FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT, Monday Evening, April 5, 1880.

DAILY REVIEW.

Money was in fair request at easy rates to-day.
Foreign exchange was firmer.
New York sight was steady.
State Consols showed little variation here, but closed at 51¾ at New York, against 51 on Saturday.
Premium Bonds were stronger.
Governments closed strong and higher at New York.
States were quiet here.
Cotton gave way ⅛c here for spots and 16-100 for futures. New York spots were also ⅛c lower, and futures showed a marked decline. Liverpool spots were 1-16c higher, while futures closed weak. Havre was firmer.
Sugar continued weak for the low grades and steady for the better qualities.
Molasses was steady.
Flour was quiet and unchanged.
Corn showed a marked advance.
Bran and oats were firm.
Hay continued easy.
Provisions were quiet and steady.
Groceries, fruit and country products were quiet.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS UP TO 6 P. M. TO-DAY.

DOMESTIC IMPORTS BY RIVER, LAKE AND RAIL.

Apples, bbls	50	Malt, sacks	100
Bran, sacks	1,096	Meal, sacks	160
Bacon, bxs	38	Meal, bbls	1,583
Bacon, casks	2	Meat, bxs	20
Beans, bbls	44	Meat, casks	51
Butter, pkgs	14	Oil Cake, sacks	6,088
Beef, bbls	41	Oats, sacks	2,290
Candles, bxs	325	Oil, bbls	417
Cheese, bxs	19	Peas, sacks	344
Corn, sacks	6,798	Potatoes, bbls	1,104
Corn, bulk, bu	203,000	Pork, bbls	805
Cotton seed, sks	6,657	Rice, sacks	79
Flour, bbls	5,295	Rosin, bbls	44
Hides	775	Sugar, hhds	224
Hay, bales	814	Soap, boxes	275
Hams, tcs	30	Starch, bxs	700
Hams, crates	16	Tobacco, hhds	115
Lard, tcs	60	Tobacco, manufactured pkgs	125
Lard, racks	50	Whisky, bbls	50
Lard, cases	50	Wool, bales	18
Lard, kegs	23	Wool, sacks	11
Lime, bbls	120	Wheat, bulk, bu	80,000
Molasses, bbls	130		

FOREIGN EXPORTS.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Cotton, bales	1,590	Oil cake, sacks	1,513

FOR HAVRE.

Cotton, bales	3,583	Corn, bulk, bu	61,000

FOR BREMEN.

Cotton, bales	2,330	Oil cake meal, tons	50

FOR SPAIN.

Corn, bulk, bu	41,871	Corn, sacks	585

FOREIGN IMPORTS.

FROM CUBA.

Sugar, hhds	505	Sugar, boxes	1

FROM BAY ISLANDS.

Coffee, sacks	62	Sugar, bbls	77
Hides	357		

DOMESTIC EXPORTS.

FROM FLORIDA PORTS.

Sugar, bbls	45	Syrup, bbls	11
Bacon, boxes	1	Hides	6

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS.

A LARGE SUGAR MILL.

A sugar mill to weigh 300,000 pounds, including a heavy and superior made 300-horse power engine, will, it is said, be soon erected in this State. It will rank among the largest establishments of the kind in the world. Its plan of machinery will enable it to gain on the productions of ordinary mills 30 per cent more.

LARGE MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE OF REAL ESTATE.

The largest mortgage foreclosure of real estate which ever took place in this country was concluded in New Mexico during the past week. It was a foreclosure sale of the celebrated Maxwell grant, which includes nearly 2,000,000 acres of the most valuable grazing and mineral lands in New Mexico. It was bid in by the bondholders, who held claims against it amounting to $8,000,000. A United States patent has been granted, and the management of the property vested in a board of eight directors. The land is traversed by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, in his eighth monthly statement for the current fiscal year of the imports and exports of the United States, says:

The excess of exports over imports of merchandise stated in special values was as follows: Month ended February 29, 1880, $4,297,810; month ended February 28, 1879, $29,455,318; eight months ended February 29, 1880, $152,611,224; eight months ended February 28, 1879, $204,973,927; twelve months ended February 29, 1880, $213,298,963; twelve months ended February 28, 1879, $293,782,167.

