THOUSANDS AT ASTOR'S BIER.

Impressive Ceremonies at the Great Millionaire's Funeral.

Services at Trinity Chapel, Interment at Trinity Cemetery.

Not less than four thousand people, despite the overhanging clouds and permeating mists, congregated at Trinity Chapel, on West Twenty-fifth street, this morning, and paid the last honors to the dead John Jacob Astor. Not half of the throng could find a place in the chapel, which is fourth of the city's sanctuaries in capacity, and the rest stood in the raw and cutting air of the street for more than an hour.

There were all grades of people there, from the banker-millionaire and big-browed statesman in broadcloth to the artisans and fustian-clad tenement-house dwellers; but they remained in attitudes from 10 to 11 o'clock.

There were among those who came to pay their respects to the dead, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, Gen. Henry W. Slocum, G. G. Haven, Hermann H. Cammann, Prof. Drissler, E. S. Cadwallader, Edward Delafield, D. Willis James, Lawrence Hutton, Loyall Farragut, ex-Judge Charles P. Daly, Milmer Palmer, Morris K. Jesup, E. A. Cruikshank, Robert V. McKim, Samuel B. Colgate, ex-Secretary of State John Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Low, Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, Gen. Fitz-John Porter, Walter H. Lewis, Ehhu Chauncey, Stephen P. Nash, Clarence Carey, Wm. J. Buck, Rev. John E. Cookman, William Jay, Col. S. V. R. Cruger, George M. Coit, ex-Senator James E. Shannahan, Bowie Dash, Prof. Thomas Eggleston, Floyd Clarkson, Senator Otis, Nicholas Fish, Arthur Leary, D. O. Mills, Commissioner J. Hampden Robb, Judge Charles A. Peabody, Charles B. Hoffman, Samuel D. Babcock, Le Grand B. Cannon, John S. Kennedy, John S. Kneeland, Stuyvesant Fish, Dr. Abraham Jacoby, Daniel Wolf Bishop, F. C. Loveland, Gen. Wager Swayne, Clarence A. Seward, J. J. Jordan, John H. Bird, James Cushman, J. Nicholson Kane, ex-Alderman John O'Connor, Alexander E. Orr, Robert Oliphant, Brig.-Gen. Louis Fitzgerald and Bloodgood H. Cutter, the Long Island poet.

There was a host of women also, and the chapel was filled long before the hour for the services, only the pews for the vestry of the chapel, directors of the Real Estate Exchange, trustees of the United States Trust Company, Loyal Legion and Knickerbocker clubs being reserved for special occupation.

Capt. Reilly and Sergt. Schmittberger, with ten policemen, maintained perfect order among the throng of people.

At the house where John Jacob Astor died, Fifth avenue and Thirty-third street, there was another throng of people from every walk of life, and Roundsman Ernst Lindemann and seventeen officers attended to affairs about the entrance.

There was no service at the house, but the body was followed to the chapel by ten carriages, containing the family relatives, servants and immediate friends of the dead man.

At the chapel the pall-bearers entered at the vestry door in Twenty-sixth street, while the rest of the cortege entered at the Twenty-fifth street entrance. The bearers were George J. Schuyler, John Jay, A. Gracie King, Richard King, E. H. Wright, C. F. Southmayd, Sidney Webster and J. L. Cadwalader.

The body lay in a red cedar casket, covered with royal purple silk velvet, with a silver plate and silver handles. The plate bore these words:

JOHN JACOB ASTOR,
Born June 10, 1822,
Died Feb. 22, 1890.

The casket was hung on each side with beautiful wreaths of white roses and lilies of the valley, and on its top was a cross of the same flowers.

The bearers moved from the chancel to the door, meeting the casket there. Then the surpliced choir of forty male voices sang the processional hymn, "Hark, Hark, My Soul!"

Bishop Potter, Rev. Drs. C. E. Swope and Morgan J. Dix came after the bearers and were followed by Mr. Astor's physicians, Drs. Fordyce Barker and Francis Delafield, Morris J. Asch, Charles T. Poore and Francis Markoe.

The casket came next, and was placed upon a bier at the chancel rail, the mourners following and being seated in the first pews.

They were the son of the dead man, William Waldorf Astor, and Mrs. Astor, John Jacob Astor, his nephew, and Miss Zela Gibbs, sister of the late Mrs. John Jacob Astor; Mrs. J. Roosevelt, Roosevelt, Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton and Mrs. Orme Wilson, daughters of William Astor, and Messrs. Roosevelt and Wilson; Mme. de Sluters and Mr. Carey; the Messrs. Armstrong and the Messrs. Paul, relatives of Mrs. W. W. Astor, and lastly the family servants.

