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The Opelousas Courier.

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ESTABLISHED 1852. UNOFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE PARISH OF ST. LANDRY. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XLIII. OPELOUSAS, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY, LA., MARCH 7, 1896. NO. 25.

Opelousas Courier.

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY
L. A. SANDOZ, Editor and Publisher.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
$1.00 for Six Months.

OPELOUSAS:
SATURDAY, : : : MARCH 7, 1896

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

For Governor:
MURPHY J. FOSTER, of St. Mary.
For Lieutenant-Governor:
ROBT. H. SNYDER, JR., of Tensas.
For Auditor:
W. W. HEARD, of Union.
For Treasurer:
A. V. FOURNET, of St. Martin.
For Secretary of State:
JOHN T. MICHEL, of Orleans.
For Attorney General:
M. J. CUNNINGHAM, of Natchitoches.
For Superintendent of Public Education:
J. V. CALHOUN, of Orleans.

CANDIDATES.

For District Judge.

We are authorized to announce W. S. FRAZEE, ESQ., as a candidate for the office of District Judge subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.

For District Attorney.

We are authorized to announce HON. E. B. DUBUISSON as a candidate for re-election to the office of District Attorney, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.

For Clerk of Court.

We are authorized to announce Mr. ROBERT CHACHERE as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the District Court, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.

For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce Mr. T. S. FONTENOT as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of St. Landry, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.

For the House of Representatives.

We are authorized to announce Mr. D. W. BASS, of Elm Bayou, as a candidate for member of the House of Representatives, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.

For Justice of the Peace.

We are authorized to announce MR. MARTIN LEGER as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the Faquetaique ward, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party in the primaries of March 21st.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE ARTHUR SIMON as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, First Ward, Parish of St. Landry, at the election to take place in April, 1896.

I respectfully announce to my friends and the public that I am a candidate for Justice of the Peace, First Ward, parish of St. Landry, at the election to be held in April, 1896, and respectfully solicit their support.
J. E. HOUSTON.

Seed potatoes, cheap, at F. L. Sandoz.

Shelled corn for sale. Apply to F. L. Sandoz, Landry street.

Prescriptions filled at all hours at Houston's drugstore, formerly Bailey's.

Measles are still quite prevalent here, but generally of a very mild type.

Go to Bloch's for a stylish hat at hard time prices. Men's, youths' and boys'.

An official copy of the proposed amendments to the Constitution may be had free on application at this office.

White & Skiles will take corn in exchange for lumber at their new lumber yard near the depot.

Call at Bloch's if you want to buy good shoes at panic prices. Fresh and new stock.

The police jury of Red River parish, at their last session appropriated $100 annually to the Soldiers' Home.

Drugs, medicines, chemicals, patent medicines, fine cigars, tooth brushes, combs, &c., at Houston's drugstore.

Dr. Irion's office hours are from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m. On Saturdays, from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

We have had several springlike days this week, the thermometer rising on Wednesday and Thursday to the neighborhood of 80.

Carry your prescriptions to J. H. Houston's, where none but a registered pharmacist and qualified chemist will compound them.

Town residence for rent, with ample grounds, shaded yard, garden, orchard, etc. Possession given immediately. Apply at this office.

People with hair that is continually falling out, or those who are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Remember
That Houston's Drug Store is the place where none but a competent and registered pharmacist compounds prescriptions.

See advertisement in another column of improved town property for sale, including several fine building lots, in a desirable neighborhood. Plat and full particulars at this office.

Mules, Mares and Horses at Auction.

I will sell a car load of mules, mares and horses at public auction at Aguillard Bros.' Stables, Opelousas, to-day, Saturday, March 7, at 1 o'clock p. m. If you want bargains in horse-flesh, this is your chance. F. F. JEVONS.

It is not to be wondered that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

W. M. Thompson's Drugstore, the largest and most complete stock of Drugs and drug sundries in the parish always kept on hand. All prescriptions compounded by a physician and registered pharmacist of 25 years' experience.

The great scenic production, Lincoln J. Carter's "Fast Mail" Company, which appears at the Opera House next Monday evening, March 9th, has played all over the United States for the past three years. It is unnecessary to dwell upon its merits—suffice to say that for this season it has new scenery and mechanical effects that surpass all previous efforts. The present season Mr. Carter has six companies—four in this country and two in England.

St. Landry State Bank.

We are pleased to learn from good authority that the St. Landry State Bank is in a fair way to resume business at a day not far remote.

