Will the Record be Broken?

LATEST AND MOST GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF THE

SIX-DAY WALKING MATCH

IN THE

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LAST SUNDAY'S WORLD.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

TIME TO CALL A HALT.

Gen. Hovey Renews His Promise to Move Against the "Floaters" Who Disgrace Indiana.

STRINGENT ELECTION LAWS.

West Virginia Will Vindicate Her Good Name.

NEW YORK GREATLY NEEDS REFORM.

Ex-Attorney-General Hamilton Ward Fears for the Safety of the Republic Unless Such Corruption as Exists in the Empire State is Checked—Banks in West Virginia Drained of Small Bills Just Before Election—New Jersey Politicians Unanimous in Denouncing the Purchase of Votes When Practiced by the Other Side—A Republican Arrested in Tennessee on a Charge of Colonizing Negroes Imported from Georgia.

THE WORLD'S efforts to put a stop to the political debauchery prevailing in Indiana are already bearing fruit. THE WORLD showed the frightful corruption, the bribery of voters carried on almost openly. Where others had generalized, THE WORLD gave names and places, proving that votes were bought and sold with little pretense of concealment. The picture of political corruption convinced every one of the absolute necessity of taking immediate steps in the direction of reform. Gen. A. P. Hovey, the Republican Governor-elect, appreciating the drift and the force of public sentiment on the subject, assures a correspondent of THE WORLD that he will do all in his power to secure the enactment of a stringent law to protect the purity of the ballot.

THE WORLD'S revelations have been equally potent in other States. In West Virginia, for instance, on all sides are heard renewed promises that such a lesson shall be given to the boodlers, the colonizers, the repeaters, that the fair name of the State shall be vindicated, and that many years will pass before another attempt is witnessed to make fraud triumphant in the State. That money was used in New York additional proof is given, and ex-Attorney-General Hamilton Ward shows the necessity of at once calling a halt.

GOOD NEWS FOR INDIANA.

Gov.-Elect Hovey Renews His Promise to Reform the Election Law.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Gen. Hovey, the newly-elected Republican Governor of Indiana, who is in Washington winding up his Congressional business, has no doubt that boodle was largely used in the campaign in Indiana.

"I am just preparing my message to the Legislature now," said he to THE WORLD correspondent to-night, "and in my message I will talk right out about the corrupt use of money for election purposes. The Legislature is Democratic by a large majority, but they cannot enact any laws too stringent for me in the direction of purifying elections and protecting the ballot. I would disfranchise forever every man who is concerned in giving or receiving a bribe, and in addition to disfranchisement I should send to the penitentiary every man convicted of making a second attempt at bribery or corruption. I would also make it impossible for one man to be within 50 feet of another when depositing his vote. Then those who bought votes could not have any guarantee of delivery and the incentive to bribery would be largely destroyed.

Personally, I don't know of the use of a cent for corruption in the campaign, but I have heard that money was corruptly used in large amounts by both parties. I spent considerable money myself to influence votes, but not a cent to buy one. My money was largely spent in sending out speeches and letters. I know, positively, that if all the Democratic soldiers in Indiana had voted for Cleveland he would have carried the State easily. And my correspondence with the Grand Army posts in New York leads me to believe that more than enough Democratic soldiers in New York voted the Republican ticket to defeat Cleveland.

"New York is Democratic; there is no doubt about that, and so far as the tariff is concerned, I am convinced that the Democrats gained on that issue in Indiana. From the reports that have reached me, it would seem that the Democrats spent much more money than the Republicans in the campaign. I have no doubt that many of both parties will be indicted for corruption."

CALL A HALT NOW!

It Is Good-By to Thanksgiving if This Is Not Done, Thinks Hamilton Ward.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BELMONT, Allegheny Co., N. Y., Nov. 28.—"If you can arouse the American people to a sense of the awful peril that confronts them you will be a benefactor to your race. The history of the republics of the world is, that with their growth, they sow the seeds of corruption, and these, sprouting forth as a noxious vine draw the life sap from the parent stem, until it withers, shrinks and dies."

