DAILY DEMOCRAT.

TERMS OF THE PAPER:

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

DAILY per annum $10 and at same rate half-yearly and quarterly.

WEEKLY (published every Saturday morning), per annum $3; and at same rate half-yearly and quarterly.

ADVERTISING RATES—DAILY.

Transient advertisements $1 per square (ten lines of solid agate) first insertion; 50 cents each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Wants, To Rent, For Sales and Boarding advertisements, 10 cents a line, net cash, solid measure. None taken at less than 20 cents.

Advertisements for the period of one month and longer, as follows:

Local or Business Notices 20 cents a line, net. Editorial Notices, in Editorial type, 50 cents a line, net.

Squares.	1 mo.	2 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	12 mo
One	$12	$22	$30	$50	$75
Two	22	38	50	80	125
Three	30	53	70	110	175
Four	38	67	90	140	225
Five	46	80	105	170	275
Six	54	93	120	200	325
Seven	60	105	130	210	365
Eight	66	115	150	230	400
Nine	70	125	165	260	430
Ten	75	135	180	290	460
Eleven	80	145	195	325	500
Twelve	85	155	210	360	550

Monthly advertisements, having the run of the paper, inserted every other day, to be charged two-thirds the above rates.

Editorial page monthly advertisements, each square, $20 per month.

Rates for Advertising in the Weekly New Orleans Democrat.

Transient and general rates the same as for Daily.

Advertisements for the period of one month and longer, as follows:

Squares.	1 mo.	2 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	12 mo.
One	$5	$8	$12	$22	$30
Two	8	12	22	38	50
Three	12	18	30	53	70
Four	16	24	38	67	90
Five	20	30	46	80	105
Six	23	36	54	93	120
Seven	25	38	60	105	130
Eight	27	41	66	115	150
Nine	29	44	70	125	165
Ten	31	47	75	135	180
Eleven	33	50	80	145	195
Twelve	34	53	86	155	210
18 sqrs., or ½ column	55	85	130	185	225
36 sqrs., or 1 column	60	100	150	250	350

NOTES.

—Haverhill, Mass., has one hundred and fifty firms in the manufacture of leather goods, and over fifty-five engaged on shoes, etc.

—The State of Kentucky pays a dollar for a fox's scalp, and this year nearly all the taxes in Adair county have been paid with scalps.

—The owner of a gaming-house at Monaco has sent a check for $60,000 toward building the unfinished tower of the Church of Notre Dame, in Paris.

—New York has an ordinance by which all children under fourteen years of age who are found where liquor is sold in the city, will be immediately arrested.

—By the laws of Florida, a man who has lost a leg or an arm is not taxable in his business, unless he is either a manufacturer or seller of ardent spirits.

—A New Haven paper says there are two thousand houses vacant in that city, one-half being stores. It thinks that the population of the city is three or four thousand less than it was four years ago.

—The cactus is regarded by Californians as a nuisance. A firm of ropemakers in San Francisco has recently discovered that from a species of the plant a fine quality of rope can be manufactured.

—Peter Simpson desired to shoot a showman in Shady Grove, Ky., and asked George Sigler to lend him a pistol for the purpose. Sigler refused, whereupon Simpson killed him with a knife, and the showman escaped.

—The Lexington (Ky.) *Gazette* favors the restoration of the whipping-post as a punishment for larceny, but despairingly says that there is "no use of arguing with the mutton-headed members of the Legislature on the subject."

—Of the American meat trade the London *Daily Telegraph* says: "In fact, the difficulties diminish, as experience shows, particularly as we happen to witness the somewhat singular result at present, that the home farmer, who is generally jealous of foreign meat, eagerly clamors for it now as the best way to keep out rinderpest—a much greater evil than the competition of Australian mutton or American beef."

—A medical restaurant has been lately established in London, on the principle that diseases can generally be cured by a special system of diet, and that they are caused chiefly by improper food. On the entrance of a visitor, a physician asks him regarding his ailments. His meal is then prescribed, and he is allowed to eat no more than is presented to him. At the close he is dismissed to smoke a medicated cigar and to sip coffee, camomile tea, or whatever other beverage may be considered advisable.

