DAILY DEMOCRAT.

TERMS OF THE PAPER:

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

DAILY per annum $10 and at same rate half-yearly and quarterly.

WEEKLY (published every Saturday morning), per annum $3; and at same rate half-yearly and quarterly.

ADVERTISING RATES—DAILY.

Transient advertisements $1 per square (ten lines of solid agate) first insertion; 50 cents each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Wants, To Rent, For Sales and Boarding advertisements, 10 cents a line, net cash, solid measure. None taken at less than 20 cents.

Advertisements for the period of one month and longer, as follows:

Local or Business Notices 20 cents a line, net. Editorial Notices, in Editorial type, 50 cents a line, net.

Squares.	1 mo.	2 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	12 mo
One	$12	$22	$30	$50	$75
Two	22	38	50	80	125
Three	30	48	70	110	175
Four	38	67	92	140	225
Five	46	80	105	170	275
Six	54	92	120	200	325
Seven	60	105	130	210	365
Eight	65	115	150	230	400
Nine	70	125	165	260	430
Ten	75	135	180	290	460
Eleven	80	145	195	325	500
Twelve	85	155	210	360	550

Monthly advertisements, having the run of the paper, inserted every other day, to be charged two-thirds the above rates.

Editorial page monthly advertisements, each square, $20 per month.

Rates for Advertising in the Weekly New Orleans Democrat.

Transient and general rates the same as for Daily.

Advertisements for the period of one month and longer, as follows:

Squares.	1 mo.	2 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	12 mo.
One	$5	$8	$12	$22	$30
Two	8	12	22	38	50
Three	12	18	30	53	70
Four	16	24	38	67	90
Five	20	30	46	80	105
Six	23	35	54	93	120
Seven	25	38	60	105	130
Eight	27	41	65	115	150
Nine	29	44	70	125	165
Ten	31	47	75	135	180
Eleven	33	50	80	145	195
Twelve	34	52	85	155	210
12 sqrs., or ¼ column	35	55	90	165	225
24 sqrs., or 1 column	60	100	150	250	350

NOTES.

—Arkansas is trying to borrow money to run the State until the close of the fiscal year.

—They are still boring in that artesian well in Charleston, S. C., and have reached a depth of 1585 feet, but found no water.

—The Georgia constitutional convention votes to give the Legislature the power to regulate freight and passenger rates on railroads.

—The great cascade of Trocadero, which is under construction in Paris, is to cost $130,000, and will be finished in time for the exposition next year.

—The Atlanta *Constitution* has intelligence that the "Independents" are arranging for a lively campaign at the next general election in Georgia.

—The *Jewish Times* says that there are fifteen newspapers and magazines in America devoted to the cause of Judaism and published and edited by Jews.

—The Mammoth caves of Kentucky are to connected with the outer world by a railroad, and a modern hotel will be built near them, news which cannot fail to be welcome to tourists.

—Official returns received at the office of the Secretary of State from all but seven counties in Kentucky give Tate, Democrat, 94,791; Trabue, Republican, 20,423. Tate's majority thus far is 74,370. It will exceed 75,000.

—Republican papers in Paris complain that organ grinders are arrested for playing the "Marseillaise," a strictly republican air, while allowed to play Napoleonic airs, such as "Partant pour la Syrie," with impunity.

—There ars 125 temperance reform clubs in New Hampshire, with an aggregate membership of 65,000 men, of whom 27,000 are over eighteen years of age. Both political parties are trying hard to secure their support in the coming gubernatorial campaign.

—An English jury lately awarded $30,000 as damages to be paid by the Great Northern Railroad Company to a Mrs. Burbridge, whose husband, a clerk of $2500 a year salary and a prospect of $3750, died from injuries received in an accident last Christmas, when she also sustained dreadful injuries.

—A company has been formed at Philadelphia, called "The Philadelphia Utilization and Fertilizer Manufacturing Company," the object of which is the collection of the street dirt, ashes, garbage and cesspool matter of the city, and their utilization for fertilizing and other purposes.

—The Louisville *Commercial* gives a different report of the result of the election for members of the Legislature in Kentucky. It says that at the election in 1875 the Republicans elected one Senator and eleven Representatives; this year they have chosen one Senator and fourteen Representatives, showing a gain of three members in the House in the two years. The "holding-over" Senators are all Democrats.

