THE COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
JOEL H. SANDOZ AND WM. H. SPENCER.

Opelousas :
SATURDAY, : : AUGUST 18th, 1860.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE,
Of Kentucky.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
GEN. JOSEPH LANE, *of Oregon.*

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE OF LOUISIANA:
OCT. S. ROUSSEAU, Elector.—PIERRE LACOSTE, Sub. BERNARD AVEGNO, Elector.—C. D. YANCY, Sub. TRASIMOND LANDRY, Elector.—F. S. GOODE, Sub. BENJ. B. SIMMES, Elector.—JULES LEBLANC, Sub. JULES C. OLIVIER, Elector.—JOHN K. ELGEE, Sub. W. H. LEVY, Elector.—W. R. PECK, Sub Elector.

☞ We are requested to announce Hon. C. H. MOUTON, of St. Landry, as a candidate for Judge in the District composed of the parishes of St. Landry, Calcasieu, Vermillion and Lafayette, at the next Election. [April 7th, 1860.

☞ We are authorized to announce that ROBERT F. PATTEN, Esq., of Vermillion, is a candidate for District Attorney of the new Judicial District composed of the Parishes of St. Landry, Calcasieu, Lafayette and Vermillion. [Aug. 4, 1860.

☞ ADVERTISERS. ☜
Should bear in mind the fact that the circulation of the OPELOUSAS COURIER is the largest of any Newspaper printed in the Parish of St. Landry.

REMOVAL.—The printing office of the *Opelousas Courier* is now kept on the West side of Main street, upstairs in the building between the stores of Ney & Dupré and R. Hollier.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

An advertisement, in another column, tells the Democrats of St. Landry that they are expected at Opelousas on Saturday next.

'Tis time. Our neighbor, the proprietor of the *Patriot*, professing to be a democrat, of a democratic family of the most approved school, has sold the columns of his paper to the opposition.

Men, claiming to be Douglas democrats, boldly avow their determination to vote for Bell and Everett, thereby giving coloring to the suspicion that not only papers, but men themselves are sold to the enemy.

"Shall we now
Contaminate our fingers with base bribes,
And sell the mighty space of our large honors
For so much trash, as might be grasped thus?
I'd rather be a dog and bay the moon
Than such a democrat!"

To all such the democracy will teach a lesson never to be forgotten in November next.

ST. LANDRY WAKING UP.

By reference to a notice in our columns, it will be seen that the democrats of Gros Chevreuil will give a grand barbecue at Auzenne's Bridge on the 15th proximo.

We doubt no portion of St. Landry in the coming contest, but we would not be surprised if Gros Chevreuil was foremost in the fight.

ERRATUM.—On Saturday last we announced that the next regular term of our District Court would commence in our town on the *second Monday* of September next. It is an error, the court will commence on the *second Monday of October*, it being the 8th of said month.

BRIEFS! BRIEFS!!—We are now prepared to print briefs at short notice and in the neatest style. We respectfully solicit the patronage of our professional friends.

☞ During the week R. F. Patten Esq. of Vermillion, has been in our town.

Mr. Patten is politically a rara avis, a Douglas man supporting Bell and Everett. He is a candidate for the office of District Attorney, and, if a new incumbent is to be selected for that office, the voters of this district will remember Mr. Patten.

We have also had the pleasure of seeing Mr. Eugene I. Guenon, editor of the *Meridional*. Mr. Guégnon was an old whig, but since 1855 has been cooperating with the democratic party. He has, as yet, hoisted no colors for the coming contest. *Nous verrons.*

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mr. Felix A. King offers for sale his beautiful dwelling, situated on Main street.

The location is one of the most desirable in the town of Opelousas; the garden, orchard, Shrubbery and walks are laid out and cultivated with most exquisite taste; the house, out houses, furniture, and other improvements are decidedly the finest in Opelousas.

Let those who desire a fine and comfortable residence in complete order, pitch in!

A WHOPPER.—We mean the apple, not what we are going to say.

We have received from the orchard of Mr. Lastie Faget, on Bayou Boeuf, an apple of beautiful appearance, measuring nearly 13 inches in circumference, and weighing a full pound.

From what we have seen of fruits raised in St. Landry this year, we are convinced that a little attention paid to horticulture would enable our citizens not only to ornament their premises, but to produce fruits that would compare favorably with those of any part of the United States.

☞ Mr. Thomas Moore, the overseer of Mr. Samuel Thorne, of the Junction, left at our office, on Monday last, a sugar cane measuring 4 feet and four inches in length, having ten ripe joints. Mr. Moore prides himself on having one of the best crops in our Parish.

Wednesday morning, one of our friends brought us a cane from some place (he does not say where) which is much finer than that from Mr. Thorne's plantation. It is a striped ribbon cane, and measures 5 feet and a half in length.

