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BY TELEGRAPH.

CAPITAL NEWS.

THE FOUR PER CENT BONDS. A Contract for their Sale Made with Leading Bankers.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—A contract has been entered into and signed by the Secretary of the Treasury and Messrs. Rothschild, J. B. Morgan & Co., Bellman Bros. and Morton, Rose & Co., of London, and Belmont & Co., Drexel, Morgan & Co., J. & W. Seligman & Co., Morton, Bliss & Co. and the First National Bank of New York, for the sale of the four per cent thirty year consols at par in coin, of which \$25,000,000 are subscribed for now, to be paid in July and August, \$5,000,000 to be for redemption purposes and \$20,000,000 for redemption of six per cent bonds.

The contract is for six months, and is similar in general terms to the former contract, with this important provision, that for thirty days after full notice the loans shall be open to popular subscription in the principal cities of the United States at par in coin, with the right to pay for bonds within ninety days after subscription or delivery.

The Secretary of the Treasury has withdrawn from the market \$100,000,000 of the four and a half per cent bonds, and the former syndicate have subscribed, under the old contract, for \$25,000,000 of four and a half per cent bonds, being a balance of \$20,000,000. This closes out the four and a half per cent loan, and the Secretary will place upon the market the four per cent loan at once, beginning with a subscription of \$25,000,000.

Kenner's Disgrace at Pitkin's Removal.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—The removal of Pitkin and appointment of Wharton to-day, in the face of urgent recommendation to the contrary made by a delegation of eminent colored patriots who visited the President yesterday, strikes the colored patriots as a disgrace to the President and a disgrace to the nation. Kenner expresses himself as "wondering if his arm what the President calls recognizing the colored man," as per presidential assurance given at the interview yesterday. BURL.

Pitkin Removed.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—The President today removed J. R. G. Pitkin, United States Marshal for Louisiana, and directed a commission to be made out for Jack Wharton, to fill the vacancy.

Redemption of National Bank Notes.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—The receipts of the National bank notes for redemption for the week ending to-day, was \$100,000 in excess of any week since the agency was organized.

Banning Bullheaded.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—A West Point letter says Hon. H. B. Banning, of Ohio, joined his fellows on the board of visitors yesterday. Upon arriving he was met by one of the officers, who asked him what he meant by stating that the officers at that post had their houses furnished at the government's expense, and in the most luxurious manner. Banning did not recollect having said that in any speech in the House. Before he reached the hotel he was spoken to about the matter, and about his opposition to the army in general, by some gentlemen who rode with him in the stage, and when he got to the hotel he was accosted in the same manner by some of the members. "Why," he said, as Senators Blaine and Maxey began to talk the matter over with him on the piazza, "I am beginning to think I have been bullheaded. The army has no better friend than I am."

Gen. Banning leaves to-day for home.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—Clerk Waggoner has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue at Toledo, the appointment to take effect July 1.

Sherman and the syndicate.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—The Syndicate was in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury to-day with regard to the negotiation of four per cent bonds.

The ex-Third Assistant Postmaster General.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—W. K. Rogers, Private Secretary to the President, has sent a letter to Gen. Barber, at his home in Michigan, by the direction of the President, acknowledging the acceptance of his resignation. The letter concludes: "He, the President, wishes me to assure you of his appreciation of your valuable public services, etc."

Louisiana Appointments.

(Special to the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 9.—On dit Louis J. Souer is being pressed by Kellogg for Ringgold's place. The colored delegation strongly insist upon Ringgold's retention. Cockren's position, in which he is very strongly fortified, is attacked by C. H. Thompson, whose indications are formidable. Wharton and Leonard are still on a very ragged edge.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Gov. Hendricks' Farewell.

(Special to the Democrat.)
INDIANAPOLIS, June 9.—A grand farewell ovation was given to Governor Hendricks last night, before his departure for Europe. In a brief speech, after saying he entertained no animosity against his political opponents, he continued that he was as certain that he had a majority of all the popular votes, as that Gov. Williams was elected Governor of the State of Indiana, and in defeating the will of the people a blow had been struck at American institutions which thousands of gentlemen who did not vote for Gov. Tilden or himself regretted.

