

NO MERCY FOR THE SHORTS.

FURTHER PUNISHMENT METED OUT TO THEM TO-DAY.

The Committee on Rumors Again at Work. But the Bull's Grip is Too Much for Them—Erie Leans Up as a Feature of the Market—Whitcomb's Stagnant at Western Union—A Great Day for the Workers.

UNISHMENT was meted out to the shorts this morning, and the failure of one of their number yesterday served to increase the uneasiness of the bear fraternity. There was a fresh batch of unfavorable rumors from Chicago, and according to these accounts the fast train just put on by the Union Pacific threatens to provoke an avalanche of troubles upon all the railroad systems at the West. These rumors have got state, however, and have no effect upon operators. In fact the temper of speculation is so strongly bullish that the bears might save themselves the trouble of giving out their pessimistic bulletins.

The leading bulls have certainly shown a good deal of grit, and having demonstrated to the street that they hold the whip-hand, most of the traders have abandoned their standard. Buyers were on hand all the morning and they didn't seem to mind the amounts put to them either; in fact, if anything, a preference was shown for big blocks and as high as 2,000 shares were frequently taken at one clip. There was a great day for the Workers and their friends, who for months have been steadily saying to operators that to buy stocks was the surest road to fortune.

Erie looked up as a feature, and was put up to 30% without much trouble. Then the Grangers came in for a large share of attention, and St. Paul and Northern Pacific were bought as though such things as too much railroad building in the Northwest was idle fancy instead of reality. Some of the specialties were trotted out, and Hooking Coal, Erie preferred, Tennessee Coal and Iron and Western reached higher prices than for a long time past.

H. M. Williams bought 5,000 Northwest, which was said to be short account. The sellers were scattering. Cannon and Low were reported to be taking in shorts. London sold a good many stocks to realize profits, but the offerings on foreign account were quickly snapped up by the bulls here. Deacon White was a heavy buyer of Western Union. Peasall also took a considerable amount. It is said that although the stock is not yet listed in London, about 5,000 shares were taken in there yesterday. The prediction was made that the stock would cross 80 this morning, but it was not fulfilled, the highest price having been 79 1/2. Missouri Pacific, however, was easily put up two points and Texas Pacific had many friends, the demand carrying that stock up to 26 1/2.

There were several bulls in the movement, but after each selling the bulls took a fresh hold and rallied the list.

THE QUOTATIONS. Open, High, Low, Close. Canada Southern, Erie, Chicago & North Western, etc.

Tips from "The Evening World's" Ticker. The stock market opened strong.

The sales of stock up to noon were 222,100 shares. The shorts were covering as rapidly as possible.

Nothing but bull news was received from all quarters.

The Union Pacific to-day put on its fast transcontinental train.

A. E. Ralston, the big bear, telegraphed to his partner that he would be in this city to-morrow.

Gen. Thomas and a party of capitalists started to-day for a week's trip over the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad.

The firm of J. W. McKim, Wilder & Co. dissolved to-day, and the partners have agreed to divide the firm will continue in business.

Heating Cars by Steam. Representatives of the heating trade of the East met at the Astor House this morning to discuss some general and common move in reference to the heating of cars by steam.

Gen. Thomas and a party of capitalists started to-day for a week's trip over the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad.

The firm of J. W. McKim, Wilder & Co. dissolved to-day, and the partners have agreed to divide the firm will continue in business.

Heating Cars by Steam. Representatives of the heating trade of the East met at the Astor House this morning to discuss some general and common move in reference to the heating of cars by steam.

Gen. Thomas and a party of capitalists started to-day for a week's trip over the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad.

The firm of J. W. McKim, Wilder & Co. dissolved to-day, and the partners have agreed to divide the firm will continue in business.

Heating Cars by Steam. Representatives of the heating trade of the East met at the Astor House this morning to discuss some general and common move in reference to the heating of cars by steam.

Gen. Thomas and a party of capitalists started to-day for a week's trip over the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad.

The firm of J. W. McKim, Wilder & Co. dissolved to-day, and the partners have agreed to divide the firm will continue in business.

MINERS DRIVEN FROM THEIR HOMES.

