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MONDAY, MAY 23, 1870.

PRESIDENT GRANT AND GENERAL HANCOCK.

A few days ago the New York World published a garbled extract from a letter from General Sherman to General Hancock, which, with the explanatory comments of the World attached, represented the President as bitterly hostile to the last-named officer on account of political differences of opinion, and as disposed to injure him so far as lay in his power as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy.

The entire correspondence between Generals Sherman and Hancock has been published, and, as might have been expected, it puts a very different coloring on the affair, while the explanation of Grant's unwillingness to do Hancock a favor places the latter in anything but a creditable position. In April last General Hancock telegraphed to headquarters that if his rank did not entitle him to a division, and if the changes in the departments, owing to the death of General Thomas, made it practicable, he would prefer the St. Louis station.

The difficulty between Grant and Hancock grew entirely out of the offensive and un-called-for behavior of the latter. When General Hancock was in command in Louisiana, Grant, as General-in-Chief, had occasion to revoke one of his orders. This Hancock chose to consider a personal affront, and when shortly after he was assigned to another command and visited Washington, he went to Grant's headquarters, and instead of calling upon him personally merely registered his name—a proceeding which was at least discourteous, according to army usages. A few days after the two Generals met on the street, and on Grant accusing him in a friendly manner Hancock made no reply, but merely touched his hat as etiquette obliged him to do to his superior officer.

THE "APATHY" IN NEW YORK. This unexpected and enormously large majority obtained by the Democratic candidates at the late election in New York is attracting the serious attention of the politicians of the country. Making all due allowance for the tremendous frauds perpetrated by the Democratic repeaters in New York city, the victory achieved by the Democratic judicial candidates is so overwhelming that an inquiry into its cause becomes important.

to other quarters of the Union, it does not require much sagacity to foretell the speedy downfall of the organization that has for ten years ruled this country; and if this result is to be averted, means must speedily be adopted to prevent apathy like that displayed in New York, which is equivalent to a partisan dry-rot, from spreading to other States. One of the Republican members of Congress from New York displays the narrow and selfish spirit which usually characterizes professional politicians, by declaring that the late result is caused by unfortunate and improper appointments in the Custom House, and that a radical change in the clerks, inspectors, and tidewaiters will insure a restoration of Republican ascendancy in the Empire State.

The vitality of the old war issues is now nearly extinguished. If the Democrats have sense enough to acquiesce in results which they cannot change, and to hold the Republicans to a strict accountability for what they are doing now, they will once more become formidable, despite the fifteenth amendment. And by way of preparing for this change of tactics, it is vitally important that Congress and all Republican officials should be on their good behavior; that the universal demand for relief from the pressure of odious and unnecessary taxation should be speedily respected; and that the race of corrupt Republican legislators and officials, which has become decidedly too numerous, should be sternly rebuked and condemned by the Republican organization.

THE TROUBLES IN PORTUGAL. It is, perhaps, not natural that the perpetual ferment into which Spain has been thrown should affect the petty kingdom of Portugal, and stir up within it the elements of discord. Up to a recent period the reign of the present King, Luis I, has been rather monotonous; but agitation is contagious, and as Portugal is completely isolated from the whole world by the intervening territory of Spain, it is rather surprising that she escaped serious disturbances so long after the expulsion of Isabella II from the Peninsula. King Luis is the second but eldest surviving son of Donna Maria II, Queen of Portugal, and Dom Fernando, Prince of Saxe-Coburg, and was born in October, 1838. He is therefore less than thirty-two years of age, as young in years as in statesmanlike experience. His full name is such a curiosity that it is worth printing entire, being as follows:—Luis Philippe Marie Ferdinand Pierre d'Alcantara Antoine Michel Raphael Gabriel Gonzague Xavier Francoise d'Assize Jean Jules Auguste Volfando de Braganza Bourbon. This full score of cognomens ought to present a lasting response to the oft-repeated query, 'What's in a name?' In his youth he bore the title of Duke of Oporto, and previous to his ascent of the throne attained the rank of captain in the Portuguese navy. On November 11, 1861, he became King of Portugal, succeeding his elder brother, Dom Pedro V, who, with still another brother, was carried off by a fever. On October 6, 1862, he was married to the Princess Pia, youngest daughter of Victor Emanuel, King of Italy, by whom he has had two sons, one, Prince Carlos, born September 28, 1868, and the other, Prince Alphonse, born July 31, 1865. In these brief sentences are summed up the events of his life and reign until the present crisis, and when it is further stated that he has the reputation of being a young man of considerable intelligence and of liberal tendencies, with a disposition to rule his petty kingdom after a constitutional fashion, his record is complete.

