The Opelousas Courier.

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Opelousas Courier.

Official Journal of the Parish of St. Landry.

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY

LEONCE & L. A. SANDOZ.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY, : : JANUARY 29, 1887.

Remember the auction sale of groceries to-day at P. A. Juge's store.

A highly interesting letter from Crowley is published in another column.

A meeting of the Parish School Board takes place to-day. See notice in another column.

The attention of State and parish license payers is called to the notice of the tax collector in another column.

Mr. Emanuel Phillips, some years ago a prominent Opelousas merchant, died in New Orleans last week, aged 45.

Begin your spring garden now. Plant Irish potatoes, English peas, mustard, shallots, spinach, turnips, &c.

The grand entertainment and ball of the Cotton Pickers' Club comes off at Washington, at Perseverance Hall, next Tuesday evening, the 1st of February.

Tickets for Crowley, good until Feb. 15th, will be sold at the depot here on and after the 8th, at the low rate of $1.50 for the round trip. A large crowd will doubtless be on hand to attend the great sale of lands and town lots there on the 10th, 11th and 12th.

Our neighbors of Washington are making extensive preparations for a magnificent Mardi Gras display on the 22d of February. That lively and energetic organization, the Cotton Pickers' Club, have taken hold of the matter with their usual vim, and the public of St. Landry and adjoining parishes may depend on a display on the 22d well worth witnessing.

Under the head of "Let us boom one another," the Iberia Enterprise has the following, which the business men of Opelousas would do well to read and consider well: "It is to be hoped that among the many good resolutions the good people of New Iberia have made, this New Year, and one they are determined to keep, is to advertise in the Enterprise, and give us such substantial support that will enable us to boom. Then in return we will boom each individual in particular and the town in general."

NECROLOGY.—The Rev. Father Geo. S. Rapier, President of Jefferson College, St. James parish, died on Monday, the 24th inst., aged 34 years. He was distinguished alike for his great attainments as an educator and as a theologian, and enjoyed a wide-spread popularity in both spheres of his usefulness. He was the brother of Thos. G. Rapier, Esq., manager of the N. O. Picayune.

John Sullivan, the slugger, in his last bout with Cardiff broke his left arm over the head of his opponent in the first round, and as a consequence, was knocked out by Cardiff in the sixth round, losing stakes. Yet he received $4,500 of the gate money to console him for his few days' suffering. That was a good balm for temporary defeat.

A party of eight highwaymen robbed a passenger train of over $20,000 on last Monday night, near Gordon, Tex. They did not disturb the passengers, but confined themselves to the express and mail car. Hereafter all night trains will carry a strong guard of picked men armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers, and the "knights of the road" will not have such an easy time in the future.

The new town of Crowley is *crowing*, growing, booming and building, and on the 10th, 11th and 12th of February, after the sale of lots and lands, like Mercury "who sprang full fledged from the brain of Jove," houses will spring up like magic, transforming the quiet prairie landscape into a little city of bustle, noise and business. The name of Crowley is already known from Texas to the Northern lakes, and on the days of sales of lots and lands an army of buyers will be on hand to invest their money. A large number of persons from Opelousas will be there and scores of investors from other States.

Last Tuesday's Picayune was an issue of unusual interest, it being the semi-centennial of that old and popular journal, containing a fac-simile copy of the first daily Picayune published on Jan. 25th, 1837, with wood cuts of the first proprietors—F. A. Lumsden and George W. Kendall; also of their successors, seriatim, to the present time, viz.: A. M. Holbrook, A. C. Bullitt, S. F. Wilson, Mrs. E. J. Nicholson and George Nicholson, and a full history of the paper during its existence of fifty years. We wish our esteemed contemporary a flood-tide of prosperity to a centennial celebration, nay, to an indefinite age of prolonged usefulness and uninterrupted success.

WEATHER AND FARM.—A heavy rain fell on last Saturday night, but the wind shifted north and it has been clear and pleasant since Sunday. We understand that there was a flood of rain, attended with hail, in the vicinity of Prud'homme City the same night, overflowing all the gullies and bayous in that section of the parish.

Active farm work has been going on for several days past, clearing up fields, opening ditches, repairing fences, and many farmers have started their plows. The opinion prevails among old farmers that this will be a good crop year, with an early spring, and good seasons for planting and cultivating the various crops. At any rate, our planters have began work vigorously, and with such bright hopes to animate them, they will doubtless make very good crops even if the seasons should not prove so auspicious.

Vacancy at West Point.

