FOR WORKING GIRLS.

The Women Factory Inspectors Bill Made Law by Gov. Hill.

"The Evening World" Wins Another Fight for the People.

A New Law for the Protection of Women and Children Toilers.

Another brilliant victory is recorded on the banner of THE EVENING WORLD.

Senator Fassett's bill providing for the appointment of eight female deputy factory inspectors, which was passed by the Legislature by an overwhelming vote just before the close of the session, has been signed by Gov. Hill, and henceforth is the law of the State.

From the outset THE EVENING WORLD has been a sturdy and vigorous champion of Senator Fassett's bill, and through its own efforts and its personal investigation into the workings of the Factory law has furnished abundant proof of the abuses which have crept in owing to the inadequate inspection of our great manufacturing establishments.

Most of the large factories in New York City and its vicinity were visited by representatives of THE EVENING WORLD, who gathered the information and the facts which have led to this great and radical reform.

The law provides that "no minor under eighteen years of age, and no woman shall be employed in laboring in any manufacturing or mercantile establishment more than ten hours in one day, except where a different apportionment of the hours of labor is made for the sole purpose of making a shorter day's work for one day of the week; in no case shall the hours of labor exceed sixty a week."

These provisions have been repeatedly violated, and in many cases systematically disregarded, and it was seen that only by increasing the number of inspectors throughout the State could the rights of toiling women and children be secured.

It has always been the case with operatives of this class that they have been subjected to every description of petty tyranny by the bosses in the factories, and on account of their weakness they have protested in vain against such impositions.

This has been even more noticeable in the small factory towns than in the large cities, because in such places the power and authority of the foreman or superintendent is practically absolute, and his orders have the force of law.

It was also ascertained that the physical and moral condition of the women and child laborers in these small towns was far below that of the average in the larger cities.

The eight new female inspectors who will be appointed under the new law by the Chief Factory Inspector, and will each be paid an annual salary of $1,000, are to have the same duties, powers and terms of office as those of the deputy male inspectors, and will be subject to the supervision and direction of the Chief Factory Inspector, who will assign them to particular districts throughout the State as the best interests of the people require it.

This will secure a twofold benefit to the women and children of the factories. In the first place they will be assured that violations of their rights will not be attempted with such impunity as heretofore.

Then, there will be an additional safeguard against those peculiar hardships to which factory women are subjected, and which would be very likely in nine cases out of ten, to be overlooked through the thoughtlessness or carelessness of male inspectors.

The new system cannot be put into operation too speedily.

TRYING TO CLEAR POPOFF.

Evidence That Marie Petrikovsky's Death Was Not Premeditated.

The first witness this morning for the defense in the Popoff murder trial before Judge Vitzgerald in Part I. of General Sessions, was Dr. Moses Mentz, of No. 150 Henry street.

He was questioned mainly in regard to a conversation which he and Popoff had about a month previous to the shooting.

Then, Muntz said, Popoff wanted to sell him the revolver for $5. This was to disprove that the statement that the pistol was bought by Popoff with the intention of killing the girl.

Witness had often seen Popoff flourish the pistol to scare children.

Witness further stated, in reply to questions, that he was the man who recommended Popoff to board with the Petrikovsky family. He had only known the defendant two days then.

Muntz's testimony was unimportant, and the defense called Lazarus Drelen, a grocer at 148 East Broadway, who gave Popoff a good character.

The defense then rested their case, and Lawyer Howe began summing up for his client. His argument was that the affair was an accident, and all his usual eloquence and pathos was brought to bear on the jury.

UNITED COUNCIL'S REAL VOTE.

A Large Block of Ballots Not Reckoned—The Result Unchanged.

By an unfortunate oversight 20,000 votes which should have been credited to United Council, 1,035, A. L. of H., in the final count of THE EVENING WORLD'S Lodge and Club Contest, were omitted from their total.

United Council's vote should, therefore, have been 409,599, instead of 389,599, as published in Tuesday's EVENING WORLD.

Of course, this correction does not change the result, but the votes rightfully belonged to United Council, and should, therefore, be placed to their credit.

ONE COPPER WON'T SWEAR.

He Owns a Saloon, and Must Get off the Police Force.

The affidavit fiends who recorded the observations of members of the Police Department that they individually had no interest in the sale of spirits, wine or malt liquors, have found only one officer who declined to take the oath.

Patrolman James Linderman, of the Thirty-second Precinct, owns a saloon in Harlem, and he promptly declared that he would resign from the force rather than swear falsely or give up the business.

By the terms of the law, Linderman will have no option. He must resign.