But the outbreak of the Spanish revolution and the expulsion of Queen Isabella II made a serious break in the monotony of Dom Luis's reign. Soon after Spain began to look around for a king, the oft-entertained project of an Iberian union was again agitated, and Dom Luis was regarded by a considerable number of Spaniards as a fitting person to wield the sceptre of the united kingdoms of Spain and Portugal. Nothing came of the scheme, however, and it was not until the Duke de Saldanha and the Duke de Loule went to war with each other that Dom Luis was afforded a genuine sensation at home. The Duke de Saldanha, who was born as long ago as 1780, has devoted his whole life to the business of intriguing. He began his public career during the Peninsular war, in which struggle he took sides with the French invaders of his native country. The British forces made him a prisoner in 1810, and he emigrated to England in that capacity. Then he drifted across the ocean, and found temporary employment in Brazil under the exiled King,

but on the declaration of peace returned to Portugal, and soon rose to the surface again. In 1835 he was at the head of the Portuguese Cabinet as Minister of Foreign Affairs under King John VI, who had returned from his Brazilian exile a few years before. On the death of the latter, in 1836, Dom Pedro, his eldest son, preferred to remain Emperor of Brazil, and so turned over the throne of Portugal to his daughter, Maria, the mother of the present King. Thereupon the younger brother, Dom Miguel, who was acting as regent, usurped the throne, and a long civil war ensued, in which Saldanha figured prominently, being in chief command of the expedition which captured Lisbon and drove Dom Miguel into exile. He then served for a time as Minister of War, but eventually quarrelled with his colleagues in the Cabinet, resigned in 1835, and acted with the opposition until the outbreak of a revolution in 1836, against which he fought in vain, and in consequence of his failure enjoyed living abroad for ten years in succession. Recalled by the Queen in 1846, he was placed at the head of a ministry which, with the aid of foreign Governments, maintained itself against another revolution. But in 1849 Saldanha again succumbed to fate, rising again to power through revolutionary agency in 1851, and maintaining himself until the accession in 1856 of Dom Pedro V. He then resigned his position as commander-in-chief of the army, and again manipulated the opposition for some years.

In December last commenced the agitation which has resulted in Saldanha's again becoming supreme at the great age of ninety. The Duke de Loule, who has been in high favor with the King, has not contrived to maintain the favor of the people of the larger cities, and on December 1st, at a political celebration given in Lisbon, views on national independence were followed by views in honor of Saldanha. Soon after, the Duke visited the capital, where he was received with distinction by his friends in the army. He interviewed the King on the subject of a change in the ministry, which he strongly urged, but without avail. This was followed by frequent manifestations of Saldanha's bad feeling towards the existing Government, and the ministry finally ordered him to return to Paris, at which place he held the position of Ambassador. But Saldanha averted this flank movement by resigning; and patiently awaiting his chance, on Friday morning last he placed himself at the head of some troops, over whom he appears to have great influence, and boldly marched upon the royal palace. The King succumbed at once, despite the protests of the Duke de Loule, his Prime Minister, who requested the latter to resign; and without making any decent show of opposition to Saldanha's overbearing and revolutionary course, placed the veteran again at the head of the government. The principal cities have given in their adhesion to the new regime, the Cortes has been prorogued, Saldanha is fortifying himself by gathering his friends around him in the new Cabinet, and thus the matter stands. Rumors reach us from Madrid that the coup d'etat of Saldanha has its origin in something more than a personal opposition to the late ministry; but time alone will develop the fact—if such a fact exists—that the rising of the Duke is but a forerunner of a strong movement towards an Iberian union.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Special notices see the Inside Pages.

MR. WANAMAKER

INVITES THE COMMISSIONERS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, AND THE DELEGATES TO OTHER RELIGIOUS CONVENTIONS. Now in session in our City. To visit his FINEST CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT, 818 and 820 CHESNUT STREET.

ARTISTS' FUND GALLERIES (Opposite U. S. Mint). SHERIDAN'S RIDE. Great Life-size Painting, by the Peet-Artist, T. BUCHANAN READ, ON EXHIBITION.

at the above BEAUTIFUL GALLERIES for a short time, in conjunction with a collection of Paintings by the same Artist (the property of private citizens), and other choice Works of Art. MR. J. B. ROBERTS will give a full description of the incident, and read the Poem at 12 M. and 4 and 9 P. M., daily. Admission, 25 cents. Open from 10 to 5 P. M.

STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

CHARLES BLASIUS, SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF THE WORLD-RENOVED PIANOS, AT THE OLD WAREROOMS, No. 1006 CHESNUT STREET. (Agent for Steinway & Sons since 1852.)

THE FORTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE AMERICAN SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION will be held at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC on TUESDAY EVENING, 30th instant, at 7 1/2 o'clock. Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX will preside. Addresses may be expected from Rev. J. H. Brookes, D. D., of St. Louis; Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, of Chicago; Rev. W. W. Child, Superintendent of Missions for Ohio and Indiana; and others. Colonel D. W. C. Moore will direct the singing of a large choir of young ladies. Tickets, with secured seats, twenty-five cents each, may be had at the Society's House, No. 1123 Chestnut Street.

