

DAILY DEMOCRAT.

Official Journal of the State of Louisiana.

Office, 109 Gravier Street.

GEORGE W. DUPRE & CO. PROPRIETORS.

GEORGE W. DUPRE, JOHN AUGUSTIN, H. J. HEARSEY, ALBERT O. JANIN.

H. J. HEARSEY, EDITOR.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Daily Democrat... One Year \$10 00... Six Months 5 00... Three Months 2 50... Payable in Advance.

The Weekly Democrat... One Year \$3 00... Six Months 1 50... Three Months 1 00... Payable in Advance.

NOTICE: For Rent and for Sale advertisements inserted in the Democrat at Fifty Cents (50) per square, each insertion.

SUNDAY, MAY 13, 1877.

The office of the New Orleans DEMOCRAT has been removed from 74 Camp street to 109 Gravier street.

The Only Authorized Selling Agents of the Democrat for the City are Messrs. H. H. BAKER and P. O. DEVEZIN.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

The Democrat has just added to its office a new and complete Steam Job Printing department, with all the latest and most desirable improvements in types, rules, borders, etc.

We were glad to meet in town yesterday Mr. J. H. Cosgrove, the editor of that live and vigorous paper, the Natchitoches Vindicator.

We find on our table the first number of the Southern Sportsman, a new journal just started in this city and devoted to the protection of fish, game, and to shooting, the turf and other sports.

The Hon. Charles Gayarre, of this city, we understand, is an applicant to the President for the position of naval officer of this port, and we but express the hope and earnest wish of the people of this city and State, of all parties and classes, that the President will confer this honor on Mr. Gayarre.

His Life of Philip of Spain has also been highly commended by competent judges, for its accuracy of narration, deep research, and beautifully graphic style.

When we hear it said, as coming from Col. Jack Wharton, that President Hayes intends to divide the Federal patronage in Louisiana among the three elements of which the Republican party is composed in this State, viz, the native white Republicans, the negroes, and the carpet-baggers.

We have reason to believe that Col. Wharton is mistaken in one particular at least, and that is that the President will appoint carpet-baggers to office in our State.

Not later than last week Mr. Dupre, of the DEMOCRAT, then in Washington, had an interview with the President at the White House, and the latter then said in answer to something said on the subjects of the evils of carpet-bagging.

Mr. President, I wish to say to you that I neither want nor expect an appointment to office within the State of Louisiana.

OUR SECRETARY OF STATE IN A QUANDARY.

There is much complaint at the North that the Secretary of State, W. M. Everts, should continue to practice his profession as a lawyer since his appointment as Secretary of State.

On the other hand, Mr. Evert's friends aver that the salary of Secretary of State is not adequate to the support of his large family in Washington in a style suitable to his high position, and that he is compelled to eke out his official emoluments with his lucrative practice as a lawyer.

And to this proposition we beg, as citizens of the Republic, to enter our protest as one of those forms of corruption of public officials, which have contributed so largely to that prostitution of public and official virtue that has become so deplorable a characteristic of the administration of our government.

When Daniel Webster consented to accept, as a condition of his retirement from practice, a settlement of \$100,000 contributed by the merchants and manufacturers of Boston, he satisfied his high reputation, to the great shame of his admirers.

Mr. Everts would have far less justification or palliation for his acceptance of a similar retainer.

In our view, his continuance of his practice at the bar would be less objectionable, provided it did not involve any neglect of his public duties or absence from his position as a Cabinet officer.

The ablest speeches he ever made in the Senate, and they were among the ablest ever made in that body, were delivered just after leaving the Supreme Court and closing the argument of some complicated law suit, in which he had to meet such able lawyers as Beverly Johnson, Caleb Cushing, O'Connor, Brady, Everts and others of like standing in the profession.

The opposite opinion rests upon an idea which is founded on one of the vices that have become quite dominant at our national capital and all through the country, that our public officials should live in a style of ostentatious luxury and extravagance, aping the fashions of the monarchical and aristocratic nations of the world.

All this is the product of that debasing shoddyism which has prevailed throughout the North ever since the war, and which a man of the talent and character of Mr. Everts ought to set the example of discountenancing and frowning down as unworthy of the high reputation of the Great Republic whose characteristics should be simplicity of habits and life, moderation, economy and thrift.

PIUS IX.

A LIFE OF FIFTY YEARS IN THE CHURCH AND THIRTY IN THE PAPACY.

