The Opelousas Courier.

Vol. XIX. | Opelousas, Parish of St. Landry, La., March 2, 1872. | No. 25.

The Opelousas Courier,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
LEONCE SANDOZ.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY, - - - - - MARCH 2, 1872.

REDUCED RATES
—FOR—
Standing Advertisements.

SQUARES.	3 MONTHS.	6 MONTHS.	12 MONTHS.
One	$ 3 50	$ 6 00	$ 11 00
Two	6 00	11 00	20 00
Four	11 00	20 00	38 00
Six	18 00	28 00	54 00
Eight	25 00	40 00	72 00
Ten	30 00	52 00	90 00
Twelve	36 00	65 00	100 00

☞ Magistrates' blanks for sale, and other job work done on short notice, at this office, cheaper and more neatly gotten up than in any other office in the Parish. Call and examine specimens and prices and see if this is an empty boast. We guarantee good workmanship at fair prices; indifferent or cheap (!) work not solicited nor bids made in *competition for inferior printing.*

The COURIER is published in the most populous Parish in the State, except Orleans, and has a

Larger Circulation

in that Parish than any other paper, and is one of the best advertising mediums in the interior of the State.

Transient advertisements 25 cents per square of eight lines (minion).

POLYORAMA.—By invitation of Dr. Stauffer & Alfred Sweet, we called at the Court House, on Thursday last, and was shown the arrangements for their Polyorama exhibition; although we had heard many flattering reports of the magnificence of the exhibitions recently given by these gentlemen in our town, we had no idea that their facilities were so thorough and elaborate. The scenic effects and mechanical contrivances are both perfect and unique, and we can assure the public that they would lose a treat seldom offered should they fail to attend the exhibitions given by these gentlemen.

As will be seen by a notice in another column, Messrs. Stauffer & Sweet will exhibit in Washington next Monday and Tuesday, and at Ville Plate Wednesday and Thursday, after which they will visit Grand Coteau, Lafayette, New Iberia, &c., and we commend this entertainment to the citizens of those localities as entirely worthy of their attendance.

☞ The election of officers of "Hope Hook and Ladder Co., No. 1," took place Thursday evening, 22d ult., anniversary of Gen. Washington's birth-day. This new company appears to be proceeding energetically with its organization, and bids fair to be *"Ready for Duty"* in a very short space of time.

We are indebted to Mr. C. Mornhinveg Jr., for the following list of officers recently elected:

C. Mayo, President; Wm. Lightley, Foreman; F. J. Hundley, 1st Assistant; John T. Healey, 2d Assistant; C. Mornhinveg, Jr., Secretary; Jas. O. Chachere, Treasurer; Emile Pefferkorn, Steward.

OPELOUSAS FIRE CO. NO. 1., ATTENTION!—We are requested to state that a regular monthly meeting of this Company will take place this evening at 6 o'clock, in the large room under the COURIER Office, recently occupied as an auction room. A punctual attendance of all the members of this organization is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.

A NUISANCE.—It has become a practice lately of hauling the carcasses of dead animals on the banks of Bayou Teseon, within the corporate limits, and leaving them there to infest the neighborhood for days and weeks at a time. We have heard complaints from residents in the neighborhood, and think steps should be taken to put an end to the practice. If we mistake not, there exists an Ordinance which affords a remedy to this nuisance, and it should be enforced.

THE CIRCUS.—Mr. D. S. Thomas, Literary Agent for Dan Rice's Paris Pavilion Circus, informs us, under date of Feb. 24th, that this Mammoth show will exhibit at the following places, day and night:

Brashear City	Saturday,	March 16.
Tigerville	Sunday,	" 17.
Franklin	Monday	" 18.
New Iberia	Tuesday,	" 19.
St. Martinsville	Wednesday,	" 20.
Madam Valet's Landing	Thursday,	" 21.
Charenton	Friday,	" 22.
Centreville	Saturday,	" 23.
Pattersonville	Sunday,	" 24.
Opelousas	Tuesday,	" 26.
Washington	Wednesday,	" 27.

PARISH COURT.—Monday next, Judge Garrigues will open a regular session of this Court in our town. According to law, this Court will, in addition to successional affairs, take cognizance of all cases in litigation in which the amount involved does not exceed $5,00.

TO LEASE.—That desirable business stand, on Main Street, under the COURIER Office. The room is large and convenient, and well suited to any kind of business; possession given immediately. Apply at this Office.