DON'T FORGET THE ADMIRABLE Lecture of Professor WILLIAM W. YALE College, at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, TOMORROW, "Natural Wonders and Beauties of the Yosemite Valley." The Lecture is to be richly illustrated by aid of the Stereopticon under direction of William Y. McAlester, Esq. Tickets 50 cents; Reserved seats, 75 cents. To be had at GOLD'S, No. 925 Chestnut Street, and at the door of the Academy.

NORTH BROAD STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, on BROAD and GREEN Sts. Rev. Dr. STEVENS, Pastor. Preaching to-morrow at 10 A. M. by Rev. F. W. SMITH, D. D., of Newark, N. J. At 5 P. M. by Rev. JAMES B. DUNN, of Boston. The evening session will be before the Young People's Association of the Church. Subject—"An Aimless Life." Strangers welcome.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS.

Sea-side Quilts, Sea-side Towellings, Sea-side Shawls, Arabs and Bedouins. Hotels, Families, and Ladies Supplied.

SPECIAL NOTICES. PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 3, 1870.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS. The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of National and State Taxes, payable in cash on and after May 23, 1870. Blank Powers of Attorney for collecting Dividends can be had at the Office of the Company, No. 238 South Third Street. The Office will be opened at 9 A. M. and closed at 3 P. M. from May 30 to June 2, for the payment of Dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PHILADELPHIA, GERMANTOWN, AND NORRISTOWN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held in Room No. 24, PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., for the consideration of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to authorize the Philadelphia, Germantown, and Norristown Railroad Company to increase its Capital Stock," approved the 29th day of March, 1870. By order of the Board of Managers. A. R. DOUGHERTY, Secretary.

OFFICE CATAWISSA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 424 WALNUT STREET. PHILADELPHIA, May 6, 1870. The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. on account of the dividends to be paid the preferred stockholders, payable on and after the 23d inst., to those persons in whose names the stock stands at the close of the transfer books. The transfer books of the preferred stock will be closed on the 15th and reopened on the 22d inst. 5 1/2ths 4t. W. L. GILROY, Treasurer.

BOYS AND GIRLS, GO TO THE PILGRIM after school on TUESDAY, Only 10 cents; and over fourteen years old, 25 cents. Teachers will please announce this nominal price to pupils. 5 23 2t. ATWOOD'S GREAT LECTURE, MONDAY EVENING, May 23, at 8 o'clock, before the Young Men's Lyceum, N. E. corner of BROAD and ARCH Streets. WATSON WOOD, Sec'y, will deliver his popular lecture, "The Tower of London and its History." Admittance 25 cents. Secured seats without extra charge. 5 21 2t.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CLARION RIVER AND SPRING CREEK OIL COMPANY will be held at HORTICULTURAL HALL, BROAD STREET, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst. at 8 o'clock. 5 12 1/2t.

GO SEE THE CLOSING OF THE PILGRIM. Extra matinee TUESDAY, 4th, for Boys and Girls. 5 23 2t.

C. SAUNDERS' COLLEGE, W. PHILA. Lectures, MONDAY EVENINGS, 4 25 1mp.

POLITICAL. FOR SHERIFF, 1870. F. T. WALTON, SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

CLOTHING. A TEN STRIKE. TEN! TEN! TEN!!! TEN!!!! All the handsomest looking men Who've been before, are coming again To look at the TEN DOLLAR SUITS, For it carries them back to the season when Prices were down; yet hardly then Could garments be afforded for men At the price of these TEN DOLLAR SUITS. You can't complain that the price is high, And e'en if you wonder the reason why, We sell so low, you're welcome to buy A few of the TEN DOLLAR SUITS. The public are saying OH, DEAR ME, What a marvel of cheapness! "Come and see!" A TEN DOLLAR SUIT 's the thing for me. Hurrah for the TEN DOLLAR SUITS.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS. THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, for June, contains portraits and characters of distinguished persons:—Louis Frang, the Chromo Artist; Seth Green, Fisherman; Von Jaeger, the great Oculist; Asserbach, Composer; Mary Bodro, the Heroine; The Mother of 100,000 Children; London Beggar; Marcell of Memory; Franciscan Children; Science and Religion; Christian Union and Christian Courtesy; INEARTLY, some of its Causes; Our Government, who are our Legals? Is it Safe for Women to Appear Alone in Public? Choice of Pursuits, or, What can I do Best? Personal Hygiene; Journal of the Future, etc. A capital number, 30 cents, or \$2 a year. R. R. Wells, No. 50 Broadway, N. Y. JOHN L. CAPEN, No. 32 North NINTH Street, Philadelphia. 5 21 2t.

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