The resonant voice of Rev. Dr. Dix spoke these impressive words of the Episcopalian service: "I am the Resurrection and the Life," at the conclusion of which the choir sang the psalm, "Lord, Let Me Know Mine End."

Rev. Dr. Swope read the lesson, and the notes of that beautiful hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," filled the domed auditorium with melody.

Dr. Dix read the committal service, consigning "dust to dust, ashes to ashes," and the choir sang the anthem, "I Heard a Voice from Heaven."

Bishop Potter offered the final prayer and benediction, and the cortege resumed its way, passing out of the front door in the same order as when entering, while the recessional hymn, "Jerusalem, the Golden," was rendered.

The casket was placed in a hearse upon which there were no waving plumes, no ostentatious display of any kind, and the members of the immediate family and the servants only were given seats in the ten carriages in this order:

1, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Astor; 2, J. J. Astor and Miss Gibbs; 3, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Roosevelt; 4, Mr. J. C. Drayton and two children; 5, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson; 6, Mme. De Sluters and Mr. Carey; 7, the Messrs. Armstrong; 8, the Messrs. Paul; 9 and 10, the family servants.

Only these followed the body to Trinity Cemetery, Tenth avenue and One Hundred and Fifty-third street, and there was no further service there.

The body was not placed in the Astor vault, where repose the remains of William B. Astor, his father, and John Jacob Astor, his grandfather, but in the plot beside the grave of his wife, who died in the Winter of 1887.

Congressman Cummings's Cadet.

The Examination Committee, composed of Brother James, William C. Hess and Judge John A. Dinkel, will meet to examine applicants for Congressman Cummings's naval cadetship, at Grammar School No. 19, East Fourteenth street, near First avenue, Saturday, March 15 next, at 9 A. M.

Any boy residing in the Ninth Congressional District, between fifteen and twenty years of age, is eligible. Applications must be presented on or before March 15 next to any of the public or parochial school teachers, or to the Committee—Joseph Steinsr, 233 Fifth street; Charles Michling, 91 Second avenue; Stephen Therry, 316 East Fourteenth street; Benjamin Blumenthal, 327 East Fourth street; Samuel D. Levy, 38 Park Row.

Drs. Wm. J. McCullough and Henry Kroliptfeifer are the medical examiners.

Big Bucket-Shop Raid.

An extensive raid was made this noon by the Old city police on the bucket shops. All the occupants in seven establishments were arrested.

SWORE NEVER TO BEAT HER.

Mr. Storrs Used His Son's Head to Bind the Oath.

Witnesses Who Substantiate Mrs. Storrs's Plea For Divorce.

The suit for limited divorce brought by Mrs. Allien F. Storrs, against George M. Storrs, son of the late Emory Storrs, on the grounds of cruelty and non-support, was continued before Judge Ingraham in Supreme Court, Part I., this morning.

The couple have one child, a boy five years old, named after his grandfather, and during the taking of testimony the child romped around the court-room, all unconscious of the gravity of the situation.

Mrs. Storrs charges that her husband got drunk and kicked and choked and beat her, and has made various attempts to abduct the child. During their domestic career she has had him arrested.

Mrs. Storrs also says that her husband is an inveterate gambler, and while under the influence of liquor has beaten her beyond human endurance. She professes to be even now willing to forgive him, if she could rely upon his promises to do better.

Mrs. Storrs is a brunette, rather good looking, and was dressed neatly in a terra-cotta colored costume. Her husband is an undersized man, with a growth of short, sandy whiskers. He sat in the corner of the court-room and watched the proceedings with great interest.

E. H. Stafford, Mrs. Storrs's brother-in-law, was the first witness. He said Mr. Storrs told him in November, 1889, that his mother had left him $40,000 or $45,000. Subsequently he told him that he had received $60,000.

Mrs. Storrs was then recalled to the stand and identified a copy of the will made by Storrs's mother.

Stella Stafford, one of Mrs. Storrs's sisters was then called. She is a dark complexioned woman, slightly older than her sister. She testified that she saw Mrs. Storrs after her husband had been beating her.

"On another occasion, while we were boarding together," said she, "Storrs came to me and begged me not to tell his father that he had beaten his wife."

Mrs. Stafford swore that Storrs had frequently beaten his wife, and upon one occasion, when she spoke to him, he placed his hand on little Emory's head, and said:

"If you'll only forgive me, I swear upon my little boy's head not to drink or beat her again."

While they were living together, Mrs. Stafford testified that she paid all the bills for board, and went so far as to pay for the mending of Storrs's shoes.

