The bill to readjust the sugar tariff has failed. It was brought up yesterday under a favorable report, but the opposition manifested was so formidable that its friends deemed it best to withdraw it, with the understanding that it should not be again presented during the present session.

Yesterday the Democrats of West Feliciana assembled in convention and nominated Hon. W. W. Leake as a candidate for delegate from that parish to the constitutional convention. The convention also nominated Judge Butler as a senatorial candidate, thus conflicting with the nomination of Judge Lyons by the senatorial district convention at Jackson several days ago. The cause of disagreement between the two Felicianas as to the district delegate is not stated by our correspondents.

A new outrage on the negroes of this country has been discovered, but it is not in the South this time but in the Indian Territory. The Cherokees, it is stated, have lately been persecuting the colored people of their Territory. There are some three hundred negro families living with the Cherokee nation. These were formerly slaves but were freed by the war and given small farms. All of this, however, the Cherokee Grand Council has lately revoked. It has just declared banishment against all the colored residents of the Cherokee territory and the confiscation of all their property, the land to be sold for the benefit of the Cherokees, and the unfortunate negroes to be thrust out of the country with nothing but the clothes they wear. The matter has been called to the attention of the administration, but it is difficult to see what it can do.

It may be well to remember that the "degraded" States, Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee, which insist upon scaling their State debts, pay all their employees, from Governor to porter, dollar for dollar for their services. No grasping bondholder steps in with his coupon, nor warrant shaver with a warrant bought at half price from some State employee who is forced to sell to buy bread for his family, and takes away the money collected for the running expenses of the State. Not a bit of it. These "degraded" States pay as they go, and an account against them for work performed, in whatever capacity, is as good at the State treasury as a $\overline{\text{g}}$ draft on one of our most stable banking institutions. Is it a wonder, in view of these facts, that those who work for Louisiana, as well as the vast body of the taxpayers, insist that we should be "degraded" also? A little "degredation" of this kind seems to be a very good thing.

If the newspapers continue to investigate our cupboards and pantries, actual starvation is certain. When it was discovered, several months ago, that we sweetened our coffee with muriate of tin and sulphuric acid, nervous people became alarmed and promised to give up the cup that "cheers but don't inebriate," but since then so many awful discoveries have been made that it is really a question now what is safe to eat.

To begin with meat, it was clearly shown by an investigation of the Chicago pork inspector, some time ago, that one-fifth of all the pork slaughtered in that market was affected with trichinæ, the cause of the terrible disease of trichinosis. New York has just discovered that all her beef is liable to secure Texas fever, while her milk is certain to produce typhus fever. Now comes Dr. Querner, of Philadelphia, with the discovery that even our fruits are unhealthy, lemons, oranges and particularly apples being affected with diphtheria. The doctor, who has studied the matter thoroughly for years, with the aid of a microscope, is convinced that all the diphtheria in the country is produced directly by eating the poisoned and affected fruit.

The summing up of which is that an ordinary breakfast of coffee, sausages, beefsteak and oranges contains no less than five diseases, Bright's disease, typhus, trichinosis, pneumonia and diphtheria. Restrain your appetites when you think of this.

LEVEE WORKS AND SURVEYS.

Major C. W. Howell, of the United States Engineer Corps, was visited yesterday by a DEMOCRAT reporter, with a view of gleaning some items of interest about surveying and engineering news.

Major Howell informed us that the work of laying cane mats along the river front has been suspended lately on account of the high stage of the river and the number of ships in the way of the work. So far the mats have been laid down to the head of Barracks street, and it is proposed to resume when the river gets low enough and the shipping has diminished. It is proposed to lay out the mats as far as Montegut street.

The first appropriation of $50,000 will be probably enough to complete the work as far as the above point. There is a large amount of material on hand, the number of barges is sufficient and the stock of cane is 100,000. Of the appropriation there still remains $19,-784 95. The city had received about $7200 for the expenses of the survey entire river front of the city previous to the commencement of the work.

Major Howell is confident, should Congress pass the river and harbor bill, that he will be able to cover the whole front below Canal street by using the second appropriation. It is probable that the Harbor Commission will be convened in the spring to examine the works.

The removal of obstructions in the Bayou Lafourche has been suspended on account of high water; the work has progressed as far as Lafourche crossing. The Essayons, which was at work at Sabine Pass, has operated a fifteen-foot channel, and has been ordered back to New Orleans, as the appropriation for the dredging of the pass is getting short.

