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Evening World.



THE MILLIONAIRES OF NEW YORK.
JUST WHO THE MEN REALLY ARE WHO ARE
WORTH A MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE.
READ THE SUNDAY WORLD
Mrs. Jane Harding, the French Actress, Writes Her
Impression of American Men, Women
and Customs.

PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1889.

PRICE ONE CENT.

STILL HELD.

Sullivan in Chicago and Moroney and McDonald Here.

The Grand Jury Hard at Work Investigating the Cronin Case.

Hearings for the New York Prisoners in Supreme Court To-Day.

Judge Andrews Adjourns the Proceedings Until Tomorrow Morning.

Gov. Hill Reported to Be Willing to Grant Extradition on Monday.

The lawyers had a lot of trouble this morning over the habeas corpus writ that had been procured in behalf of John J. Moroney and Charles McDonald, the Cronin murder suspects.

WHIT FOR EACH PRISONER.
Edward J. Rowe had procured, through Lawyer Newberger, a writ in behalf of Moroney returnable before Judge Andrews, in Supreme Court, Chambers, at 10.30 this morning.

Lawyer Delahanty got another for McDonald, returnable before Judge Patterson in Oyer and Terminer at 11 o'clock.

WHEN THE FIRST CASE CAME UP before Judge Andrews, Assistant District-Attorney Macdonald was there to represent the authorities.

CLAN-NA-GAEL REPRESENTED.
The court-room was packed with Clan-na-Gael men and Irish Nationalists, representing both the Sullivan and the anti-Sullivan factions.

Everybody wanted to hear all he could, and get a good look at the prisoners who have been attracting so much public attention during the last few days.

THE PRISONERS RECALLED.
They were neither of them there, but it was said that they were among a couple of detectives in the Judge's private room.

SENT TO JUDGE PATTERSON.
As there had been some mistake in getting the writ before different judges, Mr. Macdonald said that they both be referred to one, and Judge Andrews sent them before Judge Patterson.

FLOCKING TO OYER AND TERMINER.
Everybody got up and trooped over to the Oyer and Terminer Court room, and Judge Andrews's Court adjourned, during which the crowd was increased by a hundred or so more of the clans.

Every seat was taken and every inch of standing room occupied.

ENTER MORONEY AND McDONALD.
When Moroney and McDonald finally came in there was a great hustling around, Moroney carried himself erect, and only noticed a few of those about him in the crowd to whom he bowed.

MANY FRIENDS OF McDONALD.
McDonald, on the other hand, seemed to have a lot of friends.

They crowded around him and shook both his hands, and he had hard work to get away from them and make his way to his seat.

MRS. MORONEY THERE.
Mrs. Moroney came in and greeted her husband affectionately, taking a seat beside him. She is a neat-looking little woman, and the fact that her head scarcely comes up to her husband's shoulder.

Edward J. Rowe sat with them, and several other friends well known in connection with Irish matters in the city.

McDonald, after he had taken his seat, glared around at the crowd and looked savage.

BACK TO JUDGE ANDREWS.
When Judge Patterson came in he said that he was engaged in the business of the court and could not attend to the matter, so he referred it all back again to Judge Andrews.

OPPOSING THE APPLICATION.
When the case finally came up in Chambers Mr. Macdonald said that the writ should be dismissed because the law provided that a suspected fugitive from justice might be arrested and detained for thirty days by the proper authorities.

He wanted these habeas corpus proceedings out of the way so that they might not cause any future complications.

EXTRADITION DEFERRED.
Mr. Macdonald said he had been informed that Gov. Hill would sign the extradition papers on Monday. The Chicago representatives would be on by that time with the evidence against them which the Governor required, and there was no doubt whatever that that would give a new phase to the proceedings.

THE HEARING ADJOURNED.
Judge Andrews said that as there had been no return made to either of the writs he could do nothing to-day, and therefore would adjourn further proceedings until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, when he expects that the District-Attorney would be ready to go on and make returns to both the writs of habeas corpus, as well as the writs of certiorari.

RETURNED TO THE TOMBS.
The prisoners were then taken back to the Tombs.