Poetic perhaps, but spoken with an earnestness and emphasis that could leave no doubt of the speaker's sincerity. Hamilton Ward, ex-Congressman and ex-Attorney General of the State of New York, a man of wide experience and a practical politician, gave utterance to this sentiment when asked his opinion as to the ultimate result, should the debauchery of the ballot continue to increase in the same ratio in the next decade as it has since 1876. He did not have special reference to his own county of Allegheny. He spoke rather of the whole country. Allegheny County, while measurably corrupt, bears no comparison to those hot beds of ballot debauchery, Albany, Rensselaer, Montgomery and Herkimer. The improper use of money is largely confined to the purchase of delegates, who are elected to choose candidates. No sensible man in Allegheny County who has any knowledge of the subject will pretend to say that the Fassett-Baldwin fight was fought on the merits of the men who sought Senatorial honors.

Mr. Ward was averse to speaking of this particular instance, on the plea that it would be ascribed to partisan feeling, and coming from a partisan it would have less weight than if uttered by a man not identified with either party. "Nevertheless," said he, "it cannot be truthfully denied that a sum approximating $95,000 has been expended in this county to put a man in place. This sort of thing is so totally at variance with the principles of an autonomy that it cannot but help result in disaster. Here in a nutshell are the reasons for my predictions: The rising generation, now coming into manhood's estate, sees that it is the accepted thing by politicians of all parties to buy and sell votes. The young man who cast his first ballot this year was educated up to this shameless state of affairs. Now, to what must this lead? That young man, those thousands of young men who sold themselves for a few paltry dollars, will always sell themselves in the future, and they, setting the pernicious example for others growing up to manhood, it will eventually result in the entire nation becoming a purchasable body of electors."

Mr. Ward spoke with strong feeling. He had no apologies to make for his own party. It was as bad on one side as the other, he said. "We must call a halt now," he said, "or too soon will this mighty evil be entirely beyond us. Instead of a brave people we become a nation of indifferent cowards. A bold, determined man could to-day with a small following seize half a dozen Western or Southern States and form a separate government. Would we of the East or North interfere? No. We would say: 'Don't bother us—take the States if you want them. We haven't time to fight.'"

The venerable Dr. Benjamin Norton, who voted for William Henry Harrison in 1840, lives in the town of Belmont, the county seat of Alleghany County. He, too, has seen with the gravest apprehension the tendency of the times. "The Lincoln campaign," said Dr. Norton, "the Grant campaign and the Greeley campaign were all fought without the use of money at the polls—that is, as far as Alleghany County is concerned. There was no money improperly used in 1872, either, but in 1880 there was. I think that was about the beginning of it. In 1884 more money was used than in 1880, and in the present year I am of the opinion that it exceeded both previous campaigns combined."

The best estimates obtainable put the corruption fund in Allegheny at $4,000, about equally divided. The "floating" or purchaseable vote is put down at 1,000 out of a total poll of 11,000. Prices range from $1 to $5, the lowest in the State.

ELECTION DAY WAS AUCTION DAY.

And the Highest Bidder for Votes in South Jersey Got the Turkey.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

GLOUCESTER, N. J., Nov. 28.—If the full story of vote buying and vote selling in this small but wicked place were told, it would fill columns. Gloucester may be described as the "Port Lee of Philadelphia." It is a ferry-boat resort, round trip 15 cents, and is largely composed of saloons, sandwich houses, and the homes of the very poor. A good deal of viciousness goes to Gloucester, and considerable belongs there. On election day a very large supply got mixed up with the polls and entangled in the vicinity.

Liquor being a staple of Gloucester, there was a hard fight in behalf of Mr. Stinson, the young lumber merchant, who ran on the Democratic ticket for the New Jersey Legislature. A fat purse helped it on, and Mr. Stinson got a majority of the Gloucester votes, but was killed in the other part of his district by the money which had been raised by the Young syndicate, the political powers that be in Camden. The Democratic forces were marshalled by Gen. Billy Thompson, hotel-keeper, planked-shad celebrity, and general political Pooh Bah of the latter place. If what Mr. Thompson asserts regarding the Young syndicate, and what the Young syndicate asserts about Mr. Thompson, or, rather what either asserts regarding the work done by the followers of the other, be true, there is business for the United States Grand Jury for six months to come.

But the United States Grand Jury in Camden County never seems to indict for certain causes.

