The Opelousas Courier.

Vol. XXII. | Opelousas, Parish of St. Landry, La., October 24, 1874. | No. 2.

THE COURIER.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY, - - OCTOBER 24, 1874.

The White People's Ticket.

For State Treasurer:

JOHN C. MONCURE,

OF CADDO.

For Congress—6th Dist.:

JOSEPH M. MOORE,

OF ST. LANDRY.

For the State Senate—10th District:

JOHN I. GARDINER,

OF ST. LANDRY.

Democratic-Conservative Parish Ticket.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE:
LAURENT DUPRE,
YVES VIDRINE,
B. D. TARLTON,
E. A. CARMOUCHE.

FOR PARISH JUDGE:
WILLIS PRESCOTT.

FOR POLICE JURY:
Ward No. 1—HOMERE DURIO.
Ward No. 2—ALBERT GUIDRY,
Ward No. 3—J. S. HAW.
Ward No. 4—T. S. FONTENOT,
Ward No. 5—WILLIAM CLAVIER.

FOR CORONER:
J. M. NEYLAND.

First proposed amendment—Against approval.

Second proposed amendment—Against approval.

Third proposed amendment—Against approval.

Against the amendment limiting the debt of New Orleans.

Against the amendment to article seventeen, relative to the day of electing Representatives.

Officers of Ward No. 3.

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE:
GILBERT BAILLIO,
THOS. A. HICKS.

FOR CONSTABLES:
JOSEPH HANCHETT,
J. W. JETER.

A benificent shower fell here on Thursday night—just sufficient to lay the dust.

The attention of Commissioners of Election is called to a notice of the Supervisor of Registration which we publish to-day.

The American Sardine Co.'s Boneless Sardines are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

Independent candidates can have tickets with their names printed on any of the "regular" tickets, at short notice and at bottom prices. First come, first served.

News from all quarters of this parish and reliable information from Lafayette indicate that Hon. John I. Gardiner will be elected to the State Senate by a large majority.

MEETING OF CANDIDATES.—The candidates on the Democratic-Conservative ticket are requested to meet at the COURIER office, on Monday, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock, on business of importance.

THE SHERIFFALTY.—Owing to some misapprehension on the subject, we state for the information of all concerned that there has been no nomination for this office by any party. Democrats and White Leaguers are free to vote for whom they please for this office, as neither of these parties have either nominated or endorsed any one for the office.

The numerous customers of that stirring young merchant, Mr. Camille Roos, will be pleased to learn that he has just returned from New Orleans with a large and judiciously selected stock of fall and winter goods, which he offers cheap for cash. A visit to his elegant establishment, corner of Main and Bellevue streets, will amply repay the trouble.

AGAIN AT HIS POST.—Capt. C. C. Pickett has resumed command of that staunch and elegant steamer, the *Ruth*, and, beginning on Saturday, Nov. 6th, will make regular weekly trips between Washington and New Orleans. The Captain is probably the oldest man in the trade, and his courtesy and urbanity are proverbial. He will be ably seconded by the polite and efficient clerks, Messrs. Barnes and Cochran. As will be seen by the advertisement, Capt. Pickett has reduced the price of storage, freight and passage, a fact that the public will no doubt gratefully remember.

The Kellogg Democracy.

We give below an admirable article from the Lake Charles *Echo* about Kellogg Democrats. There are many specimens of this variegated species of politician in our midst, and they have done more to divide and distract our people than all the republicans put together. We commend the *Echo* article to a careful perusal of our readers and hope they will apply its lessons to our local affairs.

If, as Kellogg and his partisans boast, Louisiana is recorded as a Republican State in the next election, it will not be because a majority of her registered voters are republicans, but because there are too many Kellogg democrats in Louisiana. There are, unfortunately, hundreds of men in this State who claim to belong to the Democratic party, and who seek and often obtain the endorsement of that party, whose best energies have been and are being openly given to the support of the Kellogg usurpation. In the face of the fact that the Republican party is strong and united, and that to defeat it, requires the combined and harmonious efforts of all men who are opposed to it, these Kellogg Democrats are doing everything in their power to prevent a union of all political organizations opposed to the Republican party, and are boldly claiming and boasting of the support of avowed republicans. It is scarcely necessary to say that nearly all these Kellogg democrats belong to the grand army of office seekers. The few who do not have a contingent interest in the election of those who do. Fearing the loss of Republican votes, they are careful to cultivate the most friendly relations with avowed republicans, and relying for democratic support on their claims to belong to the democratic party, they are always ready to prevent that union and organization in the democratic ranks, which they know to be essential to the defeat of the republican party. Such men are infinitely more dangerous to their own party, than if they were acknowledged republicans. They are constantly strengthening the republican and weakening the democratic party, and are therefore the most powerful allies of the former. If the democratic party succeeds they will boast of their membership in it; if it is defeated they will say, "I told you so." The Democratic party in Louisiana can never hope to regain its ascendancy until it makes these Kellogg democrats step down and out.

