

WHILE POLITICAL CONVENTIONS  
Convene and Party Candidates Squabble  
THE WORLD "Moves On" with It  
288,970 CIRCULATION DAILY!

# The Evening World

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 18, 1888.

WORLD NEWSPAPER BILLIARD GAME  
Largest Circulation  
288,970 Daily  
64,396 Weekly  
Last Month  
Winning WORLD Cartoons on Both.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## LAST EDITION. DEPEW.

### His Star Seems to Be Rising at Chicago.

### A Conference of Leaders Changed the Situation.

### Boss Platt and Warner Miller Have Shaken Hands.

### Sherman's Boom Is at a Standstill.

### Blaine Still Looms Up In the Back- ground.

CHICAGO, June 18.—Barring Mr. Blaine, who is still the choice of a majority of the delegates, Chauncey M. Depew has forged ahead of all competitors, save perhaps Senator Sherman, whose boom, however, is at a standstill.

Mr. Depew awoke this morning with a hard day's work ahead of him. Until his arrival here it had been a query, to which the lack of apparent leadership in New York offered no answer, what Depew would do when he arrived. The question was as far as ever from being settled and Mr. Depew spent twenty-four hours asking questions. New York was undecided and the factions at odds. But last night the whole attitude changed.

This was brought about after a conference of the chairman of all the State delegations yesterday. They were asked how they felt towards Mr. Depew.

Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin favored him. Nebraska hesitated. Kansas and Michigan asked for time. The argument used with lukewarm delegates of Northwest and Western States was this:

"Depew can carry three doubtful States. New York gives nearly one-sixth of the total number of electoral votes necessary to elect. Mr. Depew we know is weak in the north-west because of his railway connections. Very well, then, give us a man of your choice who can carry the Empire State and we will yield."

"We can assure you New York with Depew. You can't assure us either New York, New Jersey or Connecticut with any of your candidates."

The majority of visitors had to give in to the argument.

NEW YORK UPON HIS FEET.  
It was figured that despite opposition in the Granger States, Depew might be nominated if he could secure the solid vote of the New York delegation. So Tom Platt and Warner Miller bused the hatchet, shook hands and agreed to give Depew the solid support of the New York delegation.

Everybody is talking about this to-day. Aside from the Blaine boom, which is being nursed doubly as a great shadow in the background, it is the feature of the hour. It is hoped by Mr. Depew's backers to overcome in a measure the least opposition that has been shown to him in the Granger States. If this can be done, and it is the business Mr. Depew and his friends are attending to to-day, the situation may be altogether changed.

Mr. Depew, whose candidacy was looked upon as a means of conserving Blaine sentiment until the proper time for using it, may, and probably will, become a central figure in the eyes of the convention.

Mr. Depew had not at 11 o'clock finally made up his mind to enter the convention as a candidate, but all the indications are that he will do so. Strong pressure has been brought to bear to influence him both ways.

John Raines, Mr. Depew's alternate, will take his place in the convention if he decides to be a candidate. Frank Hancock and Warner Miller will contest for the honor of the chairmanship of the delegation.

Stephen B. Elkins saw Mr. Depew this morning and advised him not to be a candidate. He assured Mr. Depew of the high esteem in which he held by the Blaine men generally, but said he thought his railway connection would be a serious handicap in the Western States, and that the party should not be called upon to carry.

On the other hand, many prominent Western Republicans have assured Depew that he can carry the Empire State. Congressmen Hancock, of Kansas, and Col. Bacon, delegate-at-large from that State, saw Depew this morning and told him he would be sure of Kansas by a majority.

It is almost certain now that he and Sherman will be the fighting candidates. With the withdrawal of Boss Platt's support, whatever limit amounted to, much of the pressure against Depew has been removed, and this morning he is talked of by some as a Vice-Presidential possibility. His boom, nevertheless, has been carefully and well managed as far as any, unless, perhaps, that of Harrison.

