ZIEGLER WINS THE BATTLE.

Purchase of the Long Island Water Company Permanently Enjoined.

Decision of the Supreme Court General Term Filed This Morning.

Citizen William Ziegler, who brought suit against the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about $1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the Supreme Court calendar this morning, for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, said he was ready for trial. Corporation Counsel Jenks replied that, so far as the issue of law presented by the demurrer went, he was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applauded by many Brooklynite, but the politicians were abashed at the Court's action. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Barnard and concurred in by Justices Pratt and Dykeman.

It declares that the power to agree to purchase expired with the right to take by eminent domain, and therefore the city officials had no right to agree to purchase the property.

"By the annexation act," says the Chief Justice, "the city assumed the payment of the contract price of the water furnished the town under an existing contract. The city was, by the act of annexation, prohibited from distributing water within the limits of the town until the charter of the Water Company had expired.

"The fifth section of the Annexation Act is then quoted. It prescribes that the city shall acquire the water plant, by agreement or by the right of eminent domain, within two years after the passage of the act, and says that because no proceedings were taken to acquire the title within that period the purchase is illegal and void.

"The decision is a good one for the Company," said Mayor Chapin to an EVENING WORLD reporter, "but a bad one for the city. It would seem that the situation, viewed in the light of the decision, is this:

"First, That the Long Island Water Supply Company has an exclusive possession of the Twenty-sixth Ward until 1931.

"Second, That the city not only cannot enter or condemn property in that ward for water purposes, but that it cannot even purchase water property.

"Therefore, the Company's possession is valid, exclusive, and cannot be disturbed until 1931.

"Further, under the Annexation act of 1886, the city must pay the Company $20,000 or more annually until 1931."

The case will come up in court on Wednesday, but is thought doubtful if anything is done.

EASTLAKE'S SMART BABY.

Something That Other People Have to Suffer from Fond Parents.

"Let me tell you the latest cute thing my baby said," exclaimed Eastlake to Squildig, as they met on the street yesterday afternoon says the Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

"Sorry," replied Squildig, who is the father of six children of assorted ages, "but the fact is I've a train to catch, and only a few minutes to catch it in."

"Oh, it won't take a minute," persisted Eastlake, "and it's really the best thing she's ever got off, and she's awfully smart, too, for a baby only two and a half years old.

"Go ahead then," said Squildig, resignedly, as he looked at his watch.

"It happened a week or two ago. You see her mamma left her just a minute to do some little thing, and when she came back baby wasn't there. Mrs. Eastlake found her on the porch in her stocking feet and fairly soaked, for it was raining hard. Her mamma grabbed her up and said very severely: "'Frances, if you had a little girl who went out in the rain and got her stockings wringing wet, what would you do? And what do you suppose the smart little thing replied?'

"'Dunno. What?' asked Squildig, with little apparent interest.

"She said, 'Put dry tottums on her, mamma.' Wasn't that real cute?"

"Yes," replied Squildig with a sigh. And looking at his watch again he started for the station on a trot.

JUST THE SPRING HE WANTED.

But Unfortunately the Merchant Didn't Keep Them.

[From Tid-Bits.]

Customer—I want some kind of a door spring; one that won't get out of order.

Hardware Dealer—A door spring?

Customer—Yes, and one that won't require the strength of an elephant to open.

Dealer—Hem!

Customer—And yet it must be strong enough to bring the door all the way to and not leave it swinging open a couple of inches.

Dealer—I see.

Customer—And when the door closes I don't want it to ram shut like a catapult, with a crash that shakes the house from its foundations.

Dealer—Yes; you want one that will bring the door all the way to, and yet do it gently.

Customer—That's the idea. But I don't want any complicated arrangement that requires a skilled mechanic to attend to it.

Dealer—No, of course not. You want something simple, yet strong and effective.

Customer—That's the thing; something that can be put on or taken off easily; something that will do its work quietly yet thoroughly, and won't be eternally getting out of order.

Dealer—I see. I know exactly what you want, sir, just exactly.

Customer—Well, show me one.

Dealer—We don't keep door springs.

CANVASSERS WITH CARDS.

Latest Plan of That Gentry to Secure an Audience.

The "want to see the lady of the house" dodge has been discarded by fakirs, book agents, collectors and other door-bell ringers of private houses for a newer and better method, says the Yonkers Statesman.

They now pick out a route and learn the names of the occupants of the most desirable-looking houses. They then ring the bell, and when the servant comes to the door inquire if Mrs. Blank is in. If she is, the bell-ringer presents a neat card containing his or her name, and patronizingly says: "Present this card, I will wait."

