

DAILY DEMOCRAT. Official Journal of the State of Louisiana. Official Journal of the City of New Orleans. Office, 109 Gravier Street. GEORGE W. DUPRE & CO., PROPRIETORS. GEORGE W. DUPRE, JOHN AUGUSTIN, ALBERT O. JARIN. H. J. HEARSEY, EDITOR. NEW ORLEANS, DECEMBER 2, 1877.

We called attention the other day to the fact that while few of the rioters engaged in the late labor riots in the North had been punished for their complicity in them, quite a number of the militia and citizens who turned out to preserve order and put down the mob had found themselves in danger of legal punishment therefor. The latest episode of this kind at Saratoga has greatly alarmed the Northern press, and well it may, as the rioters of August who have now got control of the government in certain portions of Pennsylvania propose to use the law against the peace and order party. At Saratoga, a mining town of Pennsylvania, it may be remembered, the riot proved particularly threatening and dangerous last summer. The rioters assembled several thousand men from the neighboring mines, all fully armed, swore that they would permit no work to be done either in the mines or the manufacturing of the city, and in fact took virtual possession of Saratoga and held it for several days. The better class of citizens of the place grew alarmed at this and called on the mayor to protect them. Several companies of vigilantes, composed of the best elements of the town, were organized and placed under the command of a veteran Confederate soldier. The mob and the vigilantes came together on August 1, and the result of the conflict was the death of five of the rioters. The riot thereupon suddenly collapsed, overawed. The men engaged in it, however, remembered their dead, and swore that they would yet have their revenge against the vigilantes. In November they got an opportunity of gratifying this revenge. Luzerne county, in which Saratoga is situated, is a mining county. A vast majority of its voters being in sympathy with the rioters, a workingmen's party was organized, the platform of which was "revenge for the massacre of August 1." That workingmen's party carried the county by a vast majority in November, electing one of the chief rioters sheriff, and a dangerous demagogue, pledged to revenge "the August massacre" judge. The fruits of the election have just become apparent in the indictment, a week ago, of forty of the leading citizens of Saratoga for murder, the murder consisting in shooting the rioters. The men indicted are indeed in a dangerous situation. The sheriff and a judge are pledged to punish them, and they will have a jury selected from among the communists of Luzerne, thirsting for their blood—a jury certain to convict. The interference of the State authorities may save them from the mob, but even if they escape, the very fact of the indictment and the prosecution, and the danger they have been in, will be a very terrible encouragement to labor riots in the future.

The communists of Pennsylvania are dangerous enough as a mob, but when they seize on the government and the machinery of the law to wreak their vengeance on those who are seeking to preserve order, the situation is threatening indeed. The twelve apostles of the Mormon church, who are changing many systems that prevailed under Brigham, are resolved to cling to polygamy. This they hold the greatest principle of the Mormon Church, and they will part with it only with their lives. If the Federal government attempts to eradicate and blot out polygamy in Utah they are willing to become martyrs, they say, to die for this holy cause, but surrender this cherished principle they never will. There is no doubt of their real determination and obstinacy, but notwithstanding all their efforts, polygamy is doomed to certain eradication by a power far mightier than that of the United States of America, and this power is fashion. In past years, when Utah was in the midst of a wilderness, out of civilization, know nothing of the news or ways, or fashions of the great world, a dozen or so of wives proved quite blessing.

A man could divide the household duties among them, and thus secure washerwoman, cook and chambermaid for very moderate board. But with the railroads and telegraph, fashion plates, bonnets and milliners come to Salt Lake City, and now all is changed. The capital of Mormondom has suddenly become a fashionable, a gay and giddy city. Paris bonnets of the latest style are seen everywhere upon the streets and at the Tabernacle; the sisters of the Mormon church now boast of dresses quite as grand and expensive as those their Gentile sisters of New York wear. The result is that no Mormon can support two fashionable wives nowadays. The more wives one has, the more expensively each of them dresses; each wife wishes to look better than her rivals, and, as a consequence, there is a terrible onslaught of the pockets of the mutual husband.

