DAILY DEMOCRAT.

Official Journal of the State of Louisiana.

Official Journal of the City of New Orleans.

Office, 109 Gravier Street.

GEORGE W. DUPRE & CO., PROPRIETORS.

GEORGE W. DUPRE, H. J. HEARSEY, JOHN AUGUSTIN, ALBERT C. JANIN.

H. J. HEARSEY .....EDITOR.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Daily Democrat.

One Year	$10 00
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Three Months	2 50
One Month	1 00

Payable in Advance.

THE SUNDAY DEMOCRAT.

The Sunday edition of the DEMOCRAT will contain a department specially devoted to the Agricultural interests of the different parishes of Louisiana and to the study of Agriculture as a science. It is designed for country as well as city circulation, and will be furnished to subscribers at the following rates:

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The Weekly Democrat.

The Weekly Democrat, a large eight-page paper, will be furnished to subscribers at the following rates:

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NOTICE—Wants, for Rent and for Sale advertisements inserted in the Democrat at Fifty Cents (50) per square, each insertion.

Friday, April 6, 1877.

The office of the New Orleans DEMOCRAT has been Removed from 74 Camp street to 109 Gravier street.

The Only Authorized Soliciting Agents of the Democrat for the City are Messrs. H. H. BAKER and P. O. DEVEZIN.

THE LEGISLATURE.

We published on Wednesday morning an analysis of the Legislature, showing its political complexion according to the true returns of the votes actually cast in November last, and the present composition of the legal Legislature of the State, sitting at Odd Fellows' Hall. We gave also as an illustration of the ingenuity with which the scoundrels composing the Returning Board falsify the results of our elections, the constitution of what many people have fallen into the habit of calling the "Returning Board Legislature," though, to our mind, the use of that term, except by way of pleasantry, is sufficient to justify the launching of a writ *de lunatico inquirendo* against the person using it. We might as well speak of a "Cotton Exchange Legislature," or a "Penitentiary Legislature," as of a "Returning Board Legislature," since that body has no more jurisdiction in the matter of counting the votes for members of the Legislature than have the two former institutions, and much less control over legislators than the latter of these two ought to have over some of those in hiding at the St. Louis Hotel. It is most remarkable and mortifying to find men who are presumed to have some intelligence, since they occupy public positions, advertising and proclaiming their dense ignorance of the real nature and constitutional powers and prerogatives of legislative bodies, under every representative form of government, by employing language which implies the admission by them that a board of canvassing officers, the mere creature of the Legislature, can usurp the functions of its creator and control for all time to come the legislation of the State. If these people, instead of venting their ignorance, would take the trouble to turn to their own written constitution, they would find that each house of the Legislature is the sole and exclusive judge of the election of its members and that nobody else has anything to do with the matter. This point being settled in their minds, they might, probably, without much trouble, be made to understand that a Legislature composed of a majority of the persons elected to both branches thereof is as good and legal a Legislature as it is possible to create in a State, since such a body cannot, under the constitution of any country where the form and substance of republican and representative government prevail, delegate to any board of canvassing officers its constitutional duty and power to determine and control its own organization. Then, perhaps, we should hear no more silly and idiotic talk about "Returning Board Legislatures"—a term invented to confuse the public mind by cunning carpet-baggers, who laugh in their sleeves at the simplicity of those whom, by persistently harping upon it, they have bullied into using and adopting it as the equivalent of the legal Legislature of the State. It is, as we said before, really mortifying to find free citizens of Louisiana accommodating their interpretation of the constitution, the bulwark of their own liberties, to the demands of a band of rascally adventurers, who care no more for the constitution than they do for the decalogue. But enough of that.

