JOB PRINTING
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—:EXECUTED AT THE:—
COURIER OFFICE.

The Opelousas Courier.

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Opelousas Courier.

PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY BY
LEONCE SANDOZ.
WO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
$1.00 for Six Months.

OPELOUSAS:

SATURDAY, : : : : : AUGUST 5, 1899

A bundle of 25 papers for 5c at the COURIER office.

Corn—1000 bushels for sale cheap at Skiles' lumber yard.

The Alexandria Ice Factory turns out twenty-four tons of ice every day.

Hon. Elihu Root, of New York, succeeds Hon. Russell A. Alger as Secretary of War.

The State Legislature meets in extra session next Tuesday, August 8th.

WANTED.—A good milch cow, either in exchange for fat meat stock or for cash. Apply at this office.

Homestead waivers blanks and special notes for use under new homestead laws, for sale at the COURIER office.

Claude & Skiles keep constantly on hand, in Opelousas and Washington, a select grade of brick at reasonable prices.

DIED—At his residence in Opelousas, on July 30th, 1899, THEODORE CHACHERE, aged 69 years and 23 days.

The citizens of Lake Charles are making an effort to establish a hospital in their city. This is surely a good movement.

Henry Clay statue will remain undisturbed for the present. The ordinance for its removal was again defeated in the Council.

The Baton Rouge Item says that the pension board has 2700 applications on file, and there are many deserving old soldiers who have not probably and never will make application.

Crop reports from different parts of the parish are generally quite favorable; some few localities have suffered for rain and are in a bad fix, but as a whole our planters have little cause for complaint thus far.

Many of our citizens are getting their water supply from the water works, and it is evident that some are abusing the privilege by a useless waste of water; a little more distretion ought to be exercised in the matter of sprinkling the streets. There is such a thing as too much of a good thing sometimes.

After four days of the hottest weather of the season, a light shower relieved the oppressive heat for a short while Tuesday evening, but Wednesday and Thursday were as hot as blazes; a heavy shower of rain Thursday evening, however, cooled off the atmosphere and made things more comfortable.

On August 21st, the Railroad Commission of Louisiana will hold its regular session in Shreveport. At this session the Commission will consider the revision of rates on Cotton, Cotton Seed and their products. It is desired by the Commission that all interested parties may be fully represented at this meeting, to the end that a just and equitable basis of rates may be arrived at.

Get your liquors from F. L. Sandoz's new saloon, Bridgeville, opposite the old Rice Mill, west of town. Choice liquors by the glass, flask, bottle or jug. Ice cold beer—bottle and keg. Whiskies, Wines, Cordials, Brandies, Rum, Gin, etc. Stock well assorted and first-class. Retail trade specially solicited. Low prices and fair treatment to all guaranteed.

The town was filled with wild and startling rumors last Wednesday morning caused by the receipt of a telegram from Rosa station addressed to the sheriff asking that an armed posse be immediately sent to that point in the interest of public safety. Deputy sheriff A. L. Fontenot in charge of the office in the absence of Sheriff Frazee, immediately started out with several deputies and accompanied by some of our citizens, but on reaching the scene discovered that it was "a tempest in a teapot," and that the alarm had no other foundation than that an escaped prisoner from another parish had been seen in the vicinity and was trying arrest.

Cotton Mills.

H. H. Hargrove who was recently sent to the New England States by the N. O. Picayune to investigate the workings of the great cotton mills of that section, has secured much valuable information on the subject, and among other things says:

"The trip to New England is made with the view to throwing any light which may be possible on the great industry which concerns the people of the eight cotton growing states. It may be well to recall the primary fact that New England is composed of the following extreme Eastern States: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island. The entire six states contain an area of 36,465 square miles, which is only three quarters of the size of Louisiana, and yet the assessed wealth in 1890 represented nearly $4,000,000,000. Louisiana at that time represented $226,000,000 of assessed wealth. Louisiana grows cotton and New England has for a century been manufacturing cotton.

"New England, though only three quarters the size of Louisiana, has four times the population, but twenty times its wealth. Louisiana had in 1890 2,613 manufacturing enterprises, while Connecticut had 6,822, Main had 5,040, Massachusetts 26,923, New Hampshire 3,229, Rhode Island 3,377 and Vermont 3,031. Thus combined they had a total of 48,422 manufacturing establishments. A large number of these represented cotton, wool, hides and timber, which came from Louisiana. Of this number 456 were cotton manufacturing establishments, operating 11,000,0000 spindles and paying in wages alone $54,000,000.

