### FIFTH LEGISLATURE.

SECOND SESSION - THIRTY-FOURTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate met at 12 m., and was called to order by Lieut. Gov. Wiltz, thirty Senators present and a quorum.

present and a quorum.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

By Mr. Landry: From the veterans of several parishes who have been rejected as pensioners, and who are recognized as such by the Unities States, and asking to be recognized as such. Referred.

By Mr. Sutton: From citizens of the many properties.

uch. Beferred. By Mr. Sutton: From citizens of the par-sh of St. Martin, residing on Bell river, asking that that portion of the parish be annexed to the parish of St. Mary. Referred.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES Claims—Favorably by majority on House bill o. 103, for the relief of Norbert Louque. Re-

Claims—Favorably by majority on House bill No. 103, for the relief of Norbert Louque. Received.
Corporations—Favorably upon Senate bill No. 9, incorporating Napoleoaville Fire Company No. 1. Received.
Also, favorably upon the resolution instructing the Louisiana representatives in Congress to oppose the passage of any measure looking the closing of Rayou Lafourche.
Mr. Demas asked that the report of the committee to invertigate the State Treasurer's office be taken up. Objected to.

mit. Demas asket that the report of the committee to invertigate the State Treasurer's office be taken up. Objected to.

Action on Committee askports.

On Senate bill No, 107, to amend section 14 of an act approved February 24, 1871, relative to the State Board of Engineers, authorizing the Governor to contract for the repairs of levees, etc., was taken up under the favorable report of the committee, and, after an amendment by Mr. White, the bill was finally passed.

Mr. Burch introduced an act to ratify and confirm the contract between the parish of East Baton Rouge and Livingston with R. L. Prieur in and for the construction of a bridge over the Amite river. Beferred.

House bill No, 98, to incorporate the Attakapas College, with a favorable report, was taken up and the bill finally passed.

Senate bill No, 79, incorporate the Awas taken up and the bill finally passed.

The report of the treasury investigating committee was taken up and made the special order for Monday at 2:39 p.m.

Mr. Broaux called for executive sossion.

The doors were opened again in less than half an hour.

Mr. Garland, from the Committee on Claims, made a report, submitting a bill as a substitute for Senate bill No, 10, for the relief of M. C. Cole, late assistant secretary of Public Lducation. Received.

or Senate bill No. 19, for the Laboration, attended to the secretary of Public Education, deceived.

House bill No. 137, instructing the Louisiana Appresentatives in Congress to oppose any new ure for the closing of Bayou Lafourche, was taken up and finally passed.

Representatives in Congress to oppose any measure for the closing of Bayou Lafourche, was taken up and finally passed.

SERATE BILES—BROOND READING.

Senate bill No. 51 was taken up section by section, and pending discussion of the second section, the hour for the special order (Senate bill No. 110) arrived, and the bill, which provides for the removal of the capital to Baton Rouge, was taken up, with the report of the State Engineer, which states that to repair the Capitol at Baton Rouge it would cest \$76,000.

The bill was taken up section by section, and the first section, providing for the removal of the capital to Baton Rouge, was read.

Mr. Eacharis offered an amendment to insert Jackson, La., in livu of Baton Rouge.

Mr. Breaux urged Jackson as the future location of the capital, stating that the Senator from the Second District had introduced the amendment at his request. He eulogized Jackson as being a quiet place, healthy, with all the attractions of scenery, no groy shops, etc. It was the best location for a capital. The college building, if purchased, would with few repairs make an elegant capitol, when, per contra, one of the committeemen recently at Baton Rouge ran his cane through one of the wails of the Capitol Building there, they being soft.

Mr. Perkins would vote against the amendment, although he resided in the parish in which Jackson was situated. He thought that Baton Rouge was the place best calculated to meet the wants of the capital.

Mr. Breaux called for the yeas and nays on his amendment was lost.

Mr. Landry moved to strike out "Baton Rouge" and insert "Donaldsonville," making a speech in favor of that city.

