

**OF PERSONAL MENTION**

J. L. Gaston of Beaumont was in the city during the week, a guest at the Lacombe "Alphonse" did not come.

D. A. Barton and wife of Donaldsonville were guests at the Lacombe Hotel Tuesday.

D. Asbury from Lake Charles spent the day here Tuesday.

H. H. Sandoz of Lafayette spent a few days this week with relatives and friends in this city, his four or five children.

C. Berney, a Creole traveling man, was in the city Monday.

E. A. Epps was "doing" the city Monday. He was from St. Louis.

H. C. Lynch from Washington, La., was spending the day here Monday.

C. M. Froza, a South Omaha man, was enjoying life here in the early part of the week.

L. E. Frost failed to lower the temperature here Monday. This frigid name was registered from Shreveport.

Mrs. M. Rosenfield was a Lafayette visitor last Monday.

L. F. Lake was a guest at the Lacombe this week.

The Courier office last Monday enjoyed a pleasant visit from Messrs. Soland and Garimier of Baton Rouge, who are visiting Mr. Henry Fux, an attache of the Courier. We welcome the young gentlemen to our city, and hope their visit will prove a pleasant one.

A. L. Trepagnier of Chicago was mixing with the buyers in Opelousas Wednesday.

J. F. Martin, a St. Louis business man, was "humping" himself here Tuesday.

J. D. Milburn was a visitor from Alexandria Tuesday.

Wm. Crawford was in Opelousas from Washington during the week.

N. W. Richard of Melville was greeting friends in Opelousas this week.

Allen Griffin of Crowley was transacting business in Opelousas this week.

R. L. Moosh and H. S. Cloud were registered from Shreveport this week.

J. N. Boyer, a Dallas business man, was here during the week.

S. K. Street man was in the city from Eunice during the week.

A. S. Helm from Dallas was a visitor here Tuesday.

O. H. Weise, an Alexandria business man, was in the city last Tuesday.

E. C. Robin, a Jackson, Miss., "bird," was in the city Wednesday.

Adonis LeBlanc was in Opelousas Wednesday from Lafayette.

M. K. Black, a perambulating business man of Cincinnati, was taking orders here Wednesday.

R. W. Crapster of Chattanooga spent Wednesday here.

J. D. Sensdy of Shreveport was at the Lacombe during the week.

J. D. Lindsay, taking care of Kansas City end, was circulating among our business men during the week.

Saline Haddad, a Gothamite, was soliciting business in Opelousas last Wednesday.

J. S. Evans, a prominent Opelousas merchant, visited New Orleans during the week.

Miss Florence Barry of Grand Coteau is visiting friends and relatives here this week.

Mrs. Clara Edwards and daughter, Miss Daisy, are on a visit to friends and relatives in Alexandria.

The following were registered

from New Orleans during the week—W. C. Thomas, J. A. Adler, A. Elmer, Theo. Jaubert, T. E. Bernard, Jr., W. D. Priest, C. G. Lewis, W. M. Gordon, Ali. Levy, J. K. Kline, A. P. Stewart, Wm. Chapman.

W. M. Gair from Alexandria was visiting the city this week.

Mayer Kahn was here Friday from Chicago.

Mrs. J. M. Lackey was a visitor at the Lacombe Hotel Friday from Cottonport.

A. J. Williams from Kretz Springs was at the Lacombe Friday.

**THE PRICE OF A MENAGERIE.**

Live game trapping in Africa is conducted mostly north of Transvaal and south of the Sahara Desert, between the east and west coasts. The best results are obtained in the unhealthy marshy districts of Mozambique, the Portuguese colony in East Africa. A large part of the game is captured in the lakes district around the headwaters of the Nile. Most of the antelopes are captured in the country lying between the east coast and Lake Tanganyika.

The prices of wild animals naturally fluctuate with the demand. An excessive supply of rhinoceri would soon reduce the market value. Five for sale at any time in the world would glut the market, for one cannot sell a rhinoceros every day. The maintenance of wild animals is costly, and they soon eat their value in food; so that every day they are on the hunter's or the dealer's hands, he is losing money.