The following important information is conveyed in a communication to one of our citizens from Adjutant General Drum, of the War Department at Washington, under date of Jan. 22: "An invitation to nominate a cadet candidate for the 6th District of Louisiana (vice H. A. Tanner, deficient at January examination), was extended to Hon. A. B. Irion, M. C., Jan. 21st, 1887."

Applications should be made direct to Mr. Irion at as early a date as possible. Some important information relative to the appointment and admission of cadets to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point will be cheerfully furnished on application at this office.

On last Monday, in the discussion of the Senate bill in Congress on the Canadian Fishery question, Senator Ingalls of Kansas and Senator Frye of Maine, particularly, gave the British government some heavy raps on its proverbial bad faith and insincerity with the United States, and its oppressive and tyrannical conduct towards Ireland, Scotland and other weaker nations. While greater moderation characterized the utterances of other Senators, yet all were in favor of our government taking a firm and decided stand in protecting the rights of American fishermen in Canadian waters and a due observance of the treaty of 1818 between the two governments on this subject. To secure this object, a bill passed the Senate placing an embargo on all Canadian fishing vessels entering American ports to dispose of their cargos, leaving its enforcement, however, discretionary with the President, in order to secure a proper observance of the reciprocity treaty which of late has been so often grossly violated. There is no question but what the bill will pass the House and receive the signature of the President.

The Backbone Land Grant

Senators Edmunds and Eustis were able to rally but eleven votes in the Senate against a partial confirmation of the backbone land grant job. The bill as passed declares forfeited only the lands east of the Mississippi, and confirms to the New Orleans and Pacific the remainder of the grant it bought from the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Company, which never built a mile of road. An amendment protecting the rights of settlers within the limits of the grant was incorporated in the bill, but its passage even in that shape was an *ex post facto* ratification of one of the most audacious and barefaced land grab frauds that was ever perpetrated in this country. There are too many millionaires in the Senate who owe their overgrown fortunes to just such rascally legislation.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Dem.

As other accounts of the proceedings in the Senate upon the Backbone Land Grant bill made Senator Eustis figure in the role of the poor boy at the frolic, we deem it due to that gentlemen to reproduce the version of the occurrence which is given in the following special to the Times-Democrat:

Washington, Jan. 18.—An account will be found in the Congressional proceedings of the passage of the Backbone grant bill in the Senate to-day. So far as this Congress is concerned it has received final action. One point, however, not explained in the regular report is this: At the time that Senator Eustis offered the amendment declaring the forfeiture of the grant and providing for the confirmation of the title by purchase from the railroad, he gave notice that he, if that amendment was voted down, would offer an amendment protecting the settlers upon the granted lands up to the time of the definite location of the road. Before the vote was taken on the forfeiture amendment Senator Gibson introduced the same amendment which Senator Eustis had given notice that he would offer, and under the ruling of the Chair, as that amendment was an amendment to the original text of the bill, the vote had first to be taken on it before a vote could be taken on the forfeiture amendment. Senator Eustis did not raise the question of priority under the notice that he had given, as the amendment which was offered by Senator Gibson, and which he himself would have offered, were to the same purpose.

Special to The Times-Democrat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—By concurring in the Senate amendments to the Backbone Railroad bill the House finally disposed today of the matter. The bill now goes to the President for his signature. The final result can be summed up thus: Both houses of Congress refused to forfeit that portion of the grant claimed by the New Orleans Pacific road, and confirmed the claim of that road. Settlers on the grant are protected as follows: All who were on the land at the date of the definite location of the railroad, October, 1881, and who are otherwise entitled to the protection of the homestead laws, are permitted to take their land under the homestead laws. All who have gone upon the land after the date of definite location, and up to and inclusive of the year 1884, are protected by the Blanchard-Robertson agreement.

Senator Gibson has taken exception to the dispatch sent to The Times-Democrat on the night of the 18th inst., relating to the amendment to the bill protecting the settlers. When Senator Eustis gave notice of his intended amendment, Senator Gibson, it appears, was not present, and consequently did not know that Senator Eustis had given the notice. It seems that he had previously notified Senator Eustis that he intended opposing the amendment. The reason Senator Eustis gave notice was because he had made the bill a special order and had called it up. The object of the dispatch was to show that Senator Eustis equally intended to protect the settlers, and not to criticise the course of Senator Gibson.

A GREAT BOON

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" produces a wonderful effect, causing an easy and quick labor, greatly lessens the suffering, and leaves the mother in a condition to recover quickly.