The sudden death of Alphonse Levy, its late president, had given rise to considerable alarm among the depositors—alarm that amounted to a panic—and had it thrown its doors open the next day there was good reason to fear a rush for the deposits, and the danger for the stability of the institution could not have been overestimated.

As stated last week, the board of directors proceeded to a reorganization by electing E. M. Boagni president, T. S. Fontenot vice-president, and F. Dietlein cashier. Fully alive to the difficulties surrounding them, the directors proceeded to a careful examination of the condition of the bank. This has occupied their attention for one whole week. Representatives of the largest creditors of J. Meyers & Co. reached here during the week and have been in daily consultation with the board. The outcome has been such as to inspire confidence among the directors, and there is every prospect that the bank will soon be on as sound a foundation as it ever was.

Our people are too much interested in this institution not to give it all their aid.

No bank in the world could stand a rush of its depositors unless it received outside aid. We would therefore urge on our people patience and in every way to assist the board in its laudable efforts to protect the depositors and the stockholders.

The directors, as well as the officers, are such men as cannot fail to inspire confidence.

Capt. Pharr, the old ignoramus from St. Mary, who depends upon the vicious and ignorant negroes to make him governor of this great State, has never yet told his deluded followers that when he was receiving a bounty on his sugar that was rapidly making him rich he never increased the wages of his laborers, but when the bounty was withdrawn he at once reduced their wages. He has never told them that his first grievance against the State administration was that in order to somewhat equalize assessments, the property of the wealthy men in St. Mary had been taxed so as to put them on the same footing with the small property owners in that parish and with the wealthy men of adjoining parishes, whose sugar plantations had for years been assessed at much higher figures than those in St. Mary.

But he is going about the country indulging in incendiary talk and occasionaly attempting to discuss questions of State of which he is as ignorant as a Sandwich islander. His "reasons" for being in favor of free silver would disgrace a free negro, while his peculiar "views" on the prices of levee building and the retirement of the State debt before maturity are enough to make a horse laugh. In fact, every time the old bounty-grabber opens his mouth, he puts his foot in it; and, protest as he will, he cannot hide the fact that his course is dictated by the most intense selfishness, to gratify which he is ready to overturn existing conditions and wreck the peace and prosperity of the State.

In his speech here last Saturday, Capt. Pharr, the candidate of the lily-white-populist-negro combine, advised his white friends to go to the polls armed. He also advised the colored men to go to the polls, but to go unarmed, and to get out of the way when the fighting began. In his New Orleans speech on Tuesday he repeated the same thing and was profuse in his compliments for the negroes. Commenting upon these facts, the N. O. Times-Democrat very correctly says:

"It is to be feared that if Capt. Pharr goes through Louisiana preaching the good qualities of the negroes and the need of a little bloodletting to straighten out our politics it will mean something very like a revolution before he gets through."

When that revolution comes, we think the white people will be prepared for it. In reconstruction times as good white men as Capt. Pharr sided with the negroes, and frequently led them into trouble, but the mass of white people came out on top. Unless all the teachings of history are at fault, they will always stay there.

The recently elected officers of Hope Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, were installed on Thursday night, after which an elegant repast was partaken of by the gallant fire laddies and a few invited guests. The officers installed were: Nathan Roos, president; B. F. Anderson, foreman; Allen Delarue, first assistant; C. Chandezon, second assistant; Isidore Isaac, secretary; Fritz Dietlein, treasurer; G. A. Sandoz, steward.

We acknowlege receipt of a courteous invitation to attend.

Reports from every section of the South are to the effect that generally speaking, there will be a decided increase in the cotton acreage this year over that of last season. In other words, the price at which cotton sold last fall seems to have turned the heads of many planters. The cotton planters have it in their power, by growing small crops, to regulate the price of our great staple; but if, in spite of past experience, the planters place a big crop on the market, and the price falls to four cents per pound, they will have no one to blame but themselves.

A complete freight train of fourteen cars, illuminated caboose and practical working engine, a magnificent scene of Niagara Falls by moonlight, with real mist, as seen from suspension bridge. The flight of the Fast Mail which crosses the stage at the rate of seventy miles an hour, and a realistic steamboat race and explosion on the Mississippi, are among the most novel scenes and mechanical effects shown in Lincoln J. Carter's scenic production, "The Fast Mail," which appears at the Opera House next Monday evening.

When you are in doubt what to do for your cough or cold, take DAVIS' WILD CHERRY AND TAR. It will cure you, as it has thousands of others. It is the best remedy for Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Consumption in its early stages, Croup, Whooping Cough, as the sales of fifty years testify. 50c. and $1. per bottle. Ask for *Davis' Wild Cherry and Tar*, not Wild Cherry and Tar. 2

At Bloch's you can get a fine latest style suit of clothing at rock bottom figures—for men or boys—just received and marked down low.