Upon cross-examination she denied that she had ever been in the insane asylum.

Mr. North was recalled and was asked whether Storrs was armed at the time he visited his wife in February, 1889. This was objected to. The counsel endeavored to show that the defendant went to the house intending to force his way in.

Mrs. Sarah English, who resides in West Twelfth street, was next called. The Storrs formerly boarded with her.

"During the time they boarded with me I may have seen Storrs drunk once," she said. She was then excused and Mr. Thain closed his case.

Lawyer D. F. Kimball, who appears for Storrs, made a motion to dismiss the case, on the ground that the complaint was not upheld.

"The motion is denied," said Judge Ingraham. "If the testimony is true, it shows that she suffered a siege of cruel treatment. The mere fact that she forgave him does not show that she condoned his offenses.

"The testimony shows that he pledged himself to stop drinking and act decently, but that he broke every pledge; and if he did this, nobody could expect her to live with him, as she could not tell when she might be injured."

The first witness placed on the stand for the defense was Bridget Powers, of Mount Vernon. She testified that Mrs. Storrs lived opposite her.

"Have you ever noticed the defendant under peculiar circumstances?" Objected to.

"What is her reputation for truth?"

"I wouldn't believe her under oath," answered the witness.

"Why not?"

"She had me arrested twice." (Laughter.) "And then her boy is a little rascal."

Mary Murphy, Bridget Powers's sister, was next called.

"Do you know what the plaintiff's reputation for veracity is?"

"I wouldn't believe her under oath. I often heard 'Tom' say that she acted very badly."

"And Tom was charged with stealing some silver, wasn't he?" asked Mr. Thain.

"Yes, sir; I suppose he was," answered the witness.

Mr. Storrs took the stand and swore that he lived with the plaintiff before they were married. He went to Kansas City in September, 1883, and was joined by her two months later. He got a divorce from his wife Oct. 4, 1884, and married the plaintiff soon after.

He denied that he ever struck her with his clinched fist, but said he slapped her face once when she reviled his mother and father.

He said that on one occasion, while he was stopping at the Morton House, his wife attacked him with a hair-brush. Several times he was surprised to find his wife at the Haymarket in company with another woman.

Recess was then taken.

MORE CLOAKMAKERS GO OUT.

The Strikers' Ranks Increased by Employees of Four Firms.

About 1,000 operators and finishers employed by the firm of Mayer & Jonasson, 358 Broadway, have joined the striking cloakmakers; also the 800 cloakmakers of Friedlander & Co., the latter firm having, as the workmen assert, broken its contract with the Union made two weeks ago.

The employees of Carl Rosenbaum & Co., 305 Canal street and 47 Howard street, numbering about one hundred and fifty, and those of Eudig & Co. went out likewise yesterday.

At the shop of Rothschild Bros., 311 and 313 Canal street, "scabs" are at work.

The strike at Stein & Co.'s shop, 507 Broadway, is near its settlement, the superintendent having declared that the firm is ready to sign the agreement with the union.

GOOD MEAT FOR BAD CHECK.

Butcher Patterson's Financial Transaction Lands Him in Jail.

Frank Patterson, a butcher of Asbury Park, N.J., was held for examination in the Tombs Police Court to-day on a charge of larceny.

Patterson bought some meat from O'Donnell & Isaacs, Washington Market butchers, in December, tendering in payment a check for $200 on the First National Bank of Asbury Park, receiving over $100 in change.

The check proved to be worthless and a warrant was issued for his arrest, but he managed to elude the detectives until last night.

Died in the Station-House.

William Ashwell, of 37 Prince street, Brooklyn, was found lying on the sidewalk early this morning and taken to the First Precinct Station-House. He died before an ambulance arrived. Alcoholism is supposed to be the cause.

SCHOOL SCANDAL INQUIRY.

Probing the Tinsdale-Southerland-Lewis Imbroglio in Ward Nine.

Beginning the Special Committee Sessions This Afternoon.

School Commissioners O'Brien, Hunt, Guggenheimer, Purdy and Vermilye will at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon, at the hall of the Board of Education, begin an investigation of the Trustee Tinsdale-Principal Southerland-Teacher Isabel F. Lewis affair that has so stirred up Grammar School No. 3, in the Ninth Ward, and, indeed, the whole public school system of the city.

The Commissioners named above form the special committee appointed at last Wednesday's meeting of the Board of Education by Acting Chairman R. M. Gallaway. Their proceedings will be in executive session, a fact which will be deeply regretted by a large crowd of people who are always yearning after the sensational.