Send for our Treatise on Woman. Mailed free to any address.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold P. Young & Co.

M. Vanderpool, war correspondent of the Paris Figaro, who served that paper in the Russo-Turkish and other campaigns, and who is at present in New York, received a cablegram from the Figaro the other day saying that war is imminent and inevitable, and ordering him to sail for Paris not later than Feb. 15.

That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by M. P. Young & Co.

Rayne Signal: There is not a house in town to rent and improvements of all kinds are steadily going on.—A gentleman from Vermilion parish has located a site for, and will shortly establish, a nursery near town.

Shiloh's Cough and Consumption cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by M. P. Young & Co.

A Boom at Crowley.

THE NEW TOWN IN THE NEW PARISH OF ACADIA.

A correspondent of the Times-Democrat writing from Crowley, Acadia parish, La., on Jan. 21, says:

Crowley is a very different looking place now from the hypothetical town it was a few weeks ago. It is the busiest little nucleus of village progress I have seen for a good while. The side-track has a number of cars on it, and the emptied are going and the loaded ones coming with lumber. A force is always at work by day at the cars, unloading and stacking lumber, and several teams are busy hauling it to the different buildings in course of erection. I rode down to crowley from Rayne, with Sheriff C. C. Duson. As we alighted from the cars I was so pleased with the air of push and the brisk and busy look of things that I inquired how many hands he had employed. * * * To be sure, seventy busy men are not many; but out on the almost naked prairie and in the young life of the place it is very impressive. It has a very emphatic air of saying "We mean business." It shows the outside world that these town-projectors have money and mean to spend it, and I think there are very few people now who sneer at Crowley. The truth is, to use the parlance of every day, "everybody is talking about it." Next week I presume there will be nearly 100 men at work in the town, as workers are coming in every day. A force of carpenters from a distance went up on the same train with me to build two houses for a gentleman from some town in the State, he being one of several who has accepted the company's offer of a donation of lots to those who would build within a certain time.

There are men at work on the depot, schoolhouse, blacksmith shop, large livery stable, company's store, a coffee-house and a cottage. Next week work will start on two stores and an office, and if the men can be found, then push the hotel—with its foundation now laid. As soon as possible the rice-mill will be built. This is the cardinal feature of the town, to make it a business place.

The Southwestern Land Company are popularizing this movement and their town, too, by inducing rice raisers to take stock. If these can't pay money, the company advance it and wait for their pay in future deliveries of rice from the forthcoming crop. This is a very shrewd move. It will bring business to the town, will make all the stockholders interested in Crowley and will tend to make them vote for the town as the capital of the parish. The projectors of Crowley are now avowed candidates for the suffrages of the parish in favor of Crowley for the parish seat. The gentlemen (or at least the following members) of the Southwestern Louisiana Land Company have agreed to give $5000 to the parish if the town shall be made the parish seat, to-wit: Alphonse Levy, C. C. Duson, Joseph Bloch, Julius Meyers, Henry L. Garland, E. D. Estilette and Albert Guidry. All these are of Opelousas. I understand two or three wealthy firms (owners of stock in the company) of New Orleans will contribute if necessary—possibly are contributors already. Anyhow, Crowley has entered the lists.

I can't tell what Crowley may be or how fast it may grow, but it is quite certain that it is raising a racket. Mr. W. W. Duson told me a moment ago that this morning's mail brought him twenty-seven inquiries. Sheriff C. C. Duson told me that if he had not absolutely declined he could have sold 200 lots in the town. The company are rather criticised by some of their friends for not selling now, but the gentlemen comprising it are both wise and honorable in their pledges to the public, and very few lots will be disposed of before the sale, which opens on Feb. 10 next.

Next week tree-planting commences. Miles of streets have been laid off and ditched. A road-making machine will soon put in its work; and, by the day of sale, miles of beautiful, tree-planted streets will be seen. The main street will have four rows of trees in it, with a reserved promenade in the middle of it, and a street on either side.

Lumber is being sold at cost.

A brick-yard is soon to be started, and bricks are sold at cost.

Crowley will soon have a postoffice and be made a polling place.

The excursion rates (round trip) from New Orleans to Crowley and back will be at the exceedingly low rate of $4. An admirable plan will be fixed, and hotels along the line will be easily reached by excursionists. Trains will run so as to drop off parties at such towns as they please after the sales close each day. The sales will continue three days, Feb. 10, 11 and 12. It is highly probable that a considerable number will come from New Orleans.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by M. P. Young & Co.