DAVIS' WILD CHERRY AND TAR will cure your Cough or Cold. 50c. and $1.00.

A Tame Affair.

The Pharr meeting at Opelousas last Saturday was rather a tame affair. The attendance was not large and the speeches were tiresome and aroused but little enthusiasm. Maj. Wilson presided, and Capts. Garland and Pharr, Hardy Brian, C. F. Garland and T. B. Brooks were the speakers. Capt. Garland explained why he had joined the People's party and tried hard to prove that Pharr was a pop and that the Pharr ticket was a populist ticket. Pharr advised his white supporters to go to the polls armed, announced that he was for free silver because that was the first kind of money he ever knew, and because gold pieces were too troublesome to take care of and to handle—had to be wrapped up in paper to keep from losing them—and tried to persuade the negroes that the Republican system of protection which has enriched the manufacturers of the North and East at the expense of the toilers in every part of the country was what was needed to make this country blossom like the rose and flow with milk and honey. Hardy Brian assailed Gov. Foster for sundry and various derelictions of duty as a Democrat, but could find nothing to say in condemnation of his administration as Governor. He ranted considerably over the suffrage amendment and falsely stated that in order to vote under its provisions a man must know how to read and *write*. This was not so bad a break, however, as that of Taylor Beattie, who was reported in a New Orleans paper to have stated at Lake Charles that the voter was required by the amendment to *understand* the constitution. We have never seen any disclaimer from Judge Beattie in the matter, nor any denial of the erroneous statement.

The other speeches can hardly be said to have been any better than those we have adverted to, and on the whole, as we have said, the meeting was not much of a success.

White men, read the article headed "The Curse of Negro Suffrage," and, if you would perpetuate the most damning infamy ever perpetrated upon a defenseless people since the dawn of time, give your countenance and support to the men who would strike down the white man's party and again plunge the State in strife and turmoil through the instrumentality of an ignorant, brutal and degraded race. Intelligent colored men, you whose political status will not be injuriously affected, but rather much improved, by the elimination of the ignorant and the shiftless from the body of electors, can you not see that it is your duty to do all that lies in your power to rectify this "pitifulest blunder of all the ages," and will you not do it?

In his speech in New Orleans last Tuesday, as reported in the Picayune, Pharr said, speaking of St. Landry matters:

"The good Democrats say that they don't care a cent for the head of the ticket, and if they can make a deal for the local offices for themselves they will vote for this ticket."

The "good Democrats" he Capt. refers to are the fellows who want to get office through Republican votes, and who appear to have told him confidentially what they were willing to do in order to get these votes. They are a nice set for white Democrats to vote for.

Cultivate Flowers.

The spring weather is putting in an appearance and the trees and flowers are beginning to show signs of returning life. Some rose bushes have already put forth premature buds and soon the many flower plots of the town will embalm the air with their exquisite perfume.

Floriculture is an excellent pastime, and has made decided progress in our town in the last few years. It speaks of taste and refinement and shows that our people are not wholly taken up with sordid pursuits, but find time to devote to innocent and agreeable recreation. Such recreation is twofold in its beneficent effects; it is a pleasurable occupation for those who plant and cultivate the flowers and watch them grow and bloom, and its result adds to the beauty of the town and cheers the passers by as it ministers to their sense of the good and beautiful.

Every home, however humble, should be adorned with a few flowers, nature's own jewels. They help to refine and elevate the tastes of the children, who are also nature's jewels in the great garden of human life.—Thibodaux Sentinel.

Should Be Unanimously Adopted.

We take it for granted that there can be no diversity of opinion in regard to the propriety, wisdom or justice of ratifying the constitutional amendment authorizing the Legislature to appropriate a sufficient amount of money to pension indigent Confederate Veterans, who are incapacitated from performing manual labor and thereby from earning a support for themselves and families, on account of disabilities contracted or wounds received while in such service. It will be but a small return on the part of the State to these maimed and aged heroes, who voluntarily sacrified everything but life itself, in the defense of a noble, but lost cause. It ought to be adopted without a dissenting vote. We can not conceive it possible that even the Republican-Populist coalition, which is antagonizing everthing else emanating from Democratic sources, will have the temerity to oppose it publicly.—Alexandria Democrat.

The bicycle manufacturers have a formidable rival, now that the sewing machine companies are going into the manufacture of wheels. It is said that these new wheels will be put on the market at $25 apiece, and that they will be strictly first-class in every respect. The price of the wheels has hitherto put them out of the reach of poor people, and this cut will bring this popular and healthful sport in the reach of everybody.