Polygamy began to languish among the Mormons half a dozen years ago, when the Union Pacific first reached Utah. During the latter days of Brigham's rule, he found it scarcely possible to persuade any of his followers to adopt this double-barreled family system, although it was well known that the prophet esteemed a follower in proportion to the number of wives he had to show. Polygamous marriages grew less and less frequent and now none of the leaders of the church boast of over one partner. The Mormons find this multiplicity of wives a very costly religious principle, one decidedly too expensive to adopt, and are not quite so eager for it now as in olden days. This ought to teach Congress how to deal with this troublesome question. There have been proposals to send troops to Utah, to use the machinery of the courts to prosecute polygamous Mormons; to do anything, in fact, to break up the hosts of Zion. Instead of courts and soldiers, let the Federal government fight the Mormons with bonnets, shawls and dresses; propagate expensive and fashionable ideas among the Mormon women, and we shall see the whole question solved without a word or a blow. For what woman would a bonnet and what man a half a dozen wives.

THE INDEPENDENT PRESS.

Of late years a sort of hermaphroditic creature has made its appearance in our journalism. We refer to the "Independent press." The "Independent press" is not, as it claims to be, a spontaneous creation. On the contrary its origin is easily traceable, and though it is a sort of "woods colt," and therefore has no legitimate parentage, it is clearly the descendant of that disreputable breed of politicians, old as the ruling instinct of little, or unscrupulous, or timid men, to keep in with all parties, known as trimmers.

Trimmers in politics have existed in every age and State, and they have always been objects of contemptuous criticism. There is nothing finer in the whole range of English literature than Bolingbroke's reference to Cicero's weakness in exile, who, he says, incurred the criticism even of Atticus, the meanest man in Rome, who had no virtue save his riches, and who would have been noted with infamy at Athens because he kept well with all parties and ventured with none. Edmund Burke, referring to the class to which Atticus belonged, said in one of his most splendid speeches: "They were a race of men (I hope in God the species is extinct) who when they rose in their places, no man living could divine, from any known adherence to parties, to opinions, or to principles; from any order or system in politics, or from any sequel or connection in their ideas, what part they were going to take in any debate." Butler has displayed all the brilliancy of his wit in describing the political trimmer, and Macaulay quotes with great gusto the trouncing that prince of trimmers, Shaftesbury, received at the hands of the author of Hudibras and from the lofty pen of Dryden. Some legislators went so far as to make neutrality in party a crime against the State, and in the purest and most vigorous age of the Roman Republic "the Independent newspaper," like the Independent politician, would have been looked upon as an infamous institution.

The contempt with which the public of the present day regard the "Independent press" is not much less than that with which the Romans would have treated it. And this is not because the people do not esteem, honor and applaud real independence of thought and action, both in politics and journalism, but because the "Independent press" is a wretched fraud. The party organ, if it is conducted by men of conscientious convictions and integrity of purpose, will always be in the true sense of the word an Independent newspaper, because it will utter what its conductors believe to be true, and it can never become anything other than the representative of certain political principles and policies. The so-called Independent paper, on the other hand, professes to have no political conviction, and holds itself free to advocate and sustain any interest, fraud, monopoly or scheme which its conductors may find profitable. The Independent journalist is a sort of bushwhacker who hangs on the skirts of hostile camps and plunders indiscriminately the unprotected districts of both sides. "All is fish that comes to his net." He does not possess even the virtue of the redoubtable Capt. Duguid Dalgetty. That hardy soldier was ready to fight on any side that would pay him; but he stood by his party through thick and thin until his contract expired, when he was ready to again sell his trenchant blade. But the Independent journalist is like the bump-tornik ranger, who never makes a fight unless some unsubsidiary farmer or indomitable housewife resists his depredations in the farm yard; and though he is always for sale he is never to be relied on. No man is so subservient to power as the so-called Independent journalist. The more iniquitous the power the more subservient the Independent journalist. He may pluck up courage and talk in swashbuckler style against honest men and administrations, for those never regard him fit to buy. But let a second-rate like Kellogg be put in office, and the "Independent journalist" immediately becomes the meekest and sweetest of men; his "old party" may be "dragging heavily now," you know, and the rascal may be willing to add the enterprise.