—Lord Truro called the attention of the British Government on June 11 to the recent highway robberies on Blackheath, and Lord Beauchamp, in reply, was compelled to admit that there had been several outrages in that district. The carriage of Mr. Hodgson had been stopped, and he had been forced to give up his purse to two robbers. Two men in dark clothes had attempted to stop another carriage, but the coachman had plied the whip and escaped. Two men had called on another coachman to halt, and ran by the side of the carriage for a short distance. The modern Claude Duval is well dressed and well educated, and looks like the younger son of a good family.

—Col. Henry M. Hoyt, chairman of the State committee, has issued a call for the Republican State Convention to meet at Harrisburg on Wednesday, August 29th, at noon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Supreme Judge, State Treasurer and Auditor General, to be voted for at the ensuing general election on the 6th day of November next. Since the call has been issued there is a movement on foot to have the convention postponed until the 5th of September, so as to allow a number of the members, who desire it, an opportunity to attend the triennial conclave of the Knights Templar at Cleveland in the latter part of August.

London Honored.

[London Times, June 16.]

But his merits as a soldier are beyond dispute. His services to America will be remembered as long as its history, and the Lord Mayor justly said that the city conferred honor upon itself by honoring him.

To-morrow is the Fourth of July, the glorious anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. The United States have been independent, so to speak, now for over a century, but not half as independent as Mr. Staub, who breathes the free air of news at Goldthwaite's bookstore, on Exchange Alley, near the corner of Canal street. There he has all the latest dailies, weeklies and periodicals, which he dispenses to the public with the liberality of a prince at the lowest prices.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Louisiana.

Cotton is in bloom all over West Feliciana.

The lower coast has been promised a daily mail.

The Port Vincent *Triune* writes its own obituary in advance.

The cotton worm has made its appearance at Lake St. Joseph, in Tensas parish.

The office of Justice of the Peace of the Sixth Ward of Pointe Coupee is still vacant.

There are a great many mechanics in Plaquemines seeking employment. All get it who ask for it.

The house of Mr. Lesassier, at Beech Grove, West Feliciana, was burnt by an incendiary last week.

The parish of Iberville was redistricted into ten wards at the last meeting of the police jury.

Over a dozen towns in Louisiana will celebrate the Fourth of July in regular Northern style this year.

A large gain of logs and drift has formed on Red River just above the ferry landing at Shreveport.

The river has brought down but little drift, and a wood famine in Plaquemines is consequently promised this year.

A live alligator fifteen feet long was captured in Plaquemines parish the other day by Capts. Fovert and Catalan, of the Fatality.

Charbon is still on the increase in Pointe Coupee. Some unfortunate planters have lost every mule and many horses, and cows have died.

A new mail route is to be established on the 1st of September from Colfax to Funny Louis via Rieves and Gilman's Ferry, once a week, and back. The distance is fifty miles.

A colored man living in the northern part of West Feliciana, who had stolen a hog, was waited on by colored regulaters and whipped. The matter is being investigated, and this sort of irregular justice will be put an end to.

The Democratic clubs of the first, second and third wards of Pointe Coupee will celebrate the 4th of July at Red River Landing, and also celebrate the emancipation of Louisiana from Radical rule. Several hundred colored Democrats belong to these clubs and will be present. Col. F. L. Claiborne is the speaker invited to address the meeting.

Some five or six weeks ago a man known as Dr. Chastine married Mrs. Dunham, who resides about six miles below Delhi. He went into Thomson's drug store at Delhi last week, procured ten grains of morphine, went to some other house and swallowed it, and then returned to the drug store and informed Mr. Thomson of what he had done. Mr. Thomson immediately called in physicians, but Chastine refused positively to allow them to administer anything for his relief, declaring that if they saved him from the effects of morphine he would use some other means for the accomplishment of his design, and he soon died from the effects of the medicine.

Mississippi.

A large wolf was killed near Port Gibson last week.

Charbon prevails on the Homochitto, in the northern portion Wilkinson county.

Wm. Duffy, superintendent of the sash factory at Meridian, and Crockett Henry, an attorney of that town, engaged in a personal difficulty Friday night last, in which the former was shot and killed.

A negro preacher, named Jacob Cobb, killed another negro preacher in Clay county about two years ago, and has been at large since that time, until arrested a few days ago in Pickens county, Ala. He is now in jail at West Point.

Among the candidates for Auditor of the State of Mississippi are the following well known gentlemen: James F. Parker, R. Walpole, H. M. Street, Major Geo. M. Govan, Judge Warren Cowan, Jones S. Hamilton, and Capt. Gwin, of Lawrence.

