IS GOULD IN IT?

Stopping the Tickers a Blow at the Consolidated Exchange.

Wall Street Thrown Into Wild Confusion by the Sudden Move.

Not a Stock Ticker Ticking and Hosts of Speculators Despondent.

Members of the Consolidated Say They Won't Be Hurt in the Least.

Wall street is all agog this morning.

Such excitement and commotion among brokers and stock speculators has not been seen in many a day, and the only topic of conversation and discussion is the summary action of the Governors of the Stock Exchange in excluding the two big ticker companies, the Gold and Stock and the Commercial, from the floor of the Exchange and refusing to let them furnish stock quotations to the public.

The governors took this action last night after the close of business, by a vote of 34 to 2, as the contract with both companies and the Exchange expired yesterday, and the announcement fell like a clap of thunder from a clear sky.

All the instruments were cut out last evening, and not a quotation was sent out to-day except over the wires of the Consolidated Exchange's special wires.

The Gold and Stock Company's apology to its customers reads:

After 3 P. M. yesterday we received notice from the New York Stock Exchange that they had decided upon the immediate termination of their agreement with this Company by which we obtained their quotations and transmitted them to you, and that the quotations would not be furnished to us after that date. This prevents the transmission of said quotations over these wires. GEORGE B. SCOTT, Superintendent.

The announcement of the Commercial Company was to the same effect, although it characterized the action as "summary."

All sorts of rumors were flying about this morning as to the meaning of this action on the part of the Governors of the Stock Exchange.

Ostensibly it was done to break up the bucket-shop system, but it was suggested by the majority of the traders that it was another blow at the Consolidated Exchange.

It was said that behind the whole thing was a deal between the Gold and Stock Company, which is controlled by the Western Union, and the Stock Exchange by which the former was to be admitted to the floor under a new agreement to furnish quotations to members of the Exchange only.

It is said that the Italian hand of Jay Gould is visible in the transaction, for it is a direct blow at the Commercial, which is a formidable rival of the Gold and Stock.

Stock Exchange men were rather reticent this morning. The return to the old system of twenty years ago, of getting quotations by messengers evidently did not suit their customers, and complaints were not few.

"This sort of thing is going to hurt our business materially," said a prominent Broad street broker. "At least, it will not do us any good. It's putting a Chinese wall around the Stock Exchange and that isn't what we want."

Others, like Mr. Henry Clews, was more sanguine and thought it would accomplish the result intended and break up the bucket-shop system.

At the Consolidated Exchange everything was booming. Brokers were jubilant, and predicted that the action of the Stock Exchange, which was evidently levelled at them, would do them more good than harm.

"Thank God! it has come at last," ejaculated Broker H. A. Patterson, fervently. "It is just what we needed to put this Exchange where it ought to be. I have always worked to make this a practically open Board, where the lowest commissions were charged and the public could come right in and see what they were doing.

"They will have to come to it now, and I hope we will soon have this Exchange open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. The public wants these facilities, and it ought to have them."

Uncle Rufus Hatch was on hand, and said: "Nothing could be better for the Consolidated than this move on the part of the Stock Exchange. It will break up the bucket shops, it is true, but this is not a bucket shop. It will make it an open Board, where we can make our own quotations, independent of the Stock Exchange. I have been working for this for twenty years."

President C. G. Wilson was the busiest man on the floor.

"Everything was so sudden that we had hardly time to prepare for it. Our quotations will be sent over our own wires, and they are practically the only ones which are furnished to the public. I am going to make a full statement after the market closes to-day."

Broker Gibson, of Watson & Gibson, said: "This will hurt the other institution a great deal more than ours. If the Gold and Stock was shut out in good faith all the Gould interests will be arrayed against it, and in that case they might as well close their blinds.

"There is no trouble about getting Stock Exchange quotations. They come from Philadelphia and Boston as fast as they can be wired. We have made arrangements to get them this morning."

Gen. Supt. Charles A. Tucker, of the Gold and Stock, said this morning that there were no negotiations pending between the Gold and Stock and the Stock Exchange to compromise matters, and that they had no plans at present.

The Consolidated opened at 10 o'clock with a wild whoop. The market was very strong and there were more orders on the floor than had ever been known before.

Some Stock Exchange quotations were posted, but the trading went right on without any attention being paid to them. It was the busiest Saturday morning of the year.

"It doesn't look as if they were going to hurt us any," said Chairman Peters. "It just proves what I have said all along that those who give the best facilities to traders will get the best returns."

All the bucket shops down on New street were idle this morning.

No quotations were posted and crowds of customers stood around and talked over the situation. There was a general tone of despondency among the groups of small speculators.