Martin B. Brown Lost It.

At a meeting of the Board of *City Record* held this afternoon a contract was let to the L. W. Ahrens Printing and Stationery Company to furnish books for the use of the Department of Charities and Correction for $3,878.14. The bid was $19 lower than that made by M. B. Brown.

NO NEED OF HIGH-PRICED ICE.

It Can Be Sold Profitably at Half the Combine's Rates.

Ice Cheaply and Successfully Made by Machinery.

To the housewives and the heads of thousands of families in New York and its immediate vicinity no question has presented itself so forcibly the present Spring as that of the family's ice supply. The price of this commodity—as essential in domestic economy as coal or flour—has steadily advanced, under the plea of a short crop, until it has become an item of expense grievous to be borne and productive of hardship and self-denial.

The matter of obviating the necessity of increasing the price of ice to consumers by supplementing the river and lake ice crop with ice made by machinery has been touched upon by THE EVENING WORLD, and widespread public interest is aroused on the subject.

If it is practicable to manufacture ice in such quantities and at such cost as to enable dealers to sell it at lower prices and at the same time make reasonable profits the public is vitally interested in knowing why it is not done and why the ice barons should prefer to follow the extortionate policy apparently marked out by them.

In the course of investigation of the subject an EVENING WORLD reporter talked this morning with Mr. E. Y. Clemens, Superintendent of the De La Vergne Refrigerating Machine Company, One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street and East River. Mr. Clemens said:

"Ice can be sold much cheaper, and at a fair profit, even without the use of machines to make ice. If, however, dealers will invest their money in ice-making machines they can make large profits, and yet sell their ice at least 30 cents per hundred cheaper than I see it quoted.

"Machine-made ice can be sold at 50 to 60 cents per hundred, and return a good profit. Any perfected ice-machine can turn out a better quality of ice than nature does, and the cost of handling it will be much less."

"In what way will it be better?" was asked.

"Because each cake is a solid chunk of ice, as clear as crystal, with no dirt, no snow top, no air bubbles. It will not waste as fast as natural ice.

"We have erected fifty machines to make artificial ice since the first of January, and our works are running night and day on orders. It is not the ice companies who are buying the plants, but heads of firms who were formerly the biggest customers of the ice trust, firms who always got rock-bottom prices. They find that they can save money by making their own ice," concluded Mr. Clemens.

The reporter learned that a machine that would turn out 100 tons of ice per day, in 300-pound cakes, can be erected for $60,000. Mr. Clemens stated that such ice can be sold at 50 cents per hundred pounds and allow a large profit to the manufacturer. The men who make ice in New Orleans and in Florida sell it as low as 40 cents per hundred, he said, and they are making money.

The art of making ice is divided into two systems, one by using brine for the purpose of freezing the water and the other effecting the freezing by direct expansion. The popular way is by using brine. This is done as follows:

In an iron or wooden tank, well insulated, a salt brine is reduced to a temperature considerably below the freezing point of water, by evaporating coils which are connected to a gas pump, if it is a compression machine, or to the absorber if the process is by absorption.

In the brine galvanized iron cans are immersed. They contain the water to be frozen. The temperature of the brine, by the use of ammonia, is reduced to 12 degrees above zero. Water freezes at 32 degrees. So, the brine being frozen so much colder, the water in the cans is readily frozen in turn. It is then lifted out of the brine and turned out of the cans in perfect cubes of ice as clear as crystal.

The water is first boiled to 212 degrees, so that no animalcule are left in it, and in consequence the ice manufactured from it is as pure as possible for ice to be.

GENUINE FLACK VS. FLACK.

The ex-Sheriff's Wife's Bona-Fide Suit At Last Comes to Trial.

When the genuine divorce case of Flack against Flack was called before Judge Miles Beach, in Part I, Special Term of the Supreme Court, this morning counsel for both parties were on their feet to announce that they were ready for trial, and Mrs. Flack's opportunity to secure a real and valid divorce from the ex-Sheriff was afforded.

Lawyer Treadwell Cleveland, of Evarts, Choate & Beaman, appeared for the injured wife, and Lawyer Carpenter, of ex-Judge Russell's office, represented the interests of the conspirator husband.

Neither of the parties in interest was present in the court, and the reason for their absence was made apparent later when both the lawyers for prosecution and defense announced that they were not so near ready for trial as they had at first supposed.

An unfinished case from yesterday went off because of the compulsory absence of a material witness, and the Flack case was called for trial.

Counsellor Cleveland asked that it be put over until to-morrow, and in the mean time the matter of alimony to be paid might be adjusted by counsel.

