BUSINESS NOTICES.

CARD.—Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing is full and complete and selling rapidly, but is as rapidly replenished, each day, with fresh and desirable styles of new goods, purchased recently, for cash, at great sacrifices, enabling us to sell at prices lower than have been known for years. Congratulating our patrons upon the decline in prices which enables us to offer superior garments at such low rates, we request the favor of a call.

Half way between Fifth and Sixth streets, } BENNETT & Co., TOWER HALL, No. 518 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, AND No. 609 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MALARIA EVERYWHERE.—Rarely has there been a season as fruitful as this of malarious diseases. Not only on the prairies and in the valleys of the West, not merely in all the old haunts of Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fever have these prostrating diseases been unusually virulent; but they have extended to towns and cities never before infested with them, and have even ascended the mountains and attacked thousands of people supposed to have been placed, by the laws of Nature, above their reach. Hence we are compelled to admit that a fatal element pervades the Universal Air this season, and should at once resort to the only approved preventive of its consequences, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a tonic so potent, an antiseptic so perfect, an alterative so irresistible, and a stimulant so pure, that it enables the human system to resist and baffle all the predisposing causes of disease. With the confidence that one clothed in incombustible garments might move among blazing buildings, the man who arms himself against malaria with this powerful *defensive medicine* may walk a fever-scourged district fearless of its insalubrious atmosphere. The intermittents and remittents at present so general in all parts of the country may be but the forerunners of a deadlier scourge now on its way westward from the far East. Prepare the system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS for a successful battle with the mephitic causes of *all epidemics*. Be wise in time.

AS REGARDS the impeachment of the President, there seems to be a difference of opinion among all parties; but we have yet to see any difference of opinion, among the well informed on the subject, as to the beauty and cheapness of the first-class Ready-made Clothing sold at Charles Stokes & Co.'s Clothing House, under the Continental. All *Suits* brought before this court terminate satisfactorily.

THE enterprise and genius of this age of inventions have produced nothing more admirable than the great Combination Sewing and Button-Hole Machine, now exhibited and sold at the corner of Eleventh and Chesnut streets. These Machines certainly have no equal anywhere.

AT THE grand distribution of $300,000 worth of presents among the subscribers in aid of the Riverside Institute, there are several fortunes to be given away. Every one will receive something, and a number of the lucky ones will suddenly become wealthy.

HEALTH, the poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss, is found in Ayer's Medicines, after a fruitless search among other remedies. A word to the wise is sufficient.

THE OLDEST medical practice is that of the family. Long before doctors were known the head of the family examined and prescribed for the members. From the necessity of the case, the first and most important stage of every disease is treated by the patient's parents or nurse. This being so, how important that the means on hand should be simple, ample, and efficient! HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS (advertised in another column) perfectly meet this want; and should be in the hands of every intelligent family. Depot, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, No. 23 North Sixth street, Lyott & Co., No. 232 North Second street, wholesale agents. Sold also by George C. Evans, Sixth and Poplar streets; Ambrose Smith, Broad and Chesnut streets; Hortter Twentieth and Green streets; John Bley, Frankford road; Roche, Fifteenth and South streets; Callender, Third and Walnut streets; Rickman, No. 336 South Second street; Marshall, Thirteenth and Market streets; Blythe, No. 3120 Market street. Sold in Germantown by W. R. Jones. General Depot, No. 637 Arch street.

A COLD SEEMS A SMALL AFFAIR.—Most people neglect it. Who minds it? Yet a Cold may turn to Consumption, and then follows almost certain death. Take a Cold in time, then: that is, take Dr. D. Ayer's Expectorant, the well-known standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Pulmonary Complaints, and your Cold will disappear as well as all apprehension of danger. Sold by all Druggists.

EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS.—The lot of ground between Allegheny avenue and Clearfield street, and between Richmond street and Delaware river, also, lot between Wellington and Westmoreland and Edgemont and Thompson streets, north of the avenue, in the Twenty-fifth Ward, is about to be improved by the erection of two hundred and thirty houses thereon. Some of the buildings have already been commenced.

M. SHOEMAKER & Co., No. 1024 Chesnut street, are now opening an elegant assortment of Misses' and Children's Millinery. Also, a full line of Children's Clothing for boys, girls, infants, and misses, in the latest styles.

WHITMAN'S CHOCOLATE.—The finest Chocolate for table use, manufactured at the Philadelphia Steam Chocolate and Cocoa Works. Stephen F. Whitman, office and store No. 1210 Market street.

FINE CONFECTIONS.—At George W. Jenkins', No. 1037 Spring Garden street, can be obtained foreign fruits, nuts, almonds etc., as well as a fine assortment of confections. Jenkins is worthy of a call.

