The Opelousas Courier.

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The Opelousas Courier.

Official Journal of Town of Opelousas

Official Journal of Parish School Board

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

LAYCE & L. A. SANDOZ.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY. : : : : AUGUST 4, 1883

Don't fail to attend Col. Nicholson's lecture at the Courthouse next Monday night.

J. Henri Burch, a notorious colored politician, died in New Orleans last Sunday.

It would be quite superfluous to announce that it has been rather warm during the past week.

There is a prospect that Opelousas Steam Fire Co. will soon get up an excursion to the Salt Mines.

The town election for the ratification of two important ordinances, published elsewhere, takes place next Tuesday.

The St. Landry Gun Club will meet in "Cook's Woods," for trap-shooting, to-morrow evening at 4:30 sharp.

The seven-year old son of Mr. Alex. U. Roy, who lives near town, died last Thursday of congestive fever.

Both the telegraph companies and the striking operators appear to be holding their own, with no indications of a yielding on either side yet.

The net profits from the French fete at West End, on July 14, amounting to $2241.83, were yesterday handed over to the Charity Hospital.—*States*, 31st.

Tom Isacks & Co.'s moss factory is being pushed to completion at a rapid rate. It is located near the railroad depot, between Landry and Bellevue streets.

From the amount of "music in the air" in this neighborhood, for the past few days, we conclude that Opelousas is going to have another Brass Band very soon—at least it sounds that way.

Remember that President Nicholson, of the Louisiana State University at Baton Rouge, will deliver a public address at the Court House next Monday night. A rare intellectual treat is in store for those who will attend.

The party who invested his money in lumber with a firm several hundred miles from home, and which does not even advertise here, and got left by the transaction, will probably know better next time, and patronize home enterprise hereafter.

Several summering parties have left during the week for our various local resorts—Pointe aux-Loups, Darbonne, Bell-Cheney, Mountain Bayou, &c., where bathing, fishing and hunting can be enjoyed at this season with peculiar relish.

District Attorney Perrodin's team ran off with his carriage last Wednesday evening, causing some damage to the vehicle, and injuring one of the mares quite severely. Fortunately, there was no one in the carriage when the accident happened.

The Posey property, recently purchased by Mr. Blanks, is to be greatly improved—the dwelling is now undergoing extensive repairs, and we learn that all the buildings fronting on Main street are to be demolished, and a large brick building erected in their stead.

Certain young ladies of Opelousas who had been inveigled into making extensive preparations for a picnic this week, by some of our "promising" young men, who were to contribute the ice, wine and toasts, would have been sadly disappointed had they placed implicit reliance in the punctuality of their escorts—the aforesaid "promising youths"—who failed at the appointed time to put in an appearance. This trifling omission on their part, however, did not prevent the young ladies from carrying out the programme originally mapped out—minus the ice, wine and toasts.

One of our practical jokers took special delight one day this week in exhibiting a pair of beautiful little animals—which he designated as Mexican squirrels—that had been sent to him as a present. The little pets were quite docile and interesting, making themselves quite at home in captivity, and were as playful as kittens—indeed they seemed to take the fancy of all to whom their proud owner exhibited them—one of our prominent citizens being especially anxious to secure them for house pets—until somebody announced that they were pole-cats—skunks—when he concluded he wouldn't.

The advertisement of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College appears in another column. The Shreveport Times commends this excellent institution in the following terms:

"All that is necessary to render it the peer of any university in the Union is such patronage as its merits entitle it to, and that State pride, if no other consideration, should prompt every Louisianian to accord it. There is no more sensible practice than that of sending our girls either, for that matter,) elsewhere to receive an education that they could just as well receive within the State. Aside from the question of State pride and of the policy of keeping money at home, there is another very strong argument in favor of sending Louisiana boys to the State University: every parent is naturally ambitious that his son should succeed in life, and nothing would materially aid his success to be brought in intimate association with young men from every section of the State, who will, in the course of a few years, influence in great part its destinies and award honors to its sons."

The Cotton Exposition.

When the proposition was first made of having a Cotton Exposition at New Orleans, it met no little opposition on the grounds of the difficulty of raising the necessary funds to make it a financial and an industrial success. At any rate it was finally determined to make the effort, and from all accounts the committees for soliciting subscriptions are meeting with the most gratifying success, and will, in a short time have, all the funds necessary to carry out the grand and beneficial enterprise. In the N. O. Times-Democrat of the 21st, we see that the committees who were appointed to canvass the North, particularly the railroads, in behalf of the Exposition, have already raised $150,000, which will be increased to $200,000 if the Gould and the Louisville & Nashville railroads act as generously as the other lines entering the city. The T.-D. goes on to say: "The importance of our Exposition is thoroughly appreciated throughout the North. It will be a bond of union between the sections; it will bring about the investment of Northern capital in the Southern States, and the development of our great but as yet untouched resources."