☞ No remedy in the world ever came into such universal use, or has so fully won the confidence of mankind, as *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral* for the cure of coughs, colds and consumption.

☞ *The Phrenological Journal* for March has been received. Its contents more than confirm our high opinion of that magazine's character. The very instructive articles on "Fish Culture in America," and "Ague and fever" are alone worth more than a year's subscription. But besides these there is a long list of readable matter. Attorney-General Williams; Expression; Harriet Hosmer; Our Horse-Cars; Will it Pay? Writing for the Press; The Arctic Regions; James Fisk, Jr.; Lord Brougham's Ghost; Rev. George H. Hepworth, etc., with fine portraits and numerous illustrations. Price 30 cts., or $3 a year. S. R. Wells, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ *Demorest's Magazine* for March comes to us fresh from the fountain-head of fashion. Its publishers seem to be never failing in their efforts to make it the model Magazine of America, and have always attained their point. Notwithstanding the many attractions in the magazine itself, making it worth double the subscription price, they are now offering the beautiful oil chromo "Isn't She Pretty," worth $8—or "The Pet's Music Lesson," a new and beautiful oil chromo, also worth $8—to every yearly subscriber, at $3, giving $11 in value for $3 in cash. Address W. Jennings Demorest, 838 Broadway.

ADDRESS

—OF THE—

Democratic State Central Committee

TO THE
PEOPLE OF LOUISIANA.

ROOMS DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
New Orleans, February——, 1872.

The primary object in calling a Convention at a date earlier than would have been done under ordinary circumstances, is to secure and perfect a thorough organization of the Democratic party throughout the State. The accomplishment of this result as an element of success is too important to admit of delay, and the necessity for its immediate attainment is rendered the more urgent by the present condition and probable operation of the Registration and Election laws.

We have labored strenuously for a modification of these and cognate laws, and with the single object of restoring to the people their rights of self-government. The extraordinary powers with which the Executive had been armed, the corrupt dispensation of his vast patronage, the boldness and frequency of his usurpation of power to strike down those in his own party who refused to become his personal adherents, his repeated acts of political treachery to the colored race whose votes had elevated him to office, combined to create in the minds of the Republican opponents of the Governor the most serious apprehension.

The Democratic members of the General Assembly were numerically too weak to cope, unaided by Republican voters with the party of the Executive in the General Assembly. Governor Warmoth had had the article in the Constitution rendering him ineligible for a second term abrogated, and in view of his political isolation, by the defection of the colored voters, it became manifest that his surrender of any of his political power or patronage would practically result in his abdication. Easily or willingly deceived were those who thought that he could personally or politically afford to modify a single law in the interest of the people. The view first entertained by your Committee, that the maintenance of all these infamous and oppressive laws were the political life-blood of the Governor, has been verified by the fact that, although the Legislature has been with full houses legislating for two weeks, with a majority obediently submissive to Executive dictation, the Executive, as he intended, has succeeded in falsifying his professions for reform by defeating every effort to that end that has been made in the Legislature. The alternative was presented to engage in a flagrant conspiracy with the Governor to fraudulently defeat the popular will and impose upon ourselves the debasing humiliation of electing him Governor or to endeavor by honorable means to obtain the desired relief to our people.

These views and considerations induced us to approve and cordially indorse the temporary arrangement made with the anti-Warmoth Republicans for certain specified remedial purposes. It involved only a question of voting in the two Houses by parties having a common interest and a common object. No compromise of principle was asked or given by either party. The greatest caution was used in the propositions agreed to that no political significance could be predicated of this reformatory combination. It was to expire as it has expired by the very limitation of its object and each party has emerged from the combined effort with its political integrity unimpaired, its political attitude unchanged, and its aims unbiassed by past action.

It is needless to recapitulate the revolutionary proceedings to which she Governor resorted, such as taking armed possession of a co-ordinate department of the government, calling an extra session when the General Assembly was in regular session and only notifying his personal adherents, making repeated requisitions upon a local commander of United States troops, expelling by armed violence the legal Speaker of the House and many members. We refer to these unprecedented acts, to remind the people that the Governor did not and will not hesitate to initiate revolution in our midst whenever he discovers that by legal and constitutional means an attack against his autocratic prerogatives is meditated. If to-day the people have not a controlling voice in legislation, if their burthens have not been lightened, if their political rights have not been restored, and they have the prospect of a turbulent election in November, the responsibility rests upon those who have put their trust in Governor Warmoth, who has had the time, the opportunity and the power, but not the intention, to accede to the demands of the people. We record the sad fact that the proximate cause of our failure to attain those great beneficent results was the defection of those Senators and Representatives who, representing Democratic constituencies, allied themselves to the political fortunes of the enemy of their people.

