Romance, Humor, Pathos
OF EVERYDAY LIFE APPEAR IN THE
"TRUE STORIES OF THE NEWS"
IN
THE MORNING WORLD
(METROPOLIS EDITION).

MONDAY---THE WORLD'S HALF-RATE SITUATION DAYS---SATURDAY.

The EVENING EDITION World.

Traveller Brodie's Swim
IN THE
LAKES OF KILLARNEY
DESCRIBED BY HIMSELF IN
TO-MORROW'S MORNING WORLD
(METROPOLIS EDITION).

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1890. PRICE ONE CENT.

EXTRA

2 O'CLOCK.

DAY IS HANGED.

The Murderer Who Pushed His Wife Over a Precipice.

Only His Sister Knew When the Awful Crime Occurred.

An Easy Death for the Prisoner at Welland Jail To-Day.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

WELLAND, Ont., Dec. 18.—Arthur Hoyt Day, the Rochester wife murderer, was hanged at the jail here at 8.01 o'clock this morning.

The crime was committed on the 27th day of last July at Niagara Falls, on the Canadian side.

It was some time after that date, however, when the details of the murder came out and the guilt was fastened upon the husband.

Day killed his wife by pushing her over the precipice.

The pair had been separated for a long time before the fatal day and the husband had been paying a weekly sum toward her support. He, however, wanted to be entirely free, as he had found a new object for his uncertain affections.

On July 27 the prisoner, his wife and his sister, Mrs. Mary A. Quigley, went to Niagara Falls, via Buffalo. They all had dinner at the Falls, and then went over the river to the Canada side and went down the bank towards the Whirlpool.

Mrs. Quigley's foot became sore, and she sat down to rest. The prisoner and his wife wanted to see the Whirlpool, and they went on.

Mrs. Quigley saw them near the bank, with Mrs. Day on the side next to the water. She looked away for a moment and when she looked back again Mrs. Day had disappeared and her husband was waving a black handkerchief.

Day admitted to his sister that he had pushed his wife over, but Mrs. Quigley, until she began to fear lest she be also punished, kept the dreadful story to herself.

When she had finally been brought to make a clean breast of it, officers took her to the Falls and she located the place where the murder had occurred.

Searching parties then went down below the bank, and the body of the murdered woman was found.

Day was convicted Oct. 7 last, after a brief trial, and received the sentence under which he died to-day.

The murdered woman was from Saratoga, but went to Rochester to do housework, and there met Day, who was a painter.

Day walked firmly to the gallows this morning, and died easily.

IDAHO'S SENATORS.

Two Days of Balloting and Log Rolling Without a Choice.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Dec. 17.—In the Legislature yesterday at noon the first ballot was cast for United States Senators. It resulted as follows: Dubois, 17 (one member absent who would have voted for him); McConnell, 9; Claggett, 8; Shoup, 8; Stevenson (Dem.), 10—the solid Democratic vote in both Houses.

The Republican State platform contained a resolution to the effect that one of the two Senators should be chosen from North Idaho. Claggett and McConnell are prominent candidates from the north, while ex-Delegate Dubois and Gov. Shoup are candidates from the south. It is said that Delamar's candidacy was sprung to draw votes from Dubois, and that McConnell, Claggett and Delamar have formed a combine to defeat Dubois. As Idaho can elect three Senators—one for the term expiring March 4, 1891; one for two or four years and one for six—a proposition was submitted by the majority of the Republican members of the House to elect Dubois for the long term and also Shoup and one from the north. But this agreement has been declared off, and it is probable the north will not have any representative.

Dubois's election is conceded, though it may take many ballots to determine it. Dubois and Shoup have issued a letter asking for a caucus of all Republican members of the Legislature to settle the matter, agreeing to abide by their decision. Twenty-five Republicans signed a call for a caucus, but Claggett and Delamar refused. This refusal is likely to prove fatal to the latter, as all recognize the fairness of Dubois's and Shoup's proposition.

The ballot to-day in joint convention was as follows: Dubois, 17; Shoup, 13; Clagett, 8; McConnell, 5. The Democratic vote was divided equally between ex-Gov. Stevenson and Mayhew. Shoup's gain was from McConnell's forces. McConnell is practically out of the fight. Shoup and Dubois are working together and will stand or fall as one. Dubois could be elected by combining with Clagett, from North Idaho, and sacrificing Shoup, but will not consent. It is probable there will be a break to-morrow. There is a strong sentiment to-day in favor of a caucus, and one will likely be held. It is rumored to-night that Wells from the north has joined the Dubois and Shoup forces, bringing several votes with him. It is now probable that Wells will be elected Senator from the north, leaving Clagett out. The legislature will certainly elect three Senators, one from North Idaho. Dubois will get the long term.