After the animals are captured, they have to be transported to the coast. This adds greatly to their cost. Delivered at Nairobi or Fort Florence, which are inland and practically on the hunting field, a baby rhinoceros of the prehensile tipped species will bring from \$375 to \$500, a giraffe from \$250 to \$450 and elands and most of the large antelopes from \$125 to \$200, baboons from \$1.25 to \$3, monkeys about the same, elephants from \$375 to \$875, lions and leopards, with the exception of the black species of the latter, from \$100 to \$175, according to size and condition. The gorilla and the square-muzzled (or so-called white) rhinoceros can be sold at auction by telegraph. Their value might run from \$5,000 to \$30,000, according to the bidding. The square-muzzled rhinoceros is fast becoming exterminated, owing to the fact that it is a wild animal, and feeds in the open, where it is easily seen and shot.

The above prices are doubled by the time the animals reach the coast. Then there is the cost of transport from Africa to Antwerp, Hamburg or London, with the cost of food and care added, as well as the additional expense of keeping the animals until a buyer appears on the scene.

Prices in New York, of course, are naturally higher. William T. Hornaday, head of the Bronx Zoological Park, gives the following quotations: Ordinary black rhinoceros, \$4,000; hippopotamus, 1 year old, \$2,000; giraffe, 2 to 3 years, \$3,000; lion cub, \$500; leopard, \$100; zebra, \$500 to \$800; gorilla, type of monkey, \$1.25; gnu, \$800; antelope, from \$100 to \$700, according to species; camel, \$300; a python, \$10 per foot of length; crocodile, \$5 per foot of length. The longer the animals are in America, the better acclimatized they become, the higher go their valuations—from two to three times the above figures.—Captain Fritz Duquesne, in August Hampton's.

**Washington's Plague Spots.**

lie in the low, marshy bottoms of the Potomac, the breeding ground of malaria germs. These germs cause chills, fever and ague, biliousness, jaundice, lassitude, weakness and general debility and bring suffering or death to thousands yearly. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malaria troubles. "They are the best all-round tonic and cure for malaria I ever used," writes R. M. James, of Louellen, S. C. They cure Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Blood Troubles and will prevent Typhoid. Try them, 50 cents. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Dr. Samuel E. Lewis, chairman of the monumental committee, U. C. V., and commander of Charles Broadway Rous Camp No. 1,191, U. C. V., has purchased for Mrs. Kate Walker Behan of New Orleans, the twenty-five tools used by James B. Horne of Mississippi in restoring Jefferson Davis' name to the tablet on Cabin John Bridge

**LOCAL OPTION IS WARMLY PRAISED.**

G. W. Signor of Shreveport Discusses Liquor Question.

The article following, including the heading, is from the Houston Chronicle of recent date:

"George W. Signor of Shreveport, a well known lumberman and wholesale manufacturer of creosoted ties, spent Friday in Houston, and visited the officers of the International and Great Northern, which road recently made large purchases from him.

"Mr. Signor was enthusiastic over the world-wide prohibition in Shreveport. I can't remember the last time I saw a saloon in Houston, in Houston, in Houston."

by other business banks report large increases in deposits, and the merchants marked accessories in trade.

"According to figures given to Mr. Signor by a police judge in Shreveport, there were in December, the month before the law went into effect, 372 arrests, all except 20 per cent made for drunkenness. In January there were 243 arrests, only 20 per cent of which were drunks. In February there were only 118 arrests, in March there were only 17 or 18 cases, with the jails practically empty. The chief of police has cut the force in two, and says he really has work for only three or four officers, according to Mr. Signor.

"The city's revenue from the saloons alone was \$137,000, and when that was raised, there was at first a deficit, but without raising the tax rate property values and tax payments have improved so much that the deficit is about wiped out, he says, and the city expenses are paid without resorting to a liquor tax. Mr. Signor cited with approval the sending out to the county road about 30 men, some of them prominent citizens, who attempted to violate the law by holding bars open. Since that time the law has been enforced, with but few attempts to violate it."

**Scared With A Hot Iron.**

or scalded by overturned kettle—cut with a knife—bruised by slammed door—injured by gun or in any way otherwise—the thing needed at once is Bucklen's America Salve to subdue inflammation and kill the pain. It's earth's supreme healer. Infallible for Boils, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Eczema and Piles. 25 cents at all druggists.