There are lions and jackals amongst party journalists, we have heard, or seen it written somewhere. We shall not dispute it. There are men in nearly all professions who resemble the lion in their character, and there are men in nearly all professions who in their habits take after the meaner beast. But which of the brutes of the field or fowls of the air is so devoid of all courage, noble or generous instincts that we may liken the "Independent journal" to it? Even the roughest of birds, to which that institution as it exists amongst us might most justly be compared, has a sense of fidelity to its own kind. But the "Independent journal," devoid of honesty and courage, is ready to rob or betray its people, or to become the apologist or tool of its oppressors.

That illustrious statesman and philosopher Edmund Burke, whose pages we never open, even in the most casual way, without falling upon some sentiment or expression full of wisdom and nobleness, says there is nothing that crawls upon the earth so mean that is utterly deserving of contempt. We venture to add, except the "Independent journal" when it is crawling under obligations to Kellogg or grabbing for a State contract.

THE SENATORSHIP.

The admission of Kellogg to the United States Senate is a fitting end of the most disgraceful parliamentary contest on record. It is another crime against the constitution, another outrage upon public decency and another kick bestowed upon Louisiana. Kellogg was never elected Senator from this State, and he is in no sense the representative of our people. He is the representative of nothing except an era, which all parties should unite in putting out of the way, full of villainy, violence and shame. The people he has the impudence to claim to represent loathe and despise him; they repudiate him and his pretensions, and they can call to mind not a single event in his career among them that arouses in their hearts any other feeling than that of indignation or resentment. The Legislature of the State, we have no doubt, will repudiate his pretensions, and we are equally confident that the day on which the Democrats hold a majority in the Senate, they should expel this impertinent upstart and shameless pretender and rogue from that body. The people will note that the Republicans voted in a solid body to perpetrate this outrage upon the country and Louisiana. The Administration Senators vote with the disaffected Senators; Stanley Matthews and Christianity voted with Conkling and Edmunds to disgrace the Senate, to prolong a little while longer the power of the Republican party in it. The President seems not to

have made a single effort to prevent an act which is at once a violation of the constitution and a terrible rebuke to him. Senator Matthews, by his vote, proclaims his own infamy to the world. But why discuss this trimmer and trickster, who has been false to every cause he ever undertook. Some weeks ago we sketched him to the best of our ability and we could not improve the picture; we can only say that we would not rub out a line of the sketch.

It is very evident now that the President has retired from his advanced position, and fallen back on the main body of the Republican party. He had but one of two things to do—either to join the Democrats or make terms with the Republicans. He has adopted the latter course. Conkling has whipped him in; now, then, the Democrats should leave him to the mercy of his friends.

Beware of striped stockings! We address this warning not to the young men, but to the young women. A case now on trial in a St. Louis court develops the fact that striped stockings are most dangerous, and that a rattle-snake, blind with poison, is a much safer animal to tamper with than some striped stockings. Wm. G. Walte, a printer on the St. Louis Republican, has brought suit against Mr. D. Crawford, a merchant of that town, for \$5000 damages for the loss of a child who died from wearing striped stockings bought from Crawford. The case is naturally attracting a great deal of attention, and almost the whole medical fraternity of St. Louis have been called on to give evidence therein. It is admitted by all who saw the girl that she died from poison in her feet; the only point at issue is, did the stockings contain the poison or not? On this point there is a variety of opinions. The stockings have been examined and analyzed by a dozen doctors and chemists, and while some of these report that the colors used in coloring the stockings contained poison, others as positively say they did not. The case is still on trial, but will probably be decided this week, when we shall learn something of the physiology of the stocking. If the plaintiff wins his suit, it will undoubtedly give rise to a score of others of a similar nature. Husbands will bring suits for wives who have fallen victims to tight corsets; and many young ladies probably demand heavy damages for a complexion spoiled by some quack face powder. Such a suit as the latter, however, would not be wholly a novel one, as there is a case on record of a young lady who recovered damages from the gentleman who ruined her chances of marriage by giving her the small-pox.

