NATIONAL FINANCES.

Receipts and Expenditures During the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1868—Letter from Commissioner David A. Wells.

The following correspondence, having an official form, is of great public interest at the present time:—

Letter from the Hon. William B. Allison, Member of Congress from Iowa.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9, 1868.—Hon. David A. Wells, Special Commissioner of the Revenue:—I shall esteem it a favor if you will furnish me at your earliest convenience with such official information bearing upon the following questions as may be in your possession:—

First. What have been the national receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868?

Second. To what extent has taxation been abated or repealed since the termination of the war or since July 1, 1865?

Third. What have been the expenditures in aggregate and detail of the War Department since the surrender of Lee in April, 1865?

Fourth. What have been the expenditures of the Navy Department since the surrender of Lee in April, 1865?

Fifth. What have been the expenditures, aggregate and annual, of the Freedmen's Bureau and for reconstruction up to July 1, 1868?

I am, yours, most respectfully,

WILLIAM B. ALLISON.

Letter from David A. Wells, Special Commissioner of the Revenue.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE, WASHINGTON, July 15, 1868.—Hon. William B. Allison M. C.:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of July 9, and in response to the same I submit the following statements, premising, however, that only substantial accuracy can be claimed for the account of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, inasmuch as sufficient time has not yet elapsed to allow of a perfect and exact settlement on the books of the Treasury Department of all the accounts of the last quarter of the last fiscal year.

The national receipts of revenue from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868 were substantially as follows:—

Customs (gold)	$163,500,000
Internal Revenue (currency)	193,000,000
Miscellaneous (currency)	47,000,000
Public lands and direct tax (currency)	2,800,000
Total	$406,300,000

The expenditures of the Government on account of interest on the public debt for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $141,635,551. The aggregate expenditures of the several departments of the Government for the same period were $229,914,674, making a total expenditure for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, of $371,550,225, and leaving an estimated surplus of receipts over expenditures of $34,749,777.

An analysis of these expenditures affords the following results:—The present condition of the funded and interest-bearing debt of the United States, exclusive of the bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies, the interest on which is a charge upon the roads, necessitates a present annual expenditure on account of interest of about $126,000,000.

The excess of expenditure on account of interest over this amount during the last fiscal year was due mainly to payments on account of accumulated interest on the "compound interest notes," and will not again appear in the future disbursements of the Treasury on account of interest.

NATIONAL EXPENDITURES OTHER THAN FOR INTEREST.

The expenditures under the civil list, embracing the expenditures of the executive, legislative, and judiciary, foreign intercourse, territories, collection of the revenue District of Columbia, public lands, mints and assay offices, coast survey, light-houses, post office deficiency, etc., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $53,009,847.

The estimate for the present fiscal year, as deduced from the appropriation bills, and including permanent appropriations, is about $36,000,000.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

The expenditures under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $27,882,676, which were apportioned substantially as follows:—For pensions, $23,282,676; for Indians, $4,600,000.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The expenditures under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $25,775,502.

The appropriations for the service of the Navy Department for the present fiscal year are $17,300,000.

The following table shows the expenditure of the Navy Department since and including the fiscal year 1862:—

1862	$42,674,569
1863	63,211,105
1864	85,733,293
1865	122,557,776
1866	43,324,118
1867	31,034,004
1868	25,775,502
1869 (appropriated)	17,300,000

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The total disbursements made under the direction of or through the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $123,246,648. Of this amount there were paid:—

For bounties	$38,000,000
Reimbursing State war claims	10,330,188
Engineer Bureau (mainly river and harbor improvements)	6,132,620
Payments for property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States (act of March 3, 1849, and supplements thereto), estimated	5,111,300
Subsistence of Indians, estimated	1,000,000
Freedmen's Bureau	3,215,000
Expenses reconstruction	1,799,270
National cemeteries	792,860
Commutation of rations of prisoners of war	152,000
Total	$66,533,238

This amount deducted from the aggregate expenditures above given indicates the regular and legitimate army expenditure for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, to have been $56,713,410; of which no inconsiderable part is justly chargeable to the expenses attendant upon the existence of Indian hostilities upon the Plains in the summer and fall of 1867, which largely and exceptionally augmented the cost of transportation and subsistence.