Neither Trustee Tinsdale, Principal Southerland nor Miss Lewis will be present, and each of the three said this morning that no notice of the meeting had been received. Trustee Tinsdale is still struggling with the grip, but he assured an EVENING WORLD reporter he should attend the meeting of the Committee if he received official notice, notwithstanding his impression that the Committee was a "packed" one.

According to section 19 of the by laws, the charges against him, Mr. Tinsdale says, should have been referred to the Committee on By-Laws, Messrs. Sanger, Hunt, Holt, Loomis and Girard, and his report to Supt. Jasper, in his opinion, should have been referred to the Teachers' Committee, Messrs. Hunt, Traud, Sanger, Moriarty and Mrs. Williams.

"With such a manifestly unfair Committee as this special committee," Mr. Tinsdale continued, "what show can I have? They will undoubtedly make a report unfavorable to me, and recommending my removal; and, as is the custom, in nine cases out of ten, the full Board will adopt their report.

"I sincerely regret that the affair has obtained publicity, for the sake of the children in the school, and, indeed, the entire system. I have done only what I firmly believed and do now believe was right and for the best interests of the school."

Principal Southerland and Miss Lewis were both seen at Grammar School No. 3. Neither expected to attend the meeting this afternoon, and neither had anything to say further than that their interests would be looked after by Lewyer Frederic R. Coudert.

Commissioner Hunt, of the special Committee, scouted the idea that the Committee was "packed."

"I am not 'packed,'" said he to the reporters, "and the idea is absurd that the Committee is. Not to speak of myself, I will say that every member of the Committee is a man of the highest integrity and standing, and our report will be made strictly according to the evidence.

"The proceedings to-day will probably not include the taking of any testimony. We shall simply examine the papers presented by the three interested parties. The investigation had to be begun some time, and to-day was selected.

"Regarding Mr. Tinsdale's expectations or surmises I have nothing to say," he concluded. "I can only repeat that the Committee will report only from the evidence in the case, and the only reason I can see for Mr. Tinsdale's apprehensions is that he fears that the Committee will deal too justly."

DICKIE CAUGHT IN CANADA.

Russell Krego & Son's Defaulting Bookkeeper Arrested in Montreal.

William F. Dickie, the fugitive cashier of Russell Krego & Son, commission merchants, 165 Chambers street, who embezzled $4,000 from that firm a few months ago, is under arrest in Montreal, having been caught by Chief of Detectives Cullen, of that city.

Dickie was the trusted bookkeeper and cashier of Russell Krego & Son. He left the store Sept. 28 last, to go to his home, 9 Sumner avenue Brooklyn.

Monday he did not return to the store, and his employers supposed that he was ill. Tuesday came and he failed to appear, and a messenger was despatched to his house. It was unoccupied and not a piece of furniture in it.

Still the firm suspected not, for he had told them that he was going to change his residence, and they thought that he was busy fixing up and had forgotten to inform them of the location of his new home.

After a few days had gone by and Dickie didn't appear, Mr. Krego put an expert on the books and discovered that the firm was a loser to the amount of $4,000. By a systematic method of false charges and entries Bookkeeper Dickie had neatly covered up his peculations.

Detective Jacobs was put on the case and located Dickie's wife in Rome, N. Y.

She had the old house furniture with her. No communication between her and her husband was discovered until some time after, when the furniture went off to Montreal under the name of Green.

A despatch was sent to the Montreal police, and yesterday Dickie was found in a house in St. Charles Borromeo street, within one hundred feet of Police Headquarters.

Only a few pawn tickets were found on him. He will be extradited back to New York.

STEPMOTHER USED A HATCHET.

Maggie Dillmeyer Struck Down Because She Came Home Late.

A very pretty woman was arraigned in the Lee Avenue (Williamsburg) Court this morning, before Police Justice Goetting, charged with striking her eighteen-year-old stepdaughter, Margaret Dillmeyer, on the head last evening with a hatchet.

The prisoner's name is Mrs. Jane Dillmeyer, and she has only been Maggie's stepmother for eight months.

Mrs. Dillmeyer has a fondness for her, but cannot control her temper. Because her stepdaughter did not come into the house just at an hour to suit her last night she struck her with the hatchet, inflicting a scalp wound. Justice Goetting held her in $1,000 bail for trial this morning.

MURDERER BROOKS HELD.

The Suicidal Shot After Killing His Mother Destroyed His Sight.

Frank Brooks, the young Brooklyn musician, who shot and killed his sick mother Dec. 28 last, rather than see her suffering, and then shot himself in the head, was removed from St. Catharine's Hospital this morning and arraigned before Judge Moore, to answer to the charge of murder in the first degree.