This call for a Convention is made in no strict party spirit, nor to maintain or advocate the ascendency of political partizanship. At a time when the material interests of the State have been made the object of legislative and executive robbery, when every household in the State is afflicted by the ruin which has resulted from the desolating legislation of the past few years, when the poor man and the rich man are alike made the victims of legislative and executive spoliation, when the absorbing question is that of taxation, and the universal cry of the people is immediate redemption from local and State misgovernment, the duty of patriotic citizenship is to silence the voice of mere party warfare. The Democratic party being composed of those whose material interests are deeply and directly affected by misgovernment is by the very fact of its existence a party of reform. Its aim, its purpose, its spirit, its cardinal principle, its platform, is reform. The vigor of its unceasing attacks against corruption is the moving principle of its political action, and it will mete out its stern rebuke to all corrupt officials, whether they be Republicans or faithless Democrats. Its powerful organization can be efficiently used as an agency to accomplish reform. It has now a vast political machinery which set in motion will, as it has done before, strike terror in the midst of the present supporters of a corrupt government, and it comprises the active, earnest, working and voting classes of our people. The name in the approaching contest will be a mere symbol, its rallying cry and political motto will be Reform, for though the Democratic party cherishes its time honored principles and will pay due heed to national politics, it will appreciate its duty to the people by urging them to consider as the dominant issue the overthrow of the present State Government, subordinating Federal politics to the redemption of our oppressed State from local misrule. The necessity for unity and harmony was never more imperative than at this time. The Democratic party, conscious of its political power, and determined not to relinquish its responsible mission to restore to the people their rights of self-government, will not hastily involve itself in sudden or ill advised political experiments, nor will the people accept the suggestion of its dissolution from a party whose only record is its ill-timed birth.

Upon one question of vital interest to the people the Democratic party will take a determined stand. After registration and upon the casting of votes means will be adopted to ascertain the result. Every candidate, Democrat or Republican, white or colored, is entitled to the office to which he has been elected by the people. Any section of the election law which leaves to the discretion of a board of individuals the power to change that result is *revolutionary in its design, its operations and its purpose, and must be treated by the people as not upon the statute book.* If the Legislature were to pass a law that there should be no registration, no election, and that a board of five persons was appointed to select your Governor, Representatives and other officers, the people would hold an election and instal their officers, if need be by force, and their action would be clearly legal. The same duty devolves upon them and they will perform it. If Congress were to pass a law creating a partisan board to throw out of the count Presidential electors would the people of the United States permit that board to exercise its revolutionary functions? Can a board or individual partisan discretion supersede the constitution, the people, the State? This is not a question to be determined by the courts, but by the people in the interest of popular liberty and republican government, otherwise this corrupt government can perpetuate itself in defiance of popular condemnation at the polls. This issue we sought by our previous efforts to avert. It is now forced upon us, and we accept it.

We cannot too earnestly appeal to the people to send to the Convention the best representatives they can select. Questions of deep moment, affecting the material interests of the State and the destiny of our people, will be deliberated upon and decided, and the Convention will be charged with inaugurating a compaign upon whose issue will depend the rescue of our liberties and the preservation of our prosperity, the honor and pride of our State. We feel an abiding confidence that the people will make a proper response and discharge this high trust with fidelity to their true interests.

HENRY D. OGDEN,
President Democratic State Central Committee.
THOMAS STEEL, Secretary.

Democratic State Convention.

Rooms of the Democratic State Central Committee,
NEW ORLEANS, February 23d, 1872.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee held this day the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee held in the city of New Orleans on the 16th of February instant, at which were present representative Democrats from the several parishes of the state and Democratic members of the Legislature, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic State Central Committee is hereby requested to call a Convention of the Democrats of Louisiana to assemble in the city of New Orleans on the—day of April next, for the purpose of considering the political condition of the State; to determine the future policy of the Democratic party with reference to the elections in November next, and to take such action and adopt such measures as may be deemed advisable.

Therefore be it resolved, That for the purposes and objects named in the aforesaid resolution, a convention of the Democrats of the State of Louisiana is hereby called, to assemble in the city of New Orleans on Thursday, the 18th of April next.

