DAILY DEMOCRAT.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL STATE OF LOUISIANA.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

Office No. 62 Camp Street.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT NEW ORLEANS AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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One year	$12 00
Six Months	6 00
Three Months	3 00
One Month	1 00

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The Weekly Democrat.

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M. A. BURKE, Managing Editor.

NEW ORLEANS, MARCH 8, 1880.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

For the Gulf States, cloudy and rain, followed by clearing weather, rising barometer, colder north to west winds.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"UNCLE DAN'L," A MESSENGER FROM JARVIS SECTION, *by Mr. B. Macauley and Comedy Company.*

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—"ROMEO AND JULIET," *by Miss Neilson and Dramatic Company.*

GERUNEWALD HALL—"ART ILLUSTRATED," *by Prof. G. R. Cromwell.*

All the Republican members of the Virginia Legislature but two voted for the Riddleberger or repudiation bill.

Congressman De La Matyr, the balance of power man in the Indiana delegation, has been renominated by acclamation by the Greenbackers of the Indianapolis district.

The next State which holds a convention to elect delegates to the Chicago convention is Texas, and it is extremely likely that Grant will get this delegation also. All the county delegates elected to the convention so far are for Ulysses.

Mansfield, O., the place of Sherman's residence, is for him, and his friends claim that he is reasonably sure of two or three Ohio towns. This being the case, it is to be expected that the Sherman movement will now take a fresh start. It is high time.

Charles Cornell, one of the delegates from New York to the Chicago convention, is only eighteen years old. This fact aggravates the slight put upon Gen. Woodford, who wanted to go to the convention, by Senator Conkling, who owes him an old grudge. Woodford was at least a full-fledged voter.

It is known that the number of office-holders in this country had increased over 200 per cent since the war, and that we have now over 100,000 Federal officials. An investigating person who has studied statistics closely, find that exactly $31,252,107 is paid these men yearly in the way of salaries.

After two months' debate on the revision of the rules, the House has finally finished this important work, and can now devote itself to other matters, particularly to the passage of the appropriation bills, which are in a very backward condition for this time of the season.

Iowa, the Yankee State of the West, has always leaned toward prohibition. Various laws controlling and contracting the sale of liquor has been passed from time to time, but it is now proposed to submit the question to the people of the State whether they are in favor of the Maine liquor law or not. The necessary constitutional amendment has passed the Legislature, and will be submitted to the people at the next election. It is generally thought that it will be beaten.

The bill which contains the appropriation for the pay of United States marshals has been prepared by the Congressional committee. It contains the same provisions as the one over which there was such a fight during the extra session last year; namely, that none of the money appropriated shall be used to pay "any fees, compensation or expenses of any marshals, or deputy marshals, for services rendered in connection with registration or elections under any of the provisions of title 26 of the Revised Statutes of the United States." When the report of the committee comes up for action it is probable that the old debate will follow. If this should prove to be the case there will be no longer any room for complaint that the present session is dull and lifeless.

Erring Brother Key has just received a rebuke from the Senate Committee on Appropriations that he will not soon forget. The committee has rejected the proposition to increase the star route grant to $1,500,000, and have prefixed a preamble to the House bill declaring that the deficiency which the increased appropriation was expected to cover was caused by disregarding the law which prohibits the expenditure of money in excess of appropriations. It is probable that Mr. Key will hereafter profit by the example of Secretary of the Navy Thompson, who keeps the expenditures of his department within the appropriations, and has so conducted its affairs as to merit the indorsement implied by the fact that the Congressional committee allow him to make his own estimates.

A curious story of crime is that of William Conkle, the flying artillerist of Bull Creek, O. Conkle believed that he had been badly treated by a neighbor, one Ralston, and determined on revenge. He did not seek it by burning Ralston's house or by stabbing or beating him. He was seen, however, working earnestly of nights at an old iron tube he had in his yard. Suddenly one night Ralston was aroused from his sleep by a loud noise and the sound of timbers falling around him. He and the other members of the family sprang from their beds. Another explosion soon followed with a crashing of planks, and still another. The affrighted family rushed from the ill-fated house, and discovered Conkle standing in the middle of the road in front of the house by the side of a large cannon which he had rigged up and with which he was firing volley after volley into his enemy's residence. It was impossible to capture Conkle that night, and the bombardment was carried on by him until the house was demolished. For this offense Conkle goes to the penitentiary for four years.