A Vanishing Family.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—A rumor that Benjamin Wittauer had again vanished brought out the fact that four years ago his pretty sister suddenly disappeared and her whereabouts were unknown until a letter was received from her one year later, saying she was happy as a Sister of the Order of St. Benedict, in Chicago. The following year Benjamin disappeared in the same mysterious manner and he was found to be in St. Vincent's Seminary, in Pennsylvania. He is now at home to recuperate from overwork.

The Encyclopædia Trouble.

WINNIPEG, Man., Dec. 17.—The Collector of Customs here has seized a number of sets of the Encyclopædia Britannica. A fight has been going on between Messrs. Black, of Edinburgh, publisher of the encyclopædia, and several private publishers in the United States. The fight is now transferred to Canada, and the Department of Justice has decided that all the volumes of the encyclopædia are liable to be confiscated if they contain any articles copyrighted by an English author or publisher.

POINTERS ON THE RACES.

Tipsters' Opinions as to the Various Winners To-Day.

Programme of the Several Events to Be Run at Guttenburg.

The entries for Guttenburg races to-day are light in comparison with the large fields that have started heretofore on the heights, yet the races should prove interesting. The mile race, with such good ones as Now or Never, Objection, Test and Truth entered should result in a pretty race, if all start.

In the first race some very fast sprinters are named to go five furlongs. Peril looks to be the best, as he fairly revels in sloppy going, and the distance just suits him. Rosa Pearl showed well in her previous races, and she is likely to be the runner up. Ecstasy's dead heat with Repeater at Clifton cannot be forgotten; she should be third.

In the second race, at six and a half furlong, Deer Lodge appears to have the advantage in weights, and should just about win, for Anomaly may press him very closely at the finish. Both of these horses are in great shape, and there should be a close finish between the two. Count Luna may beat the others.

The third race is at six furlongs for two-year-olds. Tom Donohue has an excellent Gloucester record, and his race at Clifton with 118 pounds up was a very good race. He should win. The other Gloucester entry, Oberlin, is also a great colt, and should be the runner up, while Guildero may beat the others.

The fourth race is a selling event at a mile and a sixteenth. Brussels is in such very good form just now that he ought to win handily. Pearl Set is the best of the others, while Burnside may make a bold old for third money.

The mile handicap is next on the card. Objection is said to be slightly lame from his last race, yet if he starts he should be able to win handily. Truth may be the runner up, and if a good strong boy rides Now or Never he may get third money.

The two-year-olds are sandwiched in between the selling platers in the last event at seven furlongs. From his last race the writer is inclined to select the Sinaloa colt to win. Ketchum may be close up at the finish, while Neptunus may be third.

Referee in the *Sporting World* makes these selections:

First Race—Peril, Raymond.
Second Race—Can't Tell, Gloster.
Third Race—Tom Donohue, Evangeline.
Fourth Race—Pearl Set, Burnside.
Fifth Race—Now or Never, Test.
Sixth Race—Ketchum, Fernwood.

From Other Morning Papers.

First Race—Peril, Blanche.
Second Race—Deer Lodge, Gloster.
Third Race—Tom Donohue, Oberlin.
Fourth Race—Pearl Set, Brussels.
Fifth Race—Leo H., John Morris.
Sixth Race—Ketchum, Neptunus.

First Race—Peril, Servia.
Second Race—Deer Lodge, Gunwad.
Third Race—Tom Donohue, Evangeline.
Fourth Race—Brussels, Pearl Set.
Fifth Race—Objection, Treatie.
Sixth Race—Neptunus, Ketchum.

First Race—Buckstone, Servia.
Second Race—Can't Tell, Gloster.
Third Race—Guilodro, Tom Donohue.
Fourth Race—Pearl Set, Brussels.
Fifth Race—Objection, Now or Never.
Sixth Race—Ketchum, Sinaloa colt.

CUTTENBURG ENTRIES.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

GUTTENBURG RACE TRACK, N. J., Dec. 17.—The entries for to-morrow's races are:

First Race—Selling; five-eighths of a mile.—Servia, Red Light, Raymond, Fairbeau, 109 each; Cold Stream, 106; McDowell, Buckstone, Pericles, Ecstasy, 1 3 each; May D., Alma Filly, 100; Express, Rosa Pearl, Puento, Blanch, 97 lb. each.

Second Race—Six and a half furlongs; selling.—Gloster, 119; Kingstock, 112; Renounce, 111; Anomaly, 107; Can't Tell, 105; Deer Lodge, 103; Count Luna, 101; Gunwad, 100; Maggie Ward, 109 lb.

Third Race—Three-quarters of a mile.—Evangeline, 110; Tom Donohue, 106; George Aberling, King Alfa, Dahlman, 98 each; Frenzer, Guildero, 95 lb. each.

