



THE COURIER.
Official Journal of the Parish of St. Landry

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY
JOEL H. SANDOZ & ANDREW MEYNER.

Oplousas:
SATURDAY, 23d JULY, 1853.

We are authorized to announce that M. ROBERT BENOIST, of our Town, has consented to become a candidate for the office of Auditor, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention to be held at Baton Rouge.

The author of the communication signed "Democrat" will please call at our office, for some alterations to be made in his article.

We have the pleasure to inform our readers of the arrival in our town of a distinguished artist, Mr. AUGUSTE DEJEAN, a portrait painter. He has taken his lodgings at the Rail Road Hotel, where he can be seen daily.

We have had the pleasure of seeing in our last trip to Attakapas, a specimen of his talents, and can assure those who may employ him, that he can satisfy them.

We are requested to announce that the steamer Oplousas will leave Washington on Saturday next, instead of Sunday as usual.

In order to make myself agreeable to the public, Capt. HINCKLEY has changed his day of departure for one time only, in order to enable those who should wish to attend the Baton Rouge Convention on the 1st of August next.

Sales of the Week.

Tuesday, 26th inst.—By Auguste Dejean, auctioneer, at Robert's Cove in this Parish, two tracts of land, 55 slaves, horned cattle, horses, &c. Terms, 1, 2 and 3 years credit.

Saturday, 30th inst.—At Plaquemine Brulee, two lots of ground, three slaves, cattle, &c. Terms, advantageous.

Hon. John Moore is the first choice of the Whigs of the Parish of St. Martin, for Congress, in the second District, Edward Simon Jr., Esq., is also the first choice of the democrats of the same parish for the same office.

When a Chinese Emperor dies, the intelligence is announced by dispatches to the several provinces, written with blue ink, the mourning color. All persons of rank are required to take red silk ornaments from their caps, with the ball or button of rank; all subjects of China without exception, are called upon to forbear shaving their heads for one hundred days, within which period none may marry, play on musical instruments, or perform any sacrifice.

THE POISON OF RATTLEMAKERS.—At a late meeting of the Boston Society of Natural History, a paper was read showing that this poison is a most powerful sedative, and that stimulants were its antidotes. Alcohol is designated. In two instances in which this remedy has been applied, the persons have been cured. Brandy was given to them until relieved from the usual symptoms, and continued in smaller doses until the third day, when they went about as usual. Alcohol, in these cases, did not produce intoxication. The venom of rattlesnakes is now employed as a remedy, and is already found to be a specific for very many maladies.

A man named Talbot Watts has been indicted in \$1,000 damages in New York, for administering to a girl, named Josephine Blackwell, a medicine invented by him, called "Water No. one Anodyne." She was affected by epilepsy, and took twenty bottles of the medicine, but it not being her cure, she went to him and demanded the return of the money, as he had promised in case of no cure. He asserted her medicine would cure her, and prevailed upon her parents to allow him to give her a dose of the strongest kind, which he repeated until she had what he called an "artificial fit." She then went to sleep, and the next day awoke—on *talor*, and has since frequently had four and six fits a day.

HARD.—We have heard of people being in a quandary, but we know of none more unfortunately situated in this respect than the English army officers. He receives an insult and don't challenge the offender, he is tried by a court martial and broke with infamy. If he does challenge his adversary and happens to kill him, he is handed over to the civil power and hung for murder. If he don't make a fool of himself he is drummed out of the army. If he does make a fool of himself six feet of wooden galls hit him out of the world.

The French feed hens with bread soaked in wine to make them lay. Soaking bread and eggs in wine in this country, often makes "old cocks" lay in the gutter. We don't know how it would affect hens.

RAILROAD TAX.—The police jury of the parish of Natchitoches, on the 6th inst., came to the conclusion that it had no power to reduce or otherwise change, the amount of tax (\$250,000) voted last year as subscription to the Opelousas railroad.—*South Western.*

RHEUMATISM.—The Lynchburg (Va.) Express says: A gentleman wishes to publish the following for the relief of humanity. He says he has known a number of cases made by him, and all of them in a short time. Half an ounce of pulverized sulphur, put in half pint of sweet oil; bathe the parts affected, and a sound cure will be speedily effected.

