Red Star Prices

LADIES' SHOES.

Kid Button BOOTS at \$1 50 per pair
Kid Button BOOTS at 1 75 per pair
Kid Button BOOTS at 2 00 per pair
Kid Button BOOTS at 2 50 per pair
Kid Button BOOTS at 2 75 per pair
French Kid Button BOOTS at 3 50 per pair
French Kid Button BOOTS at 4 00 per pair
French Kid Button BOOTS at 4 50 per pair
French Kid Extra Fine Buttoned 6 00 per pair
Fox Button BOOTS at 1 26 per pair
Fox Button BOOTS at 1 60 per pair
Fox Button BOOTS at 1 75 per pair
Fox Button BOOTS at 2 00 per pair
Extra French Kid Fox Button
BOOTS at 9 75 per pair
Extra French Kid Fox Button
BOOTS at 3 00 per pair
Cur Kid Button BOOTS at 2 50 per pair
Pebble Goat Side-lace BOOTS at . 2 50 per pair
Kid Side-lace BOOTS (French
heels) at 3 00 per pair
Parisian Cloth Top-button BOO 18 3 00 per pair
Parisian Cloth-top Button BOOTS
(fanor ton) of 9 50 per pair

Front Shoes Laced

Buff POLISH	at		\$1	00 per	pali
Goat POLISH	At	********	1	25 per	pair
Goat POLISH	at	********	1	50 per	pair
Pebble Goat Pe	OLISH (Beet) at	1	75 per	pair
Tampico POL	ISH (Be	st) at	2	00 per	pair
Fox POLISH	at		1	00 per	pair
Fox POLISH	at		1	25 per	pair
	Section of the sectio			100 CO T 1 (100 CO)	533111

MANY OTHER STYLES TOO LONG TO ENUMERATE.

LINE OF SLIPPERS.

-OUR -

Fifty Cent

SLIPPER

ALL THE GO NOW.

MAGNIFICENT ARTICLES.

Best Article for Comfort, suitable for ro use; warm and durable.

Nicely finished with Blue Wool, made up by "THE OLD LADIES SHOR."

SOLD AT \$1 25 PER PAIR

THE RED STAR

SHOE HOUSE

OF THE SOUTH, HAVING THE

MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK

Ever carried by any retail house.

Maving Agents in Every Large Manufac uring City, the Red Star can offer the test Shoes, at the Lowest Market Prices.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT

BEST ASSORTED

In this town. It comprises all styles of Boots pegged and sewed.

BROGANS,

TIES. CONGRESS,

And a large assertment of slippers. Country buyers will find it to their advantage to purchase at the "RED STAR, on a steep are certain of not being overcharged no article. The price, thus effering equal loss of the house are to sail STRICTLY one-price, thus effering equal on prices of the house are to sail prices of the house sent out free of charge.

All orders, either for country or city, will be romptly attended to.

No postage stamps taken in payment except or amount of mailing.

All endmanded to the prices of the house of amount of mailing.

ations or orders should be ad-

Arthur Durieu.

PROPRIETOR OF

RED STAR SHOE STORE COR. CUSTOMHOUSE AND BOURBON STS.

One Square from Canal Street, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

THE TEACHERS' PAY.

assembled in the city of New Orleans.

The object of the meeting was one which pealed to the sympathies and the interest

and the several speakers were received, and the applause which greeted them, mani-fested that each and every one present had made the cause of the teachers of the public eir own, and that the nature of the schools—was fully realized and appre-

The meeting was called to order by Prof. J. F. aman, who called B. T. Walsh, Esq., to the

ant with the public school system of the State and city that it is in imminent danger of total truction. It was an appalling dadlaration but that unless there be immediately remedial legis-lation they were in danger of being dissolved. And for what? Because of the inability of e and city to comply with their contracts

that the meeting had been called, and the large

diversity of opinion at the outset as to the prorata, but, his word for it, in the end the differences would be settled, and the relief so much
desired will be accorded. He believed that when
the country members were made to understand
that the city paid two-thirds of the entire income for taxes, they would readily agree to give
to the city her just proportion.

He advised the appointment of intelligent
gentlemen, thoroughly conversant with the subject, and he guaranteed that the Legislature
would hear them respectfully and attentively,
and the relief would be given.

No one could plead knorance of the fact that
the school teachers had not been paid since
August, and had actually been compelled to
pledge their time for the means of subsistance,
and this in the face of the fact that the
contract with the teachers provided a for prompt
and full payment of salaries. He did not blame
the officers of either the Sate or city, for they
had done the best they could und rich laws,
but the laws must be changed, and he believed
that if the proper representations were made
the Legislature would properly amend them.

pressions with the utmost Intensity. The time has come for prompt and immediate action.