HARRISON'S FRIENDS URGE THE GUERRILLA.  
The plans of people who delight in guessing at the tinker received a setback by the published statement on the part of an Indiana leader that Gen. Harrison does not want the nomination for Vice-President, could not afford to take it and has no intention of permitting his friends to make a combination with anybody looking to that nomination. This is a sad blow to the calculations of be-

## THOSE FAVORITE SONS.



CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, of New York.



JOHN SHERMAN, of Ohio.



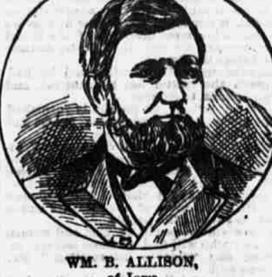
WALTER Q. GRESHAM, of Indiana, but adopted by Illinois.



BENJ. J. HARRISON, of Indiana.



RUSSELL A. ALGER, of Michigan.



WM. B. ALLISON, of Iowa.

levers in the Blaine finally, whose delight it has been for the past three days to couple the names of Blaine and Harrison in their predictions.

Gresham's strength has received no special increase unless it be the arrival of Col. Bob Ingersoll, who comes, so he is quoted as saying, to hammer some sense into Steve Elkins' head in the interests of Judge Gresham. He proclaims Gresham as the most available candidate and defends his right to the title of protectionist.

Sherman's friends are energetic in his behalf and additional forces that continue to arrive from Iowa swell his boom. The Iowa headquarters are much visited, but there is no enthusiasm.

The Allison managers claim accessions from New York, New England and certain Southern States.

The Blaine vote is claimed to largely by all the candidates that it is difficult to tell where the bulk of it really will be cast. Sherman has been accredited with most of it, but yesterday there crept in a decided Depew inclination and the open announcement of his candidacy will probably win him a host of Southern votes.

The management of the conventionary Blaine boom is giving vast ground on account of the hurry certain Californians are in to vote for Blaine on the first ballot. Blaine managers see the folly of this, and those who are in sympathy with Blaine nominated, who think it a plan to destroy him by hurrying him into a candidacy at a time when he could have no strength from pledged delegates.

It is even darkly suspected, in view of the persons who urge his immediate nomination, that it is done with the idea of giving birth to a Stanford boom. It was probably to circulate such an arrangement that Elkins, Hale and Manley, when they visited the Californians yesterday to urge that Blaine be not boomed so hard, suggested the nomination of Stanford on the first ballot.

It was intended, should play the role that immediate nomination would give Mr. Blaine—that of nincom. It is said this morning that this may be done, but the California delegates mean to relax none of their efforts to whop up his name. They are foremost in a Blaine display that is being planned for tonight.

CHANNING'S BOOK BOARS THEM.  
The friends of Sherman, Gresham, Alger, Allison and Harrison have become alarmed at the boom for Depew and are attacking it. The supporters of these Western candidates are insisting that Depew cannot carry the doubtful Western States, and that if he is nominated there will be danger ahead in Iowa, Michigan, Nebraska, Wisconsin and even in Illinois.

These attacks on the part of the shouters for the sons of the West are heard everywhere, but are not discouraging the friends of Depew. The delegates from the Southern States have a high esteem for Depew's ability and his Republicanism, and he will get many votes from Dixie's land if the Western people should let up in their opposition.

The leaders of the Northwest delegations have been offering all day, and great pressure is being brought upon them to wheel around for Depew, or at least to stop the clamor their delegates are raising that the granger vote is opposed to Depew and will not support him for President.

If the Northwest States should yield to Mr. Depew, Depew will be nominated, but if they do not yield, Depew's chances would be rather slim.

A ROW AMONG THE CALIFORNIANS.  
There was a big row in the Pacific coast delegations this morning. Senator Jones, of Nevada, got them all together in the headquarters of California at the Leland and attempted to throw a lasso over all their necks at once. He made a lively speech, arguing that Blaine was out of the race and should not be mentioned, and the Pacific States should stand together for their own candidate, Stanford.

