The Opelousas Courier.

Official Journal of Town of Opelousas.

Official Journal of Parish School Board.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

LEONCE & L. A. SANDOZ.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY, : : : : : JUNE 24, 1882.

TARIFF OF REDUCED RATES
FOR DISPLAYED ADVERTISEMENTS.—TERMS, NETT CASH.

SPACE	1 TIME	2 TIMES	4 TIMES	8 TIMES	13 TIMES	26 TIMES	52 TIMES
One inch	$ 50	$ 75	$ 1 25	$ 2 25	$ 3 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
Two inches	1 00	1 50	2 50	4 50	6 00	10 00	18 00
Three inches	1 50	2 25	3 75	6 00	8 40	15 00	25 00
Four inches	2 00	3 00	4 50	7 65	11 20	18 00	31 50
Five inches	2 50	3 75	5 62	9 00	13 12	25 62	39 75
Half column	4 50	6 00	10 00	16 87	22 75	40 50	66 25
One column	8 00	11 25	17 50	29 25	42 00	67 50	106 00

Local Notices.—In Editorial column, leaded, 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion. *Reading Notices.*—In reading columns, solid, 10 cts per line first insertion, and 5 cts per line each subsequent.

Subscription.—$2.50 a year, in advance; $2 in clubs of ten.

Newspaper Laws and Regulations.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to another place without informing the publishers and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The courts have decided that "refusing to take the periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud."
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance, they are bound to give notice to the publisher at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to continue sending it on, and the subscribers will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

Easy Lessons for the Young.

[Denver Tribune Primer.]

This is the Man who has had a notice in the Paper. How proud he is. He is Stepping Higher than a Blind horse. If he had Wings he would Fly. Next week the Paper will say the Man is a Measly Old Fraud, and the Man will not step so high.

Here is a Castle. It is the Home of an Editor. It has Stained Glass windows and Mahogany stairways. In front of the Castle is a park. Is it not sweet? The lady in the Park is the editor's wife. She wears a Costly robe of Velvet trimmed with Gold Lace, and there are Pearls and Rubies in her Hair. The editor sits on the front Stoop smoking an Havana Cigar. His little Children are Playing with diamond Marble on the Tesselated Floor. The editor can afford to live in Style. He gets Seventy-five Dollars a month Wages.

Here is a Man who has just Stopped His Paper. What a Miserable Looking Creature He is. He Looks as if he had Been Stealing a Sheep. How will he know what is going on now that he has stopped his Paper? He will Borrow his Neighbor's Paper. One of these Days he will Break his leg or be a candidate for office, and then the paper will say Nothing about it. That will be Treating him just Right, will it not, Little Children?

Who is the Creature with Long Hair and a Wild Eye? He is a Poet. He writes Poems on Spring and woman's eyes and Strange, unreal Things of that Kind. He is always Wishing he was dead, but he wouldn't Let anybody kill him if he could Get away. A mighty good Sausage Stuffer was Spoiled when the Man became a poet. He would Look well Standing under a Descending Pile Driver.

The bill to permit a man to marry his dead wife's sister has on several occasions been brought before the British house of lords and always defeated. On last Monday it met with a like fate in that body, but the closeness of the vote—128 yeas to 132 nays—shews it is growing in favor. The bill had the endorsement of the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburg, who worked hard for its adoption. Their course has been attributed to a desire on the part of the royal family to open the way for the marriage of the Princess Beatrice to Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt, the husband of her dead sister, the late Princess Alice, who died in 1878.—*N. O. States.*

It costs the United States government a pile of money to conduct its business. During the year 1881 the amount of internal revenue collected was $135,264,385. The cost of collecting it was $4,327,763, or 3.21 per cent. During the same year customs collections were $198,159,676, and the cost of collection $6,383,288, or 3.22 per cent.

The amount of horse flesh consumed in Paris last year was 1670 tons, besides about eighteen tons of donkey meat. There are forty establishments in that city exclusively devoted to the business of slaughtering these animals for food.