The speaker, after thanking those present for their promptness in answering the call of the teachers in such numbers, said that the presence of so many on the occasion showed that the teachers indeality, patience and zeal had been appreciated. Unless the Legislature sors fit to come to our relief, the people will demand what is right, and insist upon it, and the people must agitate this question until a solution is reached.

The public schools were once the pride of New Orleans, and many of the most influential citizens have been educated therein. If the cost of educating a man is compared with the increased value of his labor, physical and men althen no State can educate its youth. However, this is not true, and Louisiana can educate her children.

Louisiana is val too poor to have an efficient

this is not true, and Louisiana was condiden.

Louisiana is not too poor to have an efficient educational system. As the citizen is, so is the state, it has been believed that the education of children was a necessity for legislation, and an imperative duty should urge the framing of an efficient and lasting system of education.

The chair introduced

The chair introduced

E. M. HUBSON, ESQ.

The speaker felt satisfied that those present had not come through any idle curiosity, but through the deepest interest in the public schools and sympathy for the teachers, as much as their hardships were felt, still there was a deeper sympathy felt for the youth of the state of Louisiana. He though that if the people were strong enough to wrest the control of the schools from the hands of those who undertook to destroy them by insisting on their being mixed, the people were strong enough to re-establish the system on its old firm foundation.

He hoped that relief could be had from the Logislature, but there would be no certainty of it until the entire State became interested in the meter; then the jealousies of the country members would no longer etand in the way. His hope now, however, was in another direction. He relied on the people of New Orleans; if they would unite and rise up in their strength they could secure the desired re left, for if the Legislature refused it dow do be made to understand that the people rule this State.

for if the Legislature refused it it cou do be made to understand that the people rule this State.

HON, T. J. SEMMES

was next introduced. He said:

I would not have been here to-night except that I desire to manifest my sympathy in the cause of education. The difficulty is not the indisposition of the people to educate their children—not that it is the duty of the State to see to the education of their youth. The real difficulty is that there is in law no means to provide adequately for education. I do not blame the Legislature. If we want money to educate our children we must pay for it ourselves. It is nonsense to ask the country people to give up their proportion of the school tax. No convention will take that away from them. We must take care of ourselves. Do you suppose that the people in the backwoods who pay a levee tax will give up the tax that is leveled specially for the education of their children? The large negro parishes will never vote to give up the tax which they receive for the education of their children. I look at things as they are with reference to the statutes of the State, and with that view I conclude that no law is existant that can remedy the present state of the schools. We

ing the opportunity to express his facilings and sentiments on the subject which had occasioned the meeting. Much had been said in praise of the city and State administrations; the city and State administrations; had nothing to say in favor of either. They had paid too much statution to their own personal welfare, and had neglected the interests of her youth of this Stats. When the time comes that the public schools are closed the parenthal the youths of New Orleans would class their children to their breasts and fly from the city as they would from one filled with leprosy. He was not one of those who had faith in the country members. They had undertaken to educate the children of the parishes, and left discountry members. They had undertaken to educate the children of the parishes, and left of New Orleans. Where they were to get their education the country members did not know, and they did not care.

The speaker then pictured the condition of the school teachers and the police, and attributed it and the inability of the city to pay its servants to the prodigal expenditures of the city authorities. They expended the money the city authorities. They expended the money the city authorities. They expended the money the city in keeping themselves in office and supporting their voilitical friends. In addition to this, there were a number of unnecessary offices which should be abolished, and when the a school time detablished.

Judge W. T. Houston, the chairman of the committee on

committee on RESOLUTIONS.

read the following, which were adopted:
Whereas, we recognize the fact that a good system of pub to education is the very foundation of a great and prosperous republic:
And whereas, we observe with the deepest sorrow and concern that the public schools in New Orieans are in so critic 1 a condition. financially, as to be in serious danger of becoming but a sad wreck of their former grandeur and excellence; and that our teachers who have labored so zealously, ably and conscientiously to preserve the efficiency of these, the noblest institutions in the land, are most inad-quantely and irregularly paid for their avaluable services; therefore be it.

Resolved, That we, the friends and patrons of public education in New Orieans, in assembly here to-night, appreciating the facts aforesaid, and feeling unwilling to further bear the weight of the evils oppressing our educational interests, do solemnity pledge ourselves to give our warmest support, moral and political, to our warmest support, moral and publical, to our warmest support, moral and publical, to our manufactories of intelligence, the preservers of peace and good order, and the true expression of the highest institutes and purposes of the community.