Hereafter men who were elected President by the voice and will of the people, must and will be inaugurated. The duty devolves upon the people of Indiana, without distinction of party, to stand by the constitution.

Senator Ferry in a Dangerous Condition.

(Special to the Democrat.)
DETROIT, June 9.—Dispatches from Grand

Haven state that Senator Thomas W. Ferry is lying dangerously ill of congestion of the brain.

The Southern Ohio Fair Races.

(Special to the Democrat.)
DAYTON, June 9.—Yesterday was wet and unfavorable for races at the Southern Ohio Fair Grounds. In the 3:40 trot, purse \$500, Black Kate, belonging to Benj. Cooper, of Tiffin, took the first money, winning three in five heats; best time 3:52½. Life Mayer took second money. Nelly Morton of Cincinnati came in third and Nelly Davis fourth. The track was very heavy, and it was raining most of the time. The 2:28 trot was postponed and the running race withdrawn.

Shipment of Specie to Europe.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—The shipment of gold coin to-day was \$750,000.

A Defaulting Tax Collector.

(Special to the Democrat.)
HARTFORD, June 9.—The investigating committee finds the accounts of John Traley, collector of taxes, \$43,000 short. Traley claims that there is no deficiency. His bonds are for \$50,000.

Jerome Park Races.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—At the American Jockey Club races to-day the first race, a mile and one-eighth, was won by Fugitive in 2:30½. The second race, a mile and a half, was won by Cloverbrook in 2:46. The third race, two miles was won by Athlete in 3:45. The fourth race was for a mile and an eighth; Partnership came in first in 2:07½. The fifth and last race a mile and three-quarters was won by Galaway in 3 minutes.

Diaz Recognized by Germany.

(Special to the Democrat.)
CITY OF MEXICO, via Brownsville, Tex., May 13.—Gen. Diaz has been officially recognized by the German Empire as constitutional President of Mexico.

The New York Bank Statement.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—The bank statement shows as follows: Loans, increase \$918,600; specie, decrease \$402,300; legal tenders, decrease \$921,600; deposits, increase \$256,900; circulation, increase \$18,300; reserve, decrease \$288,625.

Guilty of Heresy.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—The General Synod of the Reformed Church of America has confirmed the action of the Kingston and New York classes in finding Rev. Augustus Blauvelt, of Kingston, N. Y., guilty of heresy.

Flies, Bugs, Worms and Drouth.

(Special to the Democrat.)
KALAMAZOO, Mich., June 9.—The ravages of the fly in this section are very great. It may be said that the crop of wheat will fall far below the average. Corn has suffered somewhat from drouth, and the cut-worm and the potato-bug is dealing destruction to potatoes.

Fresh Butter for Europe.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—The steamship Chester, sailing to-day, took out 44,000 boxes of fresh butter, packed in a refrigerator-room, in place of her usual cargo of fresh meat.

Down With Coal.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—This afternoon, the lowest price yet made for coal stocks has been recorded. Morris and Essex has fallen 2½ per cent, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western 1½, Delaware and Hudson Canal and the remainder of the list from ¼ to ½.

A Heavy Rain at Memphis.

(Special to the Democrat.)
MEMPHIS, June 9.—Rains continue. The Hatch and Wolf rivers rose rapidly early this morning, sweeping away timber rafts valued at \$25,000, owned by Williams & Co., John Zent, W. H. Butts & Co. and R. L. Cochran & Co. Rain fell again last night, 4.40 inches.

Floods in Missouri and Kansas.

(Special to the Democrat.)
ST. LOUIS, June 9.—Dispatches from the West say that very heavy rains fell in Western Missouri and Kansas for the past few days, and that great damage has been done to railroads, crops and other property. The Missouri river below Kansas City has overflowed its banks on both sides for some distance. The destruction to crops is very great.