The present Pope, Pius IX, has reigned longer than any pontiff that has occupied the papal chair, and has seen more changes and revolutions during his papacy, than any of his predecessors: yet, during the long period of his life and services, no enemy of his church has ever found fault to complain, or ought to say against his purity, holiness and virtue.

1823 he was sent to Chili in South America, in company with Monsignor Muzi, the apostolic delegate. There he remained two years at the capital, Santiago, employed in preaching and instructing.

He was soon after appointed Bishop of Spoleto, and proceeded at once to his diocese. While Bishop of Spoleto he was one of the most charitable and kind men. Among his many good works was a hospital founded by him for poor and orphan children.

In 1832 he was transferred to Imola, and in December, 1839, created a cardinal, his appointment being reserved in petto until December, 1840. His residence at Imola, like his residence at Spoleto, Santiago, and all other places at which he resided, was signalized by the establishment of a number of institutions of charity and learning.

On the death of Pope Gregory XVI, the Conclave chose him Pope, June 15, 1846, after a short session of forty-eight hours, and the next day he was proclaimed Pope, under the title of Pius IX.

The beginning of his reign was most auspicious. Universal anarchy was decreed; taxes were lowered; concessions were granted to railroads and other improvements; the public offices were thrown open to laymen, and everything done to bring about prosperity and improvement in the States of the church.

A few days after this he left Rome, disguised as a simple priest, and did not return to Rome until April, 1850. He then declared an amnesty to the late revolutionists, and declined to have them imprisoned or prosecuted.

In 1850, when the peace of Villa Franca was signed between France and Austria, it was proposed by the two powers to make the Pope the head of confederated Italy. This project, however, fell through, and Victor Emmanuel, of Sardinia, was selected instead.

In 1851 he concluded a concordat with Spain, and in 1855 with Austria. His latest and most important ecclesiastical act was the calling of the Ecumenical Council at Rome, only a few years ago, at which, after long consideration, the doctrine of papal infallibility was declared.

Last year also he decreed a pilgrimage, in which a large number of Catholics took part. This year being the golden jubilee of the Pope and the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into the priesthood, will be celebrated wherever the Catholic religion extends.

Sherwood's Point, on the west side of Green Lake, Wisconsin, is widely known. It has probably been the scene of more picnics and celebrations than any similar area in that State.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

FOR COOKING PURPOSES.

SOLD BY

RICE, BORN & CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

The above ware, manufactured by the ST. LOUIS STAMPING COMPANY, is perfectly free from any poisonous substance, and can be used with entire safety.

GRANITE IRON WARE

Is made upon the same principle that is followed in the manufacture of Enamelled Cooking Utensils, which have been used for ages, and as yet there is not a single case of sickness or death recorded, caused by using said articles.

Rice, Born & Co.

89 and 91 Camp street - 597 Magazine.

Hardware, Cutlery,

Lawn Mowers, Fluting Machines, Charter Oak Cooking Stoves.

IMPORTANT To Housekeepers.

OFFICE OF ST. LOUIS STAMPING COMPANY

APRIL 26, 1877.

To the Public at Large:

We have for the last three years made and sold Granite Iron Ware

To a very large extent, and the Ware has been used with great delight and benefit by many thousands in the United States and by some in foreign countries.

GRANITE IRON WARE

Found its way into a family it soon took the place of all other utensils.

The large sale of glazed ware upon the market has lately drawn the attention of Public Officers, Governors of States, and Boards of Health of large cities, and they asked from their State Chemists and Assayers an analysis and opinion of WAREs offered to the public for household and culinary use, with the following results for "Granite Ware":

TESTIMONIALS.

Boston, April 17, 1877.

I have made a thorough examination of the GRANITE IRON WARE with reference to its use for culinary purposes, and have submitted articles furnished me by the company, and others which I have purchased at retail stores, to such severer tests than they would ever be subjected to in actual practice, and have satisfied myself that even the most acid liquids used in culinary operations may be kept or cooked in articles of this ware without injurious results.

I have also examined the glazed ware, and can therefore safely recommend GRANITE IRON WARE to the public for the purposes for which it is intended.

WM. H. LEPLEY, Nichols, Professor of Chemistry in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Boston, Mass., April 16, 1877.

I have completed my examination of the specimen of GRANITE IRON WARE delivered to me on the 13th. It was subjected to the action of boiling dilute acid and boiling dilute alkali for several hours. These fluids removed from it nothing which could, in the slightest degree, be injurious to health.

These specimens examined by me, therefore, could not impart any injurious substance, such as compounds of lead, copper or arsenic, to any article of food cooked in it.

