# THE BROOKLYNS.

## This Is Their Opening Day Over in Eastern Park.

### Gotham's Own Giants Assist in the Ceremonies.

### A Clever Lot of Ball-Players in President Byrne's Team.

### How They Have All Made Their Mark About the Diamond.

**Brooklyns at Home, Season of 1891.**

(Cut this out for your notebook.)

APRIL.—27, 28, with New York.
MAY.—1, 2, 4, 5, with Boston; 6, 7, 8, 9, with Philadelphia; 30 (two games), with Pittsburg.
JUNE.—1, 2, with Pittsburg; 3, 4, 5, 6, with Chicago; 8, 9, 10, 11, with Cleveland; 12, 13, 15, 16, with Cincinnati; 22, 23, with New York; 30, with Boston.
JULY.—1, 2, with Boston; 18, 20, 21, with New York; 25, 27, 28, with Philadelphia.
AUGUST.—3, 4, 5, with Pittsburg; 6, 7, 8, with Cleveland; 10, 11, 12, with Cincinnati; 13, 14, 15, with Chicago; 20, 21, 22, with Boston.
SEPTEMBER.—7, 8, 9, with Chicago; 10, 11, 12, with Pittsburg; 14, 15, 16, with Cincinnati; 17, 18, 19, with Cleveland; 24, 25, 26, with New York; 28, 29, 30, with Philadelphia.

It is Brooklyn's turn to open her League season to-day, and President Charles H. Byrne has been looking forward as confidently as so modest a man could look to filling Eastern Park with the biggest display of baseball, local enthusiasm, and Spring hats, to say nothing of band music and April blossoms, which that inclosure ever held.

JOHN M. WARD.

Gotham's Giant's are the appointed opponents of the Brooklyns for the opening game, and to this fact is justly attributed much of President Byrne's confidence regarding the general exuberance of the occasion. His Brooklyns hold the National Championship emblem for 1890 and have dared to hope for that of 1891—a venture of hope in which many of the simple villagers across the big bridge keep them company. Then why shouldn't the President of this champion club expand over the attractiveness of a contest between his true and tried men and the team which won the world's banner, in 1889 and 1889?

"DARBY" O'BRIEN.

But to dwell for a moment on President Byrne's modesty, which has been distantly referred to. It is a firmly established quality, indeed, and is so great as to have led its possessor on several occasions into a pathetic and eloquent plea that his picture should not be put into the newspapers. Except for this one fault, President Byrne is all that a baseball magnate should be. His business ability made him a chief factor in the American Association, and since his Club went into the National League, last year, he has been right at the front in that body's business and diplomatic transactions.

DAVE FOUTZ. TOM BURNS.

In conversation, Mr. Byrne is a continual surprise, owing to his wonderful wealth of simile. It is confidently declared that he could, if he would, produce a dictionary of similes that would mark the beginning of a new era in that department of English rhetoric. Still, accomplished as he is in this respect, he has never been heard to admit that there is anything on or about the earth just like his baseball club.

And that club—well, it is little wonder that its President finds his store of similes unequal to the demand when the Bridegrooms are under discussion. They won Brooklyn's heart long ago, even before they won a pennant, and they would have New York's also, had New York not its own Giants to look after.

Gotham's interest in the Grooms is even deeper than usual, this year, for they take the field under the captaincy of a special pet of the Metropolitan baseball cranks, one John Montgomery Ward, shortstop. You've heard of him? Well, if you haven't, you're not very far in the swim, and it's time you posted yourself on several affairs of the day.

John is a Pennsylvanian by birth, and a tip-topper by reason of his ability in the ball field. He is also a lawyer, with a diploma from the Columbia Law School, and his legal lore aided him not a little in keeping up, as President of the Ball-Players' Brotherhood, the pretty good fight which that organization gave the National League last year. He was captain of the Brooklyn Players' League nine in 1890, and most of his previous service, since he became a professional player in 1877, had been rendered with the Athletics, the Providence Club and the New Yorks. In his early professional years he was a pitcher. Always he has been a corker, and his work as captain and organizer has been phenomenal.

Ward brought to President Byrne's team, from his own old Players' League Club, Pitcher Hemming and Catchers Kinslow and Con Dailey, of whom more anon.