THE "MODEL SHOULDER-SEAM SHIRT."

MSSS MSSS MSSS-GA
MSSS MSSS MSSS-GA
MSSS MSSS MSSS-GA
MCINTIRE & BROTHERS, No. 1005 Chesnut street.

JONES & THACHER, Printers, No. 510 Minor street.

Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements! Unusual Inducements!

Remember { *We now offer an immense stock of New Clothing for Men's and Boys' Fall and Winter wear, made in the most careful manner, and of materials bought in first hands, at ruinous prices to the manufacturers. This tells the whole story.*
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
ON THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STS.

MARRIED.

COWPERTHWAIT—PRICKETT.—On Thursday, September 26, 1867, by the Hon. Morton McMichael, Mayor of Philadelphia, Mr. WILMER COWPERTHWAIT, of Medford, N. J., to Miss HANNAH PRICKETT, of Charleville, N. J.

HULL—OAKFORD.—On the 24th instant, at the Church of St. Matthias, by Right Rev. Bishop Odenheimer, of New Jersey, CHARLES A. HULL to REBECCA B., daughter of the late Charles Oakford, all of Philadelphia. No cards.

DIED.

AUDNREIER.—On the morning of the 23th of October, in the 28th year of his age, Major LEWIS C. AUDENREID, son of Mr. George Audenreid, of Northampton county, Pa.

His relatives and the friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, on Wednesday, the 30th instant, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of his uncle, Lewis Audenreid, Esq., No. 512 N. Seventh street. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

DEVLIN.—At Washingtonville, Chester county, Pa., on the 26th instant, Mrs. BRIDGET, wife of Edward Devlin, aged 55 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Ellen Gartland, No. 1227 Cadwalader street, on Tuesday morning at 8½ o'clock. Services and interment at St. Michael's.

EDWARDS.—On the 24th instant, BALDWIN EDWARDS, son of Mary Edwards, relict of Moses Edwards, in the 26th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother-in-law, on Tuesday morning at 7½ o'clock. Burial at Coatesville.

JOHNSON.—On the 26th instant, SALLIE N., youngest daughter of Albert B. and Mary A. Johnson, aged 5 years and 4 months.

PALMER.—On the 26th instant, LAFAYETTE PALMER, son of the late Richard Palmer, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the Franklin Steam Fire Engine Company, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, Edward J. Newland, No. 1239 Margaretta street (Seventh and Wharton streets), on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Union Cemetery.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

A STRANGE STORY—THE TRIBULATIONS OF "AUNT MARGARET," A COLORED CENTENARIAN.—Many, many years ago, a certain dark skinned tribe in Guinea went to war with a neighboring tribe about some fancied grievance. Fortune did not smile upon them, however, and their king and queen were taken captive on the field of battle. In those days the traffic in human flesh was at its zenith, and even in the Quaker City was found a ready market for men and women provided, always, that their skins were of sable hue. The captive sovereign of Guinea and his royal spouse were disposed of by their conquerors to an American slaver, who brought them to this city and transferred his interest in their flesh and blood to one Abraham Vandagraff, a farmer living near the Chamuny, a small stream in the interior of the state. Children were born to the King and Queen of Guinea, and one of their offspring became the parent of fourteen children in turn, the youngest of this thriving family receiving the name of Margaret, when she first saw the light about one hundred and five years ago. Margaret's mistress had no children of her own, and so she visited the Philadelphia Almshouse and selected for adoption a little fellow by the name of John Harrison, who was consigned to the care of the pickaninnies, and in their company grew up to man's estate. When the colonies revolted against the unbearable tyranny of the mother country, John Harrison went to the wars, accompanied by one of Margaret's brothers, and rose to the rank of a captain in the Continental army. During his absence from home, the care of the large herd of cattle on the farm of her mistress devolved upon Margaret, who attended them in true pastoral style. But her task was by no means an easy one for the Tories and red coats would now and then swoop down upon her charge and carry off a portion as their booty; or, what grieved her even more, would decapitate her turkeys and chickens and swing the savory carcasses over their saddle-bows. Margaret bore up under these tribulations as best she might, and in return for her faithful services was rewarded with the gift of her freedom at the close of the war.