The military appropriations for the current fiscal year are $33,081,013.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES.

If we divide the total expenditures of the last fiscal year into ordinary expenses, or those which are required to support and maintain the Government and extraordinary expenses, or those which have been the unavoidable results of the war, we have the following classification:—

ORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

	Fiscal Year 1867-8. Actual.	1868-9. Appropriated
Civil list	$53,009,847	$36,000,000
Interior	4,600,000	2,500,000
Navy Department	25,775,502	17,300,000
War Department	56,913,410	33,081,013
Rivers and harbors	6,132,679	1,500,000
Total	$146,231,379	$90,381,013

EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

	Fiscal Year 1867-8. Actual.	1868-9. Appropriated.
Interest public debt	$141,635,551	$126,000,000
Pensions	23,282,676	25,000,000
Bounties	38,000,000	40,000,000
Freedmen's Bureau	3,215,000	500,000
Reconstruction expenses	1,799,270	.....
Reimbursing States	10,330,188	.....
For lost property	5,111,390	6,000,000
Subsistence of Indians	1,000,000	1,000,000
National cemeteries	792,860	.....
Commutation of prisoners' rations	152,000	.....
Total	$225,318,845	$198,500,000

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The amount of taxes abated or repealed since the close of the war has been estimated as follows:—

By act of July 13, 1866	$60,000,000
By act of March 2, 1867	40,000,000
By act of February 3, 1866, exemption of raw cotton	23,769,000
By act of March 31	43,500,000
	$167,269,000

[illegible] of internal revenue which pre[illegible] war taxation may be [illegible] land, agri[illegible]

the following only are subject to specific or direct taxation:—Distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, gas, matches, and playing-cards.

Perfumery, cosmetics, patent medicines, and a few other manufactured articles are subjected to a stamp act proportioned to their selling price, since July, 1865; furthermore, the additional tax of five per cent, on incomes in excess of $5000 has been repealed; and the exemption on all incomes has been increased from $600 to $1000. The taxation formerly imposed on the gross receipts accruing from the transportation of merchandise has also been entirely removed.

Coincident with the above reduction of taxation, or from the 31st of August, 1865, to the 30th of June, 1868, the aggregate of the national indebtedness, including cash in the Treasury, exhibits a reduction in round numbers of $250,000,000. On this abatement of the debt, the reduction of the interest, calculated at six per cent. would be $15,000,000 per annum.

EXPENDITURES OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The aggregate expenditures made through or under the direction of the War Department, from April 1, 1865, to June 30, 1868, inclusive, were $917,117,043 43. Of this aggregate the disbursements for nine months, or from April 1, 1865, to December 31, of the year, as stated by quarters, were as follows:—

From April 1 to June 30, 1865	$414,196,277
From June 30 to September 30, 1865	165,369,237
From September 30 to December 31, 65	68,122,542
Total	$647,638,056

It appears that of the above total expenditures of the War Department $647,608,000, or seventy per cent. of the whole, were directly contingent upon the termination of the war and the disbanding of the army, and were disbursed within the nine months immediately succeeding the surrender of Lee, in April, 1865.

The balance of expenditure charged to the War Department on the books of the Treasury, viz. $269,428,987, covers a period of thirty months or from January 1, 1866, to June 30, 1868, and represents the disbursements further contingent upon the termination of the war, such arrears of pay and transportation of troops, the regular expenses of the military establishment, the expenses of the Indian war in the summer and fall of 1867, the payment of bounties ($49,382,859) from July 1, 1866, to June 30, 1868; the payments for property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States, $11,000,000, the reimbursement of State claims, $10,330,000, in 1867-8; river and harbor improvements and the expenses of fortifications, subsistence of Indians, Freedmen's Bureau, expenses of reconstruction, etc. etc.

EXPENDITURES OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The expenditures of the Navy Department from April 1, 1865, to June 30, 1868, were $133,119,296 37. Of this amount $59,847,889 58, or forty five per cent., were disbursed within nine months immediately succeeding the termination of the war in April, 1865. The balance of the above expenditure, $73,271,407, covers the regular expenses of the navy for a period of thirty months, ending July 30, 1868, as well as the disbursements on account of prize money and for the settlement of contracts entered into prior to the termination of the war.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU AND RECONSTRUCTION.

