THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1879.

Commercial and Financial Matters.

The export of bulk corn yesterday amounted to 35,298 bushels, the steamship Chancellor, for Liverpool, clearing with 65,255 bushels, and the steamer Azia Sofia, for the same port, with 20,098 bushels.

There was a decided improvement yesterday in State Consols; they closed firm at 49¾@50¼, against 48¾@49¾ on Thursday. Premium Bonds were steady at 25¾@26¼, against 26¼@26¾ on the previous day. The sales at the Exchange footed up $141,000 of States and $40,000 of Premiums.

The silver coin bill which passed the lower house of Congress on Tuesday provides that subsidiary silver coin shall be legal tender for all debts not exceeding $20, and shall be interchangeable with lawful money to that amount; also makes the minor coinage receivable at postoffices to the amount of $5.

Five years ago the assessed valuations of real and personal estate in New York were $1,154,000,000; last year they were $1,098,000,000. In 1874 the rate of taxation was 2.80 per cent; for 1879 it will be about 2.55 per cent. The aggregate amount of tax to be levied this year is $4,000,000 less than it was in 1874.

The proclamation of Gov. Roberts, establishing quarantine along the coast of Texas against all vessels from or that may touch at any port south of latitude 28° north, to take effect from and after April 25, 1879, and against any other port or place at which contagious or epidemic disease may exist, is published in the Galveston News of the twenty-third instant.

Secretary Sherman has succeeded in retiring $145,000,000 of 6 per cent bonds in 1877, and $109,556,850 in 1878, and $340,079,300 in the first quarter of 1879, and now has also provided for the retirement of $164,566,300 of 5 per cents—making in all $791,202,450 in sixes and fives that have been put out of the way within less than twenty-five months and a half. There will remain only $283,681,350 6 per cents, and $508,440,350 5 per cent bonds to be refunded in 1881, and after that time no further reduction can be made for ten years, until the 4½ per cent bonds become redeemable.

The New York Public believes that the prospect for a better price for wheat continues to improve. The Black Sea stock on the first of April was only 1,200,000, against nearly 8,000,000 in January. In Great Britain the average sown is half a million less than last year. But the bull prospect is confined to European markets. In the Atlantic exporting cities the stock has decreased in four weeks only 2,600,000 bushels, or less than the shipments from the interior in a single week. A rise in the London price would be checked by increased shipments from the United States.

The greatest evil in England to-day is the tenure of land, and we find a recognition of the fact in an article on "The Best Remedy for the Present Industrial Distress" in Macmillan's Magazine for April. More than half the soil of Great Britain is in the hands of two thousand proprietors, and the number of landholders is steadily decreasing. The French revolution was worth all it cost in dividing the soil among the people. In England millions of acres are devoted to deer parks and other game preserves, while the people are crowded together to that extent that a rabbit has more land and sunshine of his own than a human being. England sadly needs what cost so much blood in France. It is to be hoped it can get it peaceably.

The vote on the California new constitution will take place May 7. No canvass of a new constitution in this country, for years, has been marked by such deep interest, and the fact is due to the spirit of hostility to corporations and large land-holding that pervades the instrument. The opposition to it is bitter, because, it is asserted, corporations will hardly be able to exist under it. The Central Railroad Company, the great water and mining companies, the banks, the insurance companies and the other great stock associations that have controlled the Pacific slope for years, are making vehement opposition to it. But the very features that make the instrument distasteful to these powers, we are told, give it favor with the people, and if the truth must be told, the active support of it by Kearney and his Workingmen's party is the influence that is relied on to carry it. The friends of the constitution predict that it will be adopted by 25,000 majority.

Shipping men are jubilant over the recent decision of Judge Choate, in the United States District Court at New York, which virtually exempts vessels engaged in near-by trade from the interference of the United States Shipping Commissioner. Some time ago an amendment was secured with this object in view, but a clause in another portion of the law which required the payment of all discharged crews to be made in the presence of the commissioner was inadvertently left unchanged, and under color of this ship owners claim that they have been hassed beyond the intent of the act as it stands. A test case was made before Judge Choate, who decided that where merchant vessels are engaged in trade between the United States and the British North American possessions, or the Republic of Mexico, or between ports on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, the requirement does not apply, and a master or consignee has authority to pay off his crew without the intervention of the shipping commissioner.

The Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Republican telegraphs to that journal as follows: "One of the objects of the trip recently made by Director of the Mint Burchard to New Orleans was to learn if it was practicable to send to the Mint at that point some of the silver bullion to be coined into the standard dollars. The express companies agreed to carry the bullion to New Orleans from Colorado at the same rate they had been charging to send it to Philadelphia. Accordingly it has been decided to purchase 50,000 ounces for New Orleans every week, and to-morrow the first bids will be received for the sale of bullion to be delivered at New Orleans. The proposal for this week and for some weeks to come will be for 200,000 ounces for San Francisco and 50,000 ounces for New Orleans, the Philadelphia mint having a supply on hand sufficient for some time to come. The present capacity of the New Orleans mint is about $300,000 a month, to which limit the director of the mint expects to have it worked. Up to this time comparatively no bullion has been shipped to New Orleans, the mint having been engaged almost exclusively in recoining Mexican dollars which have been purchased as bullion.

A writer in the London Times draws a forcible contrast between the progress of American industry and that of Great Britain in cotton weaving, the difference being due in a great measure to the superior inventive skill of our countrymen and the promptness with which they take hold of and apply new improvements in machinery. In the twenty-five years from 1853 to 1878 the average weekly product of English weavers rose from 325 yards in sixty hours to 375 yards in fifty-seven hours—an increase in productive capacity per hand of 3.7 yards per hour, or 23 per cent in the average rate of production. In the decade between 1865 and 1875 the cotton operatives of the United States increased in number 150 per cent, and in aggregate rate of production 500 per cent. The progress due to improvement in processes was more than ten times as rapid in this country as in England. The ability to double in the course of only ten years the number of yards a cotton weaver can produce in a given time makes the competition of the United States a very formidable thing for Great Britain. The Times' writer further says that for some time American manufacturers have brought to bear upon their processes "an eager [illegible] of improvement and economy, combined with a remarkable affluence of mechanical [illegible]tion," and that in consequence of this [illegible] to produce many grades of [illegible] cost than their English rivals [illegible]

I'm weary of the [illegible] lines
[illegible] Gilt Edge [illegible] Cole-
[illegible] and investigation, and [illegible] mar-
[illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

OFFICE OF NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Friday Evening, April 25, 1879.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING-HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
April 19	$1,092,854 94	$143,099 89
April 21	1,041 646 57	89 825 85
April 22	1,235,187 76	153,369 73
April 23	1,026,968 79	170,915 52
April 24	990,135 20	155,624 05
April 25	844,118 31	131,091 55
Total this week	$6,230,860 97	$843,926 29

We quote exceptional paper 6@7 ⅌ cent; A1 do 7@—; second grade do —@—; loans on collaterals 6@8; A1 mortgage paper 8@—; second grade do —@— ⅌ cent per annum.

Mexican dollars are now quoted at 84¼@84¾ and trade dollars at 90@96. Halves and quarters (American) are quoted at 99@99½.

The sales of foreign exchange were small and rates are firm. Bank sterling rules at —@487½, and bill of lading and clear bills at 484@485.

French bills are firm and quiet. We quote bank francs —; commercial 5.21¼.

Bank sight bills opened firm and closed strong at ¼ ⅌ cent premium for bank counter rate; commercial is quoted ¼ ⅌ cent premium.

State Consols firm at 49¾@50¼.

Premium Bonds closed steady at 25¾@26¼.

Stocks are firm.

STOCKS.

BANKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Canal and Banking Co., p v 100	90	94
Citizen's, p v 100	63½	65½
Citizens' Savings, p v 100	95	—
Germania National, p v 100	85	100
Hibernia National	90	92½
Bank of Lafayette	—	102½
Louisiana Savings	—	—
Louisiana National, p v 100	88	92½
Metropolitan Loan and Savings, p	—	—
Mutual National, p v 100	92½	95
New Orleans National, p v 100	92½	—
People's, p v 50	46½	47
State National, p v 100	—	100
Union National, p v 100	—	85
Workingmen's, p v 25	10	12
INSURANCE COMPANIES.		
Crescent Mutual, p v 100	89	90½
Factors and Traders', p v 100	108	109
Firemen's, p v 50	54	—
Germania, p v 100	55	—
Hibernia, p v 100	86	92½
Home, p v 40	21½	22½
Hope, p v 100	45	47½
Lafayette	28½	—
Merchants' Mutual	44½	45½
Mechanics and Traders'	81	86½
New Orleans Ins. Ass'n, p v 50	28	28½
N. O. Ins. Company, p v 50	46½	47
People's Ins. Company, p v 25	20	21½
Sun Mutual, p v 100	98	100
Teutonia, p v 100	93½	97½
CITY RAILROADS.		
Carrollton, p v 100	131	—
Crescent City, p v 50	52	52½
Canal and Claiborne streets	1½	—
New Orleans City, p v 100	108	109
Orleans, p v 50	20½	—
St. Charles Street, p v 50	77½	78½
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Bienville Oil Works	93	98
Crescent City Oil Co	94½	99
Crescent City Slaughter-House Company, p v	25	28
Im. Bonded Warehouse, p v 100	22½	—
Jeff. City Gaslight Co., p v 100	20	50
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Co., p v 50	26	27
Louisiana Oil Co	90	100
Levee Steam Cotton Press, p v 100	—	26
N. O. Gaslight Co., p v 100	81	82½
N. O. Waterworks Company	29½	29½
Planters' Oil Co	62½	—
Sugar Shed Company, p v 50	—	80
BONDS.		
State Consols	49¾	50¼
City Premium Bonds	25¾	26¼
City Consolidated Bonds	31¼	32¼
Jackson R. R. 1st mortgage	110½	—
Jackson R. R. 2d mortgage coupons	103	—
Jackson R. R. 2d mortgage debt	100	—
Jackson R. R. Consolidated Gold	20	—