Young Brooks is stone blind, the bullet which he sent into his head having injured the optic nerve. He pleaded not guilty, and was remanded to Raymond Street Jail.

Mrs. Dixon-Jones Acquitted.

Mrs. Dr. Mary A. Dixon-Jones, of Brooklyn, stands exonerated from the charge of malpractice in a surgical operation upon Mrs. Ida D. Hunt, from which the latter died. The jury in her case, after being out four hours, came in at 11 o'clock last night with a verdict of not guilty.

"L" ROAD'S EXCUSE TOO THIN.

Comptroller Myers Bound to Find Out the City's Dues.

Octopus Leases Do Not Absolve from Franchise Conditions.

Comptroller Myers is unwilling to accept the statement of Vice-President Gallaway, of the Manhattan Elevated Railway Company, that that corporation has been and is paying to the city all that is required by the terms of its franchise. He began his investigation of the books of the Company this morning, through the agency of John C. Schoenenberg, an expert in the Bureau of City Revenue.

"It is true that only the roads of the Manhattan system which are operated under the charter of the New York Elevated Railway are obliged to pay for their franchise," said the Comptroller. "These roads are the Ninth and Third avenue lines, and they were required to pay to the city 5 per cent. on their net traffic earnings.

"When the Manhattan absorbed all of the roads the New York Elevated lines were leased to the Manhattan at a rental of 6 per cent. on its capital stock. The apparent income of the New York Company is, therefore, this annual rental, and of this it appears, from Mr. Galloway's explanation, the city has been receiving 5 per cent.

"Now, I hold that the city had a prior contract with the New York Company to receive 5 per cent. on its net traffic earnings, which the Company could not violate by entering into a subsequent contract with or lease to the Manhattan Company, thus reducing the city's receipts to a nominal sum.

"If it had the right to rent for 6 per cent. on its capital stock, it had just as much right to make a lease at the nominal rental of $1 per year and come to us annually with five cents, saying: 'Here, Mr. Comptroller, here is the city's compensation for our valuable franchise.'

"The amount the city has been receiving for the past eight years for this Elevated Railroad franchise is entirely inadequate, and I propose that the Company shall pay what it agreed to pay, if I can compel it to."

Superintendent of City Revenue James Daly says that prior to 1881 the city received from the New York Elevated roads nearly twice as much as it has since that time, notwithstanding the great increase in business and the consequent increase in the net earnings.

In extenuation of the fact that so small an amount is being paid for so valuable a franchise, Vice-President Gallaway, of the Manhattan Company, explains that that Company pays to the city taxes to the amount of about $600,000 yearly.

When the immense value of their plant and stock is considered this sum is not thought by the Comptroller to be particularly large.

If the Comptroller is upheld in his position that the New York Elevated Railway Company has no right to make the city accept a percentage on a rental instead of a percentage on the actual earnings of the line, he will institute a thorough investigation to determine just how much the Third and Ninth Avenue lines have earned during the past eight years.

Should the result of such examination reveal the fact that the city has been swindled out of its just dues an action will be brought at once to recover the amount of arrearages.

These investigations are in progress, not only with reference to the elevated roads, but the surface railroads.

The roads involved are: The Third avenue, the Dry Dock, Eighth avenue, Twenty-third street and the Belt Lines, and a large amount appears, at first sight, to be due the city from these companies for arrears of car-licenses or of percentages.

The exact amount of these arreages will not be determined for some time.

TILDEN'S DISPUTED MILLIONS.

Denial by Heirs and Executors of Any Reputed Settlement.

Rumors were flying thick and fast this morning relative to a settlement of the contest of the late Samuel J. Tilden's will. It is claimed that a compromise has been effected by which the executors were to retain $4,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out the dead statesman's wishes in regard to the establishment of a free library, and the heirs were to divide the remainder. The fortune, it was said, had grown to larger proportions than was at first supposed, and instead of $5,000,000 it amounted to $15,000,000. Thus, it is claimed, the heirs could easily give up the amount requisite for the library and still divide a snug sum.

"It is the veriest nonsense," said Andrew H. Green, one of the executors, after an EVENING WORLD reporter had poured this story into his ears this morning. "There has been no compromise. I have not heard of it. If there had been overtures made in that direction I would have heard of it. We are the Governor's executors, and are bound to see that the provisions of his will are carried out as speedily as possible.

"His fortune amounts to $5,000,000 or $6,000,000, and not the sum you say. Will there be a compromise? You might as well ask me when the skies were going to fall."

