

SPiRiT OF THE PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS—COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

THE CASE OF CONNECTICUT IN BRIEF.

From the N. Y. Tribune. The World rejoiced over the Democratic victory in Connecticut, at the election of the 2d of April last; and the Herald echoed the verdict if not the praise. Those may best laugh who win; and the time seems fitting for a summary of the causes of hilarity.

1. It was distinctly charged, in a responsible way, both in Connecticut and New York, three days before the election, that Governor English was engaged in negotiations with notorious members of the Tammany Ring of this city, to carry the election by some one of the well-known Tammany appliances; and a despatch from Governor English, furnishing strong corroborative proof of the negotiation, was produced. Its authenticity was denied, but we still stand ready to prove it, whenever the Governor will have the kindness to give us an opportunity for securing a process to compel the attendance of witnesses.

2. On the morning of the second day after the election, the most careful calculation we could make on the returns showed the vote for Governor to be, for Marshall Jewell, 45,789; for James E. English, 45,674; exclusive of the vote of six towns that gave English 11 majority last year. Subsequently the returns, as certified, gave English a trifling majority.

3. It was presently discovered in the minute examination to which the closeness of the contest led, that there were discrepancies and other reasons to suspect error in the returns from the town of Cheshire and East Haven. The Republicans believed these sufficient to turn the scale in favor of Jewell, or at least to bring the votes for the rival candidates so near each other that the few scattering ballots would prevent either from having a clear majority, and so throw the election, under the Constitution of Connecticut, into the Republican Legislature.

4. The Democrats resisted every step towards an investigation of the doubtful returns—in their local press, here in New York, and in the Legislature. The Republicans as steadily courted investigation.

5. When they secured it, through an order of the Legislature, their committee, fairly chosen, and acting with all the facts and witnesses before them, found,

(1.) That in Cheshire the Democratic Registrar directed the subtraction of 23 votes from the acknowledged number cast and counted for the Republican candidate, on the ground that 23 men whose ballots had been accepted were not duly qualified voters. Of the 23 thus specified it was proved that one did not vote at all, and there was no proof that the other 22 voted the Republican ticket, which had been there unwarrantably weakened by the withdrawal of their number from its aggregate vote. It was thereupon decided that the 23 wrongfully deducted here from Jewell's vote should be restored.

(2.) That in Enfield the indorsement on a package of straight Democratic tickets, numbering 76, was inadvertently read upside down, and counted as 96, thus giving Governor English 20 more votes than were actually cast for him. Both parties agreed as to this error, it was mooted by the Moderator on the face of his original return, and there has been no dispute about it since.

(3.) That in the Fourth ward of New Haven 100 straight Democratic tickets were fraudulently placed among the ballots during the counting. Subsequently, the clumsy cheats discovered that, in case of a recount, this must be detected, by comparison with the tally, and so sought to conceal the fraud by withdrawing 100 Republican tickets. The crime was detected by the gross contrast shown between the vote on the State ticket thus doctored, and that in another box, for Representative tickets, which had not been tampered with. 479 votes were returned for Jewell, and the whole Republican State ticket, while it was not denied that the Republican candidate for Representative received 584, and for Board of Relief 596. The committee then summoned the voters before them as witnesses, and, thanks to the stable character of the population, and the profound interest felt in defeating the audacious fraud, had been attempted, five hundred and forty-four electors came before the committee, and severally swore to having voted for Jewell! The fraudulent abstraction of sixty-five ballots was proved beyond peradventure; and, with this light upon their path the committee found little difficulty in securing evidence fully warranting the report that precisely an even package of one hundred had been taken.

6. The several corrections thus established being made, the vote of Connecticut for Governor was proved to have been cast, 47,473 for Jewell, 47,373 for English, and 14 scattering, leaving Jewell elected by an absolute majority of 80 on the popular vote. —That is the whole story. All honor to the State that was noble enough to reverse the current of Democratic victory, and sagacious enough to defeat secret villainy as well as open and manly hostility! And now let us commend to our late rejoicing Democratic friends a careful study of the returns from Connecticut!