The excess of imports or of exports of gold and silver coin and bullion was as follows:

Month ended February 29, 1880 (excess of imports)	$277,062
Month ended February 28, 1879 (excess of exports)	300,145
Eight months ended February 29, 1880 (excess of imports)	75,462,192
Eight months ended February 28, 1879 (excess of imports)	1,792,185
Twelve months ended February 29, 1880 (excess of imports)	68,788,566
Twelve months ended February 28, 1879 (excess of imports)	608,137

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

[N. Y. Shipping List.]

The demand of the laboring classes for increased wages is one of the logical consequences of the "booms" in trade and the revival of industries many of which had long been in a prostrate condition. In many trades and manufactures the employers have raised the wages of workingmen to a degree reasonably representing the increased profits of their business without compulsion, and in others they have been forced by threatened or actual strikes to do so. Strikes are always injurious both to workingmen and employers, and while they are to be resisted when they are unjust, it is wisdom to anticipate and prevent them when a rise in profits justifies a rise in wages. There is a law governing business, which in general terms is as inevitable as that of gravity, and wages cannot be forced above a fair proportion of profits nor kept down below it by any efforts of workingmen or employers. The way is to recognize it with patience on the one hand and cordial readiness on the other as circumstances differ, and avoid the struggle, the bitterness and the loss, which always accompany strikes. They ought to be always needless and in most cases would be prevented by a reasonable spirit and fair consultation on both sides.

CONTINENTAL TRADE.

[N. Y. Commercial-Bulletin.]

The woolen trade at Lille is reported to be very active; the orders given by French and German manufacturers are very important, and there are now very few workmen without employment. In linen also the demand is good, and some important transactions are being effected at advanced rates. The Silesian linen trade continues rapidly to improve, and, according to the latest reports from the Landshut market the sales effected there are very numerous, notwithstanding the fact that prices have again been recently raised. In linen yarns especially the demand is very active, for immediate delivery as well as for delivery during the next few months. At Mulhause the sales of cotton yarns are very large, and although the quotations for raw cotton are somewhat lower, yarns maintain the elevation which they had reached. In Austria the trade in textiles is moderately animated. The woolen trade is also affected by the general improvement, although in a less degree than the cotton trade. The French cotton trade continues to manifest signs of a satisfactory improvement. In striped, and in unbleached goods especially, the demand is very active, and the advance in prices has enabled many houses which refused to sell at the former low prices substantially to reduce their stocks of these articles. In fancy goods, sales are very brisk, although the hand-weaving branch of this trade meets with serious difficulties in obtaining remunerative prices. In Belgium the long-existing discrepancy between the prices of yarns and tissues is at last beginning to disappear, and some very important transactions in calicoes have recently been effected at Ghent at an advance of from 7 to 8 per cent. In linen tissues the demand is very good, and some extensive export orders are being received.

CUBA SUGAR AND MOLASSES MARKETS AND CROP REPORTS.

[Havana Weekly Report, March 27.]

HAVANA SUGAR MARKET, MARCH 24.

The market has opened this week without change, only small transactions having been effected, owing principally to the festivities of the week; at the close, although the demand keeps quiet, prices remain well supported at following quotations:

Clayed No 12, current classes ..... 9@7¼ rs.
Centrifugals 93 97 deg. test, in boxes, bags and hhds ..... 9½@10 rs.
Common to fair refining ..... 7¾@ 8½ rs.
Molasses sugar, 83 88 deg. test, in boxes, bags and hhds ..... 7½@ 7¾ rs.

HAVANA MOLASSES MARKET, MARCH 24.

No stock here; markets on the coast quite excited.

MATANZAS SUGAR MARKET, MARCH 25.

Since the publication of our previous circular our market has been more active and buyers have readily granted higher prices for all parcels except of clayed offered for sale, owing to the wants of produce in their hands and the knowledge of the shortness of the present crop. The market closes quiet but strong at quotations, as it will be observed under respective headings.

MATANZAS MOLASSES MARKET, MARCH 25.

This sweet has been eagerly sought after since our last, and high offers have been made for some parcels for future delivery. The only sale we have heard of comprises 700 hhds. for future delivery at 8½ rs. keg. Supplies continue coming in slowly.

SAGUA LA GRANDE SUGAR MARKET, MARCH 18.