Rev. M. P. Remington, Ithaca, N.Y., writes: "From too close application to my calling, my health underwent a severe strain. I felt a weakness in every part of my body. My digestion especially failed me, and my nerves became all unstrung. Recreation did not do me proper benefit. Finally, on the recommendation of a brother minister, I tried Brown's Iron Bitters. It has made me feel better and stronger than I ever before felt since I was a young man."

The New Silk Industry.

The greatest incentive to engage in silk culture is the knowledge that there is a home market for $15,000,000 worth of floss, which American manufacturers are obliged to import from foreign lands. The other consideration is, that silk culture furnishes women and children in the rural districts, with a congenial occupation that does not require constant attention, and so will not interfere with household duties.

In view of these facts the Women's Silk Culture Association of Philadelphia was organized two years ago, for the purpose of calling the attention of the women of the country to the opportunity given them to establish a new industry, both suitable and profitable; and also to give the necessary instructions to all desiring to engage in silk culture.

The success of this pioneer association is remarkable; there has been aroused a wide spread interest in the cultivation of cocoons, that must go on increasing until the aim of the association is filled.

This fact was most forcibly presented at the last exhibition of the association, at which the display of cocoons was very fine and interesting. The chief feature of the exhibition was the display of specimen cocoons by the twenty-six contestants for the Strawbridge & Clothier premiums. The first one of which by the way, was carried off by Mrs. Rebecca Taylor, (mother of the late Bayard Taylor,) who is over 82 years of age, and a sufferer from paralysis.

The association announces that through the liberality of Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier the well known dry goods merchants of Philadelphia, it is again enabled to offer to the silk culturists the sum of five hundred dollars in ten premiums, as follows: first premium, $100; second premium, $75; third premium, $65; fourth premium, $60; fifth premium, $50; sixth premium, $45; seventh premium, $40; eighth premium, $30; ninth premium, $25; tenth premium, $10. For these premiums any resident of the United States may contest. From the ten largest amounts of cocoons, one pound will be taken, without selection, and the test of the quantity and quality will be the conditions for premium. Application for competition must be endorsed and the amount of this year's cocoons raised by the culturist, testified to by some responsible person. Stock must be sent not later than December 1, 1882.

Anyone with sufficient land to grow a few mulberry trees can add the rearing of silk worms to the daily care and find it a source of pleasure and profit. The work occupies but a small portion of the year, and a child can attend to the daily gathering of leaves and feeding the worms. If a supply of mulberry leaves cannot be had, an osage orange hedge will answer every purpose. The osage orange leaf is admirable food for the silk worms, from which they spin splendid silk.

A very interesting event of national interest, connected with this subject of silk culture, has just occurred in Philadelphia. The Women's Silk Culture Association selected silk from twenty-six families living in fourteen states; had it spun on a "Yankee" reel, made into a web of twenty-eigth thousand threads of silk, and woven as a brocade on a Jacquard loom, requiring three thousand six hundred needles to form the original and striking design. This is the first brocade ever woven in America of American silk; and probably the heaviest in texture of any brocade ever woven. It is known as the Garfield dress, as it is the intention of the association to present this magnificent fabric to Mrs. James A. Garfield.

About this time two years hence with what vigor Keifer, Robeson and Calkins if they happen to be in Congress (which is not at all likely,) will be howling against the application of the Keifer ruling by the Democratic Speaker, entering protests on the records and demanding impeachments, revolutions and all the other luxuries of the season! And with what powerful reserves of argument and precedent our Republican contemporaries, solid and veneered, will back them up! The famous flop on the question of appropriations for the army and troops at the polls will be nothing to it.—*N. Y. World, Dem.*

The owner of the house in which Jesse James, the noted outlaw and bandit, was killed, has brought suit against the State of Missouri for $2.000. Plaintiff alleges that the building, before the assassination of James in it, was worth $3,000; but that visitors to the scene of the "murder," anxious to secure a memento of the place and occasion, have literally hacked the house to pieces, thereby reducing its value from $3,000 to $1,000; therefore plaintiff prays that she be awarded damages in the sum of $2,000. Rather a curious suit, this.

