

CUSTOM-HOUSE TALK.

THE ABSENT DELEGATION SWINGING AROUND THE CHURCH.

How the Times Gets Left and Then Gets Mad—Calesteu Logging Again.

It is well understood in Custom-House circles, now that the Wells-Tomanderson-Gantt delegation...

SWINGING AROUND THE CHURCH, making efforts to hunt up President Hayes, who is "doing" New England, and the probability is that they will find him and inform him what Secretary Sherman told him at Mansfield, Ohio.

It is a notorious fact that the delegation do not communicate very liberally with their intimate friends here, and that may perhaps be the reason that some of the "outs" are looking rather dependent.

They think, however, that their friend Tomanderson will have sufficient influence with the Collector to...

WORK THEM ALL IN. In time, and with that refreshing idea soon contented.

Some of those outside as well as inside the building think the Collector's action in making certain removals rather strange, and quote in connection therewith that part of the Custom-House Commission's preliminary report which reads:

"We find that the persons holding the chief offices are capable, honest and efficient men, and the force generally is composed of men worthy of their places."

In removing some of the chiefs of departments they think the Collector has been misled by the absent delegation, and the fact that other nominations have been sent on seems to confirm the belief.

The report is current that during the past three or four days the Collector has sought Washington the names of over a dozen persons whom he has appointed as...

DAY AND NIGHT INSPECTORS, and that nearly, if not quite, all of them come under the "delegation" patronage or recommendation, and it is claimed, further, that there are a few more who are to be appointed upon the same recommendations.

Letters have been received here from influential sources in the North to the effect that the "delegation" raid on Champlin will not amount to much. It seems that some of the Northern Senators and Representatives have made up their minds that the delegation shall not control everything here, and it is for that reason, perhaps, that they have indicated as much in letters to the President and Secretary of the Treasury.

These Congressmen, it seems, have been fully advised as to every move made by the returning board delegation, and believing that the interests of the government will be protected much better with experienced heads, they have informed the "powers that be" of their views, recommending that no more "greenhorns" be placed in responsible positions in the New Orleans Custom-House.

Some of those who did heavy work for the Republican party, and who are put "outs," are making considerable noise about what they term the shabby manner in which the fourth member of the defense returning board, Cassanova, is treated, and they declare that they...

WILL FORCE HIM TO "SQUEAL," unless he is provided for in some way. They say he is chucked full of grave secrets which would make it exceedingly uncomfortable for Wells and Tomanderson should he choose to divulge, and, with a knowing wink, his friends say that he will turn loose on them all if they don't give him a small slice of patronage.

It is learned from competent authority that Tomanderson said to Champlin before leaving here that he didn't want to be the special deputy, and wouldn't have it unless they—meaning Wells and Gantt—

FORCED HIM TO ACCEPT, and he didn't think that would be done.

In connection with the report of the Custom-House Commission, published exclusively by this paper, the Times says:

The full report of the Custom-House Commission, which has arrived from Washington, contains nothing new, except what was embraced in the telegraphic synopsis of it published in the Times several days ago. Being stale, it naturally excited no comment.

Some grapes, of course; it was stale, and that was undoubtedly the reason the Times man, on the day of its publication, wasted four hours of his precious time in trying to find out...

HOW THE TIMES GOT "LAMP" in that, and the way he questioned every Custom official in the building to get this information was a caution. He got the desired information, of course, and was just as wise after he had "gumped" the special agent, Collector, deputy, Naval Officer, and a dozen others, as he was when he commenced.

The Times did not even publish a complete synopsis, as it infers, but gave some of Barr's far-fetched ideas. Nor has it yet published the preliminary report.

The Calcesteu log question will be revived again in a day or two, when the time for bonding will begin. The marshal has now...

A COMPLETE INVENTORY of all of the logs seized in the vicinity of Lake Charles, and will be ready to bond the same in two or three days.

Judge Billings will, it is thought, arrive here on Sunday, and should it be necessary, as it most probably will, he may pass upon some of the bonds offered.