THE HEIDENHAIN INVESTIGATION.

When the statement was first made public concerning the charge of corruption against Mr. Heidenhain the DEMOCRAT was inclined to regard it as one of the many idle rumors that almost always prevail during a session of the Legislature, and was loath to believe that even a Radical member of the General Assembly—that even Mr. Heidenhain—had been guilty of the shameful crime imputed to him—the attempt to levy blackmail upon the city administrators.

When the charge was formally made by the Mayor of the city, upon information received from the Administrator of Commerce, and the House appointed a committee to investigate the matter, we were still led to hope that the accused member would be able to show that his language had been misunderstood, and that he had not really made the infamous proposition of which he was accused.

We regret to say that our hopes and expectations have not been sustained, that we have been much too lenient in our view of the case, and that the facts thus far elicited in the investigation leave no room for doubt that the charge against Mr. Heidenhain is true. He has not only been guilty of endeavoring to extort money in his capacity as a legislator, from the city administrators, but he has expressed his perfect willingness to attempt to corrupt other members of the Legislature by the use of money. He has not only done these things, but he has exhibited an unblushing effrontery about the whole matter which proves him to be destitute of every sentiment of honor and as lost to decency as devoid of shame.

Confronted with his accusers his actions and methods are all those of a guilty man, and instead of seeking a full, fair and honest investigation, he pleads for secrecy, makes frivolous and captious objections to the testimony, and then finding that the facts are too glaring to be covered up, adopts the favorite policy of all rogues, and attempts by vile insinuations and by reckless charges to smirch the characters of gentlemen whose reputations—unlike his own—have stood unscathed "the fierce light" that beats upon all men in public station. He adopts the trick of the artful cuttle fish that frequently manages to elude its pursuers by darkening the water around it, but fortunately the spear of truth transfixed him before he bethought himself of that weak and despicable stratagem. Whatever sympathy might have been entertained for this corrupt but weak minded man has been changed to contempt and scorn by his cowardly attempts to blacken the characters of others by making charges against them which were entirely irrelevant to the subject at issue.

Since he has been permitted to make those charges, however, in what purported to be a secret meeting, and the press has given them wide publicity, we think the committee owes it to those who have been assailed to fully investigate the matter. The result can in no way affect Mr. Heidenhain's guilt or innocence, but the charge is a grave one, seriously affecting the reputation of gentlemen who have hitherto lived blameless lives in the community, and in their behalf should be examined into in order that they may have a full and fair opportunity to establish their innocence, and to prove their accuser to be as malicious a slanderer as he appears to be a corrupt and shameless legislator.

PRACTICAL VEGETARIANISM.