It is said that they are standing on their contracts for the present, and there is a probability that if the Stock Exchange does not return to its former custom of giving out quotations freely, the quotations of the Consolidated will be used.

Stock Exchange quotations were received regularly at the Consolidated all the forenoon by means of telephone, and from Boston and Philadelphia. They were posted up as usual as soon as they came in.

Customers in the Stock Exchange brokers' offices had to content themselves with the lists brought in by messengers at irregular intervals. They were slow and very much behindhand and there was lots of kicking.

At the close of business at the Consolidated Exchange President Wilson addressed the members. He said that they would go on doing business on Monday, just as to-day, and that arrangements had been made to get every change in stock quotations make in London, Philadelphia and Boston.

The speech was received with wild enthusiasm by the members, and cheer after cheer rang through the building.

Frank B. Neuville Missing.

Frank B. Neuville, forty-five years old, left his home, 762 Greenwich street, early last evening, and has not since been seen. Business troubles had recently made him insane, and his family are alarmed for his safety. He is stout, with dark complexion, black hair, eyes and mustache, and wore a gray cutaway coat and vest and dark trousers. He carried a silver watch with his initials engraved on the case.

DR. CRONIN WAS WARNED.

THREATENING LETTERS TO HIM FOUND WITH THE CLAN-NA-GAEL SIGN.

They Were Written in Red Ink and Signed "U. B.," for the United Brotherhood—Death Threatened for Interfering with the Secrets of the Order—The Society at Large Ignorant of the Conspiracy.

Even the prominent members of the Clan-na-Gael in New York are begining to come around to the theory that the murder of Dr. Cronin was planned and executed within the Order, although the knowledge of the conspiracy never came to the members of the Society at large, and the plot never received anything more than a semi-official sanction.

An examination of Dr. Cronin's papers has brought to light a number of threatening letters, written in red ink and signed "U. B." or "The Committee of Seven of the U. B.," these initials being the sign of the Clan-na-Gael and standing for the United Brotherhood.

The substance of these letters is that unless Dr. Cronin would cease his "persistent persecuting of trusted officials," which, it is said, had led to a grave crisis, and stop his interfering with the secrets of the Order and the doings of officials, he would meet with the same fate that had overtaken every enemy of the cause.

The fact that very little is said about his being a spy and a traitor, although these terms are sometimes applied to him in the letters, and that the greatest stress is always laid upon his hostility towards the officials of the Order, and his disturbing influence, are to be regarded as convincing proof that the motive for his assassination was purely personal, and is another evidence that the theory of the anti-Sullivan faction in the Clan-na-Gael is more probable than any other that has yet been advanced.

It has also been discovered that Chicago Camp 96, in which Dr. Cronin is said to have been tried and sentenced and at whose instance his murder was accomplished, is under the immediate control of Alexander Sullivan, and that his particular friends and heelers occupy every office. This is another link in the chain of evidence which the police and private detectives who are working on the case are slowly forging about the conspirators and those who executed the plot.

The police also believe that they have hit upon an important clue in the finding of Cronin's clothes near the mouth of the sewer into which his body was thrown. The vest belonging to Dr. Cronin is missing, and in its place is another of coarser material.

All these developments are watched with the keenest interest in this city, and the belief that it will not be long before the perpetrators of the foul murder are brought to justice is daily becoming stronger and more confident.

The suspicions which attached to Sullivan in connection with the Hanford murder several years ago, and which at the time it was thought that he would never live down, have been revived, and are regarded by Dr. Cronin's friends and sympathizers as very damaging evidence against the leader of the Clan-na-Gael. His wife, who has been for some time at Paris and who is known to have been his chief counsellor and adviser in all his important moves, has started for this country to help him out of the difficulties in which he has become involved. It was she who extricated him from the Hanford scrape.

The Queen of Confidence Women—Read the SUNDAY WORLD.

SAVED FROM SUICIDE.

A Young Man Throws Himself in Front of an Electric Motor.

Mathias Steiger, a homeless young man, today threw himself in front of an electric motor on Jamaica avenue, near Alabama avenue, Brooklyn.

Patrolman Kenney, of "Handsome Harry" French's precinct, saw him and placed him under arrest on a charge of vagrancy.

He was temporarily deranged.

The Day in Wall Street.

Stocks were strong in the early dealing, but later sold off. The difficulty of obtaining quotations had a tendency to restrict business and caused not a few operators to sell out.

It is stated that the banks particularly object to the new order of things, and may call in loans on some of the shares for which there is a limited market at best.