Of the latter appropriation, which amounted to $35,000 when dredging was last begun, there remains a balance of $7250 61.

Surveys are all completed except the one of the lower Pearl River from Jackson, Miss., down. That part of the survey will be resumed when the river lowers.

THE NICHOLLS LUNCH HOUSE—This establishment has worked a marvelous change in the habits of the people of New Orleans. For years and years this community has felt the absolute necessity for just such a place as the now celebrated Nicholls Lunch House; but, whilst it was evident to all that such an establishment was wanted, no one was willing, until now, to venture their means in any enterprise of the kind. A peep into this favorite saloon will reveal the fact that it is well patronized by our best people. The beautiful rooms upstairs, which have been lately lavishly fitted up with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class restaurant for ladies, has become very popular. Here a lady may sit and read whilst her lunch is being prepared, there being close at hand a full supply of the latest periodicals. One of the best features about the Nicholls Lunch House is the scrupulously clean and neat appearance of everything in the establishment. The upstairs department is presided over by the proprietor's wife, who is a splendid housekeeper, and who is fully alive to the requirements of her numerous guests. If a cheap, clean and delicious lunch, at half-price, is what one wants, then, by all means, patronize the Nicholls Lunch House.

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES THEATRE.

The Claxton Combination give their farewell performance this evening, with the play "Two Orphans" as the bill.

H. M. S. PINAFORE.

The new musical sensation from the exquisite pen of W. S. Gilbert, music by Arthur Sullivan, and which has created a furore on both sides of the Atlantic, will be presented to-morrow for the first time in this city at the Varieties Theatre. The attractiveness of the performance will be enhanced by new scedery, machinery, appointments and costumes, which Manager Hall has lavishly provided for, and rendered still more attractive by the fact that all the roles will be interpreted by New Orleans young folks. We give the cast, as far as we are permitted to do so:

The Right Hon. Sir Joseph Porter, K. C. B., First Lord of the Admiralty ... Wm. Sumner
Capt. Corcoran, commanding H. M. S. Pinafore ... James Ross
Ralph Rackstraw, able seaman ... Mr. Eunis
Dick Deadeye, able seaman ... John Legler
Bill Bobstay, boatswain ... T. W. Bremer
Bob Becket, carpenter's mate ... Mr. Renaud
Tom Tucker, midshipman ... Little Bob
Tom Bowlin ...
Josephine the captain's daughter, Miss Amy McPherson
Little Buttercup, a Portsmouth bumboat woman, Miss Annie Wellington
Hebe, Sir Joseph's first cousin, Miss Alice Vivian
Laura, his second cousin; Betty his third cousin; Lady Dorothy, his maternal aunt; Lady Lucy, his paternal aunt; Miss Prim, another aunt; Helen, his first cousin; Rose, his fourth cousin; Violet, another second cousin; Caroline, another first cousin; Dolly, another third cousin; Mary, another second cousin; Laura, his sister; Eugenie, another sister; Bella, his youngest sister—By other ladies of New Orleans.
Sailors, landsmen and others.

St. Charles Theatre.

To-night begins the season of low prices at the St. Charles, which, we understand, the management intends to maintain hereafter, to comply with stringencies of the times. The general admission will be 50 cents, reserved seats 75 cents, family circle 25 cents and gallery 15 cents.

Mishler's Swedish Lady Vocal Quartette and Mr. Alex. Freygang, the harp soloist, will make their first bow to a New Orleans public on this occasion. The quartette is composed of Misses Ingeborg Lofgren, mezzo soprano; Emma Larson, soprano; Anna Cedergren, contralto, and Inga Ekstrom, alto.

These singers come to us with a splendid reputation, and, from all accounts, some of which are glowing with praise, will entertain the music-loving portion of our population. Although few in number they give a varied performance which surprises, as well as it delights; and to add to the charms of the entertainments the ladies combine personal beauty with their reputed talent. The performance for this evening comprises twelve singing pieces, English, Swedish and German, among which we may mention The Wedding March of Soderman, "My Song" of Nylen, and "Old Folks at Home," "Alpsang" of Abt, Baby Mine and Shydia Pa, a polka of Whalin. The selections of Mr. Freygang are also varied and choice. We have every reason to believe that the combination will meet with success here.

The Academy.