"Louisiana that year grew 659,130 bales of cotton and received about $33,000,000 for the crop. Estimating that each hand made four bales, we find that it required 145,000 persons to grow a crop of 660,000 bales, netting an average for wages and all expenses and supply for family $33,000,000.

"The census shows that 148,718 cotton factory operators, mostly women and children, received for wages that same year $54,000,000.

"Let us draw a wholesome lesson from these tale-telling figures and go to work to organizing our mills.

The Camp Meeting at the Opelousas Camp Grounds, at Kennison Springs, will open on August 17th at 8. p. m. The buildings recently erected are in first-class order, the supply of water of a superior quality and abundant, and the shady grounds on which the meeting is to be carried on are not surpassed by any in the State for that purpose. Everything, in fact, will be conducive to an enjoyable time for those who see fit to attend. Among the able and eloquent ministers to be present during this season of grace will be the Rev. Dr. C. W. Carter, T. K. Faunt LeRoy and others equally well known to our people. The public is cordially invited to come and have a good time.

The Twice-a-Week Picayune is a ten-page paper, containing all the most important news from preceding daily issues, and the telegraphic and local news of importance up to 11 o'clock the night before issue. The subscription price is one dollar a year. We will send the TWICE-A-WEEK PICAYUNE and the OPELOUSAS COURIER one year for $2.75 for both papers. Or we will have the Daily Picayune or the Twice-a-week Picayune sent to any address at the regular subscription price.

There are thirty-six cases of yellow fever at the National Soldiers' Home near Hampton, Va. The doctors say that several deaths have resulted from the disease and several more are expected. The fact that thirty cases existed was verified by Quarantine Officer Hobson of Newport News. There is a rigid quarantine enforced between Old Point and Newport News, against the National Soldiers' Home.

B. F. Perley, the popular veteran ginwright, will be in St. Landry during June, July and August, ready to do any job in his line. May 27, 1899.

Orders through the Opelousas Postoffice will receive prompt attention.

We don't make as much noise possibly as some do, but meet any legitimate competition. Don't be taken in by fakes and deceived, but examine our line of general merchandise before buying.—F. L. Sandoz, Bridgeville.

Personal.

Frank Delarue, Jr., is rusticating at Pointe aux Loups Springs.

Mr. J. N. Ogden, Jr., is home after a pleasant stay at Darbonne Springs.

Mrs. H. O. Lauman and sister Miss Asa visited Frozard this week.

Percy T. Ogden left this week to spend a short vacation at Bay St. Louis, Miss.

Mrs. A. Lacoste and Miss Blanche have returned from Cooper's Wells.

Miss Nuna Ogden left last Sunday for a trip to New Orleans and Bay St. Louis.

Mrs. Dr. J. P. Saizan and little daughter Josie left for Cooper's Wells, Miss., Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Sandoz and family have returned after a ten days stay at Dossman Springs.

Messrs. Morgan, Gordon and Peyton Sandoz are back from Darbonne and report having had a fine time.

Taylor Littell, of the State and Parish Tax Collector's force, left last Thursday for an outing on the Darbonre.

Misses Viola and Rosa Lillian, daughters of Hon. C. Taylor Gauche, of New Orleans, are the guests of the family of F. Delarue, Esq., of our town.

Sheriff W. S. Frazee, accompanied by his wife and children and Mrs. A. W. Littell left last Tuesday to spend a few weeks at Oceans Springs, Miss.

Major Mouton of Mamou, Garland Peck of Grand Couteau, H. L. Erlich of Bayou Chicot, and Cleophas Doucet, of Old Grand Prairie, Jury Commissioners, were here several days this week drawing a jury for the next terms of the District Court which sits here in September.

Ten regiments are to be enlisted for service in the Philippines. The officers have been appointed by President McKinley, and Louisiana is allowed only two lieutenants. The N. O. States very correctly and properly mentions that Louisiana in proportion "to her population has furnished more men for the war with Spain than any other in the Union" and advises our boys who desire to enlist to make note of this injustice, and let McKinley "get his soldiers from those States through which he has scattered, for partisan purposes, appointment of colonels, majors and captains." Correct.

The Police Jury of Calcasieu has appropriated $25000.00 for the schools of that parish, and are dividing the parish up into school districts, as provided by the new Constitution, and taxing themselves voluntarily for their respective districts. That is the spirit that builds up enlightened and progressive communities and brings prosperity and civilization to a people.