Hurrah, sugar Planters; who can beat this?

☞ We learn from our exchanges that there has been a terrific gale at Pointe-a-la-Hache, in the Parish of Plaquemine, which destroyed several lives and property to the amount of a quarter of a million of dollars.

SILLY DEY.—Navigation is very bad, the waters low, and the crops suffering. We want rain.

STRANGE.—Nearly every know-nothing we meet we find favoring the cause of M. Bell, or if he sees no chance for his own published candidate, then he earnestly supports Mr. Douglas.—Why this is so we cannot of course positively determine, but we may very properly infer that it is because Mr. Douglas is doing so much to break down the Democratic party, doing that which the Know-nothings have been unable to accomplish in long years by the most strenuous exertions.—The people, however, will not be humbugged by any such claptrap. These sudden admirers of Mr. Douglas are wolves in sheeps clothing, and will not do to deceive any but their purpose is too transparent. They would as heartily argue in favor of and support the devil, if by so doing they could accomplish the destruction of the Democratic party.

(*Attakapas Register.*)

BEAUTIFUL.—We clip the following from the *Alexandria Gazette and Virginia Advertiser*, a Bell and Everett paper, it is a delicious morceau for Southern Douglasites and Bellites:

"CONSISTENCY.—The Democrats are wonderfully exercised because Mr. Everett has admitted the power of Congress to prohibit slavery in a Territory, and are yet content to take Douglas, who claims that "it is no violation of Southern rights for Congress to prohibit slavery in a Territory," and is persistently asserting the right of a *Territorial* legislature to inhibit it."

From the same paper, we learn that the Black Republicans of Prince William County, in the Old Dominion, on the 4th of July last instituted an association and raised a Lincoln and Hamlin pole at Occoquan. "Upon the raising of the pole, the participators were armed with muskets and made quite a military demonstration." They were composed of men, boys and free negroes. A meeting was held at which Black Republican speeches were made. The people of the County wanted the pole removed, and determined to cut it down. Great excitement prevailed. The Black Republicans applied to Governor Letcher for protection, otherwise threatening to defend themselves. The protection was afforded but the pole was cut down, cut up and carried away.

A correspondent from the vicinity thus writes to us relative to the affair:

ACCOTINK, Fairfax, Virginia, Aug. 2d 1860.

Messrs. Editors:

Before this reaches you, you will have received the intelligence that a Black Republican party of about 60 men, erected a pole at Occoquan, Prince William County, Virginia, on which they hoisted a flag bearing the names of Lincoln and Hamlin. Tho' this place is only distant from me some 5 or 6 miles, still, I never heard of their proceedings, until the Prince Williamites had cut the disgrace down. I herewith transmit to you some of the proceedings as published in the *Alexandria Gazette*. The most disgraceful feature of the whole affair is that, most of those engaged in raising the pole were *native Virginians*, and as yet have not got their merited reward. "The rope's end."

J. J. Janney, on whose property the pole stood, got a thrashing which, converted him so far as to drive him into the arms of the next least objectionable party to his sentiments, and I believe he has been most graciously received by them, "*The National Union*, Bell and Everett party.

Another one of these Janney's, "John," was President of the National Union Convention that met some time since in Richmond, Va.; in fact he headed the first great move made in that way any where. He is pretty deeply died in the wool of abolitionism but, as a sensible man preferred not to commit himself *just yet*. These are gauting to be sorry times when men in our midst can thus boldly declare their animosity to the existing institution of slavery.

Very respectfully, yours truly J. C. H——

☞ Our neighbor the *Patriot* gave to its readers of last Saturday a few extracts from the *New York Herald*. May we be permitted to make the following extract from the same paper, (the *Herald*) of the 2nd of August instant. Read it:

"There are four organized parties and six different candidates in the field for the Presidency, and yet it must be apparent to every intelligent observer, of any party or faction, that for all practical purposes the contest is to day narrowed down to Lincoln, or Breckinridge."

And a little further it says:

"Let the democracy of Pennsylvania, and of every other Northern State, unite upon a common electoral ticket, and Lincoln may be handsomely defeated. The South will vote solid for Breckinridge. California and Oregon will follow suit. The vote of Pennsylvania, then, will only be required to settle the question against Lincoln; and there is every reason among patriotic men for every sacrifice of party or personal preferences, to accomplish this result. The factious instructions of soured and reckless party managers should be disregarded, and the masses of the democracy should make the defeat of Lincoln, their first duty and their paramount object.

"Put this republican party into the White House, and before it can be ousted it may compass the control of every department of the federal government. Then, the republican doctrine of negro equality would be apt to assume a shape so revolting as to "precipitate the South into a revolution," the terrible consequences of which would defy all human calculations. And so, for the sake of the Union should be cast in the way best adapted to defeat Lincoln, whose election will be an anti-slavery triumph which may drive the South out of the Union.