Fourth Race—Selling; Mile and a sixteenth.—Blue Jeans, 122; Brussels, 109; Burnside, 107; Wynwood, Red Leaf, 104 each; Pearl Set, 103 lb.

Fifth Race—One mile.—Objection, Now or Never, 112 each; John Morris, Leo H., 109 each; Jed, Test, 103 each; Treatie, 100 lb.

Sixth Race—Selling; seven-eighths of a mile.—Pericles, 127; Neptunus, 124; MacAuley, Whittier, Catherine R., 121 each; Fernwood, 119; Repartee, Wanderment, Sherwood, 115 each; Ketchum, 99; Sinaloa colt, 96 lb.

WAS THIS MAN MURDERED?

New Brunswick Authorities Terrorized by Law-Breakers.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 17.—The attention of the Dominion Government has been drawn by the Swedish Consul at Bathurst, N. B., to a foul murder which he believes to have been committed. The victim was a young Swedish sailor named Williams, who deserted from his ship at Dalhousie. The local authorities have shown no disposition to investigate. The Consul draws attention to the fact that Williams, after deserting, put up at the house of one Petrie, who kept a notorious rendezvous where criminals of the worst character congregated. While in the house of Petries he was one night dragged from his bed and beaten into a state of insensibility. Regaining consciousness, he managed to escape from the house, but was followed by the ruffians, who again attacked him, his pitious appeals for mercy arousing the neighborhood.

This was the last seen of him, and the Consul believes that his assailants, finding they had killed him, dragged the body to the bay and sunk it out in deep water. He attributes the indifference shown by the local authorities to initiate proceedings which would bring the murderers to justice to the fear that they might suffer at the hands of those who were connected with the brutal assault, whose deeds have for a long time been the terror of the community.

Great Floods on Vancouver Island.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 17.—The Cowichan district of Vancouver Island is being devastated by disastrous floods. These was a phenomenally heavy rain for some days, accompanied by snow, which rapidly melted, and on top of all was a cloud-burst. The whole country is under water. The Esquimault and Nanaime Railway for two miles is under two feet of water. Houses, barns, bridges and everything movable in the track of the flood have been washed away. Up to the present no lives are reported lost. The damage now foots up fully $500,000. The waters are receding.

Bargains at Deutsch & Co.'s.

The stores of Deutsch & Co., dealers in dry goods, at Fifth avenue and Twenty-second street, have been crowded every day this week by women anxious to find bargains. A clearing-out sale of imported and domestic cloaks and other article of feminine apparel is going on. It is a remarkable opportunity to secure serviceable Winter clothing at reasonable prices, and at the rate the goods are going there will be little left at the end of the week. *.*

OBSTRUCTED BY CYRUS FIELD.

Manhattan College Plans a Million Dollar Home at Irvington.

Neighbor Field Going to Law to Keep His Domain from Invasion.

It is pleasant news to the friends and patrons of Manhattan College that plans are nearly perfected for the erection of new and costly college buildings, with ample accommodations for a thousand students, in one of the healthiest and most picturesque locations in the vicinity of New York—at Irvington on the Hudson.

Rev. Dr. James, acting for the Order of Christian Brothers, founders and maintenants of the college, has purchased a tract of sixty-five acres of land at Irvington, known as the John Jacob Astor estate. The tract has a frontage of 2,000 feet on the Hudson and of 1,400 feet on Broadway. The price paid for the property is $160,000, and it is proposed to expend $1,000,000 in constructing the college buildings.

On the property stands the famous chateau of M Cattenat, the building of which wrecked that Frenchman's fortune about forty years ago.

A complication in the conveyance of this property, however, has already arisen, which may result in expensive litigation before the new college becomes established.

About eight years ago Cyrus W. Field became the owner of this property. He afterwards sold it to John Jacob Astor, who used the Cattenat mansion as a summer residence during his life. In the deed to Mr. Astor a restriction was made, covering forty-five acres of the tract, prohibiting the erection upon it of several kinds of structures regarded as obnoxious by the case-loving abutters, such as manufactories, breweries, distilleries, livery stables, beer gardens and—schools!

Mr. Field does not want any noisy schoolboys within sound of his premises, and he proposes to contest the right of Father James to erect a college there. He has already forwarded copies of the restrictive deeds to the Christian Brothers, with notice that it is his purpose to enforce the prohibition.

Father James, however, who has had extensive experience in the building of schools and colleges for his Order, declares his intention of carrying out his plans to the letter. There are twenty acres of his purchase on which there is no restriction, and this area, he says, is ample for the proposed buildings, leaving forty-five acres for a campus, recreation grounds, dwellings for the Faculty, &c., &c. The unrestricted tract has a frontage of 450 feet on Broadway, directly opposite Mr. Field's property, and here the new college buildings, if forced to be erected on these limits, will front directly on the street.