But this was the mere commencement of her trials. At that day, as at the present, the idea prevailed that a person whose veins were tainted with negro blood was incapable of taking care of her own fortunes. So the manumission of Margaret was coupled with a new bondage by which it was intended that she should be greatly benefited. She was bound out for a term of years to one Christian Heise, a resident of Philadelphia, who was expected to indoctrinate her into the ways of liberty before she should be cast entirely upon the world and her own resources. This Christian Heise ought to have lived in the year Anno Domini 1867, for he was a model Christian gentleman, and well qualified to consort with the unreconstructed chivalry of these latter days. In other words, he believed most firmly in the doctrine that a black woman had no rights which a white man was bound to respect. So Christian Heise bartered away his charge for the sum of $500, a farmer by the name of James Collins, who resided near Germantown, becoming her illegal purchaser. To his establishment Margaret was removed, and there she was suffered to live and toil in peace for a time, her former owner and liberator knowing naught of her adverse fortunes. But James Collins proved to be a shiftless individual, and soon got in arrears for rent. He relieved himself of his financial troubles by abandoning his farm, leaving Margaret behind to satisfy the claims of the proprietor, a worldly man by the name of Bishop.

This happened about the year 1790, when the four thousand slaves which were then held to service in the State of Pennsylvania were set free by an act of the Legislature. Mr. Bishop then followed the example set him by Christian Heise, and before Margaret could claim her newly bestowed freedom, she was transported to the home of one of Bishop's daughters, who lived in Virginia, just south of the Potomac. On the very day after her arrival at the house of David Walton, the new master, the sheriff of the county (one Jonathan Pearsley) approached the place to levy on the chattels in satisfaction of a debt due by their proprietor. At the approach of this functionary, the old slaves fled to a neighboring plantation, and Margaret became the sole booty of the Sheriff. At the sale which followed she fell to Pearsley himself became her purchaser, and removed her to his own establishment near Romney. It was now Margaret's turn to fall into the hands of a shiftless master. Sheriff Pearsley was an inveterate gambler, and the course of his play with one George Reynolds, his property in Margaret was transferred to the latter by a trick of the cards. Reynolds resided in the neighborhood of Winchester and had encountered the thriftless Sheriff in Romney, while visiting the latter place in pursuit of a fugitive slave. He started homeward with his prize, but paused before he arrived there to celebrate his luck with a drink at the tavern of one Caspar Rinker, to whom he disposed of Margaret for the sum of $550. The landlord had been moved to pity by the trials of the poor woman, and purchased her at her own request. Margaret's ownership appears to have alternated regularly between a brute and a prodigal, and Reynolds proved to belong, like Heise and Bishop, to the former category. All the way from Romney to Winchester the wretched Margaret had been forced to travel astride a mule and to receive the blows and curses of the drunken man who had become her owner by a turn in the fortunes of the card-table. It was this treatment that touched the somewhat kindly heart of mine host Caspar, and with him Margaret lived for fifteen years, presiding over his still during the greater portion of the time.

One day a friendly Quaker chanced to listen to the story of her life. Such was his indignation at the wrongs which had been heaped upon her that he forthwith wrote to his friends in Philadelphia concerning the matter. They at once hunted up Christian Heise, who denied all knowledge of the woman. But the document by which she had been apprenticed to him was on record, and when this was produced, he fled. The kind Quakers who had embraced the cause of the no longer friendless woman started in pursuit, and at Harrisburg, they succeeded in coming up with the fugitive. He was brought back to Philadelphia, and then given the choice between two courses of action—both of them exceedingly distasteful. However, he did not relish the prospect of a sojourn in the Penitentiary, but chose rather to proceed to Virginia and procure the release from bondage of his victim. He did not hesitate to swear to her identity, and thereupon she was again, and for the third time in her eventful career, set at liberty.

Since then, she has not been molested by the slave-hunters, and she now, at the rare old age of one hundred and five years, calmly awaiting her summons to another world. She is dependent upon the contributions of charitable friends for her support, and one kind-hearted gentleman, in moderate circumstances, bears the whole burden of the rent of her abode. This apartment is a little room just under the roof of the house at No. 1021 Sargeant street, adjoining the Diligent Hose House. Access to her humble chamber is gained by three flights of narrow, rickety stairs, and there at any day she may be found by a visitor, seated upon her cot with a Bible on her knees. Her complexion is extremely dark, presenting a strange contrast to her snow-white hair. Her upper teeth are entirely gone, causing the lower jaw to protrude in a singular manner, while her eyes are deeply sunken, and her form bowed down with the weight of years. But she is cheerful and happy, retaining all her faculties to a remarkable degree, and narrating the strange story of her life with remarkable straightforwardness and energy. Her career has had many examples, but by the blessing of Heaven and by the bloody sacrifice of hundreds of thousands of brave men, the future will not furnish another such tale of misery and crime.