Some outrageous things are done by officials vested with judicial functions. There is a story of a case in a Louisiana parish where when the Supreme Court of the State had refused to reverse a decision which consigned a criminal to capital punishment, the police jury of the parish took up the matter and annulling all decree, set the man free. We do not vouch for the story however.—N. O. Picayune.

Well, the Picayune ought to vouch for it, and then swear that Gov. McEnery was the President of that Police Jury.—Thibodaux Sentinel.

Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cts. Nasal injector free. Sold by M. P. Young & Co.

Prominent Citizens Indicted.

Special to The Times-Democrat.

NEW IBERIA, Jan. 25.—The report of the grand jury was made public today, and verified the rumor that a number of well-known citizens will be made to give account of themselves. Among those which caused much comment are the indictments of members of the Fontelieu family. Ex-Judge Theodore Fontelieu stands accused of obtaining money under false pretenses. Albert and Charles Fontelieu, sons of the judge, have against them, respectively, two and thirteen indictments for embezzlement. Messrs. H. F. Duperier, J. C. M. Robertson and H. Mason have to answer the charge of violating the Sunday law. Judge Mouton set the bail at $300 for each offence, and all the parties will furnish it.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by M. P. Young & Co.

Lieut. Greely of Arctic fame, and a native of this State will probably be appointed to succeed the late Gen. Hazen.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by M. P. Young & Co.

Proceedings of the Police Jury.

OPELOUSAS, La., Jan. 17th, 1887.

The Police Jury met pursuant to adjournment. Present: Albert Guidry, President; A. Perrodin, D. P. Saizan, W. C. Gordon, E. Dubuisson, Sam Haas and L. Young.

On motion it was resolved, That we approve and adopt as an ordinance of the Police Jury of the parish of St. Landry, Act No. 111 of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, adopted July 8th, 1886, which reads as follows, viz.:

AN ACT

To encourage sheep husbandry, to protect sheep from the ravages of dogs, to make it a misdemeanor to knowingly own or keep a sheep-killing dog, and to provide a penalty for the same; and to invest police juries with power to pass certain ordinances, to declare the violation of such ordinances a misdemeanor, and to provide the punishment thereof.

WHEREAS, Many portions of this State are well adapted to sheep husbandry; and,

WHEREAS, This industry would greatly prosper and would be a source of great profit but for the ravages of dogs; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana*, That the police juries of the several parishes of this State are hereby authorized to pass all such ordinances as they may deem necessary to encourage sheep husbandry, to protect sheep from the ravages of dogs, and to impose such fines and penalties to enforce said ordinances as they may deem proper, to be recovered by ordinary process before any court of competent jurisdiction, in the name of the police jury of the parish.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, Whoever shall violate any ordinance of a police jury passed pursuant to the foregoing section of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not exceeding thirty days, or both, at the discretion of the court; provided, that the imposition of a fine by civil process shall not be a bar to a prosecution under this section, nor shall a prosecution under this section, bar a civil proceeding to recover a fine as provided in section one of this act.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That upon the petition of not less than fifty taxpayers of any parish it shall be the duty of the police jury to pass and it shall pass the ordinances authorized and contemplated by this act; and the said police juries shall have the power, and it shall be their duty to devise ways and means to destroy dogs owned or kept contrary to their said ordinances, and at the expense of the parish, if necessary.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted etc.*, That no damages shall be awarded against any person who shall kill any dog owned or kept in defiance of said police jury ordinances, or which shall have killed, or maimed, or bit any sheep or lamb, and if sued he shall have the right to recouvene, wherever the plaintiff may reside, and if the defendant shall prevail in the suit he shall recover against the plaintiff, ten times the amount of damages done by said dog, for the benefit of the owner of the sheep injured, and cost of suit, and also a reasonable amount for the expenses, loss and attorney's fees, incurred by the defendant, which shall be collected as cost.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted etc.*, That if any dog, owned or kept in violation of the police jury ordinances authorized by this act, shall injure any person or property, the person injured or the owner of the property injured shall recover against the owner or keeper of said dog, five times the amount of damages sustained and cost, together with a reasonable amount for his attorney's fees and necessary expenses, which shall be collected as cost.

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That if any dog shall kill, maim or bite any sheep or lamb the owner of the same shall recover from the owner or keeper of said dog, ten times the amount of damages sustained and cost, together with a reasonable amount for his necessary expenses, loss of time and attorney's fees, incurred by such suit, which shall be collected as cost.