A little cripple who lives on this side of the Delaware, and who is an earnest little worker on the staff of Mr. Matthias Stanlies Quay, said regretfully a day or two ago: "I might have made a fortune on the election if I had had the money and the nerve to stake it. Mr. Quay said to me a few days before the election: 'Not every dollar that you can rake or scrape on Harrison borrow, if necessary, on mortgage your house, as I have done.' 'But I can't afford to lose, boss,' said I. 'There is no possibility of losing,' he said. 'It is not a gamble, but a certainty. I know what I am talking about.'"

I repeated this incident to a well-known Cape May politician, a Republican, who was an ardent supporter of Harrison. "Yes," he said, "it is true. Quay knew what he was talking about. It was a cold-blooded business transaction with him and his assistants. True, he was deceived by Sewell and Phelps as to the Republican strength in New Jersey, and so, at the last minute, he withheld the election-day boodle promised here. Election day was an auction day, and the highest bidder got the prize."

The speaker is a State office-holder, and has much to do with politics at the southern end of Gen. Sewell's line of railroads.

One thing is certain: There is no hope of exterminating the pernicious "floater" so long as the high-toned contributor continues to pour money into the campaign hopper. Poor human nature is too weak to turn aside from temptation.

In my rapid run through New Jersey one thing has been demonstrated beyond a doubt: The floating vote controls the vote of this State—holds the balance of power. This is true of the State as a whole, and I fear of every county in the State. If there be any exceptions it is in the counties which contain large cities. Strange as it may seem, the city voters are proportionately more honest than the country voters. Not 5 per cent. of the voters of Hudson County sold their votes, while in Cape May County 30 per cent. go to the polls to see what they can make there. I use these figures advisedly after seeing Chairman Quay's own canvass-books and talking with the men who buy votes and admit it.

The boodle-holders are coming up to headquarters these days bringing an accounting of their stewardship. Every train from the back districts has its apologetic and embarrassed faces, for the party managers, the committees which raised the money in the various losing causes, want to know the reason why, and in many cases they need assurances that the money has been really spent according to orders. In case of victory no explanations are ever asked. One man who came up to town to-day and who had been accused of not using the Democratic funds intrusted to him, brought a pocketful of affidavits from the various township workers swearing that each had received a certain sum and had expended it—rather a unique exhibit for a court of law, eh?

The Chairman of County Committee chief also came up to town yesterday morning. He had tried to elect two members of the Legislature and had given a very decent pot of money to do it with, but he was beaten in both attempts. He accused the Republicans of buying wholesale. Tidings of extensive corruption in Salem, Gloucester and Burlington counties have also been received here. In Ocean County, where the famous Hayseed Club holds session, and in Monmouth, which holds one of the richest political rings in the State, the money of Millionaire Phelps battled vainly against that of the liquor men.

ATLANTIC CITY, Nov. 28.—The exposure of the corrupt practices in Atlantic County in to-day's WORLD created a sensation in Atlantic City. One political leader, who seems to consider himself aggrieved by statements made in it, is going about offering $50 for the scalp of the man who wrote the scathing article. THE WORLD sold like hot cakes and to-night as high as 50 cents has been offered for a copy.

Ballot-Fixers Who Will Give Thanks.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 28.—Gov. Jackson to-day pardoned Hezekiah S. Best, Martin J. Clark and John W. McMahon, who are serving a term in the Baltimore City Jail for fraud at the election of 1886. Gov. Jackson, referring to the petitions for the pardon of these election judges and clerks, said: "The petitions which have been laid before me contain the names of every member of the Legislature, nearly every leading business house in Baltimore and thousands of other private citizens. Against their pardon there has been but one formal protest, that of the Reform League. I am satisfied that the people believe mercy ought to be extended to these men. The punishment already endured has been sufficient to serve the ends of justice. The families of some of them have been reduced to a suffering condition since the imprisonment of the husbands and fathers. In view of these circumstances I determined to issue the pardons."

Had No Small Vices, but He Stole.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 28.—L. L. Price, for three years confidential clerk of A. C. Orcutt & Co., stove dealers, is a defaulter to the amount of several thousand dollars. He left the city after turning all his property over to the firm. Price was Noble Grand of Glen Elk Lodge No. 95, I. O. O. F., and was apparently an exemplary young man. He never used tobacco, drank or swore. He left a wife and family behind him in his flight.

Congressman Mills's Explanation.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Congressman Roger Q. Mills arrived here late last night. He expresses the opinion that the loss of the recent election was due to the use of money in Indiana and to treachery in New York.