MORONEY AND McDONALD were pacing the corridors of the Tombs when an Evening World reporter called.

They belong to the second section, and were out for an hour's exercise between 8 and 9 o'clock. Moroney walked along the pier nearest the new prison, while McDonald paced the aisle opposite.

The reporter's card was sent up to Moroney and McDonald, but both declined to be interviewed to-day.

"Under the present circumstances," said Moroney, "I don't care to say anything. The interview in the Evening World explains my position fully."

"I have heard, though, of Gov. Hill's action in regard to my extradition, and I will in regard to it. I know the Governor to be a thorough and upright lawyer, and I think that his decision is based wholly on the legal aspect of the case."

the interview printed in last night's EVENING WORLD.

From the spot where the reporter stood both prisoners could easily be seen.

They were in their shirt sleeves, and the close atmosphere brought perspiration to their brows.

Both in the same easy frame of mind over their incarceration, and the keepers are well satisfied with them.

"They make no trouble whatever," said a keeper this morning.

"Both act like innocent men, and seem to be perfectly satisfied to let things take their course. Neither of them has made any complaint since they were brought here."

The following personal from this morning's paper was shown to several Clan-na-Gael men:

DONALD—See me personally, trust none, have sent, received no message, come to Chicago. They agreed that in all probability it had reference to the Cronin case, but could give no clue to the persons concerned in it.

ACTIVE CRONIN WORK IN CHICAGO.

The Principal Witnesses Against Moroney Before the Grand Jury.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)
CHICAGO, June 14.—Proceedings before the Grand Jury in the Cronin case are being pushed energetically and every effort is being made to secure indictments against the suspected parties as quickly as possible.

Especially is this true in the case of Moroney and McDonald, the New York suspects, and the news that Gov. Hill had refused to grant extradition papers without more evidence against the two men has created a sensation here in official circles.

HEARING WITNESSES AGAINST MORONEY.
The principal witnesses against the two New York prisoners have already been examined.

Since the arrest of Moroney new facts have been developed, going to show that he was not so continuously in New York and attentive to his business there as his friends would have it understood.

MORONEY'S TRIP TO CHICAGO.
It is understood here, although THE EVENING WORLD's correspondent has been unable to verify it, that Moroney has already admitted that he was in this city on April 6 and that he registered at McCoy's Hotel as W. C. Melville.

WHAT THE HOTEL REGISTER SHOWS.
An examination of the hotel register has been made and it has been found that the name of Melville was registered at McCoy's Hotel under the date of May 5, the day after the murder. The two signatures are the same in every respect, except the middle initial, and the initials of the other two names are the same.

ANOTHER "MELVILLE" SIGNATURE.
The name Melville is also a signature of W. A. Melville and wife on May 3, but it is in a different handwriting from the other two.

MORONEY WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY to explain these queer circumstances if he is brought to Chicago.

WAS SHE THE DECOY?
The clerk of the hotel, when examined, recalls the name of Melville as being registered, and according to his recollection it was the same woman who came with both men. She is supposed to be the decoy who posed at the Cronin cottage.

THE HANDWRITING OF THE two signatures was compared and strikingly similar, and the portrait of Moroney has been identified by every one who has seen either Melville or Simons.

ALL POINT TO MORONEY.
The discovery of these facts is regarded as of the utmost importance in showing that Moroney was in this city for an extended period of time, while his friends claim that he was in New York and was going to make that the ground of an alibi.

POSSIBLE ARRESTS.
The Chief of Police has several people in this city under surveillance who may be arrested at any moment that the authorities see fit.

SHADOWING BOLAND.
It is also said that Michael Boland, the Kansas City police magistrate and one of the famous Clan-na-Gael triangle, is being shadowed by the equally mysterious J. B. Simons, who purchased the furniture found in the Cronin cottage.

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COURAGE RETURNS.

Military Rule a Pronounced Success in Desolated Johnstown.

An Army of Men at Work Clearing Debris and Rebuilding.

Two Grocery Stores, Two Barber Shops and a Jewelry Store Opened.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)
JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 14.—This borough is already showing the good effect of being under an authorized, organized and disciplined government.