According to the accounts of the Treasury the expenses of the Freedmen's Bureau since its organization in 1866 have been as follows:—

Disbursements prior to June 30, 1867	$2,402,000
Disbursements from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1868	3,215,000
Total	$5,617,000

Concerning the proportion of this expenditure incurred by the Bureau for the relief of the starving and destitute of both races and for educational or other purposes the Treasury has no information.

According to the accounts of the Treasury the expenditures contingent upon the acts of Congress regulating reconstruction have been as follows:—

Disbursements prior to June 30, 1867	$445,430 56
Disbursements from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1868	1,799,270 00
Total	$2,244,700 56

The above statements, derived from the books and accounts of the Treasury Department, are believed to be substantially correct.

I am, yours, most respectfully,

DAVID A. WELLS,
U. S. Special Commissioner of Revenue.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Peirce.—William Sperry and Joseph Sperry, his son, were indicted for assault and battery on David Muhr, their landlord, on the evening of June 3. On that evening the son went to the prosecutor's house, and procured the receipt before he paid the money. He then refused to pay the money. Prosecutor endeavored to prevent him from leaving by holding him. Sperry the elder, and another person came in, and took the part of his son. They then assaulted the prosecutor and beat him. The father and companion held him, while the son struck him on the face with some hard instrument. On the next morning a ring was found on the pavement. Sperry, the younger, made endeavors to procure the ring while the witness was showing it to the jury on the witness stand, by holding out his hand for it and seemed very desirous of getting hold of it, thereby proving it to be his property.

Defense adduced the testimony of Sperry's little daughter to prove that Mr. Sperry did nothing to provoke a quarrel, but that Mr. Muhr struck the defendant first, and that the interference of Sperry, the elder, was for the purpose of protecting his son; that Mrs. Muhr interfered and struck her brother over the head with a chair. Other similar testimony was offered. Judge Peirce told the jury that the first act of wrong-doing was in Mr. Sperry, Jr., trying to go off with the receipt. If the jury thought Mr. Muhr took hold of Mr. Sperry simply to get his receipt, he was right and that he might use any force for that purpose till he got an officer. With regard to the elder Sperry, if he acted in aid of his son, without knowing the facts of the case, he was not guilty; that the law concedes a little to a parent's feelings. Verdict, guilty.

John Frizman was charged with assault and battery committed on John Derbyshire at the house of defendant, and with keeping a disorderly house. Evidence was offered to prove that the house was one of an immoral character. On trial.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

From the N. Y. Herald of to-day.

"The railway share market continues firm but only moderately active. The prevailing disposition of the street is however, to buy rather than sell, and there have been large transactions to-day in Erie, New York Central, and Cleveland and Pittsburg for the next two quarterly dividends, on which last four per cent. is offered in cash. The other stocks were comparatively neglected. Tennessee bonds of the new issue were bid up to 66⅞, apparently for the purpose of making a market to sell on. A report was circulated to the effect that the State of Tennessee had called upon the Government at Washington for twenty thousand troops, but this probably originated in the call on the Legislature for that number of the militia to suppress the Ku-Klux-Klan. Money continues in superabundant supply at three per cent. on Government securities and other first-class collaterals to borrowers in good credit, and at four per cent. on mixed collaterals to borrowers in general. The banks find the field for the employment of money limited to Wall street, the applications for discounts being unimportant, and first-class commercial paper is scarce and in demand at 5@6 per cent. The condition of extreme ease which exists here prevails in all the large cities both East and West, and there is nothing in the financial prospect likely to materially disturb this state of affairs for an indefinite length of time to come. The twenty-five millions of new three per cent. certificates will supply the place of the outstanding compound interest notes as fast as they mature; and the fact of all the Government loans being closed and trade being dull and mainly on a cash basis, will cause money to remain in good supply in Wall street, while the drain of currency westward to move the crops is going forward, although it is reasonable to expect an advance in the rate of interest to six and seven per cent."

From the N. Y. Tribune of to-day.

"Money is easy at 5@6 per cent. on call, and lenders have hard work to place their funds at these rates.