THE GRANT MOVEMENT in this city is still under full headway, and if the Republicans of other cities follow suit with equal enthusiasm, the gigantic machinery of the National Nominating Convention can readily be dispensed with. The following meetings of Grant Campaign Clubs are announced for this evening:—

Eighth Ward.—The citizens of this Ward who look to the Appomattox apple-tree for their candidate for the Presidency will assemble at 8 o'clock, at the southwest corner of Broad and Walnut streets. Among the names appended to the call are those of such prominent citizens as Henry C. Carey, Edward Shippen, A. R. Borie, A. D. Jessup, Isaac G. Colesberry, James Milliken, and Colonel Robert Thompson.

Eleventh Ward.—A meeting of the Grant Club of this Ward will be held at 8 o'clock, at the northwest corner of St. John and Buttonwood streets, for the election of officers.

Nineteenth Ward.—This Ward, it appears, is to be favored with two Grant Clubs. An adjourned meeting of the citizens in favor of the movement will be held at 8 o'clock, at the house of John Martin, on the Frankford road, above Norris street. Another meeting is called for 7½ o'clock, at the Union League, at the corner of York street and Frankford road.

Twenty-fourth Ward.—At half past 7 o'clock tomorrow (Tuesday) evening an adjourned meeting of the Grant Campaign Club of this ward will be held at the hall on Lancaster avenue, below Fourth street, when the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization will be presented.

"THE FRIENDS OF FREEDOM" propose holding a series of grand gatherings in Chester county and this city in the course of next week. On Tuesday, November 5th, the first meeting will be held at Kennett Square, the daylight to be devoted to general matters, while the evening is set apart for the especial purpose of giving the fiery, Phillipic Wendell an opportunity to be heard.

On the afternoon of Wednesday, November 6th, the Executive Committee of the State Society will hold a conference with the friends of the cause at West Chester. In the evening Wendell Phillips will again be given a hearing at the Horticultural Hall of that delightful little town.

On Friday, November 8th, the scene will be transferred to this city, when the annual meeting of the society will be held in the hall of the Franklin Institute, the session lasting from 10 o'clock in the morning until 4 in the afternoon. At 5 o'clock the grand festival, or annual social gathering, will commence at the new Horticultural Hall, on Broad street, and will be brought to a close by a great speech from Wendell Phillips, to be delivered precisely at 8 o'clock.

The object of these gatherings, it is announced, is to keep the public mind alive to the necessity for securing freedom to the freedmen, and to collect means for continuing this worthy object through the agency of the *Anti-Slavery Standard*.

UNFILIAL CONDUCT.—Young Parr, Jr., has been, it is so alleged, engaged at various times in stealing from his parent's wardrobe, and taking the articles to a familiar haunt, known as the "Hooker" House, on Spafford street, below Shippen, where the proprietress, Elizabeth James, took them out of his possession. Several times he has been caught, but promises of future good behavior have saved him from arrest. Warrants were issued for the arrest of himself and all the females who rendezvous at the Hooker establishment. The arrests were made last night, and Parr and five men and the same number of women were placed in duress, and are held there by Alderman Tittermary. Lieutenant Kinley, of the Second District, made the arrest.

THE CHOLERA AT THE NAVY YARD ABATING—ONLY TWO DEATHS REPORTED SINCE SATURDAY.—We are happy to be able to state that the epidemic on the Sassacus, off the Navy Yard, shows unmistakable signs of abatement. Since our report of Saturday, but two deaths have occurred, swelling the total thus far to twenty-nine. Otto Lismire, landsman, died at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and Richard Foster, landsman, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Alexander Brewington, seaman; E. P. Selvely, landsman; Robert Campbell, landsman; William Campbell, landsman; William Phillips landsman; John Hardy, landsman; Charles Storms, landsman; and James Riley, landsman, have been discharged cured and ready for duty. The following men, fifteen in number, are the only ones now on the sick list:—

Alexander Harper, landsman, improving.
George W. Clayton, landsman, improving.
William Childs, seaman, improving.
Charles Diddier, landsman, dangerous.
Joseph Pierson, landsman, convalescent.
Joseph Justice, landsman, convalescent.
R. M. Chaseldine, landsman, convalescent.
John A. Hipple, landsman, improving.
Hamilton Garnside, landsman, improving.
Robert Stillwell, landsman, convalescent.
L. E. Parks, landsman, convalescent.
A. Schellhausen, seaman, convalescent.
Charles Devlin, seaman, dangerous.
William A Stryker, second class boy, improving.
Henry Coleman, landsman, admitted yesterday.

The Potomac, on which the epidemic first made its appearance, has at last been sent down the river, to go into quarantine, one officer and a skeleton crew being the only persons on board. Her cabin has been thoroughly disinfected.

