The War in Abyssinia.

CAUSES OF THE OUTBREAK.

Mr. Charles Beke, the traveller, gives some facts of interest relative to the causes of the threatened hostilities in Abyssinia. Referring to the statement that a tremendous battle was imminent between the Emperor Theodore, of Abyssinia, and Gobazye, the Waagshum, or hereditary Prince of Waag, in Lasta, who aspires to the crown, and that it was calculated there would be not less than 150,000 combatants in the field, he says:—

"This news is quite in accordance with what I heard when recently in Abyssinia, and, as it is of importance that the actual state of affairs in that country should be known here, I would request you to give publicity to the following facts, which I derived from sources entirely trustworthy. The various provinces of the empire, which have long been in revolt, seem now to set the Emperor Theodore absolutely at defiance. In the southeast, Menilek, grandson of Sahela Selasye, King of Shoa, had been conquered and imprisoned by Theodore and his kingdom annexed. But last year he escaped and resserted his independence, and it is generally considered that his subjugation is hopeless. In the southwest Theodore has for several years in vain attempted the subjugation of Tadela Gwalu, the hereditary Prince of Godjam. In the centre of Abyssinia a female leader named Warkyet, a relative of Ozoro Moneu, Ras Ali's mother is at the head of the powerful tribes of Wollo Gallas, and threatens to wrest from Theodore ali his most valued and dearly-bought conquest, including his principal stronghold, Amba Magdala, in which Consul Cameron and the other Europeans were so long confined.

"In the northwest, in the provinces of Walkait and Samyen, and as far south as beyond Gondar, Tesen Gobazye (i. e., Gobazye, the son of Tessu) has for a long time past been virtually independent. It is he whose troops stopped Mr. Rassam in January last when not far from Gondar. In the northeast, the Waagshum claims dominion, and his claim would seem to be favored by the French and Roman Catholics, who are numerous in that part of Algiers. Towards the end of last February, Deras, the Waagshum's lieutenant in Tigre, was defeated in battle by Tekla Georgis, the brother and deputy of Bas Barian, Theodore's lieutenant but the cholera entered the camp of the latter destroyed a considerable number of his troops and dispersed the rest; and when I quitted Abyssinia in May last, Tekla Georgia had retired into Shire, where he was endeavoring to raise a fresh army. Deras, on the other hand, had united his forces at Adigrat to those of the Governor of Agame, Suohart, a son of Sabagadis, the friend of the English in the time of Mr. Salt and Bishop Gobat. Gebra Medinin, the Governor of Okulekusai, the district in which Halat is situate, had, when I was there, collected an army of some force, and moved westward in the direction of the river Mareb.

"A correspondent says that this chief Yahro, (Medina?) had placed the province of Tigre under contributions of men, horses, animals of all kinds, provisions, and money, but of course, this must apply to that portion only of the extensive province of Tigre which is within the jurisdiction of Gebra Medhin himself. When I was at Halai, that unfortunate village, now almost depopulated, was repeatedly placed under contribution. On one occasion a petty chief named Testafdet, a near relative of Gebra Medhin, arrested me and my wife, and forbade our departure under the penalty on the inhabitants of one thousand muskets and one thousand carpets, with as many dollars as there are stones, and as much gunpowder as there is dust in Halai; but Gebra Medhin on hearing this very sensibly ordered the ban to be removed, it being suggested to him by a friend (who got blamed for troubling himself about persons who were neither French nor Roman Catholics), that if he allowed peaceable travellers to be imprisoned or arrested it would inevitably prevent Europeans from visiting him and his country. All the last-named chiefs acknowledge the supremacy of the Waagshum, between whom and Gobazye the whole of Northern Abyssinia is divided, with the exception of Shire-Serawe and Hamasyen, which are still held by governors named by Theodore."

Jay Cooke's "Whole Island."

The usually intelligent editorial writer in *Harper's Weekly*, in the course of a recent article on national finances, while complimenting Mr. Jay Cooke as a financier, and fully justifying his "sudden wealth," makes two ludicrous blunders. It says:—"Jay Cooke himself was a banker in the smallest kind of a way in Ohio when Mr. Chase inaugurated his system of finance." We beg to inform *Harper* that Jay Cooke left his home in Sandusky, Ohio, when a lad, and entered a first-class banking-house in Philadelphia. He became a partner at an age when most young men are glad to be trusted clerks, and from that time to the present he has been a successful banker and financier in the city of Brotherly Love—and not exactly "in the smallest kind of a way" either.