The Cotton Crop.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NASHVILLE, June 9.—The Nashville department of the National Cotton Exchange makes a report for the month of May, embracing ten counties in the north of Alabama and eighteen counties in Middle Tennessee. For Middle Tennessee there has been a decrease of 12 per cent in the area planted; 28 answers report good stands; 8 bad; 17 report the present condition of the crop as good; 10 bad; 8 backward; some farmers are giving up cotton and trying grains.

For Alabama, answers from 10 counties show an increase of nearly 7 per cent in area; 22 report stands good; 10 bad; 12 report the present condition as good; 7 backward; 12 looking badly.

Railway Travel Stopped.

(Special to the Democrat.)
MEMPHIS, June 9.—Heavy rains have done considerable damage to the railroads in this vicinity. The only line on which trains are moving is the Memphis and Louisville.

The South Carolina Legislature Adjourned.

(Special to the Democrat.)
COLUMBIA, June 9.—The General Assembly passed a joint resolution raising a joint commission of inquiry to sit during the recess. Its duties will include inquiry as to how J. J. Patterson got into the United States Senate. The commission has power to send for persons and papers.

Florida Central Road Free.

(Special to the Democrat.)
JACKSONVILLE, June 9.—The Florida Central Railroad, from Jacksonville to Lake City, which for three years has been in the

hands of receivers, was yesterday delivered to its company by order of court.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

A Hanging in Virginia.

(Special to the Democrat.)
RICHMOND, Va., June 9.—At Dinwiddie Court-House yesterday Jack Pleasant was hanged for the murder of Ann Sunday, in April last, both colored.

A Forger Escaped.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—Charles Becker and Frederick Elliot were indicted for forgery of a \$4,000 check and passing it on the Union Trust Company. The case was taken to the Supreme Court chambers to-day on a writ of habeas corpus. Both the prisoners were brought into court handcuffed, and when inside the building their manacles were removed. Elliot instantly sprang to the door and disappeared in the crowd. Up to the present time he has not been recaptured. The alarm had been sent at once to all stations, and the police are searching for him everywhere.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Pope Repeats the Canadian Bishops.

(Special to the Democrat.)
OTTAWA, June 9.—It is understood that the bishops have received a letter from the Vatican prohibiting criticisms by recalcitrants of the decisions of the civil courts of Canada.

A Dinner for Grant.

(Special to the Democrat.)
SOUTHAMPTON, June 9.—The mayor has invited ex-President Grant to a municipal banquet.

WAR NOTES.

Russian Laws for Bulgaria.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—A dispatch from Ploesti asserts that the laws for the future government of Bulgaria are already drawn up in Russian and have been translated into the native language within the last day or two.

The Turkish Christians Expelled from Buty.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—A Vienna correspondent states that in consequence of the remonstrances of the Christian dignitaries, as to the impropriety of pressing Christians to fight in a holy Moslem war, the Porte has postponed the conscription of the Christian subjects, and commenced to levy the usual expropriation money from them.

A Turkish Column Cut in Two.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—Gen. Soceta reported to Prince Mikita, of Montenegro, that he succeeded in cutting in two a Turkish column which was attempting to relieve Gorasko, capturing their provision train of seven hundred horses.

The War in Montenegro.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 8.—A correspondent who draws his information from official Montenegrin sources, telegraphs the following account of operations under date of Friday: The Turks moved two columns forward, one going to the relief of Gorasko, and the main force, under Suleiman Pasha, to Kerstoz.

The latter column attacked the entrenchments of Gen. Vukavias with great gallantry, but were repulsed, being twice driven back on the reserves. The third attack being also repulsed, the Turks took up a position opposite Kerstoz, where they still remained when the last courier left.

In spite of this alleged third repulse of the Turks, the account proceeds to state that Vukavias fell back on the second line of the Duga at 3 o'clock next morning, where he has not been molested.

It appears from this report, which certainly does not unduly exaggerate the success of the Turks, that if Gen. Vukavias's positions were not actually stormed, he is placed in such a position as to be obliged to abandon them. The account of the fight states that the Turkish loss in dead in this engagement is about 3000.

Six hundred dead were counted in front of the entrenchments of one Montenegrin battalion alone. The other Turkish column, going to Gorasko, was met by Gen. Soceta and driven back to Muratovitz, where it was encamped at the latest information.