Sardou's really charming play, "Diplomacy," has been drawing excellent houses during the past week at the Academy. The play itself is exquisite and entirely deserving of the great success it has met with, while the combination is, what we seldom see in these latter days of stars, a good stock company. However, we have been treated this season, at all the theatres, to fewer stars and, therefore, to better plays, for to our mind, a good play, well sustained throughout, so as to present a "dramatic entity," as the critics say, is infinitely more pleasing than a star supported by a lot of buffoons and stage-struck barbers and steamstresses. In the "Diplomacy" troop there is not a single star, though there are quite a number of first class stock actors. In this day when almost anybody can star, this is superlative praise, and carries us back to the good old days of the wholesome English drama, when the stage was a profession in which men and women struggled hard for the positions they finally attained.

In this connection there is one member of the "Diplomacy" company to whom a special allusion is pardonable, Mrs. Alexina Fisher Baker, whose name will call up many a pleasant reminiscence to the old New Orleans play-goer. This lady, who so admirably portrays the *Marquese de Rio Zares* in Sardou's play, is the widow of Lewis Baker, the Manager of the old Varieties at the time of its destruction by fire, and who brought to this city, in our opinion, the best company ever engaged in that theatre. More than thirty years ago Mrs. Baker was a famous actress in the days of stock companies, when the only stars in this country were Macready, Kean, the elder Booth, Ellen Tree, Anderson, Hackett, and men and women of like eminent ability and attainments. The name of Alexina Fisher—now Mrs. Baker—appears in nearly every acting copy of the standard plays of that glorious epoch of the American stage. This lady is now, as she was then, a most excellent and conscientious artist. Her *Marquese* in Diplomacy could not well be improved upon. Miss Josephine Baker, who enacts the part of *Dora*, is, in fact as well as fiction, the daughter of Mrs. Baker. She is pretty, and has a good conception of her part, but she is, as yet, somewhat crude and it can scarcely be said that her style is yet formed, or her specialty developed.

We had not intended, however, to criticise, but only to recall some pleasurable reminiscences to the old-timers, who will always wish well for Mrs. Baker and her charming daughter.

To-night the Emerson Minstrels will hold the bards.

The Gardes Lafayette Ball.

This splendid organization announce that it will give a grand mask, fancy dress and military ball on St. Joseph's night, mid-lent, at St. Patrick's Hall. The immense number of people who attended the ball of the "Gardes" last year, will attest to the ability of this company to give a select entertainment.

NEW YORK NOTES.

Grand and Lofty Tumble—From Affluence to a Prison for Theft.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Robert Martin, ex-member of the Stock Exchange, who ten years ago was a millionaire, and who in his prosperous days gave $100,000 at one time to the New York churches, just stood at the bar of the special sessions and heard the voice of the judge sentencing him for the theft of a coat and shirt to five days in the city prison. Martin was pale, haggard and his head was bowed down, but he appeared every inch a gentleman not only in attire but in manner. A prominent member of the Stock Exchange and a well-known man in society pleaded for him.

A Man Gags and Robs Himself—Novel Suit Against a Wife for Marrying Her—The World Exposes a Lottery Swindle.

NEW YORK, March 1.—John Luxsinger was arrested at Union Hill, New Jersey, and charged with helping to rob his friend, John Waltner. The latter then confessed he had bound, gagged and robbed himself.

Sam'l M. Clark sues his wife for $10,000 for marrying her. He married the divorced wife of Adolphe Berry, possessed of $100,000. He was thirteen years younger than she, but says she promised him $10,000 if he became her husband. They married January 8, 1873, and traveled two years in Europe. He alleges that he has often requested her to pay him the $10,000 which she agreed to give him in addition to supporting him and paying his traveling expenses, but she has neglected and refused to do so. He also wants the interest. Mrs. Clarke explicitly denies that she made the alleged agreement to pay Clarke to become her husband. She was forty-five when she was married to Clarke and had a married daughter.

The *World* tells how bogus jewelers play at the impolicy of tempting greenhorns, and says that for many months past the South and West have been fairly peppered with circulars of the only lottery drawn in New York city, purporting to come from the New York Jewelers and Watch Importers' Association. The business is a swindle.

Raising Money for Another Cuban Revolution—Diseased Cattle Imported from England.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Senor Don Nicolos Estevanez, ex-Governor of Madrid, ousted from office by the Castelar government, has arrived here by steamer Amerique from Havre. He was met by several distinguished Cubans, and it is reported that he is about to materially help the Cuban patriots in a forthcoming revolution. It is said over $100,000 has been raised in this city to carry on the war in Cuba against Spain. Great excitement reigns in both Spanish and Cuban circles.