MARRIED: STINSON-VILLARS—On the 28th of November, 1877, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Father Massadier, of St. Theresa Church, Frederick A. Stinson, of Maine, to Miss Mary Villars, of this city. No cards.

DIED: MONTGOMERY—On Saturday, December 1, at 7 o'clock p. m., Richard McKim Montgomery, a native of Lexington, Ky., in the fifty-fifth year of his age. His friends, the friends of the family, those of his brother, and the members of Dudley Lodge and the Continental Guards, are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 216 Camp street, on Monday, December 3, at 10 o'clock a. m.

MILHAS—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1877, at 11 a. m., Mr. Dominick Milhas, aged 50 years 1 month and 14 days, a native of Gasquet, Gers, France, and a resident of this city for the last thirty years. May his soul rest in peace.

LATOUR—At Galveston, Texas, on Wednesday, November 28, 1877, aged 28 years, Octave Latour, native of New Orleans.

BOULTON—On Thursday morning, November 29, 1877, at half-past 11 o'clock, J. W. Boulton, late a member of Company C, Fourth Louisiana Regiment, C. S. A.

BOULLEMET—On Thursday, November 29, 1877, at 3 o'clock p. m., Mrs. Ann E. Boulemet, relict of the late Milton Boulemet, aged 59 years.

AGAR—On Tuesday, November 29, at the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va., William J. Agar, son of Mr. William Agar, of this city, in the seventeenth year of his age.

WILTZ—On Sunday, November 25, 1877, at 3 1/2 o'clock p. m., Widow Victor Wiltz, born Bernberg, aged 63 years.

SCHMITT—Suddenly, on Sunday, November 25, 1877, Andrew H. Schmitt, aged 25 years 5 months and 13 days, only son of Adam and Elizabeth Schmitt.

WARD—On Monday, November 26, at 12:10 o'clock, Miss Mira C. Ward, aged 42 years.

DUBUCLET—In Paris, France, on October 29, 1877, Dr. George Dubuclet, son of Ant. Dubuclet and Clara Foard Dubuclet, aged 28 years and 6 months.

IN MEMORIAM. HEADQUARTERS LOUISIANA DIVISION, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA BENEFICENT ASSOCIATION, New Orleans, December 1, 1877. Whereas, It has pleased Divine Providence to remove from our midst a most worthy and esteemed member of our organization, Capt. JOSEPH TAYLOR, Company I, First Regiment Louisiana Volunteers, of the late Army of Northern Virginia, C. S. A., who served with fidelity and honor to his State; and Whereas, by his death society has lost a useful and efficient member, and his family have been bereft of a beloved and loving husband and father; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we deplore the death of Capt. Taylor and hold his memory in tender regard, not only for his virtues as a soldier, but also as a good citizen, kind friend, and one who always showed himself willing to discharge every duty that inclination or circumstances imposed upon him. Resolved, That we sincerely sympathize with his family in their great bereavement; that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to them. D. SULLIVAN, L. PRADOS, JOHN FITZPATRICK, Committee.