The Coal Barons Try a New Tack to Force Strikers to Terms.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.) PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The coal barons of the Lehigh region are going to try to break the back of the strike and bring the starving miners to terms by ejecting them from their homes. The initial step in these proceedings was taken yesterday afternoon at Wilkesbarre, when the Stout Coal Company, which operates collieries near Hazleton, filed two leases made by the company with two of their employees, Edward Fallon and James O'Donnell. The leases are those made by the same character as those made by J. S. Wentz & Co. with their tenants at Hazlebrook. By the terms of these leases the tenant waives all the protection and rights which he is entitled to under the law. He gives the company the power to retain the rent out of his wages; he agrees to move out at any time on five days' notice, and what is the worst feature of all, he is made to confess judgment in what is termed an "amicable suit in ejectment." By this clause he waives every right to a hearing or trial and gives the company the power at the end of the five days' notice to issue at once and without any further warning or proceedings a writ of ejectment and to throw him, his family and his goods out of the house.

Acting on this clause in the leases Mr. Kaufman caused to be issued two writs of ejectment against Fallon and O'Donnell and placed them in the hands of the Sheriff, who, unless prevented by the legal steps contemplated, will probably serve them within the next day or two. The lease with Mr. Fallon bears date Nov. 1, 1887, and that with Mr. O'Donnell Aug. 6, 1886. On Oct. 31 last notice was served on both these men, together with many others, to vacate the premises within five days.

Mr. Fallon has long been employed by the Stout Coal Company and of their predecessors in those mines for twenty-five years, for the last few years as a timberman doing heavy work. He has been a tenant held in high esteem by the miners of that section.

The Stout Coal Company employs about two hundred men at its colliery at Milnesville. It owns all the houses in the vicinity and controls all the land lying round about. It will not sell or lease one foot of it, and requires its employees to live in the company houses. The rent is deducted from their wages every month and they are also expected to deal at the company stores, their bills being deducted from their earnings.

If the coal barons carry this method of punishment to anything like the extent of their power there will be untold suffering among the idle miners in the cold days that will soon set in. Enforced idleness has made many of them homeless and penniless, and this new move will make them absolutely shelterless. It is understood that nearly all the companies of the Lehigh region will carry out this programme if necessary, but this morning only the Stout Coal Company has taken the lead and seen if they cannot strike terror into the men and compel them to go back to work.

The Knights of Labor of Wilkesbarre, when they heard of the writs which have been issued and were in the hands of the Sheriff, at once engaged W. H. Hines and John Lynch, who will to-morrow ask the court for injunction stopping the proceedings, on the ground that the leases are void and that the company is guilty of an illegal taking of property. The Knights of Labor are doing all in their power to help their suffering brethren, but where there are so many mouths to feed the best they can do is to get out a relief committee from the Shenandoah region yesterday. At a meeting there to-night the determination of the railroads to boycott the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company will be considered. The boycott is already in force at Mahanoy and on a small scale as the individual action of a number of merchants. There was an effort made there to-day to make it general, but it failed. It is thought that the boycott will now be carried out effectively.

A special from Cornwallville says that the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company has temporarily suspended hostilities and the officials are now devoting their time and energy to increasing the membership of their respective orders. A special from Easton being held in the region this week the object of which is to stir up the men to a spirit of organization. Secretary Mullen, President Trimball and State Secretary Davis address the crowd, and the trustees can interpret in the various foreign tongues.

Displeased with the Shoe Manufacturers. Knights of Labor attached to District Assembly No. 97, which is composed of shoemakers, are not pleased with what they regard as the onerous action of the Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association. They say they are aggrieved at all the new regulations and changes by which they have been harrassed, and they want their full privileges as men, without discrimination against any one.

The Philadelphia Shoe Strike Over. (SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.) PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—There is a prospect to-day that 3,000 shoemakers who have been on strike all day at their lastings again before nightfall, but the best hope is that they will have satisfied nearly 100,000 in wages. The strike has been settled in a fair spirit of compromise, the new rates of the manufacturers granting many of the concessions the employees asked.