Further on the *Harper* editor, in enumerating several evidences of Mr. Cooke's enormous wealth, says that wealth has enabled him "to purchase islands." We have also observed in several Copperhead journals the stunning charge that Jay Cooke has "made enough out of the Government to buy a *whole island* in Lake Erie." One would infer that this "whole island" must be at least as large as Australia, and as costly as a small kingdom. The ludicrous character of this blunder will be understood when we say that Gibraltar Island, off Sandusky, now the delightful summer home of Mr. Cooke, cost that gentlemen all of three thousand dollars, and that island contains just seven acres. Gibraltar is now, of course, without a price, the wealth of its owner and the excellent taste of its manager, together with its historic interest, having rendered it a most lovely and attractive spot.—*Sandusky Register.*

M. THIERS AS A WAR PROPHET.—M. Thiers is certainly now entitled to call himself a prophet. Events have realized almost to the letter what he predicted in the Corps Legislatif so lately as May last, when, in the course of the debate on the address, he said:—"If Prussia shall be successful in the coming war, I do not say that she will at once become mistress of fifty millions of German subjects. Oh, no; she has but fourteen millions now, and from fourteen to fifty is too large a journey to be accomplished without some relays. But it is certain that Prussia will annex some of the Northern German States, and will establish her influence over the others. She will then have one part of Germany under her direct authority, and the other part under her indirect authority; and under the new order of things Austria will be a protected power. And then, allow me to tell you, there will be accomplished a grand phenomenon, which events have been tending to for the last century. We shall see the German empire revive—that empire of Charles V, the seat of which was formerly at Vienna, and will now be at Berlin—an empire which will closely hem in our frontiers; and, to complete the analogy, this empire of Charles V, instead of being supported by Spain, as in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, will be supported by Italy."

GENERAL LEE'S LITERARY EMPLOYMENT.—General Robert E. Lee is not writing a history of his campaigns for publication, as has been reported, but he will publish in November a new edition of "Memoirs of the War in the Southern Department of the United States, by Colonel Henry Lee." It was originally published in 1809, and again in 1828 but copies are very rare. General Lee will add a biography of his father, Colonel Lee, and much new and important matter.

THE PRICE OF MEAT.—In the New York live stock markets, on last Monday, there was another fall in the price of meat. There was a decline of from three quarters to one cent a pound, the cattle bringing from 16 to 17½ cents a pound, and the best 18 cents. Sheep fell to 17½ cents a pound. Common cattle showed a much greater proportionate decline than good ones.

A RECUSANT BRIDEGROOM.—In Charlton, Iowa, recently, the friends of a gentleman and lady who had mutually plighted their troth were invited to see them made one. The clergyman came, and the people came, the bride was ready, and the bridegroom was there; but he, discovering just before the knot was tied that there was a mortgage on the lady's property, refused to be united to her.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Saturday, August 11, 1866.

There was a fair degree of activity in stocks this morning, though but one session of the Board was held. Government loans were still in high favor, and again on the advance. 10-40s were firm at par, with free sales; 5-20s of the old issue of 1862 sold at 109¼, and the 1865s at 107¾; 7-30s ranged between 104⅞@105; Compound Interest Notes were quoted as follows:—Registered, 1881, 110¼ to 110½; coupon, 1881, 110¾ to 110½; five-twenties registered, 1862, 106½ to 107; Five-twenties, coupon, 1862, 109½ to 109¾; five-twenties, coupon, 1864, 107 to 107¼; Five-twenties, coupon, 1865, 107 to 107¼; Ten-forties, registered, 96 to 96¼; Ten-forties, coupons, 99¾ to 100; August Seven-thirties, 105¼ to 105¾; June Seven-thirties, 105 to 105¼; July Seven-thirties, 105 to 105¼; June compounds, 1864, 113½ to 114; July compounds, 1864, 113¼ to 113½; August compounds, 1864, 112¾ to 113; October compounds, 1864, 111¾ to 112; December compounds, 1864, 110¾ to 111; May compounds, 1865, 108¾ to 109; August compounds, 1865, 107¼ to 107½; September compounds, 1865, 106¾ to 107; October compounds, 1865, 106¼ to 106½.

City 6s were rather dull at 98@98¼ for the new; the old were weak at previous prices.

In the Railroad list there was little said. Pennsylvania Railroad was off ¼, and for Reading 56¼ was the highest price obtained.