Ward's picture leads in the collection of portraits which THE EVENING WORLD takes advantage of this day to present, and next to it comes the likeness of an ex-captain and most popular member of the Brooklyn team, William D. O'Brien, commonly known as "Darby."

"HUB" COLLINS. T. J. LOVETT.

O'Brien owns Illinois as his native State and was born twenty-nine years ago. His first experience as a player was with the Peoria Reds in 1884. In 1885 he played in Keokuk, Ia., and his good work and shrewdness as a captain won a great reputation for his Club. His next experience was with the Denver Club, and the reputation he made prompted several Eastern clubs to try to get him. The Metropolitan and and Brooklyn Clubs made a sharp race to get him for 1887, but the former succeeded by a scratch. "Darby" made a great record with the "Mets," and it was quite as much to secure him as anything else that made Brooklyn purchase the whole Metropolitan Club, and he is the only one of the players of that team now with Brooklyn.

"Darby" is a wit, as well as a player, and can crack a joke as well as he can catch the longest fly sent to left field.

Another Illinois man in the team, born just as recently as O'Brien, is George Burton Pinkney, who permits you to call him "Pink," if you will. He's a corking third baseman, now, but he used to play at second, and he came to Brooklyn but of that Club's Cleveland deal, of 1885. "Pink" began ball playing in 1880 with a local amateur team, and played shortstop for Peoria when it was a club member of the Northwestern League in 1883, and until August 1884, when the Club disbanded. He then went to Cleveland, alternating at short and second base, filling both positions with marked ability, and in a short time won a National reputation as one of the best and shrewdest batters in the League. "Pink" was never known to rattle and he has a great record for being constantly in condition.

William H. Terry enjoys the distinction of being the only original 1889 member of the Brooklyn Club who has worn its uniform ever since. He was born in Westfield, Mass., in 1864, and early developed natural ability as a ball-player. The Rosedales, of Bridgeport, Conn., a very plucky and enterprising Club and of much renown in 1881, secured young Terry as a pitcher when barely sixteen years of age, and the work he did in that and the succeeding year prompted the Brooklyn Club to secure his service.

Terry, while looked upon as a pitcher, is an excellent general ball-player, filling both infield and outfield positions exceedingly well. He has taken part in the most brilliant victories of the Brooklyn Club. On July 24, 1886, Brooklyn defeated the champion St. Louis Browns, score 1 to 0, Terry in the box, and the champions failed to get one base hit. On October 23, 1886, with Terry in the box, Brooklyn shut out the New York Giants, Keefe pitching, by a 4 to 0 score, New York getting only two scratch hits.

"ADONIS" TERRY. G. E. PINKNEY.

Thomas P. Daly has been one of the Brooklyn catchers only a year. He was secured from Washington, after brisk competition with other managements. Daly saw service with a number of minor league clubs before, in 1877, Chicago got him for a couple of years. He was one of Spalding's late around-the-world tourists, and has developed into one of the ablest catchers in the business. Daly was born in Philadelphia in 1855.

When you strike the name of Robert Lee Caruthers you have found another of Brooklyn's pitchers and one who has been tried and found not wanting. He was born in Memphis, and his father was Judge Caruthers, of that city, and it didn't please his family when he became a professional ball-player. Before that happened, his people had moved to Chicago, and it was there, as an amateur in the High School and commercial nines, that he first displayed his extraordinary ability. The Chicago Club wanted him, but in deference to his people's wishes, he joined a club away from home. Minneapolis had him in 1884, he played in St. Louis the next three years, and Brooklyn got him at a fancy price, in 1888. He is twenty-seven years old.

David L. Foutz, the first baseman of the Brooklyn Club, was born in Baltimore, in 1862, and obtained his early experience with the amateur clubs in and about that city. He joined the Denver Club in 1885, and did unexpectedly good work in the box. From Denver he went to Leadville, and won the State championship for his Club in 1882, pitching in forty games, thirty-nine of which were victories. In 1883 he was with the Bay City Club of the Northwestern League, and during that year and in 1884 he earned such a reputation as a pitcher that, in order to secure his services, the St. Louis Club of the American Association had to purchase the entire Bay City team. For two years Brooklyn struggled to secure him,

MIKE GRIFFIN. GEO. E. HEMMING.

and finally did so in 1888. He is always ready to occupy the box at any time, and with success, too. He is a favorite with the public and familiarly known as "Long Dave." It's a beautiful sight to see him stretch up into the ozone after high-thrown balls, or double up like a jackknife to grovel for low ones.