Pittsburg Coal Miners' Demand Granted. (SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.) PITTSBURGH, Nov. 15.—All the coal operators in the Pittsburgh field will grant the five cents advance the striking miners asked, according to the joint Board of Arbitration and Conciliation of the National Federation of Miners and Mine Operators at Columbus. The advance benefits 4,000 men.

OPEN THE ART MUSEUM.

THE PEOPLE WANT IT, AND THEY SHOULD HAVE THEIR WAY.

A New York Man Offered His Fine Collection With the proviso that the Museum should be opened on Sunday. The gift went to Johns Hopkins University—Mr. Bordeau's Views in Favor of the Sunday Opening.

IF the bequests and donations to the Metropolitan Museum of Art would be blocked off by the Sunday opening, as some of the trustees seem to fear, it is nevertheless a fact that some valuable objects have been lost to the Museum because it does not open on Sunday.

Not long ago a gentleman of this city, while travelling in Europe, made a fine ethnographic collection at Lake Lucerne. It illustrated very beautifully the transition from one period to another in the history of the human race. To the ethnological student it was full of the deepest interest. An illustrated article on the collection appeared in a leading magazine. The gentleman offered the collection to the Museum if it would open on Sundays. The offer was declined and these choice specimens, which so adorn a museum and are of such great scientific interest to the intelligent masses, were sent to another city. The gentleman is an alumnus of Johns Hopkins University and he sent the specimens to that institution.

This is one instance, and there are, doubtless, others. Certainly one cannot blame an earnest collector who has patiently gathered together objects which illustrated some phase in art and science, for putting his collection in the hands of the public. It is a noble act, selecting a museum which is willing to do good to man, and to enlarge his capacity for the higher life even on Sunday.

Matthew C. T. Bordeau, President of the Department of Public Parks, and by virtue of the position a member of the Board of Trustees of the Museum, is strongly in favor of opening it on Sunday. "I am certainly desirous of seeing the Museum open on Sundays," he said. "Whether it is open or not thousands of people will go to Central Park on Sunday afternoons. So it would not draw people away from church. Those people who go to church on Sunday are not going to give up their church for the Museum, even if it is opened. On the other hand, hundreds go to the Park nor to church, who would be drawn there, greatly to their advantage."

The estimate of expenses necessary for opening the Museum on Sundays seemed to have figures a little bigger than they needed to be. This estimate will be considered, and any reasonable expense will probably be met by the city. But if the public, which seems to have so just a claim to this privilege, is denied seeing the pictures and works of art which are so valuable and which are so interesting, it will be retrenched from the present annual appropriation which the city makes to the Museum. I hope it will soon throw open its doors.

John Bigelow, who was seen in his house in Gramercy Park, said: "It is a matter which I think I ought to express myself on first before the Board. If I were called on to do so, I should feel prepared to do so without preparation. It is a point that would require some thought. No that I am not fully made up as to the propriety or right of opening the Museum on Sunday. I have quite a clear idea on the point, but you must excuse me from expressing it. Do you not think that the trustees can interpret in the various foreign tongues?"

There is no ground for this sentiment. The public feeling in the matter is that the Museum, an institution occupying a tower in the city, should be open to all, and that for its benefit, should be opened on Sundays. This is also the belief of THE EVENING WORLD, and it is only doing its legitimate work in trying to advance the interests of the public by showing the grounds for this view.

No one questions the great merits of the gentlemen on the Board who have given so generously of their wealth and of their personal labor to advance the interests of the Museum. It is because they are so deservingly grateful that it is believed that they will acquiesce in what the public desires as being the best thing for the city. They desire it, and rightly. There is no trenching on personal rights. The two or three members of the Board who are swayed by a religious prejudice against the opening may be expected to withdraw. If they think it is wrong, what else can they do?

The others are affected by motives of expediency. If they were convinced that it was for the good of the people and of the Museum they would doubtless vote for the Sunday opening. It is by discussing a point of that kind that the issue is made clear. This is what THE EVENING WORLD is doing.

HE IS A WESTERN DYNAMITER.

Kowatsch, Who Sailed on the State of Indiana, Bought His Ticket in Chicago.

A London cable despatch states that Charles Kowatsch, alias Ranover, a passenger by the State Line steamer State of Indiana, has been arrested at Greenock for having in his possession four dynamite cartridges, each 7 inches long, with copper caps attached, and a gutta-percha tube 18 inches long. He refused to state his business or to account for his possession of the explosives.