The New York Herald predicts the success of the Exposition in very emphatic and confident language, and among other things says: The Atlanta Exposition stimulated Southern activity and gave the North a better knowledge and appreciation of the natural advantages of the South. The fruits of that enterprise have been a marked agricultural, industrial and commercial progress in the South, and in the advantages of this prosperity the whole country has shared. Similar results must flow from the success of the Cotton Centennial. Like the Atlanta Exposition, it will be an exhibition, not alone of cotton, but of all kinds of agricultural and manufactured products, and it will be open to exhibitors and competitors the world over. It will have one decided advantage which the Atlanta Exposition lacked. It has received the official recognition and sanction of the government of the United States. By an Act of Congress passed last February, "to encourage the holding of a World's Industrial and Cotton Exposition," President Arthur is authorized to appoint commissioners, to make proclamation of the opening of the Exposition, and to invite, in the name of the United States, foreign governments to take part in it. The Act further provides for the admission free of duty of all articles imported for the sole purpose of exhibition. The Cotton Centennial is a coming event of national importance, and should be made a grand success, as it deserves to be.

The shares in the capital stock of the Exposition Company are only $25 each, and the Board of Managers appeal to the citizens of every portion of Louisiana to assist in the great undertaking by donations or subscriptions. We hope St. Landry will be found fully alive to the vast importance of this great enterprise.

The No Fence Law.

A coupe of weeks ago we showed by facts and figures that it cost a great deal more to fence in land than to buy it. And, on an average, we might safely say that the fencing in of farm lands will cost treble that of the land itself; or will cost more than three times the amount required to enclose the land necessary for pasturing stock.

The day for large herds of cattle to roam at large on our prairies has passed away. It is one of the things of the past, just like large farms, owned by single individuals and cultivated by scores of hands, which are rapidly lessening in area to meet the changes wrought by time and destiny. The future of this parish is essentially an agricultural one, and where there will be one large farm there will be at least one hundred small ones. Hence the stern necessity of doing away with the immense expense of fencing in all farm lands, and fencing in lands only for stock purposes. As a general thing our small farmers do not own many head of stock, and these few could be kept on a very few acres of pasture. But as it now stands, they have to fence in all cultivated lands just for the sake of a very few who own large stocks of cattle.

It will readily be perceived that by the present system the small farmer is paying a heavy tribute to the wealthy cattle owner. If we had a "no fence law," or rather fencing only for pasturing stock, we would have ten small farms in cultivation where we have one now. Why? Simply from the fact that a great many could afford to buy lands, but could not afford the additional heavy tax of having to fence in the lands, to protect their crops from Tom, Dick and Harry's scrub ponies, cattle, &c., roaming at large over the country. The "fence tax" is by far the heaviest tax resting upon our people.

Last Friday, the 27th, at about one o'clock p. m., our peaceful burg was suddenly thrown into a fever of excitement by the ringing of the fire alarm, just at a moment when the wind was blowing a perfect gale. The Fire Department was promptly out, and had succeeded in running themselves out of breath, when it was ascertained that all danger was over—a chimney had taken fire and communicated to the roof of a kitchen, near the railroad depot, but had been extinguished before further damage was done. The "fire boys" had the satisfaction (?) of being cooled off by a shower of rain on their return to the Engine house—and was it strange that some of them gave vent to their feelings in language more expressive than elegant?

The telegraphers have the oldest secret insurance society in the United States. It was formed in 1868, five years before the Knights of Honor, and admits ladies as well as gentlemen to membership.

St. Landry Gun Club.

OPELOUSAS, LA., July 28th, 1883.

Pursuant to adjournment, the St. Landry Gun Club met this day, with the following members present, either personally or by proxy, viz.: J. W. Jackson, Bernard Waters, Laurent Dupré, Kenneth Baillio, C. B. Andrus, G. W. Moriarty, Gus. E. Fontenot, James O. Ray, Wm. A. Robertson, Jno. C. Mornhinveg, C. Mornhinveg, Jr., Wm. Lightley, C. F. Garland, John N. Ogden, P. J. Lefebvre, S. Hebrard and P. Ducharme.