The analysis we published on Wednesday shows that the Legislature sitting at Odd Fellows' Hall is composed of twenty-three Senators, without including Senator Allain, who took his seat Wednesday afternoon, and seventy-six Representatives—all elected on the face of the returns or seated after a contest. Of these, four Senators and nine Representatives are Republicans. Thus it is clearly seen that this Legislature, so far from being in need of a reorganization, is already as legal and perfect as it can be made, and that the only strength which could be added to it is that of numbers. To obtain such strength no reorganization is necessary. All that is required is that the absent members appear and take their seats. Why, then, should there be any talk about reorganizing the Legislature, with all the enormous confusion and expense which such an undertaking would entail, when the only practical object which it could effect can be attained by the simple process of admitting to their seats the now recusant members, whose absence from the Legislature during the last three months, it may truthfully be said, has been of far more advantage to the interests of reform than their presence could have been.

The Commission sent here by Mr. Hayes is composed of intelligent lawyers and statesmen. A stay here of twenty-four hours will suffice to make clear to them the utter absurdity and futility of any such scheme as a reorganization of the Legislature. Their mental caliber must be small, indeed, if they cannot realize at a glance the legality and constitutional completeness of our Legislature and their own want of authority to question it in any way. They come simply on a tour of investigation and have no more idea of attempting to effect a reorganization of our Legislature than they have of recommending the recognition of Packard as Governor.

THE SENATORSHIP.

The propriety of an early adjournment of the Legislature, and the election of a Senator, are now being actively discussed both by the members of the Legislature and their constituencies—the people. We are content to leave the question of adjournment to the discretion of our representatives; but the rumors abroad, that there is a disposition on the part of some of the senators and representatives to elect a Radical to the United States Senate, demands serious consideration.

The people throughout the State have very clearly expressed their opposition to any such action, and we do not hesitate to say that the democratic senator or representative who should vote for any man, for the United States Senate, who is not in full political accord with the principles upon which the last canvass in this State was fought and won, would betray the trust confided to his hands by the people who elected him.

The President asks no degrading price for the justice he has promised to accord us, and deep have we sunk in cowardice and degradation, if we are prepared to confer one of the highest honors Louisiana can bestow, upon any one of the creatures who have been, in the last eight years, identified with the rule which has been our ruin and our disgrace, or upon any one who at all times, and under all circumstances, has not been in direct and pronounced opposition to that rule.

Mr. Hayes has not asked us to degrade ourselves by perpetrating a bald fraud upon our State and upon the United States Senate. But, if there are any members of the Louisiana Legislature (and, thank Heaven, we do not believe there are any such,) who are so craven in spirit that they are ready to elect a Senator at the dictation of the President, we would say to them that they can best subserve the wishes of that official by electing a straight out Democrat.

If Mr. Hayes in truth means to carry out his Southern policy, he must prefer, to the election to the United States Senate, from this and other Southern States, of Radicals, the election of honorable Democrats. It is the interest of Southern Democrats—especially Louisiana Democrats—to sustain the President in his Southern policy, while on the other hand, it is to the interest of every Radical in the South to defeat that policy. There is no Radical in Louisiana who could give President Hayes any influence or support if elected to the Senate, and there is not a straight-out Democrat who has been mentioned in connection with this high office who would not be a tower of strength to him there, so long as he proved true to his pledges to protect and rehabilitate the South.

Are Louisianians more craven in spirit; are they fonder of degradation than the South Carolinians? Have we become in the last eight years constitutional dirt-eaters, that we talk of electing to the highest places in our gift some one of the wretches who for years have tramped us in the dust and rifled our pockets? We trust not. But if we have, men who respect themselves had better begin to make their arrangements to leave the State.

Gov. Hampton emancipated South Carolina by his firm and uncompromising attitude. He refused to defile his soul by having any political associations with any of the thieves and rapscallions who have scourged his people.