Gen. Husted received this with yells of derision and there was a big hubbub. Jones had some support, but not much.

The meeting broke up in disorder. Another caucus will be held at noon, when final decisions will be made on presenting Blaine's name. There is considerable opposition to it, though it is likely to go through. Jones is working hard for Stanford.

The Iowa people are noticeably sore this

any other candidate be demonstrated and the voters of the convention unanimously tender it to Mr. Blaine we will be in readiness to do so. We have studiously avoided any display that might compromise Mr. Blaine.

Judge Jacob M. Patterson has been summoned before the numerous blimps of his son. Coroner Nugent will act as delegate in his stead.

Five thousand sons of Michigan arrived here this morning by special train. They come with brass bands and banners and are whooping it up for Alger. It is estimated that upward of \$100,000 have already been spent in booming Alger.

The Wisconsin people think if Depew is nominated they will have a defensive campaign in that State. One Wisconsin delegate favors Depew.

Gen. Curtis of St. Lawrence, says: "If Mr. Depew's friends can prove to the Northwestern delegates that he can carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut the granger opposition to him may dwindle away."

Judge Thurston, Chairman of the Nebraska delegation, says: "Mr. Depew will not get a vote from our State. The sentiment of the Nebraska Republicans is against a railroad magnate as a candidate. I think it would be a fatal mistake to nominate Depew. We might lose seven or eight States in the Northwest."

Sheridan Shook says: "If it were not for the opposition of the Northwestern States, Depew would be nominated on the second ballot. If they carry their opposition into the convention it may remove Depew out of the contest."

Arkansas is opposed to Depew, but is ready to listen to arguments in his favor.

There is a good feeling for Depew among the New England delegates.

The "Blaine or Bust" will have a great demonstration to-night. Ten thousand of them will parade through the streets.

## HEARD IN THE CORRIDORS.

Scraps of Delegates' Talk that Shows How the Wind Blows.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)  
CHICAGO, June 18.—The following stray bits of conversations and exclamations were heard in the corridors of the hotels this morning by an EVENING WORLD correspondent:

"Depew and Harrison will be the ticket."  
"There is John J. O'Brien, one of the New York City boys. He is talking tariff to Gov. Foraker."

"The Nebraska former delegates are kicking against Depew."  
"Sheridan Shook's room looks like a hospital. There are seven cots and two beds in it."

"I miss poor Mike Cregan."  
"Jimmy Husted and Collector Robertson are elated. They are certain of Depew's nomination."  
"Warner Miller will be nominated for Governor."