The COURIER has received and will distribute free a number of pamphlets containing the series of letters written by Mr. H. H. Hargrove to the New Orleans Picayune from the Carolinas on the question of cotton factories. The COURIER will gladly furnish copies to those of our public-spirited citizens who will send us their names or call at this office.

Algiers has a social and political organization called the Doodle Bug. We don't know whether the Kissing Bug is eligible to membership or if it bears any relationship to the Candle bug, Lightning bug or Humbug. We suppose, however, that all the Big Bugs are members—especially those with a Bug in their Bonnet.

The temperature reached 102 degrees at Alexandria and Cheneyville Tuesday, and at Shreveport the thermometer marked 100; New Orleans 96; but twice in twenty-six years has New Orleans experienced greater heat, on July 1, 1894, and Aug. 3, 1897.

I want your cash trade and will make the prices to get it. Cheap cotton necessarily means close prices an goods—and that is my matto. F. L. SANDOZ.

Do you want a good thing? Join the Homestead and Loan. Office over St. Landry State Bank.

Proof of claims required by the Bankrupt Law executed by W. J. Sandoz, Notary, Opelousas.

If you need corn, call at Skiles' lumber yard—1000 bushels for sale.

The Eden of Louisiana.

A party of prominent journalists representing the New England Newspaper League made a trip through Louisiana a few months ago and gathered most valuable information on the advantages and resources of our section, which has been transmitted to the Northern people through the journals represented. The following is an extract from an article on Southwest Louisiana published in the Boston Traveler, contributed by one of these newspaper men. It is a truthful picture of the land of Evangeline as it appears to-day:

The soil along the region that has been described is of exraordinary fertility, and many of its old plantations were accounted forty years ago as valuable as any in the South. The Gulf coast is about forty miles to the South, and the Gulf breeze which waft nortward the year around deliciously temper the climate and caress away wrinkles from the brow of care. Longfellow fitly describes it when he wrote:

"Beautiful is the land with its prairies and forest and fruit trees,
Under the feet of a garden of flowers, and the bluest of heaven
Bending above, and resting its dome on the walls of the forest,
They who dwell there have named it the 'Eden of Louisiana'."

"The prairie lands of Southwest Louisiana are as fine for grazing as the much discussed wooland pastures of Kentucky, and are frequently broken by groves of trees and miles and miles of grand forests. The soil is so fertile and the climate so fecundite, that to quote one Acadian, "you can grow hedges here almost as soon as you can build fences." The herds that inhabit the pasture lands are the sleekest kind the writer has ever seen, and the crops are not confined to sugar and rice; it is a land where all the trees, shrubs, fruits, cereals and grasses grown in the semi-tropical and temperate latitudes can be grown, two. It is also the home of peaches, pears, nectarines, plums, apples, quinces, grapes, figs, persimmons, pomegranites, oranges and the citron. It seems strange to the stranger that the rest of the world should know so little of the earthly paradise locally known as Acadia, St. Landry, Lafayette, St. Mary, St. Martin, Iberia, Vermillion, Calcasieu and Cameron parishes.

We don't believe the people of the State of Mississippi, as a whole, are any more intelligent than those of Louisiana. This being so, why is it that Mississippians have a chance to designate, in a primary election, their choice for United States Senator? The Democrats of Louisiana should demand the same right, and call upon the State Central Committee of the Democratic party to adopt resolutions to allow the voters of this State to name their choice for United States Senator, as well as Governor and other State officers, in a Democratic primary election.—Alexandria Town Talk.

Gen. Jastremski, Commissioner of Agriculture, is yet out with the farmers attending sessions of the institutes. While the General may not be a practical farmer, he is better posted on the needs of the State in the way of securing thrifty immigrants than anyone we know of. The Bureau of Agriculture and Immigration is fortunate in its chief.—B. R. Truth.

Things political are twisted up in St. Mary. There is not a single candidate that knows where he is.—Independent Democrat.

And St. Mary is not the only parish where the "patriots" are fuddled.

NICE.—We keep a nice line of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, &c. Prices as Cheap as any. F. L. SANDOZ.

If people would stop climbing hills before they got to them there would be less of that tired feeling in the world.

The Atlanta Constitution and the Opelousas COURIER one year and a premium—all for $2.75. Call at this office for particulars.