SEC. 7. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That whoever shall knowingly own or keep any dog which shall have killed or maimed or bit any sheep or lamb, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction be fined not less than twenty-five dollars, or imprisoned not less than thirty days, or both, at the discretion of the court. Credible information from others, verified by oath and communicated to the owner or keeper of said dog, and strong circumstantial evidence, as well as the personal experience of such owner or keeper, shall constitute knowledge in the sense of this section. A prosecution under this section shall not bar any civil proceeding authorized by this act, nor shall such civil proceeding bar said prosecution.

SEC. 8. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That all laws and parts of laws contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

The Police Jury adjourned till Tuesday, the 18th, at 10 a. m.

ALBERT GUIDRY, President.

Attest: P. J. LEFEBVRE, Clerk.

OPELOUSAS, La., Jan. 18th, 1887.

The Police Jury met pursuant to adjournment. Present: A. Guidry, President; A. Perrodin, D. P. Saizan, W. C. Gordon E. Dubuisson and Sam'l Haas.

The following budget for the year 1887, was adopted. Mr. Young objecting:

AN ORDINANCE.

On motion of Mr. Dubuisson, it was ordained that the sum of $34,100, Thirty-four Thousand One Hundred Dollars be, and the same is hereby assessed and levied as the amount of taxes to be collected for the services and expenses for the current year of 1887, and that the same be appropriated as follows:

Pay of Officers and Members	$ 2,000.00
" " Public Printer	350.00
" " Magistrates and Constables	3,700.00
" " District Attorney	600.00
" " Sheriff's Criminal Salary	1,500.00
" " Sheriff's Jail Salary	2,000.00
" " District Court Witnesses	1,500.00
" " Grand and Petit Jurors	1,500.00
Internal Improvements	11,350.00
Existing Debt	3,000.00
Outstanding Witness Certificate	1,000.00
Contingent Expenses	1,000.00
" " Assessor	1,300.00
Contingent Crim'l Expenses	2,000.00
" " Indigents	300.00
" " Collector	1,000.00
Total	$34,100.00

and that to secure that amount, a tax of (10) ten mills on the dollar is hereby levied on all property borne on the assessment roll of the parish, and not included on property on the assessment roll, situated within the incorporated towns of Opelousas, Washington, Grand Coteau, Ville Plate and Arnaudville; and that on the property situated within these incorporated towns, to defray their proportion of the expenses of the criminal proceedings, there be levied in accordance with Sec. 95 of the General Assembly of Louisiana, regular session of 1878, approved March 4th, 1878, a tax of (5) five mills on the dollar. The licenses for the parish for the current year of 1887, on all trades, professions, &c., shall be the same as those imposed by the State for the same current year, 1887.

The Police Jury proceeded to appoint the following road overseers:

ROAD OVERSEERS FOR FIRST WARD.

C. A. Frazee, from Calahan bridge to Tom Smith's south line;
John E. Wils, from Tom Smith's south line to Bellevue station;
W. O'Bier, from the Grand Coteau road to J. I. Smith's south line;
Théogène Richard, from Boudreau's bridge to John Higgins' south line;
John Higgins, from his south line to Opelousas and Bellevue road;
Marius Vidrine, from Bayou Petite Joe to the Ville Plate and Opelousas road;
T. Jay Lacy, from the Hollier's to Washington;
Charles Hollier, from Hollier's place to Opelousas;
Jean Jumère, from Garrigues bridge to Dr. Debaillon's bridge;
Willis Steven, from Washington and Ville Plate road to Garrigues bridge;
Alphonse Prud'homme, from Opelousas to Washington and Ville Plate road;
Dan F. Smith, from Nézat's bridge to Rider's bridge;
Jacob Vatter, from Opelousas and Washington road, at Dr. Bosgui's place, to little Tèche at Mrs. Mudd's;
J. O. Chacheré, from Opelousas to Nezat's store;
Lounillier, from Catholic Church to Joubert's bridge;
Gustave E. Dupré, from Opelousas and Ville Plate road to H. Lastrapes' west end;
François David, from Herbert's old place to Felix Déjean's bridge;
Budley Prator, from Nézat's to Lamorandier's bridge;
P. D. Williams, from Opelousas to Blanks lower line;
C. C. Duson, from Opelousas to Calahan's bridge;
Albert Ware, from Daly's upper line to M. J. McDowell;
Alexandre Stelly, from N. C. Devillier to Charles Gurtard;
James McClelland, from Felix Déjean's bridge to François Simien's bridge;
Ertemon Lafleur, from F. P. Pitre to school house;
———, from Coulon's bridge to Bayou Bourbeux;
A. H. Philipps, from Washington to Opelousas and Ville Plate road;
A. F. Williams, from Opelousas and Bellevue road to Opelousas and Plaquemine road;
Henry Gable, from Bellevue Station to Opelousas and Bellevue road;
Emile Poiret, from Opelousas and Ville Plate road via Poiret's to Washington;
L. Valin, from St. Cyr's place to Fisher and Maspero's place;
E. Déjean, from Nézat's store to Rider's bridge;
Edward Moreau, from François Simien's bridge to Mallet woods;
Joseph Olivier, from John Boudreau to Dr. Todd;
Homer Bourgeois, from Déjean's bridge to John Boudreau;