The banks lose $449,700 in surplus reserve and now hold $14,605,650 in excess of the 25 per cent. legal requirements. The following are the comparative figures:

	May 25.	June 1.	Changes.
Loans	$412,473,700	$411,757,800	Dec. $714,900
Specie	82,166,100	80,403,000	Dec. 1,762,500
Leg'ns	43,405,700	44,887,800	Inc. 1,422,100
D'posits	442,425,800	442,743,000	Inc. 317,200
Circ'n	4,093,900	3,979,700	Dec. 24,200

Owing to the stoppage of the "ticker" service and the crude arrangements of the Stock Exchange for the collection of quotations, our table which follows is necessarily incomplete:

THE QUOTATIONS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.
American Cotton Oil	—	—	—	55⅝
Adams Express	—	—	—	138
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	—	46	45¼	45¼
Canada Southern	—	—	—	55
Central Pacific	—	—	—	30⅝
Cleve., Col., Cin. & Ind.	—	—	—	70
Chesapeake & Ohio	—	22	21	21⅝
Chicago Gas Trust	—	59⅝	58⅝	59
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy	—	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
Chic., St. L. & Pitts	—	—	—	16
Chic., St. Louis & Pitts. pfd	—	—	—	40⅝
Chicago & Alton	—	—	—	135
Chicago & Northwest	—	112⅝	111⅝	111⅝
Chicago & Northwest pfd	—	—	—	142½
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	—	74	73⅝	73⅝
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul pfd	—	—	—	115
Chic., Rock I. & Pac	—	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝
Chicago & Eastern Ill	—	—	—	32⅝
Chic. & Eastern Ill. pfd	—	—	—	90
Col. & Hocking Coal	—	—	—	17
*Consolidated Gas	—	—	—	85⅝
Del., Lack & Western	—	143⅝	143⅝	143⅝
Delaware & Hudson	—	140⅝	140	139⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	—	—	—	16⅝
Den. & Rio Grande pfd	—	—	—	47⅝
E. Tenn., Va. & Georgia	—	11	10⅝	10⅝
Green Bay & Winona	—	—	—	6⅝
Illinois Central	—	—	—	116
Kingston & Pembroke	—	—	—	21⅝
Lake Shore	—	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
Lake Erie & Western	—	—	—	19⅝
Lake Erie & Western pfd	—	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
Long Island	—	—	—	54
Louisville & Nashville	—	70⅝	70	70⅝
Louis. New Alb. & Chi	—	—	—	43
Manhattan Consol	—	—	—	100⅝
Memphis & Charleston	—	—	—	65
Michigan Central	—	—	—	90
Mil., L. S. & West	—	—	—	92
Mil., L. S. & West. pfd	—	—	—	115⅝
Minn. & St. Louis	—	—	—	4⅝
Minn. & St. Louis pfd	—	—	—	1
Missouri Pacific	—	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
Mobile & Ohio	—	—	—	11⅝
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	—	—	—	10⅝
Nash., Chat. & St. L	—	—	—	90
Nat. Lead Trust	—	—	—	26⅝
New Jersey Central	—	—	—	106⅝
New York Central	—	—	—	108⅝
N. Y. & New England	—	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
N. Y., Chic. & St. Louis	—	—	—	16⅝
N. Y., Chic. & St. L. 1st pfd	—	—	—	70
N. Y., Chic. & St. L. 2d pfd	—	—	—	57
N. Y., Lake Erie & West	—	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
N. Y., Lake Erie & West. pfd	—	—	—	70
N. Y., Susq. & Western	—	—	—	8⅝
N. Y., Susq. & West. pfd	—	—	—	34
Norfolk & Western	—	—	—	10
Norfolk & Western pfd	—	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
Northern Pacific	—	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
Northern Pacific pfd	—	67⅝	66⅝	66⅝
Ohio & Mississippi	—	—	—	23⅝
Ont. & Western	—	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
Or. Railway & Navigation	—	94⅝	93⅝	94
O. Transcontinental	—	35	35	36
Oregon Improvement	—	—	—	19⅝
Oregon Short Line	—	47⅝	46⅝	47
Pacific Mail	—	—	—	36
Pipe Line certificates	—	—	—	83⅝
Philadelphia & Reading	—	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝
Philadelphia Gas	—	—	—	75
Peoria, Decatur & Evan	—	—	—	24⅝
Pullman Palace Car Co	—	—	—	189⅝
Rich. & Allegheny	—	20⅝	19⅝	20
Rich. & West Point Ter	—	20⅝	20	20
Rich. & W. P. Ter. pfd	—	—	—	85⅝
St. Paul & Omaha	—	—	—	35⅝
St. Paul & Omaha pfd	—	—	—	98
St. Paul, Minn. & Manitoba	—	—	—	129⅝
St. Louis & San Fran	—	29⅝	29⅝	28⅝
St. Louis & San F. pfd	—	60⅝	60	60⅝
Sugar Trust	—	—	—	98⅝
Texas Pacific	—	—	—	21⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	—	—	—	37⅝
Union Pacific	—	65⅝	62⅝	62⅝
United States Express	—	—	—	78
Wabash, St. L. & Pac	—	15⅝	15⅝	15
Wabash, St. L. & Pac. pfd	—	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
Western Union Telegraph	—	88⅝	87⅝	87⅝
Wells, Fargo Express	—	—	—	141
Wheeling & Lake Erie	—	69	68⅝	68⅝