The Committee on Constitution and By-Laws, consisting of Messrs. J. W. Jackson, B. Waters, K. Baillio and Laurent Dupre, made their report to the Club. The Club having been temporarily organized by the calling of Mr. B. Waters to act as President pro tem., and Laurent Dupre, Esq., to act as Secretary pro tem., after reading and full discussion of the same, the Constitution and By-Laws were adopted.

On motion, the Club proceeded to permanently organize, when the following officers were elected, viz.:

J. W. Jackson, President; B. Waters, Vice-President; Gus. E. Fontenot, Secretary and Treasurer; James O. Ray, Steward. Messrs. K. Baillio, W. Lightley and Sidney Hebrard were appointed as the Executive Committee.

On motion, it was resolved that the Secretary collect the initiation fee from the different members, at once.

On motion, the Secretary and Treasurer was instructed to order a trap and glass balls for the use of the Club.

B. WATERS, Pres. pro tem.
LAURENT DUPRE, Sec. pro tem.

With the installation of Mr. Jas. L. Lobdell as Register of the Land Office, he has solicited the opinion of the Attorney General upon several points connected with the administration of the land office. As to the right of ex-Gov. McEnery, under his contract, to locate his scrip upon any vacant lands in the State the Attorney-General is of the opinion that that clause of the contract is contrary to the provisions of act No. 23 under which the contract was made and consequently is null and void. He decides that Gov. McEnery is confined to the lands actually recovered by him for the State in receiving his compensation, and when he recovers swamp or marsh lands that he should receive his compensation out of lands of that character.—*N. O. States.*

The 16 Southern States will cast 153 votes in the electoral college next year. The late election in Virginia and the collapse of the so-called Southern movement in other States, makes it reasonably certain that all these votes will be cast for the Democratic candidate for President. This will leave only 48 votes to be secured in all the other States—New York alone casts 37. The prospect is not alluring to the average Republican statistician, who, after giving his party the most favorable showing possible, can only figure out a majority of one for his party in the electoral college. The Democratic statistician, on the other hand, has no difficulty in showing an apparent majority ranging from 50 to 100 for his candidate. The outlook could not be better.

The cable brings intelligence of a terrible calamity in Southern Italy, resulting from a severe shock of earthquake. The town of Cassamicciola, situated on the Island of Ischia, about 19 miles distant from Naples, with a population of some 4000 souls, is said to have been totally destroyed. It is estimated that about 2000 persons have been killed and 800 more or less severely wounded. The disaster occurred at 9:30 o'clock on Saturday evening. Nearly all of the houses in the town collapsed. The neighboring towns of Foria and Lacco are said to have been greatly damaged. The total number of casualties is placed at between four and five thousand.

The Observer announces that the site for the erection of the contemplated cotton factory in St. Martinsville, was purchased last week for the sum of $1000, and that as soon as the machinery arrives, which will be in a short time, the work of building will be inaugurated.—Iberia Star, July 28th.

The Police Jury of St. Martin has appropriated $1200 for the construction of a new bridge across the Teche at St. Martinsville. The contract has been awarded to J. W. Hines, a colored man.

A man on a water tricycle made the trip from Dover to Calais on Saturday last successfully. It took him eight hours to cross, however.

Some unprincipled dealers, because they could see a few cents more profit, have been guilty of offering worthless substitutes for the only original and genuine Sulphur Soap—GLENN'S by name. Therefore, the public should guard against this deception, and always ask for GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, *by its full name, and take no other.*

Read the following evidence from a highly respectable source:

C. N. CRITTENTON, ESQ.

Dear Sir: I have traveled for three years for Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons, publishers, New York, and desire to inform you that I have used your incomparable GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP exclusively for about four years; also have recommended it to very many persons; my constant experience has been that it possesses all the medical advantages that you claim for it. *All* to whom I have recommended it say as well as myself, that it *deserves* its established reputation as the best and most efficacious Sulphur Soap that can be used for all skin cleansing, as well as toilet purposes. Some unprincipled druggists have endeavored to substitute other kinds of sulphur Soap for Glenn's—saying they were "just as good," but having myself tried other kinds, I find NONE so good or so beneficial as the *Genuine* Sulphur Soap stamped "GLENN'S," and this I have observed always bears the name of "C. N. Crittenton, Proprietor," on the packet.

Yours, truly, C. T. Z. DURAND.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, fifty cents.

A Tilt With Time.