The week ending to-day has been one of great activity, particularly since Monday, when much eagerness was shown to secure both stocks on hand and balances of crop, and the total amount of sales reported aggregate 3900 hogsheads fair refining muscavadoes at 8 reals, 500 do. at 8½ reals and 700 do. centrifugal at 10 reals, market closing strong at these figures, owing to the competition among purchasers to secure the few disposable lots now on the market.

SAGUA LA GRANDE MOLASSES MARKET, MARCH 18.

Market rules steady, with scanty stocks in first hands and some small parcels have been sold at 8 reals keg, equal to 28 cents f. o. b.

SAGUA LA GRANDE CROP REPORT, MARCH 18.

The weather continues very favorable to grinding and there are now some twenty estates that have or are about finishing, all with much discrepancy compared with last year's crop and but very few estates will have cane to last them another month of dry weather; those gentlemen also felt quite confident that the estimate of the present crop is generally exaggerated, and that the 27 per cent deficiency that is calculated does not yet reach the exact figure that this year's crop will be smaller than the previous one in that locality, even in the case that there should be no fires or other misfortunes which this country is so much exposed to. Notwithstanding the unprecedented favorable weather for grinding, the amount of produce that has so far reached the port of Sagua does not come up to the amount stored at same date last year, and considering that most estates average about 80 days of grinding, it is not likely that in the 30 days left them for the same operation, they will be able to make as much more.

CARDENA'S SUGAR MARKET AND CROP REPORTS, MARCH 24.

The firmness of our sugar market reported by our last of the twelfth instant, has continued during the week under review; and in accordance with the general expectations, prices have experienced a slight advance, principally due to the ever increasing pretensions of planters based on the certainty of a reduced crop.

Comparing the receipts, stocks and shipments of 1879-80 up to this date, it will be noted that the differences are insignificant; but it must be borne in mind that the weather this season has been constantly exceptionably favorable for grinding and carting without the least interruption, so that the bulk of what has been made has already been sent to town, which was not the case last year. We must therefore look for a rapid decrease and a sudden stoppage of receipts from the country, which may result in a sharp advance in values ere long.

W. C. WATTS & CO.'S WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LIVERPOOL, March 19, 1880.

The Position, etc.—The most noteworthy feature of the market is that, notwithstanding the extremely small spot demand, prices for the leading grades of American, and for near deliveries have been so well maintained. For instance, the trade have this week taken from this port 48,690 bales, of which 21,880 were "forwarded," leaving the spot sales only 26,810 bales, or say 4500 per day. Last Friday we quoted Middling Uplands at 7⅞d; yesterday they were down to 7¾d, but to-day, although the sales—trade, speculation and export—amount to only 5000 bales, prices have been advanced to 7 5-16d. Why is it so? The most reasonable explanation at which we can arrive is this:

The trade demand for the last six months has run much more largely than usual on clean Uplands—on grades about Middling. Last season (1878-79) we received a much smaller proportion than usual of the lower grades of American, and in consequence these were forced to a relatively high price as compared with Middling, and the result was spinners were forced to use the better grades. So far this season the better grades have also been relatively cheaper than the lower grades. Hence it is such cotton as can be delivered on contracts has become marvelously scarce here, considering the stock we have on hand. There is, however, a large stock of such grades at New York, probably 100,000 bales more than at this date last year—a large proportion of which will probably come to this market, sooner or later, and relieve the pressure.

On the other hand, the lower grades of American, and particularly Good Ordinary and Low Middling Orleans and Texas are accumulating. For some time past these have been almost unsalable, and prices have been almost nominal; but they must be sold, and it looks as if they must come down to a price that will induce spinners to use them, and the more surely does this seem to be probable when we consider that the great bulk of the stock now in the Southern ports, or hereafter to be received, will, no doubt, consist very largely of these lower grades. Should this be the case, it would lessen the trade demand for clean Uplands, and tend to depress prices for deliveries.