Judge Beach refused the adjournment, and a compromise was effected providing for the trial of the case this afternoon, when Mr. Cleveland promised to have his witnesses present.

"I am informed, Your Honor, that you will have little to try except the question of amount of alimony to be paid," said Mrs. Flack's counsel, and Judge Beach smiled at this announcement that the defense had abandoned any intention it may have had to contest the case on its merits. He would not be counselled to listen to the disgusting details of a divorce case, and felt relieved.

When Counsellor Cleveland was asked if the defense had abandoned the case, he said that ex-Judge Fullerton had left the case and Mr. Carpenter had declared that the amount of alimony to be paid only would be contested, and the reasonable conclusion from these facts was that the ex-Sheriff would fight no longer.

Ex-Judge Fullerton, it was said, was in favor of confessing on the ground that the Bookstaver divorce was a valid one and that it had been improperly set aside. The relationship of the defendant with Sarah Cherry and all other material facts were to be admitted, but Flack was to insist that he was already divorced from his wife.

GANGS OF ITALIANS HELD.

Suspected of Being Imported Under Contract for the Mines.

Contract Labor Inspector Osborne this morning boarded the steamer Bolivia, which arrived from Naples with 979 emigrants on board, and caused two gangs of emigrants to be detained for examination as to violation of the Alien Contract Labor law.

One crowd of twelve Italians was bound for Pittsburg, under the leadership of a man who formerly worked in the mines in that section. Another gang of ten Italians, bound for the mines of Pennsylvania, led the Inspector to believe that they came here under contract.

The regular use of MOZELL'S TEETHING COMFORT during teething averts the diarrhœa. 25 cents.

EMPLOYERS, the saving of 10 or 15 cents may not mean much to you, but the fact that your "Help" "WANT"d inserted in THE WORLD on Monday or Saturday—HALF-RATE SITUATION DAYS—will be read by nearly every person in New York and the surrounding country looking for a place is of the greatest importance. It is not the money you save, but the results you get.

SHE HAS LIVED A CENTURY.

Mrs. Charlotte Smith, of Brooklyn, Celebrating Her 100th Birthday.

Four Generations of Descendants Paying Her Their Respects To-Day.

To-day Mrs. Charlotte Smith, of 296½ Thirteenth street, Brooklyn, is celebrating her 100th birthday, or, more properly speaking, four generations of her descendants are doing the celebrating while the

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

snowy-haired old lady, full of the deep peace of a well-spent century, looks calmly on from the depths of her old armchair.

Early this morning, before the older members of the Stecher household had arisen, the young hopeful of the family had covered the entire front of the house with festoons of American flags in honor of his great-grandmother's birthday.

This was too much for Mr. Stecher's sense of the fitness of things, and the flags were transferred to the front parlor, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion.

When THE EVENING WORLD reporter called this morning he found Mrs. Smith bustling about the house, preparing for her expected visitors. She extended an old-fashioned welcome to him, with a bumper of sparkling cider and a slice of cake which she had prepared with her own hands.

This evening there will be a dinner, at which all the relatives who can possibly do so will participate. This will be followed by music and dancing.

Mrs. Smith was born May 22, 1790, at Yonkers. Her maiden name was Charlotte Post. She grew up a rosy-cheeked, brown-haired girl, and in the matter of carding and spinning, weaving and sewing, could hold her own with any of the Priscillas and Dorothys of that day. Later on in life this knowledge of household work held her in good stead.

In 1809 she was married to Stephen Smith, and three years later her husband shouldered his old flint-lock musket and went to the war of 1812. She was left comparatively alone with her infant son, but she bore the brunt of the long winters remarkably well until her husband return.

Soon after the war Mr. Smith was stricken with consumption, and was virtually an invalid for twelve years, during which time his wife not only performed all the household duties, but gave her husband all the tender care of a faithful wife.

Mr. Smith died in 1835, leaving his widow with five sons and three daughters. Six of her children are still living.

Life was more or less of a struggle for Mrs. Smith after her husband's death, until her sons became old enough to join in the battle of life. In addition to her own children Mrs. Smith has thirty-four grandchildren, thirty-one great-grandchildren, sixteen great-great-grandchildren and thirty nephews and nieces.

It is quite likely that a goodly proportion of the 171 descendants of Mrs. Smith will pay their respects to her to-day.

Mrs. Smith is in full possession of all her faculties, her only infirmity being a slight deafness.

When the reporter told Mrs. Smith that THE EVENING WORLD would like to print her photograph, she said:

"What nonsense! In my day old people were not considered so extraordinary."