Jas. H. Houston, Jr., keeps a full line of drugs and patent medicines, perfumes, etc. Prescription department under the special charge of the experienced registered pharmacist, Mr. T. B. Hopkins.

Dead

To his own interest is the man who buys lumber without posting himself as to our prices. WHITE & SKILES.

For Sale—A second-hand carriage in good order; will be sold very cheap. Apply at this office.

Personal.

Julien Clande, one of Washington's leading business men, was in town on Thursday.

Jos. H. Castille, of Grand Coteau, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Opelousas.

Col. I. D. Moore and Gen. Miller, prominent New Orleans attorneys, were in town on Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Naugle, of New Orleans, is visiting Opelousas. She is the guest of Miss Gabrielle Hébrard.

After several days' sojourn with his family, J. B. Clements left the first of the week on a business trip to Eunice.

Miss Nettie Littell left Monday for Eunice, after a couple of days' visit among her many friends and relatives here.

Messrs. Joseph L. Fontenot, S. F. Read, Max Klaus, Leon Wolff and other Washingtonians were in town Wednesday.

Miss Keene Corkery, who has held the position of stenographer for the firm of J. Meyers & Co., will leave for her home in New Orleans shortly.

Sidney L. Hébrard, who for quite a while managed the machinery department of the firm of J. Meyers & Co., will take a position with Mr. A. Hackl on next Monday.

We are in receipt of a card announcing the marriage of a former Opelousas boy, Dr. Ashley Stephens Parker, to Miss Grace Guffin, at Riverside, California, on the 12th inst. The groom is a son of Dr. P. J. Parker, who left here several years ago, and has resided in California ever since. They have our best wishes.

General Notes.

The Populists prate of bossism and ask its overthrowal; and yet that Alexandria dicker reeks of this disgusting feature so much that it is even a stench in the nostrils of many honest followers of the faith.—Shreveport Progress.

A cotton crop of ten million bales promises to realize from 3 to 4 cents a pound for cotton growers. Of course, there will be much money for the growers, who, in marketing two bales, will get as much as they realized from one.—Caucasian.

The Farmersville Herald wants to know if a man can conscientiously claim to be a Populist and yet vote for men who are opposed to the principles of Populism. No, but they will do it, all the same, when they vote for Pharr.—Monroe News.

The Senate's silver amendment to the tariff bill was defeated in the House by a vote of 215 to 80. This overwhelming defeat was due to the almost solid vote of the Republicans, and yet the Populists have combined with that element in this State, thus sacrificing the one principle that gives them any standing among the farming classes. Where is the consistency of the thing?—Natchitoches Enterprise.

The Populist editors now supporting Pharr, the Republican candidate for Governor, who remember, or who have been told of the condition in this State, from 1868 to 1877, have certainly gone politically daft to support a Republican for Governor — a candidate who begs that the negroes be given their full political rights, when every sensible Caucasian knows what that means.—Alexandria Town Talk.

The tariff bill rushed through the house of representatives has been strangled to death in the senate. We have no reason to regret its fate, since Republican congressmen had gone out of their way to discriminate against sugar. They had proposed to raise the duties fifteen per cent. on all goods imported *except sugar*. Sugar was singled out by the Republicans to sacrifice.—Thibodaux Sentinel.

The refusal of the respectable Populists of North Louisiana to affiliate with Kellogg, Warmoth and "de colored gang" must be a stinging reproach to the aristocratic sugar teat, who is willing to swallow the ordoriferous layout in the desperate hope of securing an increased tariff or bounty on sugar. From the standpoint of those who feel assured that this hope is an iridescent dream, it is difficult which most to condemn, his taste or his judgment.—N. O. States.

The State debt has been greatly reduced; the State institutions are well cared for and in a flourishing condition, and after the demands of last year are paid, there will be a surplus in the Treasury of $300,000. With such a showing of what has already been done, and the prospect of bringing about several reforms, which the Democracy has inaugurated, it would seem a stupendous piece of folly for the people to turn out the Democrats. We don't for a moment fear, however, that they will.—Mansfield Democrat-Journal.

What Ticket Is It?