AN ATTACHMENT FOR THE COUNTESS DEL GRILLO.—It appears that when Madame Ristori made her recent appearance in New York, in the tragedy of *Medea*, she insisted that she would not attempt to play, unless the old scenery and accompaniments were replaced by new and more tasteful ones. Impressario Grau, it is alleged, accordingly engaged Mr. R. Randall, a theatrical machinist and decorator, to furnish the necessary articles; and it is further claimed that the impressario left the city without settling the bill therefor, amounting to something over ninety dollars.

On Saturday last Mr. Randall embraced the opportunity of Mr. Grau's presence in Philadelphia to bring a suit against him for the amount. Madame Ristori was duly subpœnaed as a witness, and a hearing of the case before Alderman Hurley was set down for this morning. At the appointed hour Mr. Randall appeared, but the Impressario and the Queen of Tragedy failed to be present, it being supposed that they had already taken their departure for Baltimore, at which place the latter commences an engagement this evening. Under these circumstances the case was continued until Monday next, and the Alderman issued an attachment against Madame Ristori, commanding her presence on that occasion.

THE LATE MAJOR LEWIS C. AUDENRIED, whose untimely death we noticed on Saturday, was a son of Mr. George Audenried, of Northampton county, Pennsylvania, and was scarcely twenty-eight years of age at the time of his demise. The deceased, immediately after graduating at Franklin and Marshall College, entered the army as Captain of Company H, of the 122d Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. With this regiment he continued in service about a year, being present at Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and other bloody edcounters. In 1863, when Lee made his second attempt to penetrate the Keystone State, Captain Audenried received a commission as Major of the 51st Regiment. At the close of the war the deceased entered mercantile life, becoming a partner in the well-known firm of Berger, Audenried & Fry, grocers, of No. 11 South Water street. He was well and favorably known to a large circle in this city, and his loss will be deeply felt. He was a brave and faithful soldier, and a good and loyal citizen—such a man as cannot well be spared. The funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 30th instant, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of Lewis Audenried, Esq., No. 512 North Seventh street.

AN EARLY WHISKY RAID — BEING CAUGHT NAPPING, YE DISTILLERS MAKE AN INGLORIOUS RETREAT WITHOUT THEIR STILLS.—Deputy Collector Foulkrod, of the 2d Internal Revenue District, believing that by a sudden and unexpected onslaught on the whiskyites a decided advantage could be obtained, in making them feel that there was still power in the unarmed law of the land, besides reaping pecuniary benefits to the Government, made all arrangements, early this morning, when "ye wicked and law-defying distillers" in and about Salmon and Williams streets were dozing in supposed safety, made a dash, and achieved a victory.

Twenty tubs of nose-polluting mash were destroyed, three stills were seized, seven barrels of whisky were confiscated; besides, the glories of victory over the viracos and proprietors of these illicit pieces were a plentiful reward for this early service. No armed force was needed; but the trap was well laid, and well carried out by officers armed only with legal documents and writs.

HEARING BEFORE A UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.—The case of Logan & Davis, charged with making fraudulent returns, was heard before United States Commissioner Smith.

Francis Prettyman, sworn, said—I was an Assistant Assessor about the 1st of January, 1867, to the 1st of June, 1867. I have not been connected with the office of the Second District since that time. I received, about the 12th or 15th of April, a return from Mr. Logan of the quantity of oil which he refined; the return was blank as far as taxable oil was concerned, but Mr. Logan had refined 1000 barrels of oil and would return it in May.

The returns and the presence of the Assessor of the Second District being necessary, the case was postponed till Thursday at 12 o'clock.

DARK CHARACTERS.—A Jerseyman, not content with rambling over the sands of his native State, varied his experience by coming over here and mingling with certain dark characters, alike in morals and appearance, at No. 751 South Seventh street. Here on Saturday night a grand peak down was gone through with, during which John Thomas, a colored inmate, stole our Jersey friend's watch, and a colored woman fiercely beat him. The police arrived, and arrested the household, consisting of eight inmates, Thomas as a thief, and the woman committed. Elizabeth Johnson and Florence Ramsey, as managing females, were sent below, and the rest held to keep the peace by Alderman Tittermary.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH MEETING.—This evening, at 7:30 o'clock, there will be a meeting of the members of the Methodist Episcopal Church of this city in favor of Lay Representation, at the Spring Garden Street Church, at the corner of Twentieth. Such measures will be taken by the meeting as will tend to secure favorable action in the matter on the part of the next General Conference, which assembles in 1868. Addresses will be delivered by the Hon. Judge Bond, of Baltimore, Md.; William J. Jones, Esq., of Elkton, Md.; Benjamin Harwood, Esq., of Pottsville, Pa.; S. M. Harrington, Esq., of Wilmington, Del.; Rev. James Riddle, of Wilmington, Del.; Joseph Parrish, M. D., of Philadelphia; President William H. Allen, LL. D., Philadelphia.