A Specimen New York Thug—See the SUNDAY WORLD.

CAPSIZED BY ACCIDENT.

PETER LINDEN TELLS HOW YOUNG CORNELIUS CARR WAS DROWNED.

He Says Mackay Upset the Boat While Trying to Recover His Hat—Boatman Fitzgerald Says, However, That He Saw Them Deliberately Capsize It—The Detectives Making Further Investigation.

Osborn Mackay and Peter Linden, who are accused of wilfully upsetting a row-boat at Hell Gate yesterday, which resulted in the drowning of Cornelius Carr, were arraigned in the Harlem Police Court this morning.

Patrick Fitzgerald, who keeps a boat-house at the foot of Eighty-ninth street, testified that he saw the prisoners rocking the boat and trying to capsize it.

Linden, who was sitting in the stern of the boat, was trying to capsize it with his arms, and Mackay was making the same effort with the oars.

A man was sitting in the middle of the boat and he remained quiet.

When the boat went over the quiet man was drowned.

Louis Dehan, of Eighty-eighth street and First avenue, and Alonzo Jeroloman corroborated Boatman Fitzgerald's testimony.

Linden cried while the testimony was being given.

John Carr, a brother of the drowned man, was in court. He said that his family first learned of the fatal event when they saw it in THE EVENING WORLD last night.

He said the brother who lost his life was eighteen years old and lived with his parents at 202 North Seventh street, Williamsburg. Cornelius worked in Sone & Fleming's oil works in Astoria, where Mackay and Linden also worked.

Linden and his brother had been well acquainted and were on friendly terms.

Mackay he knew little about.

Linden, who is only nineteen years old, said that the boat was accidentally capsized by Mackay, who was trying to recover his hat which had blown into the river.

Mackay and he quit work at 9.30 o'clock, the mill having closed down for the day, and were on their way home when they met Carr.

The three drank rather freely and then went out on the river for a row.

Both men were half drunk when they were arrested by Detectives Cagney and Degan of Twenty-seventh Precinct.

Cagney says that Macky denied that there was a third man in the boat, and tried to break away. The detective handcuffed him.

Cornelius Carr's body has not been recovered.

The capsizing of the boat seems to have been attended with culpable folly, but it was evidently not premeditated.

Detectives Cagney and Degan are further investigating the case.

The two prisoners are locked up in the Twenty-seventh Precinct station.

Strange Religious Worship in the Ganges River—See the SUNDAY WORLD.

PLACES FOR THE FAITHFUL.

NEW ASSISTANT CORPORATION COUNSEL AND DEPUTY REGISTER.

As was predicted in THE EVENING WORLD of yesterday, Sidney J. Cowen was to-day appointed Assistant Corporation Counsel, in place of William L. Turner, at a salary of $4,500 per year.

Mr. Cowen lives at 139 East Nineteenth street and is a member of the Tammany Hall organization of the Third Assembly District.

He is forty years of age and a graduate of Union College.

He comes of a great legal family, being the son of Judge Patrick Henry Cowen, of Saratoga, and grandson of that great jurist and author of jurisprudence, Judge Esek Cowen.

Another prediction of THE EVENING WORLD was fulfilled to-day in the appointment of James A. Hanley, of the Fourteenth Assembly District, as Deputy Register, in place of James J. Martin, appointed Police Commissioner.

Mr. Hanley was Deputy under Register Reilly and has been employed as a searcher in the office. His salary is $5,000 per year.

The only change made in the Department of Public Works to-day was the removal of A. C. Dozeville as Assistant Cashier in the Bureau of the Water Register, and the appointment in his stead of J. J. Moore, Inspector in the Bureau of Lamps and Gas.

Mr. Dozeville's salary was $1,800. Mr. Moore will receive but $1,500, Commissioner Gilroy thus saving $300 to the taxpayers.

Both men live in the Fifth Assembly District.