SECOND WARD.

Sylveste Smith, from Bellevue road to Grand Coteau;
Maurice Colomb, from Grand Coteau to Carencro bridge;
J. M. Burleigh, from Mrs. McPherson to Grand Coteau depot road near Joseph Miller;
Jean Domec, from Frozard's bridge to Grand Coteau;
John Darby, from Bayou Bourbeux to Grand Coteau depot;
Jules Richard, from Bourbeux and Grand Coteau road to J. P. Smith's old place;
John Hazlewood, from McDowell to J. P. Smith's place in Coulée Croche;
Adelma Guidry, from bridge on Carencro near O. Guidry, to Bellevue road near Chretien;
Emare Savoie, from Bourbeux bridge to parish line, near Higginbotham;
Monroe Higginbotham, from Théogène Daigle to parish line near N. V. Johnson;
Etienne Darby, from Ben Andrus to Abram Smith in Coulée Croche;

THIRD WARD.

B. A. Smith, from Arnaudville to Placide Robin—north bank;
André Mallet, jr., from Placide Robin to Jos. Camy's store—north bank.
Leon Mistric, from Jos. Camy's store to N. C. Devillier;
J. B. Roy, from Arnaudville to J. C. Spyrer—south bank;
Gabriel Lastrapes, from Spyrer to Wyble's bridge;
Joseph Mèche, from Frozard's bridge to Arnaudville;
Dupreville Mèche, from Frozard's bridge to Jos. Camy's store;
Ignace McBride, from N. C. Devillier to Port Barry;
Owen Mahon, from Port Barry to Chacheré's mill;
Valery Duplechain, from N. C. Devillier to Joseph Camy;
Alexis Moreau, from Louis Lalonde to Bayou Tèche;

FOURTH WARD.

H. N. Oden, from Atchafalaya to Faulkner's ferry;
B. F. Sherrouse, from Petit Prairie to Churchville;
C. S. Kay, from Churchville to Richard's store;
Ray Harvey, from Bayou Current levee to parish line;

FIFTH WARD.

W. L. Andrus, from Butler's place to parish line;
H. H. Burleigh, from Butler place to parish line;
B. F. Vannoy, from Butler's place to Bayou Bœuf;
R. W. Heath, from Big Cane bridge to McBride's landing;
J. T. Heath, from McBride's landing to Rathledge's lower line;
S. O. Andrus, from Cason's lower line to Fogleman's via Richard's store;
Ovide Bush, from Tarver's place to Bush line;
J. A. Boyd, from Baptist Church bridge to parish line;
John Humble, from Washington to Hudspeth bridge—east bank;
J. M. Roberts, Jr, from Hudspeth bridge to Catholic Church;
A. D. Savant, from Catholic Church to Whiteville;
J. E. Bacon, from Whiteville to parish line;
Thomas Reeves, from Hudspeth bridge to Burleigh bridge—west bank;
R. L. Shuff, from Wilson bridge via Burleigh bridge to Louis Stagg's upper line;
Charles Lafleur, from Crocodile bridge via L. Stagg's lane to parish line;
Dr. W. A. Robertson, from Washington to Clayton's upper line;
Daniel Kimball, from Clayton's upper line to Petit Passe bridge;
Neville St. Amant, from Boone's lane to Grand Prairie;
Hildevert Desbotels, from Ozémé Fontenot's store to Bayou Bœuf store;
A. T. Fisher, from Washington to Taylor's bridge;
Louis Pitre, from Ville Plate road to Crocodile bridge;
Charles Lebas, Jr., from Ville Plate and Bayou Bœuf junction to Ville Plate;
Austin Forest, from Ville Plate and Bayou Bœuf road to Chicot road via Garland mill;

SIXTH WARD.