Ladies in their attempts to baffle old Time are bound to receive some wounds in the encounter. These, however, they can conceal, as far as the complexion is concerned, by a timely and regular resort to the use of "GLENN'S, SULPHUR SOAP." Without obstructing the pores, or in any way injuring the health of the skin, it removes from the surface *pimples, redness, and the various disfigurements* caused by increasing age or exposure to the sun. See that "C. N. CRITTENTON, Proprietor," is printed on each packet, without which none is genuine. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers.

PROF. JAMES A. SEWELL, A. M., M. D., of Medical Faculty, Laval University, Quebec, states: "I have found COLDEN'S LIQUID BEEF TONIC particularly useful in advanced stages of *Consumption, Weakness, Dyspepsia, and all Nervous Afflictions.* In pregnant women it has been retained when every other article of food was rejected. I can recommend it as convenient, palatable, and easy of digestion." (Remember the name, COLDEN'S—*take no other.*) Of druggists.

The following are Vennor's weather prognostications for August: The first week of the month is likely to give heat and some severe local storms where these were experienced last year. Hail should be garded against in Western sections. I think the fore portion of this month will be characterized by widespread heat. First change to cooler weather after the 10th when a very decided relapse to cool weather may take place, with even snowfalls in mountainous regions.

DIED.—In this town, on the 20th of July, Mrs. ODILE ALICE COURMES, wife of N. E. Dolhonde, aged 32 years.

——At Grand Prairie, in this parish, July 19, MARGUERITE FONTENOT, wife of Paulin Stagg, aged 41 years.

SALE AT AUCTION.

I will sell at auction, to the last and highest bidder, on the premises, on

Saturday, September 1st, 1883,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property belonging to the Estate of Mrs. Hypolite Martin, deceased, being the last residence of dec'd., situated in the town of Opelousas, to-wit:—A small town property with dwelling house and other buildings thereon, containing about one-half arpent of land, bounded west by Market street, north by Mrs Leopold Cahanin, east by Alcée Dupré, and south by —— Court.

Terms:—One-third cash, and the balance payable in one and two years, with eight per cent interest from day of sale.

FELIX LESASSIER.

Opelousas, June 28, 1883.

Proceedings of the Board of Police of the Town of Opelousas

OPELOUSAS, June 27th, 1883.

The Board of Police of the Town of Opelousas met pursuant to a call of the President. Present: James Ray, President; A. B. Chacheré, L. A. Sandoz, Felix Lesassier, and B. Martin.

The President announced that the Board had been called for the purpose of taking into consideration the prayer of two petitions of the citizens of the town of Opelousas, reading as follows:

To the Board of Police of the Town of Opelousas, St. Landry Parish, Louisiana:

We, the undersigned taxpayers and citizens of the town of Opelousas, in order to relieve the town of the expense of keeping parties in jail who violate its ordinances and are unable to pay the fines imposed, and in order to have the streets of our town kept in better repair, respectfully pray—

That the charter of the town of Opelousas be so amended as to vest in the Board of Police the power to make parties work upon the streets who are unable to pay the fine, in cases wherein there has been a violation of some town ordinance and the penalty is fine or imprisonment.

H. E. Estorge,	Jos V. Roy,
Elie McDaniel,	J. Meyers & Co,
W. A. Robertson,	Alphonse Levy,
Wm. R. Cochran,	R Chacheré,
Laurent Dupré,	Théodore Chacheré,
C. M. Thompson,	Chas. N. Ealer,
C. Roos,	L. Benjamin & Son,
Jos. Bloch,	C. L. Benjamin,
P. J. Lefebvre,	C. Mayo,
F. Delarue,	J. B. A Fontenot,
J. Roos,	R. Bodemuller,
D. Roos,	E. W. Roy,
Ad. Menard,	A. Garrigues,
J. Dantin,	W. M. Thompson,
E. Latreyte,	W. M. Price,
E. B. Thayer,	C. B. Andrus,
F. F. Halphen,	F. F. Perrodin,
J. C. Gibbs,	F. Bolland,
R. H. Littell,	C. Mornhinveg, Jr,
G. W. Hudspeth,	J P Mizzi,
Chas W. DuRoy,	Geo. Lastrapes,
A. H. Mouton,	A V Lastrapes,
W. B. Lewis,	Henry McGaffey,
M. Green,	C. L. Hayes,
A. M. Lacombe,	L. I. Tansey,
M. A. Medicis,	A E McKinney,
Theodore Simms,	B F Meginley,
Arthur Déjean,	Joseph A Gil,
Henry Déjean,	B Martel,
P. Del Buono,	A J Perrault,
Jos. V. Richard,	S Firnberg,
Phéophile Hollier,	W C Perrault,
A. Perrodin,	John N Ogden,
J. Perrodin,	D P C Hill,
Jno Mornhinveg,	Martin Budd,
Conrad Brand,	Turner Sanders,
W. S. Frazee,	John Estorge,
Jos. Lassalle,	Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Ducharme,	Geo C Pulford,
S Jacob,	Henry Jones,
J M White,	J S Perkins,
Geo Pulford,	Alex Andrus,
R Mornhinveg,	Campbell McNeil,
S Isaac,	W A Sandoz,
J Jagou,	W O Posey,
Louis Pucheu,	John Morris,
Jas A Groves, Jr,	Jacques Donato,
Jas A Groves, Sr,	Charles Winkinson,
C Deitlein,	Henry Thomas,
Ant Deitlein,	Leodore Skinner,
	Joseph Sarraille.