NEW ORLEANS STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

FIRST CALL—10 A. M.

15 shares People's Bank 46½
$12,000 State Consols 49
15,000 State Consols 49½
5,000 State Consols 49½
10,000 State Consols 49
10,000 State Consols (S. 30) 48¾
States 48¾@49¼; Premiums 20@26¼.

SECOND CALL—12 M.

$35,000 State Consols 49¼
25,000 State Consols (S. 30) 49½
States 49¼@49¾; Premiums 26@26¾.

THIRD CALL—2 P. M.

$7,000 State Consols 49½
17,000 Premium Bonds 26
23,000 Premium Bonds (B to drawing) 26½
States 49½@49¾; Premiums 25¾@26¼.

CLOSING CALL—3:15 P. M.

$2,000 State Consols 49¾
5,000 State Consols 50
States 49¾@50¼; Premiums 25¾@26¼.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 25.—Money closed at 3@3½ ⅌ cent. Exchanges closed steady at 487@488. Governments closed firm; currency 6s 123¼@124.

Clearing House Statement—Exchange $683,546,146; balance, $4,471,889.

Louisiana Consols rose to 49¾.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT, Friday Evening, April 25, 1879.

COTTON—Influenced by favorable telegraphic advices from abroad the market ruled firm, and a good demand prevailed throughout the day; the sales summed up to the close aggregating 2800 bales. The movement in futures at New York for the week has been large; the sales to the close to-day amounted to 1,800,000 bales.

The following is the official closing of the Cotton Exchange:

	To-day.	Yesterday.
Low Ordinary	9¾	9¾
Ordinary	10¼	10¼
Good Ordinary	10⅝	10⅝
Low Middling	10⅞	10⅞
Middling	11⅛	11⅛
Good Middling	11⅝	11⅝
Middling Fair	12	12

Sales to-day 2800 bales; market firm.

LOCAL MOVEMENT.

	This year.	Last year.
Receipts since noon yesterday	1,547	955
Receipts same time last week	1,198	2,478
Receipts thus far this week	9,795	9,398
Receipts thus far last week	9,998	10,199
Receipts since September 1	1,145,227	1,325,511
Stock on hand	130,397	161,510
Exports to-day—		
To Great Britain	....	....
To France	....	....
To other continental ports	....	2,131
To coastwise ports	4,405	90

NET RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS.

For seven days	36,418
Same time last week	40,336
Same time last year	32,516
Receipts since September	....
Receipts same time last year	....

STOCKS AT UNITED STATES PORTS.

This day	401 946
Same time last week	422,203
Same time last year	445,596

The movements at ports from 12 m. Friday up to 12 m. to-day is given below:

	Received since Friday.	Same time last week.	Same time last year.
New Orleans	9,795	9,398	9,998
Galveston	1,640	2,476	2,791
Mobile	1,998	2,309	2,729
Savannah	4,713	4,479	1,899
Charleston	1,317	1,612	1,156
Wilmington	298	611	526
Norfolk	5,440	6,799	5,261
Baltimore	85	138	498
New York	2,978	2,668	5,603
Boston	5,838	4,922	1,645
Philadelphia	422	1,056	372
Various	2,251	3,940	639
Total	36,418	40,336	32,516

FUTURES.