At Manchester there has been almost utter stagnation this week. Quotations for the leading counts of yarns have been generally reduced only ¼d to ½d per pound, but we are assured sales have in many instances been made at a greater decline. This condition of business in the market accounts for the extremely small purchases made this week by spinners in this market. But there are those who think that the recent rapid decline in yarns—now down about 1¼d per pound from the top price of last month—will check the re-sales by speculators, and furthermore bring about some increase in the home and export demand. On the other hand, it is said that if 32's trist could be sold at 10¾ per pound—the lowest quotation—spinners could afford to pay present spot prices for Middling Uplands (7 5-16d), and still make about ½d per pound profit; and that so long as this is the case the production of yarn will continue on so large a scale as to exceed any legitimate consumptive demand; and, furthermore, it is said—and we ourselves are of this opinion—that even at the lowest quoted price for yarns, the leading classes of goods, such as 8¼ pounds shirtings, cannot be manufactured and sold at present prices without a loss. It is because of this loss at which manufacturers are working that the strike of weavers at Ashton-under-Lyne and Staylebridge for increased wages—to which we referred in our report dated fifth instant—has been so strenuously resisted. Furthermore, we are now threatened with a great strike of weavers at Blackburn unless increased wages are granted them. Blackburn is the centre of the largest weaving district in England, or, in fact, in the world, and mainly supplied with yarn spun in Oldham. Should this strike take place the effect would be to so limit the outturn of cloth as probably to enhance the value of the same. But, on the other hand, it would so materially lessen the demand for yarns that prices would probably give way, and perhaps lead to a decreased consumption of cotton. In fact, we have now approached that mild period of the year when we may reasonably expect, not only in this country but in America, more or less interruption to the course of business by strikes, etc.

The movement at the American ports and interior towns continues rather lighter than expected, and the tendancy is still slightly to reduce crop estimates. We hear also to-day that some damage has been done in Southern Texas by frost to the early plantings. This, however, we presume cannot amount to much. Moreover, we have had reports this week of the danger to be apprehended from serious overflows in the Mississippi valley, etc. These matters, considered in connection with the firmness of prices in the American markets, notwithstanding the large stock on hand, have had much to do in sustaining prices here this week.

From Alexandria we learn, by telegraph, that owing to very unfavorable weather the early planting of cotton has been damaged—will have to be replanted; for this, however, there is plenty of time. We have often pointed out that the crop in Egypt in any season was mainly dependent on the condition of the Nile the preceding autumn. The Nile, in October of last year, reached a slightly higher point than the season before, and hence the chances are that Egypt will, in 1880-81, furnish another very large crop. Some say that owing to the good Nile, and some improvement in the internal affairs of the country, it is likely to be some 10 to 20 per cent larger than this season.

Silver, which at one time last week sold as low as 51¾d for standard bars has this week advanced, and closes at 52¼d.

The stock of cotton held by English spinners we now estimate at 267,000 bales, against 133,000 last year, and 149,000 the year before.

FINANCIAL.

[*Our quotations of foreign and domestic markets are from the closing telegrams.*]

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING-HOUSE.

Thus far.	*Clearances.*	*Balances.*
This week	$2,847,810 10	$225,206 44
Last week	3,639,054 33	323,997 98
This week last year	2,825,437 09	280,619 03

THE MONEY MARKET—Is unchanged.

Exceptional commercial paper is quoted 6@— ⅌ cent; A1 do —@8; collateral loans 6@7; loans on call at the banks 5@6 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, and on the street —@5; A1 mortgage 8; second grade nominal.

NEW YORK—Money rate 6 ⅌ cent.

LONDON—Bank of England rate 3 ⅌ cent; Consols 98 5-16.

PARIS—Rentes 83.25.

SILVER—Mexican dollars rule at 88⅝, trade dollars 94@95; American halfs and quarters par. Bullion in London 52⅛d; here, fine $1 14⅛ ⅌ ounce.

AMERICAN GOLD—California 7@8 ⅌ cent discount; light weight 97@par; mutilated 5 ⅌ cent discount.

FOREIGN COINS—In currency: Five-franc pieces 80@—c, twenty-franc pieces $3 75@—, sovereigns $4 75@4 85, ten thaler pieces $7 60@—, Spanish doubloons $15 35@—, Patriot doubloons $15 35@—, Mexican doubloons $15 35@—, Mexican twenty pesos pieces $19 35@19 45, South American gold 90c ⅌ pesos, German twenty marks $4 60@4 75.

STERLING—Firmer. Here commercial is 484@485, bank —@486¼, bank counter rate —@487, bankers' 486¾, bankers' sight —@489⅛; at New York commercial is 483⅛@484, bank 485¼@485½.