To the Hon. President and Members Board of Police, Town of Opelousas:

The undersigned citizens of the town of Opelousas represent that, as no ordinance exists in relation to the punishment of vagrants and tramps, that your Hon. Board take the same into consideration and pass such an ordinance as may compel such parties, when found guilty by any legally constituted authority of an infraction of the law in regard to vagrancy, to pay a fine to be fixed by the Board, and in default of payment they be compelled to work upon the streets of the town at a fixed sum per day until such fine be paid.

E. P. Veazie,	Jacques Donato,
Jules L. Chacheré,	Thomas Yancey,
C. C. Duson,	Andrew Damas,
L Berbail,	Turner Sanders,
Octave Fontenot,	Robert Scott,
Joseph Ducharme,	Thompson & McDaniel,
F E Bailey,	
C Mornhinveg, Jr,	L B Cuny,
P J Lefebvre,	Jos Bloch,
T B Brooks,	Solomon Bloch,
Geo C Pulford,	Joseph Sarraille,
A H Mouton,	M A Medicis,
Geo Lastrapes,	F Bolland,
A J Bercier,	C Brand,
J M Hayes,	Alex Lejeune,
C Roos,	A Donato,
W O Posey,	Jules Gil,
J C Gibbs,	W C Perrault,
John Estorge,	Jos A Gil,
J B A Fontenot,	R Mornhinveg,
B Martel,	Geo Pulford,
Gus E Fontenot,	D Roos
A E McKinney,	J Roos,
F A King,	J Dantin,
W S Frazee,	F F Halphen,
C B Andrus,	H E Estorge
Jno Mornhinveg,	J V Roy,
Jos V Richard,	W A Bonnet,
Theo Hollier,	J L Cahanin,
W M Price,	J Meyers & Co,
C Mayo,	Chas N Ealer,
J S Davis,	Théodore Chacheré,
J E Estorge,	Robert Chacheré,
C Mornhinveg, Sr,	Wm R Cochran,
Louis Pucheu,	Gaston A Guidry,
J Jagou,	W M Johnston,
P Del Buono,	Edward Jones,
S Isaac,	W A Sandoz,
L Benjamin,	J B Sandoz,
C L Benjamin,	L A Black,
E W Roy,	S Jacob,
Chas W DuRoy,	Wm A Robertson,
John N Ogden,	Leodore Skinner,
J C Cappel,	Saml M Peters,
Jas A Groves, Jr,	N E Dolhonde,
O M Boagni,	Geo W Moriarty,
L Pasquier,	E Latreyte,
A Perrodin,	A M Lacombe,
Victor Lastrapes,	Theo Lachapelle,
Felix Lastrapes,	T B Simms,
Felix Touriac,	B F Meginley,
A Perry,	Kenneth Baillio,
	Laurent Dupré.

Thereupon, the following ordinances, having been read twice, as required by law, were unanimously adopted:

AN ORDINANCE No. 1.

Amendatory to the provisions of the existing ordinances of the town of Opelousas, and imposing upon parties violating any of the provisions thereof to work upon the public improvements of the town.

Be it ordained by the Board of Police of the town of Opelousas, that from and after due publication according to law and its adoption by the legally qualified voters of the town of Opelousas, that in all cases of a violation of the provisions of the now existing ordinances of the town, where fine is now imposed, and in default of the payment of the same, imprisonment in the parish jail, that said party or parties so offending and found guilty shall be compelled to work upon the public improvements of the said town.

Be it further ordained, that the fine so imposed is to be within the discretion of the President of the Board of Police or any other duly qualified authority before whom said party or parties may be tried and found guilty, and is to be not less than $2.50 nor more than $25.