Mathew Lansberg used to say, "if you wish to have a shoe made of durable materials, you should make the upper-leather of the mouth of a hard drinker, for that never lets in water."

(Communicated.)
At a mass meeting of the Democratic party, held in the Parish of Calcasieu, in the Town of Lake Charles, on the 16th July, 1853, for the purpose of selecting Delegates, to attend the Convention which is to assemble at Baton Rouge, on the first day of August, 1853. On motion of John P. Morrow, Esq., Louis Valin Esq., was unanimously called to the chair, and W. M. Perkins Esq., appointed Secretary.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:
Resolved, That W. M. Perkins and Louis Valin Esq., be chosen as Delegates to represent the Democratic party in said Convention, for the purpose of nominating candidates, to fill the following offices, viz: Auditor of Public Accounts, State Superintendent of Public Education and State Treasurer.

W. M. Perkins declining.
Resolved, That Louis Valin Esq., be instructed to cast the full number of votes to which this Parish is entitled.

Resolved, That Louis Valin Esq., be instructed to cast the vote of this Parish for Robert Bengeuel Esq., for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, as the first choice of the Democratic party of said Parish.

Resolved, That in the event of Robert Bengeuel failing to receive the nomination of the said Convention, that Louis Valin Esq., be instructed to cast the vote of this Parish for Col. Mark Boutner, of the Parish of Caldwell as the second choice of the Democratic party of the Parish of Calcasieu.

Resolved, That Louis Valin Esq., is hereby left free to exercise his discretion as to the nomination of Treasurer and State Superintendent of Public Education.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Opelousas Courier.
L. VALIN, Chairman.
W. M. PERKINS, Secretary.

Lake Charles, Calcasieu, July 16th 1853.

THINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The civilized world is all agog at this time. Intestine commotions, international controversies, delicate and difficult issues requiring settlement; a perturbed condition of the public mind in many important quarters, create a perpetual ferment, and awaken the attention of those ordinarily most indifferent to the progress of passing events. At home, though in the enjoyment of the highest prosperity and the most profound peace, though the people are scarcely for a moment disturbed by political commotion, and the fierce contents of rival factions, yet the calmness of the present may be but a fallacious prognostic of the tranquillity of the future. The fishery question with Great Britain is still in obeyance, and the existing condition of this vexed topic, both parties insisting on conflicting rights, and neither seeming disposed to waive a jot of pretension, grave collisions may supervene and may jeopard our amicable relations with Great Britain. The Cuba question, too, is gradually becoming a source of disquietude and anxiety. The intrigues of England can never be lightly regarded by the American people. We are rationally and properly jealous of the unrestrained efforts that power to intermediate stability in the affairs of this continent, and this certainly we possess of her settled determination to prevent if possible, future territorial acquisitions by the United States, renders us watchful of her policy, wary of her designs. We look upon the Cuba issue as far more prominent than generally believed.

Abroad, there is confusion and discord dire. In Europe politicians hold their breath, while awaiting the latest news from the cabinet of St. Petersburg, to the last firm of the sublimed Porte. Ten thousand complications of policy, arising out of this intricate mass of the balance of power, are involved in the Turco-Russian contest. The influence from Europe leaves the final result in most provoking uncertainty. That Nicholas would hazard much to throw a hundred thousand Cossacks into Constantinople, is indisputable. Give the Golden Horn to Russia, and the might of that prodigious Empire would become all but irresistible. The possession of Constantinople has been the leading idea of the Muscovite for centuries, and the sagacious Sovereign who rules that country understands this well, and would be ready at any time to encounter Turkey single handed, and confident of victory. But the Ottomans are not yet prepared to do this, with the armies and navies of Western Europe, while ready to subjugate Turkey. He has soldiers in abundance, but his maritime strength and resources are too insignificant to warrant the attempt. We have doubted all along whether war would take place between Russia and Turkey, and despite ultimatum on one side, reiterated rejections on the other, and the sombre hue of the latest accounts, we doubt it still. England and France constrain Nicholas to keep the peace. Let him obtain but a half a pretext for backing out, and we shall probably hear no more of this Turco-Russian dispute.