The St. Petersburg *Golos*, commenting upon the recent "unsatisfactory intelligence" from the seat of war, says: "Side by side with the expectation of brilliant victories more decisive than any yet attained is an alarming presentiment of coming evil, which almost amounts to despair, in Russia. Worse than this, there is a fear that apathy and indifference will follow in the wake of these disquieting alarms.

AN OLD CITY PICKING UP.

[Rome Correspondent Philadelphia Press.]

Since the removal of the capital to Rome the population has increased nearly 100,000. It is now over 285,000, and although, owing to the scarcity of houses, rents and the general expenses of living are higher than in any of the other cities of Italy, it continues to grow. The first line of a street railway from the Porta del Popolo to the Ponte Molle, about two and a half miles, has been opened to facilitate the movement, and others are in contemplation. Senator Rossi, in order to supply the want for houses, has entered into a contract with the municipality for the construction of a new quarter on the Esquiline chiefly for the working classes. He asks no privileges or compensation except the concession of the site, some seven acres, and he promises to divide with the local authorities all excess of profit over five per cent. In three years he is to complete his contract. An engineer has submitted a project for the utilization, for manufacturing purposes, of the waters of the Tiber and other sources of supply in the vicinity of the city. If his proposals are accepted, Rome may become a seat of industry. There is a large amount of surplus labor here which could be profitably employed. Wages are very low, but they are in proportion to the manner of living, which is simple and frugal.

The law against employing workmen or women in any kind of manufacture after 4 p. m. is carried out in England with great rigor.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Louisiana.

Paincourtville rejoices in summer races.

The St. Charles *Herald* wants a road to Bayou des Alemands.

Pointe Coupee is having its jail repaired and thoroughly overhauled.

Claiborne parish is fixing up its fair grounds and will probably have an annual fair in future.

The Iberville *South* thinks that parish will make a magnificent cane crop this year, even better than last year's.

Hon. Ed. W. Robertson, Congressman elect from the Sixth District, will start for Washington about the 1st of October.

The real simon pure army worm has made its appearance in Pointe Coupee, at False river, Lower Chenal and Bayou Poydras.

The cotton in the northern part of Claiborne is suffering severely from the rust, which will considerably diminish the first estimate of the crop.

There have been a most unprecedented number of persons drowned in the river while bathing this year—some thirty or forty—but the boys won't give it up.

Ascension parish has an election on the 29th for delegates to the levee convention to determine the manner in which the levees in the parish will be repaired.

Claiborne is expecting to make a good many thousands of gallons of wine from Scuppernong grapes. Two vineyards in Homer will alone make a thousand gallons of this wine.

Somebody has enjoined the Clinton and Port Hudson Railroad from moving its river terminus below Port Hudson. The suit is on trial now in the East Baton Rouge Parish court.

J. Ekles was drowned last week from the coal fleet, eight miles above Baton Rouge. He went to the bank and probably fell in, as nothing more was seen of him until next morning, when his body was recovered from the river.

A man named John Klock was picked up last week in Iberville and taken to Mr. Austen's plantation. It was discovered after his death that this resulted from two pistol wounds in the breast. The man's death was undoubtedly the result of want of care and attention. The matter needs investigation.

The first number of the Claiborne *Guard*, published at Homer, Claiborne parish, comes to us. Typographically, it is one of our best country papers; editorially, it is strongly Democratic; in addition, it is newsy and interesting. A. H. McCranie and J. H. Simmons are the owners, and D. B. Hayes editor.

Mississippi.

Cotton worms are proving destructive in Fayette.

Amite county has levied a 15½-mill county tax.

The Batesville *Blade* seems to favor independents.

Six colored prisoners have escaped from the Amite county jail.

Natchez shoots for hams, the best score in ten shots to take the bacon.

Two parties claimed the same wife before the courts of Tunica county.

Madison county will make more cotton this year than it has made for years past.

The Natchez *Daily Telephone* having suspended, its place will be filled by a weekly paper.

Total expenses of a student at the State University, $136 per annum. Poor boys are given a chance.

The Bailey Ground camp meeting in Marshall county will be largely attended. It has accommodations for 1500 people.

A panther over nine feet from tip to tip was killed at the Bishop Payne place, near Austin, by Clark Smith, a few days since.

The constitutional convention fever has spread to Mississippi. The West Point *Free South* wants one called in that State to revise its constitution.

The negroes in Mississippi have gone wild on the subject of railroad excursions. Almost every country paper chronicles a half-dozen of these, generally for the benefit of local churches.