Be it further ordained, that the party or parties so tried and sentenced shall be required to work on said public works ten hours per day, and shall be allowed at the rate of $1 per day as a compensation until said fine shall be extinguished.

Be it further ordained, that this ordinance shall be submitted to the legally qualified voters of the town of Opelousas at an election to be called by the President of the said Board under existing laws, and if the same be adopted by a majority of the said voters the same to become an amendment to the present charter of the town of Opelousas.

Be it further ordained, that any ordinance or part of ordinance in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be amended so as to correspond and harmonize with the same, and that the same shall take effect from and after its legal publication and adoption by the legally qualified voters of said town.

AN ORDINANCE No. 2.

For the prevention of vagrancy and setting forth penalties for same.

Be it ordained by the Board of Police of the town of Opelousas, that all idle persons who, not having visible means to maintain themselves, live without employment; all persons wandering abroad and lodging in market places, sheds, barns, uninhabited buildings, or in the open air, and not giving a good account of themselves; all persons wandering abroad and begging, or who go from door to door, or who place themselves in the streets, passages, or other public places, to beg or receive alms, shall be deemed vagrants.

Be it further ordained, that it shall be the duty of the Constable or any of his deputies, whenever requested by any person, to arrest such vagrant and take him before the President of the Board of Police or any other legally constituted authority, for the purpose of investigation; and if the President of the Board of Police or other legally constituted authority be satisfied by the admissions of the offender, or by competent testimony, that he is a vagrant within the description aforesaid, he may fine or imprison such vagrant, the fine not to exceed $25, and he may cause such vagrant to work upon the streets or other public works, at the rate of $1 per day until the fine imposed shall have been paid; and if such vagrant be a proper object of charity, he shall send him to such place of refuge as shall be provided by the Board of Police of said town.

Be it further ordained, that said ordinance be submitted to the legally qualified voters of the town of Opelousas at an election to be called by the President of the said Board under existing laws, and if the same be adopted by a majority of the said voters the same to become an amendment to the present charter of the town of Opelousas.

On motion of Mr. Martin, Messrs. A. B. Chacheré, L. A. Sandoz and C. Mayo were appointed to wait upon Mr. J. W. Jackson and ascertain from him the terms on which Market street may be opened through his property.

On motion the Board adjourned.

JAMES RAY, President.
Attest: C. MAYO, Clerk.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

TO the qualified electors of the town of Opelousas:

Take notice that an election will be held in said town, at the Court House, on TUESDAY, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1883, for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting the provisions of Ordinances No. 1 and No. 2, this day passed by the Board of Police of said town.

The polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 5 o'clock p. m., and be supervised by the following commissioners: Bernard Martin, W. C. Perrault and Joseph A. Gil.

JAS. RAY, President,
Board of Police, Town of Opelousas.
Opelousas, June 27, 1883. jy7-5t

J. B. CLEMENTS,

COURIER BUILDING, MAIN ST.,

Opelousas, La.

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Coffee, Sugar, Lard, Flour Rice, Tea, Grits, Soap, Starch, Blueing, Spices, Pickles, Yeast Powders, Sweet Oil, Chocolates, Candies. Coal oil, Canned Goods of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco—Smoking and Chewing, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Tinware, Crockeryware, Glassware, Claret, Beer, &c., &c.

First-Class Goods at Lowest Cash Prices.

PLEASE GIVE ME A CALL.

A. A. MOUTON,

COTTON AND SUGAR FACTOR

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 38 Union Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

Orders filled at the Lowest Market Prices.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A NEW town residence, neat and convenient, suitable for a small family, with two acres of land, enclosed. Will be sold cheap, or rented low to a good tenant.

Apply at this office.

OPELOUSAS FEMALE INSTITUTE

Opelousas, St. Landry Parish, La.

THIS Institution will resume duties Monday, September 3d, 1883, under the immediate supervision of Mrs. M. M. HAYES and Mrs. M. A. DAVIS, with competent assistants. The scholastic year consists of forty weeks.

TERMS OF TUITION:

Preparatory Department, per month..	$ 2 50
Academic " " "	3 00
Music, with use of Piano, " "	6 00
Boarding, including Washing, Lights and Fuel, " "	16 00
Embroidery, Wax Flowers, Painting, Drawing, each, extra,	10 00
Incidental Fee,	1 00

DISCIPLINE:

The government of this School is strict but parental; no hard tasks or restrictions are imposed, but every student *must* comply with the rules, and must prepare, up to the measure of her ability, the lessons assigned.