Charley Richard, from Lutts' tan yard to S. Haas' store;
——— Speigh, from William Foreman's place to Bayou Cocodrie, on road leading to Eola;
Geo. S. Singleton, from Cocodrie ferry to Avoyelles line near Geo. Singleton's place;
Z. T. Oliver, from near Laurent Dossman's place to Bayou Toro bridge;
Monroe Wolff, from Bayou Toro bridge to Griffin's bridge;
William Carpenter, from Griffin's bridge to Louis Johnson's mill, via Wm. Carpenter's mill;
Lud Ferguson, from Griffin's bridge to Avoyelles line, via Newal's place;
A. J. Suddeth, from near Dujal place to Bayou Toro bridge;
Steven Deville, from Bayou Chicot to road leading to Belle Cheney Springs;
Edmond Nugent, Jr., from near Edmond Nugent's to Belle Cheney Springs;
Louis Johnson, from Turkey Creek bridge to Louis and William Johnson's saw mill;
Louis Carpenter, from Pine Prairie, near Wm. Carpenter's place, to bridge on Cocodrie near William Randolph;
Allen Panott, from near Carson and Blackshear's old mill to Carroll's old place on Cocodrie near Science Hill;
R. A. Cooper, from near Elisah Whittington's old place to Keller's grave yard;
Sustain Johnson, from S. Haas' store to Nez Pique bridge, via Pine Prairie;
Benjamin Henery, from near James Vest's place in Pine Prairie to or near Phillip Olin Fontenot's place to Beaver Creek road;
Octave L. Fontenot, from near Phillip Olin Fontenot's place to Calcasieu line, near Wm. Fisher;
John Bond, from Nez Piqué bridge to Calcasieu line via John Bond;
A. M. Godwin, from Nez Piqué bridge to Calcasieu line, via Perrodin;
James Migell, from Calibier gully to Spring gully.

SEVENTH WARD.

Sebastien Vidrine, from Petite Passe to Ville Plate;
Folin B. Fontenot, from Debaillon bridge to Ville Plate;
Denis Lajaque, from Ville Plate to Anse-aux-Paille road;
Joseph Fusillier, Jr., from Ville Plate to ward line, via Chataignier Church;
Cleophe Manuel, from Petite José bridge to Ardoin's lane;
Private Lafleur, from H. Ardoin's lane to ward line;
Victor Guillory, from Opelousas and Chataignier road to Israel Guillory's lane;
Benoit Soileau from Ville Plate to Lutz's tan yard;
C. Quirk, from Ville Plate road to Nez Piqué, via Landreneaux bridge;
Eucharistе Fontenot, from Ville Plate to J. B. A. Fontenot gully;
H. McCauley, from Israel Guillory lane to J. B. A. Fontenot gully;
François Reed, from Ville Plate road to the road leading from John Reed's bridge to Nez Piqué;
August P. Z. Fontenot, from Mamouth to ward line, via Godwin's mill;
Theodat Fontenot, from Pointe Duval to parish line via Wm. Young's mill;
J. R. B. Fontenot, from Petite José bridge to Ville Plate road;

EIGHTH WARD.

Edward (Bibi) Moreau from Bayou Mallet to Térance Jeansonne;
Joseph Young, from Térance Jeansonne to Bayou des Cannes;
Landry Rougeau, from Bayou des Cannes to Nez Piqué;
Eloi Manuel, from Pointe Chataignier to l'Anse Bourbeuse, near Catholic Church;
Joseph Rozat, from David Courville to Frugé bridge on Bayou des Cannes;
Armand Hebert, from Frugé's bridge to Nez Piqué;
Angelas Savoie, from Joe Brillard to Eugène McGhee;
Onézippe Ledoux, from Prud'homme bridge to Pointe-aux-Pins;
Wm. M. Young, from Boudreau's bridge to Acadia line;
Valin Aguillard, from Acadia line to Joseph Young's gully;
——— Olivier, from Déjean's bridge to ——— place;
Théophile Guillory, from half way Big woods to Tete de Vache gully;
Edward Dardeau, from Tête de Vache to Bayou des Cannes bridge;
Don Louis Young, from Joseph Bacon to Bayou des Canne bridge;
Aedonel Fontenot, from Bayou des Canne road to Frugé bridge;
Wm. Ashford, Jr., from Fruge bridge to Jesse Young;
Ernest Langlais, from Onézime Rider to Ernest Frugé;
Rousseau Guidry, from John Boudreau to Dr. D. L. Todd;
Auguste Papillon, from Dr. Todd to Acadia line.

On motion the Police Jury adjourned until the 2d Monday in February, it being the 14th day of that month.

ALBERT GUIDRY, President.

Attest: P. J. LEFEBVRE, Clerk.

JUDICIAL NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

District Court, Parish St. Landry, No. 12304

Bloch & Dupre vs. Benjamin S. Mudd.

By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. issued out of the 13th Judicial District Court, in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, on *SATURDAY*, the 5th day of March, 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

1. All the right, title and interest of Benjamin S. Mudd in and unto the estate of Hannah L. Littell, No. 4412, District Court, St. Landry, and being the undivided one-fifth of the following described property, to-wit: A certain plantation situated on the Bayou Teche or Marie Croquant, containing about six hundred and forty acres, being the last residence of the deceased, bounded north by Fisher & Maspero, south by Bayou Teche or Croquant, east by Gantt & Anderson, and west by Fisher & Maspero, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

2. Ten chairs, two looking glasses, two sofas, one arm chair, one book case, two settees, one side-board, one dining-table, two safes, one bureau, one table and clock, one work table and small washstand, one small table, one center table, one pair ox cart wheels, two china spittoons, one lot books, one small writing desk, three mattrasses, two feather beds, five pillows, three bolsters, two white spreads, six quilts, two table-cloths, ten napkins, six white curtains, six calico curtains, three window shades, four coal lamps, one large lamp, two fancy candlesticks, one bed bar, eighty yards matting, eleven table spoons and one soup ladle (silver).

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash. C. C. DUSON, Sheriff.

Jan. 29, 1887.

PUBLIC SALE.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4788.

ESTATE OF SOLOMON O. JOHNSON.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of deceased in the Church Point neighborhood, parish of St. Landry, on *TUESDAY*, March 1st, 1887, the following described property, belonging to the estate of Solomon O. Johnson deceased, to-wit:

1. The plantation where deceased last resided, situated in the Church Point neighborhood and containing thirty-three and 10/100 acres, with all the buildings and improvements thereon and designated as lot No. 4 (four) of section 7 (seven), in township No. 8 (eight) south of range 3 (three) east. Said land is bounded north by land of John E. Pelton, south, east and west by Jules Le-Bleu.

2. One wagon, four horses, three cows and their calves, one gun, one saddle and bridle, household furniture, kitchen utensils, farming implements, etc.

Terms.—Cash.

CLARA JANE ANDRUS, Tutrix.

Jan. 29, '87.

NOTICE.—Land Office at New Orleans, La., Jan. 19, 1887.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or, in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on Tuesday, March 15th, 1887, viz.:

Gilbert Young,

who made Homestead Entry No. 5842 for the south-east ¼ of s w ¼ and s w ¼ of s e ¼ section 7, town'p. 9 south range 1 west, La. Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Duprélon Doucet, Placide Simare, Pierre Hébert, Jean Simare, all of St. Landry parish, Louisiana.

THOMAS J. BUTLER, Register.

Jan. 29, 1887. 6t

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, New Orleans, La., Dec. 15, 1886.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or, in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on Tuesday, February 1st, 1887, viz.:

John Taylor,

who made Homestead Entry No. 5942, for the S W ¼, Sec. 31, Tp 6, S R 1 East, Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: André Miller, fils, Onézipe Ledoux, C. T. Andrus and Theodore Savoie, all of St. Landry parish, La.

THOMAS J. BUTLER, Register.

Dec. 25, '86. 5t.

JUDICIAL NOTICES

PUBLIC SALE.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 4567

ESTATE OF ONEZIA GUILBEAU.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable the District Court in and for the parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the Court House, in Opelousas, parish of St. Landry, on *WEDNESDAY*, March 2d, 1887, the following described property, belonging to the estate of Onézia Guilbeau, deceased, to-wit:

1. About fifty acres of land, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, in this parish, bounded north by Joseph V. Eagland, east by T. C. Anderson, south by Joseph V. Eagland, and west by Louis Guilbeau, Maurice Colomb et als.

2. Twenty-eight arpents of land situated near Grand Coteau, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded north by land formerly belonging to John B. Guidry, east by land formerly belonging to widow Joseph D. Guidry, south by land of Mrs. Joseph M. Dugas, and west by land belonging to widow William Green; also, another tract of land with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated at the same place, containing thirty-five superficial acres, more or less, bounded north by land of Mentor Andrus, west by land of widow William Green and François Savoie, south by land of Jean Pierre Rubin, and east by Mentor Andrus.

3. A certain piece of property situated in the town of Grand