CARD OF THANKS. The undersigned beg to return their heartfelt thanks to the many friends, the Continental Guards, the Germania Lodge No. 46, F. and A. M., the Apis Melodia, and particularly to Mr. E. F. Del Bondo and the Rev. Father Heintz, for their kind endeavors to alleviate the bereavement caused by the sudden death of their only son and brother, Andrew H. Schmitt, which occurred Sunday, November 25, 1877, and they can rest assured that their kind attentions will never be forgotten. ADAM AND ELIZ SCHMITT, Parents. EMMA SCHMITT, Sister. dec 2d 2d p 15

WAGONS! CANE CARTS! SPOKES! H. N. SORIA, 15 and 20 Union and 15 and 17 Perdido streets.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated "STUDEBAKER" WAGONS, CARTS and SPRING WORK of all kinds and sizes. Dealer in Philadelphia and Western Cane Wagons, Carts and Drays, Timber Wheels, Wheelbarrows of all descriptions; Spokes, Felles, Hubs, Shafts, etc. Wheelwright material, orders promptly filled. All work warranted. dec 1st

INVITATION — TO — NAVRA'S CHINA PALACE

(TOURO BUILDING), 129-CANAL STREET-129

My friends and customers, and those who are about starting housekeeping and old HOUSE-KEEPERS who wish to replenish their household, are respectfully invited to examine my NEW AND IMMENSE STOCK of the latest styles of DECORATED FRENCH CHINA, FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN GLASSWARE, MAJOLICA, FAIENCE, FLEMISH AND BOHEMIAN VASES, FLOWER POTS and JARDINIERS, STATUETTES and ORNAMENTS, TOILET and CHAMBER SETS, BISQUE and BRONZES.

In designs and low prices I defy any competition and will cheerfully take goods back which can be PURCHASED (not offered) elsewhere cheaper. M. L. NAVRA'S China Palace, 129 Canal Street, Touro Building. Remember I have no branch store. nov 2d 1m

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS — IN — EVERY DEPARTMENT. M. L. BYRNE & CO., 163 Canal street, Will commence this week with immense reductions in every department. Immense reductions in SUPERIOR BLACK SILK, Immense reductions in DRESS GOODS, Immense reductions in CLOAKS, Immense reductions in SHAWLS, Immense reductions in BLANKETS, Immense reductions in FLANNELS, Immense reductions in COTTON GOODS, LUPIN'S FRENCH MEMMOES, reduced to 40c a yard, in all the new shades, ENGLISH ALL WOOL FANCY DRESS GOODS, reduced from 40c to 35c a yard, AMERICAN FANCY DRESS GOODS, reduced from 15c to 10c a yard. All goods marked in PLAIN FIGURES, and no second prices. At retail, positively no goods changed.

M. L. BYRNE & CO., 163 Canal street, The Best Glove in the World. The "Auguste Charles," 2 buttons at \$1.50, former price \$2. 3 buttons at \$1.75, former price \$2.25. 4 buttons at \$2.00, former price \$2.50. These prices will prevail until further notice. A lot of HARRIS' SEAMLESS and JOUVIN'S at one pair less than the above figures. FINE LINES OF GENTLEMEN'S and MISSES' KID GLOVES at reduced prices. Extensive lines of LADIES' TWO-BUTTON COLORED and OPERA GLOVES at 60c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 a pair, in all sizes, colors and shades, and perfectly fresh goods of this fall's importation. New lot of TIES just received, and constant additions will be made every day by express from New York manufacturers.