THE CHINESE PUZZLE.

From the N. Y. Herald. In all the writings of the Celestial Mo-hammed there is not perhaps a passage more frequently quoted and admired by his followers than this:—"When you would do anything, first consider when you have considered, do it; then resume the tranquillity of your mind." There is not much profundity in the advice of Confucius; but then he was the Bunoby of his time, and his luminous remarks on everything, celestial and terrestrial, are still regarded with awe and reverence by the pig-tailed Outlets of the Flowery Land. From a perusal of the extraordinary and highly interesting translation of the Chinese incendiary pamphlet which we published on Wednesday last, we gather that the mandarins and high officials of the Celestial empire have fully considered and determined on the policy to be pursued toward foreigners for the future. They have commenced to act, but it is to be seen whether they will be permitted by the Western nations to "resume the tranquillity of their minds." We are inclined to think that they will not. The butchery of the Sisters of Mercy and the Russian traders last June was but the beginning of a relentless war of extermination. The plan adopted by the bigoted opponents of the conciliatory policy of Prince Kung to incite the depraved common people to acts of murder and outrage was well suited to the purpose. The most villainous falsehoods concerning Christianity and the motives and objects of Chris-

tians were put forth in the pamphlet to which we have called attention, and distributed all over China in a manner that implied imperial sanction and approval. The "sacred edict" was quoted extensively and the "public records" referred to to prove that the writers were sustained by the Government at Peking in their hostility to the foreign population. That they were so sustained and encouraged in their fell purpose the declaration of the Emperor, that no indemnity would be paid to families of the Europeans massacred at Tien-tsin, is sufficient evidence. And, indeed, the increasing difficulty experienced by the representatives of the Western nations in maintaining relations with the Chinese officials shows clearly enough that matters are approaching a crisis. While pretending to observe treaties they evade their obligations, and are more and more obstructive and insolent.

It may be true that the hatred now manifested by the Chinese towards the Christians is partly due to the injudicious zeal of the missionaries. But that this is not the main cause is very plain. The explanation of the present outbreak of fanatic hatred will be found in the fact that the mandarins perceive that, through the civilizing influences of Christianity, their hold on the masses is being gradually loosened and their power is being undermined. It is their interest to be conservative and exclusive. Left to themselves, the people would infinitely prefer prosperity and the "barbarians" to misery and the mandarins; but the gentlemen of the red buttons and peacocks' feathers are masters of the situation, and their mandates must be obeyed.

Truly the situation, as revealed to us by this extraordinary explanation of mandarin policy, is a Chinese puzzle. How is it to be solved by the West? We may enter into agreements with the mandarins—and they invariably beat us in diplomacy—and make treaties with them, but how can we insure their observance? It well suits the policy of the exclusive government of Peking and its agents in the provinces to cover up the atrocities of the wretches they secretly incite to deeds of blood, by unmeaning proclamations and vermillion edicts; but the interests of our citizens, as well as those of the subjects of European nations doing business in China, demand that the mandarins should be taught a lesson. It is now generally admitted that the mission of Mr. Burlingame was a failure. The treaty entered into with France certainly did not prevent indiscriminate massacre of French subjects; and as it has been with the French it may be with us. The hostility of the Chinese is not confined to the citizens of any one country, but includes all foreigners in China. But the mission of Burlingame served the purpose of the Chinese, as it gave them time to prepare for the repudiation of all treaties previously made with the Western powers. Being now, as they suppose in their arrogance, prepared to resist any further attempts to spread Western civilization in China, they boldly proclaim their defiance. The result must be war, France, as it soon as recovers from her present helpless condition, will surely demand satisfaction for the murder of her citizens and exact an indemnity. We are prepared to learn that other nations have determined on measures for the security of the lives and property of their people in China. The sooner they do so the better, in our opinion. A coalition of the Governments of the West to obtain, by persuasion if possible, but by force of arms if necessary, proper guarantees that peaceful traders and Christian missionaries will not be molested or murdered, is the only solution of the Chinese puzzle that we can see.