Montenegro Attacked from Three Sides.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 8.—From Vienna news comes that Prince Mikita has sent reinforcements to the Montenegrins who were defeated at Kartazaz, and that they have taken up position at Perisicpresjacija, toward the end of the Duga Pass, in the direction of Niesie, where probably another attempt will be made to stop Suleiman Pasha on his way to provision that place, but for this purpose only a portion of his forces could be spared, as the Turkish invasion threatens Montenegro from a third side, to which hitherto no attention seems to have been paid, namely, from Lenitzta. The report of this third diversion in favor of the Turks seems undoubtedly true, being confirmed by the Turkish official bulletins and from other more reliable sources.

The correspondent admits that a Turkish division from Beran has crossed the frontier of Wassawic, and taken up a position which they have fortified. Another attack is anticipated from the side of Antivari.

The German Navy.

(Special to the Democrat.)
BERLIN, June 9.—The German iron-clad squadron is on its way to the East. It has been ordered to proceed at great speed. The second or practice squadron of vessels is about to be formed. The Admiralty are preparing to enlist additional sea-men. No persons liable to serve in the navy are permitted to leave their districts.

The Policy of Austro-Hungary.

(Special to the Democrat.)
PSTH, June 9.—Simanyi announced in the Hungarian Diet that he would interpellate the government, asking it to give the princi-

ples of its policy on the Eastern question, namely, whether a convention exists between Austro-Hungary and one of the belligerents, and whether annexation or occupation is intended.

A State of Siege Proclaimed in Roumania.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—A state of siege having been proclaimed in Roumania, all telegrams concerning military movements henceforth will be stopped. One of the great causes of the declaration of the state of siege was the unsatisfactory working of the Roumanian railroads. All of the railway officials are now subject to military authority.

Odessa to be Bombarded.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—The Turkish journals assert that Hobsart Pasha has left Varna with his squadron to bombard Odessa.

Taxted News from Mukhtar Pasha.

(Special to the Democrat.)
CONSTANTINOPLE, June 9.—Mukhtar Pasha has sent a force to cut off the communication of the Russian right and centre. It is reported that Mukhtar Pasha has been cut off from Erzeroum and Kars. Erzeroum is short of provisions and the garrison at Kars are on half rations.

Mukhtar Pasha telegrams from Erzeroum, under date of June 6, that the Russians had retreated from Olla to Penek without an engagement.

The Troops from Ardahan.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—The Governor and four battalions of the garrison of Ardahan have reached Erzeroum. The Governor will be court-martialed. The Russian forces from Ardahan have reached Ardahan.

The Russians Try to Cross the Danube.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—The Russians attempted to cross the Danube with a full force between Nisopolis and Stotova, on Friday, but were repulsed.

Exportation from Russia.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—The Russian merchants in the Baltic ports are reported to be clearing their wharves and warehouses by exporting all the goods possible; apprehending a general prohibition of exportation.

The Russians to Remain Three Years in Bulgaria.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—The Russians not only intend to occupy Bulgaria, but have made all arrangements for remaining at least three years in the villages around Adrianople.

The Russians near Nariman.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—There have been skirmishes with the advance of the Russian right wing near Nariman.

A New Russian Levy.

(Special to the Democrat.)
ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—A new levy of 210,000 men has been ordered.

Shooting Turkish Officers.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—Several Turkish officers have been shot in consideration of the loss of Ardahan.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