The Danielites is the name of a new order or sect which has sprung up in England and is attracting some attention. It dates its existence from the first of September, 1876, when one T. W. Richardson, a medical student and a vegetarian, undertook to start an organization which would tend to bring vegetarians or akreophagists (as the Danielites prefer to call themselves) together, and at the same time be the means of spreading their principles. Mr. Richardon found some dietetic reformers equally ardent with himself, and the organization was soon got into ship-shape and "floated." Like the order of Good Templars, the Danielites have a form of initiation, with degrees, badges, scarfs, etc. The latter, however, are only the outward and visible signs. Before initiation the neophyte must take a vow to abstain absolutely from fish, flesh and fowl, malt and spirituous liquors, tobacco and snuff. When he has made such solemn promise and gone through the initiatory process, the newly created Danielite is permitted to enter the "garden." The "garden" is the Danielite term for a lodge. And herein the founder showed himself a man of originality. He was about to found a sect who should train themselves to live on "garden truck" alone. Why not, therefore, term their place of assemblage a "garden?" And inasmuch as they were, by reforming the habits of the world, about to inaugurate a new golden age, why not call the central lodge the "Garden of Eden?" Such, one may imagine, was the query put to himself by the founder. Whatever may have been the origin of the title, the Danielites rejoice in calling their chief court or lodge the Garden of Eden. It is said that the head official in each garden is called the chief gardener, and his vice the junior gardener. The order is divided into two degrees. The second is the "life degree," only those who take the vows for life being permitted to enter it. The first degree is for those who feel that, in spite of good resolutions, they may have uneasy hankerings after the flesh-pots of Egypt, and so be tempted to backslide. For the benefit of these it is conveniently provided that they may give up their vows and quit the garden and its delights at a week's notice. The sect has no theological bias. A member may hold any religious views he likes provided he believes in a Supreme Being. There is nothing of the benefit or friendly society about the order. It is simply a bond to live together in peace and piety and to eat vegetables. Since the first promulgation of the principles of the order it has made rapid progress, for it is one of the principles of the Danielites that they shall do all they can "to set free the slaves of fashion and of vitiated customs, and teach them how to live so that they may enjoy the highest possible moral and physical development." It is not known, positively, that the order has been established in the United States, although it is stated that the parents of the founder—who, by the way, as in the case of Mohammed, appear to have been among his first disciples—recently made a prolonged visit to this country and cast seed about broadcast, so that no distant developments may be expected. Thus "Gardens of Eden" may spring up among us as they are springing up throughout the Old World, and then who knows but we may see the beginning of that Golden Age for which the soul of the Danielite longeth. "In the Golden Age," says an explanatory tract of the sect, "the diet of man was fruit and grain, and according to medical testimony, a similar diet would bring a return of the Golden Age in these days."

The quinine men are assembled in force in Washington, and are pressing Congress to restore the duty on the importation of the article. They argue that whereas the price was $3 50 to $3 75 before the duty was removed, and is now $3 20, it is evident that the people have received little benefit from the removal of the import tax. They do not argue, however, that the revenues have decreased because the tax has been removed, for the simple reason that the government received no revenue from this source, no quinine having been imported for several years, at least in any large quantity. A firm in Philadelphia has had a monopoly of the manufacture and sale of quinine in this country, and so regulated the price that as long as the import duty remained unrepealed the article was sold for a trifle below what it could be purchased for abroad and imported. In this way the firm speedily amassed a colossal fortune. The legitimate profits of these American manufacturers was increased because of the duty by just the difference between $3 20, the present price of quinine, and $3 75, the price before the duty was removed. This difference comes out of the pockets of the people, and Congress would do well to bear this fact in mind and pay no attention to the quinine lobby.

The third-term syndicate which has been working in favor of the nomination of Grant at Chicago has been somewhat disappointed by the postponement of the Illinois convention to May 11. The third-termers felt reliably sure of the delegations from New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois. Their policy was to call the conventions in these States at as early a date as possible, and to elect delegates instructed for Grant. With the 108 delegates from these three States to lead off a Grant boom, they thought that the other States would naturally drop into line and their cherished scheme—a unanimous nomination of their candidate on the first ballot—be achieved. The scheme worked well until the other day, when the Illinois part of the enterprise fell through, the Grant men failing to secure the early convention in that State which they desired. Such, at least, is the *Herald's* view of the situation.

If the support of the Greenback party works elsewhere as disastrously as it does in Rochester, N. Y., candidates of the regular parties will not care hereafter for an alliance with the "softs." At the charter election in that city, a few days ago, the Greenbackers selected certain candidates on the regular tickets for whom to vote. The Democratic candidate for Mayor was supported by the Greenbackers, and his Republican opponent received a majority of 4500. On the other hand, the Republican candidate for Treasurer was indorsed by the soft money men, and his Democratic opponent received a majority of 3000. It is safe to say that in Rochester, at least, candidates will in future take especial pains to let it be known that they are opposed by the Brick Pomeroy crowd.