Water Valley *Central*, August 17: We learn from Dr. McFarland that another Texas excursion on a grander scale, and embracing all points in Texas, is on foot. It is contemplated to come off about the 15th of November next.

There are forty-five candidates announced in the *Herald*. Among these are eleven lawyers, six farmers, one butcher, one shoemaker, five merchants, one railroad man, one river man, two newspaper men, four clerks and bookkeepers, and the others are either incumbents of office or men engaged in general business or trading.—[Vicksburg Herald.

The Jackson *Pilot* (Republican) offers this advice to the Republicans: "For the Legislature and county offices if the Republicans can elect their own candidates, do it—if not, vote for every real good man who is running for those offices. If they are Bourbons, on both tickets, then don't vote at all; stay at home and attend to your work or go fishing; but don't have anything to do with Independents who in the past have been bulldozers and kuklux, and now only want your votes to get into office."

Texas.

Cooke county is securing much immigration.

Cotton worms are reported in Comanche county.

The cotton seed oil factory at Brenham will reopen for business this fall.

A lady in Coleman county recently gave birth to four healthy children at once.

The county judge of Tarrant county has been asked to resign—cause, incompetency.

The City Council of San Antonio has been petititioned to allow bull fights, but couldn't see it.

Dallas it to have its fair on the 23d of October. It is being advertised extensively, and agents are active.

A narrow gauge railroad has been chartered, running from Denison to Sabine Pass by the way of Lawrence.

The iron mines of Marion county continue to be worked. The furnace is making from ten to eleven tons per day of fine No. 1 iron.

Washington county does not hope to make over one-fourth of a cotton crop this year, the worms having levied on the other three-fourths.

Dallas paid 21⅝ cents for her first bale of cotton, and then all the buyers, brokers, compress men, etc., had a grand champagne blow out.

Mrs. J. C. Forman, of Plano, Collin county, was drowned in a fish pond on the 16th. It is not known whether the drowning was accidental or a suicide.

The use of poison in cotton not only kills the worm, but it affects the cotton plant. It will check growth and cause foliage to fall off. But the plant again regains vigor.

Judge Hancock, with a party skilled in such matters, left Austin recently to visit a silver mine in Mason county, with a view of working it if the investigation proves satisfactory.

A well known colored man, by the name of Frank Norris, was accidentally shot and instantly killed at the International junction, a week ago Monday morning, by a negro boy.

The cotton worm is said to be playing sad havoc with the cotton crop in Navarro county. The acreage in that county is very large, and it is feared great damage will be done it.

A Philadelphia company is boring for oil near Victoria Peak, in Montague county. They have reached a depth of over 300 feet, and from indications obtained are firmly convinced that success will crown their efforts.

Deputy Sheriff George Rather, of Huntsville, was brutally assaulted by a negro prisoner named Esau Ross, who was in jail on the charge of horse stealing, on the 16th inst., and shot through the right arm and body. His throat was also badly cut and his head beat up with his own pistol. The negro escaped.

REFUGEES AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

[N. Y. Tribune.]

Within a week, however, the common people have been becoming rapidly excited. Thousands, literally thousands, of refugees, half-naked, half-starved and wretched, are in our streets. They meet you at every turn, dumb and wistful as brute beasts, for they know not where to lay their heads in this great city. Some of the people are Greeks, some Jews, and a very few are Bulgarians, but the great mass of them are Moslems, who have each a story to tell of the suffering they have endured at the hands of the Russians and Bulgarians. They are fleeing because they hear that the Russians are going to divide their land among the Bulgarians, and they bring their worldly goods with them, all the more readily since the old Nomad instinct is not yet dead among them. Many of them have been maltreated by the Bulgarians, who already, in anticipation, are selecting the lands they will take when the general partition is made. These refugees are going about the city telling their story, pointing out that they are being driven into Asia, bag and baggage, and now you begin again to hear the savage threats of a year ago. "If the land is to be given up to the Bulgarians, let us just kill the Bulgarians and then give up the lands." "If the Bulgarians are going to massacre our people as soon as our troops withdraw, let the troops have orders not to withdraw until they have first cut the throat of every Bulgarian." These and many other things the Turks of this city and their refugee guests are talking in these days add to this feeling the fierce sense of injury at the hands of the ministers, of the incompetent generals, of the effeminate Sultan and of the world at large, and join to the combination the belief which still has its roots deep down in the hearts of many that what is needed is a return to the early ways of Islam and a whetting up of its ancient sword—take all these feelings which are now seething in the mind of the Turkish people here, and one will have a medley which, like some chemical compounds, may explode terribly the moment the ingredients attain the right proportion. The Christians of the city are very anxious. I am inclined to think that an unskillful and fruitless attack may be made upon the Ministers, or even upon the Sultan, and such an event would be accompanied by acts of private vengeance upon individual Christians, but I do not believe that there is danger of any general attack upon the Christians of this city.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Monday Evening, August 27, 1877.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
August 25	$469,886 82	71,065 96
August 27	711,148 90	156,070 89
Thus far this week	$1,181,035 72	$227,136 85
Same time last week	1,164,630 92	184,213 42
Total last week	3,749,238 82	660,851 79
Total week before	3,876,020 80	615,402 05