The Christian Brothers possess several institutions in and about this city, including Manhattan College proper, at One Hundred and Thirty-first street and Grand Boulevard; De la Salle Institute, at 108 West Fifty-ninth street; De la Salle Academy, at 44 to 50 Second street; the Manhattan Academy, 211 to 215 West Thirty-second street, and the Sacred Heart Academy, at Chaseden Point, on the Sound. It is intended to dispose of all these except the De la Salle Academy and institute, consolidating the others at Irvington.

The Order of Christian Brothers is more than two hundred years old, and its work is purely educational, most of it being done among the poorer classes of people. It has schools and colleges in many American cities.

FOREIGN NEWS OF THE DAY.

Remarkable Heralding of a New German Prince's Birth.

[DUNLAP CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—An unexpected incident marked a gala performance of "Tannhauser" at the Royal Opera-House in Unter den Linden last evening.

The magnificent edifice was crowded with the rank and fashion of Berlin, the ladies vying with each other in the freshness of their early winter toilets, and the Emperor himself occupying the Imperial box.

Everything had proceeded smoothly until the second act was well under way, when His Majesty was observed to leave the box hurriedly, making his way to his carriage in the courtyard.

This gave rise to so much subdued gossip that the latter portion of the act was scarcely listened to.

When, therefore, the Herr Director came before the curtain during the entr'acte and announced that the Kaiser had been hastily summoned to the bedside of the Kaiserin, and that a message had since been received from His Majesty ordering that the audience be informed that another Prince had been born at 8.30 last evening, the excitement and enthusiasm arose to the highest pitch.

The entire audience at once rose to their feet and gave hearty cheers, remaining standing while the National anthem was being played by the orchestra, all joining the chorus led by the singers on the stage.

Preparations had been made to receive the newcomer in January.

Prince Bismarck's Train Narrowly Escapes Destruction by Fire.

[BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.]

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—Prince Bismarck and his family have arrived at Friedrichsruhe, coming from Varzin by way of Berlin.

An accident occurred to the train which brought them from Berlin which threatened to be serious.

A luggage van took fire while the cars were going at full speed.

The danger was signalled to the engineer and the train was stopped.

The burning car was uncoupled before the flames communicated to the adjoining wagons, and the train proceeded.

Prize-Fighters Disable Each Other in a 116-Round Contest.

[BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.]

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A brutal prize fight came off early this morning, near Leeds, between unknown pugilists.

One hundred and sixteen rounds were fought. In the last round both contestants were disabled.

They were conveyed from the field in a cab, their faces pounded out of all human semblance, and both men being insensible.

The fight was not declared a draw, but is postponed until the pugilists recover sufficiently to resume the contest and bring it to a finish.

Approved Vintages.

Claret wines, of all others, should be pure, and J. Calvet & Co.'s fine wines have long been the models for connoisseurs. F. de Bary & Co., 43 Warren street, agents. *.*

HAS HE MURDERED HIS SON?

Fireman James Gray, Dying, Says His Father Stabbed Him.

The Old Man's Version of a Drunken Fracas at His Home.

An old man, upon whom may be placed the fearful accusation of murdering his own son, was arraigned before Justice O'Reilly in the Jefferson Market Court this morning.

The prisoner's name is Patrick Gray, fifty-one years old, a coal heaver, living at 519 West Twenty-eighth street. He was charged with stabbing his son, James Gray, in the left breast, just below the heart.

The affray took place last night, about 10 o'clock, in the elder Gray's home, and to-day the son lies in a semi-unconscious condition in Bellevue Hospital. His death is hourly expected by the surgeons in charge, and when these facts were reported to Justice O'Reilly the old father was remanded to await the result of the son's injuries.

Old Gray is a giant in stature, with a hard, seared face and blue eyes. He was fully aware of the seriousness of his position, and his lips trembled as he told THE EVENING WORLD reporter this version of the row:

"The two of 'em, Tommy and Jimmy, (both his sons,) had been drinking hard all day yesterday, and came to my house last night in a fighting mood. They called me and the mother hard names, and wanted to clean the place out.

"I quieted them for a while, and then they asked me to go for beer. They had their fill, and I refused, when Jimmy made a jab at my eye with his umbrella. I dodged it, and he whacked me over the head.

"There was a club in the corner, and I reached for it. I knocked Tommy down the first crack, and aimed another blow at Jimmy, which he dodged, and his mother got it instead. She scoved Jim out into the street then, and there you have all I know about it.

"I'm goin' to suffer for somebody's bad work, for if Jimmy had a cut in the side he got it before he came to my house. I never used a knife on him."

The old father was led away, followed by a rosy-cheeked girl of twenty years, who was weeping in a heartbroken way. She was an unmarried daughter, who lives at home, but she would say nothing about the sad affair.