When asked if she had ever seen George Washington, Mrs. Smith said:

"No; strange to say I have not. My husband, however, saw him many times."

Mrs. Smith said that she had passed through several severe spells of sickness in one or two of which her life was despaired of. She recovered however and is still hale and hearty. She sleeps on the second floor and makes the trips up and down stairs very easily.

Three years ago at the silver wedding of her granddaughter, Mrs. Smith danced a quadrille with William Smith her eldest son who is now seventy-one years of age.

ALL IN AGAINST PELL.

Sudden Close of the Case Against the Accused Broker.

At 10 o'clock this morning, just one hour before the opening of court, there sat a little group in front of the counsel table in Part III. of the General Sessions.

The group consisted of bankwrecker George Hamilton Pell, his pretty and devoted wife, attired in deep mourning, and United States Deputy Marshals Adler and Cooper.

The two latter sat a little apart from Mr. and Mrs. Pell and read their newspapers attentively. Husband and wife chatted affectionately and Mrs. Pell arranged Mr. Pell's scarf to suit her taste.

When not in the court-room, Financier Pell is confined in Ludlow Street Jail. He would rather be in the court-room than in jail when talking to his wife, and that is the reasons for getting the marshals to bring him down so early.

The first witness called was Albert J. Voorhees, clerk in the St. Nicholas Bank, who testified that the figures already testified to concerning Pell's account as agent with the St. Nicholas Bank, were correctly copied by him. "With that we rest, your Honor," said District-Attorney Fellows.

This announcement was followed by considerable surprise.

It was the general impression that the prosecution were holding back its great guns until the last.

Lawyer Newcombe then opened the prisoner's case. He intimated that the evidence offered by the defense would occupy only a few hours' course pursued by the prosecution in calling nearly every one in any way.

That large overdrafts were made by the accused and others, his associates, there was no question. But that all these overdrafts were made good in proper time there could be no doubt.

Mr. Newcombe said there was no evidence, and that none had, would or could be offered to show that Pell, acting for Simmons, had gained control of the Lenox Hill Bank in order to wreck it.

The fact that when they had got control of the bank the friends of Pell and Simmons were put in charge was nothing detrimental to the prisoner. Who else would or should be put in charge.

The claim that after manipulating in the bank there was a deficiency of $181,000 at the expiration of five weeks counsel said was nothing but an imaginary deficiency.

The Sumners would like a game for Saturday afternoon with a nine of players nineteen years old to be played at Jefferson and Lewis avenues. Address B. J. Markwell, 983 Gates avenue, Brooklyn.

In the Spring

Nearly everybody needs a good medicine. The impurities which have accumulated in the blood during the cold months must be expelled, or when the mild days come, and the effect of bracing air is lost, the body is liable to be overcome by debility or some serious disease. The remarkable success of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the universal praise it has received, make it worthy your confidence. It is the "Ideal Spring Medicine."

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE EVENING WORLD BALLOT.

For the most popular Amateur Baseball Club in New York, New Jersey or Connecticut.

NAME OF CLUB—

.....

LOCATED AT—

.....

SIGNED—

.....

ADDRESS—

.....

Those desirous of voting in this contest must fill out the above ballot and inclose it in an envelope addressed to the Popular Baseball Club Editor, EVENING WORLD, P. O. box 2,854, New York City.

Any person may vote.

The contest will close early so that the club winning the beautiful banner which will be the prize may display it for more than half of the present season.

Coupons must be so cut as to show the whole of the banner printed above the blanks.

The prize banner will be made by Messrs Grumbach & Grote, of 125 Hudson street, and will be in every way worthy of the cause in which it will be won.

AMATEUR ERICS ARE FIRST.

Growing Interest In the Contest of Baseball Clubs.

The Erics, of 76 Fulton street, Brooklyn, lead in THE EVENING WORLD Baseball Contest to-day with their vote increased to 234. Close behind, in second place, are the Alpines, of South Brooklyn, with their total swelled to 237.

The Excelsior Athletic B. B. C., of Union Hill, N. J., is a new contestant, but jumps at the start into third place, with 107 votes to its credit.

In fourth place however, still remain the Gamblers, of Litt Twelfth street, with their total pushed ahead to 142.

The amateur baseball club which shall be rated the most popular in New York, New Jersey or Connecticut in this contest will receive an elegant banner from THE EVENING WORLD. It will be made by Grumbach & Grote, of No. 125 Hudson street, and the contest will close early enough to permit the winning club to display it for more than half of the baseball season.