The position of the market at New York may be seen from the following:

Middling.	Latest To-day.	Closing yesterday.
January	....	....
February	....	....
March	....	....
April	11.73@11.74	11.54@11.56
May	11.74@11.95	11.60@11.61
June	11.91@11.82	11.79@11.80
July	12.12@12.11	11.97@11.98
August	12.25@12.26	12.11
September	11.93@11.94	11.80@11.82
October	11.33@11.35	11.22
November	10.97@10.99	10.86@10.87
December	10.92@10.93	10.81@10.83

Tone of the market barely steady. Sales 106,000 bales.

OCEAN FREIGHTS FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Cotton.	Steam.	Sail.
Liverpool	⅝d	19-64@5-16d
Havre	c	⅝c
Bremen	5-16d	c
Rotterdam	....d	....d
Bevel	c	....d
Cronstadt	c	....d
Genoa	c	c
Barcelona	c	c
New York	⅝c	c
Boston, Providence, Fall River and Philadelphia, via N. York	⅝c	....

SUGAR—The demand is good for open kettle sugars, and prices are firm. Receipts to-day 220 hhds. We quote:

Inferior	3 @4 c
Common	4⅞@5⅛c
Good Common	5⅛@5½c
Fair	5⅝@5⅞c
Good Fair	5¾@5⅞c
Fully Fair	5¾@5¾c
Prime	5¾@6⅛c
Strictly Prime	5⅞@6 c
Choice	6⅛@6⅛c
Seconds	5 @6⅛c
Yellow Clarified	6⅝@7⅛c
Gray Clarified	6⅞@7⅝c
Off Whites	7⅛@7⅝c
Choice Whites	8 @—c

MOLASSES—The market was unusually active to-day, and prices were strong. Receipts 551 bbls. We quote:

Common	per gallon 20@24c
Fair	25@27c
Centrifugal	20@28c
Prime	29@30c
Strictly Prime	31@32c
Choice	—35@c

COFFEE—From day to day the demand shows a slight improvement and prices are ruling steady.

QUOTATIONS FOR GOLD.

	Cargoes.	Job Lots.
Prime	14¼@15	15¼@16
Good	14¼@14½	15 @15¼
Fair	13¼@13¾	14 @14¼
Ordinary	11 @11¾	11½@11¾
Extreme range	....	9 @17

TOBACCO—is in limited request. Stock on sale 700 hhds.

QUOTATIONS.

Low lugs	2¼@ 2½
Medium	2¾@ 3
Good to fine	3¼@ 3¾
Low fine	4 @ 5
Medium	5 @ 6¼
Good	7 @ 7½
Fine	7½@ 8
Selections	10 @11

CORN MEAL—Receipts this week 3000 bbls, against 3885 bbls last week. The market to-day was a shade lower, choice Western selling on the landing at $2 25 ⅌ bbl. Dealers obtain the usual advance on this rate. Sales—100 bbls at $2 25 ⅌ bbl.

RYE FLOUR—Steady; $3@3 25.

HOMINY—$1 25@2 35, wholesale; $2 50@2 60 jobbing ⅌ bbl.

GRITS—Ex landing $2 60@2 70; jobbing at $2 75@2 85. Sales—25 bbls at $2 60.

PORK—The supply is small; receipts for the week being only 980 bbls, against 1385 bbls last week. Compared with last week prices are easier 12½c and lower. Demand light, and chiefly confined to job lots on factors' orders. We quote old mess at $9 25, and new mess at $10 50 on sales from first hands to the trade. Sales—50 bbls old mess at $9 37½; 50 new at $10 50 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALTED MEATS—Receipts this week 122,620 pounds of meat in bulk, against 186,240 pounds last week. In the run of the week prices have declined ⅛c, but to-day holders asked higher prices, and the tone of the market was firmer. We quote shoulders at 3⅝@3¾c for loose and 3¾c for packed, in car-load lots. Dealers obtain an advance on these prices of ⅛@¼c. Sales—30 boxes at 3½c.

FLOUR—There has been a dull trade in flour this week, and prices are a shade easier, although scarcely quotably lower. Stocks are light, and the receipts from the West have been but little, if any, in excess of the current demands of the trade. Receipts 13,000 bbls, against 29,000 bbls last week. There was a moderate demand to-day and the market closed quiet and steady, with sales amounting to 1800 bbls, as follows: 40 bbls at $4; 25 at $4 12½; 100, 100, 100 and 150 at $5; 85 at $5 12½; 100 at $5 25; 75, 100 and 100, spot, and 200, to arrive, at $5 50; 50 and 100 at $5 60; 150 at $5 62½; 75 at $5 65; 25 at $5 80; 50 at $5 85; 100 and 100 on private terms.