Yours very truly, EDWARD S. WOOD, Professor Chemistry, Harvard Medical College.

New York, April 20, 1877.

I have examined the glazed ware marked GRANITE IRON WARE, patented May 30, 1876, and made by the ST. LOUIS STAMPING COMPANY, and find that it does not contain any thing injurious to health.

I have boiled in these glazed kettles various acids found in fruits, sour milk, etc., viz: Citric, lactic and acetic acids, and other substances used in culinary operations. I have also left these materials in the vessels for several days, in analyzing the same I find them unaccountably pure.

In my opinion the GRANITE IRON WARE is not only safe and suited for the preparation of all articles of diet, but also for their preservation. I highly commend the GRANITE WARE as well as economical and durable.

Yours respectfully, R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., LL.D., Prof. Chemistry and Toxicology, Bellevue Medical College, and Prof. Chemistry and Physics, College of the City of New York.

New Haven, Conn., April 14, 1877.

Messrs Manning, Bowman & Co., West Meriden, Conn.

Gentlemen-At your request I have made a careful chemical examination of the enameled goods made by the St. Louis Stamping Company and used by your house in all your products requiring the use of enamel. In the St. Louis enameled marked GRANITE IRON WARE I find not a trace of any poisonous or deleterious substances whatever. Vinegar, lemonade, or other vegetable acids, salt and greasy substances may be kept or cooked in vessels protected by the "Granite Enamel" without the least risk of injury to health.

This statement cannot be made respecting some other enameled ware in common use, and which I find so highly charged, especially with lead, as to impart dangerous contamination even to water kept in vessels thus coated, while vinegar and other vegetable acids act immediately upon such enameled ware and become highly poisonous. There is no reason why such dangerous enameled ware should be made and sold, and the public will demand that only such safe enameled ware as the "Granite," so-called, shall be offered in the market.

Respectfully yours, B. SILLIMAN, State Chemist of Conn. and Professor of Chemistry of Yale College, New Haven, Conn.

The above are a few of the many certificates in possession of our Company that will be prepared for future issues. Yours truly, F. G. NIEDRINGHAUS, my13 It President.

JEWELRY AT AUCTION!

EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

I. C. LEVI, Auctioneer,

108.....Canal Street.....108

WILL OFFER TWICE A WEEK, HIS LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK OF JEWELRY AT AUCTION,

And remainder of days will sell at Private Sale, as usual, from FIVE to TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS than any other establishment which advertises daily.

Watches Repaired and Diamonds Reset Only by skillful workmen, at the lowest rates.

I. C. LEVI, 108 Canal street.

Diseases of the Eye and Ear.

DR. C. BEARD, Oculist and Aurist,

142 Canal Street, New Orleans, La.

Look Box 1817. 1610 1/2 dkw

READY MADE SUITS.

M. L. BYRNE & CO.,

Invites special attention to their ready made SUIT DEPARTMENT.

To-morrow, and during the week, they will offer the largest assortment ever shown in this city, at prices for FULL SUIT from \$2 50 and upward.

All suits made to fit without extra charge. my13 It 1/2

THE BROKER'S OFFICE,

17.....Baronne Street.....17

Having given all the delay possible to delinquents, I find myself obliged to offer AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

On and after the FIFTEENTH OF MAY, ALL UNREDEEMED PLEDGES,

Without distinction, on which interest has not been paid up to October 1, 1876, last. my13 It 2p

OTTO SCHWANER.

Louisiana Associated Veterans of the Mexican War.

At a regular meeting of the above named association, held on SUNDAY, May 6, 1877, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Executive Committee be instructed to make all necessary arrangements for the celebration of the coming BIRTHDAY OF JULY, to appoint sub-committees on Invitations, Printing, Decorations, Music, etc., and to solicit subscriptions.

In accordance with the above resolution the Executive Committee met on Wednesday, May 9, and appointed the following sub-committees:

Invitations. George Bailey, Chairman. G. Lyman, J. W. Demarest.

Printing. N. G. Gonnigle, Thos. B. Hodges, Jas. E. Bissell.

Decorations. Harris Parsons, James Shelley, Alex. Trolford, W. H. McLerinan, C. H. Forno.

By order of Executive Committee: John Purcell, S. H. Levy, J. H. McHaffey, Richard Lambert, J. M. Vandegriff, W. F. McLean.

RICHARD LAMBERT, Secretary Louisiana Associated Veterans Mexican War. my13

Life and Character of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

NEW ORLEANS, May 10, 1877.