The following bids were reported for Passenger Railroad stocks:—42 for Union; 55 for West Philadelphia; and 18¾ for Hestonville. Spruce and Pine was offered at 38½, and Chesnut and Walnut at 55¼.

For Canal stocks we heard of the following bids:—26½ for Schuylkill Navigation common; 35½ for the preferred; 57¼ for Lehigh; 118 for Morris Canal preferred; 4 for Union preferred; and 54 for Delaware Division.

In Bank stocks there was nothing doing. We continue to quote at 129½ bid for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 54½ for Commercial; 94 for Northern Liberties; 31 for Mechanics'; 105 for Southwark; 96 for Kensington; 85 for Western; 31¼ for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; 66 for Commerce; 65½ for City; and 55 for Germantown.

Gold ranged all morning between 148½@148¾, at which it closed as we go to press

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD

$2000 Read m 6s 70..	96	$100 Sch Nav Loan	84
$200 U S 6s '62 coup	109¾	$300 Morris Cl b l.	93
$1500 do 1865 reg	107½	100 sh Reading R R.	54½
$500 U S 7-30s July	105	100 sh do.....	54½
$550 do small	104¾	9 sh Pa R.....	57¾
$500 U S 10-40s coup	100	6 sh do ... ots c	54½
$5000 Pa W Ln 1s	101a	1g sh Lit Sch.....	30½
$550 Pa 6s.....	94	100 sh Swatara	2
$2400 Phila 6s new..	98¾	400 sh do....	63½
$2200 do.....	98¾	100 sh St Nch Coal.	2¼
$100 do	98¾	50 sh Union Pas.R..	42
$200 do.....mun	98¾		

AFTER FIRST BOARD

$1100 City 6s gas...	94½	300 sh St Nch Cl'ts	3
$100 do.... mun	98¾	1000 sh do.....	130 3
$4000 Pa R 1st mtg	99½	8 sh Cam. & Am.	125½
$5000 U S 10-40s coup	100	153 sh Ocean.....	c 4½
$1000 U S 7-30s June	105	300 sh Sch N pf....	68 35½
2 sh N Amer Bk...	226	128 sh Leh Nav..	530 68

—Messrs. DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M.:—

	Buying	*Selling.*
American Gold.....	148½	148¾
American Silver, 4s and 5s.....	139	—
Compound Interest Notes:—		
" " June, 1864....	13¼	13½
" " July, 1864....	13	13½
" " August, 1864....	12½	12¾
" " October, 1864....	11½	11¾
" " Dec., 1864....	10½	10¾
" " May, 1865....	9	9½
" " August, 1865....	7¼	7½
" " Sept., 1865. ..	6½	7
" " October 1865....	6¼	6½

—*Persons' Detector* sends us the following list of country banks redeemed at par in Philadelphia:—

PENNSYLVANIA COUNTRY BANKS
AT PAR IN PHILADELPHIA, AND WHERE REDEEMED.

Allentown Bank, Allentown	Manuf & Mech. B'k.
Anthracite Bank, Tamaqua	City Bank
Bank of Catasauqua	Farm & Mech. B'k.
Bank of Chambersburg	First National Bank.
Bank of Chester County	Farm. & Mech B'k.
Bank of Chester Valley	First National Bank.
Bank of Danville	First National Bank.
Bank of Delaware County	Bank of N America.
Bank of Germantown	Farm. & Mech. B'k.
Bank of Gettysburg	Philadelphia Bank.
Bank of Middletown	Western Bank
Bank of Montgomery County	Western Bank
Bank of Phœnixville	Farm & Mech. B'k.
Bank of Pottstown	Northern Liberties.
Downingtown Bank	Corn Exchange B'k.
Doylestown Bank, Doylestown	Philadelphia Bank
Easton Bank, Easton	Bank of N. America.
Farm. Bank of Bucks co. Bristol	Farm & Mech. B'k.
Farm. & Mech Bank, Easton	Girard Bank.
Farmers' Bank Lancaster	Mechanics' Bank.
Farmers' Bank Mount Joy	First National Bank.
Farmers' Bank Reading	Philadelphia Bank.
Farm. & Mech. B'k, Shippensburg	Union Bank
Harrisburg Bank	First National Bank
Jersey Shore Bank	Consolidation Bank.
Lebanon Bank	Western Bank
Lebanon Valley Bank	Corn Exchange B'k.
Lock Haven Bank	Philadelphia Bank.
Lancaster County Bank	Western Bank.
Manch Third Bank	Girard Bank
Mechanicsburg Bank	First National Bank.
Miners' Bank, Pottsville	Bank of N. America.
Mount Joy Bank	Corn Exchange B'k.
Northumberland B'k	Shamokin Corn Exchange B'k.
Pittston Bank, Pittston	First National Bank.
Union Bank, Reading	Bank of N. America.
Valley National Bank, Lebanon	Corn Exchange B'k.
York Bank, York	Western Bank
York County Bank, York	Central Nat. Bank.