We quote: Fancy extras $5 75@5 85; choice extras $5 50@5 62½; family $5 25@5 50; treble extras $5@5 25; double extras $4 6¼@4 87½; single extras $4 25@4 50; superfine $3 75@4; common $2 75@3 25 ⅌ bbl. Dealers in their trade obtain an advance of 50c ⅌ bbl on these prices.

BACON—Arrivals from the West have been small this week, and the supply on the market is only moderate. Compared with values current last Friday there is a decline in sides of ⅛c, but to-day the demand improved and the low-priced meat found purchasers, which, at the close, gave the market a decidedly better tone. Shoulders found a fair jobbing demand at 4¾c, and sides closed firm at 5⅜@5½c for clear rib sides and 5⅜@5½c for clear sides. Dealers obtain the usual advance on these prices. Sales—50 casks of clear rib sides at 5½c; 20 half casks and 24 boxes do at 5⅜c; 22 boxes clear sides at 5.60c.

LARD—Receipts this week 135 tierces and 150 kegs, against 4 tierces and 117 kegs last week. The market is dull and prices show a decline of ⅛c compared with quotations last Friday. We quote: Tierces 6⅞@7c for refined, and 6½c for packers' steam. Dealers' rates are ⅛c higher.

HAMS—Receipts this week 383 tierces, against 377 tierces last week. Stocks are ample and prices are easy at a decline on rates current last week. We quote canvassed hams 7¼@8¼c for medium averages and 9@9½c for small averages. Sales—10 and 17 tierces at 7½c; 15 tierces at 9½c.

BREAKFAST BACON—Supply good, demand light, and market dull and easy for choice goods at 7¾@8c; dealers are charging 8@8½ for small lots.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—Dealers are selling on orders in the job trade at $5 75 ⅌ half bbl for pig pork; — for rump pork; $8 50@9 for prime pork; — 50 for prime mess; $9 75 for family mess; pigs' feet $1 for kegs, $3 for firkins and $4 25 for bbls.

COW PEAS—The demand for them is good and prices are firm. Sales—2000 bags on private terms; 800 clay at $1 37½, and 328 bags clay at $1 27½ ⅌ bushel.

CORN—Is in fair request. Sales—700 bags yellow mixed and 700 white mixed at 46c; 200 white at 47c, and 200 yellow at 48c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Stock fair and prices steady at 34½@35½c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Stock fair and market weak at 70@75c ⅌ cwt.

HAY—Is in fair supply and prices are steady. Choice $16 50, prime $14@15 ⅌ ton.

WHISKY—Market quiet and easy. We quote choice Cincinnati at $1 08@1 10, fair to good Western at $1 07@1 08, Louisiana $1 05@1 07.

POTATOES—Supply light and market firm at $4 50@5 ⅌ bbl.

ONIONS—Light supply and firm at $3 25@3 75 ⅌ bbl.

CABBAGES—Firm at $3 50@3 75 ⅌ box.

APPLES—None here.

BUTTER—The market is overstocked and prices easy. New York creamery fine 24@25c, New York dairy fine 22@23c, New York dairy good 16@17c, Western fine 14@15c, Western dairy 15@16c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Steady. New York cream 6@6½c, Western cream 4½@6c ⅌ lb. Western Reserve factory 5½@6½c.

STARCH—In fair demand at 3c in lots.

POULTRY—Old chickens $4 50; young $2 50@3 50; ducks $2 50@3; geese $4@5; turkeys $18 ⅌ dozen.

EGGS—Western 10@12c; Louisiana 11@12c ⅌ dozen.

RICE—Firm. Prime 6⅛c, good 6⅛c, fair 5⅞@6c, ordinary 5⅝@5¾c common 5¼@5½c, and No. 2 3¾@4c ⅌ lb.

SALT—Demand light, with a heavy stock on hand. The late arrivals having been imported by the dealers we have no cargo sales to report.

Messrs. Jackson & Manson quote prices from warehouse: Coarse 90@92½c, fine $1 32½@1 35 ⅌ sack, Turks' Island little or no demand; quoted at 75@80c ⅌ bag of two bushels. Table salt in packets for family use 1¾@7c each, as in size.