Those conversant with the law claim that the United States Marshal could very easily get his bondsmen into trouble were he to accept, as bondsmen for the owners and intervenors, every body who was offered; as, in the event of a forfeiture, the government would look to the marshal's securities for indemnification, and the marshal, realizing this, may make up his mind to assume as little responsibility as he can, by either referring each case directly to...

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, for instructions, or letting the intervenors take responsibility upon him to show cause why he refuses to accept those offered; and in that event, which case occur at the special term of court to be held by Judge Billings, the responsibility must rest with the courts.

CAPITOL NOTES. Red River Matters—Where the People's Money Went.

On Thursday morning several gentlemen interested in the navigation of Red river called upon Gov. Nichols and stated that they would perfect arrangements at once to raise all funds necessary for Toney's bayou, and also make arrangements for dredging the mouth of Red river. This will be done by sending to the mouth of Red river...

THE WORKING BOAT OSAGE, owned by Capt. Andrew.

With the immense pumps used by this boat it is believed that force enough will be obtained to move the mud from the bottom of the river, and by containing this process a channel could be driven out with less difficulty than by dredging.

To get a dredgeboat of any description in readiness will require at least two weeks' time, when the water over the bar might be too low to admit of any work whatever, and for that reason the State engineers have recommended that the system indicated above be adopted, and the Governor has signified his willingness to adopt any practicable plan suggested, as he has the legal authority to do under the provisions of act No.

117, approved April 30, 1877, which makes an appropriation...

OF TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS for the removal of the obstructions to navigation in the mouth of Red River.

The act makes it compulsory upon the Board of Engineers to submit a plan for the removal of the obstructions to the Governor, and that Major Hardee will do to-day, when he will submit the plan alluded to.

He will also state that the boat Osage can be secured at one hundred and fifty dollars per day, for ten days, and a less rate for any additional time.

It is now said in State-House circles that there are but four of the ex-tax collectors that made direct settlements with Packard for his militia, and that Mr. Fulton paid over the largest amount—about \$5000 or \$5700. Badger paid about \$1000 and the collectors of Terrebonne and Caliborne parishes \$500 each, all of which will, of course, have to be made good to the State, even though...

PACKARD'S PAYMASTER GENERAL did pay it out to his militia.

The Governor, some days since, received from Mr. James E. Peyton, a prominent capitalist of Philadelphia, an invitation to be present in that city to attend the International Exhibition next week, when there will be present quite a number of capitalists of Eastern cities as well as the executive of a number of States, including several Southern States—South Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama and Arkansas.

The object in getting together the executives of the Southern States is, it is said, to enable them to meet...

THOSE GENTLEMEN OF CAPITAL of the Eastern States who desire a thorough knowledge as to the policy of the Southern States, their resources, etc., which they think can better be obtained from the executives than any one else.

Gov. Nichols has not yet signified his intention of accepting the invitation, though some of his friends think he will do so, as Lieut. Gov. Witt has returned to the city and can attend to State matters during the Governor's absence.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

There was a meeting of the Board of Health last night. Present: Dr. Choppin, President, and Drs. Loeber, Toney, Jones, Taylor, Col. Hardee and Mr. Nott.

After some discussion relative to the cow-pox vaccine introduced here by Dr. DeCay, a letter was read from J. Langley, of the New Orleans Sanitary and Excavating Company, relative to using the square bounded by Hagan Avenue, Gravier, Perdido and Bendon streets, as a place for a factory to manufacture fertilizers from the excrementary matter of the city.

On motion of Col. Hardee it was ordered that the President should inspect the situation, and if it was no nuisance to the surrounding neighbors permission should be granted.

Executive session was then ordered.

OUR TEAM.

Make an Average of Over 185, and a Total of 1112.

Capt. Dudley Selph, of the Crescent City Rifle Team, telegraphs Col. Yandry as follows regarding the team practice on Wednesday:

CHRETIEN, L. I., Aug. 22, 10:30 p. m. To Col. W. T. Vaudry, Vice President C. C. R. C. Total score made by our team to-day being hundred and twelve. Selph leads everybody with a score of two hundred and six.