The list of competing clubs and their vote to date follows:

Active B. B. C., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	1
Active B. B. C., N. Y.	1
Adriel B. B. C., Printcorse Hall, N. Y.	3
Alaska Juniors, 983 4th ave.	1
Alerts, Passaic, N. J.	6
Alpine B. B. C., South Brooklyn	237
Atlantic Athletic B. B. C., 85 Monroe st., N. Y.	6
B. Altman's B. B. C., N. Y.	36
Beverly B B C, 135th st and 7th ave.	25
Bloomingdale B. B. C., 305 West 54th st.	2
Brunswicks, Bloomingdale	1
Bushwick Coal Yard Employees, Newtown Creek, N. Y.	24
Catharine Ferry Employees, Brooklyn	17
Commercial Juniors, Ninth Ward	2
Crescents, Plainfield, N. J.	9
De Vinne Press BB. C., N. Y.	23
Emeralds, Catholic Protectory, N. Y.	10
Eric BB. C., 76 Fulton st., Brooklyn	234
Fleetwood Athletic and B. B. C., 109th st. and Jerome ave.	1
Florentine BB. C., 251 East 85th st.	3
Frank Steele, Trenton, N. J.	1
Gamblers' BB. C., Little 12th st.	142
Gothens, Goshen, N. Y.	3
Hill Brothers, 504 Broadway	74
Irvings, 42 Rutgers st.	8
Irving BB. C., 177th st and 4th ave, Tremont.	64
Ivy BB. C., 144 South 3d st., Brooklyn	5
Jasper B. B. C., Manhattanville	3
Jim Hicker, 195 Broadway	34
Jewelers' Brotherhood, Maiden lane	12
Julius Bein & Co., B. B. Nine, 159 Duane st.	2
Knights of Columbus B. B. C., Stamford, Ct.	5
Little & Hamilton, Newburg, N. Y.	1
Lexingtons, of Harlem, N. Y.	6
Madison Club, Harlem	1
Minute Men, 260 Seventeenth st., Brooklyn	9
Mont Ragins, Fifty-seventh st. and Tenth ave.	20
Mountain Oaks, West Orange, N. J.	11
Nash & Brush's, 16 and 18 Park place	3
N. Y. Telegraphers' B. B. C., 32 Cortlandt st.	5
Princess, New Rochelle, N. Y.	59
Palisade B. B. C., 874 11th ave.	50
Ranos, 16th Ward, N. Y.	1
Resolute B B C, Brooklyn, N. Y.	10
Ridgefield Park Outing Club, Ridgefield Park, N. J.	5
Rosenthal Bros.' Unique, 46-50 Greene st.	44
Rutherford Heights, Rutherford, N. J.	2
Sagamore, Jrs., West Houston st.	3
Silver Lake B. B. C., Brooklyn	3
Spelman Bros., Jrs., 801 Broadway	20
Standards, 235 E 120th st., Harlem	38
Sterling, Jrs., N. Y.	24
St. Peter's Church Union, 5 Barclay st.	94
Strauss, Jr., B. B. C., 42 Warren st.	10
Superiors, Jersey City	1
Syrians, Harlem, 110th st. and 3d ave.	5
Syrians, Stamford, Conn.	9
Staten Island B. B. C., Tompkinsville, S. I.	30
Sherman Cecil & Co., 64 Leonard st.	31
Somerset B. B. C., South Brooklyn	31
Tarrytown Heights, Tarrytown Heights, N. Y.	5
Unxid B. B. C., Graniteville, S. I.	24
Volunteer B. B. C., Hackensack, N. J.	27
West Shores, West 48th st.	10
Ye Jovial Trio B. B. C., 432 Franklin ave., Brooklyn	3
Alpine Juniors, New York	1
Alma Athletics, Brooklyn	5
Adriatics, 543 West Thirteenth street	7
Acciantonga A. C., Rutherville, S. I.	15
Athletic B. B. C., Menlo Park, N. J.	1
Broadway Theatre, Broadway and Forty-first st.	10
Brighton B. B. C., Twenty-sixth Ward, B'klyn.	4
Brooklyn B. Brooklyn	100
Beter, Jrs., Broome and Mangin sts.	6
Brooklyn High School BB. C., Prospect Park, Brooklyn	10
Brighton Athletic Club, Brooklyn	3