Delos McCurdy, of the law firm of Vanderpoel, Cuming & Griswold, who has charge of the litigation in behalf of the heirs, said: "I have heard some talk about a settlement, but there is nothing certain about it. We certainly have taken no steps."

NOT DRUNK, BUT DEAD.

Body of John McManus Found in Paterson To-Day.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 25.—The body of a man was found lying face downward on Ramapo avenue, near the Erie depot, at an early hour this morning, by Policeman Titus. The patrolman thought he was simply drunk, but on investigation he proved to be dead.

The deceased, who is apparently a man about forty years of age, was attired in clothing of cheap texture. He was seen Sunday night by Policeman Titus, somewhat under the influence of stimulants, threading his way along the avenue, as the policeman supposed, to obtain lodgings.

Many people believe that the man met with foul play, but from the position he was in when found it was deemed possible that the dead man had fallen in a fit while going along the avenue and, striking face downward, had been suffocated. His nose was almost crushed flat.

The unfortunate man has been identified as John McManus, an old sport and frequenter of the Clifton race track. He was at one time the confidential clerk of John Croker, the well-known sporting man.

Work of the "Poliklinik" in 1889.

By the annual report of the German Poliklinik, 411 Sixth street, just issued, it is learned that the total number of patients treated in 1889 was 12,476; physicians' advice required, 36,268 times; prescriptions issued, 24,449. The Poliklinik is open to patients from 1 to 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays excepted.

When baby was sick we gave her Castoria,
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

EHRICH BROS.

direct attention to their CONTINUATION SALE of

DRESS GOODS

COMPRISING 20,000 YARDS OF
All-Wool Checks and Plaids,
English Styles Fancy Cheviots,
Phantom Plaids in Colors,
Mohair Brilliantines,
PLAIN AND HAIR LINE
All-Wool Black Cashmere,
Black and White Suitings,
FOR HALF MOURNING.
Black Mohair Brilliantines.

All of above are of superior production and are offered at the uniform price of

50c. PER YARD.

This being a great reduction from former prices. Also

INDIA SILKS,

in choice designs and all colorings, at

29c. PER YARD.

Sixth Ave., 22d and 23d Sts.
(23d St. Station Elevated Road.)

STAFFORD'S
OLIVE TAR
A Standard Preparation,
CELEBRATED FOR FORTY YEARS AS
THE TRUE SPECIFIC
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF RESPIRATION, WHETHER ACUTE OR CHRONIC, INCLUDING BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA, BLEEDING AT THE LUNGS, SORE THROAT, CROUP AND CONSUMPTION, WHEN TAKEN, APPLIED OR INHALED.
Sold by Druggists. 50c. per Bottle.

EIGHT HOURS AND THE FAIR.

Union Rules to Govern in Chicago's Big Preparations.

Announcement at the Cooper Union Labor Mass-Meeting.

Those bodies of organized labor which were represented at the mass-meeting in Cooper Union last night stand committed, by the action of their representatives, to the support of the eight-hour movement which is to be inaugurated May 1 next in Boston, San Francisco, Chicago, Denver and many other cities.

The auditorium of Cooper Union was comfortably filled last night. Many women were in the audience. The meeting was under the auspices of the American Federation of Labor. Similar meetings were held in other cities Washington's Birthday, but owing to several causes New York's meeting had to be postponed.

Daniel Harris, of the Cigar Makers' International Union, presided. He made but a brief speech, leading to the introduction of Samuel Gompers, President of the Federation of Labor. Mr. Gompers made an impassioned address, not forgetting to pay his respects to the opponents of the eight-hour movement in labor's ranks—the Knights of Labor. He believed that May 1 some of the workers will secure the concession of eight hours, some will compromise on nine; but the fight will be begun which must end in victory.

Secretary McGuire, of the Carpenters and Joiners' Brotherhood, followed Mr. Gompers. He instanced price lists for the claim that shorter workdays benefited the workingman, and predicted the complete success of the movement.

John S. Kirscher, of Philadelphia, was the last speaker. All were greeted with applause and the resolutions were adopted with a roar. Following are the resolutions:

Resolved, That it becomes our solemn duty to use all means consistent with human dignity to reduce the hours of labor to such a point as will afford to all an opportunity to labor, to earn their daily bread; and be it

Resolved, That we, the people of New York, do heartily indorse the fixing of the date for the final inauguration of the eight-hour workday.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves, individually and collectively, to aid to the full extent of our ability, regardless of all minor considerations, the grand and determined movement of the American people for the eight-hour workday, and to conquer in spite of all opposition. Eight hours for work! Eight hours for rest! Eight hours for what we will!