In the States of Ohio, Indianna, Iowa and North Carolina the Democrats have already gained fifteen Congressmen. This is a splendid start for the next House.

[*From our Extra of Monday.*]

Glorious News!

INDIANA AND OHIO IN LINE!

Democracy Triumphant!!

[From the N. O. Bulletin.]

The following special dispatch to the *Bulletin*, from the Democratic State Central Committee, is glorious news indeed, and will awaken hopeful emotions in the breast of every man who loves his country and who looks forward to a perpetuation of free government.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct 15, 2:15 P. M.

The Democracy have carried the State by a large majority. Nine Congressmen, with two more in doubt. Have carried the Legislature anti-Republican.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 15, 1:30 P. M.—The State has gone Democratic by at least 20,000 majority. Sufficient returns have been received to assure us of the results of the election from all the counties.

We have elected thirteen members of Congress, this being a gain of seven.

THE CONTRAST:

Democracy Trailing in the Dust!—Sequel to the Famous Ward Meeting of September 19th;—Democrats Putting On Republican War Paint;—Republicans Putting On Democratic War Paint;—Secret of the Opposition to the White League Leaking Out;—Tom Anderson's "We's" Coming to the Front!

In contrast with the above glorious and cheering news of the victory of the Democratic party over the Radical party, we give below a short history of how the Democrats beat Radicals in this parish:

A small lot of white, yellow and black Radicals met in council or convention on Saturday, the 17th inst., at Opelousas, and nominated the following

COMPOUND RADICAL TICKET:

For the Legislature:

ELBERT GANTT, White Radical,
EDGAR VANHILLE, Col'd. "
JOSEPH CHENIER, White Democrat,
JAMES WEBB, " "

For the Police Jury:

1st Ward—H. B. TAYLOR, 00000,
2d Ward—S. PREJEAN, White Radical,
3d Ward—WM. TATE, " Democrat,
4th Ward—HILAIRE J. GUILLORY, 000
5th Ward—FRANCOIS SAVOIE, 000

For the State Senate:

WM. A. ROBERTSON, 00000

For Parish Judge:

A. GARRIGUES, White Democrat.

Here we have the secret workings of the so-called Democrats coming to the surface. Here we have the secret of their opposition to the White League. Here we have explained the opposition to the Baton Rouge platform and to the action of the Democratic Parish Executive Committee. Here we have the sequel to their conduct in the Opelousas Ward Election and in the Convention. Here we have Senator Anderson's "we's"—for who can doubt that this is the ticket he will support?

Let it be spread to the four corners of the parish that these so-called Democrats would not trust a Convention of the white people to nominate a candidate for the Senate or Parish Judge, or any local office, but openly accept and doubtless secretly seek, the nomination of the Radical party.

Dr. Robertson opposes a nomination for the Senate by the white people, but welcomes the nomination of himself by the negroes.

Judge Garrigues opposes a nomination by the White People's Convention for the office of Parish Judge, and winds up by getting the nomination of the Radicals.

Messrs. Chénier and Webb must necessarily figure on this ticket as radicals, whatever they may be called on others, for it is the regular party ticket of the Republican Party.

They were selected out of the four nominated by the so-called Democratic Convention, and for what reason we leave the reader to judge.

Such, gentle reader, is the consummation of the dubious conduct of town Democrats who, while they affect opposition to the Kellogg usurpation, secretly conspire with his supporters, and expect the honest people of St. Landry to vindicate their claims to Democracy. Shame upon that Democracy which compromises with our enemies. Let it hide its diminished head and skulk away from the ranks of the true men of the land, who, though crowded to the wall, have recently turned the tide of battle and scored a victory in the West that must end in the humiliation and defeat of our enemies.

Choose ye, men of St. Landry, between the above shameful combination of Radicalism and so-called Democracy, and the true, uncompromising Democratic-Conservative ticket below, nominated by the WHITE PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.—Every man on it stands on the Baton Rouge Platform, and is the open, avowed enemy of Kellogg and his horde of thieves.

They represent and constitute the only Conservative-Democratic ticket in the field, and that ticket stands at the head of our columns.

Ponder well, deliberate calmly, and we feel confident that you will decide in favor of the one that openly opposes Kellogg, rather than the one that secretly combines with his friends.