THE CATTLE MARKET—The following are the quotations of the cattle market:

	Price.
Milch Cows—	
First quality, ⅌ head	$55 00 @75 00
Second quality, ⅌ head	40 00 @50 00
Third quality, ⅌ head	25 00 @35 00
Grass cattle—	
Smooth fat cattle, choice, ⅌ head	— — @35 00
Good fat cattle, ⅌ head	25 00 @0 00
Fair fat cattle, ⅌ head	18 00 @20 00
Common cattle, ⅌ head	10 00 @12 00
Calves and Yearlings—	
Calves, first quality, ⅌ head	8 00 @ 9 00
Calves, second quality, ⅌ head	6 00 @ 7 00
Yearlings, first quality, ⅌ head	10 00 @11 00
Yearlings, second quality, ⅌ h'd	8 00 @ 9 00
Sheep—	
Good fat sheep, ⅌ head	4 00 @ 5 00
Fair sheep, ⅌ head	3 00 @ 3 50
Common sheep, ⅌ head	— — @ 2 00
Cornfed Texas and Western Beeves—	
Choice and extra fat, ⅌ lb gross	4¾ @ 5
Good fat beeves, ⅌ lb gross	3¾ @ 4
Fair fat beeves, ⅌ lb gross	— @ 3
Rough and common, ⅌ lb gross	— @ —
Hogs—	
Good fat hogs, ⅌ lb gross	3½ @ —
Fair hogs, ⅌ lb gross	3 @ —
Common hogs, ⅌ lb gross	— @ —

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

By Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.

Domestic.

NEW YORK, April 25—Coffee easy; sales 4000; mild quiet; sales 800; Maracaibo—Cargoes—Ordinary 10¾, fair 12¾, good 13¾, prime 14¾. Sugar steady; sales 750 hhds, 260 bags. Linseed oil 59@60.

Spot Cotton steady at 10¾; futures barely steady.

CHICAGO, April 25, 9:20 a. m.—Call—Pork—$9 42½ May, $9 52½ June. Short ribs—4.40 bid, 4.47½ asked May, 4.55 June, 4.65@4.67½ July. Dry salt meats 3.50, 4.50.

Union Stock Yards.—Estimated receipts of hogs to-day 12 000; official yesterday 10,095; do shipments 6371; light hogs $3 50@3 60, heavy mixed $3 10@3 35, heavy shipping $3 35@3 70. Cattle—Estimated receipts 5000; market dull and lower.

3:30 p. m.—Wheat—80¾ asked May, 90¾ asked June. Corn—34 May, 35½ asked June, 36½ asked July. Oats—24¾ asked May, 25@25½ June. Pork—$9 55 May, $9 67½ June, $9 77½ bid July. Lard—6.05 May, 6.12½ asked June, 6.20 asked July.

ST. LOUIS, April 25.—Opening.—Wheat—$1 04 bid May, $1 03½ bid June, 96 asked July. Corn—32⅝ May, 33½ June, 34½ bid July, 35¾ bid August.

12:45—Wheat firmer and slow; No. 2 red $1 04½ May, 96 July, $1 04½ cash, No. 3 red $1 02 bid cash. Corn quiet; 32⅝ May, 33½ June, 34½ July, 32½ cash. Oats firmer; 24¾ bid May, 25¾ cash. Whisky steady; $1 04. Pork held higher; $10 asked. Cut meats firm; no sales. Bacon dull; clear ribs 5 10. Lard higher; 5 95.

CINCINNATI, April 25, 12:25 p. m.—Pork $10 bid. Bacon 4, 5¼, 5½. Hams 8½@10. Cut meats—Sales at 3¾@4 50 bid, 4 60 asked, 4¾. Lard 6 bid; 6½@7. Hogs $2 50@3 75; receipts 511. Whisky $1 01.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, April 25, 12:15 p. m.—Cotton—Moderate inquiry; freely supplied; Middling Uplands 6⅞d, Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 8000 bales, of which 1000 are for export and speculation. Wheat—Western spring 7s 4d@8s, Western winter 8s 10d@9s 2d. Flour—Western canal 8s 6d@10s. Corn—New mixed 4s 5d. Barley 5s 3d. Oats 2s 6d. Pork—Prime mess Western 49s. Lard—Prime Western 31s 6d. Bacon—Long clear 25s 6d, short clear 26s. Tallow—American 35s 3d.

Ocean Freights.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Ocean freights were steady but quiet. Grain to Liverpool by steam 6¼d; to Bristol by steam 6¼d; to Cork, for orders, 5s 5¼d, or east coast of Ireland 4s 9d.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ST CHARLES HOTEL—B M Demere, Savannah; S H Wheeler, Bridgeport, Conn; F E Smith and wife, Mobile; L J Glenn, Atlanta, Ga; N S Fisher, Washington; Geo D Clapp, Francis Batchelier, A W Stedman, Boston; A B Hine, New York; D H Talbot, Sioux City; John G Heemerichs, St Louis; J C Andrews, city; W B Rogers, Lexington; W F Manson, Galveston; Jas M Ewart, Belfast; Jas Arbuckle and family, Galveston; R A Torry, United States army; D B Martin, Cincinnati; H St John, La; Wm Klopman, Donaldsonville.