CHAIRMAN ESTEE A CANDIDATE.

Out Openly for a Place in Mr. Harrison's Cabinet—A Lively Contest.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Rivalry between two prominent aspirants for a place in Harrison's Cabinet has assumed a new phase within the last thirty-six hours. Yesterday morning a despatch from Indianapolis was published here declaring that John A. Swift was almost certain of becoming one of the President's advisers; that he was acceptable to all factions, and that M. M. Estee was handicapped by railroad affiliations. These statements aroused the wrath of Estee's friends, who not only charge Swift with making a personal canvass for the indorsement of influential Republicans, but of having sent an ambassador to press his suit at Indianapolis.

At a special meeting of the Republican State Central Committee this afternoon resolutions strongly indorsing Mr. Estee for a Cabinet position were adopted. The Committee also forcibly contradicted the statement telegraphed to New York from Indianapolis that Mr. Harrison considered all available California men handicapped by their connection with corporations. There were present at the meeting prominent Republicans from southern counties who, on their return home, will call conferences of leading members of the party in Southern California for the purpose of adopting similar resolutions. In view of the position in which he now finds himself placed, Mr. Estee has decided to come out openly as a candidate for a Cabinet position. This, of course, means war to the knife with Jno. F. Swift, and a lively political contest may be anticipated.

California Wants a Cabinet Member.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—At the next meeting of the State Board of Trade resolutions will be presented for adoption containing a memorial to President-elect Harrison, asking that the Pacific coast be represented in his Cabinet. Appended will be further resolutions requesting that the memorial be forwarded to the President-elect by all the Pacific representatives in Congress with whatever indorsements of the movement they may see fit to make. It will be urged that such a request is not without historic precedent, and that this coast, which is now about completing its half century of wonderful progress and loyalty to the Union, has especial claims to recognition among the advisers of the President. It will be urged that such appointment would be the recognition of the peculiar interests possessed by this coast so far from the Nation's centre, that it would be a stimulus to patriotism and growth. It will be distinctly set forth that the petition is in the interest of no special candidate named or unnamed.

THE GULF STREAM NOT HEARD FROM.

She Left New York for Charleston, S. C., Friday—Fears for Her Safety.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 28.—The steamer Gulf Stream, which sailed from New York for Charleston on Friday last, has not yet been heard of. She was an extra boat, and it is believed had no passengers.

The Gulf Stream was commanded by Capt. Tribon and owned by William P. Clyde & Co., of No. 35 Broadway. The offices of the firm were closed last night, and no particulars could be learned in regard to the steamer. At the company's pier, No. 29 East River, an employee said that the fact that the Gulf Stream had not yet arrived in Charleston was not sufficient to cause any anxiety on her account, as she had very likely been delayed by the storm of the last few days.

The steamer Harold, from Baracoa, reports encountering a terrific cyclone Nov. 24, lasting till the 26th.

The steamer Ocean, from Bremen, reports meeting a hurricane in which she lost some sails and a life-boat.

This Boston Woman Was Shocked.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—At Chamber and Cambridge streets yesterday the heavy rain wet the insulation of an electric-light wire which hung to a building there and formed what is technically called a water ground. A woman who refused to give her name passed by, and her umbrella coming in contact with the side of the building the electricity ran along its wires down the handle into her hand, giving her quite a shock. She screamed, of course, and, throwing the umbrella away, commenced a series of hops and skips as if seized with an attack of St. Vitus dance. The fright she received completely prostrated her, and it was some little time before she was restored to her normal condition.

CORNELL AND THE FISKE WILL.

The Trustees Are Thankful that They Can Appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The intense excitement over the Fiske-McGraw decision has somewhat abated, but still continues to be the chief topic of conversation. A WORLD representative called upon the University authorities to-day. President Adams said:

"Although a large amount of the money involved has been in the University treasury not a single dollar has been used. The loss of this suit will not cripple the University in the least. It will have no effect except to prevent the University Trustees from doing as much as they otherwise would do for the new library building. We had intended to build in the centre of the State of New York a great library that would be worthy of the University and the pride of the State. The winning of this suit would have given us a fund nearly as large as that which Harvard has. The misfortune of the decision lies solely in the fact that the University will be compelled to abandon the improvements intended to be made. It is a misfortune that affects no one more seriously than the people of the State of New York, from whom come over seven hundred of our 1,175 students."