JAMES BUCKLEY, Captain. A dispatch to the Southern Sportsman reports Selph as having made 206 on Wednesday, that being the highest score made on the range during the practice. The same paper contains...

THE INDIVIDUAL SCORES made on Tuesday by the team, as follows:

Capt. Dudley Selph 201 Major Wm. Arms 198 B. G. Eyrich 184 J. H. Renaud 183 E. T. Manning 173 Col. John Glynn, Jr. 171

Total 1110. The total shows an average of 185 points to each member of the team, which is not up to their practice here, but is accounted for by the fact that the range was entirely new to them, and as the second day's practice already showed, the team will improve as they become acquainted with the range and those who they are thrown in contact with.

WHAT WILL THEY DO WITH IT?

There is considerable of a hitch about the removal of the Assistant Treasurer from the Mint to the new apartments prepared at the Custom-House. It appears that the supervising architect of the United States had built for the branch of the Treasury here a splendid vault, with bottom of steel plate and all the paraphernalia of a burglar-proof institution, and, on its completion, communicated a notice of the fact to Assistant Treasurer Flanders. Mr. Flanders forwarded this letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, and it was discovered after all this expenditure that there was a statute of Congress, of 1847, compelling all assistant treasurers to hold their office in the mints.

What will be done with the new rooms in the Custom-House remains to be seen.

About that Dead Child.

Coroner Rance informs us that he in fact received a notice from Capt. O'Neil, of the Fifth Precinct, concerning a dead child, but the notice gave an erroneous address, and that was the reason of his delay in holding the inquest. He was called upon by the notice to go to No. 613 Love street, between Port and Port, whereas the corpse lay at No. 613 Love street, between Washington Avenue and Music street. By a curious dispensation of the Providence that inspires city fathers, there happens to be on that same street, two houses in different localities bearing the same number.

The Louisiana Hose Excursion.

Louisiana Hose Company will start on Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, from their engine-house, for the annual excursion to Biloxi, and we are under obligations to them for an invitation. We will surely avail ourselves of the courtesy, as we are acquainted with the proverbial good taste and hospitality of the boys. Biloxi will surely be alive with song and music on Saturday and Sunday, and great will be the fun and merriment that will go on in that classical watering place.

Personal.

We had the pleasure yesterday of welcoming back to his native beach and the happy rice hunting grounds of Old Levee street, Mr. Raoul Dupre, our young and enterprising rice merchant. His many friends rejoice at his reinvigorated appearance and at the healthy bloom which he called during his travels up North, and his sojourn at the romantic site of Green Lake, Wisconsin.

A Simple Protest.

Editor Democrat—By reference to the proceedings in the succession of Chink in the Second District Court you will see that no notice was given to the will of the deceased. The Hon. H. Heidenheim took the will, and the abuse heaped upon notaries by "Lex" in yesterday morning's issue of your paper is unjust.

A HERO, JR.

Hay for Nothing.

The city authorities offer the grass on Lafayette Square for nothing to any person who will undertake to mow it immediately.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

THE CARROLLTON RAILROAD COMPANY GOES FOR THE CITY WITH A VENGEANCE.

Mayor Pillsbury Says there is a Long Account to be Settled Between Them, and Courts the Issue.

The New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company has set up another big claim against the city. On Thursday morning through their attorney Geo. L. Bright, Esq., the company made a demand on Mayor Pillsbury that the city shall close the drainage canal, along the line of the old Jefferson and Lake Pontchartrain Railroad, a distance of over three miles, and two arpent wide.

THE COMPANY CLAIMS THAT THE STRIP OF LAND MENTIONED IS THEIR PROPERTY, and that the city has caused the canal to be dug through it without even consulting them.