Resolved, that the basis of Representation for this convention shall be one delegate for every three hundred, and one for every fraction over one hundred and fifty Democratic votes cast at the general election of 1868. Every parish shall be entitled to at least one representative. This rule applies to each new parish.

Accordingly, the several parishes shall be entitled to representation as follows:

Parishes.	Delegates.	Parishes.	Delegates.
Ascension	3	Morehouse	3
Assumption	5	Natchitoches	5
Avoyelles	4	Orleans	83
Baton Rouge, East	5	Ouachita	4
Baton Rouge, West	1	Plaquemine	1
Bienville	5	Point Coupee	3
Bossier	5	Rapides	5
Caddo	10	Red River	1
Calcasieu	3	Richland	1
Caldwell	2	Sabine	3
Cameron	1	St. Bernard	2
Carroll	3	St. Charles	1
Catahoula	3	St. Helena	4
Claiborne	10	St. James	3
Concordia	1	St. John the Baptist	2
DeSoto	4	St. Landry	16
Feliciana, East	5	St. Martin	5
Feliciana, West	2	St. Mary	6
Franklin	4	St. Tammany	2
Grant	1	Tensas	1
Iberville	2	Terrebonne	4
Iberia	1	Tangipahoa	1
Jackson	5	Union	5
Jefferson	7	Vermillion	3
Lafayette	5	Vernon	1
Lafourche	6	Washington	2
Livingston	2	Webster	1
Madison	1	Winn	2

It being understood that from the country parishes as many delegates may be accredited as may be desired by the parishes respectively.

Resolved, That the Democratic parish organizations in the country parishes and the Parish Committee in the city or New Orleans be requested to cause to be elected, by parishes in the country, and by wards in the city, delegates to the Convention aforesaid, and that all required proceedings be taken by them to ensure the meeting of the Convention on the day fixed, the 18th of April next. H. D. OGDEN,
President Democratic State Central Committee.
THOMAS STEEL, Secretary.

(Communicated.)

EDITOR OPELOUSAS COURIER,

As I requested you to announce my intention of attending the last Louisiana State Fair, and at the same time render assistance to others who could not attend, I consider it due to myself, and in justice to others, to give a fair statement of the difficulties to be met with, and expenses incurred in the matter.

It is stated that arrangements have been made with all the principal Railroads and Steamboats for half-fare for passengers, and articles for exhibition. I paid full fare ($12 50,) from Opelousas to New Orleans; the following is a fair estimate of the unavoidable expenses:

Passage from Opelousas to New Orleans,	$12 50
20 days attendance at $2 50 per day,	50 00
Entering two articles,	4 00
Printing (can be dispensed with,)	8 00
Passage on return,	12 00
Total,	$86 50

According to the Rules, "persons offering articles for competition are requested to state in writing their peculiarities and novelties;" I would enquire, how many of the Committe is thus enabled to judge of the merits of an article?

The following Rule, I consider a bar to exhibiting; "Competitors for premiums can not be present during the examination by the Judges, except at *their request.*" I would like to exhibit other articles in April, but decline, under that ruling,—and would insist that no Committee should examine any article unless the principal or agent be present to explain its merits.

Again: "The sum of $10,000 (ten thousand dollars) has been set apart as premiums for objects of special interest as are not named and provided for in the published list;"—Yes, set so far apart that your humble exhibitor *did not reach it.*

Again, those so-called "reports" in the daily papers are really puffs—paid for by exhibitors.

In conclusion, I found all the officers obliging and attentive—even more so than could have been expected considering their trying position. My thanks are also due to the Picayune for kind notices.

As I was successful in the main article I exhibited, I am so far thankful; but felt bound to state the difficulties poor exhibitors, like myself, and from our own State, have to contend with.

Respectfully yours, JOSEPH GIBBS.

A WORK OF MERCY.—$150,000.00 in 3000 Cash Prizes is to be distributed, Legally, March 28th, 1872, at Omaha, in aid of the sick and destitute, at Mercy Hospital. This enterprise is endorsed by the Governor and best business men of Nebraska. The tickets are $3 each, or two for $5. For full particulars, address—Pattee & Gardiner, Business Managers, Omaha, Neb.

Worse and Worse.

The developments from day to day, showing the innate wickedness of the Executive of this State, are perfectly astounding. The following paragraph, which we published in our morning edition, should be placed on record in every man's memory for future reference:

In the impeachment trial of Wickliffe I was assigned to duty at the Mechanics' Institute; Mr. Warmoth called me one day in his private office; there was nobody there but himself and myself; he mentioned some names of persons to me, and said it would be necessary to do away with those parties, and told me certain men, mentioning their names that would be good for that purpose—one in particular. These persons were not done away with; after that, Mr. Warmoth was mad about it.