S. D. Halliday, attorney for the University, said: "It has been the policy of the executor to do all in his power to see that the wishes of the testatrix, Mrs. Fisk, were fully carried out, and those efforts will not cease until the case has been passed upon by all the courts to which it can be appealed."

Judge Boardman said: "The case has been decided against us, but unless the opinion contains some heavy reasoning we shall put forth every effort to see that the wishes of Mrs. Fisk are carried out."

Prof. Collins, of the Law School, who has made the subject of this suit a special study, said: "A decision either way would have been well based, both upon reason and precedent. I considered that a decision in favor of the University would be most consistent with public interests and business justice, and would be sufficiently consistent with precedent and legal logic to enable the Court of Appeals to render such decision without serious departure from their accustomed rules."

MANAGER FAIRBANKS SKIPS.

His Departure Spoils the Thanksgiving of Many Authors and Creditors.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—A local paper says that John Fairbanks, manager and practically sole proprietor of the Fairbanks & Palmer Publishing Company, which recently failed, left for parts unknown a week ago last Monday, and has not been seen since. It charges that, as Treasurer of the building society of the *National Union*, he is $7,000 short in his accounts, and that before his departure he raised between $5,000 and $6,000 on accommodation checks.

The Fairbanks & Palmer Publishing Company did a large business. It published "Gaskill's Atlas of the World," "Gaskill's Compendium," "Gaskill's Guide," Bishop Fallow's two books, "Bright and Happy Hours" and "The Home Beyond," Remsen's "Awakening," Gen. Grant's books, Frank Gilbert's "History of the World" and a good portion of the Chautauqua List of books. The total incubtedness of the concern, it is said, is over $60,000, with assets less than one-third of that amount. Fairbanks was a prominent member of Bishop Fallow's church.

PURSUED BY FATE.

Funeral of a Son-in-Law of Ex-Reading Clerk Moloney Yesterday.

The funeral of Cornelius O'Reilly, jr., who died suddenly last Sunday of inflammation of the stomach, took place yesterday morning from St. Agnes's Church, on East Forty-third street. Rev. Father McDowell officiated. The services were largely attended by the relatives and friends of the deceased. Mr. O'Reilly was the son of Cornelius O'Reilly, the well-known real estate owner and storage warehouse keeper. He was also the son-in-law of William H. Moloney, the famous "boodle" clerk of the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Cornelius O'Reilly, jr., married Mr. Moloney's daughter about eighteen months ago.

A strange fatality appears to have visited Mr. Moloney's family since he has been in exile. His sister died shortly after he took up his residence in Canada. The death of his father soon followed. A favorite niece was the next to pass away. Then came the demise of the niece of Mrs. Moloney, and now comes the burial of his young son-in-law. Mr. Moloney is at present in Canada. A large floral gift, the last tribute of respect, was placed on his son-in-law's coffin. The order for it came by telegraph from Montreal.

SHUT HIS WIFE UP IN AN ASYLUM.

Mrs. Steele Feels Very Thankful Now that She Has a Divorce.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—The complainant in to-day's divorce sensation was Mrs. Pauline Steele, a confirmed and feeble invalid. She says her husband's systematic cruelty is responsible for her condition. She was married in 1880 to Henry Steele, jr., a wealthy commission merchant of the Board of Trade. The three children she had during the four years she lived with Steele died immediately after birth. This and the alleged beatings inflicted by her husband physically prostrated her. While she was in this condition her husband had her brought before the Court and adjudged insane. Then he shut her up in the private asylum at Batavia. She was completely restored to health in six weeks and wrote many piteous letters to her husband asking to be released.

She was shut up in the asylum fourteen months. When she got out she says Steele offered her $5,000 to get a divorce from him, but she refused. He cut off her allowance and then went to Europe. She has not seen him since. She told the Court that while she was a prisoner in the asylum she understood her husband was leading a luxurious life on his large income. Mrs. Steele's story was corroborated by Mark Sherwood, her brother. He said Mrs. Steele was suffering slightly from hysteria, caused by grief at the death of her children, but was never insane. Judge Shepard lost no time in ordering a decree.

VERONA BALDWIN A CANDIDATE.