A spirited discussion occurred between the Mayor and Mr. Bright, the Mayor contending that it was highly improbable that the drainage canal should have been constructed without the city having first considered its right to do so. On the other hand, Mr. Bright argues that the property has never been acquired by the city in any manner, and therefore the railroad company wants it back, and what makes matters worse is that the company is absolute in its demand, saying that they do not wish to sell the land. [It looks as though it contemplates building a railroad to the lake.]

Mayor Pillsbury said to Mr. Bright that the city and the railroad company had...

A LARGE ACCOUNT TO SETTLE, and that he was ready to meet the issue. Having expressed his surprise that the company should come after several years and claim a right to the land, whilst it might have enjoined the city from digging the canal, Mr. Bright told his honor that a failure to enjoin the city could not deprive the company of its rights, whereupon the Mayor opened one of the drawers of his desk and produced a printed slip containing a decision of the Supreme Court of the State in a bond case, wherein the court held a different view, and Mr. Bright laughed as though...

A GOOD POINT had been made by his honor. As Mr. Bright says that he has already drawn up his petition for a legal process, it is to be presumed that suit will be immediately entered in the matter.

A corporation, styled the Jefferson and Lake Railroad, established several years ago a railroad connecting Carrollton and the lake shore. Eventually the road had to be abandoned, owing to a decision of our courts, rendered at the suit of the Pontchartrain Railroad Company, declaring the last named company to have...

THE EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE of establishing and maintaining a railroad to the lake. The New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company, by transfer, subsequently acquired the rights and property of the Jefferson and Lake Railroad. Now, one of the main questions at issue is did the Jefferson and Lake Railroad Company own the tract of...

LAND IN DISPUTE, or did it own simply the right of way over the land, or was it transferred to them on condition that it should construct and maintain a railroad upon it.

Deputy Surveyor Pills says, unofficially, that it is his opinion that the strip of land was acquired by the Jefferson and Lake Company by purchase from the Hazard estate, but if under any conditions of running a railroad upon it he is unable to say.

Reference to the official map of New Orleans made in 1872, shows that the strip belongs to the Jefferson and Lake Company, and adjoins the Hazard property; but another official map made in 1874, (the drainage map), the city has even now the right of expropriating any property in the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson to carry out the provisions of the drainage act.

THE SMALL-POX HOSPITAL. The following is a table showing the cost of providing for incident small-pox patients at Dr. Hayes' Hospital:

So. ad. Dr. Hayes' Dr. De Ren. Differ- mitted. bil. mitted. ent. ent.

January 67 \$1,182 \$699 \$483

February 90 2,267 2,109 858

March 74 4,633 3,219 1,314

April 32 2,439 2,101 429

May 37 2,284 1,776 508

June 38 1,269 1,101 168

July 12 1,283 1,272 111

350 \$16,137 \$12,186 \$3,951

Dr. De Roides is the city physician who has supervision over the hospital. In all probability the bill of Dr. Hayes' will be put down in accordance with the figures furnished by Dr. De Roides.

A GHOST STORY.

Great Excitement at the Corner of Royal and Barracks Streets.

Yesterday afternoon an immense crowd was assembled at the corner of Royal and Barracks streets as the writer was taking his post prandium walk towards the office. The crowd was tumultuous and agitated, in fact almost riotous; and their loud talk and shouts could be heard some squares off. Men, women, children and nondescript composed the assemblage, and from the earnestness of their looks and the eloquence of their gesticulations it was evident that something of portent was going on or had occurred. Police officers, covered with their new uniforms and otherwise clothed with the majesty of the law, strutted backwards and forwards, blowing their whistles, and keeping in away from the excited multitude. The Democrat representative, seeing this popular turmoil, and conjecturing that there must be something in it, politely but energetically elbowed his way through the seething crowd, and, not without incurring some personal risk, reached the door of the surrounded house.