"The Gresham boomers are good fighters and will stick."  
"These Californians are the noisiest crowd here. It is 'Blaine or bust' with them."  
"Sherman cannot carry New York."  
"You are a liar."  
"What's the matter with Allison, of Iowa?"  
"You did, eh?"  
"Why, you little red-mustached, Casino from Ohio, go home to your mother."  
"What's the matter with Allison, of Iowa?"  
"Runk, of Wisconsin, is a side-show candidate. He and the weeds are full of them."  
"Look at those Kansas fellows drinking whiskey. I thought Kansas was a prohibition State."  
"Here comes old Fred Douglas."  
"I saw young Emmons Blaine and Col. Fred Grant walking arm in arm."  
"That's nothing. I saw Johnny O'Brien and Jake Patterson go upstairs in the same cab."  
"Wouldn't Alger and Morton make a good team?"  
"That darky over there wrote on my table. He said that he had a plan for a grand fraud, but I am impressed that she is a great deluded old woman."  
"This is fairer than the opinion of the other Spiritualists, who say still that she is a fraud. The maximum would be one year and six months for grand larceny, as Loewenthal, whose pictures were stolen by madame, has been dead these many years, and it would be better to let her go."  
"Vernon H. Davis, the victorious Assistant District Attorney, clad in a cool suit of gray, was in his place when Judge Gilderelove came to the bar."  
"There was a court-room full of people when Edith L. Dine Debar and Joseph H. Dine Debar were called to the bar by Clerk Welch, and Mr. Davis moved for judgment upon the defendants."  
"Madame was pale, even to the lips, and the 'General' looked haggard and beaten. A motion of John D. Townsend for a new trial of the case was denied. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. The name was called. Mr. Townsend called attention to the recommendation of the jury and recalled certain alleged extenuating circumstances in her case."  
"Madame can not stand the pressure which some people could, said Mr. Townsend. The maximum would be one year and six months for grand larceny, as Loewenthal, whose pictures were stolen by madame, has been dead these many years, and it would be better to let her go."  
"I leave it up to your Honor."  
"Judge Gilderelove said the jury had been told that this must not be a religious trial. That the question of the truth of Spiritualism did not enter in."  
"The jury found that you conspired to obtain money by fraud and trickery, and you were guilty. This was aggravated. You lived in unlawful intercourse as man and wife. In addition you added the offense of defaming your own mother. A heinous offense. I can find nothing except the jury's recommendation in mitigation."  
"The two months you have already been incarcerated shall be taken into consideration. The maximum would be one year and six months. As you have no money this would be very hard. I shall sentence each of you to the penitentiary for six months."  
"Madame received her sentence with a hurried look to the Tomb."  
"Under Sheriff Sexton said the Dine Debars would be taken to Blackwell's Island on Wednesday."  
"Expressions on the sentence varied. Most people thought the full year without fine should have been inflicted. And as to the poverty of madame, it should be remembered that she had \$4,500 on her person when arrested, a part of the money raised by mortgaging Marsh's house."  
"Prof. Van Horn declared the sentence: 'a damnable outrage,' which would precipitate a revolution if followed up by further persecution of Spiritualism."  
"Mr. Townsend said, however, that he should not appeal from the judgment."

## THE PLATFORM CUT AND DRIED.

Its Tariff Plank Will Express Congressman McKimley's Extreme Views.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)  
CHICAGO, June 18.—It is pretty well understood what the platform will be. The tariff plank will be expressive of the extreme views of Congressman McKimley; there will be a vigorous protest against the disenfranchisement of the negroes of the South; a hearty endorsement of Gladstone and Parnell which is being looked after by Alexander Sullivan and Patrick Egan; a declaration that the Republican party is the true and only exponent of civil-service reform, and that the pretensions of the Democracy in this respect are hypocritical.

Cleveland will be assailed for attempting to destroy the industries and debase the workmanship of the United States for the benefit of the British manufacturers and the pauper labor of Europe, and will be accused of having used the constitutional powers of Congress by the use of the veto power. He will be charged with inconsistency and hypocrisy, and with unfitness to the duties of the office.

An attempt will be made to get an expression on the temperance question in the platform, and the anti-alcohol Republicans are here in full force for that purpose. The temperance people can easily be taken care of by declaring that prohibition is a local issue and commending it to the discretion of the legislatures of the States.

There will be some trouble, also, over the financial plank. Senator Stewart is here for the purpose of getting a strong expression on the silver question, but what will stimulate the party in the Western States will be fatal in New York and New England.

## PRE-CONVENTION BILBOUTES.

Salient Paragraphs Picked Up Everywhere in Chicago.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)  
CHICAGO, June 18.—Judge Robertson and Gen. Husted are all smiles to-day. They think that Depew ticket is away up. Judge Robertson said:

"Depew will get 72 votes from New York on the first, second and third ballots. I think he will be nominated before the fourth ballot. There is a better feeling for him among the Western States, and you will find out before the day is over that Depew is gaining strength every hour."

Gen. Husted approached an Evening World correspondent and whispered: "Depew certain. Just saw him. Delegates coming to him by the dozens to pledge their support. The West can't stop it. Chauncey will get there."