These parties were not done away with as he wanted to do. One of these parties was a member of the press, and he wrote a letter to Gov. Warmoth (I did not see the letter) that he did not want to be assassinated. Governor Warmoth blamed me for it, for telling him.

The above was sworn to by Sergeant Wynne, in a suit before the Sixth District Court of this city. We know nothing about the veracity of Sergeant Wynne; but we have no reason to believe that he swore falsely against the Governor.

Will Gov. Warmoth please explain this ugly evidence, which gives him the character of an assassin and a thug? If he has been slandered under oath by Sergeant Wynne, the public would be glad to hear his explanation of the damning testimony. And if he clears his skirts of this charge, it may in part do away with some dark suspicions which lurk around other mysterious crimes which have occurred in this city.

Serg't Wynne, who gave testimony in relation to the plan of Gov. Warmoth to have several persons assassinated—Wickliffe, Shell, and others—has just called on us to state that all he said, and more, was true, and that in due time he will prove to the public that his veracity is strictly reliable. He claims to be well and favorably known in the city.

Sapolio!—For sale at Posey's.

DIED.—In New Orleans, on Monday, February 19, 1872, JAMES K. DIXON, of Opelousas.

POLYORAMA! POLYORAMA!!

Dr. Stauffer & Alfred Sweet will exhibit at Washington on Monday and Tuesday next, the 4th and 5th of March; at Ville Plate Wednesday and Thursday, 6th and 7th; Grand Coteau, Lafayette, and the other towns, to New Iberia, in the course of a few days. ☞ See hand-bills.

To The People of St. Landry.

Agency Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
OPELOUSAS, LA., Nov. 4th, 1871.

I BEG leave to announce that I have accepted of the Agency of the Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company, of St. Louis Mo. My office is in the Court House, where I will be most happy to explain to all whose interest and duty requires the aid of that most benevolent of modern institutions—life insurance. The high character of the Mound City renders it unnecessary to say a word in its behalf; its policy holders are composed of some of the most intelligent and respectable citizens of this and adjoining Parishes, to whom I take great pleasure in refering to their names below. The Louisiana Department is under the control of our very best citizens, and every member director may be regarded as guardians to the widow and the orphan.

The following gentlemen compose the Louisiana Board: E. T. Merrick, C. H. Mouton, Jas. Jackson, Robt. Hare, L. A. Wiltz, Thos. Fitzwilliam, F. H. Hatch, Octave Voorhies, B. B. Simmes.

I would also refer to the cards of Mrs. Hayes, widow of the late Jas. G. Hayes of this Parish, and of Mrs. O'Bryan, of Vermilion Parish, widow of Col. Daniel O'Bryan. The promptness with which all losses are paid by this institution recommends it most strongly to the consideration of our people.

Names of policy holders: Dr. John A. Taylor, Alcée Dupré, Henry L. Garland, Joel H. Sandoz, J. J. Morgan, Thos. C. Anderson, C. C. Swayze, Dr. J. L. Estorge, J. L. Morris, Capt. Carmouche, Jos. M. Moore, A. R. Hawkins, and many others. Also, from other Parishes, a long list could be furnished, but I will only mention Gov. A. Mouton of Lafayette, and Generals Alcibiades DeBlanc and Alexandre Déclouet of St. Martin.

9] A. GARRIGUES.

LOUISIANA PHOTO-STEREOSCOPIC ASSOCIATION.

OFFICE:—80 Main Street, New Orleans.

H. MANCEL, Operator.

Photographs, Views, Ambrotypes, &c., &c.

A Beautiful Chromotype for 50 Cents!

Satisfaction Guaranteed to All, or No Charge!!

☞ Children's Likenesses a Speciality.

Come and see Specimens at the Old Bank Office, adjoining the Hayes' Hotel.

Opelousas, February 3d, 1872.

TO EMIGRANTS.

THE undersigned is agent for the sale of a tract of land situated about 12 miles from Opelousas, containing about 1,500 arpents, about one-third of which is woodland. Parties in need of land can purchase the whole tract, or in lots of 50 arpents or more, at reasonable prices and favorable terms. For particulars, apply to N. QUATREVAUX,
Opelousas
or to Blanchain & Giraud No. 62 Old Levee St. New Orleans.