BURGLARS.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning Officer Sheets was passing the N. W. corner of Eighth and Fitzwater streets (the residence of Mr. James Campbell), when he noticed a man who was standing in the shade tap his foot suspiciously. The officer turned round and saw a man just running away from the side door of Mr. Campbell's residence. Both the men started, and the officer after them, who, having lately been lamed, could not reach them, but fired three times at the fugitives. Coming back and examining the door, three large holes were found in it having been lately bored. The burglars were at work

A CARELESS HANDLER OF BRICKS.—John McCullem and a friend were making last night hideous with their noise at Fifth and Shippen streets, when Officer Kemp pounced upon them, and they in turn shied bricks at his head, one of which injured him severely. With commendable tenacity he clung to his prisoner, McCullem, and landed him safely in the Station House cell. This morning Alderman Tittermary committed him.

CHARGED WITH HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—John Mack was arrested at No. 2542 Eggleston street, yesterday, on a warrant issued by Alderman Beitler, charging him with having committed a highway robbery, by knocking down a gentleman named Millwood, and stealing his watch, some four months ago. He is held for a hearing before the Alderman.

LARCENY OF TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS.—John H. Gold was brought before Alderman Beitler this morning, charged with having stolen $24 belonging to Mr. Theodore F. Corson. This money, it is alleged, was given him accidentally with some other to return to his father—the surplus, Gold Jr., retained. Alderman Beitler held him in default of $1000 bail.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL.—Andrew Tyron has been arrested on charges implicating him as one of the leaders of the mob who so brutally beat Mr. Styles, conductor on the Second and Third Streets Railroad on election day. He was taken in custody on Buck lane, and was held for a hearing by Alderman Beitler.

FIRE.—This morning, shortly after eight o'clock, a fire was discovered in the hayloft of John McCloskey's frame stable, on Hope street, above Harrison. The Taylor Hose was on hand immediately, and by its exertions the adjoining buildings were saved, although the stable was destroyed. Loss about $500. No insurance.

FOUND CRAWLING.—On Saturday afternoon, William Morris was caught in the act of crawling towards the money-drawer in E. H. Turner's feed store, No. 1716 Ridge avenue. He was arrested, and held in default of $800 bail by Alderman Fitch.

A TEN-DOLLAR CASE.—Kate Johnson, residing in a familiar haunt at New Market and Willow streets, was arrested yesterday, charged with stealing $10. Alderman Becker held her to answer.

BRIDGET FORGETS TO "SHUT THAT door" this cool weather. Put on it a Door Spring, and it will shut itself and save your temper. A variety, and other seasonable Hardware, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

SILVER-PLATED SCREWS, BRASS SCREWS, Locksmiths' Screws, Saw Screws, Screw Bolts, Carriage and Tire Bolts, and Bed Screws, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth.

UPRIGHT GRIDIRONS AND BROILERS, Toast Racks, Meat Stands, Fluted and Plain Gridirons, and a general variety of Cooking Hardware, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.

The Grant Movement and the Conservatives.

Desperate efforts are being made by the conservatives here to kill off Grant as a Presidential candidate, by efforts to make it appear that he is in sympathy with them. All the stories put forth that he has expressed sentiments favorable to them must be received with considerable allowance, as it is well known here that Grant does not allow himself to be drawn into political discussions with outside parties, particularly with newspaper writers, with whom he is always particularly guarded in his remarks. Senator Thayer, of Nebraska, who is on the most intimate terms with Grant, vouches for his Republicanism, and says that when the proper time comes Grant will declare himself in such unequivocal terms that there will be no mistake as to his sentiments. If all he has written could be published, it would show beyond a doubt where he stands.

New Yorkers in Town.

A host of New York politicians and jobbers arrived this morning, to operate on the President and Secretary McCulloch, to secure control of the Government patronage in aid of the Democrats at the coming New York election.

Malicious Attempt to Destroy Life.

CONCORD, Oct. 28.—Some evil-disposed person made an attempt to throw the northern express train from the track at Thornton's Ferry, on the Concord Railroad, by placing a piece of rail about five inches long in the frog at the switch. Fortunately the train stopped to leave out a passenger, and passed over the obstruction at slow speed, and no damage was done. Had the train been going at the usual rate of speed there is little doubt that many lives would have been lost.

The Latest Financial News.