FRANCE—Firmer. Here commercial are 5.20⅝, bank 5.17½; at New York commercial 5.21⅞@5.21¼, bank 5.19⅜@5.18¾.

NEW YORK SIGHT—Steady for commercial. Commercial $1 75@2 premium per $1000, and bankers' counter checking rate $2 50 premium ⅌ $1000.

STATE CONSOLS AND PREMIUM BONDS AT THE N. O. STOCK EXCHANGE.

	State Consols. Bid.	State Consols. Asked.	Premium Bonds. Bid.	Premium Bonds. Asked.
10 a. m	51	—	34⅞	35
12 m	51¼	51⅜	35	35⅛
1:30 p. m	51⅛	51⅜	35	35⅛
3 p. m	51⅛	51⅜	—	35⅜
Close, Saturday	51⅛	51⅜	34½	34¾
This day l'st w'k	51⅞	52	34⅛	34½
This day l'st year	48⅜	48⅞	24⅜	24¾

STATE CONSOLS AT NEW YORK.

11:26 a. m., 50¾ bid.

UNITED STATES BONDS.

	N. Orleans. Bid.	N. Orleans. Asked.	New York. Bid.	New York. Asked.	London. Bid.	London. Asked.
4 ⅌ c	106¾	107	107	107¼	109⅜	—
4½ ⅌ c	—	—	109⅛	—	111⅜	—
5s, new	—	—	103⅛	—	105⅜	—

Governments strong and higher.

STOCKS.—*The * before the following quotations of stocks indicates weekly quotations of the New Orleans Stock Exchange; the †, last sale since Friday; the ‡, last sale to-day; a, with dividend; e, ex dividend.*

Banks.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked.
Canal and Banking Co	100	*106	—
Citizens	100	*68¾	69
Germania National	100	95	—
Hibernia National	100	*94	98
Louisiana National	100	*98	99¾
Metro. Loan and Savings	100	*—	—
Mutual National	100	*100	103
New Orleans National	100	*108	—
People's	50	*46	47
State National	100	*103¾	—
Union National	100	*86	89
Insurance Companies.			
Crescent Mutual	100	*89	90¼
Factors and Traders'	100	*109¾	110
Firemen's	50	*—	53¾
Germania Insurance Co	100	*79	83
Hibernia Insurance	100	*95¾	96¼
Home Insurance	40	*27	28¾
Hope Insurance	100	*53	55
Lafayette	50	*45	47¾
Merchants' Mutual	100	*91	93
Mechanics and Traders'	100	*98	99¾
New Orleans Ins. Ass'n	30	*30¼	—
N. O. Ins. Company	50	*53	54
People's Ins. Company	25	*21	25
Sun Mutual	100	*105	106¾
Teutonia	100	*102	—
Street Railroads—			
Carrollton	100	*120	125
Crescent City	50	*55	58
Canal and Claiborne	100	*8¾	15
New Orleans City	100	*109	110¾
Orleans	50	*38	40
St. Charles Street	50	*67	68¾
Miscellaneous Stocks—			
Bienville Oil Works Co	100	*115	125
Crescent City Oil Company	100	*131	—
Cres't City Slaughter-house	50	*24¾	26½
Importers Bond. Warehouse	100	*—	30
Jefferson City Gaslight Co	100	*—	55
Louisiana Ice Manu. Co	50	*39	39¾
Louisiana State Lottery	100	*—	—
Louisiana Oil Company	100	*131	—
Levee Steam Cotton Press	100	*21	27½
Gas Company	100	‡80	—
Metairie Cemetery Association	100	*—	—
N. O. Waterworks Company	100	*51¼	—
Planters Oil Company	100	*132	—
Sugar Shed Company	60	*80	85

MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

Latest quotations to-day of the following securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
Chicago, New Orleans and St. Louis Railroad first mortgage 7s	108¾	—
Jackson Railroad first mortgage 8s	—	112
Jackson Railroad second mortgage coupon 8s	110	114
Jackson Railroad second mortgage debt 8s	—	114
New Orleans City Railroad mortgage 6s	106	106½
City Consolidated Bonds	35¾	36¼
New City 7 per cent Bonds	36½	—
City Waterworks Bonds	—	45
City Scrip (all years)	—	55
School Certificates	41¾	41¾
Police Certificates, 1875	27½	—
Privileges on Premium numbers, next drawing	⅜ p.c.	⅞ p.c.