Closing Stock Report.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—Money easy at 1½. Exchange 48 3/8. Government weak. State bonds firm. Stocks opened firm but afterward dropped 5/16. Coal stocks tending down; the movement in the market near the close was somewhat better at a slight recovery. The principal dealings were in New York Central, Lake Shore, Northwestern preferred, St. Paul preferred, Delaware and Hudson Canal, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and Essex and Western Union. Western Union Telegraph 62 1/2, Adams Express 34 1/2, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express 34 1/2, American Merchants' Express 44 1/2, United States Express 40 1/2, Erie preferred 16 1/2, Erie 16 1/2, Erie, preferred 14 1/2, Erie 14 1/2, Michigan Central 37 1/2, Union Pacific 67 1/2, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern 46 1/2, Illinois Central 57 1/2, Cleveland and Pittsburgh 79 1/2, Northwestern 20 1/2, Northwestern preferred 21 1/2, Cleveland and Columbus 25 1/2, New Jersey Central 45 1/2, Rock Island 91 1/2, St. Paul preferred 46 1/2, Wabash 1 1/2, Fort Wayne 90 1/2, Ohio and Mississippi 45 1/2, Delaware and Lackawanna 38 1/2, Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph 11 1/2, Missouri Pacific 11 1/2, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 99 1/2, St. Joseph 12 1/2.

MARKETS.

Domestic.

(Special to the Democrat.)
CHICAGO, June 9.—Wheat 1 1/2; August \$1.31. July corn 46 1/2; August 45 1/2; oats 36 1/2; August 35 1/2. July pork \$12.75; August 12.87 1/2. July sugar 21.75; August 21.87 1/2. Wheat, 8 1/2; August, 8 1/2. Corn firm, 46 1/2; July, 45 1/2; August, 45 1/2. Barley 46 1/2; No. 3, 3 1/2; rejected 3 1/2; nothing doing in salt meats. Boxed dull; shoulders 4 1/2; long clear 6 1/2; short ribs 6 1/2; short clear 4 1/2; long clear and short clear 6 1/2. Shipped this week—pork 50 1/2; lard 88 1/2; meats 5.95, 5.43. Received—pork 100; lard 108,900; receipts 11,000 bbls, sales 900 bbls; quotations unchanged. Wheat a shade firmer; receipts 24,000 bushels; no sales. Rye quiet at 97 1/2. A shade firmer; receipts 40,000 bushels; sales 60,000 bushels at 55 1/2. New barley unchanged. Oats a shade stronger; receipts 27,000 bushels; sales 24,000 bushels at 38 1/2 for mixed Western and State, 45 1/2 for white. Rye steady at 114 1/2. Lard quiet at 9 1/2. Whisky, 8 1/2. Sugar dull. Petroleum, crude 8, refined heavy, 4 1/2. Flour, fair inquiry.

75 1/2. Hay steady. Provisions dull and unchanged. Butter dull and heavy, except choice Western grass, which is firm at 17 1/2. Petroleum dull 47 1/2, refined 44 1/2. Coffee dull, buyers and sellers apart. Whisky dull at \$1.05. Receipts—Flour 1000 bbls; wheat 11,500; corn 47,500; oats 2300. Shipments—Wheat 20,800; corn 20,800.

Foreign.

(Special to the Democrat.)
LONDON, June 9.—Consols for money, 94 1/2; U. S. 5-20's of 1880, 107 1/2; 10-40's 109. New lives, 107 1/2. Erie 6 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Pork 57s. Beef 38s. Bacon 36s 3/4; short clear 38s. Lard 45s. Flour 25s 3/4. Wheat 48s 3/4. Corn 24s 3/4. Milwaukee red 12s 1/2. California white 12s 1/2. Club 13s 3/4. Corn 24s 3/4.

RIVER NEWS.

(Special to the Democrat.)
CAIRO, June 9.—Arrived last night: Port Eads and tow, St. Louis. Departed: Golden City, for Cincinnati, at 10 a. m.

Evansville, June 9.—Departed last night: Golden Rule, for Cincinnati.

MEMPHIS, June 9.—Departed: Port Eads and barges for New Orleans at noon.

Marine News.

(Special to the Democrat.)
NEW YORK, June 9.—Arrived: Steamship Herman Ludwig. Arrived out: Southern Rights, La Bella Mera, A Klockman, Memento, Julia, Genesee, Morgan, P. O. Merritt, J. H. Hancock. Homeward: Anshild, for Pensacola.

NEW ORLEANS, JUNE 9, 1877.

Editor Democrat.—I am constrained by a sense of duty to my children, and to my friends, to make a public statement in reply to the article published in the DEMOCRAT to-day, to which my name is placed as a head-line.