That this new form of annoyance is more exasperating than the old one is explained by the fact that it not only secures an audience with "the lady of the house," but frequently compels "the lady of the house" to undergo the tedious process of making her toilet in order to receive the visitor whose identity she cannot suspect and whom she cannot refuse to see for fear she may be guilty of a breach of etiquette.

A Word to the Wise.

Don't wait until you need FURNITURE, but so now and see the bargains offered at stores of GEO. A. FLINT CO., 104 West 14th st. They are selling regardless of cost their productions for want of room. Money can be saved by purchasing now.

CITY NEWS TERSELY TOLD.

To-Day's Record of Minor Happenings About Town.

Chronicles Briefly Drawn from Note-Book and Docket.

A Clothing Firm Assigns.

Goldberg & Jaffe, clothiers, 438 East Houston street, have assigned to Joseph Moss, without preference.

Policeman Roberts Dead.

Policeman Robert Roberts, of the West Thirtieth street station, died this morning at his home, 406 West Thirty-third street.

Suddenly Called from Life.

The Coroner has been notified of the sudden death of Patrick McHale, a harness maker, forty-three years old, at his home, 56 Leroy street.

Placed by the County Clerk.

Thomas F. Commerford, a Sixteenth District Tammany Hall man, and a former partner of Alderman William H. Murphy, was to-day appointed a recording clerk in the County Clerk's office at a salary of $1,000 a year.

Eighty Years Old and Lost.

The East Fifty-first street police are looking for the friends of eighty-year-old Bridget Leonard, who was found by a policeman this morning wandering at Forty-eighth street and First avenue. She could not tell where she lived.

Fought with Knives and Razors.

Policeman McAndrews brought to the Tombs this morning Leonarul Denifugo and Michael Moconi, who he said were two of four Italians whom he had found fighting with knives and razors on Mulberry street. Moconi was wounded. Both held until the others are caught.

Death of Ted Connell, the Singer.

The death is announced to-day of Edward Lawrence Connell (Ted Connell, baritone) at his home, 262 West One Hundred and Twenty-third street. He was forty-eight years old, had attained reputation as an opera singer, and had been a choir singer at St. John's and St. Mark's Churches.

Tried Twice to Burn the Shops.

Two attempts to set fire to A. Dittmar & Sons' carpenters shops at 182 Pavonia avenue, Jersey City, were reported to the police to-day by the firm. Search is being made for the perpetrators.

Policeman Held for Homicide.

Policeman James Keilts, of the First Precinct, Jersey City, charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Michael McCantry, of 195 Bay street, by a fall blow in ex-Assemblyman Murphy's saloon on Newark avenue, yesterday morning, was committed by Justice O'Donnell to-day to await the inquest.

Blazing Off Quarantine.

The barge Jerry Petrie, from Bayonne to Barren Island, with a load of empty barrels, while off Quarantine at 6.30 this morning, caught fire in the fore cabin. She was run up on the beach and will be a total loss.

Sugar at the Coffee Exchange.

The first transaction in sugar at the Coffee Exchange took place this afternoon, when twenty-five tons were sold at 3.75. There was much enthusiasm, and it was deemed probable that the trade in sugar will be a feature of business at this Exchange.

Honors to the Tenth.

The village of Williamsbridge, Westchester County, has a Tammany Hall organization which will turn out in force March 14 and pay a social visit to the Sheckler Association of the Tenth Assembly District.

Vets Will Be Graduated.

The annual Commencement of the New York College of Veterinary Surgeons and School of Comparative Medicine will be held at Chickering Hall Thursday evening. Conterno will furnish the music.

Address to Workingwomen.

A series of addresses to workingwomen will be given at the rooms of the Workingwomen's Society, 27 Clinton place, to-night and March 16, March 30 and April 13. All women, and particularly workingwomen, are invited to attend.

An Early Morning Blaze.

A fire at 630 East One Hundred and Fifty-eighth street, at 3.55 o'clock this morning, damaged Charles Seiffert's apartments $600 and the building $1,200.

ALL THE CLERGY MOURNED.

Great Gathering at Father O'Connor's Funeral at St. Lawrence's.

The funeral services over the body of Rev. Father Jeremiah O'Connor, pastor of St. Lawrence's Church, Park avenue, were conducted this morning, the church being packed to the doors by mourning parishioners.

Priests chanted the office for the dead and Rev. Father Brett celebrated mass. Archbishop Corrigan, as also members of the Society of Jesus from Boston and Philadelphia and nearly all the New York priesthood, were present.

THE HAVEL LIBELLED FOR $90,400

Officers, Crew and Owners of the Mascotta Want Damages.

There was filed to-day in the United States District Court a libel for $90,400 against the North German Lloyd steamship Havel for the loss of the Italian bark Mascotta and its cargo by collision in the Bay on Feb. 18.