"Sterling Exchange continues dull and steady at quotations:—London, 60 days, 109¼; London, sight, 110⅝; Paris, long, 5·13¾@5·12½; Paris, short, 5·10⅝; Antwerp, 5·16¼@5·15; Swiss, 5·16¼@5·15; Hamburg, 35¼@36¼; Amsterdam 41¼@41⅝; Frankfort, 41@41¼; Bremen, 79¾@80; Berlin, 71⅞@72."

—The San Francisco *Commercial List* of July 18 gives the receipts of bullion, as reported by Wells, Fargo & Co., distinguishing that from Nevada, have been for six months in these years as follows:—

	1866	1867.	1868.
Nevada	7,[illegible]	$9,341,949	$6,981,427
Northern Mines	10,925,958	9,647,527	10,249,928
Southern Mines	1,709,208	1,519,982	1,470,429
Constwise	1,774,319	1,653,357	1,496,426
Total	$21,137,743	$22,162,291	$19,678,348

The great decline as compared with last year is in the Nevada product, but there has been an increase in the gold of the Northern California mines.

New York Stock Quotations—2 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N.Y. Cent. R.	125½	Tol. & Wabash R.	51
N.Y. and E. R.	68⅞	Mil. and St. P. com	74¼
Ph. and Rea. R.	94¾	Adams Express	52¾
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	91⅞	Wells' Fargo	27
Cle. and Pitt. R.	88⅝	U. S. Express	45½
Chi. and N. W. com.	81⅝	Tennessee 6s, new	66¾
Chi. and N. W. pref.	82	Gold	144¼
Chi. and R. I. R.	107⅞	Market dull.	
Pitts. F. W. and Chi. R. R.	109⅞		

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CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Attempted Burglary—Assaulted and Robbed—Store Entered—Disorderly House—Larceny of Dry Goods—Awaits an owner—Reckless Driving—Caught in the Act.

—The office connected with the lumber yard of Mr. A. J. Ward at Chestnut street wharf, Schuylkill, was entered last night. An old fire-proof was drilled and blown open, but as it contained nothing the would-be thieves had their trouble for nought. The explosion shattered the windows and furniture. This identical safe has been blown open twice before.

—John Buckley, residing in New Jersey, came to this city on Monday night, and fell in with a party of young men, who volunteered to show him the elephant. They took him down to Eighth and Tasker streets, and there felled him to the sidewalk, and robbed him of $35. Sergeant Magee and a citizen heard a cry for help, and ran to the spot, when they saw two men running away; they pursued them, but the rascals escaped on a lot at Eleventh street.

—The drug store of Mr. S. C. Allebaud, No. 1829 South Second street, was entered between one and three o'clock this morning by boring a hole in the door and slipping a wire in and drawing the bolt. The money drawer showed marks of having been tampered with, but nothing was taken.

—Charles Fillman was held in $800 bail by Alderman Carpenter, to answer the charge of keeping a disorderly house at Front and Union streets.

—Michael McDonald, fourteen years of age, entered the store of Mr. John Buckley, No. 1604 Market street, and helped himself to eight flannel shirts and a balmoral skirt. He was pursued to the corner by Mr. Buckley, who marched him to Alderman Jones' office, who held him in $500 bail to answer.

—A keg of lard awaits an owner at the Fourth Police District. It was picked up by a man who was drunk, and could not tell where he had got it.

—Thomas Forsyth was arrested by Sergeant Murray, at Fifth and Coates streets, for reckless driving. He ran into the show wagon of Fox's American Theatre. Alderman Kerr held him in $500 for a further hearing.

—Frank Duffy, with two others, last evening, entered the clothing store of Mr. Jacobs, at Second and South streets, and proceeded to examine the goods. They picked up a coat and two pairs of pants, and were leaving the store when Mr. Jacobs saw them. A scuffle ensued, in which two of them escaped with the goods, but Duffy was captured and held by Alderman Tittermary in $800 bail to answer.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION.—The following hearings took place this afternoon at the Central Station, before Alderman Beitler:—

Thomas Duffy was charged with fighting and throwing stones at the workmen engaged in laying the Nicholson pavement on Ninth street, from Chesnut to Sansom streets. Held in $500 bail to answer.