I accept the prevailing custom among Americans, and do not notice public criticism of my political course or conduct. But I ought not to permit my name to be blackened by unwarranted charges of personal or professional dishonesty.

Considering all of the surrounding circumstances; considering that you and your political associates are triumphant, and that I and mine are defeated, routed, I cannot but say that this attack upon me is unjust and ungenerous; still, I am willing to believe that you believe that you are actuated by the highest sense of public duty. But suppose that you are mistaken? Suppose that I can show that I am not a robber? Suppose that I can satisfy the world that I am not an adventurer, as you seem to believe? Am I mistaken in supposing that you will do me the justice to publish my statement? I think not.

I have been a resident of New Orleans for fourteen years. I came here a lad in the army, and was discharged here because of my wounds. I made this my home. I resumed my studies, and was admitted to the bar. I then came to politics. I have been called to fill various public offices. I have always been a Republican, for which I have no apology to make. I have done what I could to sustain my party in its unequal struggle. I have never received a cent from any associates, and I have dealt some hard blows to my opponents. Therefore it is that any attack upon me finds a ready response among my political enemies. But during these years I have not oppressed any man. I have lightened the burdens upon thousands of my associates, and my family have never asked the policies of any one who came to my door for bread.

I am not a criminal. I have not plundered the State, nor any one else. I have not used myself of the political power which I have wielded to accumulate a fortune. I have sought at all times to be just in my dealings with men.

You answer me that I was yesterday arrested upon a charge of embezzling public moneys, and that, therefore, you were justified in your attack.

When a number of prominent citizens of our city, of your own party, were arrested before the Federal courts upon the charge of defrauding the government, did you insist that they should be "landed in the Penitentiary"? Did you prejudice their cases? Did you not consider that a person accused is entitled to the presumption of innocence? Did you then think it the duty of a public journalist to prejudice the community against a person whose guilt or innocence was to be determined by a jury by his own plea from the body of the public? Do not these inquiries to be offensive, but only to convince you that your unkind attack was actuated by political feeling.

Now as to the pending charges. At the close of last year I returned to the State for some thirty odd thousand dollars, balance of moneys received by me from the sheriff. I paid into the treasury all special funds in cash and a part of the general fund, but there was a balance in warrants. These warrants I had cashed for the government, and the profit which I suppose was made, was used in the political struggle then pending. I did not receive the money. I had a settlement based upon these facts before I had concluded my settlements the Treasurer's office was closed. Since the new government came into power, the Treasurer would not and could not accept the warrants from me. There the matter has been. No demand has been made upon me by the new officials.

That I held these warrants was no secret. That I did not personally use the money, I will have no difficulty in establishing. That the State has not lost one dollar is apparent, and that I will be discharged from arrest, I sincerely believe.

Whatever I have done politically, I have not been engaged in plundering the State or the people, as you charge. I have held high office, and I have controlled and disbursed several millions of public money during times of almost universal corruption throughout the whole country. I could have made a large fortune, and in that event, as the injustice of the world goes, I would probably have been exempt from these attacks which are now made upon me. But I have only obtained such rewards in salaries and fees, while in office, as go to men of industry and public usefulness. Except my books and household effects and a few articles of art, I have not a dollar either here or elsewhere.

In conclusion, permit me to express the belief that I will not be convicted of crime, as you predict; that I will not be driven from my home, as so many desire; and that I will not starve, as my friends fear.

Respectfully,
HENRY C. DIBBLE.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

OUR NEW MEXICAN POLICY.

THE UNITED STATES CLAIM THE RIGHT TO INTERFERE IN THE GOVERNMENT OF MEXICO.

Our Government Determined to Put an End to Anarchy, Misrule and Revolution in Our Sister Republic.

Probability of the Peaceful Invasion of Mexico.

(Special Correspondence of the Democrat.)
WASHINGTON, June 6, 1877.

The orders recently issued to Gen. Ord, commanding on the Rio Grande, are the culmination of Cabinet discussions which have ranged over the widest possible field in survey of our relations with Mexico. There can be no doubt, when all the features of the situation are