The son James is a fireman, and lives with his bride of eight months at 557 West Twenty-ninth street. His ante-mortem statement was taken at midnight.

The police were notified by James's wife, Delia Gray, who rushed screaming into the street when her husband came staggering into their tenement on Twenty-ninth street, the blood streaming from a wound in his breast and his face covered with blood from a wound in his head, and sank to the floor as he entered.

Policeman Parker answered the woman's calls, and rang for an ambulance which took the sufferer to Roosevelt Hospital, where they ordered him to Bellevue. The wounded man charged his father with stabbing him, and Policeman Parker arrested the old man and took him to Bellevue Hospital for identification.

It was then after midnight, and Young Gray, badly wounded as he was, said bitterly:

"Yes, I know who stabbed me very well. It was my father, and there he stands," pointing to the aged parent, whose grimy face paled in the half light of the sick chamber.

Old Gray protested his innocence, but his son coolly turned his back upon his sire and sank into slumber.

The police say that the younger Gray, when in his cups, is quarrelsome and a troublebreeder. They have no record against him, though. The father has a reputation of being a hard-working laborer and a good provider for his family. The family, when questioned about the affair, will say absolutely nothing.

If the injured man should die the complaint against Patrick Gray will be changed to that of murder.

INSURRECTION IMMINENT.

The British Northwest Territories Demand Better Government.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 17.—Lieut.-Gov. John Royal, of the Northwest Territories, has arrived here to confer with the Dominion Government regarding the serious state of affairs, which threaten to throw the Territories once more into a state of insurrection. This time it is not the half-breeds, nor the Indians who threaten rebellion, but the white population, which is protesting against the arrogant manner in which Lieut.-Gov. Royal is administering the public affairs of the country. The Lieutenant-Governor of the Territories, unlike the chief executive of the other provinces of the Dominion, is a little monarch in himself, a despot who at will dismisses his councillors when they refuse longer to assist him in carrying out his arbitrary rule.

The Legislative Assembly has just refused to vote the Governor and his Council money to carry on the affairs of the Territories, owing to which there is now a deadlock. The revenue to meet the cost of administering the Government is derived from two sources, subsidies from the Dominion Government and direct taxation. The disposition of the money received from the Dominion Government rests entirely with the Lieutenant-Governor, while the revenue derived from the resources of the Territories is voted away in the usual manner by the Legislative Assembly. There is a clause in the Northwest act which provides that all unappropriated funds from every source shall be expended by the Lieutenant-Governor, and as the Assembly refuses to make any appropriation or disposition of the funds, the Governor is at liberty to dispose of them as he sees fit.

The people of the Territories have petitioned the Dominion authorities here for responsible government, and threaten to take the law into their own hands if their grievances are not redressed. Lieut.-Gov. Royal had a long conversation with the Government to-day, having been summoned to Ottawa to explain the course of action he is following and the most likely means that can be adopted to avert the threatening crisis.

The Belden-Hiscock Fight.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

SYRACUSE, Dec. 17.—The examination of Aldermen John McLellan and Charle E. Candee on charges of bribery and forgery respectively, as preferred by Mayor Cowie, was to have been held this afternoon, but both waived examination and gave bail for the action of the Grand Jury. This was a great disappointment to Mayor Cowie and his friends—the Hiscock faction. Both Aldermen are strong Belden men, and the Mayor's action is also a blow at Representative Belden. It is not probable that the cases against the two Aldermen will ever come to trial. The claim is made that a majority of the Grand Jurors are friends of Mr. Belden.

Just Like White Men.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—Judge Hugh L. Bond, of the United States Circuit Court, in answer to a letter from President Wagner, of Morgan (colored) College, asking advice with reference to the establishing of a colored law school, says there is too great a tendency among negroes to become lawyers, preachers and doctors instead of trying to become skilled mechanics.

IVINS'S POSER FOR PURROY.

Crookedness in Hose Contracts Alleged Before the Fassett Committee.

Direct Charges by President Dodge of a Rubber Hose Company.

Senators Fassett, Ahearn and Stewart continued their investigation into the operations of the Fire Department to-day, in the presence of a small audience in Part II. of the Superior Court.

Chief Inquisitor Ivins was subdued and unenthusiastic in his manner of examining witnesses. Attorney William L. Findlay, of the Fire Department, sat behind Mr. Ivins, watching for points.

He got them in the testimony of the first witness, President Dodge, of the American Fire Hose and Mineralized Rubber Company.

To Mr. Ivins's questions the witness said that he had been all his life in the rubber business.

"I've been trying to sell hose to the New York Fire Department for five years, and have been unsuccessful, notwithstanding that I have offered hose of a quality equal to that in use and much cheaper prices.

"We have complied with all the requirements, filing certified checks for indemnity and so forth.

"Yet never, since the days of Commissioner Fitz John Porter, have we been able to succeed in competition with the Gutta Percha Rubber Manufacturing Company.