☞ Those who are using, or cutting wood on this land, without my permission, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

feb 24—1y] N. QUATREVAUX.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned tenders his sincere thanks to the public, for the liberal share of their patronage to him for the last fifteen years, and respectfully informs them that he will continue at the old stand to receive and forward freight, and hopes by his personal attention to business, to merit his share of patronage.

The highest market price paid for Cotton, at his Warehouse. F. L. PITRE.

Washington, La., January 27, 1872. [20—1y

JOHNSTON'S LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has re-opened his Livery Stable at his same old stand on Main St., and is prepared to accommodate the traveling public with Horses, Hacks, Buggies, &c., on reasonable terms. ☞ Horses fed and cared for.

6—1y] WM. M. JOHNSTON.

NE PLUS ULTRA,

A NEW GLEE-BOOK,
WITH PIANO ACCOMPANIMENT.
Price, $1.50 each; $15 per dozen.

Wherever the *"Ne Plus Ultra" Glee-Book* has been introduced, it has been pronounced superior to all other works works of its kind. It is the largest, latest, finest, and only collection of New Glees and Quartets, nearly all of which have Piano Accompaniments, *ad lib.*

☞ Sample copies mailed post-paid, for $1.50.

J. L. PETERS,
22—7t] 599 Broadway, New-York.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE
For 1872.

The First Edition of *Two Hundred Thousand* copies just published. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, in two colors, and illustrated with over *Three Hundred Engravings* of flowers and vegetables, and TWO COLORED PLATES. The most beautiful and instructive *Catalogue and Floral Guide* in the world—112 pages, giving thorough directions for the culture of flowers and vegetables, ornamenting grounds, making walks, &c. A Christmas present for my customers, but forwarded to any who apply by mail, for *Ten Cents*, only one-quarter the cost.

Address, JAMES VICK,
Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.

A second-hand Family Carriage, cheap. Apply to C. C. DUSON,
26—tf.] at Sheriff's Office, Opelousas

10 DOZ. Three-quarter, and Half-breed Brahma EGGS for sale at $1 per dozen. Apply at this Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BLOCH & DUPRE

Being too busily engaged in opening their

IMMENSE STOCK
—OF—
FALL AND WINTER GOODS

to write off even a partial enumeration of same, would invite purchasers to call and examine for themselves, being convinced that they are enabled to give—in each and every instance—

ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS

Of the best kind, such as

FLOUR,	PORK,
BACON,	RICE,
COFFEE,	SALT,
SUGAR,	MOLASSES,

At prices to suit the times, constantly on hand At **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

FINE LIQUORS!

COGNAC,	PORT WINE,
SHERRY,	CHAMPAGNE,
CLARET,	KIRSCH,
ABSINTHE,	VERMOUTH,
BOURBON WHISKY,	

&c., &c., &c.

All genuine and cheap, wholesale and retail, at **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT allowed wholesale purchasers of any kind of goods, At **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, with latest additions and improvements, at manufacturer's prices, always on hand At **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

HATS of all sizes, styles and qualities, for Ladies and Misses, Men and Boys, can always be found at **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

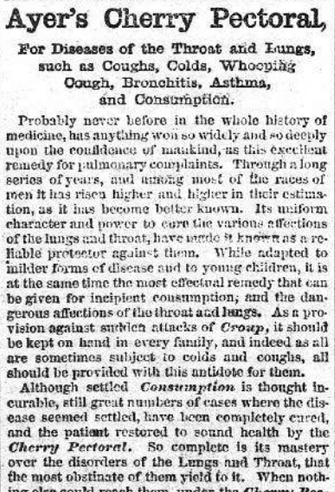
CROCKERY of all sorts, sold by the piece and by the crate, to suit merchants, At **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

CHEAPEST and BEST Men's and Boys' Clothing, always on hand and made to order at the Clothing Manufactory of **BLOCH & DUPRE**

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Hardware and Saddlery, at very reasonable rates, At **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

SHOES and BOOTS, the best quality, of all sizes, at **BLOCH & DUPRE'S.**

BUCK'S BRILLIANT



WITHOUT AN EQUAL!
For simplicity,
Durability,
Economy of fuel,
Perfect baking,

BUCK'S BRILLIANT

The only Cooking Stove

that has baked 8 pounds of dough into good and palatable bread in 43 minutes with only 3½ lbs. of wood, for which it was awarded the

Gold Medal.

BUCK'S BRILLIANT was again awarded the

FIRST PREMIUM
at the
Texas State Fair, 1871

over all other competitors (7 in all) after actual trial baking bread.