Mr. Ogden thought that too near the city of New Orleans, and remarked that the best way would be to get the capital far nway from the entiting charms of the city (?) Haughter, He would suggest Alexandria.

Mr. Bostner moved that all the bending amendments and substitutes be laid upon the table. Carried.

Mr. Pensar moved, as a substitute, to insert St. John the Baptist. "He sa

and district would give three acres of land to he State.

Mr. Domas moved, as a substitute, to insert \$1. John the Baptist." He said the people of the parish, were prepared to do more than those of Donaldsonville. [Laughter.] They would we a section of land and \$50.000 to help build its Capitol building.

Mr. Landry wanted to know if there were any ther boarding-houses there except the one hich the Senator kept.

Mr. Boatner moved to table the amendment ad substitute. Carried.

Mr Harper moved to strike out Baton Rouge ad insert Shreveport. [Laughter.]

Mr. Boatner moved to table the amendment.

Mr. Harper called for the yeas and nays.

eas 20, nays 10. Mr. Boatner moved to adjourn, but withdrew ne motion, when the discussion of the bill was ned. Boatner urged the removal to Baton

Rouge.

Mr. Stamps opposed the removal, and in his speech reflected somewhat upon his brother Sanator, Mr. Burch, which the latter refuted in rather an abrupt manner.

Mr. Goode urged the passage of the bill, asterning various reasons, and including that of

economy, and stating that with the \$50,000 pro-cessed to be subscribed by the city of Baton Rouge it, Suid cost but \$40,000 or \$50,000 to make the change.

economy, and stating that with the \$50,000 proposed to be subscribed by the city of Baton Ronge it, "Quid cost but \$40,000 or \$30,000 to make the change.

Continuing, Mr. Goode stated that the grounds Lout the Capitol building were respiendant with shrubbery and choice plants, some of which were very rare; and claimed that the fron fence about the grounds was put up at a cost of \$40,000, and that it was in a perfect state of preservation, and in addition to that, nothing was gone from the building proper but the wood work, asking if the building at Baton Rouge could be compared to the old "rookery," the present State-House. It would cost, he said, but \$113,000 to remove the capital and repair the building, and a party was now ready to put it in shape for \$10\$,000, and of that amount the city of Baton Rouge, as he learned, would subscribe \$50,000.

Further than this, he would free himself by the removal of the capital from the wholesome influence of the press. He did not think that the General Assembly had been assisted much this year by the advice or counsel of the press, and he failed to notice that the press discussed the question under consideration by the House or Senate with the candor and charity that he would like to see. He had seen men denovanced by name, and the members of the General Assembly included, for no reason; and it was for that, more than anything else, that he favored the removal of the capital.

Mr. Zacharie took a different view, and proved that with the State Engineer's estinate of \$100,000, merely to put the Baton Rouge building in shape, it would ose even much more. He was willing, however, that the people should decide it by constitutional amendment, and quoted from the Democrar's editorial of yesterday that the reasons why it should remain in the great commercial centre of the State.

Mr. Zacharie took a different view, and proved that with the State Engineer's estimate of the reason why the capital should be changed. The change it would be capital would be a mistake, as it would onl

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mous vote.
On motion Mr. Cage was granted leave of shsence for three days, when the Senate adjourned until to-day at 12 m.
The House.

The House met at noon, Speaker Bush in the chair; 104 members present and a quorum. Prayer.

The Speaker said that he desired to inform members of the House, in the event of any desired to the part of the Fiscal Agent, that the Would be attributable to the fast that the Fiscal Agent desired to be protected by law in all his acts. So soon as the proper legislation was had he would pay in cash all warrants of members without discount.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND RESOLUTIONS.

BY Mr. YOUNG, of Claiborne, Resolution in-

PETITIONS. MEMORIALS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Young of Claiborne: Resolution instructing the Chief Clerk to withhold House bill No. 285, authorizing to borrow money to pay the first gearter's salary of all constitutional officers, from the Governor.

Mr. Young explained that there had been cortain questions raised as to the constitutionality of the act, and it was desired to inquire about the objections raised, and, in case they were good, to present a new bill. The resolution massed.