All National bank Notes are par, and are received on deposit by all the City and Country Banks.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY August 11—The receipts and stocks of Flour continue very small, but they are fully ample for the demand. There is no inquiry for shipment, and the home consumers are purchasing to a moderate extent only to supply immediate wants. The sales reach 900 barrels at $6 50@7 50 ₱ barrel for superfine; $7 50@8 50 for old extras; $10 50@11 for new Wheat do.; $10 50@11 50 for Pennsylvania and Ohio extra family; $10@11 for Northwestern do do; and $12@14 for fancy brands, according to quality. In the absence of sales, we quote Rye Flour at $5 50@5 75, and Corn Meal at $4 ₱ bbl.

There is no falling off in the demand for prime new Wheat, and holders are firm in their views. Sales of fair and choice Delaware red at $2 70@2 75; white is scarce. Rye remains without change; we quote at 90c.@$1 for Western and Pennsylvania. In Corn there is a decided improvement to notice; sales of yellow at 95@96c., and 3000 bushels Western mixed at 92c. Oats are rather higher; sales of new Southern at 50c. Prices of Barley and Malt are nominal.

The offerings of Quercitron Bark are small, but there is not much demand; we quote No. 1 at $35 ₱ ton.

Whisky is unchanged; small sales of Pennsylvania at $2 30 and Ohio at $2 32.

SALE OF AUTOGRAPHS.—The London *Review* of July 21 says:—"The literary event of the week has been the sale of the extraordinary collection of autographs, letters, and manuscripts formed many years since by Sir John Fenn, Knight, editor of the 'Paston Letters.' There were one thousand and one lots in all, comprising royal, noble, and conventual deeds and charters, from a period immediately after the Conquest to the fifteenth century. One of the charters was signed—*forma crusis*—by King Stephen, Matilda his Queen, Eustaschius his son, and Henry his brother, A. D. 1137. Amongst the rarities were some hundreds of very early and important rolls and records, consisting of domestic accounts, inventories, rentals, court rolls, etc., mostly illustrative of the counties of Suffolk and Norfolk. The autograph note-book of Addison, containing portions of essays contributed to the *Spectator*, which was so much canvassed in the public journals two years ago, was disposed of, at the conclusion of the sale, and realized twenty-six guineas. Only a short time since this identical volume was sold by a London dealer in old books for seven shillings!"

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[*For Additional City Intelligence see Third Page.*]

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY—A MURDER COMMITTED IN BROAD DAYLIGHT, AND THE MURDERER ESCAPES—A YOUNG WOMAN HAS HER THROAT CUT IN A HOUSE OF BAD REPUTE—Yesterday noon the Ninth Ward was the scene of a most shocking tragedy. In the midst of the terrible murders that have shocked the community, this stands out in bold relief for its devilish wickedness and the satanic coolness of its perpetration. All the details appear to have been managed with a boldness, a *sangfroid*, and a circumspection that marks the fiend to have had the nerve of a tiger.

When the bloody deed became known around, the neighborhood became intensely excited, and gathered around the house in a fearful state of excitement. The authorities were soon notified of the terrible affair, and an investigation was commenced, and the following sickening details brought to light:

About a week ago a young man of genteel appearance and good address called at the assignation house of Mrs. Laura Tyson, Eleventa street and Mark's lane, and engaged a room. He was accompanied by two women, one of them about thirty or thirty-five years of age, and the other much younger. He engaged the room at that time, but did not return until yesterday, about noon, when he called at the house with the younger woman who had accompanied him before, and occupied the room he had engaged. He stayed in the room with her for over an hour, and came out with a cigar in his mouth, which he had just lighted. He closed the door of his room and locked it. Then calling to the negro servant woman, he told her to call her mistress. When Mrs. Tyson came he told her not to disturb his lady friend, as she had just gone to sleep, and that he himself was only going for a little while and would be back again soon. He paid her at the same time a sum of money for the room, and left very nonchalantly. Of course not the slightest suspicion occurred to any one in the house that anything was out of the way, and the young woman was left to enjoy her supposed nap undisturbed. About an hour after the departure of the supposed murderer the mistress of the house was called up stairs on some errand, and on the way up she tried the door in which the young woman was supposed to be sleeping. She knocked again and again, and there was no response. Feeling an unaccountable alarm, she burst the door open. The room was darkened, and at first she could see nothing. On opening the shutters and curtains a full view of the fiendish murder was presented to her horrified gaze. The sheets and bedding were stained with blood, and a human form, gory and motionless, lay before her wrapped up in a sheet in the bed. She immediately called for help, and at once proceeded to unwrap the body to solve the horrid mystery. In it she found the corpse of the young woman who had occupied the room with the young man but an hour or two before.

On a closer examination it became evident that a violent struggle for life had been made by the victim ere the murderous fiend succeeded in his foul purpose. A portion of the sheet had been forced into her mouth to drown her cries, and her throat had been cut from ear to ear in such a manner that all the main bloodvessels had been severed, and death must have ensued almost instantly. The work showed a cool, determined hand, and a thorough knowledge of anatomy.

The body was laid out, and Mrs. Tyson terribly agitated in mind, engaged a carriage and proceeded to the Central Station to notify the Coroner. Coroner Taylor at once proceeded to the premises and after a preliminary investigation, he summoned a jury and notified his witnesses, and had the body removed to the Ninth Ward Station House in Filbert street, below Nineteen h, where the inquest will be held.

The young woman was of good address and quite comely in appearance, and was well dressed in a silk dress without body, a white sacque of cloth, new straw bonnet with silk crown, and white petticoat.

Although the deceivers have been on the track of the murderer, he is not yet arrested, a though he is suspected to be in the city. The modes of the two women who accompanied him to the house about a week ago with the murdered victim is also unknown, and there is no apparent clue as yet, to the identity of the murdered woman. It is probable that the fiend made away with all her effects that could serve to show her true name.

The body of the deceased will remain at the Ninth Ward Station House during to-day, for the purpose of identification, and also of setting any evidence as to her history.

The Chief of Detectives, Mr. Franklin, is energetically ferreting out the perpetrator of this fearful crime.

The victim of the terrible tragedy in the Ninth Ward has been fully identified from the articles of clothing in which she was dressed. Her name is Mary Carney; she is about twenty-three years of age, of comely appearance. She was born in Mount Holly, N. J., and resided for a time in Germantown road, above Oxford. She was of a disreputable character, and lived last with a Madame White, on Crescent street.

The coroner's physician, Dr. Sharpleigh, held a post-mortem examination on the body.

Information is now in the hands of the police which will lead to the speedy arrest of the fiendish murderer.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, AND ARREST OF ONE OF THE ROBBERS.—Late last night, about 11:30 o'clock, Mr. Preston Hill, who keeps store in Falls ville about five miles from the city, on the Darby road, was alarmed by some unaccountable noise at the front of the house. He took a gun which was loaded with shot, and going down stairs, went out the back way, and coming around the corner he saw four men with a carriage and a pair of horses near by. One of the men was just entering the house through a window they had forced open, Mr. Hill called to him and asked what he was doing. Without replying he ran, and Mr. Hill discharged the gun at him, which evidently took effect on him, as he gave a loud yell. The shot being fired in the direction of the horses, almost the entire contents took effect in the body of one of them and they both started away at a furious speed, breaking the carriage to pieces, and bringing up in the Bell tavern yard. John Campbell, one of the men, was arrested by Officer Dales, concealed amongst the bushes. The rest of them escaped.

The horses and carriage were hired from the stable of William Conway, in Locust street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Campbell was in the carriage when the shot was fired. After a hearing this morning, he was committed by Alderman Allen for a further hearing before Mayor McMichael, at 10 this morning, who remanded him for trial.

ONE OF THE GRANDEST ENTERPRISES OF THE DAY.—It is with feelings of mingled respect and admiration that we read of the magnificent liberality of our Western people. The splendid premiums offered by the Grand Art Association of the Crosby Opera House of Chicago are ahead of anything of the kind ever before offered, and the manifestly honorable and liberal manner in which it is conducted, and the object for which it is designed, all recommend it to our citizens. So far it is meeting with great and well-deserved success, and over one hundred thousand tickets have been sold. The whole press is sound in its commendations, and there is every appearance of its proving a highly successful and beneficial enterprise. Persons buying tickets get the value of their money at the very outset in a handsome engraving. Hurry up and get your tickets.