John Keish and John O'Donnell were charged with being a nuisance. The complainant alleges that these boys hang around the Continental Hotel, and when remonstrated with, threaten his life. Committed for trial.

William Eldridge, from White Hall, was bound over for a further hearing on Saturday, on the charge of the larceny of $110 from Mrs. Whitehouse, the proprietress of the White House, at Atlantic City, N. J.

HOUSE ENTERED.—The residence of Mr. R. K. Stewart, No. 754 S. Tenth street, was entered last night by forcing open the back door. The depredators made a thorough search through the house, breaking open the wardrobes, bureaus, closets, and everything that was under lock and key. A fire-proof on the second story front room was opened, and a large quantity of jewelry and solid silverware was stolen. The thieves took a lot of counterfeit money and broken bank notes which were in the safe, together with valuable papers. A number of worthless papers were strewn around the room, which presented a scene of the greatest confusion. Mr. Stewart's family are in the country. He comes to the city each morning and leaves in the evening.

RECORDER'S CASES.—John J. Carville, constable, was arrested for using threatening language, whereby Arthur Mollen lives in fear of bodily harm. Held in $800 bail to appear at Court.

—Michael Donnelly was held in $600 bail to appear and answer the charge of assault and battery on the body of Mr. Rediker, residing at No. 509 S. Twentieth street.

—Dan'l Dougherty was committed for drunken and disorderly conduct on South street this morning. He appropriated the sidewalk to his own use, and would allow no one to walk near him. Recorder Given disposed of the above cases.

JOHN GALLAGHER and Robert Cunningham were arraigned before Alderman McDevitt, on the oath of James McNulty, Margaret McNulty and Catharine Brannon, on the charge of forcible attempt at housebreaking, also with assault and threatening the life of James McNulty, and likewise representing themselves as officers of the Commonwealth. Held in $1000 bail to appear at court.

CAPE ISLAND, N. J.—We are informed that on account of the weather, Messrs. Thomas & Sons postponed their sale of cottage sites until Saturday next, August 1, when an opportunity will be offered for bargains seldom met with. See them for particulars.

FOX'S AMERICAN THEATRE.—The French Can-Can, with M'lles Rosa, Stacey, Boquette, and Kate Wilson in the principal parts, is crowding this house nightly. A new feature is the cataract of real water. Mr. William Carleton appears as "Barney, the Baron."

DIED SUDDENLY.—A negro, when passing Eleventh and Chesnut streets this morning, fell dead. The police took charge of the body, and notified the Coroner to hold an inquest.

KILLED.—Miss Stotesbury, a young lady aged twenty-one years, residing in the rear of No. 1605 Mervine street, while crossing the Reading Railroad yesterday, was instantly killed. Her body was removed to her home.

NOT RECOVERED.—The body of Mr. Frank H. Thorn, who was drowned at Atlantic City yesterday, has not yet been recovered.

FINED.—Martin Campbell was fined by Alderman Jones for dumping dirt on a lot at Eighteenth and Coates streets.

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THIRD EDITION

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

The Annual Commencement Exercises.

The Movements of Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and Blair in the West.

Fatal Result of a Political Gathering in St. Louis.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

The Thirty-third Annual Commencement—The Degrees Conferred.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

EASTON, Pa. July 29.—The thirty-third annual commencement of Lafayette College took place here to-day, in the presence of a large and brilliant audience. The town has been crowded with strangers during the past three or four days, friends of the students, alumni, and others interested in the success of the institution, participating in the routine exercises which always mark occasions of this character. Among the more prominent personages drawn here are the Hon. Galusha A. Grow, formerly Speaker of the House of Representatives, who delivered a fine address before the Literary Societies last evening, and Colonel Barton H. Jenks, and William Adamson, Esq., of Philadelphia, two liberal benefactors of the College.