CITY HOTEL—T C Tibbs and family, G W Stubbs and family, J F Ainsworth, Mrs Ainsworth, George Summers, Morton; A N Ogden, Alexandria; Mrs Phillips, Mrs W Lofton Pugh, A C Lewis, Louisiana; S J Wright, Texas; B F Nesmith, South Carolina; W W De Bordeblen, Tuscaloosa; T F Holden, St Louis; H Silverman, Arkansas; A D French, Milwaukee; J M Flirtwood, Miss Flirtwood, Miss C M Beck, Thibodaux; J L Walton, Selma; Dr W B Griffeth, Baltimore; J RLyon, Illinois; R Frank Ayres, Ohio.

SCRAP BOOKS,

From 25 cents to $3.

SCRAP PICTURES,

At 50, 100, 15c and 20c a sheet.

PAPETERIES,

From 10 cents to $2 50 a box.

A fine and large assortment of above just received. All the Text Books used in public and private schools always on hand, and supplied at the lowest price. A large and well selected assortment of Reward Cards for Day and Sunday Schools. Also, Prayer Books, Hymnals, and all Sunday School requisites of the Episcopal Church.

CRESCENT BOOK ROOM,

No. 149 Canal Street.

ja 26 JAS. H. BLACK.

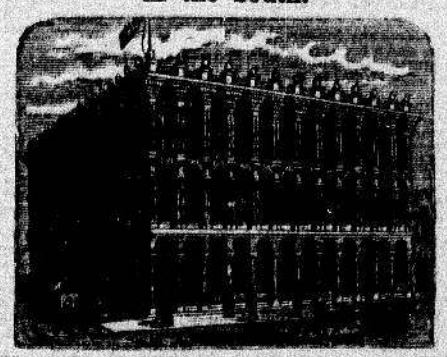
R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY,

FURNITURE EMPORIUM,

CORNER OF CAMP AND POYDRAS STREETS, NEW ORLEANS,

Open and ready for the Fall and Winter Trade with the Largest and Cheapest Stock in the South.

FEATHERS. HAIR, SPRING AND MOSS MATTRESSES.



FINE PARLOR SUITS,

IN SILK, SATIN, COTOLINE, REPS AND HAIR CLOTH.

FINE BEDROOM SUITS,

In Walnut, Mahogany and Rosewood, with French Plate in Armoirs and Dressing Cases.

FINE DINING-ROOM, HALL

And Library Suits, Fancy Cabinets, Stands, Desks, Tables and Chairs.

— AN ASSORTMENT OF —

FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS.

A full line of Office Furniture. A large stock of Medium and Common Furniture, suitable for the country trade.

mh31tf GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE.

CHARLES T. DUGAZON, President. W. A. BILLAUD, Secretary.

LOUISIANA ICE MANUFACTURING CO.

Dealers in

MANUFACTURED AND NORTHERN

ICE! ICE!

WORKS:

ON TCHOUPITOULAS STREET, NEAR LOUISIANA AVENUE.

DEPOTS:

Nos. 27 and 29 Front Street,

No. 12 Crossman Street, No. 60 Bienville Street,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ALBERT J. MICHAELIS, Superintendent. DAN. FINLEY, General Solicitor.

ja30 6m

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

APPEAL TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW ORLEANS.

The New Orleans Auxiliary Sanitary Association has entered upon its duties. Its purpose is to second and supplement the work of the Board of Health and the city authorities, in putting our city at once in as good a sanitary condition as possible, and in keeping it so and steadily improve it. To this end it asks the earnest and intelligent co-operation of every citizen, rich and poor, who has an interest or pride in New Orleans, or any regard or love for the prosperity of this city.

The association with profound satisfaction refer to the well-known gentlemen whose names are on lists of its officers and members as a guarantee of its purposes and the honest spending of every dollar.

The association will consider itself under pledge to expend the money entrusted to it under the direction of its finance committee with sanction of its executive committee. At stated times a public report will be made of every dollar received and disbursed.

For any effective cleaning up and keeping clean of the city a considerable sum of money will be required in addition to the very small sum appropriated to that work by the city budget, for which limited appropriation the Department of Improvements, nor any other department are not to be blamed.