A FREE FIGHT.—Ninth and Chesnut streets was the scene of a considerable disturbance about midnight last night. Several gamblers and others congregating around there got into a quarrel. There were sharp words, blows, and then some one drew a pistol and discharged it, but fortunately no one was hit. The police arrested three of the parties—John C. Burns, Robert Smith, and John Cohler. When the arrest was made, Cohler, who had, it is alleged, fired the pistol, struck one of the officers making the arrest with it, and Smith and Burns attempted to interfere so. They had apparently come from a gambling saloon just before the disturbance. Burns was held in $500, and Smith and Cohler were each held in $1000 bail by Alderman Godson to answer.

FAIRMOUNT PARK.—Fairmount Park never looked better than it does the present season, with the exception of the grass, which is suffering from the want of rain. But for the constant care and supervision of the Superintendent, Mr. Strombargar, all the shubbery and the young trees are thriving; the walks and drives are kept in good order, and throughout, the park is one of the most attractive spots in the country. Scores of families visit the park every morning, and, seeking the shade of a large tree, remain the entire day. The children enjoy the liberty to run over the grass, and thus for very trifling damage to the shrubbery has resulted from granting the privilege of the park to the little ones.

A FATAL FALL.—Charles T. Willard, a photographer, who lives at the corner of Eighth and Parrish streets, fell down the cellar of the building lately occupied by Mr. Tatem as a lead factory last night, and was found about 5 o'clock this morning dead. He had a large contusion on his forehead, which must have been the cause of his death. In his pocket were two watches, one gold and the other silver. The gold watch was stopped at half-past 12 and that is supposed to be about the time he fell into the cellar, and the watch stopped by the sudden jar. His body was taken in charge by his brother, and the Coroner summoned to hold an inquest.

CHOLERA ALMOST EXTINCT.—The cholera scare has turned out to be a mere fizzle. There was only one case reported to the Board of Health since our report of yesterday. This was a light case.

DEFACING PUBLIC PROPERTY.—The mania for advertising is so strong, that nothing is considered too sacred to daub over with the cards of some business firm or other. In the city limits every fence, dead wall, tree, etc., is eagerly pressed into the service of displaying the names and wares of our merchants and manufacturers. Now or bill poster more sacrilegious than the rest, has been arrested for defacing the Park itself with his announcement in black and white letters of a clothing establishment in this city.

A MISSING MAN.—Captain J. W. Denison, about thirty seven years of age, dark complexion, dark eyes and hair, full dark whiskers and moustache. Was dressed in dark clothes. When last seen had on a mixed straw hat, a blue cloth sack coat. When last seen he also complained of being sick. Any information may be sent to Workman & Co., No. 123 Walnut street.

KEEPING A DISORDERLY HOUSE.—A good move has been made in this respect. Mary Lincoln, who keeps a place No. 612 Penn street, was arrested yesterday on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, and committed by Alderman Pettinger to answer. These wretched places should have a sharp supervision kept over them.

"WE CONSIDER that a great desideratum has been supplied by the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine, *is proving beyond doubt that two threads are not, as was supposed, necessary to a good instrument.*"—*Christian Advocate and Journal.*

TERRIBLE—600 DEATHS BY CHOLERA INFANTUM here in July, which Dr. Fitler's Infant Carminative would have positively prevented. Mothers who use it will never be without it. Tested forty years. 25 cents.

ANOTHER LION COMING! or rather a lioness, in the person of EMMA, Queen of the Sandwich Islands. Rooms have already been engaged at the Continental Hotel, which has held so many of the Lions of the Day, including the celebrated Clothing House of Charles Stokes & Co., located under the Continental.

MATTERS OVER THE RIVER.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A few days since Mr. Morgan, a brass founder, on Minkle street, above Cedar, put a lot of scrap in his crucible preparatory to a cast. Among the pieces was a shell fuse, which, as soon as it became heated exploded, and sent the fragments of the pot with great force about the room, scattering the heated metal in every direction. Mr. Morgan was slightly burned in several places, and his clothing somewhat damaged. The purchasers of scrap brass cannot examine it too closely.

ANOTHER IMPROVEMENT.—Mr. John B. Thompson is erecting a large sash factory on Front street above Federal. The building will be a large one and the most perfect machinery adapted to the business will be procured, which will be worked by steam. This will be a valuable improvement to the neighborhood, and will give employment to a large number of workmen.