The third term boom is receiving an impetus in far-distant Russia. The St. Petersburg *Novosti*, a prominent journal of that city, has learned all about American politics, and proceeds to enlighten its readers thereon. Grant will receive the Republican nomination, it declares, and will be elected President. He will at once inaugurate a strong foreign policy, looking to the annexation of Mexico. Of the latter piece of news, the *Novosti* is assured and declares that Ulysses had an interview with Beaconsfield, while he was in England, on this subject, and obtained the English premier's consent to his annexation scheme.

A call has been issued by a number of Southern Republicans in Washington for a meeting in Chicago of the Republican delegates from the South several days before the convention assembles so that they can discuss the situation and determine upon some united policy. The South will have 276 delegates in the convention, the call proceeds to say, and can easily hold the balance of power if it will act together. It is not known exactly in whose interest this call is issued, but it is supposed to be opposed to Grant's candidature.

It is impossible to gerrymander a district in England, but something very like it can be done, and is about to be done by the Beaconsfield government. There are six vacancies in the British Parliament consequent upon six boroughs being disfranchised for bribery. The Conservatives, who control Parliament, propose to distribute these six seats among certain cities where they are in a majority, and thus easily capture these half dozen seats when the next general election is held.

DIED.

O'KEEFE—On Sunday, March 7, 1880, at 3:30 o'clock a. m., Rosanna O'Keefe, aged 51 years, a native of County Westmeath, Ireland.

Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, which will take place from her late residence, No. 173 South Franklin street, This (Monday) Morning, at 10 o'clock. *

HART'S LOAN OFFICE,

NO. 43 BARONNE STREET,

(Opposite N. O. Gas Office.)

MONEY LOANED

ON ALL KINDS OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS

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PIANOS,
LOOKING GLASSES,
AND FURNITURE
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

We offer special inducements for

SUMS OVER ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

ALL PLEDGES KEPT ONE YEAR.
fe12 tf

PAPER HANGINGS,

WINDOW SHADES,

In all the latest styles and at the lowest prices.

—At—

F. NEWHALL'S,

fe19 1m sip — No. 40 Camp Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to the public that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife without my written authorization. W. B. MANDEVILLE.
New Orleans, March 6, 1880. mh7 3t*

Notice.—New Orleans, February 24, 1880—The Board of Pilot Commissioners will meet at the Association Hall, Southwest Pass, on WEDNESDAY, March 24, 1880, for the purpose of examining applicants for pilot commissions. R. M. WILSON,
Chairman Board of Commissioners.
fe24 30t

NATIONAL

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GENERAL AGENCY

For the States of

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Complete information and particulars given for establishing telephone communication in any of the cities, towns, landings, stations, plantations, etc., throughout these States.
W. H. BOFINGER, General Agent,
P. O. Box 23. No. 47 Camp street.

BANK NOTICES.

Notice—Metropolitan Savings and Pledge Bank, No. 8 Chartres street—Parties having valuables pledged to this institution upon which the interest is past due are hereby notified to pay all arrearages on or before MONDAY, the eighth day of March, to prevent forfeiture and sale. LEWIS FISHEL,
fe18 1m Appraiser.

$10 to $1000 INVESTED IN WALL street stocks makes fortunes every month. Books sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall street, N. Y. apr3 1yD&W

WANTS.

WANTED—THE PUBLIC TO KNOW THAT the cheapest and best advertising in the city is in this column, at ten cents per line for the first and five cents for each subsequent insertion.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS CHAMBERmaid; one who can bring good references preferred. Apply at 307 St. Charles street.
mh8 2t

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Coachman, Etc.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN a situation as coachman. Address ANDREW, this office. mh6 3t*

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—ALL PERSONS TO know, who are suffering from Corns or Bunions, that Dr. MURPHY can give instant relief, without pain, at his office, No. 69 CANAL STREET.
mh7 1m

Clerks, Salesmen, etc.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRY goods salesman and stock-keeper to go to the country. Address W., this office. mh7 3t*

Occupants for Rooms.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN DESIRING rooms and board, or rooms alone, in a pleasant family, will be agreeably accommodated by calling at No. 400 Camp street. Lessons in French if desired. mh8 1w

Piano Tuning.