The demand for discounts continued fair today both in bank and on the street, and commercial paper was unchanged. Under the improvement at New York Gold advanced ¼; sterling also was quoted 1c higher, and francs ¼ ⅌ cent. Scarcely anything was done in Gold or Foreign Exchange. New York sight ruled at about previous rates. Stocks continued quiet. State Consols gave way slightly. Premium Bonds were unchanged. Scrip, Coupons and Warrants showed little change.

We continue to quote: Exceptional commercial paper —@8 ⅌ cent per annum discount; A1 do 10@11; second grade do 12@15; collateral loans 9@10; A1 mortgages 9@10, and second grade do 12@15.

Gold opened at 104⅛@105, against 104¼ at New York, and after a limited business closed at 104⅝@105, against 104¼ in that market. The sales were confined to $3000 at 104⅜ and $3000 at 104¾.

Under the course of the market at New York sterling advanced 1c and francs ¼ ⅌ cent.

The only sale of sterling reported was £1200 A1 clear at 498.

Nothing was reported in francs.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at 498@500 for bill of lading and A1 clear, and —@504 for bank (bank counter rate —@504¼), and francs at 5.01¼ for commercial and nominal for bank.

New York sight was unchanged. The sales comprised $100,000, embracing $10,000 commercial at ⅛ ⅌ cent premium; $20,000 and $40,000 private bankers' at 3-16 and $30,000 bank at ¼.

The banks checked on New York at ¼@⅜ ⅌ cent premium, and commercial sight was quoted at —@¼.

NEW ORLEANS STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

FIRST CALL—11 A. M.

$30,000 Premium bonds (s. to drawing)	33

BETWEEN CALLS.

40,000 State Consols	77⅛
20,000 do do	77⅝

SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

20,000 Premium Bonds	33
10,000 Premium Bonds (s to drawing)	32⅞

AFTER SECOND CALL.

20,000 Premium Bonds (s to drawing)	32⅞
10,000 do do	33

Stocks continued quiet.

State Consols gave way ⅛ ⅌ cent, closing at 77⅛@77¾. Premium Bonds were still quoted at 32⅞@33.

City Scrip closed at 34@—for 1874 issues, and 19@— for 1876.

Half-Paid City Coupons ruled at 36½@—, and State Warrants at 92¾@94.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Monday Evening, August 27, 1877.

Quotations represent prices for round lots from first hands, unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders higher prices are paid.

COTTON—The receipts of new crop since Saturday evening were 151 bales, making a total to date of 266 bales, including 10 from Texas, against 120 last year, including 45 from Texas. Sales 90 bales, included in amount below, at about quotations.

The sales to-day embraced 448 bales, at prices requiring no change in our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange as below:

	Gen'l Quotations.	Ex. Q.
Inferior	7 @ 7¾	—
Low Ordinary	8¼@ 8½	—
Ordinary	8⅝@ 8¾	—
Strict Ordinary	8⅞@ 9	—
Good Ordinary	9 @ 9¼	9⅛
Strict Good Ordinary	9¼@ 9½	—
Low Middling	9½@ 9⅝	9⅝
Strict Low Middling	9¾@10	—
Middling	10 @10¼	10⅛
Strict Middling	10¼@10⅜	—
Good Middling	10½@—	—
Middling Fair	11 @11⅛	—
Fair	11⅛@11¼	—

The market opened with a better feeling, inspired by the encouraging tenor of the Liverpool and New York telegrams, and factors evinced more confidence, but, although prices were manifestly steadier, buyers refused to go on at any advance, and the sales, as noted above, were at about Saturday's quotations. Good Ordinary to Strict Good Ordinary sold at 9¼c, Strict Low Middling at 9¾c, Middling at 10 and 10¼c, and Good Middling at 10½c. The business included 90 bales new crop, in several lots, within the range of our quotations.