We have indulged some of our friends in announcing them as candidates without the cash. They must pay however before we print their names on any tickets ordered by themselves or others.—*Opelousas Journal.*

The *Journal* man seems to be oblivious of the fact that election tickets are sometimes printed at this office. The publisher of this paper would remind the "friends" alluded to and everybody else that he will print any kind of tickets for anybody, provided the cash for said tickets is forthcoming.

ENCOURAGING PROSPECT.—If the States that have just gone Democratic do as well in 1876, the Democratic candidate for the Presidency will receive 170 electoral votes—out of 266. This will make New York the battle ground of the campaign. Its vote will decide the contest one way or the other—giving Pennsylvania to the Republicans.

The New York *Herald*, of the 16th inst., concludes from the recent elections in the West that the Democratic chanees are at least even for securing a majority in the next Federal House of Representatives, which degree of success would foretoken a revolution in the politics of the country.

The Opelousas Journal.

The editor of this paper has lost his temper, and, while the rage was on him, has given vent to his feelings by opening his heart to the public. Whatever may be his views of the propriety or good taste of such an exhibition of *his* private personal grievances, we have never supposed that *our* personal relations with others were sufficiently interesting to the public to justify a detail of them in the public press, and we do not intend to commit such a piece of folly at this late day. The editor of the *Journal*, so far as we are concerned, may monopolize that peculiar feature of journalistic efforts, and is welcome to ventilate his personal complaints against others to his heart's content.

It was our intention to say nothing in reply, believing that the people of the parish did not care sufficiently about the matter to warrant *our* intrusion, at least, upon their time and attention; but, at the request of some friends, we have concluded to remint the editor of the *Journal* of some of his errors and omissions.

We have always endeavored to state nothing in the columns of the COURIER except what we knew or believed to be the truth, and we intend to continue doing so.

When we stated, as our reason for declining any discussion with the *Journal*, that the editor of that paper held a printing contract under Kellogg and was a member of the Republican club of Opelousas, we stated what we knew to be facts, which have never yet been denied by him. His recent statement that he "never had any contract to publish the *laws* under Gov. Kellogg's administration," as he very well knows, has nothing to do with his contract for the judicial advertising, of which he has a monopoly, given to him by Kellogg *et id omne genus*. He knows as well as we do that the two are distinct, and that, though he may not have a contract to publish the *laws*, he has a printing contract, nevertheless, for the judicial advertising—which as effectually makes him a beneficiary of Kellogg as if he held both. These, whether good or bad, were our reasons for declining any discussion with the *Journal*; and, if it were worth the trouble, we could easily demonstrate that they are good reasons.

He says: "Until recently we have worked together in politics." True, very true; but we separated when, after supporting the McEnery ticket, he went into the Kellogg camp.

He says that "*practically*, if not professionally in politics," he is "as white as" we "dare pretend to be." We congratulate him for practicing what the people have generally believed he has been opposing, to wit, the supremacy of the white race, which is the chief crime laid at the door of the White Leagues.

He says that we "advised him to take the contract to do the printing under Wormoth." This is also true; but why omit to state our reason for our advice? That reason was, that it was better that one of our people should have it than let it fall into the hands of the Radicals. At the time, we thought our view was correct; but we sincerely regret having given such advice, and certainly would never have done so could we have foreseen that it would end by making a Republican of the editor of the *Journal*, and a supporter of Kellogg. We have sinned in this advice, and freely acknowledge it.

He says: "In 1872, the editor of the COURIER was a Republican, just as we were." The editor of the *Journal* was not a Republican to our knowledge, in 1872, but a Liberal, and so were we; and if this be what he means, he is correct. But if he means that we were a Republican in 1872, it is false.

He says: "We voted for a nigger once; but he nominated him first, and we voted for him (as he also did) because that nigger was his nominee." We must be a powerful individual to have nominated the "nigger" Armstead on the Fusion ticket and then make nine-tenths of the white people of the State and the *Journal* man vote for him. Truly, the *Journal* lags a good foundation for the conceit with which he charges us. We were not aware that the sins of the Liberal party of the State lay at *our* door, particularly, until informed of our importance by the *Journal*.

He says: "We did not flop with him into his White League folly." We really regret the loss of our control, and feel mortified that he has flopped alone into the Kellogg folly.

Finally, we have to say that, as he has chosen to misrepresent the private conversation alluded to by him, which had not the faintest bearing towards a control of his paper or a favor from him, we will endeavor to spare him these annoyances in future.

It is exceedingly unpleasant for us to intrude ourself upon the public in this manner, and can, in this instance, only offer as an excuse the wish of friends who were disposed to attribute more weight to the matter than we did. In future, we shall adhere to our determination to have no discussion with the *Journal* on any subject whatever.