$1.50 FOR PIANO TUNING—BEST WORK at 639 Magazine street. D. LEECH, Soiree Pianist. no16 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT A REASONABLE PRICE, A seven-octave upright Pierel PIANO in good condition, on account of owner leaving the city. Apply at 37 Union street, back office, ground floor. mh4 6t*

FOR SALE—ONE NEW 16-HORSE POWER PORTABLE ENGINE, with second-hand Boiler. Can be seen corner Delachaise and Tchoupitoulas streets. Cheap for cash. Apply at No. 14 Annunciation street. fe15 1m

FOR SALE—STOCK AND COUNTER OF grocery store situated at the northwest corner of Erato and Baronne streets. An established stand for the past twenty years. Within three squares of Dryades Market. Parties are desirous to sell on account of ill health. Apply on premises. fe12 1m

K. OF T.

Crescent Encampment No. 1, Knights of Temperance, meets at Odd Fellows' Hall, Camp street, room No. 1, every THURSDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

Pledge—"So long as I remain connected with the order, I will not use as a beverage any spirituous or malt liquors, wine, cider, or any other intoxicating mixtures, in any form whatsoever."

Prohibiting only the use, as a beverage, of all intoxicating mixtures, we leave the consideration of the right to manufacture, purchase or sell, as we do the religious and political opinions of our members, with their conscience, their country and their God.

Persons desirous of joining can do so on regular meeting nights, or by applying to

John R. Todd, W. C. E.	L. Seelenmeyer, V. C.
Thos. Higgins, R.	Thos. Mathie, C.
Jas. L. Dennitt, A. R.	J. J. Culligan, F. R.
J. R. Dunlap, T.	H. L. Tillberger, S.
Geo. Miller, M.	John Barnett, G.
Warren M. Orr, A. M.	——, F. W. C.

P. O. Lock Box 1259. ja811y

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ESTABLISHED IN 1848.

JOHNSTON'S PATENT DRY SIZED KALSOMINE AND FRESCO PAINTS

ESTABLISHED IN 1848.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

WHITE LEAD,

Zinc, Paints,

WINDOW GLASS,

BRUSHES, GLUE, ETC.

Artists' and Coach Painters' Colors and Materials; Gold, Silver and Copper Leaf and Bronzes; Linseed, Lard and Rosin Oils, Axle Grease, etc.

ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING OILS.

37 ..... MAGAZINE STREET 37
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

AGENT FOR

Nobles & Hoare's Celebrated ENGLISH VARNISH; Best Quality AMERICAN VARNISH, in barrels and cans; Johnston's Patent Kalsomine and Fresco PAINTS; Russell Cutlery Company's Pallette and Putty KNIVES; Baxter & Bell's Pure Liquid PAINTS; the Joseph Dixon Crucible Company's AXLE GREASE.
mh6 1m

MATTING. CARPETS.
CARPETS. MATTING.

Largest stock in the South, and PRICES LOWER than New York. Call and see

A. BROUSSEAU'S SON,

17 ..... CHARTRES STREET 17

WINDOW SHADES,

Lace and Nottingham Lace Curtains

UPHOLSTERERS' MATERIALS,

OIL CLOTHS. LINOLEUM.
CURTAIN GOODS, in great variety. oct 20 1y

AUCTION SALES.

By Montgomery & Co.

PARLOR SUITS IN REPS AND WALNUT, MIRRORS, VICTORIA BEDROOM SUITS, CARPETS, PICTURES, ORNAMENTS, MATTRESSES AND SPRINGS, DINING-ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE AND UTENSILS, CROCKERY, GLASS AND TABLEWARE, AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES; BEING THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE DWELLING-HOUSE NO. 209 CANAL STREET.