The dispatches reported Liverpool firmer but not quotably higher, with sales of 10,000 bales and arrivals held at the opening 1-32d higher, with subsequent sales at an advance of 1-16d, closing steady; Havre dull and tending down, and New York closing steady at a net advance of ⅛c in spots, and higher for futures, which at noon were quoted at an improvement of 17-100@18-100c in Augusts, 14-100@16-100c in Septembers, 17-100c in Octobers, and 15-100@18-100c in later, but subsequently receded, closing at an advance of 14-100@15-100c in Augusts, 12-100@13-100c in Septembers, 16-100c in Octobers, and 11-100@14-100c in the later months.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 1433 bales, embracing 1091 for Liverpool and 342 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 m., 21,979 bales, a considerable part of which is not on sale.

At noon to-day Middling was quoted at Galveston at 10¼c; at Mobile at 10c; at Savannah at 10⅛c; at Charleston at 10¾c; at Wilmington at 10½c; at Norfolk at 10⅝c; at Baltimore at 10c; at New York at 10 1-16c; at Boston at 11¼c; at Memphis at 10⅜@10½c; at Augusta at 10¾c; at Philadelphia at 11⅛c; at Cincinnati at 10⅝c, and at St. Louis at 10⅝c.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 400 bales. Market firm."

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1876—bales		29,377
Arrived since last statement	278	
Arrived previously	1,387,003—1,387,281	
		1,416,658
Cleared to-day	1,409	
Cleared previously	1,393,449—1,394,849	
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared		21,809
Same time last year		26,224

To-day's exports were to Liverpool.

Receipts proper since Saturday evening 278 bales, against 337 on last Sunday and Monday and 507 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 282 bales, against 364 last week and 509 last year, and since August 31 of 1,192,320 bales, against 1,418,173 last year—decrease 225,853.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 m. yesterday to 12 m. today 449 bales, against 815 last week and 4202 last year, and since Friday 715 bales, against 1077 last week and 5132 last year. Total since August 31, 3,942,883 bales, against 4,118,955 last year—decrease 176,072.

Exports (Friday and Saturday) to Great Britain 1698 bales, against 3594 last week and 2700 last year, and to the Continent 243 bales, against 76 last week and 700 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to 12 m., 127,890 bales, against 134,425 last week and 123,772 last year.

TOBACCO—The sales to-day embraced 75 hhds. The amount on sale has been reduced to 6500 hhds. The week's sales, as faras reported, embrace 607 hhds. We revise our quotations, as follows:

Inferior lugs —@—, low lugs 3½@4c, medium ½@4¾c, good to fine 5@6c, low leaf 6¼@7½c, medium 8¼@9½c, good 10¼@11c, fine 11¾@12½c, and selections 13@14c.

Received since Saturday evening 28 hhds; exported 1 by rail; stock on hand by our running statement 8802 hhds.

FREIGHTS—Corn is shipping by steam to Liverpool at 9d ⅌ bushel. The market is extremely dull, and quotations are mostly nominal, but we repeat our previous figures:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d; to Boston, Providence, Fall River, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via New York, ⅝c; to New York ½c. Grain to Liverpool 9½d.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool —@—; to Havre —@—.

SUGAR — Received this morning 21 hhds. There is no demand for large lots and prices for them are nominal. The demand for job lots is limited at previous prices, though in favor of buyers. We quote job lots: Common to low fair 8½c; fair to good fair 8¾@9c; prime 9¼c; strictly prime 9½c; yellow clarified 10@10¼c; centrifugal ⅞@9½c; white clarified 10½@11c ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—No receipts this morning. The market is dull, and there is not sufficient coming in to warrant quotations.

CITY REFINERY SUGAR—Is selling on orders at 11¼@11½c for standard A in bbls, 11⅝c for powdered and granulated, 11¾c for crushed and 12c for cut-loaf in bbls.

CITY REFINERY MOLASSES—Is selling on orders at 35c for common, 40c for fair, 47c for prime, 57c for choice, and 85c ⅌ gallon for golden syrup.

FLOUR—Received since Saturday 3370 bbls. The market continues quiet and unchanged, with only a local demand. There were sales to-day of 1270 bbls, of which 25 choice double extra at $5 50; 50 low treble extra at $6; 50 good treble extra at $6 25; 80, 100 and 190 choice treble extra at $6 50; 25 and 360 at $6 62½; 40 choice extra at $6 75; 50 do at $7; 25 and 25 do at $7 12½; 25 at $7 25; 88 and 200 bbls on private terms.