The Populist papers claim that the mongrel ticket headed by Grand-Daddy Pharr is of their own making, and they head it "The People's Party Ticket." The New Orleans Republican and the Sugar Belt Vindicator, Capt. Pharr's own paper, which is the avowed organ of the Sugar Teat Republicans, flies the same ticket, and head it "The Republican Ticket." Now Capt. Pharr holds the money bags, and, like Jones, "he pays the freight," and ought to know what sort of a ticket he wanted that committee to manufacture; so, from his standpoint, the ticket is a Sugar Teat ticket. The dickering leaders of the Pops, on the other hand, claim that they have "hogged" all the chicken pie, therefore it is their ticket. Opposed to these claims are the regular or Negro Republicans, who refuse to stand by a compact made with an insignificant little set of jobbers, who only wish to use them to ride into power. Then there are the Populists who lay claim to honesty of purpose and integrity of their party principles, who despise the trade and entangling alliance the bosses seek to impose upon them, because they know it will weaken their party and destroy its identity. With both Republicans and Populists repudiating the combine, the question naturally arises, "What is it?"—Colfax Chronicle.

Why suffer with coughs, colds and la grippe, when **Laxative Bromo Quinine** will cure you in one day? Does not produce ringing in the head like sulphate of quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Price 25c. For sale by I. E. Shute, Opelousas, La. n2

One carload of Pittsburg Coal just received by A. Hackl. The only Pittsburg Coal in town.

The Curse of Negro Suffrage.

The greatest injury ever done the people of the South was the introduction of negro slavery. The next greatest was the act of the Federal government in making the black man co-ordinate sovereign of the State. It would have been a thousand times better for the Southern people had they adopted paganism or polygamy instead of negro slavery—a thousand times better for them and the nation at large had the Federal government confiscated every foot of soil in the insurgent States, put the torch to every dwelling, destroyed every factory and filled every harbor with the wreck of railroads and the debris of business blocks instead of putting the ballot in the hands of the blacks. The ruin wrought by torch and torpedo could have been quickly repaired; the damage done by the XIVth Amendment is well nigh irreparable. Burning with the accursed lust for political power, the Republican party, like another shameless Tarquin, held the knife at the throat of the Southern Lucille while it robbed her of her honor, made her an object of contempt, her name a byword and reproach. Pitifulest blunder of all the ages! Most damning infamy ever perpetrated since the dawn of Time! Fearfulest penalty brave men ever paid for daring death for conscience sake!

This is a republic. The supreme power is, ostensibly at least, vested in the people. The voter is the sovereign. Suppose that it were an absolute monarchy; would it not be a mistake unparalleled, a crime unspeakable, to take from an ignorant, brutal slave his shackles and place upon his stupid head a crown? The Republican party did even worse than that. A sovereign cannot long oppress a brave and spirited people. Let him issue an edict that meets with general disapproval, and it is laughed to scorn. Should he attempt to enforce it he is dragged from the throne. But the Republican party corrupted a sovereign from whose edict there is no appeal. It has debased the great army of voters, poisoned the political organism by injecting into it a vast mass of ignorance destitute of even the saving grace of virtue.

Had the negro been naturally the intellectual peer of the white man it would have been a grievous blunder to give him the ballot, to force political responsibility upon him until at least a generation after his emancipation. He was an untutored savage in his native land, making no appreciable progress. He was captured, like any other wild beast, brought to America and sold into slavery. Here he was taught, not how to wisely rule, but to servilely obey. It required a thousand years of education to fit the thoughtful Saxon and the quick witted Celt for the duties and responsibilities of American sovereignty; the stupid Ethiopean was fitted for them by the scratch of a pen and a partisan vote! transformed from semi-savagery to super-civilization by the power of a political fiat! from slave to sovereign by the magic wand of a genii!—Iconoclast.

The Record.

On several national questions, notably that of the free coinage of silver, the Populists have well defined principles, but in State politics their stock in trade is the abuse of the Foster administration. Their leaders abuse Democrats for enforcing laws which they helped to place on the statute books; they prate of political injustice and persecution in such a puerile manner as to excite the disgust of sensible men. This is done for the purpose of misleading the rank and file of the party, whose prejudices are easily aroused, and with a view of keeping the white people of the State as far apart as possible. There are numbers of honest men in the Populist party, men who place good government above party, and for the benefit of such of this class as may read our paper we reproduce from the Colfax Chronicle a partial list of reforms instituted by the Democrats:

It has made taxes uniform.
It has prohibited trusts.
It has placed our public schools upon a cash basis.
It has paid one million and a half of the debt of twelve million dollars foisted upon Louisiana by Republican misrule.
It has promptly paid up the interest upon the debt assumed by the people in adopting the constitution of 1879.
It has raised the State obligations from 50 per cent. discount to par value.
It has enlarged the asylums of the State, so that all our unfortunates are now cared for.
It has put down crime, suppressed mob law and protected the rights of both white and black.
It has provided for the arbitration of labor disputes.
It has suppressed tax-dodging.
It has encouraged immigration.
It has provided for Confederate veterans, the insane and the blind.
It has reduced State expenses.
It has passed laws to prevent the railroads from making extortionate charges.

