

BLIND DAN MURPHY IS DEAD.

All Cherry Hill in Mourning for an Old-Time, Big-Hearted Landlord.

Story of an Humble Immigrant's Rise to Wealth and Political Power.

A demure-faced and melting-eyed little woman, a bent and helplessly old old man, whose scant locks had been bleached by many suns, moving slowly through the streets and lanes on the Fourth Ward.

There have been familiar figures on Cherry Hill these many years, but it is to be seen no more, and there's mourning among the poor tenants of the old-fashioned buildings under the shadow of Brooklyn Bridge.

Old Dan Murphy, the blind King of Cherry Hill, has died in his home in the snug little party on the first floor of "Kerry Castle," at the junction of New Chambers, Pearl and Madison streets, and the dainty daughter Annie has tears in her soft, blue eyes, and her gentle, rounded chin quivers, as one after another the poor tenants of Cherry street pass in to look upon the face of their dead friend.

For Daniel Murphy, in the early years of life was full of such cheer as shall forth homely energy from the honest hearts of those humble people who have been his tenants and his friends.

"And ah ah!" exclaimed one of the tenants of Dan Murphy's tenement, 30 and 32 Cherry street. "This Dan Murphy was a decent man, indeed. He was good to the widows and orphans to keep their children together. Sure, none of them was suffering for a ton of coal or a bag of potatoes. I know, for I've been his tenant more than thirty years, and it's honest to say the truth."

"Twenty and twenty-two," as the place is known, consists of 12 clean buildings in front and rear. No. 30 is two stories in front, and then three just back of the front and two again just back of that. There is a long, narrow, paved passage between 30 and 32, and No. 32 is three stories and basement on Cherry street. Then there is a paved area, 30 feet square, and back of that another three-story building.

The Cherry street houses were a half century ago the homes of the old Knickerbocker aristocracy, and a century ago President George Washington resided in a splendid mansion almost directly opposite.

These stories were not faded, and in No. 30, and twenty-eight families had their homes, each great, old-fashioned parlor serving alone for a family. But the broad halls and humble homes that open into them as if they were streets are very neat and clean.

Dan Murphy was not the man to crowd his poor tenants. He was a true-born Irishman, a native of County Kerry. He was the only one to come to America on account of an English treason visit a year ago, and he had English and English methods.

No fear of eviction ever disturbed his tenants. When they had the rent he took it, and when they had no money he asked if they needed a hip and then passed on.

He would not only this Cherry street tenement but the City of New York, and he is known as "Kerry Castle," and other pieces of property. He was worth \$500,000.

When he came to America in 1820, young and vigorous, he began as a small grocer in Stone street. He was very frugal, and he had a faithful helpmate in Ellen, his wife. He had a son and a daughter and a grandchild.

He was a good man, and he was a good man, and a man whose word was as good as his bond. Commissioner Brennan appointed him head of the old City market, and he was in the market. He was much exercised over the selling of Hayes as President, for he was an ardent follower of Tilgham, and in 1850 he was placed on the Hancock electoral ticket, and he subscribed \$5,000 to the Democratic campaign.

About this time Dan Murphy began to deal in real estate.

He became Dan Murphy twelve years ago. He had a kidney trouble, and since then Annie has been his faithful helpmate. He had more than fifty families in his tenement, and more than half of them were his tenants. His tenants were his tenants, and his tenants were his tenants.

The expatriated Irishman's hatred of England was a controlled largely to every Irish child in the city. He was a good man, and he was a good man, and a man whose word was as good as his bond.

Mr. Murphy died at 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon of heart failure and old age, and he was buried in St. Ann's church.

His wife was visiting her half brother in St. Louis, and she is burying home with a new heart of the matter. He was a good man, and he was a good man, and a man whose word was as good as his bond.

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ABBETT'S ANNUAL MESSAGE.

Measures Recommended for Legislation by Jersey's Governor.

Bergen the Democratic Nominee for the Speakership.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.) TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 12.—In addition to the members of the Legislature, which convenes to-day, the city is filled with politicians from every corner of the State, a host of party party and faction take intense interest in the organization of the Assembly, the struggle for the Speakership having extended to the remotest Assembly district.