The steamer Lepanto, which arrived from Hull this morning, after a fearful passage, brings among her freight four bulls and twenty-six cows, which have been quarantined by the New Jersey health officials. The British government considers Hull an infected port, and has forbidden the landing of cattle there. The animals will be examined to-morrow. Seven steamers left this port for Europe to-day, none of which had cattle on board. It is probable that there will not be any shipments for some time to come.

The Financial Review.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Events of the week in financial circles were not of an important character as a general thing. Although there have been some wide fluctuations on the Stock Exchange, there has been a hardening tendency to the money market, and while the bulk of the business call has been done at 2½@3½ per cent, some borrowers have had to pay as high as 5@6 per cent. Foreign exchange has been steady throughout the week. Government bonds have been fairly active during the week, with a fractional advance in prices.

Railway and miscellaneous speculation was active and decidedly irregular in course. At the opening there was a sharp break in prices, the decline ranging from 1 to 7¾ per cent, the latter in Union Pacific. Subsequently an advance of 1 to 5¼ per cent, the latter in Western Union, took place, but towards the close the pressure to sell was renewed, especially in the case of coal stocks and granger shares, and the greater part of the advance was lost.

River Business at Memphis.

[Special to the Democrat.]

MEMPHIS, March 1.—The Dean from Cairo with 700 tons added fifty bales cotton, thirty barrels lime, 8000 sacks oil cake. The Parker for Cincinnati, had 1000 bales cotton, 500 barrels oil, fifty tons rags, ten tons iron. The Baker and barges went down. The City of Alton gets 2000 sacks oil meal, 700 sacks cake, 700 bales cotton. The Red Cloud, for St. Louis had 1200 bales cotton. The weather is warm. Business is good. PRICE.

Incendiary Fires at Columbus, O.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 1.—The dwelling and stable of Wm. Murphy, on Seventh street, to-night was entirely destroyed by fire. Loss about $5000 and no insurance. This is the fifth fire within an hour. The opinion prevails that it is all the work of desperate incendiaries for the purpose of plunder. Another fire has just broken out in the east end of the the city. The department is not at all equal to the emergency.

Illness of the Relatives of Bishop Foley.

CHICAGO, March 1.—A special from Baltimore says the Rev. John Foley, is dangerously ill, the result of care in attendance upon his brother, the late Bishop Foley. The Bishop's aged mother is also said to be almost prostrated with grief.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—For the Gulf States, north to east winds, a slight fall in temperature, stationary or slowly rising barometer, and partly cloudy weather, with local rains.

AN ORLEANIAN IN GOTHAM.—By a notice in another column, to which we take pleasure in directing the attention of our readers, it will be seen that Capt. Edward Owen has become the head of a large mercantile house in New York city, wholesale dealers in teas, wines and liquors. Capt. Owen is well known, greatly esteemed and beloved in this city, where for several years he resided. During the Confederate war he, with his brother, Col. W. M. Owen, now commanding the Washington Artillery, won a glorious name for himself, and is now held in affectionate remembrance by his old comrades. Capt. Ned is not only a gallant and accomplished gentleman, but a thorough and reliable business man, and we, in common with his multitudinous friends here and elsewhere, wish him a full measure of success and prosperity. He will soon have his agents in this city; in the meantime his brother, whose office is on Varieties Alley, will represent him.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE UNDERsigned have formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the State of New York.

I.—The name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is EDWARD OWEN & COMPANY.

II.—The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is wholesale dealings in teas, wines and liquors, for the firm account and on commission.

III.—The names of all the general and special partners are as follows, viz.: Edward Owen and A. B. Owen, of the city of New York, are the general partners, and Sylvester P. Molliner, formerly of the city of Havana, island of Cuba, now of the city of New York, is the special partner.

IV.—The amount of capital stock which Sylvester P. Molliner, the special partner, has contributed to the common stock is forty thousand dollars.

V.—The said partnership is to commence on the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and is to terminate on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

Dated New York, February 14, 1879.

EDWARD OWEN,
A. B. OWEN
General Partners.
S. P. MOLINER,
Special Partner.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.:

On this fourteenth day of February, 1879, before me personally appeared Edward Owen, A. B. Owen and Silvester P. Molliner, known to me, and to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and acknowledged that they executed the same for the purposes therein mentioned.

THEODORE E. LEEDS,
[Official seal.] Notary Public Rich. Co.
Certf. filed in N. Y. Co.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.:

Edward Owen, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate, and that the sum of forty thousand dollars, specified in said certificate as having been contributed by the special partner to the common stock, has been actually and in good faith paid in cash. EDWARD OWEN.