WILL BE SOLD ON THE PREMISES, ON MONDAY, March 8, 1880, at 11 a. m., on account of departure.
Terms—Cash.
MONTGOMERY & CO.,
mh6 3t Auctioneers.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
Will sell Horses, Mules, Cows, Carriages and Harness at auction, at

MONTGOMERY'S TATTERSALLS,

No. 70 Baronne street,

every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 11 o'clock.
Consignments of stock solicited. au17 6m

JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION SALES.

By Jules A. A. Rousseau.

SYNDIC SALE.

ELEGANT WALNUT, MAHOGANY AND ROSEWOOD BEDROOM SETS, WITH GLASS DOOR WARDROBES; PARLOR SETS IN HAIR CLOTH AND REPS, MANTLE AND PIER MIRRORS, HANDSOME MARBLE TOP SIDEBOARDS, EXTENSION TABLES, BED LOUNGES, LOUNGES, MARBLE TOP BUREAUS AND WASHSTANDS, ARMOIRS, VICTORIA BEDS, MARBLE TOP TABLES, AND A LARGE LOT OF MEDIUM FURNITURE.

—ALSO—

ONE HORSE, WAGON AND HARNESS.
LEASE OF STORE TO OCTOBER 1, 1880.

IN THE MATTER OF WM. F. NOVEL VS. HIS CREDITORS.

Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans—No. 10364.

BY JULES A. A. ROUSSEAU, Auctioneer—Office, 92 Camp street—On MONDAY, March 8, 1880, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., at No. 144 Poydras street, near St. Charles, by virtue and pursuant to an order from the Hon. W. H. Rogers, Judge of the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, dated February 24, 1880, of the docket of said court.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
JOHN W. ANDERSON, Syndic.
P. S.—The wagon, horse and harness and lease of store will be sold at 12 o'clock m. mh7 2t

SHERIFF SALES.

Charlotte Piffet et als. vs. Ernest F. Herwig.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 10,472—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises hereinafter designated, on MONDAY, March 8, 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to wit—

ALL AND SINGULAR THE ENTIRE CONTENTS AND FIXTURES, etc., of the premises situated at No. 147 Canal street, in the Second District of this city, known as a lunch and refreshment saloon. Also one lot of Crockery and Glassware, etc., in said premises; all as per inventory on file in my office.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
J. R. ALCEE GAUTHREAUX,
Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.
fe26 mh2 8

NOTICES OF SPECIAL ACTS.

Notice of Special Act.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, IN ACCORDANCE with article 48 of the constitution, that I will introduce an act in the General Assembly to establish a Board of Flour Inspectors for the city and port of New Orleans, and amendatory to all acts relative thereto.
LAMBERT FRANZ,
Member of the House of Representatives from the Third Ward, City of New Orleans.
fe19 26 mh2 8 14 20

Notice of Special Act.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 48 OF the constitution of this State, I hereby give notice that I will apply to the Legislature for the passage of an act to give the New Orleans City Railroad Company the right to construct a footpath bridge near the mouth of the New Orleans Canal. F. WINTZ,
President New Orleans City Railroad Company.
fe19 26 mh2 8 14 20

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned will apply to the Legislature for a law to provide him payment for work and material on gas fixtures in the State-House, in the amount of $732 30.
fe8 14 20 26 mh3 8 WILLIAM TOOHEY.

Notice.

I SHALL APPLY TO THE LEGISLATURE for a charter to sell lottery tickets by what is known as the "German Lottery Company."
fe7 13 19 26 mh3 8 C. F. FALKENSTEIN.

Notice of Special Act.