If Europe is agitated by these questions, distant Asia is convulsed by the formidable Chinese rebellion—a movement of which it would seem that the more we hear the less we know. At first it was thought that the insurgents were liberals, tolerant in their faith, and open to the humane influences of civilization. Now it would appear from the best authenticated accounts, that though bent upon the extinction of the Buddha idolatry, they entertain a rooted aversion to Christianity, and their success would not advance China a single step in her relations to other countries. Again, it was conceived that the Tartar or reigning dynasty, was hateful to the people and only maintained by the power of the sword; but this view is contradicted, and we are now told that the monarch who governs the Flower Empire, is enlightened, vigorous and just, and that he is beloved by his subjects. It was but recently believed that the rebellion would inevitably succeed, and that the days of the Manchous in China were numbered. It is now said, that the Chinese proper are opposed to the designs of the insurgents and that the latter must sooner or later, respectively succumb. Out of each creed and contradictory advice little can be gleaned. Meanwhile silks and teas have risen, and the myriad consumers of the herb that cheers but not inebriates, are in mortal fear lest their supply should be cut off.—*See.*

Appointments by the Governor.

Notaries Public.—F. C. Kauffman, St. Landry; R. M. McMillan, and Geo. N. Seagrave, St. Mary; Eloy M. Gerard, Lafayette, vice G. Laurent, resigned.
Sheriff.—D. L. Tucker, vice J. N. Dillon, resigned, Parish of Vermilion.

A USEFUL RECEIPT.—The best way to silence a talkative person is never to interrupt him. Do not snuff the candle, and it will go out of itself.

A petition has been sent to the Canada Legislature from the municipal council of Kent, representing that, by reason of the rapid increase of the colored population of said county, by immigration from the United States, many evils are resulting, and are likely to result to the said county, and praying for the adoption of certain measures with reference thereto.

The Washington Monument is now 132 feet high; the workmen have been delayed on account of raising additional derricks. Three blocks have been received this month—one from California, one from the highest peak of Mount Otter, Va., and one from the Clisophie Society of Princeton, N. J.

Dobbs says, the best "female physician" is a husband. Nine times out of ten marriages will do a girl more good than all the medicine in the world.

A pretty woman is like a great truth or a great happiness, and has no more right to bundle herself up under a green veil or any other similar obfuscation, than the sun has to put on green spectacles.

PAY AS YOU GO.—The New York Times has the following advice, which, if followed up, would prevent many an aching heart and sorrowful bosom. It reminds us of some of Franklin's essays: "We have, not availing myself of this capital opportunity for a bargain, just before the money is not in my pocket? There are a great many snug fortunes made by buying on time. But our mercantile friends who draw most largely on their credit will agree with us in advising a young man to 'pay as he goes.' A sixpenny loaf of bread without butter, and no debt on it, has a better relish than your best dinner that is paid for before eating them, have no bitter taste, while a coppery flavor mingles with the vanilla of the creams that are bought on credit. Cash deals handsomely with the pocket. Credit makes the fatter slices shrink in the pan. If you pay as you go, very likely you will fall astern of your bold speculating neighbor, but you will have your vessel in better trim for a squall. Men do not always get rich very rapidly who adopt the motto, but they very seldom can make out to fail. It may be hard for them to get rich, but it is harder for other people to suffer utterly on account of their poverty.

"The man who pays as he goes, and has nothing but the suit he has on, and the meal he is eating, that he can call his own—how much poorer he is than his neighbors who keeps a carriage and a servant, and lives in splendor, and owns more than he can ever pay? The latter one will say, enjoys all the money that his splendor represents. This is very much a matter of taste. We should enjoy it. Widows and orphans will weep when they die, not because he has gone, but because his estate pays only twenty cents on the dollar. 'Pay as you go' and leave no unpleasant business for your executor to transact. It is not gratifying for the widow to have your debts to settle, and children come by degrees to think less of their deceased father, when bills are presented that cannot be met by assets. Pay as you go, sleep sound at night and drive out the nightman from your doorway. You will want to be a model of simplicity. You will not want what you want, and leave what is unneeded till money is plenty. You will find the necessities of life to be only the decimation of what generally are called rich. Off their faces, tearing the lean and ingraduated mask, you will find jolly, lazy luxuries behind.