Speaking of "Hub" Collins next, it may be remarked that his full front name is Hubbert and that he's one of the best. He is Brooklyn's second baseman and has been so since 1888. Before Brooklyn got him he was with the Louisvilles, and the places of his holdings-forth, reading backward, before that, were at Savannah and Columbus, Ga., in the Southern League. He was born at Louisville and was an exceptionally fine amateur player long before the professionals numbered him among them. He's a very handy man with both bat and ball.

Out of 67 games which he pitched for Oshkosh, in the Western League, Thomas J. Lovett won sixty-two, and Oshkosh took the pennant for 1887. He pitched for Omaha in 1888, and then Brooklyn got him. Lovett is 28 years old, a native of Providence, and has played with minor league nines in Willimantic, Waterbury, Newburyport, Lynn and Bridgeport. The season of '88 he divided between the Providence Grays and the Athletics.

Tom Burns, Brooklyn's right fielder, was born, like Tom Daly, in Philadelphia. He has had a varied experience in ball playing, and has come out of it a stiff, ready, unselfish, good-hearted player, always full of ginger and always where he should be when needed. The Shibe Club, of Philadelphia, the amateur champions of 1885, first gave Burns the chance to show his mettle. He then played the outfield. In 1881 he was with the Keystones, and part of 1882 with the Atlantic City team, pitching and playing the field. The latter part of 1882 he pitched for Baltimore. In 1883 he was with Harrisburg, of the Interstate League, as a pitcher, and a portion of '84 with Wilmington, but, refusing to follow Wilmington into the Union Association, he again signed with Baltimore, playing short the balance of the season and part of 1885.

TOM KINSLOW. CON DAILEY.

Being released by Baltimore, he went to Newark, and during that and the ensuing season materially helped the "Little Giants" to win two successive championships. In 1887 he again returned to Baltimore, and remained there until August, 1888, when, after a long pending negotiation, Brooklyn secured him.

Con Dailey, already referred to as one of the men from Ward's Wonders of '90, is a Massachusetts lad, born in '64, and played out in Hoosierville, alias Indianapolis, before being imported to the City of Churches. He is tall enough to be always cool-headed, and besides being an excellent backstop and a power at the bat is a good utility man for his team.

Thomas Kinslow, also of Brooklyn Players League Club memory, helped by his phenomenal work as a catcher, to give that team its nickname of "Wonders." He is a Washingtonian by birth, and as he was one of Erastus Wiman's old Metropolitans he should have been secured to Brooklyn when that team went thither by purchase in 1887. Instead, he got into the International League and played a brilliant game at London, Ont., in 1889.

TOM DALY. ROBERT CARUTHERS.

There is still another of the ex-Wonders, now with President Byrne's team, to be accounted for, and that is George E. Hemming. This young pitcher (for he is but twenty-two years old) was "discovered" by Al Johnson, and began his Players' League career in Cleveland. He was soon transferred to strengthen the Brooklyn nine, and strengthen it he did, as the Giants more than once discovered when he pitched against them. Hemming was born at Carrolltown, O.

Stern fate has decreed that Michael Griffin should be left until the last in this sketch. He is by no means last, however, in counting the country's best outfielders by their order of merit, and it was a happy day for President Byrne when he could say "Griffin is mine." Mike was born in Utica in '67, and helped the Uticas win an International League pennant nineteen years later. Since then he has adorned the Baltimore team and the Philadelphia Players' League aggregation. He fell to Brooklyn this year under the general shifting of arrangements resulting from the various baseball settlements.

# DEATH OF CHARLES L. WEBSTER.

### Mark Twain's Publishing Partner Passes Away at Fredonia.

Charles L. Webster, the senior member of the publishing house of C. L. Webster & Co., of which Samuel L. Clemens, better known as "Mark Twain," is a member, is dead at the age of about forty-five years. Mr. Webster died at his home in Fredonia, in Western New York, yesterday.