The officer on the beat, in response to inquiries, stated, in accordance with the traditions of the force, that he did not know what was the matter, but the report was that the corner house, which is used as a soda water and pie stand, had been haunted since the morning. A thrill of tremulous excitement ran through the veins of the writer at the idea that at last he had found his chance of meeting face to face the real ghost for which he had been so long pining. Without more ado he approached the only open window in the establishment, where solitary stood a dark-bued fiftieth amendment, whose eyes were almost bursting from their sockets, and whose white teeth, seen between the nervously twitching ebony lips, glistened as they chattered with irresistible terror. A mystic word, softly spoken in the "fearful hollow" of the Ethiope's ear, was the "open sesame" to the mysterious dwelling from which the profane vulgar was excluded. Anxious to meet his ghastly, the reporter entered the haunted house and lightly trod the sacred ground.

Supposing that the negro's name must necessarily have been Billy, the reporter called him by that name, to which he answered, and immedi-

ately proceeded to interview him. He stated that since morning strange noises and mysterious sounds were heard in the garret, and from time to time a shower of bricks and stones ratted down the chimneys and flew through the rooms in all directions, to the great detriment of the crockeryware and bottles and the peace of mind of the unsuperstitious soda vendor. Bottles were seen to be lifted from the counter and the contents thereof to disappear mysteriously, an ungodly racket meanwhile being kept up in the haunted garret. Being now posted as to the extent of the ghost's depredations and extravagances, our reporter next interviewed the stove and brick. These were of all descriptions and sizes, and were lying promiscuously about the floor, striking proofs of the desperate spirit that animated the great unseen. In one of the rear rooms several large gashes were out in the plastering, testifying to the force with which the mysterious missiles were thrown. As nightfall came on the crowd gradually increased in numbers, and it was notable that the riotous shouts gradually quieted down into a nervous whisper, betokening the superstitious agitation which pervaded the mass under cover of the shades of night.

As the representative of the DEMOCRAT failed to see the spiritual brick slinger after a diligent search through the house, he reluctantly gave up the ghost and retired to attend to other more tangible matters. At a late hour last night the mystery had not yet been solved, though the police have made an arrest of two of the outside parties, who had taken advantage of the excitement to make themselves obnoxious on the sidewalk. Some parties pretend that they distinctly saw through the broken glass panes of the dormer window an undelimited shape moving to and fro in the darkness of the garret, with a huge and unsightly head, swaying to and fro between broad and whitened shoulders.

It is seldom, if ever before, that so much excitement was caused in the Second District by an occurrence of the kind. About one thousand people crowded around the so-called haunted house, and for squares around the whole population was on the streets, anxious and inquiring of passers by about news from the haunted house. Whatever there may be at the bottom of this affair, we recite the occurrences as they happened, nothing extenuating nor ought settling down in malice.

ROBBERY.

Two Boys Stool \$1000 Worth of Books from the Academy of Sciences.

During the past two weeks Capt. F. Halzack, acting librarian of the Academy of Sciences, discovered that some one was stealing books from the library.

After failing to discover who it was that was carrying off the books in such large numbers, he reported the facts to police headquarters, and the "razor department" was put to work at the job; and they failing to discover the perpetrators of the crime, the case was placed in the hands of Sergeant Ryan and Special Tracy, who, after linking together the chain of evidence, arrested two negro boys, aged respectively 12 and 13 years, named Richard Allen and Sandy Mitchell.

The youthful thieves had no sooner been arrested than they acknowledged their guilt, and told that they had disposed of the booty at the junk store of E. Bryant, No. 88 Baronne street.

A search warrant was taken out, and when the officers reached Bryant's store he informed them that he had sold the books to Edward Adler, the proprietor of the junk store on Peters street, between Girod and Lafayette. Adler's store was visited and five bags full of the books described were recovered.

Bryant stated to the officers that he bought the books for \$12 and sold them to Adler at 25 cents a pound. The two accused stated that Bryant only paid them \$25 for the lot.

Capt. Halzack states that the books stolen could not be replaced in New York for \$1000.

The two accused were lodged in the Central Station on the charge of burglary and grand larceny.

RESCUED FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH.