M. L. BYRNE & CO., 163 Canal street, Millinery and Dress Making. BRIDAL TROUSSEAU, RIDING HABITS, CLOAKS, LADIES' COSTUMES, Made to order. LATEST FASHIONS and LOWEST PRICES. No. 99 Canal Street, New Orleans. Ladies visiting the city can at any time have their orders filled at a few hours' notice. dec 1st M & E

WEDDING PRESENTS. Sterling Silverware, In handsome silk lined cases, from \$5 up to \$2500 a case, at A. B. GRISWOLD & CO.'S, Corner Canal and Royal streets, dec 1st

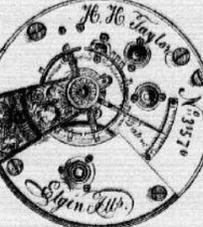
TYLER'S Diamond Goods, Gold and Silver Watches, Fine Jewelry, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, Diamonds reset in the latest Style, and Jewelry made to order by experienced workmen. Watches and Jewelry repaired. 115.....CANAL STREET.....115 dec 1m Su Tu Thsd

MME. OLYMPE, 144.....Canal Street.....144 Has now received all the latest fashions selected by herself in Paris during October. BONNETS, HATS, CARRICKS, CLOAKS, VISITING AND STREET COSTUMES, LINGERIE, SILKS, ETC. An invoice of BONNETS expected this week per steamer Borussia. Also, on the 8th, per steamer Nuremberg, the latest styles of PARIS BONNETS and HATS, and a variety of novelties for holiday presents. dec 2 9 10 15 16 18 23 28 30 2p

MME. ANTOINETTE BEHNHEIM, ELEGANT NEW STOCK — OR — FRENCH MILLINERY. dec 1st

AGENCY OF WALTHAM AND ELGIN WATCHES. (AMERICAN.) I. C. LEVI, Jeweler, 108.....Canal Street.....108

Offers the above Watches at the latest reduced price list of November 1st. The Watches are all Patent Levers, and Guaranteed for Three Years.



Solid Silver Watch, Waltham or Elgin movement.....\$12 00 Solid Silver Watch, 18 karat case..... 12 00 Solid Silver Stem Winder and Setter..... 22 00 Solid Gold Watch, 2 oz. 14 karat case..... 22 00 Solid Gold Watch, 2 oz. 18 karat case..... 22 00 Solid Gold Stem-winder, 2 1/2 oz. 14 karat case..... 25 00 Solid Gold Stem Winder, 2 1/2 oz. 18 karat case..... 26 00

LADIES' WATCHES. Solid Gold Watch, 14 karat case.....\$15 00 Solid Gold Watch, 18 karat case..... 15 00 Solid Gold Stem-winder, 14 karat case..... 15 00 Solid Gold Stem-winder, 18 karat case..... 15 00

In addition to the above I have a large assortment of Swiss, French and German Watches, prices ranging from \$50 to \$650. For mechanics or laborers the \$12 watch or \$22 stem-winder will give all satisfaction necessary. I will send watches, diamonds and jewelry by express, C. O. D., allowing the purchaser to open package and examine same.

I have a complete assortment of Diamonds, Opers, Guard, Vest and Neck Chains at prices to correspond with the above. I have constantly on hand a large stock of Silverware of all descriptions, Clocks, Bronzes and Statuary. I make a Specialty of Repairing Fine Watches and Setting Diamonds. For further particulars, address for illustrated catalogue, I. C. LEVI, 108 Canal street, no 24

PALAIS ROYAL GRAND BAZAR, Late Levy's Dollar Store, 137 Canal street.

FOR THE FALL SEASON OF 1878, CLOAKS.

Braver, Water-proof and Mattasse CLOAKS, from \$3 50 up. MISSES' CLOAKS, from 4 to 14 years of age, ranging in prices from \$2 50 to \$10. Misses and Children's SUITS, made up in the latest styles, from 2 to 14 years of age, from \$1 50 to \$15 a suit.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS. THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT IN NEW ORLEANS. Combination Colors Braids, Silk and Worsted, 25 cents a yard. Thirty-three shades of Worsted Fringes, at 15, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents a yard. Dress Buttons, from 1c to \$1 50 a dozen. Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs reduced from 50 to 25 cents. Silk Handkerchiefs reduced from \$1 50 to 75 cents. Extra fine Brocaded ones from \$2 to \$1.