Here is a narrative strange but true. Bennie Truly, of Fayette, and a young son of Mr. L. L. Key, saw, on Tuesday last, at or near Fayette, in a tree, a bird which had a piece of paper attached to him by a cord, and which had become somehow entangled in the cord so as to be unable to get loose. Young Truly climbed the tree, caught the bird, and read the writing on the paper. It read thus:

"Turn John Jackson out of prison, or I will destroy your city. Do unto others as you would like to be done by. Turn him out! Turn him out!"

Young Truly, in disengaging the paper so he could read it, released the tangles, and the bird escaped with the paper, but he remembers quite positively what was written on it.—[Natchez Democrat.

Texas.

The county seat Van Zandt county has been removed from Canton to Wills Point.

Cotton on some of the black lands in Washington county is turning yellow, owing to excessive rains.

On Monday, at Marshall, Dave Washington murdered Wm. Brown with a shotgun. Both are negroes.

Cotton worms have made their appearance in the lower edge of Waller county, but have done no serious damage as yet.

The question of extending the Texas Pacific road to Pilot Point is being agitated. The people of Pilot Point are willing to donate a large amount of grading to the company.

The papers everywhere deplore the fact that the constitution will not suffer Governor Hubbard to accept a loan in order to continue the employment of the military companies on the frontier. These, it is said, must soon be disbanded.

The news from Fort Brackett on the 22d was that Indians were on a raid in that neighborhood. They had killed one man on J. B. Johnson's ranch and stolen five horses. A lieutenant with a detachment of rangers was in close pursuit of them.

The Longview and Sabine Valley Company will soon have arrangements made for the completion of the first twelve miles. This being accomplished, the road will then continue to extend from point to point until it reaches the waters of the Gulf.

Cattle, horses and sheep in the Corpus Christi region had commenced to suffer seriously, both for want of water and grass; and had the drouth continued for any length of time, the danger to that interest can hardly be estimated. Upon some it must have fallen with withering, ruinous effect. Now, prospects for stock growers are exceedingly bright for a profitable summer, and favorable for entering the winter with a good range.

The infamous habit of changing brands has been practiced in the western portion of the State for some months with a barefacedness we have never seen equaled in any line of business. Old and well known brands have been transmogrified by the use of hot iron to an extent bordering upon the wonderful. A Chinese juggler could not show greater expertness, yet the experienced eyes of the stock men discovered the fraud in several instances, and the devotees of that method of accumulating wealth are on the high road to exalted positions. Their infamy has been long hidden, making them bold, but "all things have but a time," and theirs is nearly finished.

PACKARD.

[Cincinnati Commercial.]

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The comment here to-night is that Packard seems to have succeeded in getting in his work at the Iowa State Republican Convention, notwithstanding the fact that he came North solely to recruit his health.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Tuesday Evening, July 3, 1877.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
June 30	$764 326 40	$188,585 13
July 2	1,241,273 14	168,218 56
July 3	1,143,853 20	250,400 32
Thus far this week	$3,149,453 74	$607,204 01
Same time last week	2,637,506 68	391,076 55
Total last week	4,998,716 97	682,413 18
Total week before	5,561,758 77	831,375 76

The demand for Money continued light to day, both in bank and on the street, and commercial paper was unchanged. Owing to the scarcity of cash Gold, it ruled ⅛c higher. Foreign Exchange was without quotable variation. The movement in both sterling and francs was limited. New York sight was unchanged.

Stocks were quiet. State Consols were ⅛@¾ ₩ cent lower. Premium Bonds were easier. City Scrip showed a slight decline. Half paid City Coupons and State Warrants ruled at about previous rates.

The State Fiscal Agency, the State National Bank, continued busily engaged to-day in paying State Consol Coupons, and has taken up nearly $200,000 since yesterday morning.

We continue to quote: Exceptional commercial paper 8@— ₩ cent per annum discount; A1 do. 10@—; second grade do. 12@15; collateral loans —@8; first class mortgages 8@9½, and second grade do. 10@12.

Gold opened at 105¾@105⅝, against 105⅝ at New York, and after a limited business closed at the opening rates in both markets. The sales were confined to $1000 at 105¼; $3000 at 105⅝; $2000 and $3000 at 105⅝, and $2000 at 105⅝.