The exercises of to-day were of a very interesting character, and creditable to all participating in them. The valedictory address of the graduating class was delivered by Abraham B. Howell, of New Jersey, and the Philosophical Oration by Charles McIntire, Jr., of Easton.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred upon fifteen members of the graduating class, as follows:—

Richard Arthur, of Constitution, Pa.
Herbert Le Grand Baker, of Clarkston, Mich.
James W. Boal of Bellefonte, Pa.
Alfred Brown, of Bethlehem, Pa.
William H. Filson, of Academia, Pa.
Edwin P. Foresman, of Moshannon, Pa.
Abram P. Garber, of Columbia, Pa.
John W. Griggs, of Newton, N. J.
Oscar J. Hardin, of Freedom, N. J.
Abraham B. Howell, of Lopeacong Springs, N. J.
James H. Kerr, of Jersey Shore, Pa.
Charles McIntire Jr., of Easton, Pa.
Michael S. Seif, of Easton, Pa.
Abram A. Smith, of Belvidere, N. J., and
William G. Stewart, of Chanceford, Pa.

The degree of Bachelor of Science was likewise conferred upon Charles McIntire, Jr.

The following honorary degrees were also conferred by the Board of Trustees:—

Master of Arts—Rev. J. P. Conkey, of Pennsylvania.

Doctor of Philosophy—B. W. Raymond, editor of the *Journal of Mining*, of New York city; Rev. M. Meigs, ex President of Delaware College; J. H. Shoemaker, Principal of the Chambersburg Institute.

Doctor of Laws—Rev. James C. Hepburn, Missionary at Yokohama, Japan.

The exercises of Commencement week will close this afternoon with the customary Commencement dinner.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

A Democratic Meeting and Riot—Three Persons Killed—Criminals Arrested and Sentenced.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—On Saturday the Democrats of Saline and Pettis counties held a ratification Seymour and Blair meeting at Elk creek. The opposition party had threatened to break up the meeting. Colonel Trigg had finished his speech, and Colonel Phillips, a gallant Federal officer began to speak, when the mob attacked the meeting, largely composed of women and children, with clubs and rocks. They were driven off, and twice afterwards they renewed the attack. Finally George Howard drew a revolver and shot a gentleman named Cheatham. This was the signal for a general battle. About one hundred shots were fired in the melee, and three rioters were killed and seven badly wounded. Several Democrats were badly wounded, and about twenty of both sides more or less severely. The rioters were driven to the woods, and the meeting broke up in the wildest dismay and confusion.

The trial of ax Klenger, the boy murderer, begrn yesterday. He killed his uncle and attempted the life of his aunt, in November last, stole some money, and ran away.

William Banks, a negro, was sentenced to be hung on Thursday, the 17th of September, for the murder of Charlotte Duncan, in August last.

Andrew J. Devede was arrested to-day, charged with embezzling $1000 from his partner in the City Directory publication business.

FROM OMAHA.

Generals Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan on their Western Trip.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

OMAHA, July 29.—The thermometer at three o'clock yesterday was at 78 degrees.

There is a heavy rain-storm this morning.

Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Dent, Dodge, Augur, and Blair arrived from the West yesterday morning. The latter took breakfast at the Fremont, side by side with General Grant, under a political truce.

A large concourse of citizens met the party at the depot. The Republican gun squad fired an artillery salute. After riding about town Generals Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan stopped in front of the Republican headquarters, where several thousand persons were assembled. The distinguished trio were introduced to the crowd, after which there was a general hand shaking.

Movements of General Grant.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—Generals Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan arrived at St. Joseph last night. They were met at the depot by a large crowd, and escorted to the Pacific House amidst enthusiastic cheers, music, and the firing of cannon. Colonel Harbine delivered an address of welcome, after which they were entertained by the Grand Army of the Republic and citizens generally. A similar demonstration was made on their arrival at Omaha yesterday.

The Strike of the Boston Caulkers.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BOSTON, July 29.—The caulkers' strike here has ended. The men have gone to work at four dollars per day for eight hours on old work.

FOURTH EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

The National Temperance Convention in Session.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM CLEVELAND.

The National Temperance Convention.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 29.—The National Temperance Convention met this morning at the First Presbyterian Church, and was called to order by J. M. Stearns, of New York, who nominated John Cessna, of Pennsylvania, as temporary Chairman. A prayer was offered by Rev. John Fulton, of Cleveland.

On motion of Rev. J. B. Dunn, of New York, J. A. Spencer, of Ohio, Rev. C. W. Dennis, of Maryland, Rev. J. A. Farr, of Albany, Rev. J. B. Clark, of Allegheny, Pa., and Rev. E. H. Pratt, of Connecticut, were appointed as temporary Secretaries.