Resolved, That, as an earnest of our sincerity**

It is now assuming proper shape that we will have a skating rink where the merry gliders can cut the sparkling surface of real ice. It is proposed by several well-known gennext spoke:

I have, said he, been requested by the tenchers to represent them on this occasion. I would applosize, on the plea of lack of preparation, did I not think that every one who feels for the teachers should come forward and give his expressions with the utmost intensity. The time pressions with the utmost intensity. The time are should come forward and give his expressions with the utmost intensity. The time are should come forward and give his expressions with the utmost intensity.

during our sammes of those who are the pro-growthe mass of those who are the pro-moters of this novel scheme, there can be ques-tion but what it will be a success if final ar-rangements are made.

THE GREAT COCK FIGHT.

Already the coming cocking main between the States of Kentucky and Georgia, which will take place in this city about February 20 next. has excited much attention on the part of sport ing men, and gives promise of being the great-est main ever had in this country. The backers est main ever had in this country. The backers of both States, as we learn from Mr. Rufus Hunt, of our city, are old and experienced cock

Hunt, of our city, are old and experienced cock fighters, and men who mean business.

Each side is to pit thirty-one cocks, weighing each not less than four pounds eight ounces, and on every battle there is to be laid site, and on the main \$5000. Cock fighters from all parts of the country are making preparations to some on to witness the event, and it is said large aums will be laid by the backers of Kontucky's birds against the now famous 'shawinecks'' of Georgia. So far as could be learned, the battless will take place in the old Spanish cock-pit on Dumaine street, and it is intended to make ample preparations for the accommodation of a large number of visitors.

COINING TO COMMENCE.

We had the pleasure of meeting yesterday Mr. M. V. B. Davis, the coiner of our Mint, who is now vigorously pushing forward the work of reparation on the machinery, so that coining reparation on the machinery, so that coining may commence by February 1. Mr. Davis is satisfied that our Mint ought to be one of the most successful ones in the country. With the advantages of natural situation, situated as it is within easy reach of the mines of Mexico, and with the daily receive of from 80s to 170s ounces of builton, there is no reason why it should not become one of the leading minting institutions. Although our Mint does not possess all the lastest coining machinery, what it has will do a very large amount of work.

Eschewevil. Heed good advice. Hunt shad-

Nothing else will effect a cure in fever and ague and liver complaint so quickly as Beed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

The Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, is a model establishment. It is superb in both style and appointment, and its table and service cannot be excelled.

For Carolina Clay Peas call on George Heek & Co., corner Poydras and Tehoupitoulas streets.

MUNICIPAL.

THE CITY DEBT - CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE COMMITTEE

DEMOCRAT yesterday morning of the meeting on Monday evening of the committee to con-sider some plan to settle the city debt, a correspondence took place yesterday between some of the members of the committee and the Mayor

NEW ORLEANS, January 28, 1879.

Hon. I. W. Patton, Mayor:

Dear Sir—Your attention is called to a statement made in the Democrat of this morning in regard to the proceedings of the meeting of the committee last night, of which we are members. We remember no question or suggestion being made as to the propriety or policy of testing the validity of any outstanding bonds, nor did you make any proposition, directly or indirectly, to postpose the payment of interest. Our understanding of the result of the meeting was that no conclusion was reached, on account of the marked divergence in the views of its members.

Yours truly.

A. SCHREIBER.

A. SCHREIBER.
J. M. SEIXAS.
J. C. MORRIS.
To which the Mayor made the following an-

THE CLOSET QUESTION.

heir relief in some way.

A new invention.

A communication from Mr. J. T. Condon, the inventor of an improvement on the apparatus to indicate the locality of fires through the electric system, already in operation, was also resived and referred to the committee of the whole. This apparatus was fully described cometime ago in the Democrat. Its feature is that, besides the ticking or bell signal, it is provided with an attachment which shows in igures the station whence, the alarm is sounded.

journment. The Bishop called the Conference to order at 10 o'clock a.m., and opened devo-tional exercises by reading the sixteenth chapter of St. Mark: singing by Elder R. S. Evens.

minutes of the previous day's session were then read, and, on motion, were approved and adopted, with necessary corrections. On motion of Rev. J. Nicholas it was resolved

hat the motion that was made on Saturday, to adjourn to meet in Amite City, be reconsidered, and, after discussion on the case, the chair then put it to a vote and it stood—yeas 10, nays 11. So the next Conference will meet in Amir City.