Our course of study and mode of instruction are designed to train the mind to habits of correct thinking and thorough investigation. No student will be allowed to enter higher classes without thorough preparation. Parents and guardians may rest assured that the manners, health and morals of their children and wards shall receive due attention.

No deduction for absence, unless in case of protracted illness. The location of this town is healthful and easy of access. The boarding department is under the immediate charge of Mrs. Hayes. Boarders will provide themselves with blankets and towels.

For particulars, address

MRS. M. M. HAYES,
July 28-83-nov25-79. *Principal.*

LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY

——AND——

Agricultural and Mechanical College,

Baton Rouge, La.

Session of 1883-84 Begins October 5th.

THE Curriculum embraces a wide range of Scientific and Literary studies, including special courses in Agriculture and Mechanics. Location healthy. **Tuition Free.** All expenses except clothes and books need not exceed $200.

For catalogue address:

J. W. NICHOLSON,
ag4tf President.

AUCTION.

To All Whom It May Concern:

WILL be sold at public auction, on SATURDAY, August 4, 1883, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House,

A LARGE BLACK BULL,

about 5 years old, branded about thus: 4

Said bull, owner unknown, is taken up by order of the Mayor of the town of Opelousas as a very dangerous animal.

W. M. JOHNSTON,
Opelousas, Aug 4, 1883.] Constable.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

A HOUSE with four acres of land, one mile from Rayne Station. The house is small but comfortable—two rooms, with garret, gallery and chimney. A good well on the premises. Also, 100 acres of rich prairie land in Coulée Croche, in sight of railroad, convenient to schools and churches. Apply at this office. jue23-tf

Cane Mill for Sale.

CAPACITY two hogsheads per day; horse-power; in good order. Original cost $300; will be sold for $100 cash.

Apply at this office. ag4tf

COTTON PLANTERS NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the planters of St. Landry that he is the sole agent for the sale of, and has on hand a number of the celebrated GULLETT LIGHT DRAFT MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN, Feeder and Condenser, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. The Magnolia Gin has come in competition with nearly every other gin on the market, at State Fairs, etc., and *in every instance has beaten all competitors*, and taken the honors for *fine samples, light draft*, and *quick and good work*. Call and examine the gins at my store, corner Main and Landry streets. Circulars containing testimonials of planters who have used these celebrated and improved gins will be furnished on application. THEO. CHACHERE.

Opelousas, July 21, 1883. 6m

For Rent.

THE eligibly situated business stand at the corner of Court and Landry streets, near the Court House, lately occupied by Camille Roos. Possession given immediately.

Apply to P. J. LEFEBVRE.
Opelousas, June 2, 1883. tf

Louis Pucheu,

Main Street.....Opelousas

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Hardware, Tinware,

Glassware, Crockeryware, Graniteware, Fresh and Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Nuts, &c.

Paints, Oils, Heating Stoves,

And the celebrated

Charter Oak

And other Cooking Stoves.

Refreshment Saloon adjoining, completely stocked with the purest and best of liquors.

——ALSO——

BEER ON ICE.

☞ *Highest Market Prices paid for Hides, Wool, Poultry, &c., and all Country Produce.*

NEWS! NEWS!

New Store! New Goods! New Prices!

The New Orleans Cheap Store,

Main St., opposite Postoffice, Opelousas,

JUST opened with a complete assortment of fresh goods—DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, Etc., Etc., which is offered at

New Orleans Prices, for Cash

ALL are invited to call and examine my goods and ascertain my prices before purchasing—it will cost nothing and you will save money by so doing.

☞ *Highest cash prices paid for Moss, Hides, Wool, and all Country Produce.*

ETIENNE LATREYTE.
Opelousas, Nov. 13, 1881. 3m

OPELOUSAS TIN SHOP.

Next to Pulford's Saddler Shop,

Main street, Opelousas.

ALL kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper work done, at cheap prices and at short notice. Guttering a specialty.

WM. LIGHTLEY.
Opelousas, Feb. 25, 1883.

JOSEPH CORBET,

Undertaker.

COFFINS of all descriptions on hand and made to order, at moderate prices. Shop on North street, near Union, in rear of C. Deitlein's grocery. dec9tf

JUDICIAL NOTICES

PUBLIC SALE.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4433

ESTATE OF EMILIE CHACHERE.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administratrix or a duly qualified auctioneer, on the hereinafter described premises, in the town of Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, on *WEDNESDAY*, August 29, 1883, the following described property, belonging to the estate of Emilie Chacheré, deceased, to-wit:

One half arpent of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the town of Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, bounded north by lot lately sold to D. G. Parker, south by lot of Léon Boutté, west by Main street and east by Union street, being same property purchased by deceased in 1836 or 1837, by act before Pierre Labyche.