"In this view, as the friends of Mr. Douglas can do nothing in any event for thier champion, they should cordially resolve to do the best they can to save themselves and their party, which they can only do by defeating the republican ticket."

Where are Bell and Everett.

BRECKINRIDGE AND LANE IN TEXAS.—The Galveston News speaks in this wise of our prospects in Texas:

We see from our exchanges that enthusiastic ratification meetings are being held in nearly all, and perhaps all the counties of the State, indorsing the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane. The San Antonio papers are nearly filled with the proceedings of an immense meeting held in the Plaza, on Saturday before last. It would fill our paper to give even an outline of the speeches and resolutions adopted. They all, however, indorse the principles of the Southern Breckinridge platform, and repudiate Douglas and his Squatter Sovereignty doctrines as very little less objectionable than Abolitionism. It is truly cheering to witness such unanimity in the support of the rights and equality of the South. Even Old-Line Whigs and Know-Nothings seem determined not to be behind the Democrats in sustaining the institutions of the South in this great crisis. The Huntsville Item contains proceedings of ratifications in Huntsville and Montgomery.

PARISH OF TERREBONE.—The *Houma Ceres*, a Know Nothing paper has hoisted the Flag of Breckenridge and Lane.

Hear the *Ceres*:

"Although a Disunionist, we feel compelled to support Breckinridge and Lane, as they are the only men representing a party true to the South. Whiggery and Know-nothingism lives in but a name in the entire Union, as does Democracy at the North. There are but two political parties in the Union—the Democratic, in the ascendency at the South, and the Black Republican, in the ascendancy at the North,—and these two parties are, and will continue to be, arrayed against each other in bitter hostilities. All the other factions claiming nationality are headed by disappointed politicians who are making futile attempts to organize new parties—one upon the wreck of Whig issues, which have long since been settled; and the Whigs being satisfied, the party fell,—the other upon Squatter Sovereignty, the accomplishment of which would be a death knell to the equality of the South, and would compel her to remain in the Union in ignominous servility to the North."

"O. K."—These famous cabalistic letters have been revived. They are now used in Tennessee to indicate preference for the National Democratic candidates for President and Vice-President, who hail from Oregon and Kentucky.

BLACK REPUBLICAN DISCLOSURES.

DOUGLAS BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

The adage, "when theives fall out," etc., is being cogently illustrated in the revelations lately made by John Hickman, at West Chester, Pennsylvania, on the occasion of the Black Republican Ratification meeting in that country, reflecting most damagingly upon the character and motives of the fussing "Little Rebel." Hickman's speech abounds in withering sarcasm and unsparing denunciation. It represents him as a traitor to the two political organization to which he professed to be attached *at the same time*, secretly plotting with the Freesoilers, while outwardly pretending to be their opponent. His acts of shuffling and double-dealing, it says, lasted during the whole of the discussion of the English bill.

Taking up the accusation from the point at which Mr. Hickman leaves it, the Cincinnati Commercial, a straight out supporter of Lincoln, ventilates certain hitherto unknown combinations which it is worth while now to bear constantly in mind. It asserts as a fact, which can be easily established, that for a time Douglas was intimately associated with the Black Republicans. He was almost the candidate of Horace Greeley, Senator Wilson, and dozens of the leading managers of that ilk. *He had caucuses of Republican Senators at his house*, and GREELEY, COLFAX, *and others, frequented his parlor.* This statement may appear incredible to the honest followers of Douglasism in Louisiana, who have been deluded into its meshes by selfish and ambitious political aspirants, but that such really is the case the evidence now being produced by the Black Republican press leaves hardly any doubt. The Commercial adds that if the particulars of the caucuses held by Douglas and the Black Republicans the antagonism which is now restored between them renders them exceedingly ashamed of all that they had to say to each other in the days when engaged in honeyfuggling. But enough testimony is obtained before Congress last winter, though Kellogg and Colfax sought as much as possible to palliate the heinous treason, to establish beyond a reasonable doubt that for a considerable period of time Douglas hesitated which road to take in his projected journey to the White House.

