

GRANT'S TOUR.

Further Particulars of His Stay at Memphis.

Dinners and Speeches—The Ex-President Leaves Memphis on a Visit to Little Rock.

MEMPHIS, April 13.—To-night Gen. Grant attended Leuber's Theatre. As he entered the band struck up "Hail to the Chief," and the audience, which was very large, loudly applauded. After witnessing one act, the general and his party retired to the rooms of the Tennessee club, where the general was entertained.

At 11 o'clock the spacious dining-rooms of the Peabody Hotel were thrown open upon a most magnificent banquet, which had been tendered to Gen. Grant by seventy of the most prominent citizens of Memphis. The dining room was handsomely decorated with flags. The tables were formed in the shape of a horse shoe. Gen. Grant being seated directly in the center, in full view of all the guests. The cuisine was superb. Eight courses were served, and each course accompanied by the choicest viands.

The first toast, "The President," was responded to by Gen. W. T. Williamson. The responding said: "I have no doubt but that every one present can make a laudable and better speech. I have no doubt but that every one present who has written longer editorials than they will write for the morning papers if they only report what they say now. I have no doubt but that every one present will be glad to respond to this toast as soon as they can. I am glad you called upon me so early, for then it will be over, and I shall be glad to see you and smoke a cigar with you and every one who is to follow. Yes, gentlemen, I thank you for the kindness intended, and forgive you the harm done me."

Response by Judge Jas. O. Pierce. "The South and the North." Response by Judge E. S. Hammond. "The Army and Navy." Response by Judge W. F. Johnson. "Memphis and Her Commerce." Response by J. B. Godwin.

This concluded the regular toasts, at the end of which the delegation from Little Rock, who came to escort the general to Arkansas, were introduced, and it was after 10 o'clock before the banquet ended. Gen. Grant and party go to Little Rock to-morrow.

MEMPHIS, April 14.—Gen. Grant and party, in charge of a delegation of citizens from Little Rock, Ark., left Memphis at noon yesterday. They will arrive at Little Rock at 7 o'clock this evening.

The general will remain the guest of that city until Friday morning, when he returns to Helena, Ill., stopping only at Cairo and Bloomington.

LITTLE ROCK, April 14.—Gen. Grant arrived at 7 o'clock this evening. The city is crowded with visitors.

POLITICAL.

The Charter Election in Albany, N. Y.—Women Voting for School Officers.

ALBANY, April 14.—The charter election resulted in the re-election of Mayor Nolan and the entire Democratic ticket by a large majority. Two or three hundred ladies voted for school officers.

THE MISSOURI REPUBLICANS.—Sedalia, Mo., April 14.—The Republican State Convention met here this morning, and after electing temporary organization by the election of J. B. Wagner as chairman, adjourned until 2 p. m.

THE KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS—GRANT IN THE LEAD.—LOUISVILLE, April 14.—The Republican State Convention opened here this morning by the election of J. B. Wagner as chairman, adjourned until 2 p. m.

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FOREIGN ITEMS.

Increased Emigration from Germany and Scandinavia to the United States.

New Peers to Be Created in England—Ireland's Representatives in Parliament—Russia Preparing for War with China.

Execution of Otero, the Would-Be Regicide.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

LONDON, April 14.—The Standard's statement that the ministry will resign immediately after the return of the Queen is confirmed by the fact that preparations were made yesterday by members of the Ministry to vacate their official residences.

Alexander Sullivan, who was elected for Louth county, declares his intention of resigning his seat because P. O'Hara heads the roll, defeating Mr. G. H. Kirk. All are Home Rulers. Mr. Sullivan charges that money was furnished by Mr. Lowther, Chief Secretary for Ireland, who was defeated at York, to secure Callan's election.

The Earl of Wemyss and March, father of Lord Esher, died to-day, aged 80 years. Lord Esher, who by the death of his father is transferred to the House of Lords, leaves a vacancy in the House of Commons for Haddingsworth, from which he was returned by the Conservative.

A new election will be held, and the Liberals now expect to win the seat. Lord Lytton and Lord Salisbury are mentioned for the Vice-Royalty of India, and Mr. Grant Duff for the Governorship of Madras.

It is reported that a baronet will be conferred upon Lord Beaconsfield, with reversion to his brother.

The English canal squadron has been ordered to cruise to Argos, thence to Bantry bay, in search of the raiting ships.

The parliamentary elections are now nearly completed. Only Lincolnshire south, Cork county, four Scotch universities, and Orange and Londonderry remain to be contested.

The Irish members who are pledged to follow the Liberal party are now nearly elected. A petition will be presented against the returns from Barnstable, Canterbury, Gravesend, Hereford City, Taunton, Westbury and Whitchurch.

A correspondent of the Times at Dublin, discussing the Irish question in the House of Commons, says there are three main parties—the Conservatives, the Liberals, and the Home Rulers.

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been paid lately to the enormous increase in the number of emigrants from Germany to England and America. The National Zeitung states that from the fourth to the eleventh of the present month 8800 persons left Bremen. The emigrants come from all parts of Germany and include many skilled workmen. This decided increase of emigration is evidently connected with the new army bill and entails a very serious loss upon the country.

AFGHANISTAN.

LONDON, April 14.—A Kabul dispatch says that at a conference held here yesterday the British commissioner informed the chiefs that the emperor would not return if any hostility was shown.

WASHINGTON.

A Proposal to Purchase Fort Clark, Texas, for the Government.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Gen. Correll appeared before the House Committee on Military Affairs yesterday and urged the purchase by the government of Fort Clark, Texas, for which the United States now pays \$1200 per annum, but which can be bought, Gen. Correll said, for \$50,000.