[Special to THE EVENING TELEGRAPH by Hasson's Independent News Agency.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—U. S. 6s 1881, 111¾@112¼; U. S. 5-20s 1862, 112¾@113; do. 1864, 109¼@109¾; do. 1865, 109¾@110; do. January and July, 107½@107¾; 10-40s, 100¼@100½; 7-30s June and December, 105¼@105¾; January and July, 105¼@105¾. Pacific Mail, 146¼@146½; Atlantic Mail, 117@117¾; Cumberland Company, 42¼@43¼; Cumberland, 25@27¼; Quicksilver, 18¼@20; Mariposa, 8¼@8¾; New York Central, 112¼@112¾; Erie, 72¾@72¾; do. pref., 78@78; Hudson River, 126¼@126¾; Reading, 96¾@97; Michigan Central, 108@108¼; Michigan Southern, 78¼@79; Illinois Central, 122@122½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 81¼@82; Northwest, 47¾@48¼; do preferred, 66¼@66¾; Cleveland and Toledo, 104@104¼; Rock Island, 95¼@95½; Fort Wayne, 96¼@97¼; Toledo and Wabash, 39¼@40; Chicago and Alton, 120@124; Alton and Terre Haute, 80@81; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 25¼@25¾; Western Union Telegraph, 33¼@34¼; Boston Water Power, 17¼@17¾.

Stocks in New York To-Day.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Smith, Randolph & Co., Bankers, No. 16 South Third street, and No. 3 Nassau street, New York, report at 1 o'clock this afternoon as follows:—

United States 1881s, 111¾@112¼.
United States 5-20s, 1862, 112¼@112¾.
United States 5-20s, 1864, 109¼@109¾.
United States 5-20s, 1865, 109¼@109¾.
United States 5-20s, new, 1865, 107¼@107¾.
United States 5-20s, 1867, 107¼@107¾.
United States 10-40s, 100¼@100¾.
June and July 7-30s, 105¼@105¾.

The market was dull and weak at the opening, but has improved, and is now steady.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Assault on a State Constable—The Assailant Shot in the Leg and Arrested—A Woman's Throat Cut in the Street in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—The popular feeling against the State constabulary came near having another fatal termination this evening. A man named Thomas Kelly struck one of the officials named Thomas Preston, on the corner of Tremont and Boylston streets, and then ran rapidly away. The constable pursued him, and fired three shots, the last of which took effect in one of Kelly's legs. The wounded man was taken into custody, and it is probable a warrant will be issued for Constable Preston's arrest.

Mrs. Helen Smith, who lives in Oxford place, was seized by a man while walking in Harrison avenue to-night, who blindfolded her, and then cut her throat, inflicting a probably fatal wound. The woman thinks it was her husband, with whom she had not been living for some time.

A Family in Detroit Poisoned.

From the Detroit Free Press, October 24.

A curious case of poisoning occurred in this city on Monday last, which proved very near fatal to an entire family. The facts, as we learn them, are that on Saturday Charles W. Hunt purchased a quantity of beefsteak, which was put into a refrigerator, where it was left until Monday morning. Upon taking it out the cook observed that the sticks upon which it had lain had by some means become displaced, letting the meat fall through on the zinc covering. Some doubts as to the propriety of eating the meat were expressed, but it was finally concluded that no harm would result from it, and the steak was cooked and eaten.

Not long afterwards Mrs. Hunt, her little daughter, and the servant girl were seized with violent spasms and retching. A physician was sent for, and upon investigation pronounced the family poisoned. A Miss Hull, who also ate a portion of the meat, after breakfast came down, and when near the Post Office was attacked in the same manner. Assistance was procured, and it was intended to carry her home, but she grew worse so rapidly that she was taken to the house of Mr. Fay, No. 289 Woodward avenue, and for several hours it was believed the attack would prove fatal. Happily, by prompt and skilful action, a fatal result was averted, and the young lady, though still weak, is likely to recover. Whether the meat was poisoned by contact with the zinc in the refrigerator, or whether it was diseased, has not, we believe, been determined.

The Election in Dakotah.

The Dakotah Territorial election, October 8, was carried by the Republicans, who elect a majority of the Legislature. In Laramie county (Cheyenne, etc.), 1552 votes were polled, electing J. R. Whitehead to the Legislature, and J. S. Casement to Congress, the latter as a delegate in the interest of a separate Territorial organization. General Casement is the enterprising contractor on the Union Pacific Railroad. The Laramie vote is larger than the Pike's Peak country polled, when, under the Kansas territorial organization, they sent the first volunteer delegate to Congress. Of course, if Congress creates the new territory or Wyoming, or Laramie, or Cheyenne, whatever it may be called, a new election for delegates will be required, and General Casement's service at Washington is, therefore, purely voluntary.