"Lucky" Baldwin Is Doubtless Thankful for Getting Rid of Her for $20,000.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 28.—A few years ago "Lucky" Baldwin paid $20,000 to Verona Baldwin to settle a breach of promise suit. She has apparently gone through that sum, for a couple of weeks ago she visited San Francisco in company with a son of millionaire Fallon. She is back here now, and the other morning she issued a card asking the public to vote for her for Mayor of Los Angeles. She heads the card with a quotation from Third Corinthians, eighteenth verse, and declares that she is compelled to become a candidate because she has been refused employment as a clerk on the score of her sex.

Another social sensation here is the marriage of Mrs. Francesca McDougall, a wealthy widow, aged fifty-five, to Edward Jesurn, aged twenty-seven, a handsome young West Indian, whose parents live in Kentucky. Mrs. McDougall's son became intimate with Jesurn at the University of Virginia, where both were studying, and persuaded him to come to Los Angeles. Jesurn and Mrs. McDougall went to San Francisco and were married, to the great disgust of the widow's relatives. Jesurn, before he went to college, made a reputation as an amateur athlete in New York. He is remarkably handsome, and his bride looks old enough to be his mother.

Mr. Blaine's Mission of Peace.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 28.—Mr. Blaine spent the day here at Young's, and all the party leaders dropped in to see him. The political situation was discussed, especially with reference to the New England representative in the Cabinet. There was also a discussion as to the distribution of the offices in the State—a matter which is destined to create more or less trouble among all parties concerned. Mr. Blaine left to-night for New York, his mission, so it is said in political circles here, being to conciliate the Miller and Platt factions. Blaine looks fatigued and somewhat careworn. He is traveling alone.

Editor Matthews Seriously Ill.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 28.—Editor J. N. Matthews, of the Buffalo *Express*, is lying seriously ill at the Hotel Brighton here.

Weather Indications.

For New England, light, local showers, northwesterly winds, slight changes in temperature. For Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, light local showers, stationary temperature, westerly winds.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Perry's pharmacy:

	1887.	1888.		1887.	1888.
3 A. M.	34	41	3.30 P. M.	42	44
6 A. M.	31	39	6 P. M.	40	42
9 A. M.	36	43	9 P. M.	36	41
12 M.	40	45	12 MID.	36	41

Average temperature yesterday, 42. Average temperature for corresponding date last year, 36.

EXTRA

11 O'CLOCK

HERTY.

A New Leader in the Great Walk To-Day.

Moore Went Under the Weather for a Time.

Littlewood in Second Place and in Excellent Trim.

Poor Sammy Day and His Weakened "Oh, Mary!"

A Holiday Crowd Flows Early Into the Garden.

The Men at the Front Still Making the Race Interesting.

THE SCORE AT 10 A. M.

	Miles.	Laps.
Herty	373	2
Littlewood	366	1
Moore	360	5
Cartwright	346	7
Howarth	339	4
Noremac	328	5
Hart	328	2
Golden	326	7
Mason	322	4
Connor	315	—

Record—Albert, 388.2.

Seventeen weary men, clad in the fantastic, vari-colored array of the circus ring, celebrated this day of thanksgiving and prayer on the tanbark and sawdust track in Madison Square Garden.

Around and around the big ellipse the weary wanderers go, some of them seemingly asleep or at least unconscious, others wearing an expression of suffering on their faces, and all of them having swollen visages and lame and knotty joints.

Only one or two acted as if they had any interest in the rest of the world this morning, and their interest was kept up with strong effort only.

Dan Herty read the news in THE WORLD as he walked.

THE FOURTH DAY.

Moore chatted cheerily with the reporters, and Old Sport Campana jawed and grumbled to himself and at everybody else as he trudged about the ring.

The scene was exactly like that at every previous go-as-you-please, only there was an unusually large number of men left in the race for so late an hour.

All seventeen of the men were on the track at breakfast-time this morning, though all could not be said to be in the race.

Smith and Smyly were officially withdrawn from the track at 5 o'clock, with 207 and 189 miles to their credit respectively.

Grandfather Peach has scored but 108 miles; Pie-Eating Taylor has run only 268; Elson, 268; Vint, 278, and Old Sport Campana, 275 miles at 9 o'clock, and they were virtually out of the race, even for a place.

At the end of the third day in his record-breaking race Jimmie Albert had scored 348 miles.