Your library will contain fewer and choicer books. Your wardrobe will be a collection of wearable garments—your home an aggregation of comforts for every day use. Your wife will be as tidy and neat as the best of them. She will have very little old jewelry to exchange for new, and the months will not trouble her much during those warm days. Your balance sheet will always be a pleasant document to study. The amount you have in the bank, the property you hold, the stock you own, will be the true representative of your means. Pay as you go, and when you die, enjoy the satisfaction that there is but one debt left behind you. If you have not anything to do, undertake a bill, it will not be very heavy—too small to trouble you much afterwards. Next to having money enough, the most comfortable thing, in a financial aspect, is to owe nothing to any man. Pay every body as you go, but pay the printer in advance."

The accidents on the 4th of July at various places were this year more numerous than usual. At New Castle, (Delaware) during the firing of a salute, Geo. Hustings, a lad, was struck by the wadding, which shattered his skull-bone in several places. At Hingham, New York, Mr. Blossom, the editor of the Patriot published there, had both hands blown off, and his cheek bone torn out, by the premature discharge of a pistol he was loading. His wounds were mortal. Charles Lex, a member of the Fairmont Engine Company of Philadelphia, fell overboard and was drowned near Chester, while on a frolic's excursion. In New York city, there were some 20 or 30 accidents from fire arms; Matthew Wallace, one of the victims, had an eye shot out; some lost a hand or an arm, and others had their "fingers blown" rather severely. In Brooklyn, Francis Rice, an actor, while riding on the top of an omnibus, received the contents of a gun in his knee. In Philadelphia, Jas. Edwards, Michael Kelly, Conrad Brown, and several others, were injured by the discharge of fire-arms. A little daughter of Mrs. Eddy received a ball in her neck, while standing with her mother looking on at a riot in the street between two gangs of rowdies. At Boston, a child of four years was burnt to death by his clothes taking fire from crackers. A boy of six years was run over by the cars near Neponset, and instantly killed. Conductor Lord, of the Eastern railroad, was nearly beaten to death by some men who refused to pay their fare.

REMEDIES FOR DIARRHEA.—A subscriber has handed us the following remedies for this very prostrating disease. We know nothing of their efficacy, but give them with the hope that they may alleviate the sufferings of some.
1st. Take a pint of the best 4th proof Cognac brandy—put into it as much gum of camphor as it will dissolve—take ten drops of this solution and ten drops of laudanum in a tablespoonful of strong spice tea, one dose every hour—this is the dose for an adult—for a child it should be somewhat less.
2d. Take a half pint of good apple vinegar—put with it one tablespoonful of common salt, and stir till it is dissolved. Take one half of this at the first dose. In three hours take one-third of the remainder, and repeat the dose every three hours.
Under either prescription, the patient's diet should be confined to boiled milk thickened with flour and a little pounded spice. Of this eat often and put sparingly. The milk should be taken at about blood heat.
We repeat that we know nothing of these remedies, but think they may be serviceable. We should recommend, however, that they be taken under proper medical advice.
Edgerfield Advertiser.

Fanny Fern says—"If there was but one woman in the world, the men would have a terrible time." Fanny is right; but we would ask her what kind of a time the women would have if there was but one man in existence.—*Exchange.*

What kind of a time would they have?—Why, of course no grass would grow under their slippers. The "War of Roses," the battles of Waterloo and Roster Hill, would be a farce to it. Black eyes would be the rage, and both caps and characters would be torn to tatters.—I imagine that would not be much of a millennium, either, to the moving cause of the disturbance. He would be as crazy as a fly in a drum, or as dizzy as a bee in a ten acre lot of honey-suckles, uncertain where to alight. He'd roll his bewildered eyes from one exquisite organization to another, and frantically and diplomatically exclaim: "How happy would I be with either were I other dear charmer away."

A writer in the Ohio Cultivator says that nails growing in the flesh may be cured in the following manner: Cut a notch in the middle of the nail every time the nail is pared. The disposition to close the notch draws the nail from the sides. It cured mine after I had suffered weeks with its festering.