While Mr. Gompers was speaking, some man in the audience yelled:

"How about the World's Fair?"

"While New York was talking," replied Mr. Gompers, "Chicago was working. Work on the Fair buildings there will be done on the eight-hour plan."

This sentiment was received with tumultuous cheers.

Mr. Simon Has Not Vanished.

The rumor that Sig. Simon, jr., of the firm of S. Simon's Sons & Co., of 529 Broadway, had disappeared with cash and securities belonging to the firm, is to-day pronounced to be without foundation. The young man is at his home in Newark, and is angry at the reports spread about him.

His Injuries Grow Serious.

Peter Greene, forty-two years old, of 28 Chrystie street, was removed to-day to Gouverneur Hospital. He was assaulted Feb. 13 in front of 258 Delancey street by Owen McFarland, of 23 Columbia street, and, becoming worse, was taken to the hospital.

O'NEILL'S
6th Ave., 20th to 21st St.

Clearing Sale
OF
LADIES' WRAPS, JACKETS, NEWMARKETS AND JERSEY WAISTS.

1,000 Ladies' Imported Silk Jersey Waists, $2.98; worth $6.75.
200 dozen Ladies' Fine All-Wool, Cashmere Finish Jersey Waists, richly trimmed, $1.98; worth $4.90.
1,500 Ladies' Fine Cloth Newmarkets in a variety of styles and cloths, $4.98, $6.95, $9.75 and $12.75; less than one-half the former prices.
250 English Seal Plush Sacques, $15.95, $19.75, $24.95 and $29.75; worth from $28.50 to $59.00.
100 Siberian squirrel-lined Circulars, Sicilian silk covering, $19.75 and $24.95; reduced from $49.00 and $55.00.
ALASKA SEAL LONDON DYED JACKETS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS AND PALETOTS WILL BE OFFERED AT A REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT. ON LAST WEEK'S PRICES.

DIED.

BEAM.—On Monday, Feb. 24, PETER G. BEAM, in the 56th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held in the chapel of St. Luke's Hospital Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 8 P. M. All friends are invited to attend. Interment private

Chicago and San Francisco papers please copy.

ANOTHER MURDER WOULD OUT

The Killing of Emory Thayer Is a Mystery No Longer.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ROCHESTER, Feb. 25.—That "murder will out" was never better exemplified than in the confession just extorted from two men arrested in Livingston County for a minor offense that they were guilty of the murder of Emory Thayer at Hamilton Centre, Livingston County, on Oct. 27, 1885.

This crime was one of shocking brutality, and this, together with the mystery involving the affair, made it famous.

Thayer, who was a respectable farmer, had sold $200 worth of wheat and had the money in the house.

Mrs. Thayer was awakened by a noise about midnight, and going to her door she saw a man enter the parlor and light the lamps.

Thinking it was the hired man, she called him by name and asked him what he was doing downstairs.

As she spoke a masked man rushed upon her, grasped her by the throat, and placing the muzzle of a pistol against her temple, hissed: "Don't you move or I will kill you both."

The noise made by the masked man awoke Mr. Thayer and he attempted to get out of bed, but was warned by the man to stay where he was.

In some way Mrs. Thayer shook off the murderer's grasp on her throat and then grappled with him.

When Mr. Thayer saw that the ruffian was struggling with his wife he sprang out of bed and rushed to his wife's assistance.

He shoved the man back against the door, and the latter, seeing that he was likely to be overmatched, fired his pistol, bringing Mr. Thayer to the floor, and then stamped his victim's brains out as he lay there.

The hired man, John Kuhn, was tried, and nothing but an extremely brilliant defense saved him from swinging for the death of Thayer.

Now Sheriff Tripp has Samuel D. Weighman and Nelson Swartz, two notorious characters of the county, under lock and key, and they have made a full confession of the crime before a Justice of the Peace.

ONLY 6 PER CENT. FOR CREDIT
ON
FURNITURE & CARPETS,
and the best stock in the city to select from.

BEDROOM SUITS FROM	$13 TO $150.00
PARLOR SUITS FROM	$42 TO 300.00
DINING TABLES (4 leaves in box)	5.50
LEATHER CHAIRS IN OLD OAK	3.50
CANE CHAIRS IN OLD OAK	1.50

CARPETS.

VELVET CARPET FROM	$1.00 upward
BRUSSELS CARPET FROM	55c. upward
INGRAIN CARPET, very heavy	40c. upward
OILCLOTHS	25c. upward

Our plan of adding 6 per cent. to the regular cash prices will be found very advantageous. Small payments down and the balance in weekly or monthly sums extending over a period of from six months to a year.