To Rev. Richard Furman, D. D., of South Carolina:

DEAR SIR-The undersigned, citizens of New Orleans and others, respectfully solicit the delivery by you of one or more lectures, if consistent with your convenience, during your visit to our city, on subjects of your own selection.

With great respect, J. S. Copps, B. M. Palmer, D. D., Edward Pillsbury, James K. Guthrie, D. D., J. N. Marks, J. B. Hood, J. B. Walker, D. D., W. C. Black, J. B. Whitaker, Louis Bush, J. C. McLean, Thos. A. Adams, Myra Clark Gaines, Sam'l H. Kennedy, J. S. Knapp, T. Tupper, H. Laurence, Henry G. Hester, Charles E. Kells, C. E. Girard, Robt E. Diamond, Thos. Nicholson, M. D., R. H. Browne, J. L. Furman, D. K. Whitaker, LL D, J. B. Hawthorn D. D., Geo. Soule, A. E. Dickinson, D. D., Geo. Nicholson, T. W. Wescott, W. Pope Yeaman, D. D., Geo. W. Lloyd, Thos G. Rapier.

NEW ORLEANS, May 12, 1877.

Hon. E. Pillsbury, Mayor, Dr. J. S. Copps, President Academy of Sciences, and others:

Gentlemen-Your communication requesting me to deliver in your city one or more of my lectures has been received. It will give me great pleasure to comply with your request. I therefore propose on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT to deliver my lectures on THE LIFE AND CHARACTER OF GEN. ROBERT E. LEE.

Very respectfully yours, RICHARD FURMAN.

The lecture will be delivered at the Coliseum Church, May 15th, at 7 1/2 p. m. Tickets-Fifty Cents, to be procured at the leading book stores. my13 It

SHERWOOD FOREST.

A NEW RESORT FOR SUMMER IDLING.

GREEN LAKE, WISCONSIN.

This charming Lodge, to be opened on the 20th of May, is embowered by a hundred acres of grand old Oaks, lying with gentle grade along the north shore of Green Lake. It is within two miles of Green Lake Station, on the Sheboygan and Fond du Lac Railroad. It is reached from Chicago via Chicago and N. W. Railway without the least delay. Omnibuses and carriages always awaiting arrival of trains.

THE LODGE Is a large inviting structure, with broad verandas, large, airy rooms and halls, and supplied with all the appointments of first-class summer resorts. It was commenced in the spring of 1874, partially completed, and partially opened for a few weeks, and in 1875 made its formal bow to a crowded house.

GAMES. A billiard house and bowling alleys, together with popular lawn games, are provided.

TERMS. Board, per week.....\$12 00 Board, per day..... 2 00 Children under 10 years, and servants, hal. price. Special terms for those who come early or stay late.

J. C. SHERWOOD, Proprietor. J. F. JOHNSTON, Manager. Postoffice, Dartford, Wisconsin. ap13 It em 2dd p

HONG KONG TEA COMPANY.

GREEN, BLACK OR MIXED TEA.

WORTH 40c. WE SELL AT 35c

WORTH 50c. WE SELL AT 45c

WORTH 60c. WE SELL AT 50c

WORTH 75c. WE SELL AT 60c

WORTH \$1. WE SELL AT 75c

WORTH \$1 40. WE SELL AT \$1

Under the City TRY OUR \$1 COOLONG.

Hotel TRY OUR \$1 IMPERIAL.

Camp Street TRY OUR \$1 GUNPOWDER.

Near TRY OUR \$1 ENG. BREAKFAST.

Common TRY OUR \$1 YOUNG HYSOON.

TRY OUR \$1 JAPAN.

GOOD RIO, 25c

FINE RIO, 25c

BEST RIO, 27 1/2c

BEST RIO, 27 1/2c

GENUINE CORDOVA, 30c

GENUINE CORDOVA, 30c

REAL OLD JAVA, 40c

REAL OLD JAVA, 40c

GREEN RIO, 17 1-2c, 20c, 22 1-2c, 25c.

OUR FAMOUS MEXICAN COFFEE. 22 1-2c

REAL OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, 32 1-2c

GENUINE MOCHA, 40c.

Our Goods are Warranted Free From Any Adulteration. 1617 3m 2p

THE SINGER

Again to the Front

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES.

WORLD-RENOWNED

SINGER

Family Sewing Machine!

SEE THE REDUCTION!

The Machine formerly sold at Seventy Dollars.

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FORTY DOLLARS!

And all other styles at equally LOW PRICES.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

S. E. RUNDLE, Agent,

No. 91 Canal Street, New Orleans, La. 16711 1w3dp