We have no idea that the Legislature will for a moment entertain the thought of making a Louisiana Radical a United States Senator. We know that the Democracy of the State have not elected to the Legislature a set of men who would give such an indorsement to the past eight years of misrule and plunder, and such a refutation of all the charges we have made against the Kelloggs the Packards and their kind. Yet rumors to this effect are abroad and we have thought it proper to set the Legislature right before the public.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

We make this extract from an obituary notice in the Iberville *South:*

A notable old colored woman died on the Clements plantation, in this parish, on Sunday last. Her name was Nelly Parker. She was born at Mount Vernon, and at her death was about 85 years old. She was the laundress of the late Mrs. E. G. W. Butler. Nelly's mother was the laundress of Mrs. Butler's mother, Mrs. Lewis of Woodlawn, and her grandmother was laundress of Mrs. Washington of Mount Vernon. Nelly was the last of the "old Washington stock" in this parish, and, like all the servants of that illustrious family, prided herself upon her descent.

Political economists tell us that a demand for an article is generally, perhaps always, followed by an increase in the supply. Illustrations of this doctrine are constantly cropping out among all kinds of phenomena, political and social. Some time ago it happended that a man by the name of Johnson was wanted by the police of Boston, or some other Eastern city. In fact there was an active demand for Johnson. Of course it will be at once suggested by the reader who is hasty in jumping at conclusions, that such a demand could very easily be supplied—that the stock of Johnsons in the United States is large enough to satisfy the requirements of the most clamorous police in the country. But it happened that in this instance the Johnson was to be named Thomas, and that he was to have lost his left eye, in place of which he was to wear a glass orb. Given a left glass eye, and the Christian name of Thomas, as functious of Johnson and the problem would seem to be too hard for the most able-bodied police. Nevertheless the demand produced its natural effect, and not only one glass-eyed Thomas Johnson, but, in fact, thirteen of these abnormal and phenomenal beings were duly forwarded to the Boston Chief of Police.

When little Charley Ross disappeared, a vigorous demand for him immediately arose, and, in response to it, the supply of Charley Rosses seemed, for a time, to glut the market. All over the country people engaged zealously in the invention of Charley Rosses, and the business has not ceased yet. So, when Tweed disappeared, and there was an active demand for him in New York, Tweeds appeared, almost simultaneously, in different parts of the country. Stout and innocent gentlemen were in constant danger of being converted into Tweeds by their enterprising and speculative fellow-citizens. No fat man was safe from sudden arrest and extradition; and, in short, the crop of potential Tweeds was something enormous. At one time it was supposed that the sun, which is the centre of our planetary system, was a unique and solitary body of its kind.

But a demand for suns arose among astronomers, and speedily Sirius, and Aldebaran and Arcturus were converted into solar orbs, and as the demand increased the number was run up to several millions. It is comforting to know that if any accident were to happen to our luminary the prudent forethought of astronomers has provided us with so abundant a supply. So when scientific men began to desire asteroids it was found that the four which had originally sufficed to supply a moderate demand were not enough for the times, and, in consequence, about a hundred and sixty of these eccentric bodies have been brought into the astromonical market.

In fact, the illustrations of the doctrine are, as we have said, conspicuous in every department of human affairs. The obituary notice which we give at the beginning of this article is another confirmation of its truth. Owing to circumstances connected with the history of George Washington, there has, for a number of years, been quite a lively demand for domestics belonging to the Washington family. It is well known that the supply has been pretty well kept up. In fact, it must be a very poor neighborhood that cannot produce an aged darkey who blacked Washington's boots, or baked the family hoecake. And there is no reason to believe that the capacity for this kind of production has been reached. Indeed, there is no telling how much the wealth of the country might be increased by accumulating a large stock of this class of persons. Since the hard times came on, many people have been thrown out of employment, who might apply themselves to this branch of industry. The success of Barnum when he undertook to supply the demand for Washington domestics by exhibiting Joyce Heth, is a comforting example of what might be done in this line. A good many posts have not yet been filled. We want Washington's valet, and his coachman, and his cook—in fact, half a dozen good specimens of each would not overstock the market. Then there is getting to be quite a brisk demand for laundresses, and laundresses' children, which the unfortunate deceased above referred to only partly supplied. Besides these a fine lot of chamber-maids and hairdressers would prove a merchantable article. In short, it would be hard to place a limit to the business, and there is no doubt that if properly conducted it may flourish for another hundred years, so that our posterity, who visit the next Philadelphia Centennial, may gaze with rapture on a lot of lively duo centenarians who waited on Mr. and Mrs. Washington.