W. A. Johnson has been appointed storekeeper and gauger for the Second District of North Carolina. The President this afternoon began to review the bill which was introduced by Mr. Gibbs to be supervisor of census for the Third District of Mississippi.

The House Sub-Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred a memorial of the National Cotton Exchange, asking for the appointment of a board of entomologists to investigate and report upon the habits and ravages of the cotton worm, held a meeting on the other side, to-day recommended to the full committee that an additional appropriation of \$5000 be made for the completion of the work begun by the entomological commission.

The bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Wallace to-day proposes to require the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase and extinguish all outstanding 6 per cent United States bonds to the amount of not less than \$5,000,000 per week. The bill further provides that the amount of these and of all other purchases of outstanding obligations of the United States to be made by the Secretary in each successive week shall be advertised by him on the Monday of the week preceding.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Newmarket Craven Meeting—Apollo the Winner.

LONDON, April 13.—The Newmarket Craven meeting began to-day. The principal event was the race for the Craven Stakes, in which Apollo, who was owned by Lord Falkland, was the favorite in the betting, and he won by a margin of three lengths from the Highland Maid.

The Newmarket Handicap—ONE OF LORDLARD'S HORSES SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, April 14.—The race for the Newmarket Handicap, which was run on the 14th inst., was won by Lord Falkland's chestnut colt Apollo, who was owned by Lord Falkland, and was ridden by Mr. J. B. Gifford.

THE ENCONTRE BETWEEN GEN. HATCH'S COMMAND AND THE APACHES.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A Santa Fe special says: The result of the fight on the seventh inst. by Gen. Hatch and command with the Apaches, state that the victorious war chief, Nani, was in command of the Apaches.

THE INDIANS.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The Spanish steamer Vizcaya, from New Orleans, March 23, for Antwerp, which arrived at Halifax on the 13th inst., and, after calling, sailed on the 14th, has been lost in ice off Newfoundland. The crew landed at the island of St. Pierre, Miquelon.

THE TARIFF.

NEW YORK, April 14.—At a meeting of sugar refiners at Mason's Temple, last evening, speeches were made against the present tariff system, monopoly of the trade by a favored few, and the methods of the Treasury Department.

MARITIME.

A Vessel from New Orleans Lost in the Ice Off Newfoundland.

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Nashville Centennial.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 14.—The impression has gone abroad that the Nashville centennial celebration will be unveiled here on April 23, with appropriate ceremonies, but the unveiling of the statue does not occur until May 20, from May 17 to the twenty second will be devoted to military displays, competitive contests, sham battles, etc., and some of the best military organizations of the country will take part; this will be the most attractive week of the centennial celebration.

Dan Rice at Morgan City.

MORGAN CITY, April 14.—Dan Rice has just been into Aurora, La., and is expected to be in Morgan City to-day. The Grand Lodge session to-day was well attended. G. W. O. T. Dr. J. M. Watkins presiding. The session adjourned to meet to-morrow at 9 o'clock a. m.

An Earthquake in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—At five minutes past 1 o'clock to-day there was experienced the heaviest shock of earthquake felt here for years. No damage is recorded, although buildings were shaken, and the motion was plainly visible. The Nevada block apparently slid a foot out of the perpendicular.

The Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line Railroad.

ATLANTA, April 14.—The breaks in the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line Railroad, caused by the late storm, will all be closed, and trains resume regular schedules to-morrow.

Frank Leslie's Will Contested.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The contest over the will of the late Frank Leslie began to-day before Surrogate Quinn. The contest is brought on one side of the decedent, the will having left the greater part of the property to the widow.

Failure of a New York Cotton Firm.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The cotton and banking firm of Dodge, Potter & Co., doing business at 34 Pine street, have made assignment. The claims of preferred creditors amount to \$111,000.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

THE FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

The Geneva Award Bill Under Consideration in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Senate—Bills were introduced and referred as follows: By Mr. Wallace—To define the amount and manner of purchase of public lands to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury.

By Mr. Gibbs—For the relief of certain officers and privates of the United States Army. Mr. Voorhes presented a resolution instructing the Committee on Pensions to report a bill to increase the pension of certain officers and privates of the United States Army.

Mr. M. Pherson, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported favorably on the bill for the relief of the Bismarck and Cassinaria Canal Company. Placed on the calendar.

The morning hour expired, and the Senate resumed consideration of the Geneva award bill.

Mr. Call of Florida, addressed the Senate in opposition to the committee bill. He took a deep interest in the supporters of the bill as to the applicability of the doctrine of subrogation. It is this case the underwriter, in taking the risk, exacts a sufficiently large premium to cover the risk of total loss, and make no allowance for the possibility of a breach of neutrality by a foreign government. In an arbitrary award an award of damages is made to the insured, but no tangible and shadowy to enter into the contract, or to be pleaded afterward as giving the right of subrogation. He would not be able to sustain this proposition, and also the assertion that the demand for payment as for total loss was not a final and absolute abandonment of the insured property, and that he risks a subrogation with it. The circumstances of equity may exist, on which the courts are to pass, and may reverse the award made by his agent, and may give him a 40 per cent premium was paid, equity would not allow the underwriter now to recover the other 60 per cent. Mr. Thurman asked to whom it would be unjust. The answer was satisfied and asked nothing more.

Mr. Call said he was not arguing for any class of persons; he did not know what he might be doing for the whole of his proposition. He understood the authorities to be against the idea that such a vague, intangible possibility of recovery conferred a right of property. He denied that the award was in any sense subject to legal claims. Municipal law could not cover the award of damages. The award was based on claims of individual citizens. There could be no right of property in the disposition of the whole of the United States to make an award of damages. He cited various opinions on this point. The question now is simply one of equity as to who sustained the greatest loss.

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