichols, 7th Connecticut Volunteers; Captain John E. Randolph, 122d Ohio Volunteers; Captain M. W. Wall, 60th New York Volunteers; Captain G. D. Hart, 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry; Lieutenant Charles M. Granger, 80th New York Volunteers; Lieutenant George W. Hendrick, Battery K, 5th Michigan Artillery; Lieutenant William Cankins, 10th Illinois Volunteers; Lieutenant John Egan, 1st United States Artillery; Lieutenant Gillmore, 39th New York Volunteers; Lieutenant Watson.—*Falmouth Herald, 15th.*

BANK NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

PHILADELPHIA, December 16, 1864.

The Annual Election for Directors will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, the 10th of January next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

JOHN A. LEWIS, Cashier.

12-16-stu3t-11-12

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, December 20, 1864.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1865, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

W. H. HAWS, Cashier.

12-20-1t 9

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK.

PHILADELPHIA, December 3, 1864.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on Wednesday, the 11th day of January next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M.

W. RUSHTON, Jr., Cashier.

12-3-1t11

WESTERN BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, December 13, 1864.

Notice is hereby given, agreeably to section 2 of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an "Act enabling the Banks of the Commonwealth to become Associations for the purpose of Banking under the Laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, A. D. 1864, that the stockholders of the Western Bank of Philadelphia have this day voted to become such an Association, and that the Directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock to make the certificate required therefor by the laws of the United States.

12-13-stu4t C. S. WEYGANDT, Cashier.

KENSINGTON NATIONAL BANK.

PHILADELPHIA, December 9, 1864.

An election for Thirteen Directors, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1865, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M.

WM. McCONNELL, Cashier.

12-12-wfm-1t10

NOTICE.

BANK OF NORTH AMERICA.

Notice is hereby given, agreeably to section 3 of the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act enabling the banks of the Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, A. D. 1864, that the Stockholders of the BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, on the 14th instant, voted to become such an association, and that the Directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock to make the certificate required thereby by the laws of the United States.

11-23-wfm-1m J. HOCKLEY, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK.

PHILADELPHIA, November 27, 1864.

Notice is hereby given, agreeably to Section Two of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act enabling Banks of the Commonwealth to become Associations for the purpose of Banking under the Laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, A. D. 1864, that the Stockholders of the Mechanics' Bank of the city and county of Philadelphia have this day voted to become such an Association, and that the Directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock to make the certificate required thereby by the laws of the United States.

11-28-wfm-1m J. WEIGAND, Jr., Cashier.

THE FIRST

NATIONAL BANK.

7 3-10THS

TREASURY NOTES,

CONVERTIBLE AT MATURITY INTO

5-20 BONDS.

These Treasury Notes present great advantages to subscribers as an investment. The interest is liberal, the security undoubted, and the privilege given the holder of converting the notes, upon maturity, into UNITED STATES SIX PER CENT. BONDS (5-20s) is of great value.

This Bank keeps on hand a large supply of all denominations, from $50s to $1000.

A COMMISSION OF ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. allowed on sales of $5000 and upwards; on sales of $5,000 or over, THREE-EIGHTHS PER CENT.

MORTON McMICHAEL, Jr.,

12-12-12trp CASHIER.

U. S. NEW 7-30 LOAN.

Subscriptions received, and the Notes furnished free of all charges, by

GEORGE J. BOYD, Banker,

10-24-6m No. 18 S. THIRD Street.

FURNITURE.

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

Parlor Suits,
Bed-room and Chamber Suits,
Dining-Room Suits,
Kitchen Furniture,
Library and Office Furniture,
Household Furniture,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Either in Suits or Single Pieces, at the lowest possible prices.

GOULD & CO.'S,

Union Furniture Depots,

N. E. Cor. NINTH and MARKET, and

11-10wfmtf N. E. Cor SECOND AND RACE STS.

FURLOUGHS.

Officers and soldiers visiting the city on furloughs, needing SWORDS AND OTHER MILITARY EQUIPMENTS, Are invited to the extensive MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT OF GEORGE W. SIMONS & BROTHER, SANSOM STREET HALL, SANSOM STREET, ABOVE SIXTH.

PRESENTATION SWORDS

Made to order at the shortest notice, which for richness and magnificence challenges competition, no other house in the country combining the MANUFACTURING JEWELER WITH THE PRACTICAL SWORD-MAKER. 1-6

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF CLOAKS,

At IVENS & CO.'S,

No. 22 S. NINTH STREET.

In consequence of the fall in gold, IVENS & CO. have reduced their prices from 15 to 20 per cent., and have now on hand a large and well selected stock of CLOAKS, suitable for the present and coming season, which they are determined to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit the purchaser. Ladies will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Remember

IVENS & CO.'S OLD ESTABLISHED CLOAK STORE,

No. 22 S. NINTH Street, corner of Jayne. 12-7-1t

HENRY PARKER,

Nos 51 and 53

S. E. Corner NINTH AND ARCH STREETS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

You can obtain at this Establishment,

WATER PROOF CLOTH CLOAKS,	
BEAVER "	"
TWEED "	"
HEAVY RIBBED "	"
FROSTED BEAVER "	"
CHINCHILLA "	"

ALL MADE UP INTO THE LATEST STYLE and of the very best material.