[*Adv.*]

POINT PLAQUEMINE, Sept. 26, 1874.

We hereby certify that on Sunday the 13th inst., while en route to the store of Wm. Clavier for the purpose of attending a meeting for the election of six delegates to represent us in the parish convention to be held in Opelousas to-day, we met Mr. W. K. Hornsby and J. Latiolais a few rods from said Clavier's store, about half past eight o'clock in the morning, who informed us that said Clavier and Dr. Knox, together with eight men more had held said meeting, we therefore were deprived of taking any part in said meeting, and we consider it illegal, and that said delegates elected at said Wm. Clavier's store are not the choice of the good people of Upper Plaquemine. Respectfully submitted to the People's Convention assembled at Opelousas this day.

PLACIDE THIBODEAUX,
JOHN GILBEAU,
per W. K. Hornsby.

We the undersigned, do hereby certify that we did sign the above, and that it was altogether throught the false and diabolical representation of one W. K. Hornsby.

PLACIDE THIBODEAU.
JEAN GILBEAU.

Witnessed: Jean Leger,
Théodule Thibodeau.

POINT PLAQUEMINE, Oct. 19, 1874.

We hereby certify that the above statement signed by us, per W. K. Hornsby, is true, and the one purporting to be signed by us and witnessed by T. Thibodeau and J. Leger is not our signature and is done by the false and fraudulent act of one Wm. Clavier.

JEAN GUILBEAU.

POINT PLAQUEMINE, Oct. 12, 1874.

We hereby certify that we have lived near Mr. W. K. Hornsby for the last seven years, and are well acquainted with him, and we hereby certify with great pleasure we know him to be a gentleman of truth and a brave, good citizen, and a sober and industrious man and a man of excellent sense in every respect.

Onéz Landry, Jr,	Théogène Daigle,
Chas A Perrodin,	P L Guidry, Jr,
J A Young,	Wm McBride,
Jos L Bourque,	H D McBride,
John Benoit,	Jos A Latiolais,

Théodule Thibodaux.

To the Citizens of the Parish of St. Landry: Whereas, there might be some in the parish who do not know the true character of Wm. Clavier. I felt it due to my reputation to have the above statements published, they being signed by nearly all of my neighbors of standing; and whereas, I am a man of family and have better use for my money than spending it in answering the false statements of as low and dirty a wretch as the said Wm. Clavier, I hereby notify the public that in future I shall pay no attention to any articles he may see fit to publish. I obtain my living by cultivating the soil, and he his by playing cards and dealing out rot-gut liquor to his fellowman—swallowing a large portion himself.

Respectfully, W. K. HORNSBY.

A good advertiser practically puts his show-windows into the new-paper.

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of the Tenth Senatorial District.

The election of a competent and reliable man to the Senate from this district, at the approaching election, is a matter of the utmost importance to the Conservatives of the entire State as well as to the people of this district.

There are now four candidates in the field: Dr. Ward H. Kirkman and Geo. H. Wells, of Calcasieu, and Hon. John I. Gardiner and Dr. Wm. A. Robertson, of St. Landry. On all sides it is conceded that St. Landry is the battle ground in this contest, and all the opponents to the Kellogg usurpation throughout the district should sink their personal preferences and support the candidate that can command the greatest strength here. While we always conceded to Calcasieu the right to fill the vacancy in the Senate, and earnestly desired to support a candidate from that parish, we feel that all such considerations must give way to the paramount necessity of a Conservative victory in this district, and we appeal to our sister parish of Calcasieu and to the honorable gentlemen from that parish whose names have been put in nomination by their friends, to forego for this time their just claims to our preference, and with us to rally to the support of a gentleman who has been designated by a large portion of the conservative people of the district, and who, being a popular citizen of St. Landry, can in this parish contribute the greatest strength to support of his candidature. We are deeply convinced that any other course will greatly imperil the result, and will really, in the election of Dr. Wm. A. Robertson, Dr. Robertson is an independent candidate, and, though invited to do so, has not publicly defined his position. He is not making his canvass on the basis of opposition to the Kellogg usurpation and Radicalism, so far as we are informed, and has always opposed the Baton Rouge platform and the efforts made in St. Landry to unite the white people on *our* policy and *our* ticket.

This course is not inconsistent with his action pending the election of a member of the Legislature to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. E. R. Gantt, in 1872. In that contest there were three Conservative candidates and one colored, John Simms, *known at the time to be a Kellogg Republican*. Dr. Robertson is universally believed to have actively supported Simms and to have voted for him. He was publicly charged with having done so, at the recent Convention in this parish, while in the act of addressing that body, and he did not deny it. This circumstance entitles Dr. Robertson to the colored vote of this parish, and upon that vote he must mainly rely for his election.

