

The Opelousas Courier.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE PARISH OF ST. LANDRY.

\$2.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XXXVIII.

OPELOUSAS, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY, LA., JULY 11, 1891.

NO. 42.

Opelousas Courier.

Official Journal of the Parish of St. Landry.

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY LEONCE SANDOZ.

OPELOUSAS, LA., SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1891.

Copy intended for publication in our columns should reach us not later than Wednesday morning.

Ice cream at Mrs. Perrant's saloon.

Finest musical reproduction in the world from Edison's Phonograph on exhibition at J. K. Sandoz & Bro.

B. F. Perley, grain writer, will be in St. Landry in July and August prepared to do all work in his line.

We print anything from a full sheet poster to a visiting card, in the latest artistic style, at moderate prices.

Have your job printing executed at the COURIER office. Keep your money at home and patronize a home institution.

Mr. Octave Fontenot has a subscription list for the Jeff. Davis monument fund started. Call on him and put down something for this worthy object.

Mr. Geo. W. Moriarty's handsome new armory is completed, and is quite an improvement over the old one, both as to comfort and ornamentation.

Gen. Gordon, general commanding, has appointed Col. Moorhead adjutant-general of the United Confederate veterans with headquarters in New Orleans.

The Farmers' Alliance organ at Alexandria, La., the Vidette, announces Hoc. T. S. Adams, president of the State Alliance, as candidate for Governor.

Alexandria Times: Mr. S. T. Davenport, of this city, left yesterday, for a more southern clime. Mr. Davenport will establish an ice depot at Opelousas and Washington.

The slate roof on our government building is finished, as also the cornices, &c., which about completes the outside work. The inside work—flooring, ceiling, etc., will now be pressed forward with all dispatch.

We will send the COURIER and the famous Detroit Free Press one year and set of Dickens' works (12 volumes) for \$3.85; or paper and the Free Press alone for \$3.10. Both papers four months for \$1.10. Apply at once.

Contractor Ware has made some progress on the artesian well this week, though necessarily slow, from the nature of the sand and gravel bed he struck several days since; when he gets through this strata of sand, it is expected his progress will be more rapid.

There being no quorum of the Police Jury present Monday and Tuesday, the meeting of that body did not take place until Wednesday, and adjourned Thursday. We could not publish the proceedings this week, but they will appear in our next issue.

Senator C. C. Duson has opened a real estate office at the corner of Market and Landry streets. Senator Duson's large landed interest in this and adjoining parishes, and his long experience and well known energy eminently qualify him for conducting a successful business in that line.

We direct the attention of our lady readers to the advertisement in another column, under the head of "Bargains in Millinery." Mrs. Laas' stock will be found to include all the latest styles in hats, bonnets, laces, feathers, etc., and as she is in need of the cash, will close out the entire stock at actual cost. Give her a call if you need anything in her line.

The attention of parents and others having children to educate, is directed to the advertisement of Leche's Graded Institute, No. 7 Prytanis street, New Orleans, to be found in another column. This institute enjoys a deservedly high reputation, and claims to be the most thorough school of English and mathematics in the State, and announces that an unlimited number of country pupils can be accommodated. Next session begins Sept. 7th, 1891.

Baton Rouge suffered severely by the storm last Monday. The penitentiary building was blown down and ten convicts killed and thirty-five wounded, several fatally. The damage in the city is estimated at \$200,000 and to the penitentiary at \$50,000. Mrs. Clayton and Mrs. Young are among the citizens wounded. John Faby, a convict from this parish, serving a life sentence, died on the 7th from injuries received the day previous.

In Lafayette parish many houses were blown down, and damage done to farms and crops—Norbert Washington was killed under the ruins of his own house.

The rain storm last Monday night and Tuesday morning was the heaviest experienced here within the recollection of the oldest inhabitants. All the bridges over Bayou Tesson within the corporation were badly damaged, only one of which was left in a condition for travel after the flood had subsided Tuesday evening. All the fences and some of the buildings near the bayou were washed away, and the damage done in town will amount to several hundred dollars, while the destruction in the country will reach thousands of dollars, as doubtless many of the large bridges, as well as small ones, have been carried away by the unprecedented floods.

We have heard of no casualties.

Whiteville Meeting.

The farmers of St. Landry, belonging to the alliance, held a meeting of delegates at Whiteville, on Friday and Saturday last. We are informed that about 95 delegates were present, and that they represented the local alliances in St. Landry. Their deliberations were in some respects interesting to outsiders, and exciting to themselves. As with every body of men, some were there with special schemes to advance, which others did not concur in. This led to excitement in their deliberations, but not to any frustration of the general harmony. One cause of the excitement, was the desire on the part of a few to pass a resolution rescinding one, commonly known as the Wilson Resolution, which had been passed by the Alliance at Belleme a few weeks ago. This declared it to be the determination of that Alliance, not to support anyone for an office in St. Landry who had recommended the appointment of any colored man to office.

The object of some at the Whiteville meeting, as we have been informed, was to get this resolution rescinded by the Union of all the Alliances in the parish. But when the matter was put to a vote, the Wilson resolution was sustained by a vote of about 89, to 5. This leaves no room for doubt as to the course the Alliance will take on the subject. One of the laughable features of their deliberations was the disappointment met with by some of the delegates who had imagined they exercised a mighty influence in the Alliances. We have nothing to advise, but sometimes events like this bring to our minds, the familiar lines of Burns—

"Ah! had the power some gift to give us
To see ourselves as others see,
'Twas fad to fancy a blunder free us
And foolish notions."

New officers were elected for the next year, but Major Wilson was kept in.

The Major has a head on, which has so far been regarded as his own, and in it a will which taken together, may be justly considered as constituting true manhood.

We have not been favored with an official report of the Whiteville proceedings, and give only what we have heard from reliable sources.

The people of this parish had suffered greatly for rain, and the crops of every description had been succumbing to the months of drought. A few partial showers had fallen and to that extent crops looked well. On Saturday evening rain began to fall gently unaccompanied by wind. It fell nearly all night. About 10 o'clock on Sunday the clouds gathered in dense volume, covering the heavens as far as the eye could pierce, and in a few minutes began to pour out their contents. Rain fell in a torrent for an hour and a half. The cisterns were soon nearly filled, and the streets were a sheet of water. The little drains overflowed their banks, and the urchins had their fun. Light showers fell at intervals all through the day, and during the night of Sunday. At about 6 o'clock a. m., on Monday, wind arose, and blew with great force but doing no damage hereabouts that we have heard of. Clouds grew dense and dark, and the rain came down in a wonderful abundance, pouring for an hour and a half flooding the town and the country far and near. Such a rain of such duration has rarely been seen here. About 1 o'clock it ceased to fall in such astonishing quantity, and ere the sun went down, the sky was visible.

The Louisiana Review in closing its comments on the boycotting resolutions of the Claiborne parish anti-lotteryites pointedly says:

In the form in which the lottery question presents itself, the voter is entirely free to vote on it as he may see fit to do. It is to be finally decided by the direct action of the voter at the polls and no official to be elected at the same time will have any jurisdiction or influence whatsoever upon the question. Consequently, Democrats at variance upon this question must find entire conformity with the principles of their party and the dictates of reason, meet harmoniously in convention to nominate candidates and vote solidly for the nominees, regardless of their individual views on said question.

We shall cheerfully go into convention and abide results with all Democrats who will concede to every man the Democratic right to think and vote as he pleases on this or any other public question.

We cannot see how the participants in the Homer meeting can do like wise until they will have rescinded the resolution which demands of women nothing less than an abject surrender of their manhood and the dearest rights of the Democrats.

The recent count of the cash in the United States treasury resulted in the discovery of an apparent discrepancy of one dollar. This was a silver coin missed out of a sack containing 70,000 standard dollars. A missing dollar out of such a hoard of wealth was a small matter. If it had been stored in some of the Southern State treasuries, under late administrations, there might have been a discrepancy of everything except the sack.

Those of our people who need note heads, bill heads, envelopes or any other kind of printing will do well to send their orders to this office, we will duplicate any job made in New Orleans, in workmanship and in price.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—I. Beckey Reaper and Binder, I. C. Antman & Co. Thresher, 1 1/2 inch Rotary Pump Apply to Joe. Bloch.

When you desire to purchase goods look carefully over the COURIER and then go and patronize the business men who advertise therein.

Personal.

Dr. R. M. Littell has returned after an absence of several weeks, in improved health.

Our young friend Octave Bodemuller, now a resident of New Orleans, is taking a short vacation in his native city.

Misses Ada and Mable Sandoz, who have been spending a few days in St. Martinsville with friends, returned home last Saturday.

Oscar Dardeau, a prominent citizen and leading merchant of Ville Plate gave our office an appreciated visit Friday.

Mrs. G. L. Dupré and family left for Sour Lake, Tex., last Thursday.

Jan. B. Meglin, has gone on an extended trip to New Mexico and California for his health.

Mrs. Rosa Goldstein and daughter, of New Orleans are on a visit here.

Misses Jeanette and Mary Ross, who have been at school at Pass Christian, Miss., are spending their vacation at home.

Mrs. P. L. Hebrard, Mrs. E. P. Veazie and Miss Bille Hebrard have gone on a visit to Houston, Tex.

Dave Newhauser, Esq., the efficient and courteous representative of the N. Y. Equitable Life Assurance Society, arrived here last Thursday, and gave his numerous friends a hearty handshake. He will remain with us for a few days, and will take pleasure in discussing the many advantages of the reliable Co., he is representing to all interested.

Col. Mark Lazzaro of Ville Plate Prairie, was in town Friday.

Miss Anita Dorems, after a pleasant stay of a few days at the Bayou d'Axia, returned to Opelousas, much to the delight of her many admirers.

Miss Cora Staggs of Whiteville, La., is in town visiting her sister, Mrs. M. D. Lewis.

The Alliance of Colored Farmers. We believe it to be conceded that the colored race is, in a large degree, purely imitative. If white ladies powder their faces with white powders for appearance sake, the colored, though as black as ebony, follow the fashion and use the same material, in spite of the ludicrous appearance it gives them.

White men have formed alliances for declared purposes, and in imitation, colored men are doing the same thing. The whites are making efforts to wield all the ponderous and complicated machinery of State and Federal Government, to suit their views, and we suppose the colored alliances will follow suit. A divergence must occur, notwithstanding fair promises made that if they will organize and vote for particular candidates, they shall be protected. Such promises are queer to say the least, for they imply first of all that it is not the law which insures protection, but their willingness to vote for particular candidates. If this is not bribery, as effectually as the offer of money we fail to understand it. Nothing in the charges made against the Revenue amendment proposition, is so palpably an offer to buy the votes of these credulous people.

The Pension List. Washington, June 30.—The New York World presents in a paragraph a vivid idea of the vast growth of pensions, which it terms the national debt. It says:

The pension list of the United States on the 31st of May contained 650,381 names. This exceeds by 135,000 the peace establishment of the German army. The cost of the pension list for this year will be \$130,000,000. This exceeds by \$50,000,000 the cost of the great-standing army of Germany. The pension disbursements on this basis represent a public debt of over \$4,000,000,000 at 3 per cent. The highest point reached by the bonded war debt was only \$2,700,000,000. After twenty-five years of debt-paying unexampled in the history of nations, the United States are now burdened with \$17,000,000 more annually for interest on the war debt and for pensions than they were in 1866.

Natchitoches Review: Our Alliance friends seem to be acting as a side show to the anti-lotteryites, who are now "everything in the Summer's tide" under the big load of saving Louisiana—and themselves. Montgomery's meeting resolved thusly:

That we endorse the St. Louis platform as amended at Ocala, the treasury plan and reform, and that we bind ourselves to support no man for public office who is not in full accord with these principles.

The Alliance of Montgomery needs to be alarmed. The man who waits of office won't hesitate to be in full accord with them on the St. Louis, Ocala or any other platform.

Our Anti-Lottery friends no doubt think that it is not quite the thing to rake up old records and spring them suddenly on the public. The publication of the fact that in 1822 the Legislature of Louisiana chartered a lottery for the benefit of the First Presbyterian Church, the very church of which Dr. Palmer is now the able and beloved pastor, coming as it did on the heels of that learned gentleman's speech, was to say the least embarrassing to the opponents of the lottery. The idea of the First Presbyterian Church being built with the proceeds of a "gambling scheme"—Gosh! Scott? It is too dreadful to contemplate, but it is a fact, nevertheless.—Daily States.

Alexandria Times: The Jeff. Davis Encampment at this place, together with the citizens, yesterday sent \$89.00 to the monument association at New Orleans, and more to follow.

Get your meals at the Farmers' Union Lunch House, opposite the Post-office on Main street.

Supreme Court.

The supreme court opened here last Monday with a full bench present—Chief Justice E. Bernudez, and Associate Justices Fenner, McEney, Watkins and Breauz.

There were 29 cases docketed; 28 submitted; 1 transferred to New Orleans to be submitted, and one transferred to New Orleans to be decided.

The decisions in nineteen cases were read, last Wednesday evening, as follows:

State ex rel. O. P. Sample vs. Judge 10th Judicial District—two cases, both dismissed.
Leonide Fournet et al. vs. Morgan's La. & T. Railroad—affirmed.
Wm. Castellan vs. Therbe Boulter et al.—reversed and amended.
R. Keough vs. J. Meyers & Co.—affirmed.
Succession Rev. A. M. Jan.—reversed.
Oscar Devouze, under tutor, vs. W. S. Davidson et al.—amended and affirmed.
A. G. Barnard, Sheriff and ex-officio Tax Collector, vs. Call & Farr—affirmed.
Cleophas Broussard vs. Emelina Broussard—affirmed.
State vs. Thos. P. McChrystal—affirmed.
State vs. Bernard Gaudi—affirmed.
State vs. Will Frazier—affirmed.
Succession Rev. A. M. Jan.—reversed.
Leo Landry vs. Simon Broussard et al.—affirmed.
F. U. Payne et al. vs. Morgan La. & Tex. R. R. & Co.—affirmed.
Francois Desperier Broussard vs. Anatole J. Veau et al.—affirmed.
Succession Faustine Bernard Romero—affirmed.
M. O. Broussard vs. A. L. Leblanc, Sheriff et al.—Remanded.

The following attorneys were present:

L. L. Bourges, T. D. Foster, R. F. Broussard, Walter White, Lastie Bronefar, Edw. Weeks, Edward Simon, A. D. Henriques, H. C. Castellanos, L. T. Dulany, L. O. Hacker, W. J. Burke, Chas. Theard, R. McCallah, R. N. Sims, Felix Voorhies, E. B. Krattinich, G. L. Hall, C. H. Monton, C. Deballion, Robt. Martin, Crow Girard, Wm. Campbell, Chas. D. Caffery.
Benj. H. Lichtenstein, of Natchitoches, and Ralph W. Elliott, of Lafayette, passed the examination and were admitted to the bar.

The following attorneys constituted the examining committee:
E. D. Estlette, C. Deballion, Edw. Simon, H. C. Castellanos, Kenneth Bailion, W. C. Perrant, Laurent Dupré, T. D. Foster and E. B. Dubuisson.

Correspondence.

HAASVILLE, LA., June 29th 1891.
EDITOR COURIER:

The days are long, hot and showery. The cotton crops throughout this section of the country are beautiful, seldom before was there much, if any, better prospect for a heavy yield of the staple than the crop in sight to-day.

Corn crops look promising. A few more rains will make a heavy yield of the grain.

On most places in Avoyelles is excellent. As a rule the stand is good. The young cane is growing and doing finely.

The Irish potato crop, owing to the early dry season, was cut a little short, but all that have been brought to our notice, were of large size and good quality.

Tomatoes have acted nicely; those now maturing are perfect beauties.

It has been, until lately, rather too dry for growing spring and summer cabbage, but our gardeners have managed in some way to grow many very nice white plump cabbage.

The Masonic Order of Evergreen are making arrangements to build a nice hall for the use of the order at that place.

The crops on Elm Bayou, St. Landry, are said to be the best for some years.

Considerable business is done at Haas station in shipping staves and lumber.

Dr. W. D. Haas has had a telephone line put up from his store to his residence—a distance of one-fourth mile.

Messrs. Lyle and Knoll have on the place, near Haas station, a very large, and probably the best all round crop of corn and cotton in the country.

The pastures and grass plats have improved wonderfully since the late rains. Stock looks to be in good condition.

The health of the country is of the best, and everybody at work is doing their utmost to grow paying and bountiful harvest.

Our markets are well supplied—good beef, vegetables, chickens and eggs.

Who says Louisiana is not a grand old country.

Alexandria Democrat: Miss Frances Affeman was the successful young lady competitor in the watch contest, having collected \$371.25. Miss Susie Daik was second in the contest and raised \$71.65. This money is to be used in buying uniforms for the brass band. The watch was given by Mr. F. M. Welch to the young lady collecting the largest amount. The scheme proved a most successful one.

The following changes in the salaries of Louisiana postmasters took effect on July 1: Alexandria \$1400 to \$1500, Bayou Sarah \$1100 to \$1200, Franklin \$1200 to \$1300, Lafayette \$1600 to \$1700, Lake Charles \$1600 to \$1700, Natchitoches \$1100 to \$1200, Opelousas \$1100 to \$1200, Plaquemine \$1400 to \$1500.

Natchitoches Review: When the Radicals had the State Dr. Palmer and his class were wont to excuse themselves from advocating violence on the ground that they were preachers. They have no such moral compunctions now.

WANTED.—1000 bushels of corn in exchange for lumber, cypress or pine, or shingles. J. T. STEWART.

Get your meals at the Farmers' Union Lunch House, opposite the Post-office on Main street.

If you want any first class Job Printing done, call at this office and you will be perfectly satisfied.

Rubber Stamps, Stencils, Seals, Monograms, Badges, &c., furnished on short notice. Apply to Fred L. Sandoz.

A. LEVY, President. A. DIETLEIN, Vice President. J. T. SKIPPER, Cashier.

4340

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Opelousas, La.

CAPITAL STOCK \$50,000.

DIRECTORS: A. LATREYTE, I. M. LITCHENSTEIN, E. KEOS, JULIUS MEYERS, J. T. SKIPPER.

A general Deposit, Discount, Exchange and Collection business done. The business of Merchants, Planters and the Citizens at large is respectfully solicited. Money to loan on A I paper, large or small. Collections a Specialty.

A Mean-Spirited Attack.

IT IS PROMPTLY ANSWERED IN A MANY WAY.

A writer under the non de plume of "Historian" evidently knowing Gen. Leon Jastremski's large acquaintance and popularity in Shreveport, seeks to injure him in that community by unkind allusions in the *Courier* in reference to the pending lottery revenue amendment to the constitution. In response the assailed gentleman, among other things, says:

"We have never argued that the charter should be granted to Mr. Morris as a favor to him or a recompense for service rendered, but purely and simply because we thought that it was to the advantage of the State to do it."

"Who are or may be his associates in the offer, cuts no figure in the transaction at all, and we have never taken the trouble to inquire; nor do we care a straw."

"The mention of other names by 'Historian,' and his evident attempt to lead the reader to infer that we are now 'cheek by jowl' with the Republicans, is wholly unwarranted by any remark we have ever made, and it is intended to place us in a false light before our friends."

"It is but a pitiful revamping of the stale, very stale chestnut, that has been going the rounds of the anti papers, to arouse prejudice against the lottery revenue amendment and all its advocates."

For example, the name of Pinchback is used somewhat like a bloody shirt, but good care is taken to couple the mention of his name with his appointment as a member of the School Board by no less an 'anti' than His Excellency, Gov. Francis T. Nicholls.

"Surely a man whom Governor Nicholls commissioned to supervise the education of the children of the State ought not to be so objectionable as a lottery director or stockholder, if it be true that he occupies such a position."

"We have no hesitancy in stating our position on the lottery question, in the past or at present, and had we changed our views about it at any time, would not think that such change justified any one in questioning our motives. But it happens that we have always believed lottery to be a legitimate source of revenue to a State and we never regarded them as the immoral things that some people have come to do in late years."

"We voted for the extension of the lottery charter in the convention of 1879, because a provision was made authorizing the Legislature to charter other lotteries, and in that way increase the revenues from that source. When applications for other charters were made, we then strongly advocated their adoption by the Legislature. We would have opposed the rechartering at this time had the sum offered to the State been disproportionate with the increased business of the company; but when a million, and afterwards a million and a quarter per annum were offered, we favored the submission of the proposition to the people and its acceptance."

"We rarely indulge in personalities, as they are extremely distasteful to us, 'Historian's' lunge at the editor of this paper is not in response to any aspersion leveled at him. Hence, it is wholly gratuitous."

"Now, we have to say to him, that the way to attack a man is not after the fashion of the Mafia, behind the mask of an assumed name. If he wishes to contrast his superior virtues and patriotic services with the short comings of the editor of the *Review*, let him raise his vizor that we may see if his pretensions are well founded. Then, too, 'Historian' must do what he failed to do in his communication, i. e., confine himself to the truth."

"If his object was to browbeat us into silence, he has egregiously failed. If he intended to draw us into a personal quarrel, then we stand ready to accommodate him on short notice."

If buying a lottery ticket and going on about your business with the hope of gaining a fortune is gambling, then we would much prefer to gamble that way than to sit down at cards to win the hard-earned dollars of a bosom friend. There are legalized evils tolerated by our 'moral anti-lotteryites' which pay little or no revenue into the State, compared with which the Louisiana Lottery is as pure as the driven snow.—Vernon (Jackson Parish) Patriot.

At a meeting of the Southern Press Association, held at Louisville, recently resolutions were adopted by the editors heartily endorsing the movement to erect a monument to Jefferson Davis, and pledging themselves to co-operate with the Confederate veterans in the work.

St. Martinsville Message: The Catholic church at Cade, which was nearly completed, was Tuesday morning, demolished by the storm. The building is a total wreck and the damage caused, will amount to about two thousand dollars.

Blank forms for use of merchants notaries, Justices of the Peace, etc., for sale at this office.

JUDICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF TABLEAU.

District Court Parish of St. Landry, No. 14836

S. E. LORR vs. HIS CREDITORS. Whereas, Alphonse Levy, of the parish of St. Landry, permanent syndic of the estate of S. E. Lorr, insolvent, has filed a tableau of classification of debts, distribution of funds and final account of said estate, accompanied by his petition praying for the homologation of the same;

And, whereas, notice of filing of said petition and tableau has been ordered by an order of court bearing date July 3, 1891.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons interested to make opposition to said tableau, in writing, at my office in the town of Opelousas, within the time required by law, why said tableau should not be homologated and confirmed.

July 4, 1891. C. M. THOMPSON, Clerk.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. — ESTATE OF ALFRED M. GRAYSON. Whereas, Mrs. Mary E. Warner, widow, of the parish of St. Landry, has applied by her petition to be appointed administratrix of the estate of Alfred M. Grayson, dec'd. late of St. Landry parish;

Therefore, any person intending to make opposition to said appointment will file the same in writing, in my office, in the town of Opelousas, within ten days from the present notice.

July 11, 1891. C. M. THOMPSON, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Land Office at New Orleans, La., June 18, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on Monday, July 13th, 1891, viz:

Louis Taylor, who made Homestead Entry No. 9057 for the S. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 and N. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4 Sec. 27, T. 8, S. 8, E. 1, Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Basil Rougeant, Onezime Ledoux, Joseph Aguilera, Damazis Savio, all of St. Landry Parish, Louisiana.

CHAS. C. PALFREY, Register. June 27, 1891-61.

NOTICE.—U. S. Land Office, New Orleans, La., May 26, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim and that said proof will be made before the Judge or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on Monday, July 13th, 1891, viz:

MARY WILLIS, Widow of B. E. Willis, who made Homestead Entry No. 8548 for the S. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 and S. 1/2 of N. E. 1/4 Sec. 20, Township 1, south range, 1 east, Louisiana Meridian.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Edmund Nugent, Jr., Charles Banks, Charles A. Dupuis, J. S. Slocum, all of St. Landry Parish, Louisiana.

CHAS. C. PALFREY, Register. June 6, 1891-51.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES. JANUARY 1, 1891.

Assets.....\$119,243,744
Liabilities, 1 per cent..... 55,503,297

Surplus.....\$23,740,447
Income.....\$35,036,683
New Business written in 1890.....\$30,828,167
Assurance in force.....\$70,563,473

The EQUITABLE SOCIETY holds a larger surplus, writes a larger amount of business, and has a larger amount of ASSURANCE in force than any other company in the world.

Its latest form of Policy is UNRESTRICTED after one year, INCONTINGENT after two years, "NON-FORFEITABLE" after three years, and payable WITHOUT DELAY.

HENRY B. HYDE, President.
JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice-President.
DAYTON C. BROWN, Secy. Agent,
Office 37, Carondelet St., N. O., La.
May 9, 1891-3m.

HELP WANTED!

Better than a gold mine! No capital needed, but \$10 to \$15 a day profit! Teachers, Students, Ministers, Bright Men and Ladies wanted in every town and county. No