EVERY BRILLIANT

is guaranteed to give entire SATISFACTION, or the money

REFUNDED IN FULL.

H. HALLER, No. 49, Camp St. New-Orleans, sole agent for Louisiana.
Sole agent of the

FAMOUS RINGEN WASHER.

August 19, 1871. 1y

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

For a *Cough* and *Cold*, no better remedy can be had. Take small doses three times a day and put the feet in warm water at night, until the disease is broken up.

For *Influenza*, when it affects the throat or lungs, take the same course.

For *Whooping Cough*, give small doses three or four times a day.

For *Croup*, give large and frequent doses until the disease is overcome.

No family should be without the *Cherry Pectoral* on hand to protect them, in case of attack, from the above complaints. Its timely use often spares the patient a great amount of suffering and risk, which he would incur by waiting until he could get other aid. Parents, keep it in your houses for the exigencies that arise. Lives dear to you may be saved by it.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that the best qualities it ever possessed are strictly maintained.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

JOHN POSEY, Agent, Opelousas.

OPELOUSAS CARDS

UNUSUAL BARGAINS
TO BE HAD AT
CHACHERE'S OLD STAND,
Corner Landry and Court Streets.
Great Reduction in Price on All Goods,
To Suit the Times and the Means
OF ALL BUYERS!!!
ALL FANCY AND DRESS GOODS SELLING
Below Cost!
AND ALL STAPLE GOODS SELLING
At Cost!!

The same great bargains are offered in the line of

Notions and Clothing,

Hardware, Woodenware and Saddlery,
Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

GROCERIES,

(Fancy and Staple.)

Crockery, Bagging and Ties. A fair reduction is also offered on

Corn & Oats.
All for Cash on Delivery.

P. J. LEFEBVRE, Agt.
Opelousas, Jan. 27, 1872. 20—tf.

CARRIAGE SHOP.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to me by the citizens of St. Landry, I solicit a further continuation of their favors; and beg leave to inform them that I will always be ready to accommodate them in any branch of my business, at reasonable prices for cash only. All work hereafter if not paid for on delivery will be charged 10 per cent. additional for immediate collection.

I have on hand Hacks and Buggies which I will sell cheap for cash. Hacks and Buggies made to order. S. P. CLARK.
Opelousas, January 20, 1872. 19tf.

OYSTER SALOON.

—BY—

MAURICE VILLASECA.

Corner Court and Bellevue Streets.

HAVING made arrangements to keep constantly supplied with fresh oysters, he is prepared to supply families with small or large quantities at reasonable prices. Call and try some. ☞ Oysters served in any style, and at all hours. [feb 10—3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Mr. BAPTISTE PEFFERKORN respectfully informs his friends, customers and the public that he has just returned from New Orleans with a well assorted stock of materials, and engaged the services of competent workmen, enabling him to fill all orders entrusted to him in the best style, at moderate prices.

Ladies' Gents' and Children's Shoes

Made to order, in every style and at all prices.
BAPTISTE PEFFERKORN.
Landry Street, opposite Johnston's Stables.
Opelousas, May 27, 1871. 37tf

FAMILY GROCERIES.

MRS. Desessarts, Main Street, near the old Union Hotel, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. Her grocery is well stocked with everything required for family use, such as *Hams, Potatoes, Bacon, Rice, Lard, Onions, Apples, Butter, Cheese, Oranges, Coffee, Fish, Confectionery, Wines, Cordials, Liquors, Candies, &c.*, which she will sell as cheap as can be bought elsewhere. [dec9—3m

JOSEPH M. MOORE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office formerly occupied by by the late law firms of Swayze & Moore and Moore & Morgan,

OPELOUSAS, La.,

Will practice in the Courts of the 8th Judicial District.
Opelousas, April, 1871. 32tf

A. BAILEY & E. D. ESTILETTE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL practice in the Courts of the Parishes of St. Landry, Lafayette, Vermillion, Calcasieu, St. Martin, St. Mary and Avoyelles.
Office:—Opelousas [Aug6—47tf

P. L. HEBRARD,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE in and for the Parish of St. Landry. Office on Bellevue Street, Opelousas.—Refer to Mayo's Drug Store.
Opelousas, January 14, 1871. 1y

PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MRS. M. M. HAYES respectfully informs the public, that she will open a Private School, at her residence, in Opelousas, on Monday the 4th of September. Terms, $3 00 per month.
Sept. 2d, 1871.—tf.