The committee appointed to visit the mort-

The committee appointed to visit the mortgage office reported that the property spoken of
has a mortgage claim on it by three or four
different parties.

If the property spoken of the property spoken of
has a mortgage claim on it by three or four
different parties.

If the property spoken of the property spoken of
Bishop a present of money.

If was then moved that a vote of thanks be
tendered to the said subool and its name be
printed in the minutes. Carried,
After, some discussion about the minutes
Elder J. P. Wesley stated that he would pay for
of the Conference of the Conference was taxed
of the Conference of the Conference was taxed
it oget out the minutes.

If was resolved the conference was taxed
to the general Conference fund be taken up.
Compiling Committee for the benefit
of the general Conference fund be taken up.
Compiling Committee F. P. Loney,
Elder O. Smith, Rey, Moses Gregg, secretary.

If was moved that the names of the said
committee be received from the Sisters of Jackson Street Mission, wishing the Conference to
give them authority to collect money for the use
of said church, which was received to
Elder J. P. Brown for the beset for

dopted.
On motion a vote of thanks was tendered to
On motion a vote of the beautiful present of a
air of sleeve buttons, presented to the Bishop
y him. Carried.
Elder N. Bickham was suspended for one

Elder N. Bickham was suspended for one year.

The Conference then took a recess for fifteen minutes, and after recess it reassembled.
On motion, it was resolved that Mrs. Mary Bowen be granted credentials as a missionary to collect means for the purpose of building a Zion church; and thatshe report to the Bishop's steward. Elder J. P. Brown, No. 290 Canal street, New Orleans, La. Carried.
The committee on comptaints and trial made their report concerning Elder N. Bickham. The said committee state that they find him guilty, and recommend that he be suspended until the sitring of the next annual Conference, which was received and adopted.
The said committee state that they find him guilty, and recommend that he be suspended until the sitring of the next annual Conference, which was received and adopted.
The said committee stands thus: Elder A. Tasker, chairman; Elder S. Roberts, Elder S. Johnson, Deacon P. Butler, Elder T. Jones; Elder J. P. Brown, secretary.

Elder Thomas, of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, was introduced to the Conference by the Bishop, who stated that they were old friends. The Bishop then desired a word of theser from the Elder, which he accordingly gave.

It was then moved that a vota of

gave.

It was then moved that a vote of thanks be tendered to Elder Thomas for his able address to the Conference. Carried.

And it was resolved that the district elder

THE NICHOLLS LUNCH HOUSE

LADIES' RESTAURANT

56 CAMP STREET 58

LADIES' DINING HALL, PARLOR and TOILET-RO

HALF THE RATES OF OTHER RESTAURANTS

and are served by polite and attentive waiters.

for the manner in which he presided over the Conference.

On motion of Rev. J. Nicholas a vote of thanks was tendered to the editor of the New Orleans DEMOGRAT, for the beautiful and diguifned manner in which he published the precedings of the Conference, Carried,

Also, a vote of thanks to Mrs. Mary Eliza Orege and the Sisters of the Union Street Mission, for their kindness in attending to the Bishop and brothers of the Conference.

Also, a vote of thanks to Rev. Meses Gregg, for acting as recording secretary, and the sum

Eider F. P. Loney.
Missionaries—Eider Sandy Thomas, Alexandria, La., and Eider Thomas Jones.
Located—Deacon John Spearing.
The conference then adjourned, to meet on the fourth Wednesday in January, 1880, at Amite City, La., at 10 celock a. m.
RIGHT REV. DR. JOS. P. THOMPSON.
Presiding Bishop of Louisiana Annual Conference.

attempting to bribe and intimidate him, a witwith petty larceny, by offering him five dollars not to testify the truth against the accused, and not to testify the truth against the accused, and threatened to beat him. and thereby prevent the wilness from testifying. The witness had given contradictory evidence, and being asked why he did not say the truth, said that he had been threatened by Bowles.

Officer Teen arcested Bowles and brought him before the court, and he was put under \$250 bend for appearance. The accused in the case, Thompson, was remanded for thirty days, on the charge of petty laceny.

The Protestant Episcopal Conference meets to-day in St. Paul's Church. The season of the hunter is fast drawing to a close, and the ducks are fast leaving our bayous for the colder atmosphere of the North.

Since this unseasonable warm spell has com-menced, the elm and sycamors trees have begun to shoot out their buds. If this weather lasts much longer it may endanger the peach and orange crops.