Sworn to before me this fifteenth day of February, 1879. THEODORE E. LEEDS,
[Official seal.] Notary Public Rich. Co.
mh2 7t Certf. filed in N. Y. Co.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Crescent Billiard Hall, Corner St. Charles and Canal streets—New Orleans, March 2, 1879—At the raffle of the steamboat Crescent City at Crescent Hall last night, Ticket No. 500 won the prize. mh2 1t*

Louisiana Sugar Planters' Association—The annual meeting of the Louisiana Sugar Planters' Association will be held at their office, 24 Baronne street, on THURSDAY, March 6, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at which time an election for officers for the ensuing year will take place. A full attendance of the members is earnestly requested, and all who take an interest in the development of the sugar industry of the State are cordially invited to attend.
mh2 SuWeTh JAMES F. GIFFEN, Sec'y.

The New Orleans Savings Institution—In view of the fact that there has been an increased demand made by depositors upon the institution, and that as the investments were made to secure interest to depositors on securities and assets which cannot be realized immediately without great sacrifice and loss:

Resolved, That availing ourselves of the power granted by the charter, 15 per cent will be paid immediately, and notice of ninety days will be required for subsequent payments.

DAVID URQUHART,
President.
C. COHN,
ALFRED MOULTON,
EO. A. PALFREY,
THOS. A. ADAMS,
CHAS. J. LEEDS,
mh1 tf Trustees.

Office of the St. Charles Street Railroad Company, corner Carondelet and Eighth streets, New Orleans, February 28, 1879—Certificate No. 262, in favor of Mrs. Sarah T. Bowman, for nine shares of the capital stock of this company, dated August 10, 1869, having been lost or mislaid, notice is hereby given that unless the same be produced at this office within thirty days from date hereof, a new certificate will issue in lieu thereof, and said certificate No. 262 be declared null and void.
mh1 30t V. RIVIERE, Secretary.

Card to the Public—Take Notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. ISAURE L. HOPKINS from and after this date. CHAS. E. HOPKINS.
New Orleans, February 28, 1879. [928 3t*

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York—The undersigned have been appointed State Agents of Louisiana for the above named society, and are prepared to issue policies on the Tontine and other approved plans. Special attention is invited to the TONTINE SAVINGS FUND policy. The Society is so well and favorably known as to its immense assets as to render comment in this particular unnecessary.

WELSHANS & WOODS,
fe22 1m 138 Gravier street.

Office of the Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughter-House Company, No. 20 Carondelet street, New Orleans, February 19, 1879.—An annual election for directors of this company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, March 5, 1879, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m.
fe19 td J. N. AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

Notice.—The undersigned having purchased the entire property of the CRESCENT CITY ICE COMPANY IN LIQUIDATION, will continue the ice business under the same name at the old stands, **71** and **73** FRONT STREET, and **16** and **18** SORAPURU STREET, and **35** and **37** VICTORY STREET.

ADDISON GAGE & CO.
JOHN F. KRANZ.
JOSEPH S. SMITH.
fe11 1m WM. VOLCKMAN.

Special notice to agents of steamships and steamboats—Office St. Bernard Coal Company, No. 29 Carondelet street, New Orleans, January 11, 1879.—Until further no ice we will deliver coal to steamships and steamboats at the following rates: Pittsburg coal, to steamships, stowed in bunkers, $3 75 per ton; St. Bernard coal, to steamships, stowed in bunkers, $3 25 per ton; Pittsburg coal, to steamboats, 45c per box; St. Bernard coal, to steamboats, 35c per box.
ja12 tf W. S. CAMPBELL, Agent.

The Woman's Christian Union will meet every TUESDAY, at 11 a. m., at the Carondelet Street Methodist Church.
MRS. J. J. LYONS, President.
MRS. H. J. COOP, Secretary. de5 tf

CANDIDATES.

Constitutional Convention — Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards—I solicit the support of the voters of the above wards to represent them in the approaching Constitutional Convention, subject to nomination, as per agreement between conference committees.

FRANK McGLOIN,
fe25 1w 61 Camp street.

BANK NOTICES.

Citizens' Savings Bank,
(A bank for small savings.)
Corner Baronne and Gravier streets.
Six per cent interest paid on deposits.
ADVANCES MADE ON COLLATERALS.
oc27 6m

DRY GOODS, ETC.

CLOTHING.