Foreign exchange was without quotable variation. The only sales of sterling reported were £1000 A1 clear and £2000 bill of lading at 508⅞, and £6000 do at 508¾.

Nothing transpired in francs.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at 508⅛@509¼ for bill of lading and A1 clear, and —@513½ for bank (bank counter rate —@514), and francs 4.93¾ for commercial and nominal for bank.

New York sight was unchanged. The only sale reported was $50,000 commercial and private bankers' at ⅛ ₩ cent discount.

We also noticed a sale of $9000 commercial on Providence, on demand, at ¼ ₩ cent discount.

The banks continued to check on New York at ¼ ₩ cent premium, and commercial sight was still quoted at ¼ ₩ cent discount.

NEW ORLEANS STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

FIRST CALL—11 A. M.

$300 Per Diem Warrant's	85

BETWEEN CALLS.

$45,000 State Consols	76¾
20,000 do	77
15,000 do	77¼
36,000 Premium Bonds	35
5,000 State Warrants	85

SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

$15 000 State Consols	76½
20,000 do (S. 60)	76⅞
500 Judges' Warrants	84
175 do	84½

AFTER SECOND CALL.

$1,000 State Warrants	85

Stocks continued quiet.

Meeting with less demand, State Consols gave way ⅛@¼ ₩ cent, and Premium Bonds were easier. The former closed at 76¼@76½ and the latter at 35@35⅛.

City Scrip was quoted at 32@33 for 1874 issues, 35@36½ for 1875, and 31@32 for 1876.

Half Paid City Coupons continued to rule at 35@36, and State Warrants at 85@85.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Tuesday Evening, July 3, 1877.

Quotations represent prices for round lots from first hands, unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders higher prices are paid.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 1050 bales at rather easier prices, requiring a reduction of a partial ⅛c in Low Middling and the grades above. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange as below:

	Gen'l Quotations.	Ex. Q.
Inferior	7¼@ 8¼	—
Low Ordinary	9⅛@ 9⅜	9⅜
Ordinary	9⅝@10	9⅞
Strict Ordinary	10⅛@10⅜	—
Good Ordinary	10½@10¾	10⅝
Strict Good Ordinary	10⅝@10¾	—
Low Middling	10⅞@11	11
Strict Low Middling	11⅛@11¼	—
Middling	11½@11⅝	11⅝
Strict Middling	11⅝@11⅞	—
Good Middling	11⅞@12	12
Middling Fair	12⅛@12⅜	12⅛
Fair	12¼@12⅝	—

The demand was confined to a few buyers, and but little was done during the morning, after which the movement exhibited rather more vitality, but the sales nevertheless were confined to the limited amount noted above.

Operations were restricted by light offerings, especially of the lower grades, which continued scarce and in request, as well as by many factors steadfastly adhering to their previous pretensions, while buyers claimed concessions. The dispatches reported Liverpool quiet and steady at previous rates, with sales of only 5000 bales, and arrivals 1-32@1-16d lower, closing dull; Manchester quiet and steady; Havre dull and easier, but not quotably lower, and New York quiet at a decline of 1-16c in spots and irregular for futures, which at noon were quoted 2-100@3-100c higher for Julys and Augusts and 1-100@6-100c lower for the later months, and closed at a net decline of 4-100@5-100c in Julys and Augusts, 8-100c in Septembers and 2-100@6-100c in the later months.

The sales of the past three days sum up 3400 bales (1600 on Saturday, 750 yesterday and 1050 to-day), against 4050 for the corresponding time last week and 2950 the week before.

Receipts since Friday evening 1416 bales, embracing 616 from other delivery ports (of which 168 from Mobile and 448 from Texas), and 800 proper, against 585 proper last week and 1773 last year. Total proper since August 31, 1,186,008 bales, against 1,404,577 last year—decrease 218,569.

The exports comprise 3676 bales, embracing 530 to Vera Cruz and 3146 to New York.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 m. Yesterday to 12 m. to-day 1885 bales, against 1125 last week and 915 last year and since Friday 4544 bales, against 3629 last week and 4399 last year. Total since August 31, 3,918,599 bales, against 4,065,823 up to Monday noon, July 3, last year—decrease 47,224 bales.