It is considered more than probable that Corporation Attorney William A. Boyd will soon be superseded by a Tammany lawyer.

Bill Nye on Staten Island—In the SUNDAY WORLD.

COMMISSIONER BELL A WITNESS.

He Testifies in the Suit of New York State Against New York City.

The hearing of the suit of the State of New York vs. Comptroller Theodore W. Myers for the recovery of $326,000, which the city refuses to pay on its State assessment, was resumed today before ex-Judge Edward Countryman as referee for the Supreme Court.

The city officials hold that they pay an unequal share of State taxes, and hence the present proceedings.

James W. M. Newlin and Assistant Corporation Attorney Coleman appeared for the city, and William A. Poste for the State.

The first witness called was Police Commissioner James D. Bell, of Brooklyn.

He testified that formerly he was Supervisor of Kings County, and as such he went to Albany in 1887 to represent Kings County on the State Board of Equalization. At that time Kings County taxes were greatly reduced by that Board.

Leonard Burrett, of Monroe County, testified that the assessment in Munroe County had been reduced several million dollars.

Twelve deputy commissioners of the various wards in the city testified that of late years they had not been interrogated by the State Assessors as to the ratio of assessment to the true value of real estate.

DESPOILED HER PLAYMATES.

An Eleven-Year-Old Girl Found Stealing and Pawning Jewelry.

Annie Dotzell, an eleven-year-old girl, residing at 88 Boerum street, Brooklyn, was arrested to-day at her home on three separate charges of petit larceny brought by the parents of her three little playmates.

They allege that Annie last evening took the earrings from Elizabeth Spahn, aged three years, of 232 Johnson avenue; Minnie Schuman, age five years, of 172 Meserole street, and Emma Schrees, aged four years.

It is said that the child then took the rings to a pawn shop on Grand street and disposed of them.

When Detective Lyons, of the Sixth Precinct, arrested her Annie admitted the theft and told where she had pawned the goods. She was identified by the pawnbroker and her victims.

Until the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children can make an investigation the examination was adjourned.

THE HOSPITAL MANAGERS GET BAIL.

Mrs. Dr. Mary Jones and Her Son Released from the Brooklyn Jail To-Day.

Mrs. Dr. Mary Ann Dixon Jones and her son, Charles N. Dixon Jones, of the Woman's Hospital, Brooklyn, who were arrested yesterday on charges of manslaughter in connection with the deaths of Mrs. Bates and Ida Hunt at that institution, were released this morning on bail.

Mrs. Delia S. Robbins, a wealthy widow, residing at 40 Smith street, furnished the necessary $10,000 bail, qualifying to the extent of $40,000.

The two principals immediately left the courthouse with their counsel. They appeared somewhat the worse for their night in jail.

A Murderous Thug—SUNDAY WORLD.

WAR ON CIGARETTES.

The Law Prohibiting Their Sale to Minors Takes Effect.

Dealers Generally Are Well Satisfied With the Idea.

But the Boys Will Undoubtedly Smoke Them Just the Same.

Thousands of boys who never would have thought of smoking cigars at the age when they began to puff at cigarettes are habitual practisers of the deadly habit of smoking the pernicious cigarette.

Happily an attempt at arresting the evil will be attempted. Superintendent Murray notified the police captains of the different precincts yesterday that section 270 of chapter 17 of the Laws of 1889 had become a law, and its violation was a misdemeanor.

The section, which is to go into effect at once, comprises three as solid chunks of legislative prudence as possible. The persons aimed at by the section are minors, children under sixteen years of age. It reads:

1. Selling malt or spirituous liquors to any person under sixteen years of age.
2. Receiving in pledge any article of jewelry or wearing apparel from a person under sixteen years of age.
3. Selling to any person under sixteen years cigars, cigarettes or tobacco in any form.

It is easy for a comparatively young man to recall the time when a person who smoked a cigarette was regarded as a curiosity.

There was a foreign element in the whole thing, and if he was dark complexioned he was set down as a Cuban, and if light complexioned as one who had lived in Cuba or Spain. The cigarettes were always of the Havana brand.

Then some enterprising Americans thought making domestic cigarettes might have money in it. The thing was done, and advertising in every sort of ingenious way brought it before the public.

It caught on.

An EVENING WORLD reporter was speaking this morning with Mr. Hernsheind, of the big New Orleans firm of tobacconists.

"We do not make a point of manufacturing cigarettes and don't advertise them at all. We only turn out about a million and a half a week.

"One of the biggest cigarette manufacturers in the country makes over a million a day and spends over $350,000 a year in advertising them.

"There are several manufactories that are nearly equal to this. More of them are made than ever."