A committee was appointed to examine the credentials, and also a Committee on permanent organization. While these committees were deliberating the Convention was addressed by General Neal Dow and others.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following:—President, W. E Dodge, of New York, and a large number of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. The Committee then took a recess until 2 P. M.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Minister Johnson—Political Reaction in Favor of Grant—The Great Flood.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, July 29.—Reverdy Johnson is now here, busily preparing to depart for Europe on next Saturday.

Ex-Governor Cox enters upon his duties as Commissioner of Pensions, to-day. He will undoubtedly support Grant and Colfax. The President gave him the appointment unasked, or unexpected.

It is confidently asserted that ex-Governor Bradford, now City Surveyor, will vote for Grant.

The Democratic abuse of Grant and the soldiers and sailors, is reacting here, and making Republicans, especially among conservative and the laboring classes.

Considerable sums and private donations are being subscribed to relieve the sufferers by the flood here and at Ellicott City. One gentleman from Philadelphia left his check at the *American* office yesterday for two hundred dollars. Thousands are still employed in repairing, etc. Many are moving from the flooded district. Rents and property are greatly depreciating there. No more dead have been found, but some persons are still missing.

The Northern Central Railway commenced running through to-day. The Baltimore and Ohio will also in a day or two, with temporary bridges and repairs.

Another Life Insurance Murder.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

COLUMBIANA, Ohio, July 28.—Daniel Shult, of this place, who was arrested on the 22d instant for poisoning his wife, had a hearing before Esquire Mills, of New Lisbon, and after an examination, was committed to jail in default of $10,000 bail, where he is now for trial. The evidence did not amount to anything on either side. We learn that the body of the deceased will be exhumed by physicians in the interest of the insurance company in which he had her life insured, and a post-mortem examination will be had, when further particulars will doubtless be elicited.

Sales of Coal.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The Delaware, Lackawana, and Western Railroad Company, to-day disposed of 30,000 tons of Scranton coal at auction. The coal is deliverable at Elizabethport, N. J., during August next. The following were the prices realized:—Lump, $4·15a4·22; steamer, $4·25a4·40; grate, $4·65a4·90; egg, $4·50a4·95; stove, $5·00a5·10; chesnut, $4·05a4·10.

The Montgomery Guards, from Boston, arrived here this morning. They were received by Mayor Hoffman at the City Hall, who welcomed them in a brief speech.

Ship News—The Steamer Norman.

BOSTON, July 29.—The steamer Norman, from Boston for Philadelphia, which was ashore in Vineyard Sound, got off last night without damage, and proceeded on her way.

The barque Prairie Bird, from Mobile for Liverpool, put into Newport, R. I., on the 28th inst., with the body of her mate, who died of fever.

FATHER POINT, July 29.—The steamship St. Andrew, from Glasgow, has passed here en route for Quebec.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Sailed, ship Lawrence, for New York; ship Commodore, for Sidney; ship Renown, for McKean Island.

Arrived, United States steamer Resaca, from Mazatlan, via La Paz; she brings $132,000 in treasure. Also arrived, opposition steamer Hoody, from Panama.

Repairs of the Susquehanna Bridge Completed.

HARRISBURG, July 29.—The five spans of the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge over the Susquehanna, that were destroyed by fire on the morning of the 17th inst. have been rebuilt on the original plan, and the trains commenced passing over it yesterday afternoon.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Stocks steady. Chicago and Rock Island, 108⅝; Reading, 94⅞; Canton Company, 48; Erie, 67⅞; Cleveland and Toledo, 102⅞; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 88⅞; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 109⅞; Michigan Central, 138⅝; Michigan Southern, 91⅞; New York Central, 135⅝; Illinois Central, 150; Cumberland preferred, 31; Virginia 6s, 55; Missouri 6s, 91⅝; U. S. 6-20s, 1862, 114⅛; do. 1864, 111⅝; do. 1865, 112⅝; new issue, 109⅝; do. 1867, 109⅞; 10-40s, 108⅞. Gold, 143⅞. Money easy. Exchange unchanged.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Cotton steady at 29¼c. Flour quiet and unchanged; 8000 bbls. sold. Wheat quiet and steady; new Georgia, $2·40. Corn steady and scarce. Oats declined ½c.; sales of 41,000 bushels at 83 to arrive, and 84c afloat. Pork buoyant; Mess, $28·31. Lard quiet. Whisky active and firm; 500 bbls. in bond sold at $1·82@1·88; now held at $1·85.