Sanitago Parodia, the agent of the firm of J. B. Vicini & Co., of San Domingo, the owners of the vessel, instituted the proceedings. They are brought in behalf of the officers and crew of the vessel to recover for their losses as well as for the owners.

Reason Enough.

[From Puck.]

"Why do Indians call their heaven the happy hunting grounds?"

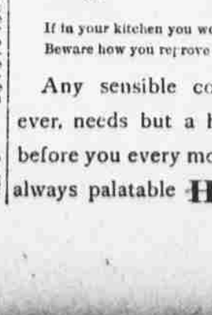
"There are no Indian agents there."

Why He Kicked.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

Rivers—You want an equal division of wealth, hey? Do you know that if all the property of William Waldorf Astor were divided among the people of this country your share would be only about $1.15? It's a fact. Then what are you kicking about?

Brooks—I'm kicking for the $1.15.



If in your kitchen you would look
Beware how you reprove the cook.

Any sensible cook, however, needs but a hint to set before you every morning the always palatable **H-O.**

MARCH COMES IN LIKE A LION.

It Was the Coldest Morning Since the Blizzard.

The Thermometer Marked 8 Degrees Above Zero—Moderation Promised.

The lion-like manner with which the month of March begins its career should insure very lamb-like behavior on the part of the weather in the near future.

It was colder this morning than at any time since the blizzard of dismal memory. At 6 o'clock this morning the mercury at Hudnut's had only strength enough to rise to the ten degree mark, and at 7 o'clock, even the industrious judge in the Equitable weather tower could record only nine points truthfully.

That beat the record for the season for cold, the next coldest days being Dec. 29 and Feb. 5, when we had 13 degree weather.

Three years ago, on that awful 12th of March, when Manhattan Island was buried under mountains of snow, and the north wind blew a terrific blast, the mercury dropped to two degrees below zero, and no day between then and now has been so cold, though on Feb. 16, 1888, the mercury was one degree below zero, and Feb. 10 of that historically severe Winter we had 5 degree weather.

The coldest days of 1889 were Feb. 7 and Dec. 14, when the Government thermometer registered 13 and 17 degrees respectively.

At Hudnut's the comparative records for 1890 and 1891 showed that at 8 A. M. in 1890 there was 26 degrees, while to-day at that hour there was but 15 degrees. At 6 A. M. there was 25 and 10 degrees respectively, and at 9 o'clock 25 and 12 degrees respectively.

There are colder spots in New York than the weather tower or Hudnut's. The uptown weather sharp, who divides his time with the downtown "L" ticket office at Seventy-second street and weather prophet business, was enthusiastic at 5 o'clock this morning over three degrees of mercury in his thermometer.

When gently chided for the matter to-day Serg't. Dunn reminded THE EVENING WORLD reporter that he had been confined to his bed by illness during all the Winter months and, that as chief clerk of the weather, he was entitled to a little Winter himself.

Then he assured the readers of THE EVENING WORLD that he should be satisfied with a little and that we should be rapidly warmed up so that by to-morrow the mercury would be above the freezing point.

Indeed, the mercury had risen to 12 degrees at 8 o'clock and at 10 this morning, and the Sergeant gave out comforting assurances that there were some places a good deal worse off than New York, notably Rockcliffe, near Montreal, where a dispirited thermometer could retire no better than 22 degrees below zero, while it was 12 below zero at Northfield, Vt.

Boston and Albany had 2 degrees at 7 o'clock this morning; Philadelphia, 12; Washington and Chicago, 16, and St. Louis, 23; while at New Orleans Spring clothing is in order under a 60-degree sun, and at Key West the flowers are blooming in 68-degree weather.

Snow is falling over Lake Michigan and to the northwest, but it is generally fair over the rest of Uncle Sam's domain.

The extreme cold has checked the rapidly rising waters of the Ohio, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers and tributaries.

The cold wave is central over Northern New England and is passing off to the eastward.

There is a blizzard all along the Middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Block Island it blows a 32-knot gale from the northwest, while a 24-knot breeze fans this town from the northeast.

There is a low barometer about the size of a man's hand over the Rocky Mountains. It is not yet definite enough to be dignified with a name, but perhaps by to-morrow it will be a young storm bound for the East.

In New York we have already experienced 10 42-100 inches of snow and rain since Jan. 1, a surplus of 2 62-100 inches over the average for the same period during the past twenty years.

As to temperature, the Springlike days of the last two weeks of February are now at all natural, and they accumulated for this town a surplus of 255 degrees of heat, which, under the ordinary conditions, should guarantee some cool days next Summer.

DEATH OF JACKSON S. SCHULTZ.

By the death of Jackson S. Schultz, which occurred yesterday at his home, 303 East Seventeenth street, New York loses one of its prominent business men, and one who has been identified with many movements to advance the public welfare.