At half past 1 o'clock yesterday, as the steamer Mary Ida was backing out from the landing, Mr. Jules Hebert accidentally fell into the river from the lower deck and would have been drowned had he not been rescued by the crew.

At half past 5 o'clock last evening a boy named Camille Dozray was thrown from a male, at the corner of Camp and Valence streets, and broke one of his legs below the knee.

DEATH IN A CAR.

At about half past 1 o'clock yesterday, as August Geiger, a shoemaker, was riding in car No. 68 of the Clio and Bourbon street line death claimed him. It came in the shape of apoplexy. It appears he had been out shopping and had entered the car some distance above Delord street. When he arrived at the corner of Common and Carondeal streets he complained to the driver that he did not feel well, and asked him if he knew where there was a physician.

The driver told him that he would take him to a physician.

When in the middle of the block, on Bourbon, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, one of the passengers told the driver to take the patient to the corner, where was an apothecary, and he would bring a physician. On reaching the apothecary, and while the driver was putting on his brakes, the stranger fell from his seat to the floor of the car a corpse.

The body was removed from the car to the street, where it remained some time a spectacle for the idle and curious, when it was taken to the Third Precinct Station.

The Fourteenth of September.

On Wednesday evening, at a meeting of the Crescent Rifles, a proposition was brought up to have a committee appointed to confer with the other military organizations for the purpose of making due arrangements for the proper observance of the liberty day of Louisiana, the Fourteenth of September.

The proposition met with a warm response, and a committee was appointed.

It is to be hoped that the celebration on the occasion will be general, for to the gallant men who struck down the usurper Kellogg our State owes a deep debt of gratitude.

Our Crescent Greys.

Already the ladies are on the qui vive over the coming entertainment of the Crescent Greys at West End. The ample programme offered and the variety of sports have attracted the attention of our fair ones, and it is expected that the ample resources of that well-known resort will be fairly tested. The target practice for the members of our military companies and the glass-ball match will be open for entries on the day of the contest, and will doubtless call out a full representation of the several organizations. Woolfe's band has been engaged for the occasion, and will on Saturday discourse their sweetest strains for the delectation of those who attend.

We were shown yesterday evening the single scull badge to be contested for between Messrs. Musgrove and O'Donnell on the coming Saturday. It is one of the most artistic pieces of the jewel-

er's workmanship it has been our good fortune to see for many a day, and came from the laboratory of E. Lilienthal, Esq., the well known jeweler of Canal street. The badge represents a haversack in gold, with a button of seed pearl above, which is a roser in a single shell. The rare workmanship on the trophy deserves more than a passing notice, but lack of space precludes our doing full justice to it. Go yourself and take your wife to the Crescent Greys' entertainment.

Railroad Personal.

BY THE JACKSON ROUTE. The following were the departures by the Great Jackson route last night: J. Meyring and family, J. C. VanWinkle, Miss V. Corly, B. F. Harrison, Chicago; E. Andrews, P. E. Pettit, Chas. H. Wild, August Stenger, Cincinnati; Mrs. K. Basemer, Evansville, Ind.; P. E. Turner, St. Louis; Mrs. R. S. Charles, Miss Bogart, H. S. Charles, Jr., New York.

BY THE MOBILE ROUTE. The following is a partial list of departures by the Mobile line last evening: Geo. Lockwood, Europe via New York; L. Hirsch, Christiansburg; E. Morris, Ramon Guerra and Jacobo Guerra, of Mexico, for New York; W. B. McQueen, New York; D. W. Batton, St. Paul; Robert Bell and C. J. Roberts, Memphis; B. B. Post, Jacksonville, Fla.; L. K. Esber and wife, Chicago; E. T. Eager and J. A. Dis, Pittsburg; B. Kimmel, Belmont, Chas. B. Kapp, New York; James K. Kelton, Cincinnati; P. Dridridge and wife, Miss Mary Fullerton and Miss Eliza Jordan, Philadelphia; Auguste Neyrey, J. Edmund Smith, New York; Jessie B. Flower, Waukesha; Mrs. E. Glover and family, Louisville; David Syne, New York; E. C. Lawrence, Boston; James Ryan, Washington; Mrs. F. M. Hereford, for the East; W. H. Locke, New York; T. M. Westcott, agent Southern Express Company, and wife, New York.