We dislike to intimate that it is possible for an editor to lie, but the statement in a Texas paper that a catfish, that weighed 170 pounds, was caught in the Brazos, justifies the apprehension that, if the editor is not careful, he may, unknowingly, learn to exaggerate, and then he will drift into politics or the pulpit. It is very difficult for a catfish to weigh 170 pounds. The catfish has no scales.—*Texas Siftings.*

Hysteria, nervous excitability, wasting of the muscles, impurity of the blood, quickly relieved by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Deadheads in Newspapers.

It is well said by *Forney's Progress* that in proportion to the expense involved in its preparation no article is so cheaply supplied as the newspaper. Its cost to its readers is as near nothing as it could well be, and to make a living profit to its owners it must look elsewhere for a revenue than to its subscription list. That in many establishments is a positive loss, regarded by itself, but the circulation attracts the advertiser, and the advertiser furnishes the sinews of war. To get the advertiser you must first get the circulation, and to get the circulation you must give the people a paper that will interest and please them. Every line which a newspaper publishes for any other reason than that its editor thinks it contains something the people wish to know, is more or less an injury to him, because it occupies space which otherwise would be filled with matter which would aid in building up or retaining the popularity of his journal. To this must be added the cost of putting the "puff" in type and the other outlays it requires. The wise newspaper proprietor limits the number of columns to which he will admit advertisements, or increases his columns to accomodate a rush, knowing that to crowd the reading matter, though it may temporarily make happy the heart of his cashier, means speedy and permanent ruin. Yet, there is not a newspaper in the country that does not give away in the course of the year many columns of its valuable space—a trite but true expression; and more than that, places these gratis notices in positions which the money of the legitimate advertiser, paid down over the counter, could not buy.

One of the confessed wrongs that the Missouri publishers have undertaken to put right, so far at least as they can do so by *resolving*, to make foreign advertisers pay as high rates as do their fellow townsmen. The injustice of charging your next-door neighbor more than a man a thousand miles away, for exactly the same service, is too manifest to be disputed. Nevertheless this practice has obtained among country publishers from time immemorial, and the custom is too deeply seated, we fear, to be easily eradicated. That the Missouri Press Association has officially set its condemnation upon the practice is something. It may at least tend to disabuse the mind of the average publisher of the heresy that everything he gets from foreign advertisers is "so much clear gain," no matter how small the price may be.—Publishers' Auxiliary.

The inauguration of the work of piercing the isthmus of Corinth was celebrated with great pomp. The first pickaxe stroke was given by the King of Greece himself; and a silver wheelbarrow filled with earth and wheeled away by the monarch's hands. The queen pressed an electric button which sprang forty blasts prepared in the rocks. There was a grand banquet of course; and a memorial stone was erected. An accident resulting in the death of three police agents by drowning dampened the joy of the festivities. It is curious that this canal was one of the favorite projects of the great Julius Cæsar, which his assassination alone prevented the execution of.

Germany only pays $4,500,000 a year for all military and naval pensions, while the United States, according to the pension office report, will require about $425,000,000 for pensions during the next four years. Our government spends more annually for its bob-tail navy, diminutive army and its horde of pensioners than Germany expends for its army of over 400,000 men, its iron-clad navy and its pensions besides. The yearly expense of the Germans in these matters amounts to $110,000,000, while the French pay $170,000,000.

The New York Court of Appeals has decided that the holder of "limited tickets" over railways is entitled to start at any intermediate point between the two cities named on the ticket as the termini. It has also decided that the holder of the ticket is entitled to use it for a continuous ride to the end, if he gets on the train on the day the ticket expires, although the time may have run out before the journey is finished.