Mr. Young also offered a resolution requiring clerks of committees to submit certific tes of the date of employment and number of days of service. Lies over.

By Mr. Delavigne: Joint resolution providing for a hydrographic survey of Bayou Carlin. Appropriations.

Carlin. Appropriations.

COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Judiciary—Unfavorably on House bill No. 146, to incorporate the Underwriters' Association; on House bill No. 351, to protect senders of valuable packages; on House bill No. 376, authoring the administrator of L. Surget to sue the State; on House bill No. 338, to procare 145 copies of the Revised Statutes; on the petitions of merchants, etc., to make All Saints' Day a legal holiday.

copies of the Revised Statutes; on the potitions of merchants, etc., to make All Saints' Day a legal holiday.

Favorably on the act providing for a session of the Supreme Court at Shreveport. Also, on the act surhorizing the city of shreveport to collect a portion of the municipal tax in scrip.

The bills for the relief of C. C. Hartwell, Mr. Armbruster and W. H. Reagan, were reported back and referred to the Committee on Claims. Unfavorably on House bill No. 167, to probibit the sale of liquers on Sunday; also on the petitions from Beria and Orleans for a Sunday law; on House bill No. 263, another Sunday law and the petition of the citzens of Bossler; and on the petition of the citzens of Bossler; and on the petition of faxpayers of New Orleans rolative to soisures for rent.

Claims—Unfavorably on the claims of Frank Dugan, E. W. Willis, L. Dothonde, L. Leveque, J. E. Waitace, — Vasquez and the taxpayers of New Orleans. The claim of George D. Hite was returned and referred to the Judiciary Committee. Favorably on the claim of Julian H. Levy.

Internal Improvements—Unfavorably on the improvement of Bayou Lafourche.

Parochial Affatia—Unfavorably on the memorial of the police jury of Tangipahoa. Favorably on the bill aniending the act providing for auditing the outstanding debt of Caddo. The committee returned House bill No. 34, authorizing police juries to pass Sunday laws. Judiciary.

Conting an Expenses—Favorably, by substi-

that claim, and as such authorized to employ counsel, which deposition of Geo. Taylor, taken in the same suit, showing that he (Taylor) had never had any communic then at all with Psychaud, Bouchard having the sole management of the case. This, he urged, was the testimony of the engineer who had designed the whole machinery, put it in motion and overlooked its workings; who had planned the prosecution of the fraudient is margined in the same prosecution of the fraudient is was—and pressed it to a successful conclusion. And he says that he could not even hear from Peychaud in connection with the ense, but had conducted if throughout without communication with him. This, gentlemen, is the kind of conspiracy there was believed the workings; who shad so may be suffered to the testimony of J. S. Bouchard, who said: The whole duty of prosecuting the claim rested mon my father; Bernard throw the whole conduct of the case upon him, and he alone had the management of it, employing counsel, working up to stimony, etc."

How, in the face of such evidence, sworn to by the urine movers in the matter, can Peychaud be brought in as a confederato?

He also referred to the testimony of Judge Emerson, stating that he had never consulted with Peychaud, because Bouchard had told him that he (Bouchard) was sole manager of the case, and said, if ever it were possible for truit to emanate from his (Bouchard's) mouth, so given to antivitudiness, it then leaked out.

But suppose there is evidence to show that Peychaud was—legally speaking—a conspirator. The Assistant Attorney General, who opened the case yesterday, told you that a conspirator. The Assistant Attorney General, who opened the case yesterday told you that a conspirator. The Assistant Attorney General, who opened the case yesterday told for that there could be no direct evidence which would satisfactorily establish its existence, but that crematantal evidence must be relied upon, and was far more satisfactory.