REVIEWS. In a small-press notice, Judge Tissot allowed the claim of Judge Heidenheim, who took the will a noncompetitive one, under private signature, his fee of \$500, there being no opposition in court.

It is singular that at this season of the year there should be so many apparitions seen about our city.

There will be a grand musical jubilee at the Fair Grounds, in Jackson, Miss., on September 4. All the bands in the State have been invited, and as the lowest calculation about two hundred musicians will participate in the concert. An excursion train will leave Magnolia at 6:30 a. m. on the 4th.

SHORT ITEMS. The Third District Babcock engine while running to the fire at 1:20 Thursday morning, capsized at the corner of Esplanade and Dauphin streets.

At 8 o'clock Wednesday night, a man named Jon Wagner was crowded in Tivoli Circle by two women, who cut him in the head with a tin pan; fortunately for Wagner, he was only slightly wounded.

Lucy Madison, at the instigation of Mary Peterson, was arrested and immured in the Sixth Precinct Station, charged with perjury and false imprisonment.

Officer Sharpless was sharp enough to catch police officer G. W. Ober when he had off his pistol in the street for fun. Ober is in the Second Station-house.

Between 10 and 11 o'clock Wednesday morning Officer Dunn shot and killed a vicious dog at 123 Toulouse street, the animal having, previous to its death, bitten John Pierre, aged eleven years.

Peter Keller, at the request of B. Boniste, was incarcerated in the Central Station, charged with breach of trust and embezzlement.

Rice Phillips thinks that the meanest man in the town is Wm. Coleman, who had him locked up in the Central Station for stealing five cents worth of fodder.

Catherine Madison caused the arrest and incarceration in the Central Station of Mary McElvay and Catherine Maloney, whom she charges with petty larceny. Catherine Madison don't give a rush for nanskees.

John Berkery was yesterday sent by Judge Smith before the First District Court, under \$500 bonds, for aiding and assisting a prisoner to escape.

S. Baum, a merchant, gave his terrier "purr" permission to promenade the street, and Mr. Canine, wishing to have the square all to himself, bit Mrs. Mary Cronan for passing that way. The dog was not arrested, but Baum was.

THE BULGARIAN FLAG.

[War Correspondence London Times.] I met several parties of Bulgarian recruits, with a flag of three stripes—white, dark blue and red, commencing at the top with white. Is this the new national emblem of Bulgarian independence? The Bulgarians declare that they have paid three years' taxes in advance to the Turkish government, and are now exceedingly anxious to know if they are compelled to contribute again to their own newly established administration. This appears to be a tender point with the Bulgarians.

Painis Royal.

Among the many changes to take place soon on the grand boulevard none will be more striking and more indicative of the good time to come than the swaying to the breeze the banners of the grand "Painis Royal." Our enterprising friend Levy, who has for so many years been the proprietor of the dollar store, No. 137 Canal street, seems to have had his faith shaken in republican institutions and ideas, and is determined, with one fell swoop, to obliterate the name of dollar store forever. He is making preparations for the opening of this elegant and gorgeous establishment, and nothing will be spared in making it the most attractive place in the Southern country. Levy's dollar store is known throughout the whole South, and as it has been known for its promptness in billing orders and the polite attention of the clerks, and the place to get everything, so will the Painis Royal grow into popular favor, for we will see in the large and gilded signs that are to adorn the building evidences of a new era, a prosperity which we have longed for but never expected until the present time.

EDUCATION.

COMMERCIAL AND CLASSICAL ACADEMY, 247 St. Charles street, opposite Tivoli Circle. T. S. DABNEY, Jr., Principal.

Successor to Hon. R. M. Luscher. THIRTEENTH SESSION OPENS MONDAY, September 3, 187