Her people are less discouraged, less helpless. Men whose homes were desolated and nearly destroyed have mourned disconsolately, but to-day they are looking over the ground and devising ways to restore their former homes.

Some houses were carried by the flood just a few feet or yards off their foundations, and the owners are in several instances at work to-day preparing the foundations to receive the frames again.

Business houses, assured by Adj. Gen. Hastings of financial assistance, and, by wholesale dealers of long credit, are working cheerily cleaning up their stores preparatory to resuming business, while those whose buildings were wrecked are building temporary structures. An army of drummers are here offering their goods on most advantageous terms.

Gen. Hastings said: "We shall help Johnstown by teaching her to help herself. We will provide shelter, clothes and food for those who are destitute, and an opportunity to suffer for lack of the necessities of life. The city is not, nor can it be, under martial law. But we shall endeavor to keep intruding curiosity seekers and vandals out of the city and out of the way of the citizens and workers."

Capt. Sears of the United States Army Engineer Corps, advised that neither fire nor dynamite will be permanently useful in clearing away the gorge at the stone bridge, and 1,000 men were set at work loosening and carrying the debris. Among them are a gang of forty lumbermen from Indiana County with pick-poles, hooks and axes, and 1,000 Italians are on their way from the East.

The lumber works have 1,500 at work with picks and shovels, and a lot of malcontents who tried to work up a strike among the men were driven out of town by the military. A temporary frame shop is being erected with mahogany rapidity.

Two grocery stores, two barber shops and a jewelry store are running already," said the chief citizen triumphant.

James B. Scott, who is the Provisional Mayor under the old regime, reports that free transportation was given to 1,362 persons from Johnstown from June 4 to 11. The latest official report of the number of bodies recovered places the figure at 1,999, though this is not perfectly reliable, some reports being duplicated, while the finding of many bodies has never been reported.

Indefatigable work on the part of the Soldiers of the United States has been done, as nearly as it ever will be settled, the question of how many lives were lost from the day express, which was washed away by the flood on the evening of May 31. Twenty-four bodies were found in this way, and of these, only nine bodies have been found, but the death of the others is considered certain, all efforts to discover them alive being fruitless.

Edward Swinford, of St. Louis, here in search of his wife and mother, who were supposed to be on the day express, has been sent home by the military.

Fears of epidemics are being completely dispelled, and those who were sick with cholera and typhoid are recovering. There is no more cholera, and one hospital and one morgue.

Four fire engines are now on their way from Philadelphia, and in the language of enthusiastic Johnstown men, "Things is movin'!"

Bill Nye Tells How Some of His Literary Friends Work—SUNDAY WORLD.

CLAN-NA-GAEL'S PERIL.
Talk of the Federal Government Having Power to Move Against It.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)
WASHINGTON, June 14.—The revelations at Chicago incident to the inquiry into the murder of Dr. Cronin has brought out much information regarding the purposes and inner workings of the Clan-na-Gael Society, and the question is being discussed here whether those revelations do not justify the Federal Government in interfering and causing the arrest of members of the Clan-na-Gael for misdemeanor.

The secret manner in which the Order has worked for years has kept the Government from all knowledge of its objects, but it is now a question if the acts and objects of the Order as revealed by the inquiry are not such as to make its members violators of a section 5,286 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which reads as follows:

"Every person who, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States, begins, or sets on foot, or provides the means for any military expedition or enterprise, to be carried on from thence against the territory or dominions of any foreign Prince or State, or of any colony, district, or people, with whom the United States are at peace, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor and shall be fined not exceeding \$3,000 and imprisoned not more than three years."

It is doubtful, however, if the operations of the Clan-na-Gael have been of a character definite enough to be a violation of the law.

SUICIDE IN HIS CELL.
Camille Bongatti, the Italian Murderer, Hanged Himself in the Tombs.

The body of Camille Bongatti, who hanged himself in a cell in the Tombs last evening, was removed to the Morgue to-day, and an inquest will be held as soon as possible.

Bongatti was awaiting trial for killing his friend, Francesco Santivo, in May last. It is believed he was insane.