Terms and Conditions.—One hundred dollars of the purchase price payable cash, one hundred dollars on the 1st of May, 1884, and the balance in one and two years from day of sale. Purchaser to furnish two good securities to the satisfaction of the administratrix; the property remaining specially mortgaged unto the estate, and vendor's lien reserved on the property until paid; notes to bear eight per cent interest from date, to be made payable to order of purchaser and endorsed by him. EMMA MARTEL,

July 28, 1883. Administratrix.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

District Court, Parish St. Landry, No. 12764

Adrien Iselin, for use &c., vs. E. K. Anderson et als.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued by the Hon. the District Court in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled suit and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the principal door of the Court House in the town of Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, on *SATURDAY*, the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1883, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to-wit:

The title, interest and rights (which is the undivided two-thirds) of Mrs. Ann E. Hardy widow of Nathaniel Offutt, in and to the following property, to-wit: Two lots of ground and improvements thereon, bounded north by Carriere street, south by —— Lalanne, east by Elbert Gantt, west by —— Tesson, situated in the town of Washington.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash. C. C. DUSON,
Sheriff of the parish of St. Landry

Opelousas, July 28, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

District Court, Parish St. Landry, No. 12546

Cornelius Donato vs. S. W. White.

By virtue of an order of seizure and sale issued by the Honorable the District Court in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled suit and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the principal door of the Court House, in the town of Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, on *SATURDAY*, August 4th, 1883, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to-wit:

1. A certain piece of land situated east, and near the town of Opelousas, measuring ten superficial arpents, more or less, bounded north by lands of Louis Prud'homme, south by lands formerly belonging to Mrs. Clément Hellier's mother, now to T. C. Anderson, west by land formerly belonging to Désiré Godet, now to Joseph Wallis, and east by land formerly belonging to Thomas H. Lewis.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash. C. C. DUSON,
Sheriff of the parish of St. Landry.

Opelousas, June 30, 1883.

PUBLIC SALE.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4435

ESTATE OF CHARLES L. STEWART.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. the District Court in and for the parish of St. Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator, or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the store of D. P. Saizan, in Barry's Landing, parish aforesaid, on *WEDNESDAY*, the 8th day of AUGUST, 1883, the following described property, belonging to the estate of Charles L. Stewart, deceased, to-wit:

One cross-cut saw; one shot gun; one brown beef; fifty-nine ash logs, and many other articles. Terms Cash.

D. P. SAIZAN, Admr.

July 28, 1883.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4444

ESTATE OF CLEMENTINE DERBANNE.

Whereas, Augustin Godeau, of St. Landry has applied by his petition to be appointed administrator of the estate of Clémentine Derbbanne, deceased, late of the parish of St. Landry;

Therefore, any person intending to make opposition to said appointment will file the same in writing, in my office, in the town of Opelousas, within ten days from the present notice.

JAMES O. CHACHERE,
July 28, 1883. Clerk.

NOTICE OF TABLEAU.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4167

ESTATE OF JEAN BTE. CHAPMAN AND WIFE, THERESE HEBERT.

Whereas, J. B. Rongeau, of the parish of St. Landry, administrator, has filed a final tableau of the above entitled estate, accompanied by his petition praying for the homologation of the same;

And whereas, notice of filing of said petition and tableau has been ordered by an order of court bearing date July, 18, 1883;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons interested to make opposition to said account, in writing, at my office, in the town of Opelousas, within the time required by law, why said tableau should not be homologated and confirmed. JAMES O. CHACHERE,

July 21, 1883. Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Magistrate's Court, 4th Ward, Parish St. Landry. No. 360.

Mrs. Eugene Petetin vs. Alexandre Thibodeau.

By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. issued out of the 4th Magistrate's Court, in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in the town of Grand Coteau, parish of St. Landry, on *WEDNESDAY*, August 8th, 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

The undivided one-half of a bale of cotton weighing 500 pounds, more or less.

One bay creole mare.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash. J. W. GARDINER,
July 28, 1883 Deputy Sheriff.

J. T. STEWART,

Carpenter and Builder.

EVERY description of carpenter work done on short notice and at reasonable prices.

Terms Invariably Cash.

Opelousas, Sept 16*

WANTED.

A POSITION as agent or clerk by a well known gentleman who can influence custom. For particulars apply at this office.

June 23, 1883. tf