Continuing these revelations, the same paper says that a good many odd, and some rather surprising, stories have been told of these negotiations. Although the friends of Stephen A. Douglas have frequently stigmatized them as calumnies, yet *he* has in no case challenged the production of the proof. Accusations of such a grave and damaging character demand at the hands of an honorable statesman something more than the "silence of contempt." The rule that "silence implies assent," should be, in this case, the only standard by which these charges are to be measured. The following is a case in point. Francis P. Blair, a staunch convert to the worst forms of Black Republicanism, being badgered on the subject of Douglas' affiliation with the enemies of the Democratic party, expressed a willingness to disclose a proposition made to him by Douglas, in reference to the Missouri Senatorship. It was simply to have Mr. Blair elected in place of Senator Green, one of the purest Democrats in Congress, provided Mr. Blair should accede to *certain conditions!* What these conditions are it is impossible to know, as they were confidentially offered; but Mr. Blair publicly proposes to divulge them, if Mr. Douglas will relieve him of his promise of secresy. This willingness of Mr. Blair to "peach" has been frequently brought to the notice of the "Little Giant," through the medium of the public press, but it is unnecessary to say that up to this moment he has turned a deaf ear to the proposition.

We leave these simple facts to the attentive and dispassionate consideration of those who, having interests in the South, desire to preserve them. The question is being daily confined to a narrow issue: Sectionalism on one side, and Constitutional Democracy on the other. Between them can Louisianians hesitate?

THE PRINCIPLE AT ISSUE.

The Opposition journals—those in the interest of Mr Douglas as well as those advocating the claims of Mr. Bell—affect to overlook the overshadowing principle at issue in the present political contest. Unable to deny the justice of the position taken by the supporters of Mr. Breckinridge, they bring the engine of distortion of truths to bear upon the result of the election.

They cannot conceal from their minds the fact that, in the holy crusade against the errors of abolition and aggression now progression, the mass of the Southern people, true to the call of their interests and honor, are supporting the candidacy of Mr. Breckinridge, because he is the man who has been put forward by their authorized agents as the true and genuine exponent of the feelings that sway the majority of the Southern people at the present day.

With this fact meeting them at every turn, they attempt to mislead the people as to principle at stake. They raise the cry of "Disunion,"—thereby acknowledging the strength of the Southern cause, with the futile hope that the timid and the wavering will join against the defenders of Southern Rights.

In charging the supporters of Mr. Breckinridge with disunion tendencies, they indirectly admit that there must be a great issue before the people of this country to call forth this determined and unswerving action on the part of the Southern men. They indirectly admit that the time has come, so often prophesied by the truest and ablest sons of the South, when there would be in this country but two parties—one, animated with the most bitter feeling of hatred, seeking to crush the South, and using to this end every shift that malevolence and fanaticism can invent; the other, hopeful and determined, looking to the constitutional compact as its shield of safety, and battling on for the sake of Peace and Union against the fearful odds against it.

To this complexion have political affairs arrived. The issue then, is simply this: Shall the persistent and brutal assaults of the North upon the South continue, or will the South array herself, to a man, in defence of her vested rights and of her honor? There can be no dodging of this issue. The blatant words of ten thousand orators cannot drown the call that the South is making to her sons to protect her and to protect themselves.

Their is need of something more than the thunder of cannon to drown the voice that is rising from the hearts of the Southern people. The waving of banners and the theatrical tinsel of public meetings, although they may please the eye, cannot blind the people to the stern fact that the preparations and the arming are taking place among their enemies, and that, even now, the supporters of Lincoln are looking forward to the day when the Executive and Congressional arms of the Government, under the management of the minions of Abolitionism, will be used to their downfall.

It is to obviate this, if possible, and to obviate it peacably, that the masses of the South are rallying to her cause. They feel and know that her cause is the cause of justice and equality; and when, if through the useless efforts of the partisans of men who principles, at best, hostile to the unity and power of the South, the votaries of anarchy and misrule prevail, the efforts that are making to-day by the true and loyal masses will have no barren fruitage.

PERSONAL *vs.* PARTY NOMINATIONS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.—Of the candidates in the field for the next Presidency, says the New York Herald, only two represent living party organizations. Mr. Douglas stands at the head of a ragged and broken column; Mr. Bell was nominated by a convention of fossils Whigs and Broken down Know-Nothing politicians; Sam Houston's army is of the Falstaffian order, and so on through the list, up to Breckinridge and Lincoln, both of whom are backed by powerful party organizations, and have a certain amount of definite support. That Lincoln will carry the bulk of the electoral vote North is beyond peradventure. That Breckinridge will be equally strong in the South admits of no reasonable doubt. The other candidates are all personal representatives of cliques, and have no strength beyond the support of their "immediate friends. Choose, then, between Breckinridge and Lincoln.

Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson made a Breckinridge speech, at Baltimore, on Thursday evening. After calling upon "Douglas" to withdraw, he went on in this peroration:

"Democracy of Maryland! this great battle of sectionalism is going on. You are called upon to fight as you have done in times past. Your "North Point" must be fought over in your Fort McHenry is menaced. In A you did your duty, reflected glory on arms, and saved the Union. Come then, this time, and decide the battle in favor truth against error. Do this again, and we will say:

"Oh! the star-spangled banner,
Long may it wave,
Over the land of the free
And the home of the brave."