"That Company sells to the New York Department at $1 a foot. We offered our goods 15 per cent. less. Our hose is in use in many cities in competition with this other hose and bears fair comparison.

"Besides, the Gutta Percha Company has sold to many other cities the same hose that New York pays $1.10 for at prices much lower than those realized in New York."

Mr. Dodge cited Helena, Montana, where his rivals got 85 cents; Eau Claire, Wis., 95; Worcester, Mass., 99, and Terre Haute, Ind., 97 cents.

"Commissioner Purroy testified yesterday that your Company had refused to give the three years' guarantee required by the Board?" suggested Mr. Ivins.

"That is not true," hotly returned Mr. Dodge. "We did make a tender on Department blanks, as required, and offered to supply all the required lengths of hose for tests."

Attorney Findlay demanded of the witness if that offer and tender was not made after the contracts had been made and the Department had procured its supply for present needs.

"No, sir; it was in response to an advertisement for bids in the *City Record* in August, 1888."

"Here is a direct charge," said Mr. Findlay to the Committee. "I ask that Chief Bonner and President Purroy be recalled to the stand."

This was agreed upon, and W. H. Wadsworth, superintendent of the Mineralized Rubber Company, took the stand to corroborate President Dodge.

Mr. Wadsworth said that this same $1.10 hose was being sold to the United States Government by the Gutta Percha Company at 54 cents.

PARNELL'S INJURED EYES.

Again Feared That the Sight Will Be Affected.

[DUNLAP'S CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

KILKENNY, Dec. 18.—The anti-Parnellites finding that the assault upon their former leader is gaining him sympathy, are now strenuously asserting that only flour and not lime was thrown at him, at Castle-Comer on Monday.

They even go so far as to declare that in reality the alleged injuries were of the most trifling nature, and that the present illness of the co-respondent in the O'Shea case is largely a sham.

These stories result naturally from the political excitement now prevailing here, but every newspaper man who has taken the trouble to inquire, knows that Mr. Parnell is still suffering from a bona fide injury of so serious a nature that his attending physician, Dr. C. Callaghan, is not by any means sure that his sight will not be permanently affected.

CULTIVATING CANADIAN TRADE.

Minister Foster in the West Indies—Reciprocity with Mexico.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 17.—The Dominion Government, it is learned, is not only endeavoring to extend Canada trade relations with the West Indies, but has empowered Minister of Finance Foster, who is at present on a trade mission to the islands, to sound the people there on the question of confederation with the Dominion.

Great Britain has repeatedly urged a consolidation of her British North American possessions, and it has been intimated to Ottawa that the scheme would meet with no serious opposition from the people of the tropical islands. It is pointed out that at present the rate of duty on the aggregate imports from the West Indies is 51 per cent., while the average rate of duty on the total imports is only 22 per cent. The free exchange of commodities which would follow the consolidation of Britain's North American possessions, it is held, would develop into provincial trade and intercourse to limits which can hardly be estimated.

E. A. Ancell, the Mexican Consul at Montreal, had an interview yesterday with Sir John Macdonald, to whom he made a proposal for closer trade relations between Canada and Mexico, looking eventually to the establishment of reciprocal trade. The Premier promised that the Government would consider the proposition.

Hammond Still Guards His Secret.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 17.—Charles E. Hammond, who was connected with the Cleveland street affair in London, is now on trial on a charge of grand larceny for stealing a cashlin sacque and a gold watch from a woman. The witness stated that Hammond admitted living at No. 10 Cleveland street, London, but refused to state his business. He said he was in duty bound to the fellow-men not to disclose their secrets. He swore that a large sum of money had been offered him to give information in England exposing the English royalty and nobility, but he will never disclose the secret. The trial is said to be a case of malicious prosecution instigated by a man who had been foiled in his efforts to kidnap Hammond and get him into British territory.

In Union There Is Money.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—A committee representing the Irish-Americans of Baltimore reported that they had called upon the Irish envoys in New York and told them that when they could come as united Irishmen they would receive the money and support of Baltimore. The envoys assented and said they were Parnell's friends. Parnel resolutions were adopted by the Association.

DON'T wait until you are sick, but take CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. *.*

NEWS OF THE HOSTILE REDS.

About a Hundred of Sitting Bull's Friends Yet Out.

A Brush Between Indians and Ranchmen, Near Phinney's.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 18.—Gen. Ruger last night received telegrams from Fort Yates and Rapid City on the Indian troubles. The former said that all was quiet yesterday at Standing Rock Agency and that about one hundred of sitting Bull's friends were still out.

The other was to the effect that one Indian who had been caught stealing on Cole's ranch, southwest of Rapid City, had been shot.

There was firing heard forty-five miles from Rapid City in Phinney's Ranch, Indians and ranchmen exchanging shots, but no one was hurt.