LOST—You have lost money by not buying your handmade shoes and latest style hats at F. L. Sandoz. Prices right.

Skiles has 1000 bushels of corn for sale cheap—call at the lumber yard.

See advertisement of horse and phaeton for sale in another column.

1000 bushels of corn for sale by A. C. Skiles.

Washington, D. C., News.

From our Regular Correspondent

Washington, July 31, 1899.

Repugnant wishes father the story sent out from Washington several days ago, that a movement was on foot to put another gold democratic presidential ticket in the field next year. No such movement is known among Democrats, and no such action is expected to get the support of any considerable number of Democrats, because they all know that it is not being instigated by Democrats, but by Republicans, whose only object is to draw support away from the regular Democratic ticket. A number of Democrats who took part in organizing the Palmer and Buckner movement, have since acknowledged their mistake and their regret, and expressed their intention to stand by the regular nominations hereafter, because the Democratic party as a whole stands for most of the things they believe in. Although Republican money is likely to be freely used to bring about such a condition, there is absolutely nothing in sight at this time to indicate the nomination of a gold Democratic ticket next year.

There is much shaking and quaking in the old Alger clique in the War Department, because of a rumor, which seems to have foundation, that Secretary Root, who is now in Washington, preparatory to being sworn in tomorrow and taking charge intends to reorganize the War Department from bottom to top. Certainly no other department of the government needs a thorough re-organization more than the one over which Mr. Root has been chosen to preside, but the clique is powerful and Secretary Root may find himself unable to overthrow the Algerites. If he is wise he will get Gen. Miles on his side, by restoring him the authority of which he was deprived by Alger.

Attorney-General Griggs, before going off on his summer vacation, shattered the hopes of numerous persons who thought they had everything fixed to secure valuable Porto Rican concessions from the War Department, by rendering opinions upon three specific concessions,—the right to use the water power of the river Plata, the right to build and operate a tramway, and the right to build and control, for all time, piers and wharves at Ponce. These opinions take the ground that all such concessions were the crown property of Spain, and sums them all, apparently all other public concessions on the island, up, as follows: "As crown property, they were, by the treaty of cession, transferred by Spain to the U. S. of America, and are now a part of the public domain of that nation. I do not know of any right or power which the Secretary of War or the President has to alienate in perpetuity, any of the public domain of the U. S., except in accordance with acts of Congress, duly passed with reference thereto." This is understood to be a hint to Alger of the power of the administration to make trouble for him and his business friends, who are heavily interested in some Cuban deals, if he attempts to antagonize the administration.

Representative Griffith, who represents the Indiana district which sent the late Judge Holman to Congress for so many years, said of politics in his State, and he knows: "Indiana will send to the Democratic National Convention a solid Bryan delegation. The men who were for Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform in 1896, have not weakened in their faith regarding either. I am one of those who believe in the indestructability of the principles of Democracy, and though the party may suffer temporary defeat, it is sure to regain ascendency, for it represents better than any other political organization the true interests of the people. The predominant issue in 1900 is very apt to be war upon the trusts, and upon this, the Democrats will be in far better position than their opponents. The voters of the country cannot be deluded by anti-trust declarations of the Republican convention; they understand that there is no real antagonism between the leading men of that party and the trusts, but on the contrary, the closest intimacy exists, seeing that most of the influential Republicans are thoroughly identified with combines and monopolies. We had a great chance in 1896, and we came very near success, and we will have just as good a chance in 1900. I see nothing in the situation that is discouraging to Democrats, but on the contrary much that betokens a winning campaign."

One of the conundrums of the hour is why the sending of a cablegram to Gen. Otis, conveying an expression of Mr. McKinley's confidence in him, and satisfaction with all he has done including his press censoring, should have been kept secret for ten days after it was sent? Some say that Mr. McKinley wanted to ascertain how far public sentiment would go in supporting the demand for the recall of Otis, and that if that demand had been a little stronger, the cablegram would have been suppressed entirely. It was evidently kept back for some purpose. And it wouldn't have been the first time that official matters have been made public or suppressed by this administration in deference to the state of public opinion.

AUBREY BRAUD.

TO MRS. LEAH S[illegible]

Winter's sunbeams shed their lustre
O'er an earthly pathway here,
And a mother did discover
That a bouncing boy was near.

Brown-eyed cherub, most of her care
Now is centered upon thee,
And if others to her are dear,
Doubly so thou'lt surely be.