Yesterday morning, owing to the slippery condition of the sidewalks it was almost as dangerous to try pedestrianism as walking on ice. The banqueties were covered with an uncluous layer of mud that made one careful where and how he put his foot down.

and now he put his foot down.

At the sale by a writt of florf facins, yesterday,
of the New Orleans, City Park and Lake Railroad, the sum of \$65,000 only reing bid, and that
not being the amount appraised, no adjudication was made. It will now have to be put up to
the highest bid her on a twelve months' bond.

CITY ECHOES.

A. Solar stole a pie and then retired into the Fourth Station. John H. Hanna was lodged in the Third Sta-tion, charged with damaging a street car with his float. John Henry was run into the Second Precing Station, charged with having stolen property in the possession.

his possession.

Rosa Burns was arrested on board the steamboat Whisper and lodged in the Harbor Station, charged with the larceny of \$106.

About 3 o'clock yesterday evening a horse stached to a wagon ran away, opposite the Magazine Market, and destroyed the wagon.

Hill Wast a confidence char was housed in Hill west, a confidence chap, was housed in the Third Station, charged with larceny of a pair of pants and ninety-five cents in currency.

pair of pants and ninety-five cents in currency.
John Jackson drove his float into street car
No. 23 of the Tchoupitonias street line. Jackson evaded arrest by skipping. His float, which he abandoned, was sent to the pound.
At half-past il o'clock yesterday morning, at the corner of Wells and Canal streets, James Sullivan was cut in the hand and slightly wounded by one McCormick. No policemen were on hand and one arrested.

Accident to the E. J. Car.

Accident to the E. J. Gay. The steamboat E. J. Gay, which left this port Monday evening for Bayou Sara, ran into the bank a few miles up the coast and sprang her butts. She returned to the city to go into dock.

A Small Fire.

At half past 3 o'clock Monday morning a fire, supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, broke out in the unoccupied house No. 452 Camp street. A man named J. Glesson being unable to procure a key to open the box broke its face with a rock and turned in an alarm. The damage to the building was about \$256.

No finer rollsh over was encased—shadines.

en neatly and comfortably furnished with a view to th

J. A. Langbander vs. E. Durieu.—Just for plaintiff for sec.
Lebman, Abraham & Co. vs. Jacob Is Judgment for plaintiff for \$505.
Lebman, Abraham & Co. vs. Jacob Is Judgment for plaintiff for \$505.
P. E. Sarrazin vs. Gunther & Steve Judgment for plaintiff for \$505.
Judgment for plaintiff for \$505.
Judgment against defe dants, Wn. Amad Jas. Wilson, in solido, for \$5805.
Judgment against defe dants, Wn. and Jas. Wilson, in solido, for \$5805.
Judgment against defe dants, Wn. and Jas. Wilson, in solido, for \$5805.
Judgment against defe dants, Wn. and Jas. Wilson, in solido, for \$5805.
Judgment against defe dants, Wn. and Judgment against defe dants, Wn. and Judgment will be decreased in the petition.
Judgment for Judgment for Judgment for Judgment for Judgment for Stevenson & Co. vs. Chicago, 8.
Judgment for new trial herein taken on the June, it is ordered that and rule be discontinuation.

SUPERIOR CRIMINAL COURT MOTION OVERBULED. Motion for new trial in the case of Js Finn, convicted of shooting with intenti-der W. W. Rogers.

UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Motion for new trial in the case of Dick Is lias Richard A. Nairey, convicted of large Ed. Ryder, charged with carrying e weapons, withdrew plea of not guilty, guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine or to imprisonment for five days in th Prison.

ACQUITTED. Thos. Usher, charged with assault

NOT A TRUE BILL.

In the case of John McCullom, charged urson, the grand jury returned not a useful the accused was discharged.

SECOND RECORDER'S COURT. Petty Larceny-Mary Clayton, allas lifton, \$500. Discharged and Rear

Peter Pilger, charged with breach of and embezzlement, was yesterday tried Judge Sheehan and discharged. As soon was acquitted W. I. Brooks made aff against him, charging him with obtaining the presence and he warrested. Broke His Leg.

At 8:45 o'clock last evening a colored while breaking out cotton on the boiler of the steamboat Clara Lee, fell to the wharf and broke his right leg above the anki was removed to the hospital.

Till Tapping. At 11:45 o'clock resterday an unknows at entered one Raynes' orster saloon, local the corner of Dauphine and Desire streets, tapped the till to the amount of as naproprietor threw a tumbler at the thief, a toreed him to drop the drawer.

I'm weary of the food I have to Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic restores the i