These two brushes reported from Rapid City are probably all there was to the report of many killed there.

BROWN VALLEY, Minn., Dec. 18—Reliable parties from the Sisseton reservation assert that the Indians are actually starving. Sickness, arising from hunger and cold, is prevailing to an alarming extent, and relief is needed at once.

COLFAX, Wash., Dec. 18.—The Sheriff of Adams County, seized nine head of horses belonging to the Indian chief Hawees, near Almota, in default of the payment of taxes on five head.

The old chief is terribly enraged, and the Indians over whom he has sway, mostly renegades from the Modocs and Nez Perces tribes, threaten an outbreak.

The situation is serious, but the local militia will probably be sufficient to hold the redskins in check.

SUCCI SEES DINNER AHEAD.

Only Two Days More and His Greatest Fast Will Be Over.

Signor Giovanni Succi, forty-two and a half days empty, was all life and vivacity this morning. He was full of plans for the great celebration in which he will be the central figure Sunday afternoon.

He condescended to be weighed as a matter of irksome duty, and laughed jauntily when informed that there was only four ounces less of him than yesterday at the same hour, and that he weighed 106¾ pounds.

This indicated that in lieu of roast beef and the usual concomitants the fasting man had consumed since Nov. 5, at 8.10 o'clock in the evening, exactly forty-one pounds of his surplus tissue.

"Ha, ha! eet ees fine! Fine! Eet will be soon over. Ze end ees near. Only two day more. Eet ees success!" exclaimed Succi. Then baring his bosom he struck it not very mighty blows, but blows nevertheless, with his bejewelled fist.

It was a marvellously white chest, emaciated, but still showing hard rolls of muscular development in singular contrast to the scrawny collar and throat, where the semi-circular bone from shoulder to shoulder, stood out like that of a cadaver and the Adam's apple protruted like that of a haughty turkey.

The bared arms were white as alabaster, but thin and bony. The knuckle joints of the small, shapely hands and of the elbow stuck out like the mountains on a topographical map. The six diamond, ruby, emerald and sardonyx jewelled rings lolled loosely between the finger joints. The sturdy legs were reminded of the lean and slippered pantaloon of Shakespeare's seven ages, and the shoulder blades felt like knife blades to the hand of the reporter.

The head, grown big at the latitude of the brow and bulging all around, was set upon an athlete's neck, however, and the vital cords and neck vertebræ were as hard as those of a trained pugilist.

From a front view again Succi's face was pinched and starved. The pallid cheeks each wore a tell-tale pink spot; the great Italian black eyes were sunken and gleamed from their hollows like those of a demon in a Christmas fairy tale.

The thin face only showed more emphatically the firm set jaws and mouth, while those gleaming eyes were the lonesome marks of the intelligence and refinement of this self-starver.

"You com Sunda? All ma friends com. Saturda night I prree-parre my sto-mack. I take bouillon—wan teaspoonful. After wan hour two teaspoonful. So on to prepare for ze deletation of my sto-mack. Eet will not mak goot to tak mooch. Ett mak my sto-mack"——

Succi pursed his lips, opened his mouth slowly and bulged out his hollow eyes to indicate horror! while his gaunt hands slowly moved over his diaphragm to show how too much indulgence after his long fast would swell out his stomach, and then wound up his explanation by dropping his hands, closing his eyes and shutting his mouth, with the exclamation:

"I bust! eat mak me dead!"

Then rising on his throne again he resumed with exquisite enjoyment:

"Sunda ma friends zey will be on ze stage. Signor Chauncy Depew, Signor Psycho Train, ze gallant Col. Tom Ochiltree, Count di Moise, ze Italian Fencing Club; Consul General Rivas, Sig. Carlo Barsotti and Sig. Tocci, Mayor Grant, Gov. Hill, Drs. Loomis, Jacobi, Barker—ze gonztlemen from ze newspapairs—I sall invite al ma friend! Com!

"I sall hav wan gr-r-r-and hair from Moreth. Eet vill be en course. First sardine in butter; zen rice bouillon, calf's brain en croquette; chicken livers mature d'hotel; roast veal, milk, cocoa, lees, fruit, annbelle. Zen ze cole, ze champagne and ze seegare."

After this banquet the man of iron will embark in a Pullman sleeping-car on the New Haven road for Boston, where he will appear at Austin & Stone's museum for a week at $1,250.

Succi's temperature was 98.2; pulse, 64; respiration, 20; dynamometer, 48 kilos; spirometer, 1,450 cubic centimetres. He consumed 3 ounces of Croton during the twenty-four hours preceding the reporter's visit, 17 ounces of seltzer and 3 ounces of cracked ice, a total of 41 ounces. He has not smoked in four days and he is gradually leaching his doses of elixir.