Thibodaux Sentinel: Capt. Pharr wants to be elected governor to secure Republican congressmen from this State to help the cause of protection. Does not the Captain and his followers know by this time that with the Republicans of the Union protection does not include sugar within its scope? Have they forgotten that the Republican committee of ways and means reported in 1890 in favor of taking off the duty from sugar because that article did not fall within the policy of protection? Have they forgotten that in the congressional campaign of 1894 Republican leaders arraigned the Democrats for having put a duty on sugar, for having taken away from the people the "free breakfast table," that is, free sugar, which they, the Republicans, had given the people?

In the light of these facts, which are incontrovertible, what protection to sugar do Capt. Pharr and his followers expect to get from the Republican party? Is it protection in the shape of bounty? If yes, what childish simplicity they display, for the bounty is dender than a dried herring. No party will dare attempt to restore the bounty on sugar.

In the fall of 1893 a son of Mr. T. A. McFarland, a prominent merchant of Live Oak, Sutter Co., Cal., was taken with a very heavy cold. The pains in his chest were so severe that he had spasms and was threatened with pneumonia. His father gave him several large doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which broke up the cough and cured him. Mr. McFarland says whenever his children have croup he invariably gives them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and it always cures them. He considers it the best cough remedy in the market. For sale by Dr. I. E. Shute, druggist, and J. Lassalle.

RESOLUTIONS

Adopted by the Democratic Executive Committee of the 11th Judicial and 12th Senatorial District of La., at Rayne, La., on February 13, 1896.

RAYNE, La., Feb. 13, 1896.

Called to order at 5:30 by president J. J. Barry. Mr. Geo. K. Bradford appointed secretary.

Mr. Barry read the report of the sub-committee of the State Central Committee to the State Executive Committee of Feb. 3, 1896.

Present 8 members and a quorum.

After full discussion the following preamble and resolutions, offered by Mr. J. B. Richard, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The highest Democratic authority in the State, to-wit: the Executive Committee of the State Central Committee, through a sub-committee appointed for that purpose, has ordered this committee "to proceed at once and make the necessary provision for holding white Democratic primaries, or in such other manner as seems proper to them, for the proper nomination and election of Democratic candidates for the legislature, district and parochial offices and district and parochial committees for the ensuing four years for the district and for the parishes of Acadia and St. Landry;" and,

Whereas, Said step is in accord with the views and wishes of the Democracy of the district and will strengthen the party organization in both parishes; therefore, be it

Resolved, that a general primary election of the white Democrats of the 11th Judicial and 12th Senatorial Districts of Louisiana, composed of the parishes of St. Landry and Acadia, be held on Saturday, March 21st, 1896, for the purpose of nominating the candidates of the Democratic party for the offices of District Judge, District Attorney and two State Senators, and for the further purpose of electing a new Democratic Executive Committee for said district and new Democratic Executive Committees for each of said parishes, the District Committee to consist of twenty-one members, being one from each police jury ward and seven members at large, and the executive committee of the parish of St. Landry to consist of twenty one members, being two members from each police jury ward and five members at large, and the executive committee of the parish of Acadia to consist of seventeen, being two members from each police jury ward and five members at large.

Resolved further, that at said primary election candidates for all parochial offices, including police jurors, justices of the peace and constables, shall be voted for and nominated by the Democrats.

Resolved, that the following polling places be established for the holding of said primary election, to-wit:

PARISH OF ST. LANDRY.

Opelousas, at Court House; Léonville, at Dr. Homère Chachere's store; Grand Coteau, at J. A. Smith's office; Coulee Creche, at Louis Sibille's; Plaquemine Point, at Philémon Brasseur's; Faquetaïque, at Valentin Savoy's; Lower Mamou, at Louis Vidrine's; Upper Mamou, at J. J. Landreneau's; Pointe Grand Louis, at Robert Tate's; Pine Prairie, at Pine Prairie Hall; Beaver, at School House; Chicot, at School House at Cheney old field; Lake Cove, at School House; Dossmann's, at Dossmann's store; Ville Plate, at Y. Vidrine's; Chataignier, at A. Guillet's; Plaisance, at Yves Andrepont's; Grand Prairie, at Paul Stagg's store; Whiteville, at Lafleur & Stagg's store; Morrow, at E. E. Burleigh's store; Big Cane, at L. A. Havard's store; Palmetto, at Solomon Isaacson's store; Bayou Current, at E. G. Richard's store; Melville, at A. Rosenberg's store; Waxia, at School House; Garland, at Sam Bernstein's store; Washington, at Town Hall; Notleyville, at N. C. Devilliers' store; Bellevue, at School House; Mallet, at Gustave Moreau's.