The State of Indiana left New York on Nov. 8 and arrived at Glasgow at 8 a. m. yesterday. Kowatsch went to Greenock with other passengers whose destinations were for various ports. The explosives were discovered in the post search made by the Customs-House officials. When arrested he said his name was Julius Ranover.

At Greenock he was in the line in this city, 83 Broadway. Mr. Baldwin said that Kowatsch bought a steamer ticket for Bremen by the State of Indiana at the Chicago office on Oct. 29. He paid \$10 for passage to Glasgow and \$3 additional for further transportation to Bremen. He said he was a native of Germany, and gave his age as forty-two years. Mr. Baldwin said that if the company had known that he had dynamite in his possession they would have refused to let him go aboard the ship. The Chicago police will be asked to find out, if possible, where Kowatsch came from.

The London police believe Kowatsch to be a dynamiter and an agent of the Invincibles in the United States. Members of the Clan na Gael, however, possess no knowledge of Kowatsch, and it is believed that he had been carrying on the business, which the London agent of the society, told at EVENING WORLD reporter this morning that he had been carrying on a similar business in London or Ranover, and said he did not believe the man under arrest in Greenock was in any way identified with the Irish cause.

Thomas Ross said he could give no information on the subject.

WRETCHED VICTIMS OF DRINK. William Daly's Drunken Rage Towards His Wife and Stepdughter. Agent Stocking, of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, brought to Jefferson Market Court this morning William Daly, a drunken lumberman, his wife Annie, with her eyes and face discolored and bruised carrying a sickly eighteen months old male child, and Lizzie, eight years old, stepdaughter of the husband, with her head swathed in bandages.

The family occupied room 32, on the top floor of the tenement-house 154 Bleeker street, which was found in a most filthy condition and barren of furniture. A rusty old stove, a broken table and two chairs comprised their household goods.

When Stocking entered the apartment where the family were found, he found the wife lying on the bare floor, her face dotted with blood and her clothing saturated with it. The infant was lying in a nude state beside her, and the child, Lizzie, the daughter of the drunken husband, had a bloody towel bound around her head.

William Daly works, but occasionally frequents saloons and plays policy. He came to the attention of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, through the slightest provocation, sprung at his stepdaughter, and dealt her a terrible blow on the head, inflicting a severe scalp wound. With the blood rushing from a deep cut, she fell to the floor in terror for her life, and the husband, who was lying in a drunken stupor on the floor, and beat her on the face and head until she was faint and then laid himself by her side and went to sleep.

The housekeeper of the premises notified the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and the Society, accompanied by a policeman, arrested the husband and wife. Justice Duffy sent William Daly to the workhouse for six months, the wife and her sickly child to the island for three months, and the child, Lizzie, to the Juvenile Asylum.

AGAINST THE BUCKET-SHOP.

PROPRIETOR TODD FOUND GUILTY UNDER THE GAMBLING ACT.

The Jury Make Up Their Minds in Half an Hour—Judge Cowing Imposes a Fine of \$100 and Grants a Stay Pending a Revision of the Proceedings—The Case to Go to the Court of Appeals.

Assistant District-Attorney Purdy summed up for the people this morning in the case of Elliott W. Todd, the bucket-shop keeper, indicted under the Gambling act, in General Sessions Court, and the case was given to the jury by Judge Cowing at 1:25 p. m.

In his charge Judge Cowing directed the jury to consider only the first count of the indictment, that charging Todd with keeping a gambling house. He defined the law concerning gambling and said that recent decisions of the courts had declared the contracts in futures were legal, and that being so, the case turned upon the single point whether or not the contracts made in the bucket-shop were legal and made with the intent to do away with stock when required. If the contracts, being legal, were bona fide, then the verdict would be an acquittal.

The jury announced an agreement at 1:55, and returned into court with a verdict of guilty.

Mr. Todd received the verdict smilingly, as though confident of a reversal on appeal. Assistant District-Attorney Purdy moved for judgment, and the case was given to the jury by Judge Cowing at 1:25 p. m.