Six Wrecks Off Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 17.—Advices from St. Pierre, Miq., give the details of the damage done to shipping during the last gale. The schooner Caboodle, from Boston, ran ashore, filled with water and upset, but was subsequently towed into St. Pierre harbor. The brig Caroline ran ashore and became a total wreck. The brig Two Sisters, with 9,000 quintals of codfish, is a total loss. The schooner Corsair and Bushlight are also wrecked. The schooner Emeline sank in Old Man's Bay and the Sailors' Home at Miquelon Cape, the latter boat's crew being drowned. Thirteen other schooners ran ashore, but were towed off again.

LOS CURTIS WAS STABBED.

Culmination of the Ruin of a Famous Fourth Warder.

Story of His Rise to Wealth and His Descent to Penury.

"Alcoholic coma and a bad cut over the right eye," an entry in the record book of the Chambers Street Hospital this morning, tells the story of the ruin and downfall of Los Curtis.

Everybody in the Fourth Ward knows Los Curtis. He was born there forty years ago, and has been identified with its history—social, political and otherwise—ever since he was able to roll logs with the politicians. His political career dates back a quarter of a century.

Little is known of "Old Man" Curtis, as the father of the three Curtis boys.

Curtis has a habit of saying "I'm a dead loss, I'm a dead loss." The words are always on his lips, and he applies them whether he gets the worst of a bargain or not; hence he became known as Los Curtis, and the name has stuck to him.

Very few except, perhaps, those who knew him in his youth, are aware that his parents bestowed upon him the name of John. Go down to the Fourth Ward, where every man, woman and child knows him, and ask for John Curtis, and you will be told that a man named Los Curtis lives at 4 James street; but John Curtis?—why, they never heard of him.

In the old days in "the bloody Fourth," when nearly all its inhabitants gained more or less distinction in police circles, Los Curtis was quietly engaged in familiarizing himself with politics and politicians.

"No, he never made a criminal record," said a detective to-day. "The only trouble I ever knew Los to be in was when he shot at a man twenty years ago, but he didn't kill him. Once or twice later on he ran foul of the authorities, but it never amounted to much. He always came out of the scrapes he was in with flying colors, as I said, but when finally the Board of Health went after him and downed him, that broke his heart and set him to drinking.

For years Los Curtis was proprietor of the notorious resort called "The Four Lions," and was among the frequenters of the place and other familiars known as "The Jig," at 29 North William street. It was a dive in more than one sense of the word, according to the police reports. It was located in a damp, dark, dingy cellar and used as a drinking place and lodging-house by the characters who did their best to uphold the name and fame of "the bloody Fourth."

Curtis frequently came in collision with the police, but always managed to retain his license.

What the police failed to accomplish in years the Board of Health succeeded in doing at "one swoop," in Curtis's own word. They declared his place a nuisance, and closed it up, thus removing one of the oldest and best known landmarks of the slums.

During the years that he managed "The Four Lions" Los laid by many "honest dollars"—seventy-five thousand of them, it is said.

He began spending a great deal of money after his forced retirement from business a year ago. Whiskey and the races did the rest, and to-day he is penniless. It is estimated that Curtis lost $50,000 on the races alone within ten months.

He has become a physical wreck. He is no longer the same man that he was when he took up the cudgels against Thomas Walsh, of the Sixth Ward, and made the gallant Aldermanic fight for his friend Divver.

Last night came the wind-up of his drunken career. He met and engaged in a quarrel with "Billy" Bolan, a compositor, on Chambers street, near Park Row, and received a knife wound over the right eye. He was carried to the Oak street police station, and from there removed to the Chambers Street Hospital, on the verge of delirium tremens.

SEABRIGHT'S BLOCK BURNED.

Eight Stores Reduced to Ashes in a Fire This Morning.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

SEABRIGHT, Dec. 18.—Just after midnight this morning the watchman on the drawbridge discovered flames issuing from the roof of the block of two-story frame buildings belonging to the Seabright Association, opposite the depot.

He gave the alarm, but the firemen were unable to save the block.

All of the buildings burned to the ground.

There were eight stores with a single story over head. Only one store was occupied. This was by Garland, the plumber. His stock is a total loss. The total loss is estimated at from $10,000 to $15,000, and is partially insured.

At one time the Sea Bright Inn, which is run by Ed Stokes and which was near the burning block, caught fire, but the building was saved.

PRESS CLUB LECTURES.

Depew, Dougherty, Cummings, Bill Nye, Cromwell and Ingersoll to Speak.

The New York Press Club has secured the Broadway Theatre for a course of Sunday evening lectures to be given by the following well-known and distinguished gentlemen: Chauncey M. Depew, Daniel Dougherty, Amos J. Cummings, Bill Nye, Prof. G. R. Cromwell, and Robert G. Ingersoll.

The course consists