Common is quoted at $4 25; superfine $4 75; double extra $5@5 25; low treble extra $5 50@5 75; good do $6@6 25; choice do $6 25@6 50; choice extra $6 75@7; fancy $7 25@7 37½ ⅌ bbl.

Dealers and grocers obtain 50c above these prices in their order trade.

GRITS—A receiver sold 100 bbls on the landing at $3 90 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing in store at $4 25@4 40 ⅌ bbl.

RYE FLOUR—Is quoted in first hands at $5 25@5 50 ⅌ bbl.

CORN FLOUR—Sells at $4 25 ⅌ bbl.

HOMINY—Commands $4 ⅌ bbl.

CREAM MEAL—Is dull and quoted at $3 50 ⅌ bbl.

CORN MEAL—Received since Saturday 934 bbls. The market is very dull and 5c ⅌ bbl weaker. Only 69 bbls sold at $2 35, 25 and 25 at $2 30 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $2 65@2 75 ⅌ bbl.

CORN IN BULK—Is in good supply and dull. Quoted at 52c ⅌ bushel.

WHEAT—Received to date this season 107,236 bushels, against 81,798 bushels same time last year. Movements on a much larger scale are looked for this season.

PORK—Nothing doing and mess is quoted at $13 50 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $14 25 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—The supply is light, but sufficient for the demand, which is only in a job way; 20 and 25 boxes shoulders sold in lots at 5¼c and 6 at 5¾c ⅌ lb. They are quoted loose at 5@5¼c ⅌ lb. Dealers are jobbing them in their order trade at 5¾c ⅌ lb.

BACON—Light supply, but no demand except in a job way at 5¾@5⅞c for shoulders, 7⅞@8c for clear rib sides, and 8⅛@8¼c for clear sides. Dealers are jobbing shoulders at 6¼c. clear rib sides at 8¼c and clear sides at 8½c ⅌ lb. Only 5 casks shoulders sold at 5¾c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is in fair supply, and selling in the local trade at 9c for tierce refined; 9½@10c for choice kettle; 9½c for keg, refined, and 10½@11c ⅌ lb for kettle. Dealers obtain ½c above these prices in their order trade. To day 50 kegs kettle rendered sold at 10¾c ⅌ lb.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS — Dealers are selling in their job trade on orders at 18 per half bbl for pig pork, $13 50 ⅌ bbl for prime mess pork, $10 50 for prime and $11 for rump pork.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, small size, are in light supply and in demand at 11¾@12c. Medium average are quoted at 11¼@12½c ⅌ lb. Dealers obtain 1c above these prices in their order trade. A lot of 10 tierces choice sugar-cured sold at 11½c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON — Choice is in light supply and in demand at 10c ⅌ lb. The market is quoted at 9@10c ⅌ lb, as in size, cut and quality.

WHISKY—Rectified is in light supply and commands $1 05@1 12 ⅌ gallon. A lot of 20 half bbls pure Bourbon sold on private terms.

CORN IN SACKS—The supply of white is fair, but yellow is scarce, and there is very little doing. Only 800 sacks choice yellow sold at 67½c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Fair supply, with a moderate demand at steady prices. St. Louis are quoted at 38c, Galena at 40c ⅌ bushel. Only 500 sacks Texas sold at 41c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in fair supply and better demand without any change in prices. 150 sacks sold at 75c ⅌ 100 lb.

HAY—The supply is light and the market is quiet. No sales. Prime is quoted at $18 and choice at $21 ⅌ ton.

COFFEE—The market continues quiet and prices are steady. Stock in first hands 1934 bags; in dealers', 7000 bags. We quote cargoes: Ordinary 16¾@17c (gold), fair 19@19¼c, good 19¾@20c, prime 20¼@20½c ⅌ lb. Job lots are held at: Ordinary 17¼@17¾c (gold), fair 19½@19¾c, good 20¼@20½c, prime 2 ¾@21c ⅌ lb.

We are indebted to Messrs. Small & Co. for the following telegram, dated Rio Janeiro, August 25, and New York, August 27, 1877: Purchases since the 18th inst for Europe 25,000 bags; receipts 60,000; purchases for United States 30,000: price 10|100; stock 95,000; exchange, 24⅞d.