Joe Manley, Blaine's old lieutenant, says that Blaine will not present the name of the Plumed Knight. "If," says Manley, "after fruitless efforts the impossibility of selecting

## SIX MONTHS EACH.

Ann O'Delia and Her "General" Sentenced To-Day.

The Couple Will Spend the Summer on Blackwell's Island.

The Sentence Thought by Many to Be Too Light—They Might Have Got One Year's Imprisonment and \$500 Fine—Judge Gilderelove Apparently Misinformed About the Prisoners' Financial Condition—O'Delia Very Pale When Arraigned.

Mrs. Dine Debar came to court in her own street car this morning to hear her fate. She heaved a deep sigh from somewhere in her torso and ascended a three-legged throne in one corner of the prisoner's pen, where she gave audience to THE EVENING WORLD reporter.

Her face was resigned, almost celestial in expression, and she spoke with the characteristic deliberation and largeness of soul of the female lecturer. She had come "bound, and was ready to express herself. She did so volubly and polyvally."

"I think the verdict was unprecedented in jurisprudence and entirely at variance with the facts as adduced in the evidence."

"I have been very nicely used by Warden Osborne at the Tombs."

"If I were judge and jury as well as defendant and chief of counsel, I might tell you what my punishment will be. As it is, I must reply that I do not know."

"No prison was over her fan, and was loftily resigned."

George Drexel, a Spiritualist, visited the prisoners. He presented his compliments, a big bouquet of Jacquemont roses and the opinion that her conviction was "rank persecution and a conspiracy against the truth."

To all of which madame bowed majestically and looked even more resigned.

The pair held a levee and Ancients Titus Merritt and John L. O'Sullivan, Prof. Van Horne and a host of other Spiritualists, in ringleads and hollow voices condoned their idols.

Madame received them all with the air of Mrs. Rogers when a wife and mother and signed the bandage around the head of that long suffering lady of dear memory.

William F. Howe, who started the "conspiracy" against the spook dealer, was in to hear the sentence.

Brother George T. Salomon evidently celebrated the conviction of his sister and her whimsical husband in real Kentucky fashion. He said that he had a great deal of business in the brown-stone building in a much debilitated condition.

Luther B. Marsh, said to Mr. Howe: "You had better be careful. I am a great deal of business in the brown-stone building in a much debilitated condition."

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## WHERE ARE A. T. STEWART'S BOOKS.

Mr. Choate's Anxiety to See Them Not Likely to Be Gratified.

The contest over Mrs. Cordelia M. Stewart's will was continued to-day before Surrogate Ransome.

Mr. Herbert Anstey was called, and Mr. Choate wanted to know whether he had received any more money from Judge Hilton since the last hearing. Mr. Anstey replied that he had received nothing more than his salary.

Mr. Henry C. Rice, agent for the Stewart estate was called to the stand.

Mr. Choate asked Mr. Rice if he knew anything about the destruction of the \$5,000 note given by Mr. Anstey to Judge Hilton. The witness said that he did not, and that he never was consulted about it.

Mr. Anstey then took the stand. Mr. Choate asked him if he had any objection to correct his statement made at the last hearing to the effect that there were no books of accounts of A. T. Stewart & Co. in existence. Mr. Anstey said he knew of the existence of no account books of the firm.

When shown the account books kept for Mrs. Stewart he said he knew of Mrs. Stewart having the books in her hand once. This was on Nov. 8, 1878, in the mill office of Judge Hilton. The witness was in the office with the books a few minutes. During this time Mrs. Stewart signed her name to a paper. The witness wrote a certificate of acknowledgment.

## THE GRAND JURY AND THE ALDERMEN.

What is Said to Be Going On in the First As to the Second.

The special Grand Jury resumed its labors this morning, and the subject of its inquiry was still the allegations of corruption involving members of the Aldermanic Boards of 1887 and 1888.