The cell where Bongatti was confined is the fourth to the right of the main entrance on the ground floor.

He had a short-term man as a companion, and got the latter to go out last evening for a pall of water.

While the man was gone, Bongatti took a small piece of rope from the bedstead, and adjusting one end to the flange of the main water-pipe made a noose at the other end, and placing it around his neck suspended himself from the pipe.

Bongatti's cell companion discovered him in ten minutes afterwards and notified Keeper McGoover, who cut the man down.

A physician was called and he worked hard to bring back animation, but it was of no avail.

G. B. M'CLOSKEY LOST.

A Wealthy City Lawyer and Relative of the Cardinal.

His Mysterious Disappearance from His Pine Street Office.

Connections and Clients in Anxiety and Despair for His Safety.

The police in Inspector Byrnes's bureau and in the various precincts were to-day requested to search for George B. McCloskey, a well-known lawyer of 31 and 33 Pine street, and residing at Scarsdale, N. Y.

Lawyer McCloskey is said to be a relation of the late Cardinal McCloskey and connected intimately with clerical dignitaries in the West and South.

He left his office on March 25, promising to return on the following day, but has not been seen or heard from since.

He was one of the executors of the estate of a Mr. Carey, of East Broadway, and money arising from the sale of property on East Broadway and Division street is in the hands of trustees awaiting the action of Mr. McCloskey for a settlement and division among the heirs.

The proceedings in the Surrogate's Court have been adjourned repeatedly on account of Mr. McCloskey's mysterious absence, and the attorney, Paul F. O. Tucker, is unable to have the estate settled.

Mr. McCloskey is a man of convivial habits, of large acquaintance, warm in his friendships, wealthy, and in all respects highly esteemed by his associates.

His clerk, faithful to his interests, watches over his effects, and daily hopes to see his employer return. The agent of the property in Pine street is waiting, but has been forced to dispossess Mr. McCloskey from his office.

The clerk professes the most profound ignorance of his employer's whereabouts, and declares that he has received no salary since March.

Mrs. Mary E. McCloskey, mother of the missing lawyer, keeps a fashionable academy at 335 West Forty-seventh street, and disclaims all knowledge of her son's abiding place or movements, and she is greatly distressed over his absence.

Mr. McCloskey had expressed a desire frequently to go West, and his friends hope that he may be still, but fear for the worse. Their belief is that he has been taken ill or suddenly become insane in a distant city.

They are making strong efforts to find him by means of letters giving a description of him, and by telegram.

Gay Life in St. Petersburg—Read THE SUNDAY WORLD.

SHE BLAMES THE DRUGGIST.
MRS. MATTHEWS WANTS \$5,000 DAMAGES FOR HER HUSBAND'S DEATH.

Mary Matthews, the widow of Henry Matthews, whose sudden death six months ago at his home, 430 East Fifty-ninth street, was the subject of a Coroner's inquest, has sued Charles Gebhardt, druggist at Fifty-eighth street and First avenue, for \$5,000 damages, alleging that her husband's death was due to poisoning by chloroform, sold to her by Gebhardt, and that her daughter in place of iodide of potassium, which had been prescribed for her rheumatism.

Coroner's Physician Conway made an autopsy upon Matthew's body and reported that he died from fatal degeneration of the heart and kidneys.

An inquest held by Coroner Levy, the jury decided that death was due to natural causes, and was caused by an overdose of some medicine, but exonerated druggist Gebhardt and Leo Foglin, his clerk.

The daughter testified that she discovered half the package of medicine in a glass cold water, and when her father had taken it he died.

Expert testimony will be introduced to show that chloroform is a solid, and that the chloroform is a crystal which would not dissolve except in water heated to a temperature of 80 degrees Fahrenheit.

Mrs. Sherwood Watches a Bull-Fight in Madrid—SUNDAY WORLD.

To Reinforce the Turkish Garrisons.
The Porte has ordered troops to reinforce the Turkish garrisons on the Serbian frontier.

It is intimated here that unless the Regents of Serbia moderate their policy toward the Serbs their attitude will be considered a casus belli.