Judge Cowing talked in the same strain, saying that he was not sure that his rulings were correct, and he would only impose a fine of \$100, and would sign a certificate for review by the General Term and grant a stay of proceedings for thirty days to allow the defense to prepare a case and exceptions.

Smith's Death Due to O'Dea. A Coroner's jury last night found Policeman Francis O'Dea guilty of having caused the death of Edward Smith, by unnecessary violence in making his arrest. He was remanded to the jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

ADVICE OF A PHYSICIAN. I have used Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic in my private practice for many years, and I can say that it is the best medicine I have ever used. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

B. Altman & Co.,

18th Street, 19th Street and Sixth Avenue.

(18th St. Station Elevated Road.)

ARE NOW OFFERING the balance of their Fall importations of ROUND HATS and BONNETS. Also a number of choice designs of their own make at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Corset Department. They desire to call particular attention to the celebrated FASSO CORSET. Acknowledged superior in shape, finish and material to any Corset now made.

None genuine unless bearing the trade-mark. Notice is hereby given, cautioning any person, not authorized, from exhibiting, offering, or selling any Corset under the name of "Fasso."

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Dr. Greene's Nervine Tonic is the most wonderful medicine ever discovered for the nervous and great resort of physical and nervous strength. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and it is the best medicine for all nervous diseases.

E. J. DENNING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO A. T. STEWART & CO.,

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN FINE CARPETS, UPHOLSTERY GOODS AND FURNITURE.

Domestic Wiltons at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per yard. Best English Wiltons at \$1.75 per yard. Best English Brussels at \$1.25 per yard. Best Body Brussels at \$1.00 per yard.

275 pairs Chenille Portiere Curtains at \$7.00, \$10.00, and \$12.00 per pair; reduced from \$10.00, \$13.00, and \$15.00. Nottingham Curtains at \$4.00 per pair; reduced from \$5.75.

Tapstry Furniture Covering at \$1.35 per yard; reduced from \$2.00. Silk Brocatelles, in all the artistic colorings, at \$6.00 per yard; reduced from \$8.00.

FURNITURE RE-UPHOLSTERED PROMPTLY, IN THE BEST MANNER, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. ESTIMATES FURNISHED. UNIQUE TABLES AND CHAIRS, A LARGE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT SUITABLE FOR WEDDING AND ANNIVERSARY GIFTS.

MATRESSES, MADE TO ORDER FROM PURE SOUTH AMERICAN HAIR. MATTRESSES REMADE AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. LACE CURTAINS OF ALL KINDS CLEANED AND REFINISHED EQUAL TO NEW AT 75c PER WINDOW.

LIVE GREEN FEATHERS, WARRANTED INODOROUS. SPRING UNDERBEDS, THE BEST IN USE. Broadway, 4th Ave., 9th and 10th Sts.

REAL ESTATE. At Auction. JERE. JOHNSON, JR.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS. ALL OF THE LOTS UNSOLD at the Great Auction, Sept. 20, OF THE WYCKOFF-KINGSLAND FARM, IN GREENPOINT.

Will be disposed of at private sale on easy terms \$600 AND UPWARD. Agents always at hand, on commission, to arrange for agents and Hamiltons, etc., Greenpoint, to show the place, or apply to Jere. Johnson, Jr., 60 Liberty St., New York.

B. Altman & Co.,

18th Street, 19th Street and 6th Avenue.

(18th St. Station Elevated Road.)

A Great Clothing Sale at Ball & Co's, 628 and 630 Broadway. The stock consists of two hundred thousand dollars' worth of Fine Clothing saved from the late fire, and will be closed out regardless of cost at 628 and 630 Broadway. The firm is retiring from business and everything must be sold as quickly as possible. In order to show what extraordinary bargains we offer we quote the following prices:

Men's Overcoats at \$2.49 and up, Men's Suits at \$3.70 and up, Men's Pants at 99c and up, Boys' Suits at \$2.20 and up, Children's Suits at \$1.76 and up, Children's Pants at 24c and up. Remember, all goods remaining from the fire must be sold, as we intend to quit the retail business.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

B. Altman & Co., 628 and 630 Broadway, bet. Bleeker and Houston Sts.