Let us send to the Senate a man who has openly declared his hostility to the existing usurpation, and whose antecedents entitle him to our confidence. Such a man is the Hon. John I. Gardiner. He was a Democratic candidate for the Lower House in 1872, and has always been a pronounced enemy to the Republican party and its measures.

Ben Prescott,	C Comeau,
Wm J Offutt,	E T L Sias,
James Moore,	Pam A Garrigues,
G Baillio,	R H Gardiner,
C J Pickett,	John M Martin,
A Lonzilier,	Celes'n Thibodeau,
G Carriere,	Felix Gaudin,
B S Guy,	Armand Richard,
L Gaudin, Jr,	J J Barry,
L L Andre,	Valsid Richard,
L G Soane,	Jack Sherwood,
O H Vader,	S J Barry,
John P Madd,	Rene Rault,
T F Littell,	M Polingne,
V Larasse,	M R Wilson,
Henry J Cassé,	T B Smith,
Lew D Prescott,	W A Fortias,
O S Smith,	Geo Hurzler,
J S Hayard,	J M Neyland,
J S Tarver,	Omez Veilon,
A Duran,	L A Gardner,
C Simmons,	W F Dunsar,
S E Bell,	A J Smith,
Henry Eilert,	Andrew J Bell,
J S Haw,	J L Guilbeau,
J C Vannoy,	J H Clouth,
Paul Lambert,	R J Smith,
Jos A Guidry,	Jos Quesenan,
R Frost,	J A Sanders,
R D Tarlton,	J L Estorge,
Chas B Farr,	L C Rogers,
S W W Taylor,	C A Morrow,

H M Dunbar,

To be a Thorough Democrat you Must be an Honest Man.

We give below, from an orthodox Democratic paper, what should be regarded as a correct definition of what is a true Democrat. We urge our readers to read it carefully, and after weighing well the points of such Democracy as is here described, then to apply it to some of our so-called "Democratic" candidates, and particularly to those who are, as far as lieth in them, "all things to all men."

We have some in our midst who do not care whether Kellogg be endorsed or not, so they get into office, and who should be classed among Senator Anderson's "we's."

We commend the article to the Kellogg Democrats of the parish, but without any hope that it will bring even the faintest blush to their cheeks.

Democracy means the voice of the people speaking for their protection. The man who protects the people does not rob them. The man who robs his neighbor can not be a Democrat, no matter what his profession. If you are an honest man, you are a man of principle. You are bold, brave, fearless, and consistent in maintaining the principles of Democracy. You will give to each one of your neighbors the full right to mind his own business, attend to his own affairs, enjoy the blessings of life as himself and family shall determine, worship God according to the dictates of his conscience, and be at all times as ready to defend him in the enjoyment of his rights as you would be anxious to have his help to defend you in your rights should they be assailed.

If you are a good Democrat you will not be afraid to stand on this platform. You will not see your neighbor robbed of his earnings or deprived of his liberties, if it is in your power to prevent the outrage. You never will seek to impose unnecessary burthens of debt or taxation on your neighbor, that he may be crowded back or wronged, while you are being raised up and enriched at his expense. You never will indorse official dishonesty, corruption, or national extravagance, for these things rob your neighbor, and if you are a Democrat you will protect him until he begins to rob others, when you will help the innocent and oppose the plunderer.

If you are a good Democrat you will never do a mean act; you will never defend oppression, tyranny, or any act of injustice. You never will say that a man can be too earnest, brave, and outspoken for the right, for it is the duty of every man in a Republic to be a faithful sentinel, ever alert to watch and guard the interest of his neighbor. In a government of Democracy, it is the *duty* of every man to defend exactly as he would wish to be defended.

If you are a good Democrat you will care more about principles than of policy; will never be afraid or ashamed to stand by an honest man, who is not in the market for dollars at the expense of decency and public welfare. If you are a good Democrat you will never indorse a future loss for a temporary gain—will never help elevate to office any man who is not honest and identified with the people in their honest efforts to improve humanity and government.

If you are not a Democrat—that is as we understand the term—you will trim and dodge this way and that; try one policy to-day, another to-morrow, and endeavor to make political progress by trying to fool or deceive somebody quite as sharp and tricky as yourself. You will be apt to think it is not policy to stand by an honest, out-spoken man, and to be more ready to form alliances with tricksters and plunderers than to defend principle. If you are a Democrat and work for Democracy, it will prosper and be victorious. If you are a half-way chap, with no particular idea above a dollar and how to grab it in some way so as not to earn it—if you indorse the rotten administration of Grant; the acts of the Republican party in interfering with the vested rights and in desolating an industrious people; if you sympathise with the long list of Republican outrages and exemption of idle wealth from taxation, you will soon be a tool of the money power, an upholder of wrong, and an advocate of injustice, a robber of your neighbor, the tool of a designing, dangerous aristocracy, and an enemy of the Republic, as are all men who are not Democrats, honest and vigilant in defense of honor, principle, and right.