THE SOUTHERN APPOINTMENT.

The *Times*, yesterday morning, in an interesting article giving the "real history of the appointment of the Southern member of the Cabinet," says, after mentioning several Southern gentlemen who were spoken of for a Cabinet position, and giving the reasons of the rejection of some of them: "This," the declination of Gov. John C. Brown, "reduced the list to four men. It was then concluded that as the Mississippi River States would require especial attention, the man who was to go into the Cabinet should be selected from one of them. This dropped Hancock, of Texas, from the list."

The statement of our contemporary does not accord with that of the very intelligent correspondent of the Austin (Texas) *State Gazette*, who gives the following account of Judge Hancock's connection with this business:

The portfolio of Postmaster General of the United States was placed at the disposal of Judge Hancock. He sought the advice of the Texas Senators and Congressmen, and I was invited to be present at their conference. The delegation met at the rooms of Judge Reagan, and consisted of Senators Coke and Maxey and Congressmen Mills Schleicher Reagan, Culberson and Throckmorton. I will not undertake to outline the discussion that ensued, nor to give the views expressed by the gentlemen present, but it will suffice for me to say that the delegation was disposed to let Judge Hancock exercise his own judgment, which was in effect to decline to advise him as to the course he should pursue.

When this fact was communicated to Judge Hancock, the tender of the portfolio was declined.

Thus it will be seen that Judge Hancock was not "dropped," but that the portfolio of Postmaster General was offered him, and he declined to accept it. The Western and Northern papers stated also, what our contemporary does not mention, that Gen. Gibson was tendered a place in the Cabinet, but declined it.

THE LADIES' AUCTION AT I. C. LEVI'S, 108 Canal Street,

Is postponed on account of the Mass Meeting until

SATURDAY, the 7th inst.

I. C. LEVI, Auctioneer,

ap6 1t2dp 108 Canal Street.

GREEN OR BLACK TEA Worth 40c. we sell at 35c.

GREEN OR BLACK TEA Worth 50c. we sell at 40c

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GREEN OR BLACK TEA Worth 75c. we sell at 60c

GREEN OR BLACK TEA Worth $1 we sell at 75c.

GREEN OR BLACK TEA Worth $1.40 we sell at $1.

TRY OUR $1 OOLONG.
TRY OUR $1 IMPERIAL.
TRY OUR $1 GUNPOWDER.
TRY OUR $1 ENGLISH BREAKFAST.

Something never before offered in the South is

Our $1.25 Grade

in Oolong, Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson and English Breakfast Teas.

HONG KONG TEA COMPANY,

Under City Hotel.

Near the corner of Camp and Common streets.

BRANCH.

179.....Poydras Street.....179

One door below Carondelet street.

This Company Carries the Largest Stock of Teas in the South.

We have the finest selection of Royal, Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Uncolored Japan, Oolong, English Breakfast and Pekoes. We have choice Teas from the East Indies. We guarantee our Teas to be perfectly pure.

This Company deals in all grades of

COFFEE.

GREEN RIO 20c.; parched or ground 25c. All finer grades equally cheap.

This Company has now on hand some very choice OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, very scarce.

Our Goods are Sold at New York Prices.

fe17 3m 2p

MILLINERY.

Mme Rosa Reynoir,

No. 9.....CHARTRES STREET.....No. 9

Takes pleasure in inviting her patrons, and the ladies in general, to inspect the large and elegant assortment of millinery, which she selected while in the North, and French Pattern Bonnets, Hats, nouveautes, etc., received direct from leading Parisian houses, all of which is offered at most moderate prices.

☞Orders carefully and promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

oc8 2p 8m SuWd&Fr

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AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HONEY ISLAND WOOD and COAL YARD,

No. 375 Julia street, New Basin, near Magnolia Bridge.

Postoffice address, Lock Box No. 1080.