SALES AT THE N. O. STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOARD AT 10 A. M.

50 shares Waterworks Company 51
$10,000 Premium Bonds 34⅞
45,000 Premium Bonds (B. to April drg) 35
40,000 Premium Bonds (S. to July drg) 34
10,000 Premium Bonds (S. to July drg) 34⅛
15,000 Premium Bonds (B. to July drg) 34¼

BOARD AT 12 M.

50 shares N. O. Gaslight Company 80
25 shares Waterworks Company 51
25 shares Waterworks Company 50⅞
10 shares Germania Bank 95
$5,000 State Consols (B. 30) 51½
5,000 State Consols (S. 90) 51¼
30,000 Premium Bonds 35
10,000 Premium Bonds (S. to July drg) 34¼
1000 City Scrip 55
10,000 City Railroad Mortgage Bonds 106¼

BOARD AT 1:30 P. M.

37 shares Waterworks Company 51
$15,000 Premium Bonds 35
5,000 Premium Bonds (S. to July drg.) 34¼

BOARD AT 3 P. M.

25 shares Waterworks Company 51¼
100 shares Waterworks Company 51½
$5,000 State Consols 51⅜
15,000 Premium Bonds 35⅛
5,000 Premium Bonds 35
10,000 Premium Bonds (B. to April drg) 35¼
15,000 Premium Bonds (S. to April drg) 35

SALES OUTSIDE OF THE EXCHANGE.

40 shares Germania National Bank 95

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The following is the closing stock report:

	Offered.
Consolidated Coal	34
Quicksilver	14
Quicksilver preferred	62
Adams Express	112½
Wells & Fargo Express	106
American Merchants' Express	57¾
United States Express	48¼
Pacific Mail	44⅛
Union Pacific	90⅛
Harlem	170
New Jersey	83¾
St. Paul	82⅛
St. Paul preferred	104⅛
Fort Wayne	118¼
Ohio and Mississippi	38⅞
Chicago and Alton	111½
Hannibal and St. Joseph	—
Louisiana Consols	50¾
Panama	180
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western	92⅝
Michigan Central	91¾
New York Central and Hudson	132⅞
Erie	45½
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern	108⅝
Illinois Central	106¼
Nashville and Chattanooga	81½
Cleveland and Pittsburg guaranteed	111
Chicago and Northwestern	95⅞
Chicago and Northwestern preferred	108⅜
Rock Island	186
Western Union	106

Sub-Treasury Balances — Coin, $100,251,082; currency, $5,288,542.

MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—Closing prices of mining stocks are as follows:

	Sales.
Alpha	6½
Alta	2⅜
Best & Belcher	8¾
California	2¼
Consolidated Virginia	3
Crown Point	2¼
Eureka Consolidated	18¾
Gould & Curry	4¼
Grand Prize	1⅜
Julia Consolidated	1⅜
Justice	1⅜
Mexican	12¼
Northern Bells	17¾
Ophir	14¾
Overman	1⅝
Yellow Jacket	7¼

COTTON.

[*Our quotations of Domestic and Foreign Markets are from the closing telegrams, and our Cotton statistics from the New Orleans Cotton Exchange.*]

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

SPOTS.

The improvement at Liverpool somewhat counteracted before noon the falling off at New York, but after noon spots became quiet and easy, and closed at ⅛c decline on all grades, though factors endeavored to maintain their views on good staple. The movement was moderate, comprising only 3500 bales, exclusive of 150 Saturday.

The Cotton Exchange reported sales to-day 3650 bales, including 150 bales after 2:30 p. m. Saturday. Market opened steady and closed quiet. Stained ⅛@⅜c less than white of the same grade.

	To-day.	Saturday.	This day, last week.
Low Ordinary	10⅜	10½	10⅞
Ordinary	10⅝	10¾	10⅞
Good Ordinary	11½	11⅝	11¾
Low Middling	12⅛	12¼	12½
Middling	12¼	12⅜	12¾
Good Middling	12⅞	13	13⅛
Middling Fair	13⅜	13½	13⅝

FUTURES.