At the caucus of Democratic Assemblymen this forenoon James J. Berrien, of Somerset, was nominated for speaker, receiving 15 votes to 13 for Malbone, of Hudson.

A well-informed, disinterested gentleman gave this estimate of the strength of each to THE EVENING WORLD correspondent this morning: Berrien, 15; Malbone, 17.

It is settled that Robert Adair will be President of the Senate, and John Carpenter is apparently slated for secretary of that body.

The Republican Assembly caucus made the following nominations: Speaker, Robert Williams; Chairman of Caucus, J. Herbert Potts; Secretary of Caucus, E. W. Jackson.

Gov. Leon Abbett's annual message is ready for delivery to the Legislature late this afternoon.

He will say, among other things, that the estimated receipts for the State Treasury will amount to \$1,888,765.75. The State's financial condition is not embarrassing, but it will not permit new appropriations except in absolutely necessary cases. Its condition will also present a picture of the State's financial condition heretofore made by the Legislature.

The Comptroller reports that appropriations to the amount of \$600,000.00 remain unpaid. Commenting on financial affairs, the Governor says:

"Unless the State secures additional sources of revenue from the present sources, it will be several years before it will be fully able to meet the outstanding appropriations."

The Governor repeats his recommendation of a year ago urging the passage of an act requiring the levying of a collateral inheritance tax and a tax upon legacies, and the increase of the franchise or license tax upon corporations.

The securities of the State Fund are reported to be \$1,007,497.11, but the Governor says the figures are misleading, as some of the securities counted in the total as assets are practically worthless.

The State Fund showed \$277,622.17 in assets Oct. 31 last, the end of the fiscal year, a decrease of \$24,542.21.

It cost nearly \$5,000 for the sinking fund Commission to collect \$13,000, and the Governor recommends that the office be abolished.

He also makes recommendations for the passage of laws providing for more equal assessments, and to enable Boards of Freeholders to raise riparian rights, to increase from this source the revenues of the State.

A large part of the message is devoted to the school system, and he says that the result of the investigation by the State Commission appointed recently to inquire into the cause of the depression of agriculture, the passage of laws to protect and encourage agricultural interests is recommended.

The school census of 1920 shows the number of children in the State to be 1,100,000, an increase of 10,710 over the previous year. Of this number there were enrolled in 100,000 schools 244,073, being an increase of 6,201 over the previous year. The number of children attending private schools, as near as can be ascertained, is 47,000, an increase of 1,500 over the previous year. The number of children that do not attend any school is estimated at over 100,000.

The State Board of Education is also recommended. The board will accommodate 228,204 children, but the average attendance is only 128,200.

The Governor also recommends the abolition of the State Board of Education, and the creation of a State Board of Education to act in their place, and the reduction in the number of the State Board also is recommended.

The State of New Jersey also officially, free of charge, veterans of the war who are entitled to a pension and seek to secure it, and in view of the fact that so many veterans are awarded only a pension of \$10.00 per month, the Governor proposes that Congress will pass a law to protect applicants.

The Governor also recommends the abolition of the 463 inmates of the Soldiers' Home during the year, and a balance on hand in the treasury at the end of the year.

Justice Fenn's proposed consolidation of 200 officers and 3,800 enlisted men, is reported to be in good condition.

The Governor submits the report of the Factory Inspector, favoring laws in reference to the employment of children and women and the regulation of the State Board of Health.

He pleads guilty to one count, embarking a one of \$10,000 belonging to the Charter Oak Company, and he is continued for one year in the State prison, and the old man was immediately taken to the State Prison.

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SPORTING TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Baseball Issues Come Down to a Business Basis.

Athletic Club Gossip—Varuna Boxing Finals To-Night.

The baseball situation is being discussed today in real earnest, as the Conference Committee in an interview today acknowledged that there had been a public disturbance in Valparaiso, but denied that it was a revolutionary character, or that there had been any fighting in the streets.

It grew out of a protest against the illegality of the collection of certain taxes which had not been sanctioned by Congress, he said. In the disorder which followed and which was quickly suppressed, the army took sides with the Government, and of the navy only three ships out of thirty-one took part with the opposition.