ARMS FOR THE SOUTH.—A gentleman who has been travelling recently in Massachusetts, and who was shown all through the United States Armory at Springfield, says that the Southerners are preparing for the irrepressible conflict" in case Lincoln is elected. One hundred and five thousand stand of arms have recently been ordered to be distributed as follows; 15,000 for Charleston, S. C.; 15,000 for Alabama; 25,000 for North Carolina; 30,000 for Louisiana; 20,000 for Augusta, Ga. So says the Chicago Herald.

DOUGLASISM AND BLACK REPUBLICANISM.—The Albany *Standard* professes to have discovered, by reading the signs of the times and looking at the cause and effect of certain events, which way the cat is about to jump. It says:—

The republicans not only ingeneered and helped to pay for the Douglas reception on Friday night, but he was honored with a complimentary visit on Saturday from Gov. Morgan, Thurlow Weed and other leading republicans. We learn from a leaky "soft" that Mr. Weed promised to make Judge Douglas Secretary of State, provided he would keep up the fight against the nationals. Judge D. promised to take the offer into consideration and report progress at an early day.

THE MISSOURI OPPOSITION.—On the eve of the Missouri election, J. B. Gardenhire, the Black Republican candidate for Governor, wrote a letter to his friends requesting them to cast their votes for semple Orr, the Belleverette candidate. This will probably increase Orr's strength several thousand.

LOVE AND FLOWERS.

"In Eastern lands they talk in flowers,
And they tell in a garland their loves and cares;
Each blossom that blooms in their garden bowers,
On its leaves a mystic language bears"

The sons of the orient may boast of their pageantry, gallantry and devotion, but the sons of the Occident have as keen an appreciation of the beautiful, are as brave in war, as constant in love, as if an Asiatic sun had first gladdened their eyes. In the East bright flowers may blow to beautify the earth, steal o'er the senses with their delightful odor, and be a language for the fluttering heart; but, East or West, North or South,

Round love's Elysian bowers
The fairest prospects rise;
There bloom the sweetest flowers
There shine the purest skies,
And joy and rapture gild awhile
The cloudless heaven of beauty's smile.

"When lover's trembling fingers,
With gladness, cull a rose,
Can lady's smiles still linger,
Foretelling hope's sad close,
And bidding rising joys go down
Amid the night of beauty's frown?"

Married.—In Petit Bois, on Wednesday last the 15th instant, by Rev. G. Raymond, Mr. Louis Roy, to Miss AIMEE CLAY, both of this Parish.

Died.—At his residence, near Opelousas, on Monday, the 13th inst., VALERE WILTZ, aged 39 years.

Few words record the sudden end of one, who followed to his last home by a large concourse of weeping friends, and has left many desolate hearts behind him.

Mr. Wiltz was a frank open-hearted man, a good citizen, a faithful friend and a kind husband. "May he, who tempers the winds to the shorn lamb," comfort the lacerated hearts of wife and relations, and reunite them in a happier world than this!

MASS MEETING AND BARBECUE OF THE DEMOCRACY.

THE Democracy of the Parish of St. Landry will hold a mass meeting in Opelousas *on Saturday, August 25th* 1860, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of ratifying the nominations made by the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore, of *John C. Breckinridge* and *General Joseph Lane*, for the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States. Distinguished speakers from abroad will address the meeting, and a grand barbecue will be given to those in attendance.

FREE DISCUSSION!

DEMOCRATIC RATIFICATION MEETING.

There will be an assembly of the democracy of Gros Chevreuil and vicinity at Auzenne's Bridge, on Bayou Teche, on Saturday, the 15th, of September next, in order to ratify the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane for President and Vice-President of the United States.

The public generally are invited to attend.

Popular orators will make speeches, and a barbecue will be given on the occasion.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Coralie Lamorandier adm'x vs. Coralie Lamorandier wife. } District Court Parish of St. Landry. No. 9015.

BY virtue of a writ of fi. fa., issued in the above entitled suit, by the District Court in and for the Parish of St. Landry and State aforesaid, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale, as hereafter mentioned, at the Court House of this Parish, *on Saturday, the 8th day of October*, A. D. 1860, commencing at the hour of 11 A. M. and continuing from day to day, if necessary, all the right, title, interest and demand of the said defendant, Coralie Lamorandier, wife, in and to the following property, seized so satisfy said writ, to wit:

The negro woman, slave, MAGDALEN, 23 years of age, and her four children, Ann aged 7 years, Henry 5 years, Sarah 3 years, and Amelia 1 year.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS:—$600 dollars cash, and the interest on said amount, say $100 interest on one-third of said amount from the 10th of July 1876, and the like interest on one-third from the 10th July 1857, and on the remaining one-third of said sum from the 10th July 1858, and the balance to be paid in one and two years credit from the day of the sale, with special mortgage on the property sold, and purchasers giving securities to the satisfaction of the administratrix, the notes bearing interest at eight per cent. per annum from maturity until paid, and payable at the residence of the administratrix.