Bonanzas, Peekskill, N. Y.	13
Company D7 B. BB. C., Willow place, Brooklyn	3
Castletons, 345 East 55th st.	11
Chestnut BB. C., 84 Cortlandt st.	10
Cincinnati, 180 E. 124th st.	9
Cliff B B C, 70 Cliff st.	4
Clippers, Portchester, N Y.	2
Calhoun-Robbins Co., 410 Broadway	1
Clover A C B B C, 2023 Court st., Brooklyn.	1
Clover, 162 E. 55th st.	3
Calhoun, 131 W 43d st.	3
Cedar B. B. C., 141st st.	1
Concordia B. B. C., Morrisania	1
Ollie Jr. B. B. C., 153 Broome st.	27
Duanes, 9 Duane st.	27
Dodgers B. B. C., 104 Cedar st.	12
De Lamater B. B. C., foot of West 13th st.	17
Excelsior Athletic B. B. C., Union Hill, N. J.	107
Eulenas, Brooklyn	1
Golden Hours B B Club No 300, 150 West 17th st.	2
Gramercy B B Club, Yorkville	9
Grimes B B Club, 38th st and 10th ave.	100
Glenmores, Bushwick, Brooklyn	7
Greenpoint Athletic Club, 7 Van Cott ave, Brooklyn	3
Hasbrouck Heights Stars, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.	4
Harlem B. B. Nine, 18th st. and Irving place.	1
Hazard, Hazard & Co., 74th st. and Broadway.	11
J. A. Levy B. B. C., 7 Cannon st.	3
Iroquois, South Ward	2
Iroquois Athletic Club, Newark, N. J.	2
Julius Hertz B. B. C., N. Y.	1
Jefferson, Brooklyn	1
Lawrence, 141st st. and 3d ave.	17
Live Oakes, Gravesend	3
L. Doyle, B. B. C., Bay Ridge, N. Y.	12
Lochenstein Jrs., 781 Grand st.	3
Mardower, Section 6, C. of P., Brooklyn	4
Murray Hill B. B. C., Central Park	14
Melrose Jrs., 604 W. 43d st.	1
Mascoupees, Mascoupee, Ill.	1
Model Club, N. Y. C. yard, 55th st.	1
Marions, Tompkinsville, S. I.	100
Manhattan Blues, Harlem	1
Mystics, Belleville, N. J.	14
Maple B B C, Brooklyn, E D.	50
Manhattan "L" B B C, N Y.	50
Niagara, Jrs., Harlem	6
N Y Associated Press, 195 Broadway	50
New York College of Pharmacy, 213 E. 23d st.	5
Olympics, St. John's, Sing Sing, N. Y.	5
Orinokas, 29 Union square	12
Osseos, Seventeenth Ward	14
Owl Club, 42 Macdougal st.	1
Panola B. B. C., West Harlem	20
Penolia B. B. C., New York	3
Rosedale B. B. C., West Brighton, S. I.	68
Park Athletic B. B. C., 131 Macdougal street.	42
Paddocks, North Eighth street, Brooklyn	10
Patrick J. O'Toole Association Baseball Team, City Clinton st., Hoboken, N J.	4
Rocklands, N Y	10
Ryersons, Brooklyn	2
Rock Jrs, N Y	9
Red Shield B. B. Club, Seventh Pres. Ch.	61
Red Stars, Lafayette, Jersey City	4
Richmond B. B. Club, N. Y.	2
Russell, Birdsall & Ward, Port Chester, N Y.	6
B. B. Club, 124 W 30th st.	34
Spotter B. B. C., 501 West 45th st.	17
Shenandoah B. B. C., 17th Ward	4
Spalding B. B. C., New York	6
Spartan B. B. C., 20th Ward, Brooklyn	25
Silentia's, Washington Heights	1
St. Peter's Church Choir, Jersey City	5
Tonawandas, 304 East 44th st.	14
Travis B. B. C., Peekskill, N. Y.	25
Tabernacle A. A., Jersey City	3
West Bergen B. B. Club, West Bergen, N. J.	6
Waverlys, Brooklyn	6
Wyanokes, of N. Y., 210 West 110th street	9
Young Athletics, Tompkinsville, S. I.	1
Young Macs, 217 West 46th st.	4
Young Excelsiors, 506 1st ave	7
Yorktons, South Brooklyn	3
Young Crescents, Plainfield, N. J.	2