Sleep or waking will her strong arm
Hold thee closely to her breast,
And protect and fondly give thee
Through thy young life needed rest.

A FRIEND.

OPELOUSAS, LA., Aug. 3, 1899.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, July 27, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Bayou Chicot, La., on Sept. 12th, 1899, viz:

Valmont Grtego,

who made Homestead Entry No. 14115, for the lots 1, 2 and 3 section 26, township 3, south range 1 west, Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

Octave Ardoin, Jesse Reed, Jno. Pierre Ardoin, Gerrand Soileau, all of Bayou Chicot, La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

Aug 5, 1899. 6t.

NOTICE.—Land Office at New Orleans July 11, 1899.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Turkey Creek, La., on August 24th, 1899, viz.:

Jerushin J. Butchee,

who made Homestead Entry No. 14540 for the N. E. ¼ of Sec. 2, Tp. 2, S. R. 1 W., Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

Junius Butchee, William Lester, Jos. B. Singletary and Wm. H. McCormick, all of Turkey Creek P. O., La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

July 15, 1899-6t

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 11, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Bayou Chicot, La., on August 23d, 1899, viz:

John Thompson,

for the lots 1 and 2 of Sec. 42 Tp. 1 S. R. 1 E Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

Geo. W. Sadler, Wm. D. Burr, Willis P. Wolff and Sam'l Haas, all of St. Landry Parish, La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

July 15, 1899-6t.

NOTICE.—Land Office at New Orleans, July 11, 1899.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Bayou Chicot, La., on August 23, 1899, viz.:

Willy Nixon,

who made Homestead Entry No. 15153 for the N half of S W ¼ Section 32, Township 2, S. R. 1 West, La. Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

William Johnson, Louis Johnson, Jas. W. Russell and Frank McNickoll, all of Bayou Chicot, La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

July 15, 1899.

NOTICE.—Land Office at New Orleans July 19, 1899.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Bayou Chicot, La., on Sept. 2, 1899, viz:

William Randle,

who made homestead entry No. —— for the S. E.¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 3, S. of R. 1 West, Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

George Randle, Jr., Eli Clark, Stephen Deville, Landry Henry, all of Bayou Chicot P. O., La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

July 22, 1899. 6t.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 25, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Frank Wharton, U. S. Commissioner, at Bayou Chicot, La., on Sept. 9th, 1899, viz.:

Caroline Pleasants,

who made Homestead Entry No. 14457, for the E.½ of W.½, (or lot 3) S. E.¼ of N. W.¼ and E.½ of S. W.¼ Section 34, Tp. 3, S. of R. 1 E. La. Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.:

Hawkins Deville, Jos. C. Holden, Etienne Deville, Henry L. Erlich, all of Bayou Chicot, La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

July 27, 1899-6t

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., August 1, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before B. Bloomfield, U. S. Commissioner, at Opelousas, La., on Sept. 12th, 1899, viz:

Ermogene Deville,

who made Homestead Entry No. 15655 for the N.½ of S. E.¼ and N. E.¼ of S. W.¼ Sec. 30, Tp. 2, S. R. 1 W, Louisiana Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Louis Deville, Sr., Willie Boudreaux, Eros Bellard, Simon Bellard, all of St. Landry Parish, La.

WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

Aug 5, 1899.

Get our prices for job work.

JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

FELIX LOEB & BROS. Vs. CHAS. J. RICHARD.

No. 16418.

DISTRICT COURT, PARISH OF ST LANDRY STATE OF LOUISIANA.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Hon. the Eleventh Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled and numbered suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will proceed to sell at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the principal front door of the Courthouse, in the town of Opelousas, in the parish of St. Landry, on

Saturday, August 26th, 1899,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain town lot situated in the town of Sunset, Louisiana, measuring fifty feet front by one hundred and forty-five in depth, with the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded north by Napoleon Avenue, south by a strip of land belonging to Emile Robin, east by property formerly belonging to Mentor Andrus, and west by A. T. Burleigh, being same property acquired by mortgager from Napoleon Robin by act of sale passed before Alfred Lavy, Notary Public, on the 24 day of April A. D. 1890, and recorded in Conveyance Book No. 2 at pages 710 and 711; and also in Mortgage Book No. 28 at pages 646 and 647.

Terms and Conditions.—To be sold on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser being required to furnish good and sufficient joint security and special mortgage on the property sold, bearing interest from the day of adjudication at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and to pay in cash out of the price of the adjudication the amount due for printing, the sheriff's and clerk's costs, etc., amounting to about seventy five dollars.