THE NEW TREATY WITH ENGLAND.

From the N. Y. Times. If there is anything more than empty talk in the often-expressed desire of the majority of mankind to see disputes between nations settled by arbitration, instead of by sword, the "Treaty of Washington" ought to be received with rejoicing, not only by the nations chiefly concerned, but by the whole civilized world. It marks a great and unexpected advance towards that better age when it will be considered infamous for any ruler or people to declare war until every means of peaceable settlement has been tried in vain. Our own country has always taken the lead in negotiations of this character, and it is an immense security for the future peace of the world that Great Britain should not be joined with nations whose example thus set to other nations. We are not so sanguine as to believe that after this there will be no more wars, but at a period when the people are everywhere exercising so powerful and direct a control over their Governments, it is not presumptuous to believe that, before war is declared, other nations will hereafter ask whether the precedent set by the United States and Great Britain cannot be followed. Before their blood is shed, and their treasure squandered, they will point their rulers to the example set by England and America. Out of the Alabama claims, which have so long seemed a mixed evil, great and lasting good may arise; and two great nations, which have so long stood in the foreground of civilization, and which have done and are doing a great and imperishable work, may not only be more closely knit together by ties of mutual respect and confidence, but may be the means of averting incalculable misery and suffering from other nations.

The principle of arbitration could not possibly be more fairly, thoroughly, or wisely applied to practical affairs than it is in this new treaty. The more closely it is studied, the more deeply will it commend itself to the common sense of the people on both sides of the Atlantic. There may be disputes over minor points—but in all its main features, as well as in the principle upon which it is based, the treaty is the very model of fairness. Every difference existing between the two countries is referred to arbitrators whose perfect impartiality no living man can question. The world has been ransacked for men whose judgment would be utterly unbiassed, and before them our differences are to be laid, with full power of decision. The Alabama claims are to be adjusted upon a principle which is even-handed that all the statesmen of the age, if they discussed the matter for years, could not improve upon it. The claims of British subjects against the United States, and of American citizens against Great Britain, arising out of other causes than the escapes of the Rebel cruisers, are to be referred to a totally distinct commission, appointed in an equally just and honorable manner. The San Juan difficulty is to be referred to the arbitration of the Emperor of Germany, who is to have the absolute power of deciding upon it. In this way every point at issue has been treated. We say that a treaty of this kind is a splendid triumph of modern civilization, and an immortal contribution to the history of the two great nations between whom, we trust, it will be concluded. The treaty not only provides for the settle-

ment of outstanding differences, but it contains within it provisions which will render the recurrence of similar difficulties impossible. There are three short rules embodied in it which give the whole document a priceless value, and will form the most valuable addition to international law ever made. We quote these rules below, and ask our readers whether it would not be a crime to reject any treaty which contained them. Great Britain not only agrees to be bound by these rules in future, but further agrees to make them retrospective in their action—that is, she consents to have her liability for the escape of the Alabama decided as if these rules had been in existence when the occurrence took place. This is conceding all that she has hitherto denied—but it is in no spirit of boastfulness. The treaty will mention the fact. No just man will refuse credit to England for reversing her former policy on this question, and coming more than half way to meet us on the ground of reason and justice. Moreover, the treaty opens with a frank expression of "regret" on the part of her Majesty's Government "for the escape, under whatever circumstances, of the Alabama and other vessels from British ports, and for the depredations committed by those vessels." When we remember how impossible it seemed a few years ago to extract any such admission from the British Government, the importance of this apology—for such it is, although an apology becoming a great nation—will be increased in our estimation. As for the "rules" referred to, they will bear careful discussion at another time. For the present we leave the treaty to be read and studied by our readers. Let them regard it from whatever point of view they may, and we believe they will rise from its perusal with the conviction that a fairer basis for a settlement of our differences with Great Britain no human being or collection of human beings could devise. The commissioners who draw up well deserve the gratitude and respect of both nations. We cannot believe that factious criticism in any quarter can prevent this treaty being ratified—but if it did, we might as well abandon finally the hope of settling disputes by peaceable arbitration, and make up our minds to resort to what has so long cursed the earth—the "arbitrament of the sword."