Blakely, the big cigar dealer opposite the Post-Office, when his attention was called to the law, said to his clerk:

"Don't sell any cigarettes or tobacco to boys under sixteen after this. I'm glad they've stopped it. It was a nuisance to have these little lads running in for cigarettes. I killed it off by putting a price on them that I knew they couldn't pay—$1 a package.

"Some of these places break packages and sell a boy two cigarettes for a cent. In Brooklyn, the drug-stores near the Sunday-schools do a big business with the Sunday-school children in cigarettes.

"They get a nickel or a few pennies to put in the box for the heathen and they use them to buy cigarettes. So the heathen get left. I'm glad they've stopped it.

"But it will be an annoyance to men who are accustomed to send their office boys around here for cigars and cigarettes. I don't see how they can get them now as the law reads."

"We don't make enough on them to pay for carrying them," said another dealer, "but we have to keep them in stock because our customers want them."

While the reporter was in the store a small boy came in and bought a plug of chewing tobacco.

"Do you smoke cigarettes?" asked the reporter.

"Yes."

"How old are you?"

"Fifteen."

"Well, you can't get any after this. They won't sell them to boys."

"We'll get there just the same," said the small boy, knowingly and without being ruffled in the least. "Got a man to get 'em. Oh, that's all right."

It is a good law, although its enforcement may be a little difficult.

For young children who need all their strength for growing and should take all the nourishment and exercise possible, the injury inflicted by the cigarette habit is incalculable, and it is no old woman's alarm to view its encroachments with horror.

The Confidence Queen at Work Again—Read the SUNDAY WORLD.

ARCHITECT YOUNGS FINED $50.

At Last That New Rochelle Jury Finds Him Guilty of Assault.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

NEW ROCHELLE, June 1.—At last the jury has reached a verdict in the charge of assault by Trustee James A. Greuzebach, of New Rochelle, against William H. W. Youngs, the architect, of 1285 Broadway, New York.

They found the prisoner guilty to-day of assault in the third degree, and Judge Tierney fined the architect $50.

The trial was the outcome of a fight between the two prominent men in front of Mr. Youngs's country residence, in which Trustee Greuzebach was twice thumped in the eye.

Baseball Enthusiasts, Read John Ward's Article in the SUNDAY WORLD.

PREDICTING A FINE SUNDAY.

Sergt. Dunn Thinks We'll Have All the Showers and Gloom To-Day.

Sergt. Dunn, in charge of the Weather Bureau, said this morning that the weather would continue to be showery and threatening, and that there would be high winds this afternoon. To-morrow, he predicts, will be fair and cooler.

There are heavy rains west and south of New York and the wind is blowing at a high rate.

The temperature in New York this morning was 64 degrees, and the humidity was 97 per cent. The sky will remain dark and threatening to-day, but if Sergt. Dunn's prediction is correct we will have a bright, cool and beautiful Sunday.

TRAINS DELAYED.

The Storm Creates Much Damage on the Pennsylvania Road.

The Chicago limited express of the Pennsylvania road, which leaves Jersey City at 9 o'clock A. M., was abandoned to-day on account of the storm.

No trains are running on the Pennsylvania road west of Harrisburg or south of Washington.

The Atlantic express, which should have reached Jersey City at 3.50 o'clock yesterday, is still at Altoona, Pa.

A Fierce Fire.

$157,000 worth of clothing saved from the late fire is being sold at 586 Broadway, near Houston st. You can buy a dollar's worth of clothing for 35 cents. That is exactly what you can do at the Great Fire Sale of Clothing. In order to show the gigantic bargains offered a few prices are mentioned: A splendid suit of Men's Clothes, $3.75; this suit is well made, all to match, latest style and really worth $15, or money returned. Men's extra fine quality Suits, made and trimmed in best possible manner, $7.89; guaranteed to be worth $20, or money returned. We offer an elegant pair of Men's Pants for $1.55, made of nice cloth, and if not sofiled, and you don't think they are worth $4, bring them back and get your $1.55. Beautiful Plaited Boys' Suits, in checks and stripes, for $1.98; really worth $7. 3,000 pairs of Children's Pants, 10 cents a pair. Finest quality of Men's Stiff Hats, 98 cents; this is guaranteed equal to a regular $4 hat, or money returned. 1,000 Umbrellas at 49 cents, and a thousand other bargains we have no space to mention here. Remember the address, 586 Broadway, between Houston and Prince sts. Open until 11 o'clock to-night.