At that hour last night Herty, the leader, who caught and passed Moore at 8.25 last evening while the latter was taking a rubbing and medical treatment for a bowel difficulty, had travelled only 358 miles, and Moore was three miles behind him, followed by Littlewood within three miles.

On Thursday, in his race, Albert travelled 102 miles. On Friday he ran only ninety-five miles, and on Saturday he "walked in," doing but seventy-six miles in twenty-two hours.

Moore rested two hours, from 2.30 to 4.30, this morning, and while he slept, Littlewood, who had had two and a half hours in his bunk, overtook and passed him, while Herty, who slept one and a half hours before midnight, increased his lead on Mason to eleven miles, thus reversing their relative positions of yesterday morning.

Cattwright spent a good deal of time in his hut, and was twenty miles behind at daybreak, while Howarth, who had sprinted and spurted with everybody yesterday, turned out with a tread as if he were walking on eggs, after a three-hour rest. He found himself just behind Cartwright, and after a little ran like a deer.

The work of the leaders through the early morning is indicated in this table:

	1 A M	2 A M	3 A M	4 A M	5 A M	6 A M
Herty	322.2	336.5	341.0	345.2	347.7	353.6
Littlewood	321.4	325.0	330.4	335.0	341.1	346.7
Moore	320.1	324.1	328.5	336.0	338.5	347.6
Cartwright	313.0	315.0	319.6	324.2	328.2	331.2
Howarth	306.0	308.3	308.5	318.7	318.1	322.5
Noremac	293.1	299.0	304.0	307.7	311.4	315.1
Day	300.0	300.0	304.2	304.7	309.4	309.4

A comparative table of the work of the leaders each day may be interesting:

	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.
Albert	130.0	99.0	110.0
Howell	150.1	108.0	95.0
Herty	128.0	102.1	102.7
Littlewood	122.2	95.5	105.0
Moore	135.1	105.0	95.1

Thus it will be seen that Littlewood did a little the best work yesterday. He was in prime condition this morning. His eye was bright and he ran with much elasticity and energy. He is the favorite among the prophets to-day.

About three hundred people, including a half dozen females, remained in the Garden all night last night, and breakfasted on Frankfurter sausages, 10 cents and coffee this morning. They had prepared to celebrate Thanksgiving cheaply and decorously.

One of the ladies sent a glass of champagne to Peter Golden and another to Charley Smith, the English runaway boy, on the track last night. Smith's not in the race, but runs for fun and such gold as may be thrown to him by admiring or sympathetic people.

At 7 o'clock on the morning of Thursday Jimmie Albert first touched the record in his record-breaking race of 621 miles. Up to that hour Howell's record of 374¼ miles had never been beaten. Albert went 1¼ miles better, and bested previous records up to 3 o'clock Friday morning, when he fell behind it again for many hours.

PASSED THE LEADER.

Both Herty and Littlewood declared that they were in first-rate fighting trim this morning, and Happy Jack Smith said that the Sheffield blonde's appetite was excellent, his sleep easy and restful, and that there wasn't a blemish on him.

"If he don't scoop 'em all," says Jack, "I miss my guess. I never had a man in better shape at this hour.

"But say, ain't it a pretty race? Did you ever see the likes," continued the old trainer. "Here it is Thursday and it's nobody's race between five of 'em. Only ten miles between the three leaders, and all of 'em going to finish. I tell you, Mr. EVENING WORLD, you can say to them as asks you that this race ain't finished yet."

STEAMING HOT INSPIRATION.

Moore, the soft-voiced Standard Oil representative from the City of Brotherly Love, replied to the query of an EVENING WORLD reporter this morning:

"First rate, thank you. I am feeling much better than I did yesterday, and shall think all right. I expect to win."

THE 7 A. M. SCORE.

Herty, 358.6; Littlewood, 351.7; Moore, 347.4; Cartwright, 335.5; Howarth, 337.0; Noremac, 318.0; Day, 309.4; Hart, 313.1; Golden, 319.1; Mason, 319.6; Connor, 309; Campana, 278.1; Vint, 275.5; Elson, 269.7; Taylor, 263; Peach, 170.1.

The Record: Albert, February, 1888, 375.6; Littlewood, May, 1888, 352.5.

THE SCORE AT 8 A. M.