Exports (Friday to Monday inclusive) to Great Britain 1662 bales, against 9047 last week and 8387 last year, and to the Continent 1182 bales, against 1500 last week and 2590 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports, made up to 12 m., 255,849 bales, against 268,835 last week and 282,042 last year.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports of 3146 bales) 15,176 bales, embracing 4577 for Liverpool, 8541 for Havre, 900 for Spain, and 1458 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 m., 48,385 bales, only a part of which is on sale.

At noon to-day Middling was quoted at Galveston at 11⅝c; at Mobile at 11¼c; at Savannah at 11½c; at Charleston at 11⅝@11¾c; at Wilmington at 11⅛c; at Norfolk at 11⅝@11⅞c; at Baltimore at 12¼c; at New York at 12¼c; at Boston at 12⅝c; at Memphis at 11⅜c; at Augusta at 11¾c; at Philadelphia at 12⅛c; at Cincinnati at 11¾c, and at St. Louis at 11⅞c.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 1000 bales. Market quiet."

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1876—bales		29,377
Arrived since last statement	460	
Arrived previously	1,379,208	1,379,668
		1,409,045
Cleared to-day	3,146	
Cleared previously	1,345,430	1,348,576
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared		60,469
Same time last year		70,136

To-day's exports were to New York.

Receipts proper since last evening 290 bales, against 265 on last Friday and 388 last year.

For comparative totals for the past three days' exports and receipts, see above report.

FREIGHTS—The market presents no new feature, and we continue to quote as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool 7-16d; to Boston, Providence, Fall River, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via New York, ⅝c; to New York ⅞c. Grain to Liverpool 7½d.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool ¾c; to Havre ⅝c.

TOBACCO—The sales to-day embraced 59 hhds, also 2 late yesterday, making an aggregate for the past three days of 123 hhds. The amount on sale is now estimated at 7250 hhds. Nothing has transpired with regard to prices, and we continue to quote as follows:

Inferior lugs 4@4½c, low 4¾@5¼c, medium 5½@6, good to fine 6½@6⅝c, low leaf 7@8c, medium 8½@10c, good 10½@12c, fine 12½@13½c, and selections 14½@16c.

TOBACCO STATEMENT.

Stock on hand, Sept. 1, 1876—hhds		11,081
Arrived past three days	295	
Arrived previously	6,659—6,954	
		18,035
Exported past three days	None	
Exported previously	6,704	
Broken up, etc.	957—7,661	
Stock on hand, etc.		10,374

SUGAR—Received this morning 71 hhds. The demand is moderate and local dealers purchased 61 hhds, in job lots, on private terms. Our prices are for job lots; round lots would sell at lower prices. Good common to fair is quoted at 9⅜c, fully fair 9¾ prime to strictly prime 9⅞c, choice 10¼c, seconds 9@10¼c, centrifugal 10c, yellow clarified 11c, off whites 11¼@11½c, whites 11⅝@12c ₩ lb.

MOLASSES—Received this morning 5 bbls. The demand was active to-day, and 300 bbls sold, partly for shipment and to the local trade, at 20@30c ₩ gallon for inferior, and 33@35c for fair. Supplies under the sheds are held by dealers. Common, not fermenting, is quoted at 45c, fair 50c, prime and strictly prime 57c, choice 60c ₩ gallon.

CITY REFINERY SUGAR—Is selling on orders at 12¼c for standard A, in bbls, 12¾c for crushed, 12⅝c for powdered and granulated, and 13c for cut loaf.

CITY REFINERY MOLASSES—Is selling on orders at 45c for common, 50c for fair, 55c for prime, 60c for choice, and 90c for golden syrup.

FLOUR—Received this morning 602 bbls. Choice treble and choice extra continue scarce and wanted at full prices, while low grades are in good supply and unsalable. 1266 bbls sold to-day, of which 25 at $4 50; 25 at $7 50; 25 at $7 62½; 50 at $9 20; 25 spot at $9 25; 25 and 50 at $9 50; 31 to arrive at $10; 150 spot at $10 50, and 600 bbls for export on private terms.

Common is quoted at $4@4 50, superfine $5 25, double extra $6@6 25, low treble extra $6 50@6 75, good do. $7@7 50, choice do. $8 50@9 50, choice extra $9 75@10, fancy $10@10 25 ₩ bbl.

Dealers and grocers obtain 50c above these prices in their order trade.

RYE FLOUR—Commands $5 25@5 50 ₩ bbl from first hands.