L. V. CHACHERE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Opelousas, August 18th, 1860.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase a valuable family of Creole negroes, would do well to attend the above sale.

A Fine Residence for Sale.

THE undersigned will sell, at private sale, on account of departure, his residence in the town of Opelousas.

The residence is a two story brick building, situated on Main street, between Landry and Vine streets; the town lot embraces about one acre of land, well improved, having a fine orchard, garden, out-houses, bath houses, kitchen, dairies, two large cisterns, and, in fact every convenience thereon.

He will sell the lot with all the buildings and improvements thereon, either with or without about $2500 worth of household furniture.

Every thing about the premises is in thorough repair. Apply to

F. A. KING.

Opelousas, August 18th, 1860.

Taken up as an Estray.

BY the undersigned, at the crossing of Bayou des Cannes, on the 30th July last, an American iron gray horse not branded, tail rather short, a little sway backed.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charge take him away otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

HOMER LAFLEUR.
Bayous des Cannes, Aug. 18th, 1860.

NOTICE.

THE unders gned having secured a large quantity of good fat Beeves and Calves, takes this opportunity to annonce that from this day, he will retail his meat at the Market House, at the rate of 5 cents per pound.

J. L. COURET.

Opelousas, August 18th, 1860.

FOR SALE.

A Sugar Plantation situated in Bayou Chicot containing 800 acres of land, four hundred under fence. Good sugar house, gin house, stables, corn houses &c., &c. Also good dwelling, negro quarter, out houses &c.

CHEVIS & RITCHIE,
Land Agents.

Washington, La., August 18th, 1860.

FOR SALE,
Cheap for Cash,

25 Fine Creole Mares;
1 American Stud Horse;
1 Good Proof Jack.

Apply at the *Courier Office.*
Opelousas, August 18th 1860.—2t

Public Sale.

By the undersigned auctioneer in and for the Parish of St. Landry.

THE public are hereby informed that there will be sold at public sale to the last and highest bidder, at the last residence of Ulger Lanclos, deceased, at Prairie Gros Chevreul, in the Parish of St. Landry, by the undersigned auctioneer, on

Wednesday, the 12th, September next, 1860, the following described property belonging to the succession in community between the heirs of Ulger Lanclos deceased, and their mother, Eulalie Landry, surviving widow of said Ulger Lanclos, to wit:

A TRACT OF LAND

situated in Prairie Gros Chevreuil, St. Landry, measuring two arpents front by forty arpents depth, bounded North by land of Jean Bte. Hébert, East by François Robin, West by Bayou Têche, and North by land belonging to said succession.

JULIEN, a negro man aged about 20 years.

ROSELINE, mulatto woman aged about 22 years, with her child Eugene, aged about one year.

A small lot of Sheep, a Calash; 2 pair of Cart Wheels, a lot of Timber; one Horse; one Gun; one Rifle; two Mares; two Horses; &c

Terms and Conditions.—One third payable in all the month of May next, 1861, one third payable in all the month of May following, 1862, and the last third, in all the month of May 1863:—Purchasers furnishing their notes with good and solvent security *in solido*, to the satisfaction of whom the right; said notes bearing interest at 8 per cent from maturity until paid. Said notes maid payable to the order of Mrs. Ulger Lanclos, at her residence in Gros Chevreuil, in the hands of André N. Lalonde, her agent. And moreover the land and slaves remaining specially mortgaged unto said Estate until full and entire payment of capital and interests.

AUG. N. ROBIN, *Auctioneer.*
Opelousas, August 11th, 1860.

SELLING OFF.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

THE undersigned wishing to close his mercantile business, will sell out for Cash, his entire Stock of Groceries, in Opelousas, comprising a general assortment of Family Groceries, Hardware, Tin Ware, Crockery ware, &c., &c., also a choice lot of Brandies, Whiskies, Wines and Cordials.

Also his Stock of Dry Goods on Plaquemine Bridge at the store formerly kept by J. O. McCleland, consisting of Ready made Clothing, and a full assortment of Dry Goods. He will sell at cost for Cash. Call and see for yourselves.

He at the same time, requests all those indebted to him to call and settle without delay.

McHENRY HUSBAND.
Opelousas, August 11th, 1860.

TO RENT,

An Office, situated on Landry street, near the Court House Square. Apply to Mrs. Widow Walker, Opelousas.

JOEL H. SANDOZ, Notary Public,

HAS removed his office on Main Street, near the store of Ney & Dupré, below the printing office of the *Opelousas Courier.*

Corn meal and Ice

CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale by
R. HOLLIER, Opelousas.