W. S. FRAZEE, Sheriff.

August 5, 1899.

PUBLIC SALE.

ESTATE OF HELOISE LECOMITE.

PROBATE DOCKET, DISTRICT COURT, PARISH OF ST LANDRY.

No. 5381.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable Eleventh Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the parish of St. Landry, there will be sold at public auction to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned testamentary executor or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased in the town of Washington, parish of St. Landry, La., on

Wednesday, August 30th, 1899,

the following described property, to-wit:

The property is composed of a certain ½ square of land together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the town of Washington, in the Parish of St. Landry, bounded on the north by Dejean street, south by Conkling, east by old Bridge street and west by Washington street; to be sold in two lots or pieces, numbered lots One and Two, the said lot One being bounded north by Dejean street, south by Conkling, east by lot No. Two and West by lot No. 2.

Lot No. Two is bounded north by Dejean street, South by Conkling, east by old Bridge street and west by lot No. One.

Terms—Cash.

LEOPOLD LALANNE, Testamentary Executor.

July 29, 1899

SHERIFF'S SALE.

HENRY L. GARLAND Vs. NOEMIE GUIDRY, NATURAL TUTRIX, ET ALS.

No. 16515.

District Court, Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued out of the Hon. the Eleventh Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled and numbered suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will proceed to sell at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Opelousas, in St. Landry parish, on

Saturday, September 2d, 1899,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

Two pieces of land about ten miles south of Opelousas near Bayou Carenero, one containing twenty-five arpents, and the other containing seventy-five arpents (and both being parts of a body of land that Garland sold to Louis Guilbeau on the 26th of May, 1886). The twenty five arpents tract adjoins the Bayou Carenero, which bounds it on the east, and is bounded south by land of Albert Guidry, and south by lands of Louis Guilbeau, west by lands hereinafter described. It has a front on the Bayou of half of the whole front of the whole tract which Guilbeau acquired, and it has such a depth from the Bayou towards the west as is necessary to make a body of twenty five arpents. The seventy-five arpents tract adjoins to it, and is bounded west by lands of Charles or Mrs. Chas. Miller, south by lands claimed by Albert Guidry and by Jeff Miller, north by lands of Louis and Alexander Guilbeau and east by tract above described. On these lands are the following buildings: one little dwelling and two cribs, etc., and all improvements.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—CASH.

W. S. FRAZEE, Sheriff of the Parish of St. Landry.

July 29, 1899.

PUBLIC SALE.

DISTRICT COURT, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY STATE OF LOUISIANA.

ESTATE OF LELIA LEDOUX, DECEASED Wife of Eloi Bushnell.

No. 5347.

By virtue of an order of the Honorable the Eleventh Judicial District Court of Louisiana, holding sessions in and for the Parish of St. Landry, there will be sold at public auction to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator, or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased in Pointe Mamou, Parish of St. Landry, La., on

Wednesday, September 6, 1899,

Commencing at the hour of 11 a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, belonging in community between Lelia Ledoux and her surviving husband Eloi Bushnell, containing one hundred and sixty-four and 12|100 of an acre, being the south half of the northwest quarter, and north half of southwest quarter of section thirty-five, township five, south of range one west Louisiana meridian.

A lot of household furniture, kitchen utensils and other articles.

Terms—Cash.

August 5, 1899. R. T. MARSHALL, Administrator.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

I. E. SHUTE vs. C. SETTOON.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF ST LANDRY.

No. ——

FIRST JUSTICE'S COURT.

By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed by Hon. Arthur Simon, Justice of the Peace, 1st Ward, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, I will proceed to sell to the last and highest bidder, at the office of A. Simon, First Justice, in the town of Opelousas, La., on

Wednesday, August 16, 1899,

the following described property, to wit:

One buggy and one brown horse. Also, one horse wagon.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

PATRICK COSGROVE, Constable, 1st Ward.

August 5, 1899.

STILL IN THE RING.

The recent fire which destroyed our warehouse has caused no interruption to our business here. Mr. J. B. Clements still represents the firm, and is located in the building opposite the Pipe Factory at the entrance to town, where he is prepared to

Pay the Higest Market Price for Hides, Wool, Furs, Beeswax, Etc.

The Finnigan Fitzpatrick Co. Ltd.
J. B. CLEMENTS,
Opelousas, La., Jan. 21, '99. Manager.