The Cannon-Bull Tree.—Among the plants of Guinea, one of the most curious is the cannon-bull tree. It grows to the height of sixty feet, and its flowers are remarkable for beauty and fragrance, and contradictory qualities. Its blossoms are of a delicious crimson, appearing in large bunches and exhaling a rich perfume. The fruit resembles enormous cannon balls, hence the name. However, some say it has been so called because of the noise which the balls make in bursting. From the shell, domestic utensils are made, and the contents contain several kinds of acids besides sugar and gum, and furnish the materials for making an excellent drink in sickness. But, singular as it may appear, this pulp, when in a perfectly ripe state, is very filthy, and the odor from it is exceedingly unpleasant.

On Saturday week, as one of the female weavers in the Elliott Mill, Lowell, was combing her hair in the weaving room, it accidentally caught around the shaft, drawing her up by her hair between the shaft and the ceiling. The scalp was torn nearly off. Her thumbs, which were twined in her hair, were also torn off, from the great force with which she was drawn up. The force with which her head struck the ceiling was so great as to throw off the belt, thereby preventing her head from being ground to powder. She was released from her dreadful situation and the scalp was replaced. After some hours of unconsciousness she regained her senses, and bids fair to recover.

The revolution in Venezuela has been put down by the government forces, after a few slight encounters, having dispersed nearly all the rebels, a few only remaining in the plains, and they were daily surrendering themselves. A letter dated Caracas, June 8th, says a number of prisoners have been captured, among whom are Gens. Santano, Mariano and Colonel Maturall. The excitement incident to the revolution is fast subsiding, and business resuming its wonted activity.

It is said in the Ohio Cultivator, that a buck or two of water given a horse to drink just before riding him, takes from him all disposition for capering and renders him perfectly sedate.

Have the courage to tell a person that his piece is not fit for publication, if it is proper for you to do so.

CANDIDATES.

Assessor.—We are authorized to announce that Mr. PIERRE MOUILLE, is a candidate for the office of Parish Assessor, for the Parish of St. Landry, at the next election. April 16th, 1853.

We are authorized to announce that Mr. RAPHAEL RICHARD, has become a candidate for the office of Parish Assessor, for the Parish of St. Landry, at the next election. May 7th 1853.

F. C. KAUFFMAN,
Notary Public for St. Landry.
Office at Washington, La.

RAN AWAY.

FROM the residence of the undersigned, at Prairie Gros Chevreuil, in this Parish, on the 20th of July instant, an American bay or red horse, aged about 9 years, thick black mane and tail, fine height, blind of the left eye, having a small white spot above the right eye, both fore legs crooked, with no brand. A liberal reward will be given to the person who will bring back this horse to the undersigned, or at the office of the Opelousas Courier.

JN. BTE. HEBERT.
Opelousas, 23d July 1853.—4t.

Theodore Chachere,
Public Auctioneer for St. Landry.
Opelousas, July 23d 1853. 1y.

St. Martin's Coffee-House.

THE undersigned respectfully announces to his friends and the public of the Parish of St. Landry, that he has just bought the Coffee-House, formerly kept by Mr. François Carde, in St. Martinville, where he will always have on hand, the best liquors, wines, cigars, &c., the New Orleans market can afford.

His coffee-house is situated on the banks of Bayou Teche, in front of the Market House. He hopes his old friends will give him a call.
THEODOLE GRADENIGO.
St. Martinville, 23d July 1853.

AUCTION SALE.

THE undersigned desiring to quit business, will offer at public sale, through the ministry of a public auctioneer, duly commissioned on, Tuesday, 9th. August next, 1853, the whole stock composing their store, in Opelousas.

They invite, at the same time, the public and their friends to give them a call and make good bargains; their intention is to sell till the day of sale, at cost prices.
The conditions of the sale which will be advantageous to purchasers, will be announced on the day of sale.
GOLDMAN & KAUFFMAN.
Opelousas, 23d. July 1853.

NOTICE.

JOSEPH E. ANDRUS, of the Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana, having presented a petition, in order to be appointed administrator of the Estate of Richard Andrus, &c., m. e., late of said Parish, deceased. Now, notice is hereby given to all those who may have legal reasons to oppose said nomination, to file the same in writing, in the office of Clerk of the District Court of said Parish, within ten days from the date of the present notice.
A. GARRIGUES, Clerk.
Opelousas, 23d July 1853.