Mr. Schultz was seventy-five years old. He was born at Hyde Park, near Poughkeepsie. His father was a tanner, and young Schultz learned the same trade, and later became one of the heavy men of "the swamp" in this city. His firm, Schultz, Innes & Co., still does business at 111 Cliff street.

In the overthrow of the Tweed regime Mr. Schultz took a prominent part. He was one of the famous Committee of Seventy, and largely through his efforts was the arrest of Tweed brought about.

President Grant appointed Mr. Schultz Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition; he was a member of the Chamber of Commerce, a Governor of New York Hospital, member of the Board of Health, director of the Park Bank, once President of the Union League Club, member of the Reform Club. He never ran for any political office.

Mr. Schultz accumulated a large fortune, and was the father of eight children, one son and two daughters surviving him. His funeral will take place Thursday morning, from All Souls' Church, Madison avenue and Sixty-sixth street.

CENTENNIAL OF JOHN WESLEY.

The Anniversary Fittingly Celebrated in Methodist Churches All Over the World.

The death of John Wesley, the pioneer of Methodism, occurred one hundred years ago to-day. The centenary anniversary was appropriately observed in the Methodist churches all over the world yesterday, and timely reference to the life and career of Wesley were made in churches of all denominations.

Wesley was born in England in 1703, and in 1729 became the head of the society organized by his brother Charles, from which grew the great Methodist denomination in England. He made a visit to America in 1735, remaining three years. His efforts to propagate Methodism here, though at first promising, did not meet with the hoped-for success.

A party of Irish Methodists immigrated in 1760, and since that time the growth of the denomination has been phenomenal.

A monument to the brothers John and Charles Wesley stands in Westminster Abbey.

Inconsiderate.

[From Munsey's Weekly.]

Jack—So you proposed and she asked you to wait?

George—Yes.

Jack—Well, what are you moping about? She's beautiful, good tempered and rich—certainly worth waiting for, is she not?

George—Yes, but confound it, how am I going to wait? I'm dead broke.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE JUNIOR IS THE BEST OYSTER Biscuit in the world and the delight of boys and girls. Boxes 50c. HEALTH FOOD CO., 61 5th ave.

FOREIGN NEWS OF THE DAY.

A British Steamship Stopped and Boarded by Chilians.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Trouble at Buenos Ayres.

[BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.]

BUENOS AYRES, March 2.—Latest advices from the scene of the disturbances in Calli report no further fighting and say that the insurgents are intrenching themselves near Iquique.

A British steamship in the West Indian trade was fired upon at Coronel by a Chilian warship, as she was supposed to be carrying insurgents.

The Captain refused to heave to when requested. At the time she was not carrying a flag.

When she was fired into, Capt. Scott hoisted the British flag and stopped his ship. She was then boarded and searched by the Chilian commander, who found a quantity of powder and dynamite among her cargo.

He was about to seize the stuff when Capt. Scott declared it should not be taken without a fight to the finish.

The ship was then permitted to continue on her way.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

[DUNLAP CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

LONDON, March 2.—The *Times* has received from Buenos Ayres the following cablegram, which it will print to-morrow:

"The state of siege continues in force, but excites but little interest.

"The absorbing topic in the public mind is the preparations for the reception of Gen. Mitre, who is expected to arrive about March 16.

"The President and Ministers say that the proclamation of the state of siege was a necessary check on conspirators and anarchists.

"There are 2,000 troops in garrison here, besides a large police force, but there is no immediate prospect of any disturbance. Indeed, the settlement of all existing difficulties is hoped for through the intervention of Gen. Mitre."

A Lucky London Gambler Breaks a Bank at Monte Carlo.

[DUNLAP CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

NICE, March 2.—At Monte Carlo yesterday a Londoner, playing at trente-et-quarante, had the extraordinary fortune to win fourteen maximum stakes in succession of 12,000 francs each, a total of nearly $35,000.

The performance broke the bank and was roundly cheered.

$150,000 for Twenty Patti Performances in Rio Janeiro.

[DUNLAP CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

LONDON, March 2.—Mme. Patti has accepted a proposal to give twenty operatic performances at Rio de Janeiro for £30,000 (nearly $150,000).

Anti-Parnellite Rooms Broken Into and Robbed in Kilrush.

[DUNLAP CABLE NEWS SPECIAL.]

DUBLIN, March 2.—A bitter camp fight between the Parnellites and the McCarthyites is being waged in County Clare on the west coast. Last night the rooms of the anti-Parnellites in the thriving port of Kilrush were entered, the instruments of the band stolen and the drums cut.

FOILED THE JAIL BREAKERS.

Desperate Plot to Escape from Hudson County's Prison.