(*Continued.*)

Editor Courier—Mr. McNeil states in a conversation in the Opelousas *Journal* August 29th, published in the Opelousas *Journal* Aug. 29th, that "if Mr. Skinner wishes his answer to Mr. Sims' card to stand before the public as being truthful he must *strike out* the words saying that I told him that Mr. Sims voted for Senator Anderson for the sum of one thousand dollars."

In addition to my assertion on this subject I now with give the following proof:

Opelousas, Sept. 15, 1874.

Joe McNeil said in my presence that John Sims had "made a thousand dollars to defeat Baird in the last election." He made that statement a short time since, probably not more than a few months ago.

SIMON GANTT.

The Revd. Mr. McNeil ought to be a noted in writing cards or in talking. Mr. Simon Gantt is a disinterested witness, and his statement so clearly contradicts the several conversations attributed to Mr. McNeil that there is no escape for him. The position I take in this matter is that Mr. Sims is unworthy of the support of the Republican party, and if what I have already stated is not sufficient to satisfy even the most fastidious, I will here make the additional assertion, which will be proved if required, that he was knowledged having made $800 on the Free market bill which passed at the last session of the Legislature. If he has been bribed by any one and for any purpose, he is surely not worthy the support of honest republicans.

HONORE SKINNER.

The Hon. Joseph M. Moore, the Democratic-Conservative candidate for Congress in the Sixth District, has been speaking to the people of Ouachita. The Vicksburg *Herald* of the 6th inst. says: "He brought cheering accounts from the parishes west of the Mississippi River. Many Republicans, and particularly, many colored men are supporting him." *N. O. Bulletin, Oct. 20.*

MARRIED.—At Grand Coteau, on the 20th inst., Mr. MARTIAL CYSSAT, of New Orleans, to Miss VIRGINIA McPHERSON, of Grand Coteau. No cards.

CANDIDATES

For State Senator.

Mr. Editor—Please announce that at the solicitation of many Democrats and Conservatives of the Parish of St. Landry, Dr. W. H. KIRKMAN, of the Parish of Calcasieu, has consented to become a candidate for the State Senate, at the election of November next.

In consenting to canvass the Parish the right of presenting a candidate for the said office, we cheerfully recommend Dr. Kirkman to the favorable consideration of the Democrats and Conservatives of St. Landry.

MANY VOTERS OF ST. LANDRY.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator of the Tenth Senatorial District, comprising the parishes of St. Landry, Lafayette, Cameron, and Calcasieu.

GEORGE B. WELLS.

DR. WM. A. ROBERTSON is a candidate for the State Senate at the next election, from this District, composed of the Parishes of Lafayette, Cameron, Calcasieu and St. Landry.

For Sheriff.

I am a candidate for the office of Sheriff of St. Landry, at the election in November next.

C. C. DUSON.

We are authorized to announce Mr. MYLES DUPRE as a candidate for Sheriff of St. Landry at the election of November next.

I respectfully inform my friends and the voters of St. Landry in general, that I am a candidate for re-election as Sheriff of this Parish at the election of November next.

E. O. HAYLS.

We are authorized to announce Mr. JAMES O. CHACHERE as a candidate for Sheriff of St. Landry, at the election of November next.

For Police Jurors.

I am a candidate for the Police Jury for the first ward.

R. B. LITTELL.

At the solicitation of many friends, I have consented to become a candidate for re-election as Police Juror for the first ward, parish of St. Landry.

JOHN ROY.

We are authorized to announce Mr. WILLIAM C. JOHNSON as a candidate for the Police Jury, second ward, St. Landry.

We are authorized to announce Mr. WILLIAM TATE as a candidate for the Police Jury from the third ward, St. Landry.

We are authorized to announce Mr. JAS. J. HICKS as a candidate for the Police Jury from the fourth ward, St. Landry.

For Justice of the Peace.

We are authorized to announce Col. RENJ. R. ROGERS as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the first ward.

Mr. Editor—At the earnest solicitation of my friends of the third Police Jury ward of the parish of St. Landry, I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for said ward.

WARREN F. JACKSON.

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the 3d Ward Parish of St. Landry.

B. S. GAY.

We are authorized to announce Mr. GUSTAVE DELAHOUSSAYE, the present incumbent, as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the Second Ward of the Parish of St. Landry, comprising Gros Chevreuil, Grand Coteau and Coulee Croche, at the next election.