Only nine miles of the New Orleans Pacific railway remain to be constructed and it is expected this gap will be closed by the 1st of July. Through rail connection will thus be established between New Orleans and San Francisco, and by the 1st of August, unless some unforeseen obstacle is encountered, trains will be traversing the entire line on a regular schedule.—*Donaldsonville Chief.*

Probably the largest hog in the United States was lately exhibited at Junction City, Kansas. His length is seven feet; girth of neck, six and one-half feet; girth of chest, seven and one-half feet; girth of center, eight feet; width across the hips, thirty inches, and weight, 1,532 pounds.

According to a writer in the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, the United States, judging from its previous advances in population, should have in 1932 a population of nearly 200,000,000.

Faded Colors Restored.

Faded or gray hair gradually recovers its youthful color and lustre by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam, an elegant dressing, admired for its purity and rich perfume.

How Alligators Eat.

An alligator's throat is an animated sewer. Everything which lodges in his mouth goes down. He is a lazy dog, and instead of hunting for something to eat, he lets his victuals hunt for him. That is, he lies with his mouth open, apparantly dead, like the "possum." Soon a bug crawls into it, then a fly, then several gnats and a colony of mosquitoes. The alligator doesn't close his mouth yet. He is waiting for a whole drove of things. He does his eating by the wholesale. A little later a lizard will cool himself under the shade of the upper jaw. Then a frog will hop up to catch the mosquitoes. Then more mosquitoes and gnats will light on the frogs. Finally a whole village of insects and reptiles settle down for an afternoon picnic. Then, all at once, there is an earthquake. The big jaw falls, the alligator blinks one eye, gulps down the entire menagerie, and opens his great front door again for more visitors.

There is no intention to run the Republican party in the Stalwart rut. But if you want to see a first class circus, just try to run the Republican party in the Half-breed rut; and if you want to see all the animals loose and all the keepers on a jump for dear life, just run one of your Half-breeds for President.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat, Stalwart Rep.*

If you are suffering from indigestion or any complaint of the Stomach or Bowels, you will obtain great relief by using the Prickly Ash Bitters, as they have the property of gently relieving these organs and placing them in a good sound healthy condition. Purely vegetable in their composition, they can do you no possible harm.

Æsthetic editors have their paste made from sun flour now.

Woman's primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain constitutional agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and antagonize all existing female irregularities and excesses, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must unload the locked up secretions, add iron to blood, strength to system and vitality to nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *English Female Bitters*

Two great evils—headache and constipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, are relieved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient.*

"Tough on Chills,"

Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

Experience the Best Guide.

The reason why women everywhere use Parker's Ginger Tonic is, because they have learned by experience—the best guide—that this excellent medicine overcomes despondency, periodical headache, indigestion, pain in the back and kidneys, and other troubles of the sex.—*Home Journal.*

THE LIVER AND ITS FUNCTIONS.

It has become a well established fact that the larger portion of diseases to which the human family is subject arise in the first place from some derangement of the Liver. This organ is not only the largest, but at the same time one of the most important. The venous blood, on its return to the heart, passes through this organ, and in its passage the impurities, as also the secretions which are necessary for digestion as well as for a cathartic to assist in the removal of waste material &c. are eliminated. From this it is easily seen that the Liver is liable to get out of order to a greater or less extent, and when this occurs it is impossible for it to properly fulfill its office of removing all objectionable matter from the blood, but allows it to pass through, carrying with it the poisons of which it should have been relieved.

With impure blood the wholesome system becomes affected, and no organ can properly perform its function unless it is supplied with PURE BLOOD to maintain its strength. So the Liver becomes all important, and when one has the feeling of being continually tired, worn out, is constipated, with tendency to Piles, Headache, Sick Stomach, Sallow Complexion, Eruptions of Skin, etc. they may be sure their Liver is out of order, and a remedy is required to assist nature in relieving itself of all accumulations, and restore it to its original Strength and Vigor. For all the complaints of this kind there is no medicine that equals

DR. R. F. SHERMAN'S PRICKLY ASH BITTERS.