BUTTER—Western is arriving more freely, but the receipts from New York are small. There is a good demand for choice grades, while inferior are dull. We quote New York creamery fine 28@30c, do dairy fair 25@26c, New York prime dairy fair 20@22c, Western creamery fine 27@28c, Western repacked good 16@17c, do fair 14@15c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Light supply and good demand. Choice Western factory is quoted at 11¾@12c; New York cream 13¼@14c ⅌ lb.

RICE—The receipts are coming in more freely and the demand is good at firm prices. Louisiana rough is selling at $3 75@4 75 ⅌ bbl, according to quality. Louisiana clean No. 2 4¼c, fair 5¾@6c, good 6⅛@6¼c, and prime 6⅜@6½c ⅌ lb.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—Arrived since our review of Saturday: 3570 bbls flour, 90 bbls pork, 195 bbls whisky, 161 tierces hams, 172 kegs lard, 3 casks bacon, 181 boxes bacon, 934 bbls corn meal, 2336 sacks corn, 350 bushels corn in bulk, 1912 sacks oats, 1290 sacks bran, 840 bales hay, 21 hhds sugar, 546 bbls apples, 191 kegs butter, 100 boxes cheese, 245 bbls onions and 1340 bbls rice.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE—Exports since our review of Saturday: 422 bbls flour, 18 casks bacon, 12 tierces lard, 96 bbls whisky, 41 bbls corn meal, 92 sacks corn, 201 sacks oats, 66 sacks bran, 119 bales hay, 39 hhds sugar, 102 bbls sugar, 13 bbls molasses, 157 bbls rice, 282 sacks coffee, 30 bbls apples, 7 sacks salt, 13 bbls onions and 29 bbls potatoes.

RAILROADS.

PONTCHARTRAIN RAILWAY—

Depot at the head of Elysian Fields street, near the Levee, Third District.

Excursion to or from the Lake and return same day, 20 cents. Children under twelve years, 10 cents.

Trains will leave as follows:

From the City.	From the Lake.
6 o'clock ....a. m.	7 o'clock ....a. m.
7½ o'clock ....a. m.	8½ o'clock ....a. m.
9 o'clock ....a. m.	10 o'clock ....a m.
10½ o'clock ....a. m.	11½ o'clock ....a. m.
12 o'clock .... m.	1½ o'clock ....p. m.
2 o'clock ....p. m.	2½ o'clock ....p. m.
3 o'clock ....p. m.	3½ o'clock ....p. m.
4 o'clock ....p. m.	4½ o'clock ....p. m.
5 o'clock ....p. m.	5½ o'clock ....p. m.
6 o'clock ....p. m.	6½ o'clock ....p. m.
7 o'clock ....p. m.	7½ o'clock ....p. m.
8 o'clock ....p. m.	8½ o'clock ....p. m.
9 o'clock ....p. m.	9½ o'clock ....p. m.
10 o'clock ....p. m.	10½ o'clock ....p. m.

On Sunday the trains will be run every half hour from 2 o'clock p. m. On Sunday mornings the trains leave the city at 5 o'clock for the accommodation of sportsmen.

Passengers for Gentilly must notify the conductor prior to the departure of train.

au1 '77 1y D. B. ROBINSON, Receiver.

THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

PASSENGER ROUTES TO ALL POINTS

NORTH AND EAST.

Reorganized for the Summer of 1877.

Working out of New Orleans via the N. O. and M. R. R., and presenting the following attractive lines to the attention of all North-bound Tourists and Travelers:

Route No. 1—All Rail.

Via Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Augusta, Wilmington, Richmond.

62 Hours, New Orleans to New York.

The same time always as by any other line.

Pullman Sleeping Cars to Opelika.

Solid Day Trains thence to Augusta, with Pullman Sleeping Cars attached at Macon for Wilmington.

Through train, Wilmington to Richmond and New York, with Elegant Parlor Cars attached to Richmond—thence Pullman Sleeping Cars to New York.

ALL CHANGES AT SEASONABLE HOURS AND INTO CLEAN AND PROPERLY VENTILATED CARS.

Route No. 2—Bay Line.

Over the same lines to Wilmington as by Route No. 1. Thence by Special Parlor Cars to Portsmouth, Va. Thence, at 5:30 p. m. daily (except Sunday), by the magnificent steamers of the BAY LINE to Baltimore. Thence by New York Express, arriving in New York at 2:05 p. m.

A sixty-nine hours' run—only seven hours in excess of all rail time, with the advantage of an undisturbed night's rest and superior accommodations upon the Chesapeake Bay.