PARISH OF ACADIA.

Mermentau, at Jean Castex's store; Estherwood, at School House; Crowley, at Court House; Rayne, at Town Hall; Castille's, at Deshotels & Déjean's store; Robert's Cove, at School House; Plaquemine Brulée, at Edgar Barousse's store; Church Point, at Town Hall; Mallet, at Adolphe Miller's; Faquetaique, at Joseph Bergeron's; Bennett Johnson's, at School House; Milleville, at Denis Miller's store; Pointe-aux-Loups, at Mrs. S. Cart's; McCain's, at School House; Red Top, at School House.

Resolved, that the polls be opened not earlier than nine (9) o'clock a. m. and closed at five (5) o'clock p. m.; that there be three commissioners of election at each polling place to be chosen by the white Democrats present at the polls at the hour of opening; that said commissioners shall keep a list of the voters participating in said primary election, and shall, in counting the votes, make two tally sheets, one to be retained by the commissioners and opened to public inspection, and shall make a statement of the votes cast for each candidate at said election, and shall immediately forward one of the tally sheets, the statement of the votes cast and the list of voters to the chairman of this committee, at Opelousas, by express or by registered letter or by the hand of some trustworthy person.

Resolved, that all white Democrats, who shall be entitled to vote at the next general election under the State election law, shall be entitled to vote at said primary election.

Resolved further, that the district committee, consisting of W. S. Frazee, J. J. Barry, Thos. H. Lewis, E. H. McGee, M. J. Andrus, Edgar Barousse, W. F. Brooks, J. B. Richard, Sam Haas, M. J. Wilkins, J. M. Ware, C. M. Thompson, R. T. Clark, R. C. Webb and Donat Pucheu shall meet in the town of Opelousas on Wednesday, March 25th, 1896, and shall then open the packages containing the returns and shall tabulate the votes cast as shown by said returns, and shall announce the result.

Resolved further, that the parish executive committees elected at said primary election shall meet at their respective parish seats on Saturday, the 28th day of March, and the new district committee shall meet in the town of Rayne on Monday, the 30th day of March, and said committees at said meetings shall organize permanently.

J. J. BARRY, President.
GEO. K. BRADFORD, Sec. pro tem.

A blooming poet thus relieves himself: "When the breezy blooming bloomers are universally the go, will the tailors press creases in them, I should like to know? When the baby's head is nodding and wants to take a nap, how can mama lull her darling in a bifurcated lap? How can Bridget shoo the chickens with no skirt to flop and fling, when the creatures go a grubbing in the garden in the spring? But the question most annoying that our speculations catch, is she vie with men in action when she goes to strike a match?"—Ex.

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THAN PEOPLE ARE AWARE OF

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Buy Your Glasses From

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Graduate Optician from Parson's Institute, of Peoria, Ills., who corrects most difficult errors of refraction, such as: Hypermetropia or far sight; Myopia or near sight; Diplopia or double sight; Asthenopia or weak sight; Amblyopia or loss of accommodation; Presbyopia or old sight; Astigmatism or blurred vision.

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And we will guarantee satisfaction in price and workmanship.

July 21.] R. MORNHINVEG, Main St., Opelousas, La.

YOUR LAST CHANCE

FOR THIS SEASON

To get a dozen of those large Imperial Satin Finish Cabinet **Photos for only $1.50!** not made anywhere for less than $4.00. I will reopen for one week only at the above rate.
M. A. DEVOE,
Formerly Devoe & Newson,
First door south of Meyer's store, Opelousas.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. LANDRY HOMEST'D & LOAN ASS'N., Opelousas, March 7, 1896.

An election for eleven directors of the St. Landry Homestead & Loan Association will be held at the office of the Association on Monday, March 16, 1896. The election to be by ballot, and to commence at 7 o'clock p. m. and to close at 8:30 o'clock p. m. E. D. PESTILETTE, President.
March 7, 1896.

JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SALE.

ESTATE OF JOSEPH NUMA ROBIN.

No. 5383.