Call and see the stock before you purchase.

We shall take great pleasure in waiting on you.

11-7-thstu3m

M. SHOEMAKER & CO.,

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

No. 4 N. EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

We respectfully invite special attention to our elegant assortment of

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

Comprising BOYS', GIRLS', INFANTS', and MISSES' Clothing in every variety, in the latest styles, and of superior workmanship.

Special attention paid to MISSES' DRESSMAKING.

The public are invited to call and examine.

M. SHOEMAKER & CO.,

11-19mwf3m No. 4 S. EIGHTH STREET.

HENRY RASKE,

NEW FUR STORE,

No. 517 ARCH STREET.

The above respectfully informs his patrons, and the public in general, that he has now opened at the above store an assortment of

Ladies' and Children's Fancy Furs,

Which, for variety and quality, cannot be surpassed by any house in the United States. Being the manufacturer of all his Furs, and having imported all his stock when gold was much lower than at the present rates, he can offer them to his patrons at the most reasonable prices.

ALL FURS made to order, and repairing done in the best manner and latest styles.

HENRY RASKE,

Importer and Manufacturer

OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS,

11-2-1m No. 517 ARCH STREET.

LADIES' FANCY FURS.

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 ARCH STREET,

ABOVE SEVENTH,

AT HIS OLD ESTABLISHED STORE,

Importer and Manufacturer of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS.

My assortment of FANCY FURS for Ladies and Children is now complete, embracing

EVERY VARIETY THAT WILL BE WORN DURING THE COMING SEASON.

Remember the name and number,

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 ARCH STREET,

Above Seventh,

I HAVE NO PARTNER OR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN THE CITY. 9-30-4m

LADIES' FANCY FURS.

JOHN A. STAMBACH,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

No. 826 ARCH STREET,

BELOW NINTH,

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY

To select from a first-class assortment, Consisting of

HUDSON BAY AND MINK SABLE,
ERMINE,
CHINCHILLA,
GERMAN FITCH,
SIBERIAN SQUIRREL, &c.

Made into all the latest styles.

These goods were bought when gold ranged from 160 to 170 and are being sold at small advance on cost at the rate.

EVERY ARTICLE WARRANTED TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

Satisfaction guaranteed. 10-11-tuths 3m

1864. FALL 1864.

GLENN ECHO MILLS,

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McCALLUM & CO.,

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1864. 1864.

McCALLUM & CO.,

RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

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11-2-4t OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL.

THOMAS G. & J. K. BROWN,

DEALERS IN

Boots, Shoes, Trunks, and Carpet Bags,

Nos. 1034 and 1040 MARKET STREET.

Customer work made to order. 11 21stuth4w

2000 SECOND-HAND COTTON SHAM-less Bags, in store and for sale by

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,

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WANTED—VESSELS TO LOAD FOR Boston and New York. Immediate dispatch and liberal terms given. Apply to WILLIAM HUNTER, Jr., & CO., No. 2?4 WALNUT Street. 12-16-12trp

FREIGHT CONDUCTORS AND BRAKEmen Wanted.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company want a number of experienced railroad men to run upon its numerous freight trains, on its five several divisions between Baltimore and Wheeling and Parkersburg. The best wages will be paid and regular employment given to such men as will report to either of the following agents, who are authorized to take them on fair:—

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Baltimore, Md., December 8, 1864. 12-15-1m

NEW YEAR'S GIFT CAMP LIBRARIES.

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Books may be delivered at any of the Branches of the Christian Commission, or to

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12-16-6tsl No. 11 BANK Street, Philadelphia.

SARAH HARPER AGAINST WILLIAM S. HARPER, C. C. P., No. 1, Term, No. 10. To Thomas Kittera, Esq., Jacob Fry, Jr., Esq., and Thomas K. Finletter, Attorney for libellant, you are granted to the above case upon respondent to show cause why a decree of Divorce a vinculo matrimonii should not be entered as the above case, favorable to SATURDAY, the third day of January, A. D. 1865, at the o'clock A. M.

THOMSON'S LONDON KITCHENER, or European Range, for families, hotels, or public institutions, in twenty different sizes. Also, Philadelphia Ranges, Hot-air Furnaces, Portable Heaters, Lowdown Grates, Cleveland Stoves, Bath Boilers, Stewpans, Plates, Broilers, Cooking Stoves, &c., at wholesale and retail, by the manufacturers

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INSURE YOUR LIFE

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It is a HOME COMPANY, and profits divided annually, thus adding the assured to pay future premiums. Last dividend 40 per cent.

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TRAVELERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

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Insurance effected in this Company against ACCIDENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Yearly Policies will be issued for a Premium of FIVE DOLLARS, granting insurance to the amount of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, against accidents to loss of life while travelling by any public conveyance.

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11-12-stuth3t

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CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000

200,000 Shares—Par Value, $5.

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