MEDICAL.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE CONCENTRATED ELECTRICITY. This wonderful medicine cures all Diseases and Pain, including RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, ST. VITUS DANCE, CHILL AND FEVER, Nervous System, restoring the insensible perspiration, and at once giving new life and vigor to the whole system. DR. THOMAS'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE CURES THE WORST HEADACHE IN A FEW MINUTES.

Having seen the wonderful curative effects of WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE in cases of approaching Paralysis, severe Neuralgia, Debility, and other nervous diseases, I can confidently recommend its use as a most valuable medicine. Yours truly, S. M. MALLORY, M. D., No. 81 Fourth Avenue, Corner Third and Second Street.

NATURE'S REMEDY. VEGETABLE THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. A valuable Indian compound, for restoring the health, and for the permanent cure of all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, such as Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Cancer, Salt Rheum, Pimples and Humors on the Face, Ulcers, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Pains in the Side, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Dizziness, Nervousness, Faintness, at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness, and General Debility. This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs, and salts that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it. There is no disease of the human system for which the VEGETABLE cannot be used with PERFECT SAFETY, as it does not contain any metallic compound. For eradicating the system of all impurities of the blood, it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and vigor to the system, and restoring health. Its wonderful effects upon these complaints are surprising to all. Many have been cured by the VEGETABLE who have tried many other remedies. It can well be called...

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS. Price \$1-25. Sold by all Druggists. 4 99 wmsf

WATOMES, JEWELRY, ETC. Established in 1854. EVERGOING STEM-WINDERS, KEY-WINDERS, QUARTER SECONDS, MINUTE REPEATERS, ETC. ETC. ETC. O. & A. PEQUIGNOT, No. 608 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. GOLD MEDAL REGULATORS. G. W. RUSSELL, No. 22 NORTH SIXTH STREET, Begs to call the attention of the trade and customers to the annexed letter:—

"I take pleasure in announcing that I have given to Mr. G. W. RUSSELL, of Philadelphia, the exclusive sale of all goods of my manufacture. He will be able to sell them at the very lowest prices. "HUBSTAY JEWELRY CO., First Manufacturer of Regulators, Frankfurt, Germany. COAL. R. F. OWEN & CO., COAL DEALERS, FILBERT STREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL, 810 1/2 SNOWDON & RAUS' COAL DEPOT, CORNER 5 DILLWYN and WILLOW STREETS, Lehigh and Schuylkill COAL, prepared expressly for family use at the lowest cash price. 1 13

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE. On Tuesday, May 16, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described property, viz.:— No. 1. Three valuable buildings lots, Nos. 1331, 1333, and 1335 North Seventh street, each lot containing contiguous lots of ground situate on the east side of Seventh street, north of Thompson street, Nos. 1331, 1333, and 1335, each lot containing 10 feet on Seventh street 15 feet, and extending in depth 100 feet. Nos. 1331 and 1333 each subject to a yearly ground rent of \$50. No. 1335 clear of all incumbrance. They will be sold separately or together. Terms, cash.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—ESTATE OF Sarah L. Davis, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Very desirable Farm of 200 acres, North-western township, Berks county, Pennsylvania, 1 1/2 miles from Collegeville Station, on the Perkiomen turnpike. On Tuesday, May 16, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable farm of 200 acres, situate on the west side of the North-western turnpike, with the above-mentioned Perkiomen Railroad, about 2 1/2 miles from Philadelphia, 1 1/2 miles from Collegeville Station, on the Perkiomen turnpike. On Tuesday, May 16, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable farm of 200 acres, situate on the west side of the North-western turnpike, with the above-mentioned Perkiomen Railroad, about 2 1/2 miles from Philadelphia, 1 1/2 miles from Collegeville Station, on the Perkiomen turnpike. 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