At the publishing house, 3 East Fourteenth street, no word had been received this morning regarding Mr. Webster's death, though it was said that he had been ill for some weeks. Indeed, he has not visited New York in four months.

Charles L. Webster and Mr. Clemens became partners in 1884, and published "Personal Memoirs of Gen. Grant" at an immense profit—$50,000 going to the widow of Grant as her 70 per cent. share of the profits.

Mark Twain's later works have been published by the firm. In 1887 Mr. Webster visited Home and arranged for the publication of a life of the Pope. It was a great success, and Pope Leo knighted Mr. Webster, which gave him the right to the title, "Sir Charles L. Webster."

# ROSA'S DEADLY STILETTO.

### Newark's Stabbing Affray Will Lead to a Murder Trial.

John Bulger, who was stabbed last night by the Italian Michael Rosa, was still alive at noon, but the doctors say his wound is fatal.

Bulger, with John Powers, John and Thomas Williams and two girls, was sitting on the stoop of 24 Drift street, when four Italians passed. One of the girls called out "There go the Guineas," and Rosa pursued her, stiletto in hand. John Powers seized Rosa, and the Italian stabbed him in the abdomen. Powers is badly injured, but not mortally. Rosa is in jail.

### Katie Keegan's Hard Fall.

Katie Keegan, twenty-nine years old of 1490 First avenue, fell on the sidewalk in front of her home to-day, and was sent to the Presbyterian Hospital suffering from concussion of the brain.

Spring Medicine

Is so important that everybody knows its necessity and value. And there is nothing so popular and so successful for the purpose, as

Hood's Sarsaparilla

# IN THE DRAG-NET.

(Continued from First Page.)

the women especially are stirred up about him. If he were seen it would create a riot."

CLUE IN BROOKLYN.

It is said that Frenchy No. 2 at one time kept a fruit stand in Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, and that he lived somewhere near Front and Adams streets.

The police are investigating these reports and working up the Brooklyn end of the case with as much care and patience as they are manifesting in this city, and no loophole of escape for the murderer is being left unwatched.

There are so many people who answer the description of the suspected man that it is natural for many arrests to be made, and the activity of the police is shown by the frequency with which prisoners are brought in at the various stations all over town and compelled to give an account of themselves.

Any man with a long nose and yellow mustache, standing about five feet nine inches and wearing dark clothes and a battered black Derby, is liable to arrest.

THREE SUSPECTS SET FREE.

Two men were arrested yesterday, one in City Hall Park and the other at the dock of the "Red D" line of steamers at the foot of Market street. Both of them, however, were discharged last night, according to Capt. O'Connor, as nothing could be proved against them, and they could not be identified by Mary Miniter.

It was stated that the man arrested at the "Red D" line dock was a sailor on the Philadelphia, which is now lying at the wharf there.

The first officer of the Philadelphia said this morning that this was not so. The man had been arrested on the dock by some detectives who had followed him down there and had nothing to do with the vessel.

His attention was first attracted by the crowd which gathered when the arrest was made. He said he had never seen the man before and did not know what he was doing there on the dock.

He afterwards learned, he said, that the police had let the man go.

Acting Inspector McLoughlin came to Oak Street Station at 9 o'clock this morning and retired to Capt. O'Connor's private room. He remained there all the morning directing the movements of the detectives from the Central Office, who are as thick as bees in the precinct.

They were coming and going all the morning, and the same air of mystery prevailed in regard to their movements as at any time during the past three days.

SOME OF THE HAWKSHAWS.

Among the more prominent Central Office men who are on the case to-day are Detective Sergeants Von Gerichten, Michael Crowley, Frink, McCluskey, McNaught and Michael Lyman.

Secret consultations were held during the forenoon in Capt. O'Connor's private office, and every man had instructions to say nothing whatever to reporters about the case.

SURE SHE WAS CARRIE BROWN.

There is now no doubt that the murdered woman, who was known both as "Shakespeare" and "Jeff Davis," was Carrie Brown, whose antecedents the police have succeeded in tracing, and have found that she formerly lived a respectable life in Salem, Mass.

She was born in Liverpool in 1832, her maiden name being Carrie Montgomery. She came to America as a child and married Capt. James Brown, a sailor. They went to live at Salem, Mass. Here she became a church member. She had three children. Ten years after her marriage she took to drink and came to New York, where she sank lower and lower. Capt. Brown died of fever off the African coast in 1879.