Route No. 3—The Old Dominion Line.

The same Lines to Wilmington and Portsmouth as Routes 1 and 2. Thence, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5:30 p. m. by the magnificent sidewheel steamships of the OLD DOMINION COMPANY, which invariably arrive at their New York wharves at 9 p. m.

A through run of 75 hours, combining the essential elements of Cheapness, Speed and Comfort.

Passengers should leave New Orleans Saturdays, Mondays and Thursdays to connect closely with this Line.

For Tickets, Checks, Time Cards, and all information, apply at the offices of the New Orleans and Mobile Railroad.

A. POPE, General Passenger Agent.

J. H. WHITE, Southern Passenger Agent.

H. W. FOWLER, New Orleans Agent, corner St. Charles and Common streets. my4 tf

GREAT JACKSON ROUTE.

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINES.

DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS,

will depart and arrive as follows: from Calliop street depot from July 15, 1877:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Express No. 1, 5:30 p. m.	Express No. 2, 10:30 a.m
Express No. 3, 6:15 a. m.	Express No. 4, 8:15 p m

Nos. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily except Sunday.

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS through to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Cairo and Milan, Tenn., without change, and for St. Louis a sleeper is taken on at Milan, enabling passengers to go through without leaving the train.

Friday evening's train makes no connection at Duquoin for Chicago.

Accommodation trains between New Orleans and McComb City:

Leave New Orleans 3:30 p. m. Saturday; and 7:30 a. m. Sunday.

Arrive 9:50 p. m. Sunday, and 9:30 a. m. Monday.

Tickets for sale and information given at 22 Camp street, corner Common, under City Hotel.

A. D. SHELDON, Agent.

J. C. CLARKE, Vice President and General Manager. mh4

THE NEW ORLEANS AND MOBILE RAILROAD—MOBILE LINE—THE GREAT THROUGH ROUTE TO THE EAST, NORTH AND WEST.

Via Louisville, via Atlanta and via St. Louis.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL.

Trains arrive and depart from Depot, foot of Canal street, as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Express	7:30 a. m.	Express	11:45 a. m.
Express	5:00 p. m.	Express	9:30 p. m.
Coast	3:15 p. m.		

Pullman Palace Cars daily to Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, St. Louis, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, without change and only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Ticket office, corner of Camp and Common street, opposite City Hotel.

D. B. ROBINSON, Superintendent.

mh2 tf J. W. COLEMAN, Ticket Agent.

CARPET WAREHOUSE,

17.....Chartres Street.....17

Stock at greatly reduced prices for cash.

We are now offering our large and choice stock of CARPETS, OIL CLOTH, MATTING, WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN MATERIALS, etc., at a great reduction of prices.

Parties wishing to purchase or to inform themselves will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock and prices.

au26 Su&We A. BROUSSEAU & SON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GARDEN SEEDS

JUST RECEIVED.

NEW CROP OF TURNIP SEED THIS YEAR'S GROWTH.

Also, a full assortment of all SEASONABLE SEEDS, including large late Flat Dutch and Drumhead Cabbage, superior quality.

For sale at the NEW SEED STORE.

E. BAKER,

DEALER IN SEEDS

No. 7 CAMP STREET,

NEW ORLEANS.

Seed sent by mail, postage paid. All orders promptly attended to. au11 3m

CHEAP FOR CASH.

In order to make place for GOODS TO ARRIVE SOON I offer my

PRESENT STOCK OF MERCHANDISE

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

E. VINET,

fe9 1y **207** Canal, near Rampart.

VINCONTAGION.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

DISINFECTANT IN THE WORLD.

It will positively remove unpleasant odors from Sewers, Water Closets, etc., in ten minutes. No trouble. No preparation. Always ready for use.

You have only to scatter a few handsful in and around the places where the bad odors arise and in a few minutes the odors disappear.

It is packed in buckets, twelve pounds each. Price $1 25 per bucket. For sale by

I. L. LYONS, Agent,

42 and 44 Camp and 113, 115 and 117 Gravier streets, New Orleans. je30 2m SaTuTh

P. BEROUD,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

70 and 72 St. Joseph street,

Between Tchoupitoulas and Peters streets, New Orleans.

Barouches, Buggies and Spring Wagons at the lowest prices. General repairing done on most reasonable terms. jy18 3m*

JAMES D. EDWARDS,

(Successor to Daniel and J. D. Edwards,)

STEAMBOAT, RAILROAD AND ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES,

Man