OPELOUSAS TIN SHOP.

EVERY description of Copper, Tin and sheet-iron work done at short notice by
W. LIGHTLY,
nov9. 3m] cor. Main and Bellevue sts., opposite Bloch & Dupré's.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

A REGULAR meeting of the St. Landry Medical and Surgical Association will be held at Opelousas, the 1st Saturday of every month, at 10 o'clock A. M.

VINCENT BOAGNI, M. D.
President.
JAMES RAY, M. D., *Secretary.* [45—1y

MASONIC.

GORDY R.·. A.·. CHAPTER, 32, meets at the Humble Cottage Lodge, No. 19, at Opelousas, the first Tuesday after the full moon, at 7 o'clock P. M. JAS. RAY, H. P.
K. H. BODEMULLER, Secretary. [Aug6tf

To Lease.

That convenient and centrally located business stand on Main Street, under the Office of the Opelousas COURIER. The room is large, and well situated for any kind of business.

Possession given on the 1st of January, 1872. Apply at the Courier office.

For Sale,

400 Acres of Wood and Prairie Land, situated on Plaquemine Brulée Bayou. The Chatanooga R. R. survey divides the land in half. Apply at this Office, or to C. C. Duson, at the Sheriff's Office.

FOR RENT.

A DESIRABLE BUSINESS LOCATION, on Main Street, in the center of Opelousas.
Apply to CHAS. N. EALER.
Opelousas March 25, 1871. 28—tf.

Fresh Garden, Flower, Tree and Shrub, Evergreen, Fruit and Herb Seeds, Prepaid by Mail. A complete and judicious assortment, 25 sorts of either class, $1.00 The six classes, (150 packets) for $5.00. Also, an immense stock of one year grafted Fruit Trees, small fruits, fruit stocks, young fruit, ornamental and evergreen seedlings, bulbs, roses, vines, house and border plants, &c, &c., the most complete assortment in America. Prepaid by mail. Priced catalogues to any address, also trade lists, gratis. Seeds on commission. Agents Wanted.

B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries and seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established 1842. [22—6t

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS

THE ONE PRICE STORE!
Quick Sales!! Small Profits!!!
JOSEPH W. CAREW,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
—AND—
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
ROBERT'S COVE
(Near James Webb's Mill,)
Plaquemine Parish

KEEPS constantly on hand Lumber, such as SHINGLES, PIEUX, PICKETS, WELL CURBING, POSTS, &c., of either Cypress, Pine or Oak.

RECEIVES in exchange for merchandise or split lumber CORN, COTTON, WOOL, HIDES, Poultry, Eggs, &c., for all of which the highest market price will be paid. [44—1y

FALL & WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Leaves New Orleans every Tuesday at 5 P. M.
Leaves Washington every Saturday at 10 A. M.

FOR Opelousas, Washington, Port Barry and all landings on the Coast, Atchafalaya River and Bayou Courtableau—the fine steamer

LESSIE TAYLOR,

M. KENISON, Master; T. JOBIN, Clerk

Will leave as above, carrying passengers and freight as cheap as any boat in the trade. The Lessie Taylor connects at Washington with the good and safe steamer Delia and line of good barges, (Capt. Crawford,) signing through bills lading to all points on Bayou Bœuf.

All freights by this steamer consigned to R. S. Wilkins' Warehouse, Washington, and R. Deshotel's Warehouse, Port Barry, will receive the strictest attention For freight or passage apply on board or to R. S. WILKINS, Agent,
10—1y] Washington, La.

BUCK'S BRILLIANT
COOKING STOVE,

THE most durable, the least complicated and the most easily managed of all Cooking Stoves. *First Premium* awarded at the St. Louis Fair in 1865, '66, '67, and 1868; and at the Louisiana Fair in 1868, 1869 and 1870.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for St. Landry for the sale of these celebrated Cooking Stoves, will constantly have on hand, at his Tin Shop in Washington, an assortment of the same, as also Fire Grates, Hollow-ware, manufacturer of plain and Japanned Tinware and stamped ware.

☞ Depot at Jos. Blum, Opelousas, where all orders will be promptly filled.

EUGENE LEMONTEY.
Washington, La., March 25, 1871. [28—1y

Washington Butchery.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Washington and vicinity that he is retailing at the Market House, every morning fresh meat (beef and veal) of the first quality, at the rate of seven cents per pound. Those who take a quarter or a fraction thereof can have meat even under 7 cents per pound.

He