The time of the constitution of the defendant's guilt? Then I b

construction of the control of the c

the present State-House. It would contend to the present state House, it would not be the part the building, and a party we now ready to put it in a shape for Highest, and of the part the building, and a party we now ready to put it in a shape for Highest, and of the party would not be the party than the present of the present state of the present state of the present state of the party state of the present state of the present state of the party state of the present state of the present

## A CARD.

CITY CONSOLIDATED BOND MATTER

Abstract from the decision rendered by Judge Woods, in the cause of Rosalie Maenhaut and others vs. the city of New Orleans and others:

"I am of opinion that the act of 1852, above

others:
"I am of opinion that the act of 1852, above mentioned, contains a contract valid and binding on the city, and that the bondholders are entitled to exact the substantial performance of the contract. I have so held upon the former hearing of the case, Maenhaut et al. vs. the city of New Orleans, 2 Woods, 10s. The thirty-seventh section of the act of 1852, constituting, as it does, a contract between the city and the bondholders, stands unaffected by any subsequent legislation that seeks to impair or repeat its provisions. But the remedy of the complainants to enforce their contract is clearly not in equity, but at law, by the recovery of a ludgment on their coupons and bonds, and by the writ of mandamus commanding the levy and collection of the tax required by law. The relief at law is plain, adequate and complete, and equity cannot be resorted to."

ABSTRACT

not be resorted to."

ABSTRACT
from the decision rendered by Judge Billings
in the case of Morris Ranger vs. the Mayor
and Common Council of New Orleans, dated

"But among the statutes of the State with

"But among the statutes of the State with reference to the city of New Orleans, and among the general statutes of the State, are found acts that give the absence of any particular means of payment in a city ordinance creating a debt, a special significance "The act of 1852, No. 51, entitled 'An act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and provide for the government,' etc., section 37, page 54, contains the following provisiom:

"And no ordinance of the city of New Orleans, creating a debt or loan shall be valid unless for some single object or work distinctly specified therein, and unless such ordinance shall provide ways and means for the punctual payment of running interest during the whole time for which said debt or loan shall be contracted, and for the full and punctual discharge at maturity of the capital borrowed or the debt incurred."

French china decorated tea and dessert services, of the latest styles, at E. Offner & Co.'s, 174 Canal street.

## ENGINEERS TAKE NOTICE. THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE. CASEY'S AND OIL COMPOUND

TO PREVENT BELTS FROM SLIPPING. No Friction. No Tearing.

25 Per Cent Gained in Power. 50 Per Cent Saved in Wear.

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## PROCLAMATION

# Warwick,

EARL MARSHAL OF THE EMPIRE.

To all whom these presents shall come—Greeting:
For the purpose of celebrating the approaching Fete Day of His Blessed Majesty in a becoming manner, the usual gala procession will be

dained certain conditions governing this De-partment, which conditions are hereby pro-mulgated for the information of His Majesty's loyal subjects:

I. No promiscuous maskers will be allowed to

 No promise your maskers will be allowed to join or participate in the Boyal Pagennt.
 Organized bodies of maskers will be gladly received and assigned positions on application to this department to be made on or before Thursday, February 28. Applications to state whether body is mounted or on foot. Address Drawer 101, Postoffice.

III. No Advertising Vans, or any designs of

such a character, will be allowed in the pageant.

God save the King!

WARWICK,

Earl Marshal of the Empire.

ESPY. Seventh Secretary.

Carnival Palace. New Orleans, February A. D. 1878, and the 1008th of H. M. reign. fe10 1w

# EVERÝBODY DOES IT

THE OLD MEN USE IT. THE YOUNG MEN PERUSE IT, THE LADIES EXCUSE IT.

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## CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department.

Whereas, OSCAR B, SARPY, of the parish of Plaquemines, has applied to me for the cancel Indion of three bonds, furnished and subscribed by him as principal, for the sum of six thousand dollars each, one dated November 17, 1873, with Damas A. Thibaut and Henry Mahoney securities, each for the sum of three thousand dollars; one dated December 7, 1874, with the following securities; A. Milon for the sum of one thou-sand dollars, Azema Dobard for the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars, and Sarah T. Stack-house for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars; and one dated October 30, 1873, with T. W. Sawyer as security for the sum of forty-five hundred dollars, and Henry Mahoney for the sum of fif-teen hundred dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance and execution of the duties of said Oscar B. Sarpy as sheriff of the parish of

Plaquemines.