The result of years of study, experience, medical research and practice of Dr. R. F. Sherman, its originator, and, its success wherever used is sufficient guaranty for its merit. Drastic Purgatives and that class of remedies can have but one effect—that is by their violent action to derange and weaken the system. Prickly Ash Bitters acts directly on the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, & Bowels, in a mild yet effective manner, and is as pleasant to the taste as any cordial, and is as easily taken by children as adults.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is a medicine of rare merit, and not an intoxicating beverage, and being purely vegetable in its composite can be used at all times with beneficial results. It is not claimed as a cure-all, but for derangements of the organs mentioned, it is a specific and as a BLOOD PURIFIER ranks above all other preparations. Ask your druggist for it, and give it a fair trial. If he has none on hand, ask that it be ordered for you.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY, MO.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS — CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER KIDNEYS STOMACH AND BOWELS. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 1 DOLLAR.

TUTT'S PILLS

A DISORDERED LIVER IS THE BANE

of the present generation. It is for the Cure of this disease and its attendants, SICK-HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, etc., that TUTT'S PILLS have gained a world-wide reputation. No Remedy has ever been discovered that acts so gently on the digestive organs, giving them vigor to assimilate food. As a natural result, the Nervous System is Braced, the Muscles are Developed, and the Body Robust.

Chills and Fever.

B. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous: my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

They relieve the engorged Liver, cleanse the Blood from poisonous humors, and cause the bowels to act naturally, without at which no one can feel well.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 39 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair or Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, and acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of One Dollar.

Office, 39 Murray Street, New York.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

LOOK SHARP AND BE LUCKY!

You can SAVE MONEY by purchasing your

GROCERIES,

Wines, Liquors, Tinware,

—AND—

OTHER FAMILY SUPPLIES,

—AT THE—

GILT-EDGE GROCERY,

Next to Posey's Drugstore.

ALREADY

Many families have tried it, and have been convinced of our statement.

Give Us a Call and See for Yourselves!

H. E. ESTORGE,

o22 Proprietor.

NEWS! NEWS!

New Store! New Goods! New Prices!

The New Orleans Cheap Store,

Main St., opposite Postoffice, Opelousas,

JUST opened with a complete assortment of fresh goods—DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, Etc., Etc, which is offered at

New Orleans Prices, for Cash.

ALL are invited to call and examine my goods and ascertain my prices before purchasing—it will cost nothing and you will save money by so doing.

☞ *Highest cash prices paid for Moss, Hides, Wool, and all Country Produce.*

ETIENNE LATREYTE.

Opelousas, Nov. 13, 1881. 3m

Louis Pucheu,

Main St., J. Claude's old stand, Opelousas,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Hardware, Tinware,

Glassware, Crockeryware, Graniteware, Fresh and Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Nuts, &c.

Paints, Oils, Heating Stoves,

And the celebrated

Charter Oak

And other Cooking Stoves.

Refreshment Saloon adjoining, completely stocked with the purest and best of liquors.

—ALSO—

BEER ON ICE.

CARRIAGE SHOP.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to me by the citizens of St. Landry, I solicit a further continuation of their favors; and beg leave to inform them that I will always be ready to accommodate them in any branch of my business, at reasonable prices for *cash* only. All work hereafter if not paid for on delivery will be charged 10 per cent additional for immediate collection.

I have on hand Hacks and Buggies which I will sell *cheap for cash.* Hacks and Buggies made to order. S. P. CLARK.

Opelousas, Jan'y 20, '72, j9tf

CHAS. FUZELLIER,

THE well known teacher, informs the public that he will teach school, at his residence, every evening from 5 to 7 o'clock. The following branches will be taught: mathematics, physics, mechanics, chemistry, book-keeping, and French and American law. Terms—$2 per month in advance. ☞ Wanted—a situation as book keeper. Good references will be given. Opelousas, Jan 28, 1882. 3m

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OPELOUSAS TIN SHOP.

WM. LIGHTLEY announces to our citizens that he has returned to Opelousas to stay. Shop next door to Young & Co.'s drugstore, opposite L. Pucheu's, Main street. He is prepared to do all job work, guttering and repairing at short notice and in a workmanlike manner. Prices moderate.