J. H. LITTLE & CO.
NO. 5 WEST 14TH ST.
Make sure of the address.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

LATEST PATENT JAN. 25, 1889, IMPROVED FEB. 1, 1890.
All men debilitated through indiscretions or otherwise suffering LOST OR FAILING POWER, DRAINS or LOSSES, we GUARANTEE to cure or refund money by this new improved ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY, made for this purpose. Also belts for LAME BACK, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, SLEEPLESSNESS or GENERAL ILL HEALTH. These belts are the only complete sold in New York, and are wonderful in their action, being complete medical batteries, constructed for convenience in the shape of belts giving mild, soothing, steady currents which are instantly felt by wearer or we forfeit $5,000. They are light and convenient to wear, and when used three to four hours during day or evening will cure the worst cases in 60 to 90 days. They cannot be fully appreciated without being seen. Overwhelming home references. Note a sample cure:

FROM THE SECRETARY BRIGHTON BEACH RACING ASS'N
23 Prospect Place, BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1889.
DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., Gentlemen:—If the people of this country who suffer from weak backs only could know my condition before using your belt, and what I am to-day, you would hardly be able to supply the demand for them. You have entirely cured me of the weaknesses, and all the symptoms, which you know were pain in the back, premature weaknesses, nervous debility and general weakness. The rapidity with which I have improved has been a source of great surprise to me and my friends, and I shall always recommend you.
Yours truly, JAMES McGOWAN.

Avoid irresponsible agents holding out bogus trial offers, etc., to foist inferior imitations of our goods upon the afflicted, but call or write direct to the inventor and manufacturer and get reliable information. Large illustrated pamphlets, sealed, by mail free. Open daily and evenings. Sundays 10 to 1. Address
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819 BROADWAY, N. Y., Cor. 12TH ST.

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FREE LECTURES FOR THE PEOPLE.

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TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
Having Muscle and Using Muscle.—Dr. H. S. Drayton.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
Electric Jewels and the Phonograph.—Edward H. Boyer.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Early Traders Union.—Prof. J. B. Lincoln.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 27—10TH WARD.
208-210 East 42d st.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
Electric Jewels and the Phonograph.—Edward H. Boyer.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
The Avoidable Causes of Disease.—Dr. Nathan S. Roberts.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Measurement of Force.—Prof. T. O'Conor Sloane.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 82—19TH WARD.
70th st. and 1st ave.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
American Poets.—Prof. J. C. Zachos.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
Elasticity.—Prof. T. O'Conor Sloane.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Brain and Mind.—Dr. Charles S. Nammack.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 51—22D WARD.
224 West 44th st.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
The Air We Breathe.—Prof. H. A. Mott.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
The Chemical Elements.—Prof. H. A. Mott.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Trades and Industrial Arts of Ancient Egypt.—Dr. F. C. H. Wendel.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 87—22D WARD.
225-229 West 41st st.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
The Wonders of Moonland.—Francis G. Caldwell.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
Comets, Meteors, Shooting Stars.—Francis G. Caldwell.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Odors and Gases Injurious to Human Life, with Special Reference to New York City.—Dr. Chas. S. Allen.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 34—13TH WARD.
108 Broome st.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
Our Country—The Great West.—Prof. Henry M. Leipziger.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
Odors and Gases Injurious to Human Life, with Special Reference to New York City.—Dr. Chas. S. Allen.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
American Ballads—The Rising Past, the Glowing Present, the Glittering Future.—Frannie Joseph Haggerty.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 42—10TH WARD.
30 Allen st.
TUESDAY, FEB. 25.
Early Trades Unions.—Prof. J. B. Lincoln.
THURSDAY, FEB. 27.
Sound and the Mechanism of Hearing.—Dr. J. Ossorot Tansley.
SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
Healthy Homes.—Dr. Nathan S. Roberts.

MACHINERY.

$25.—New Brewster Portland cutter; $75, 6 horse power gasoline yacht engine; also small engine, or will exchange for anything. 195 First st., Jersey City.

WANTED—Some cheap upright engines, 4 to 6 horse; also 25 horse boiler and engine; machinery exchanged and repaired. Martin's Machinery Exchange, 195 First st., Jersey City.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

58TH ST., 222 EAST—Furnished room; private family; large room, with alcove; for gentleman; all conveniences.

Actors Not Enjoined.

Leonard A. Hanken and Frank Pillings brought injunction proceedings in the Supreme Court against Sigmund Mogulesko and Morris Heine to restrain their appearance at the Thalia Theatre on the