A Century of Talking

Is not worth a

Minute's Proof

It don't take many minutes to prove that

Pyle's Pearline

will wash clothes, will clean house—will do it well—will save you time; labor; wear and tear; will reduce drudgery; will not hurt your hands; your clothes or paint, and besides will cost you no more than common bar soap. One honest trial will prove all that. Why not accept the testimony of the millions who use it, as proof of its virtue. Among your friends you'll find those who have used Pearline for years—ask them—they will tell you "can't do without it."

Beware Pearline is the original Washing Compound—used by millions, but imitated by thousands who peddle their stuff or give worthless prizes. Pearline is never peddled, but sold by all grocers.

252 Manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, New York.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

A Brooklyn Girl Says Her Pocketbook Was Snatched from Her.

Miss Emma May, who claims to be an actress and who gave her address as 242 Gold street, Brooklyn, which investigation shows to be untrue, complained to Capt. Early, of the Tenth Precinct, Brooklyn police, that she had been the victim of a daring highway robbery.

She said she was walking along Nevins street, near Atlantic avenue, about 9 o'clock last night, with her sister, when two men approached them, one of whom snatched her pocketbook, containing $5, and a check for $150.

An investigation by the police elicited the fact that a few minutes before the alleged robbery took place May and her sister were in a saloon on Nevins street, near State, drinking wine with the two young men who are alleged to have robbed her.

The police are making an investigation.

DIED IN RAYMOND STREET JAIL.

Embezzler Grill Had to Be Torn Away from His Wife's Grave Only Yesterday.

Henry Grill, of 17 Locust street, Brooklyn, who was arrested recently charged with misappropriating $460 of the Wilhelm Lodge, of which he was Treasurer, died this morning in the Raymond Street Jail, supposedly from alcoholism.

When Grill's wife learned of his arrest she suddenly became ill and died. An autopsy showed that grief over her husband's downfall had prompted her to suicide. At the time of his wife's death Grill was confined in jail awaiting trial.

Yesterday afternoon, in custody of a Sheriff's officer, Grill was allowed to attend his wife's funeral. The scene at the bier of the dead woman is described as truly pitiful.

The Sheriff's officer had to almost drag Grill away from his wife's coffin. When taken back to the jail he was completely broken down.

Amateur Baseball Notes.

Vicksburgs, 15; Tyros, 14.

Neptunes, 17; Sea Cliffs, 10.

Edisons, 1; Roselles, 12.

Hamiltons, 7; Elliots, 3.

D. Fox & Co. Juniors, 13; Trojans, 11.

Goldsmith & Plaut, 43; Feist Bros., 13.

Alerts, 7; Clios, 5.

Nassau Juniors, 5; Greenpoints, 1.

Unos, 14; Klein Boarders, 7.

Paisleys, 16; Young Americas, 9.

Manhattans, 10; Clintons, 8.

Hickorys, 26; Actives, 12.

A. D. T. Co., 8; Picked Nine, 5.

Summit Junior, 16; Manhattans, 9.

Olympics, 14; Mayflowers, 16.

Clintons, 9; Witoka Juniors, 4.

Brooklyns, 8; Ryans, 6.

Norfolk Juniors, 6; Somersets, 12.

Maroons, 8; Rovers, 9.

Pilgrims, 22; Pastimes, 11.

Ivys, 18; Pilgrims, 10.

Excelsiors, 10; Adelaides, 9.

Vogel Brothers, 30; Vinnettes, 15.

Actives, 19; Willoughbys, 9.

Young Bayards, 6; Young Motts, 4.

Young Jeromes, 18; Sunflowers, 17.

Young Wellingtons, 20; picked nine, 5.

Dauntless, 12; Putnams, 4.

Alerts, 14; Leos, 9.

Mikados, 10; Libertys, 4.

Farmers, 27; Ball Tossers, 11.

Young Eagles, 28; White Stars, 18.

Messinas, 3; Oaks, 2.

Pilgrims, 19; No Names, 2.

Polos, 23, Reserves, 14.

Budweisers, 15; Waverlys, 13.

Summit Juniors, 10; Manhattans, 6. Second game—17 to 9.

Epstein & Vollweilers, 18; T. A. Baier & Son, 3.

Elsinore, 15; S. Rothchild & Bros., 14.

Mineolas, 10; Young Friendlys, 9.

The Summit Juniors challenge clubs under sixteen. W. Steward, 91 Tenth avenue.

The Young Folks will play clubs under fifteen years. A. Cohen, 330 East Seventy-seventh street.

Stars, of Wall street, will play insurance companies', banks and stock brokers' nines.

Leos challenge clubs under twenty. Leo Green, 681 Fifth avenue, South Brooklyn.

Orientals, of Ninth Ward, have organized. Address C. Connolly, 192 West Tenth street.