Now, therefore, I. FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS. Governor of the State of Louisiana, have thought proper to issue this my proclamation, calling upon all persons having interest herein to show cause, in writing, at the office of the Secretary of State in the city of New Cylene. Secretary of State, in the city of New Orleans within ninety days from and after the last pub-lication hereof, why said bonds should not be cancelled and annulled, and the above named 

In testimony whereot, I have signed these presents and caused the seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, at the city of New Orleans, this twenty fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven. FRANCIS T. NICHOLLS. By the Governor: •

Secretary of State. NEW ORLEANS FLOURING MILLS, WEBSTER & DILLINGHAM.

Commerce street. Manfacturers of the HIGHEST GRADE of FLOUR by the NEW PROCESS, specially

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dapted for CITY TRADE AND EXPORT. GRAHAM FLOUR constantly on hand, fresh ground daily. Flour delivered to all parts of the city. FRESH GROUND BRAN, SHORTS, SHIP STUFF and SCREENINGS constantly on hand

Highest market price paid for Wheat, OFFICE ST. BERNARD COAL COMPANY,

at lowest market rates.



AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Steamships, Steamboats and Families Supplied W. S. CAMPBELL, Agent.

# PARIS FASHIONS. Wme. JULIE LaB. FISHER, Dressmaking and French Millinery

Parlors at the Turner Mansion, 188. ........ CANAL STREET............. 188 Begs to inform her lady friends and the public

generally that she has on hand one of the most beautiful and complete selections of Parisian styles and fashions in Bonnets, hats, feathers, flowers, SHAWLS, Etc. In her DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT she

has employed the best Parisian Artiste, and she will be pleased if the ladies will call at her Parlors, 188 CANAL STREET. Mme. Julie LaB. Fisher.

oci9 tf REMEMBER, 192 CANAL STREET.

THE EUROPEAN DENTISTS ARE THE only dentists in this city doing work on the European plan. They will come to your residence and fill your teeth painless; Silver, only 50 cents per cavity; Gold, only 51; Cleaning and Polishing, 50 cents, Appointment hours 7 to 8 a.m., 7 to 8 p. m. Send orders by mail. dezn tf

### AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES THEATRE.
The Eminent Tragedian.
MR. LAWRENCE BARRETT.

TUESDAY-Mr. BARRETT-THE DUKE'S

WEUNGSDAY Matthee - Mr. BARRETT - HAREBELL, THE MAN O'AIRLE. WEDNESDAY NIGH - Mr. BARRETT - A. COUNTERFEIT PRESENTMENT. THURSDAY-Mr. BARRETT - A. FRIDAY-Mr. BARRETT - BOSEDALE. FRIDAY-Mr. BARRETT FROWELL benefits STANT.

STANT.
SATURDAY Noon—BARRETT Matinee.
SATURDAY Night—Mr. BARRETT—SHYLOCK and DAVID GARRICK.
Sinday—MISS FANNY DAVENPORT and the
Flith Avenue Theatre Company.

A CADEMY OF MUSIC.

Engagement for eight nights only and Wednes-day and Saturday Matiness. Commencing Sunday, February 10, 1878, BOUCICAULT'S SHAUGHRAUN COMPANY, Each and every artist selected by Mr. Boucieault himself, for the production of the entirely new and original play. Illustrative of Irish Life and Character, entitled the

## SHAUGHRAUN,

Written by DION BOUCICAULT, Esq. Monday, February 18-MISS MARY ANDER-SON.

The Young American Tragedienae, MISS MARY ANDERSON, supported by a powerful company, under the magazement of JOHN W. NORTON, Monday, February 18, and Saturday Matinee, February 23, Evadne, Tuesday, February 19, Romeo and Jullet. Wednesday Matinee, February 20, Lady of Lyons. Wednesday evening, Bianca, Thursday, February 21, Ingomar, Friday, February 22, benefit of Mary Anderson, Macbeth. Saturday, February 27, Fon. Sunday, February 23, 18M MONS, SLOCUM & SWEATNAM'S MINSTRELS.