HUMAN HAIR. SWITCHES, from 50 cents to \$1 50 less than the price of making. Thirty-four shades to select from. STILL THE CHEAPEST IN NEW ORLEANS. LINEN SHADES, Gold Borders, all colors, \$1 a pair.

I am preparing my HOLIDAY CATALOGUE, which I promise to the public very shortly, and which will embrace the LARGEST VARIETY OF TOYS Ever offered to the people of Louisiana. I will in the meantime be pleased to receive the addresses of those who desire the catalogue sent to them as soon as issued. Address E. LEVY, 137 Canal street. no 13 1m

REDUCTION EXTRAORDINARY — IN — KID GLOVES. FINE KID GLOVES, CARPETS.

ELKIN & CO., 168.....Canal street.....168 Are receiving new and elegant styles of AXMINSTER, VELVET, BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETS, OFFICE MATTINGS WINDOW SHADES and CORNICES, CURTAINS and UPHOLSTERY GOODS, OIL CLOTHS, from six to eighteen feet wide. At the Lowest Prices. no 12 1m 2d

in anticipation of "a big trade," which has not yet been realized, and as my stock is of a perishable character, I have concluded to make such reductions in the prices of all my first class goods as will insure their speedy sale, and will sell from this day. The Best Glove in the World. The "Auguste Charles," 2 buttons at \$1.50, former price \$2. 3 buttons at \$1.75, former price \$2.25. 4 buttons at \$2.00, former price \$2.50. These prices will prevail until further notice. A lot of HARRIS' SEAMLESS and JOUVIN'S at one pair less than the above figures. FINE LINES OF GENTLEMEN'S and MISSES' KID GLOVES at reduced prices. Extensive lines of LADIES' TWO-BUTTON COLORED and OPERA GLOVES at 60c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 a pair, in all sizes, colors and shades, and perfectly fresh goods of this fall's importation. New lot of TIES just received, and constant additions will be made every day by express from New York manufacturers.

CARPET WAREHOUSE, 17.....Chartres street.....17 We are receiving large additions to our stock. We NOW SELL A "AND UNDER PROCES CHARGED BEFORE THE WAR. AXMINSTER, Velvet, BOY-BUSSELS, Tapestry, 3 plys. INGRAIN, Venetians, Homp. FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, Curtain Materials, Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Trimmings, etc., etc. \$600 3m 2d A. BROUSSEAU & SON.

TAXES—LICENSES. NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS. Large Discounts made on all settlements of taxes and licenses. W. H. BARNETT, Broker, 38 St. Charles street, Opposite St. Charles Hotel. oct 1y 2p

S. G. KREEGER, Kid Glove Depot, 149.....CANAL STREET.....149

AT THE NEW STORE. JOHN S. TWOMEY, GROCER, 572 and 574 Magazine Street. (Opposite Magazine Market.) BUTTER AND TEAS A Specialty. MINCE MEAT, NEW RAISINS, CITRON, CURRANT, ALMONDS, PEC. NS, and other delicacies for the holiday season. All goods guaranteed and delivered free of drayage. dec 12 1p

SILKS! SILKS! ENORMOUS SACRIFICES. Having purchased a large invoice of real French Black and Colored SILKS at lower than Lyons manufacturers' prices, we shall, from MONDAY, November 26, 1877, offer the entire line at exceedingly low figures. Purchasers would do well to avail themselves of this rare opportunity, as the goods must be sold. D. H. HOLMES, 155 Canal street and 15 Bourbon. oct 17

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COLDS. COLDS. DUCONGE'S PECTORAL BALSAMIC SYRUP is not only the VERY BEST preparation made for Coughs, Colic, Asthma, and all ailments of the Chest and Lungs, but owing to the peculiar composition of this truly wonderful Syrup it is very readily taken by the little ones, which is a great consideration with mothers. For sale by A. CARROUCHE, Agent for Louisiana, 39 Chartres street. Also by all Druggists. no 17 1m 2d