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVES NOTICE that he will apply to the General Assembly for the passage of an act to provide for the payment of the sum of $3618 40, balance due him for services as Sergeant-at Arms, etc., of the House of Representatives of Louisiana in 1872, as recognized by judgment of the Supreme Court in suit No. 7277.
fe20 26 mh4 8 14 19 T. H. WYNNE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

E. V. HITCH VS. HIS CREDITORS—NO. 10,540.

LET THE CESSION OF THE PROPERTY of the insolvent E. V. Hitch be accepted for the benefit of his creditors. Let a meeting of his creditors be held before Andrew Hero, Jr., notary public, on FRIDAY, March 12, 1880, at 11 o'clock a. m., after due advertisement, and according to law, all the creditors being residents of this parish; and let all proceedings against his person and property be stayed.
New Orleans, February 27, 1880.
(Signed) W. H. ROGERS, Judge.
A true copy:
JNO. J. HANNAN, Deputy Clerk.
fe28 m 5 8*

A CARD.

OFFICE OF BEN. POINCY & CO.,
No. 101 Magazine street,
New Orleans, March 6, 1880.

In answer to the card of Mr. Eugene Chretien, Sr., we state that this partnership is not dissolved; that by the articles of copartnership it continues for two years longer. Mr. Eugene Chretien, Sr., is simply endeavoring to avoid paying the $10,000 which he agreed to contribute as partner in commendam, and also his PERSONAL ACCOUNT with the house. The business will continue as heretofore.
mh7 3t B. POINCY & CO.

STANDARD PREMIUM PRINTING

INKS.

Centennial Medal and Diploma Awarded.

NEWS, in barrels	8 to 10 cts.
NEWS, in kegs	10 to 12 cts.
NEWS, in kegs	12 to 14 cts.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS,

710 Sansom street, Philadelphia.
22 Vesey street, New York. mh4 5t

HART'S LOAN OFFICE

43 ..... BARONNE STREET 43

OPPOSITE GAS OFFICE.

Money loaned on Diamonds, Jewelry, Furniture, Pianos, Mirrors, etc. fe8 6t

JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF SALES.

Peter McGuin vs. Mrs. Elizabeth Behan.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 9912—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, March 8, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property, to wit—

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST of the defendant, Mrs. Elizabeth McLaughlin Behan, widow of Richard Behan, in and to the succession of Richard Behan, deceased, her husband, whose succession has been opened before the honorable the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, under the No. 87,877, and which said interest of the defendant consists of her undivided one-half interest and right of ownership as widow in community in the property left by the deceased, acquired during marriage with the defendant, and which property consists of certain real estate, household furniture, wagons, mules, and other movable property, the whole as will more fully appear by the inventory of said succession of Richard Behan, on file, under the No. 87,877, of the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans; the whole subject to the payments of one half of the community debts; and particularly the undivided one half interest of the defendant in and to the following pieces of real estate, being the property of the succession of said Richard Behan and the defendant, in the same manner liable to the payment of the one-half of the community debts:

1, A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Fourth District of this city, designated by the number four, of square number eleven; said lot measures sixty-three feet eleven inches and two lines front on Chippewa street, between St. Andrew and Josephine streets, by one hundred and fifty-nine feet eight inches and four lines in depth, between parallel lines, English measure. Being the same property which the late Richard Behan acquired by purchase from Esther Kline and others by act passed before Daniel Israel Ricardo, late a notary public in this city, under date of May 25, 1859.

2, A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the said Fourth District of this city (late city of Lafayette), and designated by the number ten, in the square bounded by Josephine, St. Andrew, Chippewa and Annunciation (late Jersey) streets, on a plan drawn by J. N. B. De Pouilly, architect and assistant city surveyor of this city, on the twenty-fourth day of June, 1867, and deposited in the office of J. F. Conlee, notary in this city, as plan A; said lot measures thirty-one feet eleven inches five lines front on Chippewa street by a depth, between equal and parallel lines, of one hundred and fifty-nine feet, and thirty-one feet eleven inches and five lines in width in the rear, adjoining the lot number nine, American measure, as per said plan.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
J. R. ALCEE GAUTHREAUX,
Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.
fe8 12 19 26 mh2 8

Mrs. Seraphine Langlerg vs. DeWitt Clinton Brown.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 44,474—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property, to wit—