The news as to the trouble in Chili and the partial revolt of the Chilean navy, created a commotion among commercial houses in New York doing business with the South American States.

At the office of Fitch & Co., 4144 Pearl street, it was said this morning that no further dispatches had been received from the branch house at Valparaiso, and that nothing further was known of the situation than was implied by the above cable.

It had been known for some time that President Macdonald had been at loggerheads with the Chilean Congress and members of his Cabinet, and it was supposed that the disaffection towards the Administration had been communicated to the Naval Department.

At the office of W. H. Grace & Co., who have a branch house in Valparaiso, it was learned that telegraphic communications had been interrupted for several days.

"There are two cable lines to Valparaiso," said Mr. Durston, who has charge of the Chile business for the firm, to an EVENING WORLD reporter this morning. "One is by way of Galveston and the west coast of South America over the Central and South American Telegraph Company, and the other by way of Argentine Republic and London."

"Neither company has furnished us with any cables for the past few days. Our mails furnish us with little or no new information regarding the political situation in Chili."

It was learned at the office of the Central and South American Telegraph Company at 10 Wall street that for the past week the Chilean Government had established a censorship of the telegraph companies in Valparaiso, and that while the Company had received daily cables from the city in Valparaiso in regard to the business affairs of the Company no commercial messages or dispatches referring to the political situation had been transmitted.

Vice-Consul Munro left an EVENING WORLD reporter this morning that he had received no news from the city in Valparaiso. A number of prominent athletes have gone on to see the battle.

All of the solid fun the sporting fraternity of the city had in the past few days was the White's battle-royal last night takes the lead. He put ten colored men in the ring at the same time and let them go at each other with gloves dipped in flour. As none of the men knew the first movements about boxing, they cut a most hilarious figure as they fought.

Harry Spence, the well-known baseball player and manager, is the great admirer of Jack Dempsey, and he is a big fan of the champion. He is a big fan of the champion, and he is a big fan of the champion.

The school census of 1920 shows the number of children in the State to be 1,100,000, an increase of 10,710 over the previous year. Of this number there were enrolled in 100,000 schools 244,073, being an increase of 6,201 over the previous year.

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OUTBREAK AT VALPARAISO.

Chilians Object to the Collection of Government Taxes.

Three Ships of the Navy Side with the Revolutionists.

(BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.) SANTIAGO, Jan. 12.—Senator Arturo Alessandri, Chilean Minister in an interview today acknowledged that there had been a public disturbance in Valparaiso, but denied that it was a revolutionary character, or that there had been any fighting in the streets.

It grew out of a protest against the illegality of the collection of certain taxes which had not been sanctioned by Congress, he said. In the disorder which followed and which was quickly suppressed, the army took sides with the Government, and of the navy only three ships out of thirty-one took part with the opposition.

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FROM THE WORLD OF LABOR.

NUGENT MAY SUE THE CITY.

The Manhattan Bank Policeman Released from Prison.

A Waikiki and Berkeley Union is about to be organized in the County. A meeting of the Waikiki Union was held last night at the headquarters of the Waikiki Union at 1115 Broadway, N. Y. 26 has donated \$10 to the members of the Waikiki Union.

Mayor Johnson's new clock factory was opened today at 1115 Broadway, N. Y. 26 has donated \$10 to the members of the Waikiki Union.

The National Labor Tribune, the oldest labor paper in the United States, has entered upon its nineteenth year.

At the last regular meeting of Cigar Packers' Union No. 10, the International Secretary took \$11.50 for weekly dues.

Our railroad kings and monopolists are nowdays being treated as "the people's enemies" by the National Labor Tribune.

Members of the Tailors' Union of America will be formed this evening at Hotel Astor Assembly Room, 263 Broadway.

Some of the master workmen who are sure of a restriction almost every time a George Wagner of the State Board of Arbitration and Mediation has been appointed to investigate the cause of the contract controversy between the Tailors' Union and the Tailors' Association.

Local Union No. 33, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, has elected August C. M. Johnson, President; William Taylor, Secretary; and John J. Johnson, Treasurer.

The amendment offered by Cigar Makers' Union No. 10 to the Constitution of the International Cigar Makers' Union was rejected by the International Cigar Makers' Union.

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