THE CULVERTS.—The main culvert on Second street, to which those on Moyamensing and Stevens streets are to be attached, is now under way. The contractor started from the foot of Hartman street, and is working his way up. At that point the ground is low, and the workmen experience considerable difficulty. This improvement will be beneficial to both health and property.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Pierce.—This court sat to-day, for the purpose of transacting miscellaneous business. The adjournment from last Monday until to-day was intended to give the Grand Jury time to act upon bills. Yesterday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, the Grand Jury presented their bills to the court.

In a habeas corpus hearing, Bernard Roley was charged with committing an assault and battery upon Jacob Norris with intent to rob.

Norris stated that while he was talking to a friend on Olivo and Reed streets, Roley came up and struck him in the stomach with a base-ball bat, knocking him senseless.

The case of Cohler, who was arrested for a trial before a jury, and was admitted to enter bail in $1000.

A motion for a new trial being made in the case of George Raymond, convicted on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses, several witnesses were examined. It was argued by the defense that several witnesses for the prosecution had made bets that Raymond would be convicted, and hence the credibility of their statements might be questioned.

The witnesses examined denied all. But a gentleman passing out of the court-room at the conclusion of the trial "at sayment, heard one of the witnesses say, 'Well, I have made $20 by that verdict,' and another answered, 'Ate, and more fo.' The matter was continued.

All business being finished at an early hour, the Court adjourned until Monday.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE opens tonight. *Baccarat*, the new play never before performed in this country, will be presented with a matchless inundation scene and a fine cast.

AT THE WALNUT Mr. Owen Fawcett presents a very attractive bill for his benefit.

DIED.

CLECKNER.—On the 9th instant, Mrs. MARY ANN CLECKNER relict of the late John Cleckner, aged 78 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Christian street, below Fifth, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Philanthropic Cemetery.

DEAN.—On the evening of the 7th instant, DANIEL B. DEAN, aged 24 years, son of Thomas and the late Cherry Dean.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, S. E. corner of Front and Jefferson streets, on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery.

ECKLEY.—On the 8th instant, WILLIAM ECKLEY, Sr., in the 76th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Mansfield place, on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. To proceed to Odd Fellows' Cemetery.

HARKINS.—On the 9th instant EDWARD FRANCIS, son of John and Adelia Harkins, aged 17 years 8 months and 5 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 6 Crooked place (New Market street below Noble) on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. To proceed to Cathedral Cemetery.

VITI.—On the 9th instant, after a painful illness Mr. VITO VITI, in the 8th year of his age.

The members of the French Benevolent Society and male members of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 514 S. Fourth street, on Tuesday morning, the 14th instant, at 8 o'clock. Funeral services at St. Joseph's Church. Interment at Cathedral Cemetery.

AGAINST ATTEMPTS OF BURGLARS, thieves, and other depredators, provide your chamber and dwelling doors with Brass, Finished, or Iron Door Chains and Bolts, of which we have just opened a fresh assortment. Also for sale, loud Watchmen's Rattles as a means of alarm.

TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

WROUGHT-IRON T STRAP, H CHEST, H L Bolt, Trunk, Table, Gate, Shutter, Back Flap, Butt, and other Hinges, and a general variety of brass and cast-iron fingers.

TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

SHEARS FOR CUTTING NATIONAL BANK Notes part of a lot made for the late United States Bank, for sale by

TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

"HE THAT HATH EARS TO HEAR, LET HIM HEAR."—Instruments to assist the hearing at MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below Chestnut. 8 8 4t

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A HINT TO TOBACCO CHEWERS

WEDDING-CAKE FINE CUT TOBACCO.

The only FINE CUT TOBACCO ever manufactured in Philadelphia.

The Best in the Market.
EVERYBODY USES IT.
Manufactured from the Best Leaf.
SOLD EVERYWHERE. 6 8

Factory, S. E. corner BROAD and WALLACE Streets

FIFTH EDITION

THE CHAMPION-CARNEY TRAGEDY.

Description of the Murderer.

VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Newton Champion is a young man about twenty-six years of age, slender built, and shows the marks of a dissipated life. He was, at the beginning of the late war, an engineer in the navy, and was for a time on an iron-clad in Charleston harbor, as second assistant engineer. He resigned, however, on account of ill health, and was afterwards in the army as a private, and from thence drafted into the navy as a coal-heaver. He received his discharge from the navy in January, 1863, and since then he has been employed as an engineer in the Gas Works until about a week or ten days ago, when he was discharged, and at the time of the murder he was out of employment.