The Election of Brownlow as Senator.

At 12 o'clock the Senate and House met in joint session in the hall of the House. The Hon. D. W. C. Senter, Speaker of the Senate, announced that, as directed by law, the two Houses were met in convention to compare the vote taken in each House, on yesterday, for the election of United States Senator, and in case there was no election, to proceed with such election.

The Clerk of the Senate announced that the vote on the final ballot in the Senate stood as follows:—Stokes, 10; Brownlow, 8; Maynard, 4; Fletcher, 2; Cooper, 1.

The Clerk in the House announced the final ballot in the House as follows:—Brownlow, 37; Stokes, 18; Maynard, 18; Fletcher, 8; Walker, 4. Whole number of votes cast, 103; necessary to a choice, 52.

The Speaker announced that as there was no election, the two Houses would proceed to ballot again. The names of Mr. Fletcher and Judge Walker were withdrawn, and Governor William G. Brownlow and the Hon. W. B. Stokes were put in nomination. The roll of the Senate was called with the following result: Brownlow, 12; Stokes, 12.

The roll of the House was called, with the following result:—Brownlow, 51; Stokes, 27; Walker, 1. Total for Brownlow, 63; total for Stokes, 39; whole number of votes cast, 103; necessary to a choice, 52; majority for Brownlow, 23.

The Speaker announced the vote, and declared William G. Brownlow duly elected United States Senator for the term of six years, beginning March 4, 1869.

On motion of Senator Keith, the election of Governor Brownlow was made unanimous.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

DISTRICT COURT No. 1—Judge Hare.—Hunter vs. Clymer, Administrator. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff, $1229.

Joseph Morrison vs. Samuel Longbridge. An action to recover for goods sold and delivered. On trial.

DISTRICT COURT No. 2—Judge Sharswood.—William King vs. John McKnight. An action to recover the amount paid for a horse upon a guarantee of soundness, which proved false. Verdict for plaintiff, $171·15.

Thomas A. Reeves and Caroline B., his wife, in right of Caroline B., vs. Caterwood & Co. A joigned issue. Verdict for plaintiff.

Elizabeth Camper vs. Tuddeus Brady. An action of ejectment to try the title to certain property at Edwin street and Ridge avenue. On trial.

On Saturday the new trial motion list, consisting of motions for new trial in cases tried before the president of the Court during the present term, was taken up, and those cases in which the rules to show cause were granted will be heard on the argument list next Saturday. Motions for new trials in cases tried before the President of the Court will also be heard then.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Brewster.—An extra session was begun in this Court this morning, J. Alexander Simpson prosecuting, for the more speedy disposal of the business of the term yet remaining.

Michael Lean was acquitted of a charge of assault and battery.

Jacob Hill was acquitted of a charge of assault and battery.

Bridget Fisher was acquitted of a charge of assault and battery.

Jacob Zimmerman was charged with the larceny of a pig. It was alleged that he induced piggy to leave the place of his birth by placing before his nose the temptation of sweet milk, and by removing it and making a step backwards whenever piggy would make an attempt at it. On trial.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Ludlow.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Harvey K. Myers, charged with bigamy, before reported, the Judge this morning delivered his charge. Two marriages were proven, in which a man named Harvey K. Myers and two women, named Elizabeth Vautier and Amanda Volmar, were the parties.

The record of the marriage between Elizabeth Vautier and Harvey K. Myers was performed April 20, 1852; and that between Amanda Volmar and Harvey K. Myers, February 28, 1866; Elizabeth Vautier still living and not divorced from Harvey K. Myers. The whole matter then rested upon the question of the identity of the defendant with the man who was married to Amanda Volmar, and of Amanda Volmar as the woman married to Harvey K. Myers.

The jury, after a short deliberation, returned a verdict of guilty.

The Commonwealth vs. Evans & Gilmore. Verdict not guilty.

James Smith was convicted of a charge of the larceny of a ham.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—Judge Peirce.—John K. Husler vs. Catharine Marshall. A landlord and tenant case for rent. The defense set up that, upon taking possession of the premises, the defendant made an agreement with the plaintiff to provide the repairs necessary to them, provided the expense so incurred should be a set off to the rent, which the landlord agreed to, with the provision that the defendant should not remain upon the premises. And, it was alleged, the defendant did make repairs and resided on the premises only six months. On trial.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Judge Grier.—Chase et. al. vs. Laubenstein et. al. An action for damages for alleged infringement of the patent right of a wire screen. On trial.

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