Herty, 363.5; Littlewood, 356.6; Moore, 351.7; Cartwright, 336.6; Howarth, 339.7; Noremac, 320.1; Day, 309.4; Hart, 318.1; Golden, 317.4; Mason, 313.7; Connor, 311.6; Campana, 281; Vint, 276.4; Elson, 271.7; Taylor, 265; Peach, 171.5.

Record: Howell, 381.5; Albert, 379.2.

SAM DAY IS SICK.

Sam Day's "Oh, Mary!" was weaker last night, and at 9 this morning it was stated by the men who attend him that he was suffering an attack of inflammation of the bowels and would probably not reappear on the track.

He had travelled 339½ miles.

The crowd at the Garden to-day was a holiday crowd in its aspects and feelings. There were Sunday coats and Sunday trousers, with store wrinkles still in them. There was a clean-shaven and freshly brushed air about the men, and the wives and sweethearts were numerous.

Everybody was particularly good-natured and the peanut, popped corn and refreshment stands did excellent business.

The crowd began to come in early and there were fully 2,000 in the big pavilion by 8 o'clock. The enthusiasts had evidently left the breakfast table and come direct to the holiday show.

THE SCORE AT 9 A. M.

Herty, 368 miles 3 laps; Littlewood, 361.3; Moore, 356.2; Cartwright, 342.1; Howarth, 334.5; Noremac, 325.1; Day, 309.4; Hart, 323.6; Golden, 322.5; Mason, 319; Connor, 314.7; Campana, 283.4; Vint, 280; Elson, 273.2; Taylor, 272.2; Peach, 172.5.

The Record—Albert, 368.5.

MOORE WAS BLUE.

Moore was a little blue this morning, though he was pretty well physically. He said: "Hanging ought to be abolished. A man convicted of a capital offense ought to be given the lead in a six-day go-as-you-please for a big prize, be dogged by a half dozen other men for three days, and then be caught by them."

Dan Herty's trainer, George McDonald, who trained Sullivan on his recent visit to England, said this morning: "Herty slept nine hours, ate four chops and drank oatmeal gruel for breakfast. He has a good appetite, no blisters and sleeps restfully when he can. He will keep right on to the finish."

Happy Jack Smith said of his experience with Littlewood: "He is the best man to train I ever handled. He came in at 11 o'clock last night and I gave him a dry rubbing. There wasn't a blister mark or blemish on him. Then I gave him a bath in hot alcohol and put him to sleep. At 1 o'clock I turned him out again, and he is as bright as bright can be. He eats good, slept well and only complains of being a little sleepy. Considering that at this time Littlewood had tramped about 365 miles, most of it on the run, and had had but about six hours' sleep since Sunday, it is not very remarkable that he was a trifle sleepy."

The Whiskey Peddler Has Leprosy.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 28.—The report that leprosy had been communicated by Chinese among the Indians of British Columbia has been followed up with a letter received by the Dominion Government to-day imploring the Government to take immediate steps to prevent the indiscriminate mingling of those known to be affected with leprosy among the residents of that province. It is stated that a most flagrant case exists which threatens to disseminate the seeds of the terrible scourge all over the country, that of a Chinese leper who has been peddling whiskey throughout the province. He has been convicted in the police court several times, but the authorities refuse to admit him into the jail on account of his disease. The local government refuse to take any steps to place him under restraint and the people have been forced to appeal to the Dominion Government for protection.

Surgeon Simon's Body Removed.

The body of Surgeon Simon, who died of yellow fever at Quarantine, on board the cruiser Boston, on Monday evening, was taken from Swinburne Island hospital yesterday and sent to Philadelphia for interment. The body was placed in a hermetically-sealed casket and placed on board of a Navy Yard launch and taken to the depot. The officers and men of the Boston are in good health and the work of disinfecting and cleansing still continues. The two patients at Swinburne Island are improving.

Some of the Jiggers Will Go.

The days of the jigger car on the Twenty-third street road are definitely numbered, and on Dec. 1 the victory of THE WORLD'S crusade against the death-dealing bob-tails will be manifest. On that date a number of bright and new two-horse cars will be placed on the line.

He Takes the Mayoral Oath.

Mayor-elect Hugh J. Grant appeared before Supreme Court Judge Morgan J. O'Brien at Chambers yesterday and took the oath of office as Mayor, which oath was afterwards filed in the Mayor's office.