CORN FLOUR—None on hand. It is in request, and would command $4 ₩ bbl.

GRITS AND HOMINY—Grits are in light supply and in demand. The supplies are sold, to arrive, at $3 90@4 ₩ bbl; they command $4 15@4 25 ₩ bbl in store. Hominy is in request at $3 75 ₩ bbl.

CORN MEAL—Is quiet, and the stock is held at $2 90 ₩ bbl. 450 bbls sold, comprising 100 at $2 85; 100 and 250 bbls at $2 90 ₩ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $3 15 ₩ bbl.

PORK—Quiet and unchanged, with a better demand; 70 bbls mess sold to arrive and 100 spot at $14 25, and 50 spot at $14 37½ ₩ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $15 25@15 50 ₩ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Nothing doing in lots in first hands; 17 boxes sold in job lots in store at 5¼@5⅝c. Dealers are jobbing shoulders at 5¾c ₩ lb.

BACON—Shoulders are scarce and in demand at 6¾c ₩ lb. A receiver sold 10 casks at that price and 21 boxes clear rib sides at 8¼c; 7 casks clear rib sides at 8⅛c, and 20 boxes do. at 8¼c ₩ lb. Clear sides are quoted at 8½c ₩ lb. Dealers are jobbing shoulders at 7c, clear rib sides 8⅛c, clear sides 8¾c ₩ lb. The demand is active in a job way.

LARD—Good supply but only a small job trade. Tierces is quoted at 9@9⅛c, keg 9¾@10¼c, pail 10¼@11c ₩ lb. To-day 25 tierces refined sold at 9c ₩ lb.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured are in light supply and in request and small size are in demand. They are quoted at 11@11¾c, as in brand and size.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is dull and quoted at 9c.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—Prime mess pork is selling in the order trade at $13 50@14, prime $11, rump pork $11 50@12 ₩ bbl; pig pork $8 25 ₩ half bbl, pigs' feet 65c ₩ keg and $1 25 ₩ firkin; tongues 4c apiece; new rib sides 3⅞c ₩ lb. A receiver sold 60 bbls jowl pork on private terms.

WHISKY—Dull. Rectified is quoted at $1 05@1 10 ₩ gallon, as in proof and brand. Dealers obtain 5@10c above these prices in their job trade.

CORN IN BULK—Supplies are offering at 54c ₩ bushel, spot and to arrive.

COW PEAS—Are very dull, even at the decline, and dealers are offering their stocks at $1 90@2 for mixed and whippoorwill and $2 15@2 25 for clay. Round lots in first hands are nominal at $1 50 ₩ bushel.

A LIVELY JOB TRADE—There has been a general improvement since the 1st inst. in the job trade for breadstuffs and provisions, and quite a lively business has been done in that way at full previous prices.

CORN IN SACKS—Fair supply on the landing and the demand continues moderate for job lots at previous prices. 2300 sacks sold, of which 700 mixed and white mixed at 58c, 500 white at 59c, 700 choice white at 60c and 400 yellow at 60c ₩ bushel.

OATS—Good supply, but only a limited demand for the city trade. Only 300 sacks choice Galena sold at 48c ₩ bushel.

BRAN—There is a fair supply and prices are firmer, but only small lots are wanted. 100 sacks sold at $1 10 ₩ 100 lbs.

HAY—Light supply and selling slowly; 100 bales sold, of which 50 prime at $16 50, and 50 do at $17 ₩ ton.

RECEIPTS OF BACON FROM TEXAS—We note the arrival this morning from Galveston, per steamship St. Mary, via Morgan's Railroad, of 32 boxes clear rib sides, consigned to Messrs. Miller, Dolhonde & Co., and 34 boxes do to Mr. E. K. Converse. Receipts of provisions by this line are unusual, and this is a new feature in the Texas export trade.

RICE—Light supply and the market is dull. Prices are nominal. Louisiana No. 2 is quoted at 4c; fair 5⅞@6c; good 6⅛@6¼c; prime 6¼@6⅝c; strictly prime 6¾@7c ₩ lb.

COFFEE—There is no change in the market to notice. The demand continues limited at previous prices. We quote cargoes: Ordinary 17¼@17½c (gold); fair 19¼@19¾c; good 20¼@20½c; prime 20¾@21c ₩ lb. Job lots: ordinary 17¾@18¼c gold; fair 20@20¼c; good 20¾@21c; prime 21¼@21½c ₩ lb.