Delivered to all parts of the city.

PRICES FOR THIS WEEK.

Ash wood, per cord	$6 00
Oak wood, per cord	5 00
Ash and oak mixed, per cord	5 50

Liberal discount made to dealers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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LEADING PIANOS

Of the World.

Convince yourself by calling at the General Agency at

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Where you will find the Largest and Best Selections of all kinds of

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AT LOWEST PRICES and EASIEST TERMS

Brass Instruments, Strings, Accordeons, Music Boxes, Music, of my own importation, at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

It is in your interest to call on me before purchasing elsewhere.

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W. W. WASHBURN,

ARTIST PHOTOGRAPHER,

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Opposite Clay Statue, New Orleans.

Mr. WASHBURN is himself an artist of twenty-five years experience, and is supported in each department by a corps of assistants who have no superiors in this or the Old World. He is the master of his business. Besides employing the best artists he uses the best materials, and makes the best work on the Continent. You may call this

"BLOWING HIS OWN HORN,"

but for proof he refers you to his thirty thousand patrons, and to his work, which may be inspected at his Art Gallery. fe6 6m2dp

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I. C. LEVI, Auctioneer,

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WILL OFFER, TWICE A WEEK, HIS

LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK OF JEWELRY AT AUCTION,

And remainder of days will sell at Private Sale, as usual, from FIVE to TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT LESS than any other establishment which advertises daily.

Watches Repaired and Diamonds Reset

Only by skillful workmen, at the lowest rates.

mh25 1m I. C. LEVI, 108 Canal street.

OLD CHICKERING PIANOS

In this City, from Twenty to Forty Years in Constant Use, are Hardly a Fair Criterion of the CHICKERING PIANOS That Are Now Being Manufactured.

The New Scale Upright Chickering Piano is a PERFECT MODEL. Be Sure You Get the Chickering if You Want the BEST PIANO.

FOR SALE BY

PHILIP WERLEIN,

Nos. 78 and 90 Baronne street,

mh17 1m On Monthly Payments. Liberal Discount for Cash.

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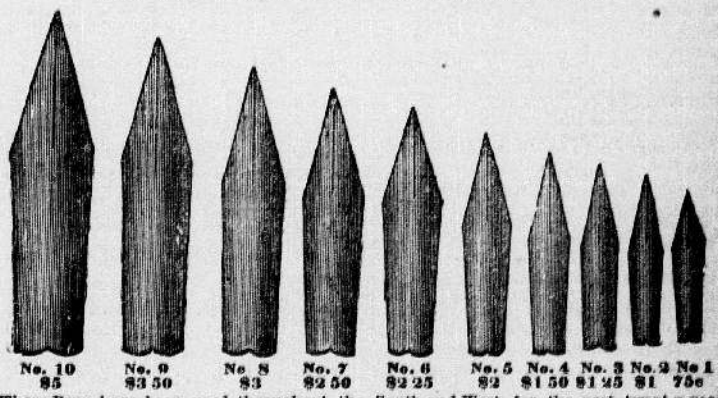
GOLD PEN MANUFACTURER

NO. 86 ST. CHARLES ST., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Exact Sizes and Prices of my Extra Gold Pens:



No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1
$5	$3 50	$3	$2 50	$2 25	$2	$1 50	$1 25	$1	75c

These Pens have been used throughout the South and West for the past twenty years. They are Solid Gold, Diamond Pointed, and warranted. If any Pen proves defective, I will replace it with another one free of charge.

I will take broken or worn out Gold Pens in exchange for new ones, at the following prices: Same sizes as Nos. 1, 2 and 3, 25 cents; Nos. 4 and 5, 35 cents; Nos. 6 and 7, 50 cents; No. 8, 75 cents; No. 9, $1; No. 10, $1 50.

RUBBER POCKET HOLDERS, for any size except Nos. 1 and 10, $1

GOLD-MOUNTED POCKET HOLDERS, for Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, $2.