Lumber! Lumber!!

10,000 Feet of lumber deposited at Mr. L. Nezat's, near Opelousas, for sale by the undersigned. Apply to Mr. NEZAT, or to CHS. CLOSE, Courtableau, St. Landry, July 9, 1853.

DIED.—At his residence, at the junction of the bayous Teche and Fouchier, in this parish, on the 13th instant, Mr. ANTOINE ARSAUD, aged about 36 years.

PUBLIC SALE.
Estate of Mrs. Sarah McManus, dec'd.

THE public are hereby informed that there will be sold at public sale, to the last and highest bidder, by a competent officer, on the plantation hereinafter described, in Plaquemine Brulee,
Saturday, 30th day of July, 1853,

the following described property, belonging to the Estate of the late Sarah McManus, dec'd. widow of Malachi Stanton, also deceased, both late of the Parish of St. Landry, to-wit:

A CERTAIN TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND,

part of which is well timbered, situated on Plaquemine Brulee, in the Parish of St. Landry, measuring three thousand eight hundred and forty acres, (more or less) bounded on the North by public lands, on the South by lands claimed by Simon Gonor, on the East by Bayou Plaquemine, and on the West by public lands, together with all and singular

The Buildings and improvements thereon erected and thereto belonging, being the last residence of said deceased.

ANOTHER TRACT OF LAND,

called "The Cole tract", situated in the same Quarter, measuring six hundred and forty superficial acres (more or less.)

THREE SLAVES,

of both sexes and different ages. One lot of gentle horned cattle, work Oxen, 1 cart, 1 gig, 1 gun, plantation implements, household furniture, kitchen utensils, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

The conditions, which will be favorable to purchasers, will be made known on the day of sale.
OSCAR F. STANTON,
Administrator.
Opelousas 25 June, 1853.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Benj. F. Neyland, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5819.
M. M. Preston, wife, &c., No. 5819.

BY virtue of an alias order of seizure and sale, issued in the above entitled suit, by the District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, for cash, at the Court House of this Parish, on Saturday, the sixth day of August, 1853, commencing at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., and continuing from day to day, if necessary, all the right, title, interest and demand of M. M. Preston, wife, in and to the following described property, seized to satisfy said writ, to-wit:

The South-West half of South-East quarter of Section No. 15, in Township No. 5, South of range No. 5, East, containing two hundred and forty one acres, and one hundredth of an acre, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, and being situated in the Parish of St. Landry, on the Bayou Waxia.

HARRISON ROGERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, St. Landry, July 2d, 1853.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
State of Louisiana.

William E. Rogers, District Court, Parish of Avoyelles, No. 1192.
John Morrow, No. 1192.

BY virtue of a writ of fi. fa., issued in the above entitled suit, by the District Court, in and for the Parish of Avoyelles, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, for cash, at the Court House of this Parish, on Saturday the sixth day of August 1853, commencing at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., and from day to day, if necessary, all the right, title, interest and demand of John Morrow in and to the following described property, to-wit:

The South half of the North-East quarter of Section 31, in Township 2, South of Range five East, containing 80 acres and 24 hundredths, and one half of the South half of the North West quarter of Section 31, in Township and Range above described, containing 40 acres and 7 hundredths; the whole tract containing in all one hundred and twenty acres and 40 hundredths, and bounded on the West by the lands of Wm. V. Guber, South and West by lands of John Morrow, and East by lands supposed to belong to the public domain.

The Plantation on which said Morrow resides, containing five hundred and twenty acres of land, more or less, bounded North by the above described lands, formerly owned by Martin Dunn, West by lands heretofore belonging to Isaac B. Jackson, South by lands belonging to Mrs. John Woods, and on the East by lands belonging to the Domain.
HARRISON ROGERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, St. Landry, July 2nd, 1853.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Lewis & Porter, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5977.
Lemuel Andrus, No. 5977.

BY virtue of an alias writ of Fi. Fa., issued in the above entitled suit, by the District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, for cash, at the Court House of this Parish, on Saturday the 6th day of August 1853, commencing at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., and from day to day, if necessary, all the right, title, interest and demand of Lemuel Andrus in and to the following described property, to-wit:

A negro woman named Jincy, aged about thirty-five years, and her six children, Allen, mulatto boy aged 11 years, Martin, aged 9 years, Simanty, aged 7 years, Louis, aged 5 years, Robert, aged 4 years, and Sam, aged 2 years.
HARRISON ROGERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, St. Landry, July 2nd 1853.