Robert Benguerel,

Auctioneer for the Parish of St. Landry.

NOTICE TO PREEMPTORS
On the Grand Chenier Island.

ON the 16th June 1860, Congress passed an Act which is in the words following, to wit:

An Act recognizing the survey of the Grande Chénière Island, State of Louisiana, as approved by the Surveyor General, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the anomalous survey of the Grande Chénière Island, in the South-Western District of Louisiana, as approved by R. W. Boyd, Surveyor General, on the 28th day of February 1852, be, and the same is hereby confirmed, and persons residing thereon at the date of this Act, who, according to the preemption laws now in force, would be entitled to a preemption, shall be allowed such right on the lands referred to in this bill; but such preference right shall be confined to the single subdivision of land upon which the party may reside, and shall exceed in no case 160 acres.

Approved 16th June 1860.

Preemptors residing on said Island, are hereby notified that they must file their declaratory statements within three months from the date of the first publication of this notice and prove up their claims at any time before the day that may be fixed by the President for the Public Sale of the land,—otherwise their claims will be forfeited.

R. BENGUEREL, Register.
JOHN POSEY, Receiver.

Opelousas, July 14th 1860—3m

Singers Sewing Machine Agency.

THE undersigned has established at Washington, La., an agency for the sale of Singers Sewing Machines where can be found at all times, a supply of Machines manufactured by I. M. Singer & co. of New York.

The recent and important improvements made to the Singers Sewing Machine, render them without exception, the best and most reliable Machines now in use; and we will fully guarantee our Machines, equal to any test that may be applied to them. They will sew with equal facility No. 200 cotton and the coarsest kind of thread in use; they will sew the heaviest goods without getting out of order; and we will fully guarantee the Singer Machine for three years.

Persons purchasing of us will be taught the use of the same free of charge.

Every description of machine needles, silk, cotton and linen thread, and all articles required in the use of Sewing Machines on sale at

A. MILLSPAUGH, Book Store
and Post Office, Main street.

Washington, La., July 28th, 1860.

ST. LANDRY BOOK STORE.
A. Millspaugh, Book Seller & Stationer,

DEALER in music and musical instruments and fancy articles of every descriptions, also we have constantly on hand a large assortment of Books of standard and miscelaneous Literature, in French and English as well as a complete assortment of school books of every description now in use, and school stationary, Maps, Globes, Mathamathical instruments, Drawing materials, artist colors and implements. Our stock comprises also a fine assortment of Bibles, Prayer and Hymn books, catholic and protestant, and elegantly bound gift books and every kind of article generally found in a book and stationary store. The subscriber is agent for most of the quarterly, monthly and other periodical Literature published in the United States and Canadas, special agent for the life of Jackson by Parton; Appletons Encyclopedia, &c., &c., &c.

Washington, July 28th, 1860.

A. Millspaugh, Book Seller & Stationer,

IS agent for the sale of the celebrated Deringer Pistols, manufactured by Henry Deringer, an assortment of their pistols can be seen at our establishment at all times. These weapons are fully guaranteed to be perfect in every particular, and the superior quality of Henry Deringer's pistols is so well known to every gentleman who has occasion to wear them, to need any comment.

Washington, July 28th, 1860.

Bell-Cheney Springs for Sale.

The undersigned will sell, at private sale, the well known and popular watering place, "*Bell-Cheney Springs.*"

The tract of land upon which these Springs are situated contain about 200 arpents. The Springs are situated in a beautiful rolling piney woods country, about 36 miles North-West of Opelousas, in the Parish of St. Landry, La; the waters have been analyzed, and found to possess great mineral virtues; the analysis has been proved correct by the innumerable cures they have effected in chronic diseases of great virulence, and the liberal patronage the Springs now enjoy.

This establishment is, at present, fitted up to accommodate 200 visitors. The location is one which commands for it every advantage, as it is situated between the main trunk line of the N. O. and Great Western Rail-Road and the branch railway destined to connect it with the Alexandria and Bayou Bœuf Rail-Road, not more than three or four miles from the main line and within less than one mile of the branch line;—the depot which must be established in Pine Prairie will not be more than 6 or 7 miles from the Springs. When this rail road shall have been completed, Bell-Cheney will be one of the most desirable summer retreats in the South.

☞ The undersigned will either sell the entire property, or take into co-partnership one having the means to carry on the business as its increasing patronage demands.

For further information apply at the office of the *Courier* or on the premises, to

E. PATIN, Proprietor.

N. B. Letters may be directed to Bayou Chicot, La.

August 4th, 1860.

GOING, GOING, GONE!