PROBATE DOCKET, DISTRICT COURT PARISH OF ST. LANDRY.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable Eleventh Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the parish of St. Landry, there will be sold at public auction to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased, on Bayou Teche, in said parish, on

Wednesday, March 25th, 1896,

the following described property, belonging to the estate of Joseph Numa Robin, deceased, late of the parish of St. Landry, to-wit:

1. A plantation situated on Bayou Teche, containing four hundred and forty arpents, with the buildings and improvements.
2. Another tract of land situated on the west bank of Bayou Teche, with buildings and improvements, containing sixty arpents, twenty-five arpents being open land and thirty-five being wood and swamp land.
3. Another tract of land with the buildings and improvements, situated on the west bank of Bayou Teche, containing fifteen arpents of open land and ten arpents of wood land.
4. Another tract of land with buildings and improvements, situated on the west bank of Bayou Teche, containing one hundred and twenty three arpents, more or less.
5. The one third interest in twenty five hundred acres of swamp land, more or less, situated on west bank of Bayou Courtableau.
6. One lot of merchandise, consisting of groceries, hardware, notions, tinware and dry goods.
7. A lot of household furniture, consisting of seven bedsteads, four armoirs, one toilet, two washstands and one parlor set.
8. A lot of kitchen furniture, consisting of a stove and cooking utensils.
9. One pair of mules, Queen and Nancy.
10. One pair of mules, Kate and Kelly.
11. One pair of mules, Dina and Julia.
12. One pair young mules, yearlings; one horse; three horses, geldings; five mares; five cows and calves; one lot of hogs (18) small and large.
13. One wagon, one cart, one buggy; one boiler, one steam press (both old); twenty-four bales of cotton; one lot of shingles (12 packages).

Terms—Cash.

JOSEPH ARTHUR ROBIN,
Feb. 22, 1896. Administrator.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

DISTRICT COURT, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY
STATE OF LOUISIANA.

MRS. NANNIE M. HUDSPETH VS. JULES PETETIN, SYNDIC.

No. 15734.

By virtue of an order of seizure and sale issued out of the Honorable the Eleventh Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled and numbered suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will proceed to sell at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the principal front door of the Court house of the Parish of St. Landry, in the town of Opelousas, on

Saturday, March 14th, 1896,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated near Bayou Carencro, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded north by property of Jules Petétin, acquired from Joseph Bussy, from Onézia Guilbeau and from Mrs. Jean Benoit, south by Madison Briscoe, Alcide Jean and other property of mortgagee acquired from estate of Onézia Guilbeau, east by railroad, Bayou Carencro, etc., and west by other property of mortgagee acquired from estate of Onézia Guilbeau, being same property acquired by mortgagee from Mentor Andrus on Jan. 26th, 1885, as per act recorded in Conveyance Book R No. 2, at pages 81, 82 and 83, containing 335 (three hundred and thirty-five) arpents.

Terms—To be sold on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser being required to furnish good and sufficient joint security and special mortgage on the property sold, bearing interest from date of adjudication at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and to pay in cash out of the price of the adjudication the amount due for printing, the Sheriff's and Clerk's fees, etc., amounting to about five hundred dollars.

T. S. FONTENOT,
Feb. 22, 1896. Sheriff Parish St. Landry.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., Feb. 14th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on April 6th, 1896, viz.:

JOSEPH LATOUR,

who made Homestead Entry No. 12912, for the NW¼ of SW¼ and Lots 4 and 5, Sec. 10, Tp. 6, south range 2 west, La. Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Dalicour Duplechain, Jr., Telesphore Fusillier, Henry Rider, Hypolite Duplechain, all of St. Landry parish.

G. McD. BRUMBY,
Feb. 22-6t. Register.

NOTICE!

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., Feb. 7th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court, at Opelousas, La., on March 24th, 1896, viz.:

AVENANT FONTENOT,

who made Homestead Entry No. 12326 for the N E¼ of Sec. 13, Tp. 6, south range 2 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anestare Guillory, Myrtil Rozat Armogine Vidrine, Olin Manuel, all of St. Landry Parish, La.

G. McD. BRUMBY,
Feb. 15, 1896. Register.

Pure Langshan Eggs for Hatching.

This celebrated breed of beautiful and pure black chickens, like black hogs, are best adapted to the South. Mature early, make the richest table fowl, are good layers and hardy.

Eggs for hatching CAREFULLY PACKED and sold at $1 per setting (thirteen). Address
MRS. C. HUTCHES,
Opelousas, La.

TAKEN UP AS AN ESTRAY

By the undersigned, near Opelousas, on the 15th Feb. 1896, a light sorrel half american horse COLT about 18 months old, black mane and tail, without brand; had been ranging in the neighborhood about two weeks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will