BALTIMORE, July 29.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings, 29c. Flour active, but very quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm, with small receipts; sales of red at $2·35@2·45. Corn active; white, $1·22. Oats firm at 85@90c. Mess Pork active at $29·50. Bacon active and advancing; rib sides, 16¾@17; clear sides, 17@17¼; shoulders, 14¼@14½; hams, 21@22c. Lard firm.

New York Stock Quotations, 3 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	125⅝	Pitts. F. W. and Chi. R. R.	110
N. Y. and Erie R.	68⅝	Pacific M. S. Co.	101¼
Ph. and Rea. R.	94¾	Toledo & Wabash	51
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	92	Mil. & St. Paul com.	74¼
Cle. and Pitt. R.	88⅝	Adams Express Co	52⅝
Chi. & N. W. R. com.	81⅝	Wells Fargo	27
Chi. & N. W. prf.	82	U. S. Express Co.	45½
Chi. and R. I. R.	107⅞	Tennessee 6s new	66¾
Gold	144½		
Market dull.			

FIFTH EDITION

LATEST ADVICES FROM EUROPE

Protection to American Citizens Abroad—English Opinions of the Bill.

FROM GEORGIA.

The Election of United States Senators.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE.

Protection to American Citizens.

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, July 29.—The main points of the act for the protection of American citizens abroad, passed just before the adjournment of the Congress of the United States, were telegraphed to London, and published in this morning's journals. The bill is sharply and unfavorably criticised by the English press, though its passage does not appear to excite either surprise or anger. Journals of all shades of opinion appeared to consider the bill a partisan measure, required by the exigencies of the November elections, but think this action of Congress will not tend to promote the success of American negotiations with foreign powers to secure by treaty the establishment of the principles of nationality on which the bill is passed.

PARIS, July 29.—The Corps Legislatif, having passed the budget, and finished all business before it, closed its session yesterday.

FROM GEORGIA.

Election of United States Senators.

ATLANTA, Geo., July 29.—Joshua Hill and H. V. M. Miller were elected United States Senators on joint ballot of the Senate and House; for the long term—Hill, 110, Brown, 94; for the short term—Miller, 119; Blodget, 73, scattering, 20. The result gives general satisfaction.

FROM CONNECTICUT.

Governor English Exercises the Veto Power.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 29.—Governor English yesterday vetoed the new election law and a bill in relation to naturalization. The House to-day, however, passed the bill over the Governor's veto, by a vote of 126 to 75.

The bill relating to Courts also passed by the same vote.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—At a meeting of merchants on 'Change this morning, a resolution was adopted that after August 1, 32 or 35 pounds of oats shall constitute a bushel in this market. Resolutions were also adopted urging the City Council to alter the levees, with a view of facilitating the shipment of grain in bulk to this city from Northern Missouri and Iowa.

Arrival of a Steamer.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The steamship Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall the 21st, brings $261,000 in specie.

Railroad Travel.

BALTIMORE, July 29.—Trains on the Northern Central Railroad commenced running regularly to-day.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Flour quiet; new, $6 a 6·75. Wheat, choice shipping, $1·80 a 1·85. Legal-tenders, 70.

New York Stock Quotations, 4 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	125⅝	Pitts. F. W. and Chi. R. R.	110
N. Y. and E. R.	68⅝	Toledo & Wabash	51¼
Phil. and Rea. R.	94¾	Mil. & St. Paul com.	74¼
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	92	Adams Express Co	52⅝
Cle. and Pitt. R.	88¾	Wells Fargo	27⅛
Chi. and N. W. com.	81⅝	U. S. Express Co.	45½
Chic and N. W. prf.	82	Tennessee 6s new	66⅛
Chi. and R. I. R.	107¾	Gold	144½
Pacific M. S. Co.	101¼		
Market dull.			

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, JULY 29

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No