THE undersigned has made arrangements to leave Opelousas on the 1st of August next. He has now on hand a large assortment of every kind of goods which can be found in a country store, of which he must dispose before that date, therefore, those who would consult there own interest, will do well to give him a call; because, sell he must, and sell he will, every article in the "*Opelousas Cheap Store*" before the time mentioned.—After he has disposed of all his stock, he will rent the store until the first of December, 1860.

The undersigned does not wish to sacrifice his goods, but he will, between this and the 1st of August, sell at whatever price he may be enabled to get, all of his splended assortment of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
SADDLERY, CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY, HATS,
BOOTS, SHOES, etc., etc.

If buyers wish to purchase cheap, now is their time!

S. LEVY.

Opelousas, April 21st, 1860.—tf Aug. 1st.

For sale at private sale.

A TRACT OF LAND, measuring 200 superficial arpents (more or less) situated in the Parish of St. Landry, at the place called Ans des Cavaliers.

For further particulars, apply to Mr. Daire, at Vill Plate or at the office of the *Opelousas Courier.*

Opelousas, July 7th, 1860.

FOR SALE.

A Residence situated in the town of Opelousas, consisting of two town lots, a dwelling house, kitchen, garden, orchard, etc.

Apply to FRITZ L. SANDOZ.

Public Sale.

Estate of Joseph Guillory, deceased.

THE public are hereby informed that there will be sold at public sale, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned, a public auctioneer in and for the Parish of St. Landry, on the premises hereinafter described, in Bois Mallet, Parish of St. Landry, being the last residence of the deceased, on

Thursday, the 30th of August next, 1860, the following described property, belonging to the Estate of the late Joseph Guillory, f. m. c., deceased, to wit:

200 Arpents of Wood Land

situated in Bayou Mallet Woods, bounded North by land of C. Steel, East by F. Guillory and others, South by Bayou Mallet and West by land belonging to said Estate.

ANOTHER TRACT OF LAND,

containing 126 20-100 acres, being Lot No. 1 of Sec 29, Township 6 South of Range No. 2 East.

About 15 head of gentle horned Cattle ranging at Jean Allins, in Pine Woods; said cattle to be delivered at said Allins; a creole Mare; a creole Horse; a gentle Cow and Calf; one yoke of work Oxen; a lot of Hogs.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS:—All sums of and under ten dollars payable on the 1st of April next, 1861, and all sums above ten dollars payable, one half on the 1st of April 1861, and the other half, on the 1st of April following 1862.—The lands will be sold payable in three equal annual instalments, beginning from the 1st of April last 1860; Purchasers furnishing their notes with security in solido, and moreover, said lands remaining specially mortgaged unto said estate until full and entire payment of capital and interest that may accrue thereon.

JOSEPH CHENIER, *Auctioneer.*

On the same day and at the same place, there will also be sold by Joseph Chénier, auctioneer, under the authority of Evariste Guillory, agent, who will warrant the title, the following described property, to wit:

Section 41 of Township No. 7 South of Range 1 West, containing 407 54-100 acres, about 300 of which is wood land, situated at and fronting on Bayou Mallet, bounded on one side by land of the heirs of Baptiste Meuillon, and on the other side by Thomas Coopwood et als., belonging in community to all the heirs of Martin Donato, Celeste Donato and Catherine Victoire Donato. This land is known under the name of George's Point.

Opelousas, July 28th 1860.

Public Sale.

By the undersigned, a public auctioneer for the Parish of St Landry.

THE public are hereby informed that there will be sold, at public sale, to the last and highest bidder, before the Court House, in the town of Opelousas, by the undersigned auctioneer, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, on *Tuesday, the 21st August next* 1860, the following described property belonging to the Estate of Charles George Miller, deceased, to wit:

A certain Tract of Land,

being the Lot or North-East Quarter of Section No. 23 in Township No. 8 South of Range No. 3 East, containing one hundred and sixty-one and 40-100 acres.

TERMS:—Cash.

R. BENGUEREL, *Auctioneer.*
Opelousas, July 21st 1860.

SUMMER GOODS AT COST.

WE beg leave to call your attention to our stock of summer goods, which we are determined to sell at extremely low prices. We will sell our stock of ladies dress goods much lower than what those articles have been sold heretofore. Our stock of gents furnishing goods which consists in a large assortment of Black Alpacca Barpcoat and Merino coats and pants at cost in order to make room for the arrival or our fall stock of clothing.

Shoes now on hand will be sold at cost, also our stock of straw hats.

Coats from $2 upwards.
Pants from $1 25 do.
Hats from 15 cts. do.
Shoes from $1 do.
Jaconets from 15 cts do

And in fact every article as low as the article can be bought in New Orleans. Try to secure an early selection.

BLOCH FIRNBERG & CO.

Opelousas, June 16th, 1860.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.