Opelousas, Feb. 25, 1882. f

SHAVING SALOON.

Removed to Bellevue Street, between Mrs. Laut and Geo. W. Moriarty's Shops.

SHAVING, Hair-Cutting, Dyeing, Shampooing, &c., done in the latest styles. Prices moderate; satisfaction guaranteed.

☞ Hair-cutting by machinery.

E. A BODEMULLER.

KENNETH BAILLIO,

Attorney at Law,

Office adjoining Jos. M. Moore's, Opelousas, La

WILL practice in the Courts of the Eighth Judicial District, and before the Supreme Court at Opelousas. Important business taken in neighboring parishes. s9tf

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B. A. MARTEL,

Attorney-at-Law,

Office:—Court Street, near corner of Landry, OPELOUSAS, LA.

WILL practice in the Parish and District Courts, and give especial attention to all business before Magistrates' Courts. [27

E. D. ESTILETTE G. L. DUPRE

ESTILETTE & DUPRE,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Office in the Old Bank Building,

Opelousas, La. 9*

JULES GAL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office with F. F. Perrodin, Opelousas, La.

W. C. PERRAULT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Notary Public and Auctioneer,

OPELOUSAS, LA.

Special attention given to the collection of claims and the entry of lands. fe21

LAURENT DUPRE,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

OPELOUSAS, LA.,

OFFICE at the old Postoffice building, corner of Court and Landry streets.

May 18, 1878. 32tf

SAMUEL M. PETERS,

Bricklayer.

EVERY description of brick work done on short notice, and at most moderate prices. Construction of chimneys, tombs, etc., and whitewashing, a specialty.

Residence on North st., back of C. Deitlien's, Opelousas. Mar6tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons in the parish of St. Landry owing licenses on any trade, profession or occupation, under existing laws, are hereby notified that if the same are not paid prior to the 1st day of April next, 1882, they will be collected with costs by the attorney specially appointed by the Governor for that purpose.

C. C. DUSON,
Sheriff and Tax Collector,
March 11, 1882. Parish of St. Landry.

Assessment List.

I HAVE finished the assessment list of the parish of St. Landry, for the year 1882; and it will be deposited at the Recorder's office in Opelousas, on Monday, May 22d, 1882, where it will remain thirty days for inspection.

OCTAVE FONTENOT,
Assessor of the Parish of St. Landry.
May 20, 1882. 5t

FOR SALE.

160 ACRES OF LAND—50 acres enclosed and in cultivation, balance woodland—with dwelling, two corn cribs, kitchen, smoke-house, etc., situated twenty miles from Opelousas, and five miles from Prud'homme City, on west side of Bayou Mallet. Terms—part cash, balance on time. For particulars, apply at the COURIER office. ap15tf

P. WERLEIN,

135 CANAL STREET,

NEW ORLEANS.

LEADING

PIANO HOUSE

IN THE SOUTH,

Is prepared to furnish all persons with

PIANOS,

At the LOWEST PRICES in the United States and on accommodating terms. Catalogues sent on application.

PIANOS

Also sent on Trial of a Month if desired.

THE

Chickering Piano,

The Mathushek Piano,

AND THE

Hale Piano,

Are Particularly Recommended

FOR

TONE AND DURABILITY.

They Will Last For

YEARS AND YEARS.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS

For Sale at One-Half Price, that have been taken in exchange and repaired.

ESTEY'S ORGANS,

Mason & Hamlin's Organs

AND

STERLING ORGAN COMPANY'S ORGANS

Are For Sale at

LOWEST RATES.

Do not fail to send for Catalogue and Prices. It will cost you a postal card, and may be the means of getting you

A GOOD ORGAN

With the BEST TONE in the World, at a Price that will please you.

MUSIC

Is sold at very low prices; also, Teachers get one-half off from price. Instruction Book also at reduced prices.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Are imported from Europe direct, such as Brass and Stringed Instruments, Accordeons, Music Boxes, also Strings.