Warden Charles Birdsall, of Hudson County Jail, is jubilant over the fact that a deep-seated plot of prisoners to escape has just been discovered in time to prevent its consummation.

The ringleaders were John Martin and Ed Smith, sentenced Thursday last to seven years each in State prison for burglary, and Richard Felberkorn, a New York crook, who is awaiting trial for wholesale robberies of plumbing shops in Hoboken and Jersey City.

Since Martin and Smith were sentenced they have been observed in frequent consultation with Felberkorn at such times as they were allowed at large in the corridors.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning one of the keepers noticed that Felberkorn, who occupied cell 32, and Martin and Smith, who occupied cell 3, both in the lower tier of the east corridor, were still up and undressed.

He at once reported the fact to Jailer Birdsall, who arose from his bed and ordered two additional watchmen on duty, and himself remained up for the balance of the night.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock yesterday morning the three suspects were removed to other cells and a search was instituted. In Felberkorn's cell were found three small steel saw blades, several tenpenny nails, a long loaf of rye bread, and wrapped up in a bed blanket was a wrought-iron bolt, two feet in length, which had been wrenched off from the cot. A hole in the centre of the loaf of bread indicated that the saws and other articles had been smuggled in by that means.

The iron bars of the cell door had been sawed through so that they could be easily wrenched off. The apertures made by the saw had been neatly filled in with soap and blacked to avoid detection.

In cell 3 was discovered two small steel saw blades, a small iron saw frame and a wooden chair leg concealed under the bed. One iron bar in this cell had been nearly sawed off.

Jailor Birdsall believes that there were at least two other prisoners concerned in the plot, which it is thought was intended to be carried out yesterday or this morning, and as Felberkorn had provided himself with a formidable weapon, in the shape of the iron bar, it is believed that they would not have hesitated at murder to accomplish their purpose.

SCROFULA

eczema, tetter, boils, ulcers, sores, rheumatism, and catarrh, cured by taking

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

It purifies, vitalizes, invigorates, and enriches the blood.

Has Cured Others will cure you.

FROM THE WORLD OF LABOR.

The annual picnic of District Assembly 49, K. of L., will take place July 27.

At the last regular meeting of Framers' Union No 1, Brooklyn, $76.25 were received for dues.

The Porters and Sandpaperers' Union will elect new officers this evening, 1122 Second avenue.

Makers and Milliners' Union No. 1 has deferred the nomination of officers till next Sunday.

The United Woodworkers of Brooklyn are co-operating with Furniture Workers' Union No. 8 to win the strike at Ross Abell's shop.

"I believe that there are but three known ways of making a living—namely, working, stealing or begging."—Stubbs.

The tailors at Ryan's shop, Hope and Sixth streets, Williamsburg, are on strike against a reduction of wages.

The Vienna Bakers' Benevolent Society has donated $15 to the hospital to be established by the central organization of the New York lodges and benevolent societies.

The workmen of Austria will take part in the coming general elections. Thus far labor candidates have been nominated, three of whom are editors.

The new constitution of the Journeymen Brewers' National Union went into effect yesterday, a majority of the local unions having voted for its adoption.

The entertainment given by the Resolute Assembly, K. of L., for the benefit of the Keeney strikers brought about $150 into the strike fund on Saturday.

Mr. Hilkowitz has been elected principal of the evening school established by the Cloakmakers' Educational Club, at 165 Allen street. The Club's membership is now 437.

Butchers' Union No. 1 initiated twenty-four new members yesterday. Arrangements were made for the first annual ball, which is to take place on March 5 at Clarendon Hall.

The new officers of Brewers' Union No. 61 are Nicholas Schroeder, Secretary; Charles Hummel, Financial Secretary; Joseph Wittel, Treasurer; Joseph Bosch, Joseph Flan, John Roth, Trustees.

The fishermen of France are about to organize a national union. A convention has been called for that purpose to be held in Marseilles in the middle of March.

The Writers' Casino Club is about to issue a circular inviting the other labor organizations in the culinary trade to take part in establishing a waiters and cooks' club-house.

Chairs were preferred yesterday by the Williamsburg Framers' Union against the foreman at Langer Brothers' shop, Joseph Wunsch, who, it is claimed, has maltreated several members of the Union.

The painters at Bossdeb pro's shop, 97 Clinton street, are on strike because Sebipro asked them to give him their Union cards that he might burn them up.

The Fresco-Painters' Union has appointed Chas. Novotny to act as its temporary walking delegate. An important meeting of the Executive Board will be held to-morrow evening at 1059 Second avenue.

The members of Section 4, Socialist Labor party, Brooklyn, have joined the Workmen's Fire Insurance Association in a body. Next Sunday permanent officers are to be elected.