BUTTER—Fair supply of all grades with a good demand at last week's prices. Owing to excessive hot weather receipts arrive heated, and are offered at low prices. We quote Western creamery, fine 25@26c; Western creamery, good, 22@23c; dairy, tubs, fine 19@20c; dairy, tubs, good 17@18c; Western repacked, tubs and firkins, good 16@17c; repacked, tubs and firkins, fair, 14@15c; New York creamery, selections, 26@27c; do. fine 24@25c; New York dairy, fine, 25@26c; do. good, 22@23c; do. fair, 18@20c ₩ lb.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—Arrived since our review of yesterday: 602 bbls flour, 19 tierces hams, 25 tierces lard, 28 casks bacon, 71 boxes bacon, 71 hhds sugar, 5 bbls molasses, 11 bbls apples, 55 kegs butter, 131 bbls onions, 85 bbls potatoes and 423 bbls rice.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE—Exports since our review of yesterday: 364 bbls flour, 8 bbls pork, 17 casks bacon, 6 tierces lard, 9 bbls whisky, 464 bbls corn meal, 2440 sacks corn, 32 sacks oats, 20 sacks bran, 2 bales hay, 13 hhds sugar, 39 bbls sugar, 26 bbls molasses, 19 bbls rice, 738 sacks coffee, 9 bbls onions, 15 sacks salt, 4 kegs butter and 184 bbls potatoes.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CANCELLATION OF BONDS.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Louisiana, Executive Department.

Whereas, application has been made to me for the cancellation of the following bonds, to wit—

1. One drawn by Edward Pilsbury, as principal and as Administrator of Finance of the city of New Orleans, with J. C. Van Wickle, W. Gordon, Theophile Prudhomme, Leon Queyrouze and Gabriel Pascal as sureties.

2. One by James G. Brown, as principal and as Administrator of Public Accounts of said city, with Sawyer Haywood, Charles A. Eager and George Swarbrick as sureties.

3. One by E. A. Burke, as principal and as Administrator of Improvements of said city, with John Hawkins, J. Hart and Frank Johnson as sureties.

4. One by J. O. Landry, as principal and as Administrator of Commerce of said city, with Joseph Hernandez, L. E. Lemarie, L. E. Forstall and C. A. Eager as sureties.

5. One by P. L. Bouny, as principal and as Administrator of Assessments of said city, with P. Candavielle, Jules Tuyes, R. E. Peychaud and Edgar Hincks as sureties.

6. One by Dennis McCarthy, as principal and as Administrator of Police of said city, with George Smith, John G. Ryan, William B. Smith, Emile J. O'Brien and M. Flannery as sureties; and

7. One by Leon Bertoli, as principal and as Administrator of Water Works and Public Buildings of said city, with Thomas Duffy, N. E. Llambias, L. Roca, F. Reusch and John Finney as sureties.

All of which said bonds were each subscribed as aforesaid on the 27th day of November, 1874 and are for the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars each, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of each of said principals in their respective administrative capacities.

Now, therefore, I, Francis T. Nicholls, Governor of the State of Louisiana, have thought proper to issue this, my proclamation, giving public notice to all persons therein concerned and interested to show cause, in writing, at the office of the Secretary of State, at the city of New Orleans, within ninety days from and after the last publication of this notice, why the said bonds, or either of them, should not be cancelled and annulled, and the securities above named discharged from any further liability.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name and caused the seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at the city of New Orleans, this twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and of the one hundred and first year of the Independence of the United States of America.

(L. S.)

FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Governor: WILL. A. STRONG, Secretary of State.

je13 30d

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Louisiana, Executive Department.

Whereas, application has been made to me for the cancellation of a bond drawn by L. T. Murdock, and by him subscribed, on the 14th day of November, as principal, for the sum of Forty Thousand dollars, with Sam'l W. Hammond, John A. Peel, John Thorn and John H. Bareshide as securities, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of said L. T. Murdock, as Treasurer of the Board of Metropolitan Police of the city of New Orleans,

Now, therefore, I, Francis T. Nicholls, Governor of the State of Louisiana, have thought proper to issue this, my proclamation, giving public notice to all persons to whom these presents shall concern, and who are therein interested, to show cause, in writing, at the office of the Secretary of State, at the city of New Orleans, within ninety days from and after the last publication of this notice, why the said bond should not be cancelled and annulled, and the securities above named discharged from any further liability.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the State of Louisiana to be affixed, at the city of New Orleans, this twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and of the one hundred and first year of the independence of the United States of America.

FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Governor: WILL. A. STRONG, Secretary of State.

je17 30d

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Louisiana, Executive Department.

Whereas, application has been made to me for the cancellation of a bond drawn by GEORGE B. JOHNSON, and by him subscribed, on the thirtieth day of December, 1875, as principal, for the sum of ten thousand dollars, with Wright R. Fish, Honore Pothier, Joseph Alphonse Walker, John A. Watkins and Patrick Keenan, as securities, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of said George B. Johnson, as Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Louisiana.

Now, therefore, I, Francis T. Nicholls, Governor of the State of Louisiana, have thought proper to issue this, my proclamation, giving public notice to all persons to whom these presents shall concern and who are therein interested, to show cause, in writing, at the office of the Secretary of State, at the city of New Orleans, within ninety days from and after the last publication of this notice, why the said bond should not be cancelled and annulled, and the securities above named discharged from any further liability.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the State of Louisiana to be affixed, at the city of New Orleans, this twenty-eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and of the one hundred and first year of the independence of the United states of America.

(L. S.)

FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Governor: OSCAR ARROYO, Assistant Secretary of State.

je3 30t

$1000 REWARD.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department.

Whereas, It appears from the proces verbal of inquest and the verdict of the Coroner's jury, in the matter of the investigation into the cause of the death of the late DON SEVERINO DE LA BARRERA, Consul of his Majesty, the King of Spain, which occurred in the city of New Orleans, on the twenty-fourth day of March, A. D. 1877, said inquest having been held in said city before Dr. Henri de Rance, Coroner of the Second, Third and Fifth Districts of the parish of Orleans, that the death of said Severino de la Barrera was occasioned by his taking unknowingly poison, placed intentionally and feloniously in a bottle of medicine, from which he, on that day, took the usual dose, by one or more persons unknown to the jury of inquest, and who are at large; and

Whereas, To all appearances, a heinous crime, punishable under the laws of this State has been committed, and for the good of society its perpetrators should be brought to justice.

Now, therefore, I, FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana, have thought proper to issue this my proclamation, calling upon the good people of this State to give their aid and assistance in arresting and bringing to justice the perpetrator or perpetrators of said crime, and by virtue of the authority in me vested by the laws of this State, I hereby offer a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of said crime.

Given under my signature and authenticated with the seal of the State of Louisiana, at the city of New Orleans, this twenty-eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and of the one hundred and first year of the independence of the United States of America.

FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Governor: WILL. A. STONG, Secretary of State. je29 10t

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

104 ..... Canal Street 104

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Company publish the following statement:

Premiums received during the year ending May 31, 1877, including unearned premiums of the previous year—		
On Fire Risks		$361,296 52
On Marine Risks		24,473 93
On River Risks		25,679 37
Total Premiums		$411,449 82
Less Unearned Premiums		118,115 00
Net Earned Premiums May 31, 1877		$293,334 82
Losses paid—		
On Fire Risks	$117,867 98	
On Marine Risks	17,052 50	
On River Risks	3,596 77	
Taxes and expenses, less interest	28,693 38	
Reinsurances and Returned Premiums	16,104 03—	$183,314 66
Profit		$110,020 16
The Company have the following assets:		
Real Estate		$289,079 49
City Bonds		110,419 50
Bank, Railroad and other Stocks and Mortgage Bonds		169,235 56
Notes secured by mortgage		214,042 06
Notes secured by pledge		42,367 92
Bills receivable		75,164 19
Premium in course of collection		49,087 93
Cash on hand		77,007 53
Total		$1,026,344 23

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the Company

PAUL FOURCHY, President.

G. W. NOTT, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans, } Sworn to and subscribed before me the seventh day of June, 1877. JAMES FAHEY, Notary Public.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the seventh day of June, 1877, it was resolved to declare a cash dividend of twenty per cent on the net earned participating premiums for the year ending May 31, 1877, payable on the third Monday of July next.

Also, to pay to the Stockholders, on demand, interest at the rate of five per cent per annum on their stock.

DIRECTORS:

F. Maspero,	Hy. Beebe,
D. A. Chaffraix,	E. Toby,
F. Four