THE

Mathushek Upright.

The only Upright Piano which will remain permanently in tune.

During the past five years makers of Piano Fortes have been making great efforts to produce an Upright which will stand our severe climate. They have used several devices, and have even tried (but have given it up) double iron plates. They have made their cases strong with immense blockings of wood, and still most of the Upright Pianos have not proved satisfactory for this reason: That the Tuning Pins in all of them are placed into a wooden plank which is wedged up to the iron plate, and which, at every change of weather, will shrink or swell, thus causing the piano to get out of order and out of tune.

THE MATHUSHEK

UPRIGHT PIANOS,

In this particular, are made with a thick iron plate drilled to receive wooden bushings in which the tuning pins are placed; thus the iron pins are held directly in the tuning plate and cannot move by any change in the woodwork.

From the tuning pin the string passes through a strong brass agraffe screwed into the iron plate, thence across the sounding board bridge, and is fastened to a pin at the other end of the iron plate, thus producing the MOST SOLID and STRONGEST PIANO EVER MADE.

In tone, touch, workmanship and general finish, the Mathushek Upright cannot be excelled, and is now rapidly coming into use, and its popularity constantly increases. We will be very much obliged if you will call and examine these pianos. We also take old pianos in exchange at fair value.

LEADING

PIANO, ORGAN, MUSIC

—AND—

Musical Instrument House

IN THE SOUTH.

PHILIP WERLEIN,

135 Canal Street.

s24*

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

NEW ORLEANS.

DANIEL HOUSE,

No. 119 Royal Street

Nearly Opposite the Old St. Louis Hotel,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

PARTIES VISITING NEW ORLEANS,

ESPECIALLY Ladies and Families, desiring privacy, comfort, good fare and airy pleasant rooms, can find first-class accommodations at less than half hotel rates, at the private establishment, Daniel House No. 119 Royal Street, nearly opposite the old St. Louis Hotel. The location is very central and convenient of access to all parts of the city, and only four squares from Canal street.

☞ *On parle Français et Anglais.* [5t

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HAVING claims against the United States, arising out of acts committed against their persons or their property by the civil or military authorities of the United States, will find it to their interest to consult Messrs. R. T. Posey & E. L. Posey, No. 69 Canal Street, New Orleans, attorneys, and members of the agency for the collection of French Claims in the United States. Information, blank proofs, &c., furnished without cost to claimants.

Mr. E. Lloyd Posey is now in Opelousas, and can be found at W. O. Poosey's Drug Store. Sept. 4, 1880-2tf.

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MY SCHOOL for the education of young ladies is now open in my dwelling at Opelousas. I intend this Institution to be permanent, and will endeavor to meet the wants of this community, by affording facilities for a thorough education.

TERMS:

Tuition in primary branches, per month,			$2 50
Tuition in Academic	"	"	3 00
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Vocal Music, gratis.			
Board,	"	"	12 00
Washing, per dozen.			75

All dues payable monthly, in advance.

MRS. M. M. HAYES.

Opelousas, Nov. 25, 1879. tf

NOTICE.

POST OFFICE, Opelousas, Dec. 1, 1880.

ON and after this date, the Post Office of this place will open at 8 a. m. and will close at 7 p. m. every day. On Sunday it will be closed all day.

Money orders issued, and letters registered, from 10 a. m. till 4 p. m. *Positively, no orders issued, nor letters registered, except within those hours.*

ARRIVALS OF MAIL.

New Orleans and way mail at 6:00 p. m. daily
Alexandria " " " 5:30 a. m. "

All mail matter must be deposited in the office before 8 p. m. every day, otherwise it will lay over one day.

d4 LOUIS DESMARAIS, P. M.

JACOB MULLER,

BOOT & SHOE-MAKER.

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MISSES', Boys', Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c.—sewed, cable-screwed or pegged—made to order. Mending and patching neatly done. All work warranted and prices moderate. May 7, 1881. f

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