To-day commences the sixth annual convention of the Journeymen Bakers' and Confectioners' International Union at Workingmen's Hall, East Market street, Indianapolis.

Eleven of the "sachs" of Blumenthal & Co., and Benjamin & Caspary joined the striking cloakmakers on Saturday, and three of Blumenthal's contractors have complied with the demands of the strikers.

The Furriers' Union gained seven new members last week. A committee was appointed to co-operate with the Fur Operators and Fur Skin Dressers' Unions. The strike at Herzig Sons & Co.'s shops was indorsed.

The Waiters and Bartenders' Union of Hudson County has made contracts for the coming season with the proprietors of the Union Hill Schmetzen Park, Floral Park and the new Casino, West Hoboken.

A boycott was ordered yesterday by the Central Labor Federation against ex-Alderman Goetz's wine saloon, 32 Bleecker street, because he patronizes a newspaper which is being boycotted by the German typesetters.

In Germany the telegraphs, telephones and railways belong to the people. There would be a civil war if an attempt were made by the Reichstag to put them into the hands of private individuals.

The blacksmiths and machinists of Denmark have invited their fellow-craftsmen to attend an International Conference, to be held at Odense on March 2, for the purpose of organizing an International Machinists and Blacksmiths' Union.

Complimentary tickets for the second anniversary of the Dramatic Society, Philadelphia have been returned by seve al labor organizations because they do not bear the Union label of Typographical Union No. 275.

Frederick Gaedke, formerly Secretary of Bakers' Union No. 92, is confined at the Presbyterian Hospital, suffering from blood poisoning. His family are in distress and ask for assistance. They live at 214 East Twenty-eighth street.

The election of officers of Bakers' Union No. 32 has resulted as follows: Wm. Fest, President; H. Norby, Vice-President; James Robertson, Recording Secretary; Peter Lund, Financial Secretary; Charles Maun, Treasurer; Nicholas Sellentin, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The first annual convention of the railroad employees' organization of France will be held at the city of Tours in May. They will demand eight hours and a weekly holiday, their hours being now twelve and fourteen for seven days per week.

The authorities of Canton Zurich, Switzerland, have passed a bill providing that all contractors doing work for the government must form co-operative firms with their workmen under the profit-sharing system; disputes to be settled by arbitration through the courts.

A Dockers' Congress, composed of delegates from the unions in Marseilles, Lisbon, Cette, Barcelona and Genoa, is to be held at Marseilles next month to create an International Dockers' Union in affiliation with the organizations in England and Australia.

In place of Secretary Roemer, who resigned, the Socialist Association of the Twenty-second Assembly District has elected A. Gerlinger. A special committee was appointed to co-operate with the other Socialist organizations in purchasing a building for the use of the Central Committee.

Waiters' Union No. 1 has asked the Central Labor Federation to send its Arbitration Committee to Mr. Ferrero, the restaurant keeper at Tammany Hall, to induce him to employ union waiters. A special committee is at work making contracts with the different park proprietors.

The Central Labor Federation prefers the Van Etten bill for the protection of women and children in workshops and stores to the bill prepared by Mrs. Woodbridge's Woman's Women's Society, but neither of the bills was indorsed, because they do not contain any provisions by which they might be enforced.

The new list of Haverstraw Union No. 80 was elected at Wendel's Assembly Rooms, West Forty-fourth street, on Saturday evening. Several delegations from other unions were present. The flag is of red silk and bears the emblem of the bakers. Two lions holding a loaf of bread.

The average lifetime, according to official statistics, in Germany is: For moulders, 29 years; tinsmiths, 28 years and 9 months; iron moulders, 29 years; brass founders, 25 years; engravers, 23 years and 4 months. Among all of these trades 1 per cent. of the men were over 60 and not one over 65 years old.

The National Hatters' Union of France has adopted resolutions protesting against the action of the minister of the interior in appointing men as members of the Labor Commission of France not identified with organized labor. Similar resolutions were adopted by other labor organizations.

The annual ball of Carpenters' Union No. 497, which took place at Webster Hall on Saturday, was a successful affair. There were many members present from other carpenters' unions, as well as United Machinists and the Cloakmakers' and Furmakers' unions; also Walking Delegates Mickham and Hart.

The municipal authorities of Stockholm, Sweden, have adopted an ordinance according to which all laborers working for the city will be pensioned in case of death caused by accidents while at work. The widows and orphans of city employes are also to receive pensions amounting to 50 per cent. of the salaries of their deceased husbands or fathers.

Typographical Union No. 174 gave $10 to the Turner's Falls Table-Knife Grinders, who have been on strike since January. An investigation was ordered regarding the charges of the Hudson County Labor Federation against the labor officials of Bergen Water, Union Hill. Resolutions were adopted favoring the bill extending a State bureau of labor. To the striking spinners of Kearny a $5 box was donated. On March 15 the new scale of wages is to be discussed.