The Coroner's jury returned the following verdict:—The said Mary Carney came to her death from the effects of a stab inflicted by Newton Champion, at a house northwest corner of Eleventh and Mark's lane, August 10 1866.

MEDICAL.

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA, GOUT, ASTHMA,
POSITIVELY CURED AT LAST!
NO CURE, NO PAY.
DR. FITLER'S
WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC REMEDY

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Asthma is truly astonishing the afflicted world. Thousands of sufferers, who have tried everything, reluctantly purchase it, and rapidly, to their own surprise, get well and the terrible inveterate cases so easily cured prove it to be the most wonderful remedy known in the civilized world. Remember, used inwardly only; contains no mercury, colchicum, minerals, metals, or anything injurious. Lately reduced from $10 to $2 per bottle. Warranted to cure every case, or the amount paid positively returned; the only remedy so guaranteed. Prepared by Dr. FITLER, Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, now one of our oldest physicians. Advice gratis. Afflicted invited to call. No. 29 S. FOURTH Street, below Market.

ASTOUNDING CURE OF RHEUMATISM.—W. C. Yost, No. 1536 N. Third sixth street, has recovered from Rheumatism and Neuralgia suffered many years; cured by Dr. Fitler's great Remedy.

MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF RHEUMATISM.—Mrs. Keeley, Hope road above Poplar, suffered over 20 years; now well. Dr. Fitler's Remedy again.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATISM.—Robert Moore, No. 46 Wilder street, wants the public to know that he suffered a long time; couldn't move; cured by Dr. Fitler's Remedy. Perfectly harmless.

WONDERFUL ALDERMAN WILLIAM DAVIS, West Philadelphia, cured of Rheumatism by three teaspoonfuls of Dr. Fitler's Infallible Rheumatic Remedy. He could not walk.

ASTONISHING, ALD. RYAN JOS. H. COMLY, Frankford, suffered 11 years. Cured by one bottle of Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy, and says to all, get cured by using the Remedy.

SO A WONDERFUL CURE OF NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM.—Everybody knows Mr. Joseph Sykes, Andalusia, suffered a life time, tried everything, cured only by Dr. Fitler's Remedy.

ANOTHER CURE. JOSEPH STEVENS, Esq., No. 533 Owen street, Southwark, who has suffered for 5 years with Rheumatism, has been completely cured by using one-half a bottle of Dr. Fitler's Great Rheumatic Remedy; used inwardly. Depot, No. 29 S. FOURTH Street. Warranted to cure.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE.—The boy having charge of the Union League House suffered terribly. Cured by Dr. Fitler's Remedy. 8 1 ws

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.

DR. S. W. BECKWITH'S
ELECTRICAL INSTITUTE,
No 1220 WALNUT STREET,
For the Treatment of Chronic Diseases.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All consultations free.

1. Epilepsy, Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, (Hemiplegia), Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lockjaw etc.

2. Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoides, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.

3. Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma (when not caused by organic diseases of the heart), Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pneurodynia or Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.

4. Gravel, Diabetes, and Kidney Complaints, Impotence and Seminal Weakness. The latter complaints never fail to yield rapidly to this treatment.

5. Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Curvature, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors (those last named always cured without pain or cutting, or plasters in any form).

6. Uterine Complaints, involving a mal-position, as Prolapsus, Antiversion, Retroversion, Inflammation, Ulceration, and various other affections of the Womb and Ovaries.

Mrs. BECKWITH has the Ladies' Department under her own care and supervision.

REFERENCES.—The diseased, and all interested, are referred to the following named gentlemen, who have been treated and witnessed our treatment on others, at No. 1220 WALNUT Street:—

A. J. Pleasonton, No. 916 Spruce street; W. B. Smith, No. 632 Hanover street; George Douglass, Fifth street, above Chestnut; J. W. Bradley, No. 56 North Fourth street; Robert Work, No. 5 North Third street; Colonel T. W. Sweeney, Walnut street below Eighth; George Evans, Arch street, below Fifth; Mr. Pelouze, Third and Chesnut streets; Edward McLane, all of this city. A. Pleasonton, St. Louis, Mo.; Jacob Vandegrift, Odessa, Del.; R. A. Semple, Mount Holly, N. J., with very many others.

Physicians or students desiring to have instruction in the correct application of Electric