[*Our sales and quotations are from the official bulletin board of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, and comprise all transactions reported by the Exchange to the close of business.*]

Futures opened quiet, ruled dull at noon, and closed quiet, with a marked falling off from Saturday's figures. The movement was principally in May and June, which gave way 16 100. The highest sales of the former were at 12.61 at the first call, the lowest at 12.48 between the second and third calls, and the last after the third call at 12.49. The highest sales of June were at 12.80 before the first call, the lowest at 12.56 between the second and third calls, and the last at 12.58 after the third call. The sales of May comprised 2400 bales, and the sales of June 9000.

COURSE OF THE MARKET.

The inside figures of the following quotations at the closing calls are the bidding rates to-day and the outside figures the asking rates.

	Close. To-day.	Close. Saturday.	Average sales. To day	Average sales. Sat'd'y.
Jan	— @ —	— @11.50	—	—
Feb	11.25@11.35	11.50@11.54	11.30	—
March	— @ —	— @ —	—	—
April	— @ —	— @12.65	—	12.63
May	12.48@12.50	12.68@ —	12.58	12.69
June	12.56@12.58	12.77@ —	12.62	12.78
July	12.60@12.67	— @ —	—	—
Aug	12.65@ —	12.80@12.90	—	12.86
Sept	12.00@12.07	— @12.30	12.07	—
Oct	11.48@ —	11.67@11.69	11.50	11.70
Nov	— @11.35	— @11.45	—	11.40
Dec	— @11.26	— @11.45	—	—

DETAIL OF SALES.

Before First Call—June, 100 at 12.80, 200 at 12.77, 200 at 12.78, 100 at 12.76, 800 at 12.70, 1000 at 12.65, 100 at 12.66, 200 at 12.67; total, 2700 bales.

First Call—May, 200 at 12.61; June, 100 at 12.68; September, 100 at 12.15; total 400 bales.

Between First and Second Calls—May, 400 at 12.55, 300 at 12.54, 200 at 12.53; June 1100 at 12.62, 200 at 12.63; October, 200 at 11.55; total, 2400 bales.

Second Call.—June, 1100 at 12.62; total, 100 bales.

Between Second and Third Calls.—May, 100 at 12.50, 400 at 12.48, 200 at 12.49; June, 100 at 12.62, 200 at 12.62, 100 at 12.60; 500 at 12.59, 900 at 12.57; 500 at 12.58, 100 at 12.57; total, 2800 bales.

Third Call.—June 100 at 12.57, September, 1100 at 12.06; October, 200 at 11.50, 100 at 11.48, 500 at 11.49; February 100 at 11.30; total, 2100 bales.

After Third Call—May, 600 at 12.49; June, 1200 at 12.57, 1200 at 12.58, 200 at 12.59; October, 300 at 11.50, 100 at 11.49; total, 3600 bales.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Market.		*Sales.*	*Middling.*
New Orleans	Steady	3,650	12⅛
Galveston	Firm	1,345	12⅛
Mobile	Lower	300	12⅛
Savannah	Firmer	50	12⅜
Charleston	Quiet	200	12⅞
Wilmington	Weak	....	12¼
Norfolk	Nominal	219	12⅜
Baltimore	Dull	50	12⅞
New York	Quiet	1,404	12¾
Boston	Dull	....	13⅛
Memphis	Firm	4,200	12⅛
Augusta	Dull	84	12⅛
Philadelphia	Quiet	322	13¼
Cincinnati	Weak	103	12⅛
St. Louis	Dull and weak	775	12⅛
		12,702	

NEW YORK MARKET.

SPOTS—Quiet at ⅛c decline from Saturday's rates. The regular sales comprised 1404 bales, and the deliveries on contract 1400 bales.

Quotations—Ordinary 11¾c, Good Ordinary 11 15 16c, Strict Good Ordinary 12 3-16c, Low Middling 12⅝c, Middling Uplands 12⅞c, Middling Orleans 13c, and Middling Texas 13.

FUTURES—Opened weak, ruled steady at noon, and closed barely steady.