WHERE DOES ADAMS LIVE?

Legality Disputed of His Summons in Laura Thorp's Suit.

The legal residence of "Tom" Adams was the subject of argument before Judge Lawrence in Supreme Court Chambers this morning.

Adams, it will be remembered, was served with a summons in the suit of Laura M. Thorp, after he had finished testifying before the Fassett Committee. He claimed that his home is in Boston and that the service is illegal.

Adams's side of the case was presented by Joseph H. Choate and opposed by Col. George H. Hart, who claimed that Adams's home is in this city. It was urged that as a witness before the Senate Committee he was privileged.

Judge Lawrence reserved his decision.

MRS. BABBITT'S EVICTION DAY.

The Dead Soap-Maker's Sister Unmolested Up to One O'Clock.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

SYRACUSE, May 22.—Although this is the day appointed for the eviction of Mrs. Catherine Babbitt, sister-in-law of the late B. T. Babbitt, at 1 o'clock she was still in possession of her little home at No. 130 Seymour street.

Lawyer T. H. Bullock, of New York, who claims to have bought the little property from the Babbitt estate, and who gave Mrs. Babbitt notice to get out, has not arrived here yet, but is looked for to-night.

If he attempts to take forcible possession of the house, his reception by citizens will be a warm one.

The secret of my happiness is, I am using

Wolff's ACME Blacking

And have WATERPROOF BOOTS Beautifully Polished without Labor.

Ask to Polish, Drop and Hear Parading Stove for Pik-Ron, which

WILL STAIN OLD & NEW FURNITURE
WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHIMNEYS
WILL STAIN TINWARE
WILL STAIN YOUR OLD RASSEYS
WILL STAIN BABY'S COACH AND

Furnish at the same time.

PIK-RON

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

HOW MR. KLINE'S TROUBLE BEGAN.

HE SAYS HE COULDN'T EXPLAIN ALL THAT HE SUFFERED.

He Is a Well-Known Butcher at Nyack and He Had a Terrible Case of Catarrh, Which Drs. Copeland and Blair Cured.

Mr. W. F. Kline, a well-known butcher of Nyack, N. Y., related to the writer the following story of his experience:

"My trouble began with a cold. This cold resulted in chronic catarrh. I don't know so I could explain to you all that I suffered, but I will give you a short description of how I felt most of the time. My head would ache fearfully at times; my nose would stop up first on one side, then the other side would block up so that I could not get a breath of air through my nostrils.

MR. W. F. KLINE, NYACK, N. Y.

"My head would feel full almost to bursting, and my ears were filled with ringing, buzzing noises like rushing waters. My hearing became dull and my memory poor. My sense of smell, too, was impaired. I could not sleep well at night, and in the morning when I would arise I would feel wretched. There was a bad taste in my mouth and my tongue would be coated with a white, thick slime. A yellowish, and sometimes whitish phlegm or mucus, was constantly dropping into my throat from the back part of my nose, and I was always hawking and spitting, trying to get this mucus up out of my throat.

"I grew constantly worse, in spite of all I could do to retard the progress of this disgusting disease. I grew thin and weak. Often I had pains in my chest and back were so severe that I could not sleep all night.

"I had been reading the numerous statements of the patients who had been cured by Drs. Copeland and Blair's methods, and resolved that I would try them.

"It was the best resolution I ever made," concluded Mr. Kline, "for they have made a new man of me. I feel as well now as I ever felt in my life."

DOCTORS

COPELAND & BLAIR,

NEW YORK OFFICES:

92 5TH AVE., NEAR 14TH ST.;

147 W. 42D ST., NEAR BROADWAY;

BROOKLYN OFFICE:

149 PIERREPONT STREET,

where they treat with success all curable cases.

Specialties—Catarrh and all diseases of the Ear, Throat and Lungs, Chronic Diseases. Address all mail to 92 5th ave., New York City.

If you live far away write for Symptom Sheet.

Office hours—9 to 11.30 A. M., 1 to 4 P. M., 7 to 9 P. M. Sundays 9 to 11.30 A. M. and 1 to 4 P. M.

Le Boutillier Bros

Broadway & 14th St.

All goods Sacrificed previous to Removal to our new and large buildings on 14th St., near 5th Ave.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE.

THE Greatest Bargains

ever known in the history of the Dry Goods Trade. All articles greatly reduced.

☞ Persons living out of town who cannot attend our sale need not lose this opportunity, as they can buy through our Mail Order Department.

Broadway and 14th St.

Le Boutillier Bros

J. M. H. ALLEN SUICIDES.

The Well-Known Brooklynite Blew Out His Brains This Morning.

James M. H. Allen, a well-known and prosperous accountant, aged fifty-four years, committed suicide this morning at 9.30 o'clock by shooting a pistol-ball into his head at his home at 112 Vanderbilt ave., Brooklyn.

An ambulance was called, but Mr. Allen was dead when it arrived.

Mr. Allen's continued ill-health is the cause assigned by his family for the act.

FIVE MINERS KILLED.

A Rock Fell on Them in Shaft No. 11 at Calumet.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

CALUMET, Mich., May 22.—Five foreign miners were killed by a rock which fell on them in No. 11 shaft, South Hecla branch of the Calumet and Hecla mine, yesterday.