**A "TIGER" AT GETTYSBURG.**

As to the desperate nature of the fighting at Gettysburg, and the fearless courage of the Southern troops who met the Twentieth in hat battle, the Democrat-Journal will mention one little incident of that bloody field: When the Louisiana Tigers were driven to retreat from East Cemetery Hill, they were pursued by a detachment of the 107th Ohio, in command of Adjutant Young. The color bearer was left, mortally wounded. He was holding on to his flag, and with pistol in one hand, he shot the adjutant through the shoulder, while the adjutant in turn planted his saber through his heart, the Tiger (well named) holding on to the flag and saber at the same time in a kneeling position until he dropped dead. The flag was marked Eighth Louisiana Tigers. The man was examined and found to have seven balls through him.—Wiramac Democrat-Journal.

**THE GRAND JURY REPORT.**

The Enterprise publishes this week the very able report by the grand jury of this parish, and in this connection we desire to compliment Judge Henry and the jury commission upon the high character of the individual members of the present grand jury.

As long as we have such a class of men on this important body, there need be no fear that the laws will fall into disrepute in this parish.

The Enterprise is particularly gratified by that portion of the report which refers to Mr. Caldwell. It has always believed that a grave injustice had been done to a distinguished educator and a faithful public servant.

This report of the grand jury, made after a careful investigation of all the facts of the case and by a high judicial body acting under the solemn sanction of an oath, and in conformity to specific instructions by the district judge, is a most sweeping vindication of Mr. Caldwell.

What the grand jury reported was entirely unnecessary so far as the people of this parish are concerned, for their confidence in Mr.

Caldwell has never been shaken, but it will prove a valuable contribution to the history of the case for those who live in other sections of the state. Watchman Enterprise.

**FINE CORN.**

Mr. B. O. Evans, representing W. S. Evans & Son, from Pointe Coupee parish, brought in last week some of the finest corn we have ever seen. There were four ears, and they averaged thirteen inches in length. It is of Shows improved variety, and Mr. Evans informs us that the seven acres he has in cultivation will average seventy bushels to the acre, compared with the average of thirty-five bushels to the acre.

The college of agriculture at Columbia, Mo., has a cow, Lula by name, that has shattered all previous Shorthorn records. She gave last year 12,312 pounds of whole milk, which tested 4.17 per cent butter fat. From this was made 865 pounds of marketable butter—all in one year.

Only think of it! This at only 30 cents a pound would bring in for butter alone \$381.50 a year. At 40 cents—which is not unreasonable—it would make \$242 from one cow in one year, besides several dollars' worth of skim milk and buttermilk.

Lula surpasses all former records of her class in butter by 111 pounds, and in milk by 1,904 pounds. She is seven years old, and she came from a Chattanooga (N. Y.) herd of milking Shorthorns that averaged about one pound of butter daily. The American Agriculturist says: "The herd was bred for milking purposes for over thirty years, and this cow simply accentuates the principle that continued selection along definite lines cannot but end in marked improvement."

Think what a herd of only twenty cows like Lula would bring in each year. In milk and butter alone it would reach from \$3,000 to \$4,000, and the calves would run it up enormously—say from \$20,000 to \$30,000 more. Highly bred cows certainly pay well—Home and Farm.

One of our exchanges relieves itself of the following bit of sarcasm after vainly trying to be good: "We like to hear a man refuse to take his home paper and all the time borrows or steal it from his neighbor. We like to hear a man complain when asked to subscribe for his home paper that he takes more than he can read now, and then sponge on his neighbors for the news. We like to see a man run down his home paper as not worth taking, and now and then beg the editor for an editorial notice. We like to see a merchant refuse to advertise in his home paper, and then try to get a share of the business which the newspapers bring to town. We like to see all these things. It is economical encouraging, progressive and cheery!"

**SIGNIFICANT.**

The other day a merchant in a nearby town saw a farmer receive goods at a station from a mail-order house, says the Muscotah (Kan.) Record. The goods were in his line, and the same had been carried in his store for years. He approached the farmer and said: "I could have sold you every article you have there for less money than you paid the Chicago house, and saved you the freight, besides."

"Then why on earth didn't you say so?" answered the farmer. "I have taken the Muscotah Record for years, and have never seen a line about your selling these goods. The Chicago house sent advertising matter to me, asking for my trade, and they got it."

A telegram from B. F. Yokum says the Frisco road will be run through to New Orleans about Sept. 1st.

Dr. Eliot says that matrimony is the most profitable profession for women. But, think of the poor man-victims!

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For further information see local agent, C. A. Heston, or address C. C. CARY, General Agent, Opelousas, La.

ROY TERRELL, G. B. and P. A., Beaumont, Texas.

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