For Ward Constable.

We are requested to announce WALTON A. SANDOZ as a candidate for Constable, for the First Ward, embracing Opelousas, Plaisance, Bellevue, and Prairie Basse.

NEW BOAT IN THE TRADE.

Great Reduction in Freight & Passage!

REGULAR SATURDAY PACKET

The light draft Passenger Packet

"RUTH,"

C. C. PICKETT, Master. W. BARNES, Clerk.

LEAVES Washington every Saturday at 12 o'clock M., and New Orleans every Tuesday at 5 o'clock P. M. Having re-entered my old trade, I respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends and the general public. My former Warehouse, in charge of a competent manager, is now open for the accommodation of shippers, where charges on all up freight has been reduced to 10 per cent.

For freight, apply on board or at the Warehouse. C. C. PICKETT.

October 24, 1874. tf.

NOTICE

To Commissioners of Election.

Office of Supervisor of Registration.
OPELOUSAS, Oct. 23d, 1874.

THE Commissioners of Election throughout the Parish are hereby notified that it is their duty to report to the Supervisor of Registration at Opelousas before the day of Election in order to be sworn and qualified as Commissioners, to receive such verbal instructions as may be necessary and also receive such printed circulars and information as shall be furnished them by the Supervisor. This must be done in ample time to be fully prepared for the day of Election (Monday November 2d.) Boxes will be sent to them by the Peace Officers or Special Constables, who will receive said boxes from the Sheriff, whose duty it is to furnish them. J. J. THOMPSON,

2—1t] Sup. Reg. Par. of St. Landry.

COTTON BOUGHT

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH!!

AT the request of my friends and for the convenience of planters who desire to sell their cotton in Opelousas, I will remain in that town on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday of each week, and the balance of the time, viz.: Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, I will be found at Capt. Pickett's warehouse, Washington, where I will pay the highest market price for all cotton offered to me.

On the days that I will be absent from either of the above mentioned towns, I shall leave a representative to transact all business.

ADOLPH ROOS, Agent.

October 24, 1874. 2tf

PIEDMONT & ARLINGTON

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF VIRGINIA.

Assets	$3,500,000
Annual Income	$1,600,000
Policies Issued (over)	25,000

THIS is the LARGEST Southern Company in existence, and is the *only one* that has *complied with* the rigid Insurance and Taxation Laws of New York and other Northern and Western States, and has established agencies in those States. Its success is *beyond all precedent*. Its specie policies on all plans. Its Sinking Fund policies are particularly popular. No restrictions on residence or travel. *All claims paid promptly.* The Company never was in a more flourishing condition. Reliable and experienced traveling agents wanted all over Louisiana and Mississippi. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Respectfully,

G. W. TERRELL,

General Agent for Louisiana and Mississippi.

Successor to Gen. D. H. Maury.

No. 31 Carondelet St., New Orleans.

The following letter from Gen. Beauregard is a very strong evidence of the solvency and great popularity of this Virginia Company, and of Col. Terrell's energy, enterprise and fine business qualifications:

Gen. G. T. Beauregard informing Col. G. W. Terrell of his friends in the State of Mississippi.

GENTLEMEN: I take pleasure in introducing and recommending to you, Col. G. W. Terrell, the efficient and energetic agent of the Piedmont and Arlington Life Insurance Company of Virginia, who visits your State on business connected with the reliable Company he represents. Any attention he may receive at your hands will much oblige

Yours, most truly,

G. T. BEAUREGARD.

sept19 1

G. W. TERRELL,

COTTON FACTOR,

AND

General Purchasing, Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

No. 31 Carondelet Street, Up Stairs,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

LIBERAL Advances, in Cash, made on Consignments. Will give prompt attention to the sale of Cotton, Sugar and all other Produce. Will also fill, at lowest cash prices, all orders for goods and supplies of every description. [sept19 1

THE

GREAT POLITICAL CANVASS

HAS NOT PREVENTED

CAMILLE ROOS

From re-opening his splendid new store corner Main and Landry Streets, and from offering to the public a full stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Consisting in part of

Dress Goods, Gents' & Boys' Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Hardware,

And, in short, every article usually called for in a first class country store. A full stock of Provisions and Groceries always on hand at *Lowest Market Rates.* Remember

The Elegant New Store

Corner of Main and Bellevue Sts., Opelousas, and call and examine for yourself;—attentive salesmen will take pleasure in showing the goods and answering all inquiries.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price paid for COTTON, WOOL, HIDES, &c., &c.

CAMILLE ROOS.

Opelousas, August 8, 1874.

FOR RENT

For the Year 1875.