Two detectives patrolled the corridors outside the room occupied by the Grand Jury and the Aldermen. The Grand Jury was working reporter, who had his eyes and ears open for what information might be gleaned.

It was learned that Alderman Pittsford of the Eighth District, was before the jury on Friday to tell what he knew of charges of attempted extortion and blackmail made against several of his colleagues.

Nearly all witnesses were examined this morning. They were said to be connected with the Long Island Railroad tunnel scheme and the Collins Point Ferry Company, which were mentioned in connection with the charges against the Aldermen.

District Attorney Fellows said this morning that he is not informed that the jury will come into court to-morrow.

## JERSEY CITY NEWS.

A Malice-Keeper's Crime Likely to Become That of Murder.

Gottlieb Groezinger, who runs a saloon at 211 Newark avenue, was held without bail by Justice Wanser this morning for a crime which is likely to become that of murder.

Saturday night a dozen young men were seen in his pool-room. One of them, Timothy McDermott, of 815 Second street, grew bolder and was ordered out.

When he showed that Groezinger drew a revolver and shot he will urge the indictment for grand larceny, as Loewenthal, whose pictures were stolen by madame, has been dead these many years, and it would be better to let her go."

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## LAST EDITION. AT REST.

### Germany's Second Emperor's Impressive Funeral.

### The Services Held in the Friedrichskirche.

Frederick's Body Borne in Amid the Solemn Tolling of Bells—Europe's Royalty Present to Do Honor to the Dead—The Procession Carried Out in Strict Accordance with the Late Emperor's Wishes.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.)  
BERLIN, June 18.—The funeral of the late Emperor took place to-day, all in strict accordance with the programme outlined by him.

The imposing military spectacle occurring in connection with the services was witnessed by a great multitude, who were not only spectators but sincere mourners.

At 9 a. m. the tolling of the church bells began, and it continued, after the body had left the catafalque, until the funeral procession moved into the Friedrichskirche.

Twelve officers of the body guard carried the body from the catafalque to the funeral car. In the procession, carrying the imperial and royal insignia, were Count von Stolberg, bearing the imperial crown; Herr Maybach, the scepter; Dr. von Lucina, the orb; Count von Schellendorf, the sword; Herr Friedrichberg, the great seal; Herr von Bötticher, the black eagle; Herr von Gostler, the hat of the Prince Elector; Herr von Scholla, the electoral avow. Gen. von Blumenthal was Imperial Standard Bearer and was supported by Gens. Mischke and Winterfeld.

The pall-bearers were Gens. von der Goltz, von Treseker, von Obernitz and von Pope, all of whom are Knights of the Black Eagle. Generals and Lieutenant-Generals of the German army carried the canopy and acted as escorts to the bearers of the insignia. Detachments of military formed striking forces of the procession, forming van guards and rear guards, with special regiments as body guards to the Emperor, the Saxon King, the Princess and the representatives of foreign monarchies.

After the royal mourners in the line came the attaches of legations and the various Imperial dignitaries.

At the church Chaplain Koegel and a number of assisting clergymen conducted services, in which the late Emperor's desires and instructions were implicitly honored. The funeral address was made by the chaplain. Nearly eighty choirs sang from the Church of the Twelve Apostles assisted the regular cathedral choir in the rendition of the chorales and the responsive chants.

As the final benediction was pronounced there were salutes of musketry and artillery, followed by the resumption of the tolling of the Cathedral bells.

"I know that My Redeemer Liveth" was sung as a choral both at the Cathedral and at the Castle Friedrichskron. The services at the latter place were conducted also by Chaplain Koegel.

Signs of mourning among the people were very general and it was evident that none of the grief was assumed.

The new Emperor was visibly affected by the solemn services at the church and was impressed by the evident sincerity of the mourning among his subjects for the dead monarch whose reign was so brief.

The Minister of State and Gen. von Blumenthal stood by the casket during the services in the church, the latter bearing the royal standard.