The Radical Club has issued the first of its "Rays of Light" circulars which treat of the tunnel disaster, saying, among other things, that the six victims were "murdered by plutocratic greed for a few dividend-coining shares of railroad stock and the poor man's life a jest." As a remedy it is set such "accidents" the Club recommends that workmen should "vote to themselves the ownership of this country, with all its accumulated industries; then there will be no more Park Avenue Tunnel murders."

The New York Framers' Union appointed a special committee yesterday to settle the difference among the Brooklyn Framers' unions in regard to the question of wages and hours. The members were prohibited from working with George Reiner, who refused to pay a fine of $15 for violating the rules. The asking delegate collected $50 last week from Bossen Hastings & Hine, for men who had not received their wages in full. Strikes were ordered on the jobs of Bossen Batterson, Martin, Langerman, Schrot, Hoeffler, Schlinger and Wallenstein.

Branch 1, New York, of the Workmen's General Benefit Union, voted in favor of electing a committee of five, with a weekly salary of $3 per day. Charles Wille was appointed Trustee for the children's death benefit fund. Messrs. Simon, Wilde and Bergmann were elected delegates to a conference with the representatives of the Workmen's Cremation Society, to be held on April 19 at the New York Labor Lyceum. Thirty new members were enrolled. The receipts of the Branch in February amounted to $671.49, and $258.50 were paid to sick members.

The delegates of the local Bricklayers' Unions held a conference with delegates from the Builders' Association, on Saturday, to fix wages and hours for the ensuing year. The majority of the Unions are for 3 cents per hour and nine hours per day. Unions 11 and 14 demand eight hours. The representatives of the bosses are willing to grant the demands of the majority, but refuse to sign any contracts unless the difference with Union No. 1 be settled. The Executive Board of the Unions resolved, therefore, to give Union No. 1 another week to come to terms with the rulers of the International Union, and the strike order against all members of No. 1, which was to go into effect to-day, was rescinded for one week.

When the agreement between the Brotherhood of Painters and the Contractors' Association, ending the painters' strike and lockouts in the Brooklyn shops, was to be ratified last Saturday evening, the contractors submitted that the nationality-mark regulation should be left out, and join the Contractors' Association. The representatives of the Brotherhood proposed that the bottom-side makers should maintain their union for one month, but this the contractors rejected, and, consequently, the agreement remained unsigned. Thereupon a mass-meeting was held at Everett Hall, and a resolution was adopted condemning the contractors as "traitors," withdrawing the delegates from the joint committee and appointing all the demands made before the lockout. The contractors agreed to be compelled to settle with the Brotherhood individually. Late at night the contractors sent a conciliatory answer, saying their willingness to grant whatever the Brotherhood demanded.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething reels the child and comforts the mother.

AUGUST ELBOGEN INDICTED.

The Grand Jury Find a True Bill on the Kidnapping Charge.

Four More Girls Turn Up as Witnesses Against Him.

August Elbogen, the dramatic agent, of 32 East Fourth street, was indicted by the Grand Jury this afternoon on a charge of kidnapping.

It was the first case taken up by the new Grand Jury sworn in this morning by Judge Fitzgerald, of the General Sessions.

Elbogen, who is now in the Tombs in default of $5,000 bail, will be arraigned before Judge Fitzgerald in Part 1, General Sessions, to-morrow morning to answer the indictment.

The real character of Elbogen's alleged crime is that of procuring out-of-town engagements for would-be actresses, when in reality, it is charged, they were sent to houses of questionable character.

The complaint submitted to the Grand Jury was that of Jenny Reckwik, of 148 West Tenth street, the young girl whose evidence led to Elbogen's arrest.

Detectives Reilly and Van Gerichten arrested Elbogen Saturday on Jennie Reckwik's charge, and since then four young women have turned up who also say they were made victims by Elbogen.

For the past eight years Elbogen has been a theatrical agent at 32 East Fourth street. He is about forty-five years old and an Austrian.

In her affidavit Jennie Reckwik stated that on Jan. 26 she saw an advertisement in a morning paper calling for young girls to sing in a chorus at a theatre in New Orleans.

Miss Reckwik called on Elbogen at his office in accordance with the given directions. He told her that young ladies were wanted to act and sing at the Royal Palace and Eden theatres in the Crescent City, at a salary of $12 per week with 10 per cent. on all the wine they sold.

The Reckwik girl is seventeen years old, and as her mother is dead she accepted the engagement. With four other girls, Alice Petra, Josephine Walbig, Lillie Miller and Irma Dalci, Miss Reckwik was put on a train Jan. 29 and given tickets bound for New Orleans.