THIRTY richly productive and improved plantation, the property of the Estate of the late John G. Pratt and of Mrs. C. W. Pratt, situated in the Bellevue Prairie, about five miles south of Opelousas.

These premises will be let to the highest bidder, at the Court House in this town, at 12 m.,

On Monday, November 30, 1874,

on the following conditions, to wit: One third of the rent payable cash, and the residue payable on or before the 1st of November, 1875, for which said amount a satisfactory obligation will be required.

Bids receivable at the option of the undersigned.

Possession given on the 1st January next.

Public act of lease at the expense of lessee. Conditions relative to repairs and preservation of buildings, &c., to be stipulated by lessee, made known before offering.

J. H. OVERTON,

Test. Executor and Agent.

Opelousas, Oct. 17, 1874.

NOTICE TO MASTERS OF GRANGES IN the Parish of St. Landry:—You are hereby notified to attend a meeting to be held in the hall of the Opelousas Grange, on Saturday, the 31st of October next, for the purpose of electing from among your number a representative to the annual meeting of the State Grange, to be held in Baton Rouge on the 5th day of December next.

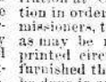
JOHN J. CLOW,

o3 Deputy for St. Landry Parish.

FOR NEW ORLEANS

REGULAR SUNDAY PACKET.

The staunch and swift Steamer



"BERTHA,"

H. H. BROAD, Master, J. B. SCHMIT, Clerk.

WILL leave Washington every Sunday at 12 o'clock A. M., and New Orleans every Wednesday at 5 o'clock P. M.

Should the water get so low as not to allow the Bertha to reach Washington, then the steamer "Minnie" will run in conjunction with the Bertha, between Washington and Little Devil or Old River, as the case may be.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to Gérand Carriere, Washington, La.

September 13th, 1873. tf.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET.

The Light Draft Passenger Steamer

"TRENTON,"

E. QUATREVAUX, Master, T. JOHNS, Clerk.

WILL leave Washington every Wednesday at 10 o'clock A. M., and New Orleans every Saturday at 5 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to R. S. WILKINS, Washington.

July 4, 1874.

NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
New Orleans, La., Sept. 29, 1874.

COMPLAINT having been entered at this office by Stephen Garvey against John Aurion, for abandoning his Homestead Entry, No. 1192, dated Dec. 31st, 1869, upon the S W ¼ of N W ¼, N ½ of S W ¼ and Lot No. 3 of Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 1 East, in the late Opelousas District Louisiana, with a view to the cancellation of said entry: the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this Office on the 3d day of November, 1874, at 1 o'clock P M, to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

E. W. HOLBROOK, *Register.*
JULEAN NEVILLE, *Receiver.*

Oct. 3, 1874. 1m

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS

26th YEAR

IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES!

THE freshest and purest always on hand, at wholesale and retail, at the well-known ST. LANDRY DRUG STORE AND MEDICAL DEPOT.

(*Established A. D. 1848.*)

Where can be found every article in the medical line, besides Paint, Window Glass, Toilet Articles and Perfumery, School and Blank Books and Stationery of every variety.

A full assortment of Garden Seeds, from Lamon's Celebrated Seed Farm, Lancaster, Ohio, and to be sold at retail.

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS

For Medical purposes. The undersigned devotes his time almost entirely to compounding and dispensing *RELIABLE MEDICINES*, Hoping thus, by combining devotion to his calling and a strong desire to meet the wants of his friends and customers, to continue to deserve their patronage and esteem.

W. O. POSEY,
Apothecary, &c.

oct17

FOR SALE:

BY the undersigned, on account of departure, the following properties: A HOUSE and LOT—an old established and well known business stand in Washington; a GUNSMITH Shop, including tools, stock, &c., and a lot of Blacksmith TOOLS AND STOCK; a stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. The whole will be sold together or separately at a great sacrifice. The unexpired lease will be sold at 20 per cent *below cost*, for cash. All or any of the said property can be purchased at private sale until the 14th of November next, when all not disposed of will be sold at public AUCTION.

For further information apply at this office or to the undersigned, on the premises.

C. L. FAUST,
opposite the old Urban store,
Washington, La.

Feb. 18-3m

CARRIAGE SHOP.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to me by the citizens of St. Landry, I solicit a further share of their favors, and beg leave to inform them that I will always be ready to accommodate them in any branch of my business, at reasonable prices for cash only. All work left after it not paid for on delivery will be charged 10 per cent. additional for immediate collection.

I have on hand Hacks and Buggies which I will sell cheap for cash. Hacks and Buggies made to order.

S. P. CLARK.

Opelousas, January 20, 1872 1yr

OPELOUSAS TIN SHOP.

REMOVED to

*Landry Street,