Sent by registered mail, at my risk, on receipt of price, or by Express C. O. D.

GOLD RING SPECIALTY, 300 DIFFERENT STYLES.

A. M. HILL, JEWELER,

NO. 86 ST. CHARLES STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

MY PRICES ARE ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

DIAMOND RINGS FROM $16 UPWARDS.

AMETHYST RINGS, the largest stock in the South. All sizes, shapes and styles, $4 to $50.
CAMEO RINGS. The best assortment of fancy stones in the city. PRICES LOW.
PEARL AND GARNET RINGS. Single stones and clusters in great variety.
INITIAL SEAL RINGS. (Pink Onyx.) Medium size $8, large size $10. ANY LETTER.

Also, a complete assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's Seal Rings with blood stone, topaz, moss agate, pink, red, gray, black, white, purple and green onyx settings, at prices from $3 for small rings, to $5, $6, $8, $10, $15 and upwards for the finer qualities.

PLAIN GOLD RINGS—I always keep a full stock of these rings and can furnish any size, width or quality. Prices $3 to $20. Orders filled same day received. Initials or inscriptions engraved at 5 cents a letter. In ordering rings measure the largest joint of the finger with a narrow strip of stiff paper and send it to me.

COLLAR BUTTONS.

25 different styles solid gold buttons, $1, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3 and $5.

SOLID GOLD STUDS.

300 sets, all new designs; Diamonds, Pearls, Amethysts, Garnets, Emeralds, Opals, Aqua Marine Jets, Turquoise, Cameos, Coral, Plain Gold, Engraved Gold, Enameled Gold, Roman Gold, Etruscan, Blood Stone, Onyx, &c. Prices $1 50, $2, $3 $4 and upwards.

Solid Gold Sleeve Buttons.

In almost as great variety as Studs. Prices from $2 50 upwards.

INITIAL CUFF BUTTONS,	No. 1.	fine gold and black enammeled letter		$5 00
" "	" 2.	" " raised letters		8 00
" "	" 3.	" " " but larger		12 00
" "	" 4.	" " " very large and elegant		16 00

Any article sent safely by registered mail at my risk on receipt of price, or C. O. D. by Express, with privilege of examination if desired. Address as above.

mh18

AMERICAN "WALTHAM" WATCH AGENCY.

A. M. HILL, Jeweler,

No. 86 ST. CHARLES STREET, Corner of Commercial Place, NEW ORLEANS.

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, of Waltham, Mass., employ 900 workmen, manufacture 425 Watches a day, and have a capital of $1,800,000. These Watches received FOUR DIFFERENT AWARDS at Philadelphia, over and above all Watches, either of foreign or American manufacture.

REVISED AND REDUCED PRICE LIST:

The following watches are all patent levers, jeweled, same size as the illustration, and sold under full guarantee:

Solid Silver Watch, same as illustration	$14
Solid Silver Watch, open face and flat glass	16
Solid Silver Stem-Winder, no key required	24
Solid Gold Watch, 2 oz. 14 karat case	55
Solid Gold Watch, 2 oz. 18 karat case	65
Solid Gold Stem-Winder, 2¼ oz. 14 karat case	75
Solid Gold Stem-Winder, 2¼ oz. 18 karat case	90

LADIES' WATCHES.

One-half size of illustration.

Solid Gold Watch, 14 karat case	40
Solid Gold Watch, 18 karat case	50
Solid Gold Stem-Winder, 14 karat case	60
Solid Gold Stem-Winder, 18 karat case	70

BOYS' WATCH.

One-half size of illustration.

Solid Silver Watch, strong and heavy	14

In addition to above, I have seventy-five different styles, prices from $14 to $325.

For the plantation, farm or working man the $14 Watch or $24 Stem-Winder will prove all that is required.

I will send Watches by Express, C. O. D., with the privilege to open the package and examine the Watch by paying Express charges, and to refuse the Watch if it does not suit. Send your address for Illustrated Price List. Address me as above. no15 tjel

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DR. C. BEARD,

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