The money we ask you to contribute for our work will return, however, at once to the laboring classes of our people by giving employment to many men in enforced idleness. It will do good in both ways and still remain at home.

Committees are now engaged in soliciting contributions to the treasury of our association from the business men and institutions of our city. But such canvassing must of necessity be partial, and we appeal at once to every citizen to contribute according to his ability, and without waiting to be asked. It must be understood that the association is purely voluntary. It can expend only what is given it. It can impose no tax and make no loan. We need not argue that it is better to spend money to prevent sickness, than to cure it. A dollar now judiciously spent may save a hundred hereafter.

It is noble and humane to contribute, as our people did last summer, their thousands to nurse and care for the indigent sick. It is no less noble and humane and far wiser to contribute their tens and hundreds now to prevent such sickness and misery again. We believe our people are awake to the common sense view of this question. Fellow-citizens, the fortune and future of our city are in the balance. The dullest cannot fail to see this. "God helps those who help themselves." Even the Almighty cannot help those who will not help themselves.

To the patriotism, the benevolence, the intelligence and self-interest of our people we appeal. The eyes of the country are upon us at this moment. Let us resolve that no effort of ours shall be lacking. Let the rich give largely. Let the poor man send his mite.

Let the ladies not forget this work; there are none more interested than they. No contribution will be refused on account of its smallness; all will be acknowledged promptly as desired.

We do not doubt that the people of New Orleans will show themselves in this undertaking worthy of their name and record. The only reward desired by those who founded this association, and will for the present direct its efforts, is the approbation of their own conscience and the earnest hope that when their work is completed it can be said of them: "Well done, good and faithful servants."

Address contributions to Henry Ginder, treasurer, or to any member of the finance committee.

CHAS. A. WHITNEY, President.
CYRUS BUSSEY,
Chairman Executive Committee.
ALBERT BALDWIN,
W. B. SCHMIDT,
JAMES I. DAY,
JULIUS WEIS,
S. HERNSHEIM,
GEO. HORTER,
EDWARD FENNER,
Finance Committee.

JOHN C. HENDERSON, Recording Secretary.

ap14 14t

CITY LICENSES FOR 1879.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CITY HALL, New Orleans, April 8, 1878.

To accommodate the public and save them expensive costs and inconvenience license inspectors clothed with authority to collect will call upon those who have not paid and furnish them the appropriate license under ordinance No. 4789, Administration Series, and those refusing will be enjoined at once.

ap10 ALF. H. ISAACSON, Administrator.

J. Levois,

126 Canal Street,

Calls attention o his

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

FRENCH CASSIMERES,

For Suits and Pants, in the Newest Shades and Patterns.

CHARVET'S GENTS' SHIRTS,

Now offered at VERY LOW PRICES.

GENTS' HALF HOSE,

Brown, White and Fancy Colored.

GENTS' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

ETC. 0c29

Scab and Ticks

IN SHEEP.

S. H. KENNEDY'S

NON-POISONOUS SHEEP DIP,

MANUFACTURED BY

S. H. KENNEDY,

OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

eradicates the pest. This is the only dip that adds to the staple and value of wool. It will cure the most obstinate cases—dilute each gallon in 150 parts hot water, and will not cost a cent a head each dipping.

Packed in ONE and FIVE GALLON TIN CANS.

Dip Scabby Sheep in the early Spring and Summer, as that is the time to eradicate the disease from the skin. Fall and Winter dipping will not cure the Scab. It only holds the disease in check, in the Fall and Winter months, the insect that causes the Scab is forcing his way so deep into the true skin that he cannot be reached or destroyed, while in the early Spring the insect comes to the surface of the skin, and is easily eradicated by one or two dippings in my Sheep Dip.

Sold for $2 25 a gallon, and Freight paid on 50 gallon lots to your railroad depot. Book sent free to Sheep Growers. Address S. H. KENNEDY, Omaha, Nebraska.

KENNARD & FORSYTH,
Wholesale Druggists and General Agents,
jy2 1y Omaha, Nebraska.

OMAHA RHUBARB WINE,

A valuable aid in case of

Indigestion and all Stomach Complaints.

A Purifier of Blood.

This wine contains in an agreeable form all the medical properties of the plant from which it is expressed, the valuable qualities of which are well known to physicians.

Experience has afforded the most ample proof that this wine possesses all the fine aromatic and stomachic properties for which the plant has been esteemed. Its benefits are decided and healthful. Its use is strongly recommended to persons attending sick