THREE CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, together with all the rights, ways, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, situated in the First District of this city, in the square bounded by Jackson or Gaequet, Bernadotte and Palmyra streets and St. Patrick's Cemetery, and designated as lots numbers ten, eleven and twelve, and measuring as follows, viz: Lot number ten measuring thirty feet front on Bernadotte street, one hundred and ninety-eight feet deep on the line towards Jackson street and one hundred and seventy-six feet ten inches on the line of lot number eleven; lot number eleven measuring thirty feet front on Bernadotte street, one hundred and seventy-six feet ten inches on the line of lot number ten and one hundred and fifty-five feet eight inches on the line of lot number twelve; and lot number twelve, measuring thirty feet front on Bernadotte street by one hundred and fifty-five feet eight inches deep on the side of lot number eleven and one hundred and thirty-four feet six inches on the line toward Palmyra street.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms and Conditions—This being the second and last auction, the said property will be definitely adjudicated to the highest and last bidder for what it will bring, at twelve months' credit, the purchaser furnishing bond, with good and solvent security, bearing 8 per cent interest per annum from date of sale, and special mortgage on the property sold until final payment. Said purchaser will have to deduct from his bid and pay in cash the amount of printing, sheriff's and clerk's fees, etc., say about one hundred dollars, and, furthermore, the State, parish and municipal taxes on said property, the amount of which is not yet ascertained.
J. R. ALCEE GAUTHREAUX,
Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.
mh1 8 15 17

Louis Lamothe vs. Lucien Bucles.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 16,838—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale, to me directed by the honorable the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouses streets, in the Second District of this city, on FRIDAY, March 12, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of this city of New Orleans, in the square bounded by Dauphine, Ursulines, Burgundy and St. Philip streets; said lot is designated by the letter B, on a plan drawn the thirtieth of May, 1867, by Charles A. de Armas, civil engineer and surveyor, and deposited for reference in the office of C. V. Foulon, notary public, under the number seven, according to which plan said lot of ground measures seventy-one feet seven inches front on said Ursulines street by thirty-one feet eleven inches and five lines in depth; together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, appurtenances thereof, rights, ways, privileges, servitudes or dependencies thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, without exception or reservation.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
J. R. ALCEE GAUTHREAUX,
Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.
fe6 15 23 mh1 8 12

Mary Maher vs. John Hanlin, her Husband.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 2001—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on THURSDAY, April 1, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property, to wit—

THE ONE UNDIVIDED HALF INTEREST of John Hanlin, defendant herein, in and to the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of this city, in the square bounded by Esplanade, Treme, Barracks and Marais streets, designated by the number one on a sketch drawn by Pille and Depouilly, architects, on the eleventh day of January, 1866, and annexed to an act in the office of Adolph Boudousquie, notary, dated the fifteenth day of January, 1866, purporting to be a sale of property by O. Tibbler to Anthony Persault; said lot forming the corner of Barracks and Treme streets, and having, in American measure, twenty-seven feet one inch four lines front on Barracks street, twenty-eight feet seven inches four lines in width in the rear, seventy-four feet nine inches and one line in depth and front on Treme street, and forty-three feet in depth on the side nearest to Marais street; thence widening one foot six inches, it has a further depth of thirty-one feet nine inches one line, with the use of an alley three feet wide, common to said lot and lot number two on said sketch, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, rights, ways, etc. Said property was acquired by the said Hanlin by purchase from Cesade Tibbler, as per act passed before Adolph Boudousquie, late a notary in this city, dated the eighteenth of January, 1866, and recorded in conveyance office, book 21, folio 14.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
J. R. ALCEE GAUTHREAUX,
Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.
mh1 8 15 22 29 ap1

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES ON THE CORner of Race and Chippewa streets, opposite Annunciation Square. Have just been put in perfect order, with newly paved yards, new cistern, new fences, new wood and wash houses, newly calsomined walls, with gloss saloons, parlors, and everything in the most complete order. These houses will be rented low to good tenant. Cars pass house every five minutes. Apply at WASHBURN'S ART GALLERY, 109 Canal street. fe29 1