EHRICH BROS.

GENERAL REDUCTION IN MILLINERY, HATS, FLOWERS and RIBBONS.

Fine LEGHORN HATS for Misses and Children, reduced to

50c.

Ladies' fine black OPEN-WORK BRAID HATS, the very latest styles,

38c.;

reduced from 98c.

Boys' and Misses' TENNIS CAPS, SAILOR HATS, reduced to

19c.

Stylish ROUGH and READY SAILOR HATS, all the colors, reduced to

25c.

100 dozen fine WILD ROSE, VIOLET and DAISY WREATHS, reduced to

38c. EACH.

1,000 yards elegant IMPORTED PATTERNS of SILK RIBBONS,

18c. PER YARD.

reduced from 48c.

Sixth Ave., 22d and 23d Sts.

Walter Webb Stricken Blind.

Vice-President Walter Webb, of the New York Central, will sail for Europe in a few days to consult the most eminent oculists.

Mr. Webb was without warning stricken with blindness while at his desk in the Grand Central Depot, but has partially recovered the sight of one eye.

SIMPSON, CRAWFORD & SIMPSON.

Special Bargains in

Men's Underwear and Half Hose.

25 dozen Men's Black, White and Colored French Ribbed SILK SHIRTS and DRAWERS, all sizes,

$3.98 each;

Actual value $5.50.

75 dozen Smyth's genuine Irish BALBRIGGAN HALF HOSE, colors black, tan and slates, all sizes,

43c. pair;

Actual value 63c.

100 dozen Men's SILK PLATED HALF HOSE, all sizes, colors navy blue, seal brown and dark wine,

29c. pair;

Actual value 50c.

6th Ave. and 19th St.

FURNITURE CHEAP.

We never carry covered parlor furniture over the Summer. Therefore will sell out the balance of our stock of these goods—more than 200 suits, &c.—at about their value without covering cost, or (say) one-third less than usual prices.

Furthermore, we intend reducing our entire stock by one-half at least before our new Fall goods come in, and to effect this shall offer incomparable bargains.

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

104, 106 AND 108 WEST 14TH ST.

Parquet Floors, Wood Mantels and all kinds of Furniture made to order at our 19th st factory.

Gas for 2,500 Lamps.

The Gas Commission this afternoon awarded a contract to the Standard Gas Company to light 2,500 street lamps for 4,000 hours each at an annual expense of $82,508 33.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT TO ALL G. A. R. MEN.

On MAY 30, MEMORIAL DAY,

The New York Evening World

WILL BE

PRINTED ON ARMY-BLUE PAPER

As a Souvenir of the Day.

THIS WILL BE A GRAND RACE.

Castaway II. and Eric Are Matched for Saturday Next.

The greatest interest is being taken in the match race to be run Saturday by Castaway II. and Eric.

Winning the Brooklyn Handicap made Castaway much liked by the general public, and there was considerable surprise, therefore, when he was beaten by Eric after a bruising race in the Parkaway Handicap Tuesday.

Johnny Campbell, still thought he had a great horse. Green B. Morris was more than pleased with the performance of Eric.

CASTAWAY II.

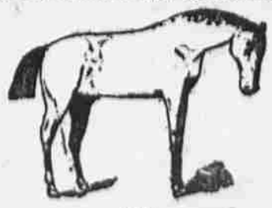
The result was more or less talk between the two owners, which finally ended in an offer by Campbell to match Castaway II. against Eric. Old Green Morris was just as willing and said he would cheerfully accommodate Mr. Campbell at any time or place agreeable.

Then there was more talk, but each felt so sure of winning that the terms of the match were agreed upon without difficulty.

Saturday was fixed upon as the date, and the distance is to be the same distance as Tuesday, one mile and a sixteenth.

Eric will carry 111 pounds to Hamilton rode him at three pounds overweight on Tuesday, when he was handicapped at 108), and Castaway will carry 114 pounds.

The race is to be for $1,000 a side, and the Dwyers will add $1,000 for the winner.



ERIC.

Each owner is confident that his horse will do even better on a dry, hard, fast track on Saturday than he did on Tuesday.

Which is the better horse is a question that cannot be settled without another trial, and the public is just as eager as the owners to see it settled.

Castaway II. is a plain-looking bay colt, by Outcast, out of Lucy Lisle. He is 3 hands high. He has always been a fair performer on heavy tracks and has run this Spring at the New Jersey tracks with varying success.

Eric is a four-year-old brown, by Duke