OPERA HOUSE.....OPERA HOUSE

AIMEE

And the French Bramatic Company And the French Bramatic Company.
Saturday noon, Combination Matinee—BBBE,
and Aimee in La MARJOLAINE.
Saturday evening, farewell performance—LES
DOMINOS ROSES and Aimee in LES CENT
VIERGES. The opera commences at 9 prociaely

cisely Sunday Evening—LE BOSSU (Duke's Motto).

BASE BALL.

R. E. LEE VS. LONE STAR. OGDEN PARK.

Sunday, February 17, at 3 O'clock Sharp, fe162t Admission 25 cents. WENGER'S GARDEN.

Nos. Il and 13 Bourbon street, H. WENGER, Proprietor,

Has been newly frescoed, and is now the FIN-EST HALL in the South. The artistic improve-ment of the hall was opened to public inspec-tion on Saturday, the 18th inst., at 7 o'clock p M. large number of European and American papers always on file.

Three rooms for ladies and families, with separate entrance.
The largest Orchestrion in the world plays from 11 o'clock a. m. to 12 m.
Philip Best's MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER at Five Cents a glass.

## BALLS.

FANCY DRESS, CALICO

MASQUERADE BALL, THE NICHOLLS RIFLES,
(Formerly Co. "K," C. C. R.)

MARDI GRAS NIGHT, March 5, 1878, AT GRUNEWALD HALL.

For the benefit of their uniform fund. Gov. F. T. Nieholls, Lieut Gov. L. A. Wiltz, Gen. I. W. Patton, Gen. W. J. Behan, Col. E. Borland, Jr., Col. J. Gov. Gen. W. J. Behan, Col. John Glynn, Jr., Col. W. E. Heger, Col. W. T. Yaudry, Lieut, Col. E. Fenner, Col. Wm. M. Owen, Maj. Thos. McIntyre, Capt. G. A. Williams,

Ladies' invitations can be had on application at Grunewald's Music Store, P. Werlein's, E. Lilienthal's Jeweiry Store, Eyrich's Book Store, and at Hugo Redwitz', on Common street.

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SCHMEHL, The World's Champion Pedestrian, will have a track laid in the Hall for exhibitions of pedes-trianism on this occasion.

GRAND MILITARY, MASK, DRESS

FANCY DRESS BALL,

TO BE GIVEN BY Continental Guards, Company

-0N-Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22, 1878. -AT-

ST. PATRICK'S HALL, COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS. Corporal W. H. Deeves. John B. Cooper. A. D. Finlay.
John T. Purvis.
David Hughes.

Mark Quayle.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE. 

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the letter box at the Armory, St. Patrick's Hall.
fe3 td FIRST GRAND MILITARY

# Fancy Dress and Masquerade Ball, -To be given by-

COMPANY F, FIRST REGIMENT L. N. G., (Formerly Sec. F. Crescent City White League. —ON— Friday, February 22, 1878,

GRUNEWALD HALL. Tickets.....One Dollar

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Col. W. M. Owen,
Major Thos. McIntyre.

Capt. G. A. Williams,

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS. Capt. CHAS. G. OGDEN, Chairman, Lieut Chas. A. Thomes, Sergt. Fred Rohders, Corp. Hy. M. Meaney, Corp. Chas. H. Asmus, Priv. Geo. D. Moore, Priv. John Williams,

Applications for ladies' invitations and proposals for the rent of the restaurant, bar and hat-rooms to be left with the armorer, at 87 Camp street, or addressed to Postoffice box 1818 before February 19.

Chinese, Japanese and Turkish Goods. J. A. BROWN, From the Centennial, Philadelphia, and the Grand Union, Saratoga, N. Y.

I have opened a store with a large variety of CHINESE, JAPANESE, TURKISH and JERU-SALEM GOODS, and a rare collection of Carved and Ornamental Goods.

Don't forget to give me a call. You will find the largest variety of those goods that ever were on exhibition in this city. Prices suitable for the times. Don't forget the number. ia27 1m 180 Canal Street.