	To-day's Opening.	To-day's Close.	Saturday's Close.
January	11.74@11.79	*11.67@11.72	11.85@11.90
February	— @ —	— @ —	— @ —
March	— @ —	— @ —	— @ —
April	12.86@12.88	12.67@12.68	12.89@ —
May	12.96@12.97	12.76@12.77	13.04@13.05
June	13.10@13.11	12.91@12.92	13.19@ —
July	13.18@13.20	13.02@13.03	13.29@13.30
August	13.25@13.26	13.07@13.09	13.36@13.38
September	— @13.95	12.73@12.75	13.01@13.03
October	12.11@12.12	12.06@12.02	12.21@12.24
November	11.73@11.75	11.65@11.68	11.86@11.88
December	11.71@11.72	11.63@11.65	11.83@11.85

*Latest quotations previous to close.

NET RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS

	To-day.	Thus far—this week.	Thus far—last week.	This week last year.
New Orleans	3,926	6,878	9,715	2,721
Galveston	898	1,391	1,557	2,390
Mobile	233	233	668	964
Savannah	240	350	1,175	2,363
Charleston	431	698	1,583	959
Wilmington	22	58	190	226
Norfolk	1,194	3,254	1,676	3,400
Baltimore	17	17	41	13
New York	751	1,157	292	856
Boston	378	541	402	1,549
Philadelphia	147	184	281	367
Various	....	....	....	....
Total	8,237	14,761	17,580	15,808

Net receipts since Sept. 1.	This year.	Last year.
At this port	1,375,328	1,116,032
At all U. S. ports	4,512,267	4,148,336

FOREIGN EXPORTS SINCE SEPTEMBER 1.

	At this port. 1879-80.	At this port. 1878-79.	At all U. S. ports 1879-80.	At all U. S. ports 1878-79.
*G. Britain	681,662	525,712	1,906,434	1,705,918
France	219,578	194,607	305,101	385,765
Continent	205,375	301,103	708,576	856,768
Total	1,106,615	1,021,422	2,920,111	2,948,446

*Including Channel.

STOCKS THIS DAY AND SAME DAY LAST YEAR.

At this port.	This day.	Same day last year.
Total	268,126	197,988
On shipboard	55,919	72,179
Leaving in presses	212,207	125,809

At all U. S. ports.	This day.	Same day last year
Total	760,076	520,775

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

SPOTS—Active and firmer at 1-16d advance over Saturday's rates; 7⅝d for Middling Uplands and 7 7-16d for Middling Orleans. The sales comprised 12,000 bales, of which 10,200 were American. The receipts comprised 12,300 bales, of which 10,900 were American.

FUTURES—Opened dull and closed weak.

DELIVERIES—Uplands, any port, not below Low Middling, were quoted as follows: January —, February —, March —, April 7¾d, April and May 7¾d, May and June 7 9-32@7¾d, June and July 7 9-32d, July and August 7 5-16d, August and September 7 5-16d, September and October 7 11-32@7 5-16d, October and November 6 29-32d, November and December —d, December —d.

HAVRE MARKET.

Firmer; not quotably higher. Quotations—88 francs for Tres Ordinaire (spot) and 88 for Low Middling (afloat).

FREIGHTS.

Cotton.	Steam.	Sail
Liverpool	⅝d	21-64@11-32d
Havre	....	11-16c
Bremen	....	¾c
Rotterdam	....d	....d
Revel	c	....
Cronstadt	c	¾d
Genoa	c	¾c
Barcelona	c	c
New York	⅜c	c
Boston, Providence, Fall River and Philadelphia, via New York	¼c	c
Grain to continent ⅌ qr.	....s	5s 6d@6s
Baltimore, via New York	11-16c	c
Oil cake to the United Kingdom	....	31@33s
Oil cake to Liverp'l, ⅌ ton	28s	25s
Sugar to New York, ⅌ hhd	$3 50	....
Molasses, ⅌ bbl	$1 00	....
Rice	50	....

COMMERCIAL.

[*Our quotations represent wholesale prices except when job lots are specified.*]

TOBACCO.

LEAF TOBACCO—The running stock is 1100 hhds, part of which is held for local delivery and for shipment. Stock on sale 600 hhds. Cutting grades are in request and higher than the following quotations, which are for export tobacco: Low lugs 3¾@4c ⅌ lb, medium 4¼@4½c, good and fine 4¾@5c. Low leaf 5¼@5¾c, medium 5¾@7¼c, good and fine 7½@8½c, selections 9@10c.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—Quiet. Fine plug 60@70c ⅌ lb, fine medium 50@60c. Bright quarters common sound, 34@40c. Bright navy,