Little Giants challenge clubs under nineteen. C. Deng, 24 Main street, Brooklyn.

Peerless, 8; Maroons, 2. Second game—Peerless, 14; Maroons, 9.

Young Resolutes challenge clubs under sixteen. H. Cohn, 35 Attorney street.

A first-class pitcher wants an engagement. L. G. Howe, 15 East Eleventh street.

Prospects challenge clubs of sixteen. C. F. Steyert, 143 Prospect avenue, Brooklyn.

Raymonds challenge Literary Society and other clubs. A. E. Baer, 99 Fulton street, New York.

Potomacs challenge clubs under seventeen for Memorial Day. T. McNeely, 32 Adelphi street, Brooklyn.

D. Fox & Co. Juniors have organized. A. Hyaly, care of D. Fox & Co., Broadway and Ninth street.

Schmolze & Hilderbrand's lithographers have organized. E. Carbonet, care Schmolze & Hildebrand, 14 Vandewater street.

Mutuals, of Brooklyn, would like to arrange dates with the Haverstraws, Gorhams, Peekskills and all out-of-town clubs for week day or holiday games. A. Morris, 171 Everson street, Brooklyn.

The Stirlins challenge clubs under fifteen years. C. Brennan, 714 Third avenue.

Clubs between nineteen and twenty-one years challenged. J. McDermott, 122 East Broadway.

The Alerts will play clubs under nineteen years. C. P. Davids, 218 Grand street, Brooklyn.

The Columbias challenge clubs under eighteen years. W. A. Russell, 118 East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street.

Young Stars challenge clubs between sixteen and eighteen years. F. Mullarney, 11 Broadway.

The Oakdales will play clubs under fifteen years. A. H. Delano, 349½ Lexington avenue, Brooklyn.

Bill Nye's Observations on Staten Island—Read the SUNDAY WORLD.

Nellie Bly Visits the Famous Oneida Community—See the SUNDAY WORLD.

B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1807.

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LARGEST FURNITURE HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, STOVES, SHADES, CURTAINS, REFRIGERATORS, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

CASH OR EASY TERMS. PRICE LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.

Jersey City Heights to the front. Positive, absolute and unreserved sale of 41 valuable lots situated on Howard place, near Storm avenue and Bowers street, between Milton and Nelson avenues, Jersey City Heights, at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 3, 1889, in Real Estate Exchange, Nos. 59 to 65 Liberty street, New York. Terms very easy. For maps apply to Jere Johnson, Jr., Auctioneer, 60 Liberty st., New York, and 393 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

SHEA THE CLOTHIER, COR. BROOME AND CROSBY STS.

Is the only genuine dealer in leading American and European Tailors' remnants at half price. Dress Suits for sale and hire. Established in 1869.

CONEY ISLAND

AND BRIGHTON BEACH RACE TRACK.

"CULVER ROUTE."

Bay Ridge Ferry-boats leave WHITEHALL STREET terminus of all elevated roads, hourly from 7.10 A. M. to 6.10 P. M., Sundays, hourly from 9.10 to 11.10 A. M., then half hourly until 7.10 P. M. and 8.10, 9.10 P. M.

EXCURSION TICKETS, 40 CENTS, Good to return to Brooklyn via Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad.

WEST POINT AND NEWBURG.

To-Morrow, Sunday, June 2,

The Iron Steamboat Company's Steamer

SIRIUS

WILL LEAVE

BROOME ST., East River ..... 8.45 A. M.
PIER (New) No. 1, North River ..... 9.15 A. M.
FIFTH ST., Hoboken ..... 8.45 A. M.
TWENTY-THIRD ST., North River ..... 10.00 A. M.
129TH ST., North River ..... 10.30 A. M.

Refreshments at city prices. Band of music. 50 CENTS—ROUND TRIP—50 CENTS.

ROCKAWAY BEACH,

JAMAICA BAY, ARVERNE, FAR ROCKAWAY.

VIA N. Y. AND ROCKAWAY BEACH RAILWAY. Trains leave foot EAST 34TH ST., N. Y., for Rockaway Beach, 6.20, 9, 11 A. M., 1.20, 2.50, 4.50, 6.30 P. M. Sundays, 9, 9.10, 9.30, 11.40 A. M.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.10, 4.20, 5.30, 6.50, 8 P. M.

FOR ARVERNE AND FAR ROCKAWAY. 8.20, 11 A. M.; 1.20, 2.50, 4.50 P. M. Sundays, 9, 10.20 A. M.; 1.00, 3.10 P. M.

SUMMER BOARD. A book entitled "SUM