New Orleans & Opelousas Packet.

The new steamer **OPELOUSAS,**
O. HINCKLEY, Master.

WILL leave Washington every Sunday at 10 o'clock A. M., for New Orleans, returning leaves New Orleans on Thursdays at 12 M., arriving on Fridays at 5 P. M. This boat is safe, comfortable and fast, built expressly for the trade, and is furnished with a good staunch boat the *Trailer*, to serve as a tender in low water. The *Trailer* was purchased for a tender in low water, and will be in readiness to convey freight and passengers to the landing, thereby enabling the Opelousas to make regular time. Every exertion will be made by the officers to give satisfaction. For further information apply on board.

Particular attention paid to freight and other business for Atchafalaya and other intermediate landings.
Washington (La.) July 2d, 1853.

PUBLIC SALE.
Estate of John Lyons, Senior.

THE public are hereby informed, that there will be sold, at public sale, to the last and highest bidder, by Auguste Dejean, a public auctioneer in and for the Parish of St. Landry, on the plantation, hereinafter described, late residence of the deceased, in Robert's Cove, in this Parish, on
Tuesday, 26th day of July 1853,

and the following days, the following described property, belonging to the Estate of the late John Lyons, Senior, of the Parish of St. Landry, to-wit:

A CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND,

situated in Robert's Cove, in this Parish, improved as a plantation, where the deceased last resided, containing about one thousand acres, bounded above by land of Egbert Lyons and below by land of Jacob Lyons, and being the same acquired of Joseph E. Andrus Senior, with all the

BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS thereon erected.

ANOTHER TRACT OF LAND,

situated and lying on the Bayou Queve Tortue, in the Parish of St. Landry, having ten arpents front by forty in depth, bounded on one side by lands claimed by Michael Leger and on the other by vacant land, the same acquired by deceased at a Sheriff's sale, made on the 6th of June 1840, in the case entitled Heirs of Louis Richard and Marie V. Dugat, for the use of Joseph L. Richard, in the District Court of St. Landry;

55 SLAVES,
of both sexes and divers ages.

Seven pairs and odd oxen, about one hundred & five head of gentle cattle, six creole horses, one American horse, four mules, 1 buggy, one lot of old iron, one lot of tools; four ox carts, two old horse carts; one lot of hoes; one grindstone; one lot of plough gears; two plough chains; three iron teeth harrows; eight ploughs; one lot old ploughs; one lot old yokes seven pots one lot of cooper ware; four earthen jars; two large spinning wheels; two looms; 300 yards of baling cloth; 300 pounds of baling rope, more or less; one lot of wool; thirty head of hogs; forty-nine head of sheep; one clock; 3 presses; one bureau; four tables; two cupboards; one double barrelled gun; one small bedstead and two mattresses; four feather beds; one lot crockery; 2 quilts; eight bedsteads; five blankets; one lot of chairs, &c.

Also the following Property:
6 head of unbroken Horses,
22 head of gentle Horses,
75 head of Stock Mares,
1284 head of horned Cattle.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.
All sums of twenty-five dollars and under payable cash, and all sums upwards of twenty-five dollars payable on a credit of one, two and three years, from the day of sale. Purchasers furnishing security in solid to the satisfaction of whom the right, and all sums not punctually paid at maturity to bear interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from time due until paid. And moreover, the property subject to mortgage remaining specially hypothecated unto said estate until full and entire payment of capital and interest which may accrue thereon.

AUGUSTE DEJEAN,
Auctioneer.
Opelousas 25th June 1853.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Joseph Urban, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5930.
Alexandre Stelly, No. 5930.

BY virtue of a writ of alias fi. fa., issued in the above entitled suit, by the District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, for cash, at the Court House of this Parish, on Saturday the sixth day of August next, 1853, commencing at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., and from day to day if necessary, all the right, title, interest and demand of Alexandre Stelly in and to the following described property, seized to satisfy said writ, to-wit: