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### Opelousas Courier.

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY  
**LEONCE SANDOZ.**

OPELOUSAS:  
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1893.

### To our Friends and Patrons.

We wish to call the attention of the friends and patrons of the Courier to the necessity of their being on the alert, in the matter of judicial publications, (sheriff's sales, especially), as a neglect on their part to give positive instructions as to where they desire such advertisements published, is apt to result in their being deprived of the patronage that would otherwise be given to us. The sheriff of this parish has been making himself especially zealous in the matter of securing sheriff's sales for the paper of which he is director and stockholder, and several publications of that nature have appeared in that paper which the parties interested would have selected to be done in the Courier, had they been consulted; and others have been placed in the Courier at the special solicitation of the sheriff or his deputies serving the papers in the matter of seizures.

### An Important Question.

We take much pleasure in giving space in this issue of our paper to a correspondence between the New Orleans Board of Trade through its Secretary, H. S. Smith, addressed to our fellow townsman, Alphonse Levy. The subject matter to which Mr. Levy's attention is invited by Mr. Smith's letter is one of great importance to the people of St. Landry, and to the people of the entire State, and we cannot help but be gratified to see Mr. Levy's letter in this issue of our paper. This can be done by its insertion in the Courier, and we are sure that the people of the United States have never used it as an article of common diet. As we are now developing the capacities of our country for its production to a wonderful extent, it behooves us to build up a market for the rice. This can be done by its introduction to those sections of the country where it has never yet been in much demand. The planters must not be discouraged by the discomfiture and disasters of the last year. If they are in earnest—and will take time by the forelock, the market for future crops of rice need not be confined to the demands of only one portion of the people. Go to work and let every section see that it is one of the best articles of diet that can be used anywhere.

OPELOUSAS, LA., Feb. 14, 1893.

Editor Courier:—I take the liberty of enclosing letter received from H. S. Smith, Sec. N. O. Board of Trade which will explain itself. I know of nothing of more interest to this section of the country than the proposition advanced to further the interests of our rice industry. Whilst it is almost as yet in its infancy, its growth and effect on the finances, business and enhanced valuation of the property in St. Landry Parish is considerable, and although at a very low price this year, it still brought as much or more money to the parish than it has for some years past.

I regret exceedingly to be compelled to absent myself as I will be unable to give this subject the attention it deserves. I have no doubt that you will use your best efforts in assisting the Committee by calling the attention of the rice planters, merchants and other parties interested in the industry, and impressing upon them the necessity of taking some action and to show to the N. O. Board of Trade their appreciation and their efforts in behalf of the general welfare.

Yours truly,  
ALPHONSE LEVY.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Feb. 13th, 1893.

Mr. A. Levy, Opelousas, La.:—Dear Sir:—I have the honor of advising you that you have been appointed a member of the General Committee on World's Fair Rice Exhibition and that you will need to make and maintain a creditable rice exhibit from this State at the World's Fair in Chicago. You have been placed on the committee on such matters, whose duties are to raise funds and make a good exhibit.

Mr. S. J. Wilson of Opelousas has also been appointed on the committee above mentioned and we trust that you will lend us your hearty co-operation in making the exhibit a triumphant success.

The general committee and its several departments of subscriptions, correspondence, plans, etc., are actively at work with the most flattering prospects and count upon the earnest assistance of merchants and planters in your respective sections.

Very respectfully,  
H. S. SMITH,  
Secretary.

**Hovello's.**  
Unfading Aristotypes and Carbon process pictures are now well known in Louisiana.

He is the only traveling photographer producing these pictures, and requesting no money in advance, as he is sure to please his customers.

Adolphe Hovello, photographic artist from Marseille, France, begs the public of Opelousas to give him a call at his stand next to Opera House, Main street, and examine his work.

Any work entrusted to him, especially baby pictures, is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or no pay.

Pictures taken in any kind of weather.

The rice exhibit bids fair to be one of the most interesting that Louisiana will make at the World's Exposition. A grand Chinese pagoda will be erected for the exhibit. It will be fancifully decorated with rice and all of the grades of rice will be represented in the display. Pictures of rice machinery, the processes of rice cultivation, etc., will be shown and bags of rice will be distributed to visitors.

This exhibit can be arranged in a unique way, and should prove a successful advertisement for a leading Louisiana product.

**La. Review.**  
The colored business men of New Orleans have organized a colored business men's exchange, and its promoters hope that it will materially benefit the race in that city. The exchange will have nothing to do with politics, and is to aim solely at the business advancement of the colored people.

Mr. Netherfield, the expert house, sign and ornamental painter and paper hanger, having finished up his work in the country, is now ready for anything in his line in town or vicinity. If you want an A. No. 1 job give Netherfield a call.

Why send off for your illuminating oils when you can have it delivered at a moment's notice at the lowest rates leaving your orders with Mason McBride, of the Waters Pierce Oil Co., near the depot.

Drugs, medicines, chemicals, patent medicines, cigars, tooth brushes, combs, etc., at Bailey's drugstore.

Valentines! Valentines! All styles, quality and prices at Jacob's News stand.

Remember that Shute's drug store is headquarters for everything in the drug line.

### Personal.

Mr. C. L. Havar, of Rosa, was attending to business here Wednesday.

Mr. Laurent Stagg, of Whiteville, was attending to court business here this week.

Arthur Dejean, Esq., returned from New Orleans Wednesday.

Mr. J. M. Lalanne, one of Washington's leading citizens, was in town Monday.

U. S. Marshall Vigneaud, of Lafayette, was in town on official business Monday.

Jules Guébeaud, Esq., of Arnaudville, gave our office an appreciated call last Monday.

Dr. Jno. A. Haas, Ville Plate's popular young physician, gave our office an appreciated call last Saturday.

The genial Major Frank Wharton, of Bayou Chicot, was entertaining his numerous friends here this week.

Mrs. M. L. Grandpre of Baton Rouge, has arrived in Opelousas with the purpose of permanently locating here.

Miss Mary Gil, who has been a resident of Baton Rouge several years, has returned to Opelousas to reside permanently.

W. S. Frazee, Esq., concluded to take in the Carnival festivities in New Orleans, and boarded the 10:38 train Tuesday for that purpose.

Mr. A. C. Pickett attended the wedding of his sister, Miss Nannie, to Mr. Chas. Easterbrook, at Washington, last Tuesday.—New Iberia Enterprise.

E. J. Clements, of Oberlin, was a welcome caller at our office Monday. Our ex-mayor was on his way to New Orleans, but decided to lay over here a few days and enjoy a short recreation with the boys.

Mrs. Lilly Bloch, of Dallas, Texas, sister of W. R. Cochran, Esq., is here on a visit to her childhood home, the guest of her brother. We regret to learn that Mrs. Bloch's health has not been very good recently, and she hopes by a change of air to regain her failing health.

Lafayette Advertiser, 11.—Mr. F. E. Bailey, of Opelousas, was in our town last Sunday. Mrs. A. C. Young spent several days this week in Opelousas. Miss Emma Miller has returned from her visit to friends in Opelousas. Col. H. L. Garland, of Opelousas, was in town this week, just as spy as a 16 year old boy.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Stokes, of Sunset, La., attended the dedication ceremonies of the M. E. church, last Sunday, and were the guests, during their stay, of Mrs. Stokes son Mr. J. J. Forgy and family. Mr. Stokes is a retired veteran from the field of journalism, having for years edited the old Mobile Register. Mr. Stokes favored the Enterprise with a pleasant call on Saturday.—Iberia Enterprise.

### Our Governor's Fower.

We note with hearty approbation the agitation of this subject by a few of our contemporaries—notably, the Concordia Sentinel and Louisiana Democrat. We trust the other journals of the State will speak out on the subject. The theory of pure democracy is to the effect that the people shall govern, and not that the Governor may. We care not a fig how good a Governor we may have, he shall be the Executive servant of those who make him Governor. It has become a matter of very general observation, that the powers conferred upon him by the Legislature, under a strained construction of constitutional authority, enable him to run the State Government in his own autocratic style, and to virtually elect his own successor as governor. We join our contemptuous and say, let us change all this.

The Concordia Sentinel has this to say on this subject:

No other Chief Executive in the length and breadth of the United States has the power that is vested in the Governor of Louisiana. He appoints the Police Juries, and through these bodies he virtually names the treasurers of the several parishes of the State; he appoints the school boards, the assessors, the district levee boards, returns officers, etc. What an immense influence this patronage gives him, and to what base uses can it be put by an unscrupulous governor, who seeks to perpetuate himself in power or to place some one else in power for his own aggrandizement? This is one of the evils that needs to be remedied.

**NOTICE.**—The Right Rev. Bishop Davis Seaman Episcopal Bishop of the State of Louisiana will arrive in Opelousas on Friday Feb. 24th and hold Divine Service at 11 a. m. at which time he will administer the Holy Communion and the Light of Confirmation.

**GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST.**—Opelousas, La., has need of a Good Hotel Building and a large Livery Stable. I have the lots suitable, and will sell at reasonable price, and on long terms of credit.

H. L. GARLAND,  
Opelousas.

July 9  
"Things are looking more hopeful in Jennings. Several new cases of Small-pox have developed, but with one or two exceptions the disease has been of mild form. Those infected have been isolated and the strictest rules of sanitation are being enforced.

President Harrison has risen above partisanism and appointed Judge How-ell E. Jackson, Democrat and ex-Congressman, to the vacancy on the United States Supreme Bench caused by the death of Justice Lamar.

**FOR SALE CHEAP!** CHEAP!—One thousand cords of wood at seven miles from Opelousas, on Courtaublan.

H. L. GARLAND.  
July 8  
Mr. W. W. Duno, of Crowley, has purchased the Hotel Arthur, situated on the north bank of the lake of that name.

Don't be a clam—Advertiser.

### Reflections for Family Reading.

February 12th.

For ages it was thought that the earth was one vast plane. But when the science of astronomy began to be understood and commerce necessitated navigation it was found that it is spherical in form. It is now ascertained with satisfying accuracy that its shape is very much like that of an orange. Not entirely round but depressed at the poles, but only slightly. Its circumference is calculated to be 25020 miles its diameter 7964 miles. The depression deviates only about fifty miles from the perfect globe and is consequently not perceptible to the eye. Its shape is made apparent by the eclipses of the moon upon which its shadow falls when they take place.

Again we are reminded by the fact that the stars rise and set earlier to the eastward of us; and by a familiar fact which circumnavigation of our globe has demonstrated.

The spherical form of the earth is wisely adapted to the uniform distribution of light and darkness, heat and cold, dryness and moisture and the free and ubiquitous circulation of the air we breathe. In all these phases of our earth we behold omniscience, omnipotence and Divine care for and provision for all the necessities of our race.

February 13th.

It is said and we have no substantial reason for doubting that the first law of nature and of heaven is order. We may add another which belongs to this class of Omniscent ordination, which is change. From conception to the grave our physical being is subordinated to this mighty law. Everything in all the departments of visible nature are subjected to it. The sun rises and floods the earth with light, then hides his beaming face and leaves it in darkness.

The snow falls in beautiful flakes then melts away. The trees bud, bloom, bear their fruits, then wither the bloom and leaves fall off and decay. The structure of the earth, the rocks themselves undergo changes and in the end all things must pass away. Nothing is permanent but God's will, purpose, wisdom, mercy and goodness.

These must endure forever and man is taught that it is his privilege as well as duty to himself to become the beneficiary.

February 14th.

There are those in the world who are silly enough to declare a non-belief in the existence of an omnipotent and omniscient Creator. They assert that all we see around, beneath, above us are the results of chance and seem to think such a theory is unanswerable. But let us suppose all is owing to chance there must be or have been a great cause operating to bring about why is it not God himself. Some agency must have created chance, and to say that any power less than Omnipotence did it, is to declare there is creative power equal to it. So that we are back to a first cause. Whether the Biblical account of the creation be literally true or not is entirely immaterial for it is impossible to imagine how earth, water, air and light could have existed had there not been a Creator. Then behold the wisdom and contemplation in the order with which all created things exist and are produced. If chance alone had to do with the vegetable kingdom why is it that pumpkins and gourds do not grow on trees and chestnuts do not ascend rather than descend. A thousand such questions might be asked and no answer can be given to satisfy the reasoning mind.

But when we turn away from such foolish speculations and contemplate the wisdom and power of our heavenly Father, the necessary author of it all, we see at once our dimmityness and his wisdom and power and have reason to adore him. With us who boast that we are the noblest creatures He ever made, all is uncertain, all vain and of short duration. He is from all eternity to all eternity. He alone changes not.

February 15th.

Man at birth is the most ignorant and the most helpless of all the creatures of God which are at all destined for strength in the process of development. The brute creation has in some respects many advantages over man. Their bodies are stronger and possibly more compact than his. Upon their first entrance into the world, guided, impelled, or led by instinct and having the use of all their limbs, they are far more capable of seeing and grasping their food than the newly born infant. Behold their sense of smell, how it serves to guide them. Their sight is superior to ours and hence their ability to make their way in the dark. What a different creature would man be if, like the eagle he might soar aloft until he became invisible and feel at home at the giddy height, or run with the speed of the horse, had the eye of the hawk, could swim like the fish, had the physical power of the gazelle and think as he does? But it did not comport with the wisdom of God to make him such a creature. He gave him a never dying soul to save and a mind capable of making nearly everything in nature subservient to his purposes. Such a power is worth all the physical advantages possessed by brutes. And he should recognize this great advantage and show his appreciation of it by his constant devotion to Him who thus endowed him.

February 16th.

What are all the salutary influences of the moon upon our earth it is probably impossible for us ever to know with precision. Very many persons suppose it to have influences which science demonstrates do not exist. About all it can exert must result from its light, its heat or its attraction or all three of these combined. When we consider how vastly inferior this orb

is to the sun in respect to these properties and when we reflect that all of the light and heat and attraction of the sun are indispensable to our earth we are forced to doubt the extent at least of some of the moon's attributed influences. Its attraction is known by its effects upon the tides. How this operates is much speculated on by Cosmographers and high in authority among these is H. Faye, a member of the Academy of Science of Paris.

The light of the moon is 600,000 times more feeble than that of the sun, all of whose light is necessary for our earth. The heat of the moon is absolutely imperceptible. It is true that by means of the most powerful lens yet invented, an extremely delicate effect has been produced on a Thermoscope. But using the same lens to concentrate the rays of the sun the heat produced would be sufficient to reduce platinum to steam. From these tests it appears that the moon's influence on vegetation cannot be brought within the scope of the power of human perception. Here again we see the infinite wisdom of God and how it baffles all human understanding.

February 17th.

Were it not for the frequent showers which fall upon our earth and the aqueous vapors which also contribute to the industry of man could we make the earth sufficiently productive to supply the necessities of animated nature.

Dryness would be found everywhere and death and famine would flow. Therefore we see man proposing to cause showers of rain to fall upon the thirsty land, it appears to be nothing short of presumption—a futile attempt to assume the prerogative of the Almighty. By the use of machinery invented to produce the rapid expansion of a condensed atmosphere miniature snow storms may be produced, but if all nature had to depend on such curious experiments for a sufficient supply of rain or snow to accomplish the great ends of our Maker it must be confessed the failure would be signal. Man has no power to supplant the mighty plans and designs of God.

In his view the vast river, lake, sea and ocean surfaces are indispensably necessary to produce sufficient evaporation to meet and satisfy the requirements of the vegetable kingdom. We can live without money, but should the earth become entirely barren for want of the fertilizing influences of rain and aqueous vapors, the honest husbandman would labor in vain. See then how good and how wise it is that the showers and the means of them are bountifully supplied.

February 18th.

We are prone to drive all idea of mortality and death from our mind and to indulge the fond illusion, while hearing the toll of the churches' death knell for a fellow mortal, that ours are in no danger of dying. This is a very serious error and since we should learn from the mortality of others are of times very generally unheeded until the destiny of our immortal souls are left to the mercy of an hour or it may be a moment. We are more prodigal of Time than of our money, more unmindful of our ultimate eternal salvation than of our present fleeting pleasures.

We forfeit eternity in the thoughtless pursuit of unreal, unsubstantial enjoyment. We shut our eyes to the fact demonstrated on every hand and in nearly every day or hour that passes that in the midst of life we are in death.

"That a few moments, nay, a few years must, Repose each of us in the silent dust."

The vast "concerns of an eternal scene" are kept out of mind, when it were wise in us to direct our thoughts to its consideration and make it all absorbing. There is no pleasure we have outside of that which piety and pure religion bring, that is not evanescent. It never follows us into the grave, and certainly cannot rescue us from it. As each of us must die soon or late, beyond all controversy we should be careful in our preparation for it. No one has ever stood at the side of a death-bed where the departing spirit was conscious of his condition who did not see that, however the sufferer may have repulsed every precept of religion while the glow of health was on his cheek and in his eye, he was deeply concerned in the consolations of religion in the last hours of his life. Let us prepare for death for it will overtake us ere long.

In the early part of the week the New Orleans papers reported Gen. G. T. Beauregard to be very seriously ill, with but faint hope of his recovery. Since then the General's condition has been reported as much improved. Gen. Beauregard was the idol of the Louisiana troops during the existence of the Confederacy and his death at this time would be much deplored by all the surviving veterans of the Lost Cause.

Calcasieu parish has the honor of out doing all others in the State in the matter of an appropriation for a State exhibit at the World's Fair. Calcasieu parish is to be congratulated upon her public spirit and deserves that it should, like the proverbial bread cast upon the waters, come back and in bountiful increase.

President Harrison could not have done anything which would gain for him the respect of the Southern people more entirely than by yielding the seat of Lamar to Jackson. Whatever the Republicans of the North may say with regard to the nomination, it will be regarded by Southern people, regardless of party.—Memphis Appeal.

February 19th.

Messrs. Ferdiand and Charles de Lesseps, pere et fils, have been sentenced to five years imprisonment and to pay a fine of 300,000 francs each for alleged complicity in the Panama canal swindle.

Blank books, pens, ink, paper and school supplies at Bailey's drugstore.

### FINAL REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To the Honorable W. C. Perrault, Judge of the 11th Judicial District:

The Grand Jury, through their undersigned Foreman, beg leave to make the following report:

The Grand Jury, find that the prisoners are well cared for, and that the jail is clean and in good condition, with the exception of the cell, which is filthy and dirty condition. The floor of the cell is also eating in. One side of said cell is also burnt out, and we therefore recommend that the cell be repaired and glass panes be put in said cell room. We also find that one of the chimneys on the south side has a defective flue.

We specially recommend that the Police Jury build, or cause to be built, a fence or wall around the jail to a height of eight or ten feet, so that outsiders have free access to all prisoners through the windows, conveying to the prisoners whiskey, etc.

We specially call the attention of the Police Jury to the condition of the bridge between Opelousas and Washington, over Bayou Caron. We also know that the roads through the Parish are in a very bad condition, and specially recommend the Police Jury to give their special attention to making these roads as good as possible.

We also recommend that the privy near the jail be thoroughly cleaned, and that disinfectants be thrown into the sinks at regular intervals of thirty days.

Filed Feb. 11, 1893.  
W. C. PERRAULT, Foreman.  
H. E. STONER, Deputy Clerk.

### COURT ITEMS.

Not True Bills.  
On an information against Antonin Jack, petty larceny.

Valer Straton, assault and battery.  
Mrs. Widow Achille Fontenot, petty larceny.  
John Wade, obtaining money by false pretense.

Mr. and Mrs. Hilaire Carriere, assault with a dangerous weapon.  
Cecile Dulong, horse stealing.  
John Boudin, murder.

John Beasley, rape.  
Edmond Tate et al., assault and battery.  
John B. Fontenot, assault and battery.  
Paul Richeau, rape.

Thomas Prud'homme, shooting with intent to murder.  
Neville Frejaan, horse stealing.  
Eugene Robertson, obtaining money by false pretenses.

True Bills.  
On an indictment filed against Arcadius McCauley violating act 31 of 1886.  
John B. Chapman and Arthur Fontenot for malicious mischief.

Ben Schecterson, Balthazar Rob, Ben Bobb, Sr., Emile Sallant and Jim Hopkins, "alias Naquet Sallant," horse stealing.

Ben Goss, trespass, by cutting timber.  
Melon Throuser, horse stealing.  
John Williams, carrying concealed weapons.  
Julien Broussard, carrying concealed weapons.

Pierre McDaniel, carrying concealed weapons.  
Pierre McDaniel, shooting with intent to kill.  
Thomas Prud'homme, carrying concealed weapons.  
Wm. Dejean, violating Sunday law.

Andres Ned, murder.  
Erelius Tate, carrying concealed weapons.  
John B. Fontenot, assault with a dangerous weapon.  
Henry Green, assault and battery and carrying concealed weapons.

Edouard Lefebvre and Armand Manuel, violating act 31 of 1886.  
Ben Bob Jr., and Ben fils, horse stealing.  
John B. Fontenot, assault with a dangerous weapon and violating act 31 of 1886.  
W. C. McDonald, assault with a dangerous weapon.

In the civil suit of I. K. Goodman et al., (consolidated cases) vs. Wm. Goodman, the jury on Saturday returned a verdict against I. K. and Wm. Goodman for fraud and collusion.

MARRIED.—In Crowley, La., Feb. 11, 1893, Miss CLARA MAY THAYER to Mr. W. W. DUNN.

DIED.—At the residence of her brother, H. L. Garland, Esq., near Opelousas, Feb. 12, 1893, CELESTE GENEVIEVE GARLAND, widow of Alfred Lastrapes, aged 64 years, 8 months and 11 days.

### JUDICIAL NOTICES.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
District Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 311.  
ESTATE OF JOACHIM HERBERT.  
By virtue of an order from the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the Parish of St. Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, by Lucas G. Dupre a duly qualified auctioneer, at the principal door of the Court House, in the town of Opelousas, La., on

**Thursday, March 16, 1893,**  
at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property belonging to the estate of Joachim Herbert deceased, to-wit: The following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-half of section twenty-four, township seven, south of range two west—situated in Acadia Parish, La.  
Terms—Cash.

Feb. 11, 1893.  
LUCIUS G. DUPRE,  
Auctioneer.

**NOTICE OF TABLEAU.**  
Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5202.  
ESTATE OF UNITY CAMPBELL, widow of Robert Sandifer.  
Whereas, Walter S. Sandifer has filed a tableau of classification of debts, distribution of funds and final account of administration of said estate, praying for the homologation of the same, and for cancellation of bond; and whereas, notice of filing of said petition and tableau has been ordered by an order of court bearing date Feb. 8, 1893.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons interested to make opposition to said tableau, in writing, at my office, in the town of Opelousas, within the time require by law, why said tableau should not be homologated and confirmed.

Feb. 11, 1893.  
C. M. THOMPSON,  
Clerk.

### JUDICIAL NOTICES.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5191.  
ESTATE OF PIERRE PLACET.  
By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the Parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased in Mallet, in the parish of St. Landry, La., on

**Wednesday, March 15th, 1893,**  
the following described property belonging to the estate of Pierre Placet, deceased, late of the Parish of St. Landry, La., to-wit: Eighteen arpents of prairie land situated in Mallet, parish of St. Landry, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded north by property formerly belonging to the heirs of Florian Senier, south by Jules Perotin, east by Catholic Church and west by Jules Perotin.

3. One pair work oxen; four cows and calves; two 2-year-old heifers; one small beef; three crole horses; one 2-year old colt; one lot household and kitchen furniture; one double-barrel shot gun; one old cart; sixty sacks rice, more or less; the growing crop of corn.

Terms—Cash. The immovable property to be sold for one-half cash on day of sale; the purchasers to execute their promissory notes for the credit portion, said notes to be payable in three equal installments, from day of sale, to-wit: one-third, on day of sale; one-third, on the 1st of January, 1894; and one-third, on the 1st of January, 1895.

Feb. 11, 1893.  
MARIANNE PLACET,  
Administratrix.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5214.  
ESTATE OF HYPOLITE DAVID, Deed.  
By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the Parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the administrator or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased near Bayou Teche, St. Landry parish, La., on

**Thursday, March 14th, 1893,**  
the following described property belonging to the above named estate, to-wit: 1. Three hundred and twenty acres of timbered land situated on Bayou Teche, parish of St. Landry, bounded north by the administrator or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased near Bayou Teche, St. Landry parish, La., on

2. Fourteen head of cows; seven head of calves butted; one yearling calf; fourteen head of yearling calves; one bull; one pony; one horse; one mare; one colt; one pair of mules; one horse and colt; one pair of mules; two fat hogs; one lot hogs; one wagon; one buggy and harness; one gig and harness; one lot of forage; about 200 bushels of corn; one lot household furniture; kitchen utensils; one lot of poultry.

Terms—Cash.  
MRS. ELISE SANVALD,  
Administratrix.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5200.  
ESTATE OF BELIZAIRE MARCANTIEL, deceased.  
By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the Parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or a duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased in Prairie Mamon, near Ville Plate in the Parish of St. Landry, on THURSDAY, the 24th day of February, 1893, the following described property, belonging to the estate of Belizaire Marcantiel deceased, late of the Parish of St. Landry, Louisiana, to-wit:

The place where deceased last resided, being east half and north-west quarter of south-east quarter and north-east quarter of south-east quarter, of range 12, south of range 1 east, La. meridian, bounded east by Leslie Louis Fontenot, north by Oasienne Deshotels, west by Richard O'Connor and south by—containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, 30 barrels of rice; two horses wagon; two sets of harness; one mule and colt; 1 saw; set of poultry; 3 beds and bedding; cooking utensils; agricultural implements; 1 old buggy; about 50 barrels of corn; about 500 pounds of cotton seed, etc.

Terms—Cash.  
MELISSA BUNDICK,  
Administratrix.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
Probate Court, Parish of St. Landry, No. 5210.  
ESTATE OF ARTHUR KIRKIN.  
By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Probate Court in and for the Parish of Saint Landry, there will be sold at public auction, to the last