On her arrival at New Orleans the Reckwik girl found that the engagement consisted in getting habitues of the Royal Palace and Eden Theatres, which were, it is claimed, ordinary dance halls, to purchase wine and beer, and that the theatrical performance was made up of singing and dancing in short dresses.

Lillie Miller and Irma Dalci became suspicious of their surroundings the second day after their arrival, and left the party. Finally, Feb. 7, after a week's experience, the Reckwik girl told her story to a detective, who, through some charitable ladies, aided her to get back to this city.

Lillie Miller and Irma Dalci are now lodged in the House of the Good Shepherd in New Orleans, and a letter received from the Dalci girl confirms Jennie Reckwik's story.

The other all good victims of Elbogen are the daughter of Mrs. Weston, of 255 Third avenue, and Stella Brunage, of 104 Wall street, Brooklyn, who, they say, were induced by Elbogen to go to New Orleans on the representation that they would be given employment as actresses in a legitimate theatre.

Elbogen claims that when Miss Reckwik and the other girls were engaged by him they knew that they were to go on the stage in the concert saloons of Schoenhausen, Faust & Co., which are known as the Royal Palace and Eden Theatres.

STRICKEN IN CHURCH.

Mrs. Gilmore Went to Worship and Died There.

In the study of Rev. H. A. Monroe, of St. Mark's African Method st Episcopal Church, in West Forty-eighth street, this morning, lay the dead body of one who had come to last evening's service with the intention of joining the Church.

Mrs. Mary Jane Gilmore, a very stout woman of forty-three years, was the victim of dropsy of the lungs in the little study during divine services last evening. Mrs. Gilmore lived at 226 West Twenty-eighth street. She visited the church with a neighbor last evening, intending to become a communicant.

She had been dropsical for years, and as she reached the church she was seized with a fit of violent coughing. She was led by one of the sisters into the parson's study adjoining the pulpit.

Dr. W. M. Lively, one of the congregation and her neighbor, was called in, but the woman was fast strangling to death. She clutched her throat frantically, but was asphyxiated.

Her son Loafty, a bright lad of fourteen, who is studying dentistry, and her daughter, Mrs. Hallie Gilmore, were beside her.

The congregation knew nothing of the fatality till Dr. Monroe informed them just prior to venediction. The funeral will occur Wednesday.

Couldn't See the Point.

[From the Epoch.]

Humorist—Hereafter I want fifty cents for each joke instead of twenty-five.

Editor—We have no further use for you, you're getting too funny.

Strained Relations.

[From Puck.]

Archibald—You are related to her by marriage, are you not?

Fogiday—No; I'm her brother by refusal.

Pyle's Pearline possesses peculiar purifying properties.

Prudent people purchase Pyle's Pearline.

Press and public pronounce Pearline perfect.

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LECTURES.

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EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

THIS MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 2

Grammar School No. 3, cor. Grove & Hudson sts. Prof. Henry A. Mott: "Light and Color." Illustrated.

Grammar School No. 15, 728 5th st. Dr. Henry M. Leipziger: "Benjamin Franklin."

Grammar School No. 23, 36 City Hall place. Prof. W. D. Beyer: "Ants and Their Habits." Illustrated.

Grammar School No. 37, 206 East 42d st. Mr. Stephen Helm: "Small Builders in the Great Oceans." Illustrated.

Grammar School No. 42, 30 Allen st. Mr. M. T. Jeffrey: "Pompeii, the Buried City." Illustrated.

Grammar School No. 51, 523 West 44th st. Prof. Chas. A. Bennett: "Fire and Water." Illustrated.

Grammar School No. 82, cor. 70th st. & 1st ave. Mr. L. J. B. Lincoln: "The Newspaper."

Grammar School No. 83, 216 East 110th st. Prof. R. [illegible]: "Popular American Poetry."

For subjects of Thursday's lectures see Wednesday's and Thursday's evening papers.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMBERG THEATRE, Irving Place & 15th st. Evenings at 8, Wed. and Sat. Matinees. Opera in German: "Der Postgeiger" Tuesday, Offenbach's "Hoffmanns Erzählungen" Thursday, Offenbach's "Orpheus" Friday, Offenbach's "Madame Favart."

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME. HERMANN'S Evenings 8:15. Sat. Mats. 2:15. Gilbert's Laughing Sage! Charles Fox make a hit. The Three Vanies Nightly.

JACOB BLANK'S Music Garden, 109 Ave. and 14 st. E. This st. GRAND CONCERTS EVERY DAY.

LYCEUM THEATRE. 4th St. West of Ave. A. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Presented by The Open Gate. THURSDAY—50TH NIGH