Life in the Czar's Gay Capital. Read THE SUNDAY WORLD.

Near-Ed-Din at Caspell.
CABEL, June 13.—The visit of the Shah of Persia to this city was made the occasion of a grand fete. To-night there was a torchlight procession in his honor. It is stated that he will visit the King of Holland incognito, the King having sent him an autograph letter expressing regret that on account of the state of his health he would be unable to receive him of necessity.

BASEBALL STANDING THIS MORNING.

The League.			
Team	W.	L.	P.
Boston	20	18	480
Cleveland	20	18	380
Pittsburgh	19	19	480
Philadelphia	18	20	297
New York	17	21	298

American Association.			
Team	W.	L.	P.
St. Louis	22	15	480
Athlete	22	15	480
Baltimore	21	16	377

Atlantic Association.			
Team	W.	L.	P.
Jersey City	22	15	480
Hartford	19	18	378
Worcester	18	19	378

One Year Ago To-Day.			
Team	W.	L.	P.
Boston	20	18	480
Cleveland	20	18	380
Pittsburgh	19	19	480
Philadelphia	18	20	297
New York	17	21	298

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ROSSA'S WATERLOO.

Bombarded with Volleys of Charges by Prominent Irishmen.

He Risks to Refute Labouchere's Letter on That British Check.

He Talks of His Enemy, P. S. Cassidy, but Not of His Other Accusers.

The letter printed in this morning's WORLD written to P. S. Cassidy by Henry Labouchere, in which the latter charged that O'Donovan Rossa had received money from the English Government through "Red Jim" McDermott, created a great deal of gossip among the members of the Irish organizations about town.

After seeing it, some of those who have had faith in Rossa up to the present time expressed a doubt as to whether the "leader" was sincere.

The letter that provoked all this comment is as follows:

POPE'S VILLA, TWICKENHAM, April 1, 1889.
I think you will find these facts correct: July 21, '88, Rossa or some one else shot at James McDermott, a check James McDermott, name of bank, Fulton Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y. If you refer to subsequent New York papers you will find that Rossa admitted that he knew McDermott was an informer. If you refer to Rossa's paper you will find that the check was not cashed. You will also find at the bank that Rossa cashed the check. As a matter of fact you can see that the money was received two days before from the British Consul by an agent of the Government and handed to McDermott for Rossa. Yours faithfully,

H. LABOUCHERE.

This letter was brought to light during the proceedings in the libel suit of O'Donovan Rossa against Cassidy, which grew out of certain accusations made by Cassidy in an article in the *Catholic News*, charging him with being a traitor to the Irish cause and misappropriating funds of the Fenian Brotherhood at the head of the organization.

The suit was up at the "tombs" yesterday, and at its conclusion was dismissed. Cassidy defended himself by introducing the testimony of witnesses to prove the truth of his allegations.

The witnesses included a number of Irishmen who have figured more or less prominently in connection with Irish affairs during the past few years.

John Short, the dynamiter, who nearly killed Capt. Phelan, testified that Rossa still owed him \$250 of the testimonial fund that was subscribed through the *United Irishman* and was lying at how I tricked Red Jim while he was trying to trick me."

Other witnesses testified to show that Rossa had been lax in his collection of money, and then a bombshell was exploded by the reading of Labouchere's letter as printed above.

An Evening World reporter called upon O'Donovan Rossa at his home, 100 West 110th street this morning. He was hard at work on an article for this week's *United Irishman*.

A copy of the letter was shown him, and he said he knew its contents, and in relation to the allegation that he was a spy in the employ of the English Government.

Mr. Rossa thought for a moment, and then, after a few moments' waiting, wrote the following statement:

"You ask me about that Labouchere letter and getting the money from McDermott, and McDermott's name was in the letter, and I know my place was to pretend I had not the least suspicion of him."

"I had refused to take the check he offered me that morning I should have aroused his suspicion, so I took it and ran across to the Fulton Bank in Brooklyn and got the money for it just an hour before he was freed."

"I know McDermott was watching me and sounding me to see if I suspected him. I knew our Committee were on his track, and I knew my place was to pretend I had not the least suspicion of him."

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