Shortly after 11 o'clock Capt. McLaughlin left the Oak street station in company with Detective Sergt. Von Gerichten and started off down in the direction of Cherry Hill.

They were afterwards seen in South Street in the vicinity of Catharine slip.

PERHAPS NOT FRENCHY NO. 2.

Capt. O'Connor also took a short excursion with Ward Detective Doran and returning within a quarter of an hour. No arrests were made up to noon that were reported at the Oak street station, and neither Chief Inspector Byrnes nor Inspector Williams had put in an appearance.

It is said that the police are working on other clues than the one which has been furnished by the acquaintances of Frenchy No. 2.

The statement has been made that in spite of the brutal and desperate character of the suspected man, the butchery was too fiendish for any one excepting a crazy man to have committed.

If Frenchy wanted to kill one of his dissolute companions he would have been more likely to beat her brains out with a club than to carve her up with a knife after the elaborate manner of "Jack the Ripper."

It is even suggested that Inspector Byrnes may have employed the story of the mysterious Frenchy No. 2, the alleged cousin of the man who is now held at the House of Detention, simply as a foil to turn away attention from the real object of his search.

The theory that the murderer of "Old Shakespeare" is really an insane person with a homicidal mania is held by many, and is justified to a certain extent by the facts of the case.

Such a maniac is usually tricky and crafty to the extreme, and the fact that the murderer has eluded arrest and so successfully baffled every effort on the part of the police to trace him, is one of the indications which point to the truth of this theory.

THE BODY AT THE MORGUE.

Among the rows of ghastly coffins that lined the four walls of the main room of the Morgue this morning was the plain wooden box containing the body of the murdered woman, Carrie Brown.

The lid of the rude coffin was loose, and a small card tacked on the outside told the name and pedigree of the occupant.

The features had been much disfigured as a result of the minute and searching autopsy made by Deputy Coroner Jenkins Saturday afternoon.

The body was dressed in the same clothing that accompanied it to the Morgue, and unless some relative or other authorized claimant appears it will be consigned to a grave in the Potter's Field on Hart's Island.

Morgue-Keeper White was kept busy all day yesterday, exposing the contracted face of the dead woman to the gaze of would-be identifiers and alleged acquaintances, who flocked thither in large numbers. There were several applicants this morning for permission to look at the body.

One was a woman, accompanied by a little girl, who said she was convinced that the murdered woman was her mother-in-law. She had read the description in a newspaper, and felt sure that it was her mother-in-law, who had disappeared two years ago.

Mr. White questioned the woman very closely, and she became satisfied that Carrie Brown was not the one she sought.

Keeper White said to an EVENING WORLD reporter that he should keep the body at the Morgue until Thursday, if decomposition did not make too much headway.

SCENE AT OAK STREET STATION.

The printed statements that the woman had a daughter in Salem, Mass., Mr. White said, had made him decide to keep the body as long as its condition would permit.

If by Thursday afternoon the body is unclaimed it will be forwarded to Hart's Island with the regular consignment of unclaimed dead.

ANOTHER ARREST IN BROOKLYN.

The Brooklyn police, who are still hard at work to catch Carrie Brown's murderer, made another search of the lodging-houses in the Second Precinct this morning and at 125 Furman street arrested another man on suspicion of being the man whom Inspector Byrnes is so anxious to find.

The man gave his name as Neils Hausen, 27 years old, and said he was born in Sweden.

He said he had been employed as a waiter, but at present is out of a situation. On the night of the murder, he said, he was in New York, and slept in a lodging-house in the Bowery.

"THAT'S NOT THE MAN."

Inspector Byrnes was notified and at 9 o'clock Detective-Sergt. McAuley, accompanied by Mary Miniter, went over to Brooklyn and called at the station-house. Hansen was brought out and as soon as the woman saw him she said: "That is not the man." Hansen was then released.

BYRNES'S CURIOUS DENIALS.

Inspector Byrnes was seen at Police Headquarters to-day, and said that there was no truth whatever in the report printed in every New York paper yesterday as to his declaration that a cousin of "Frenchy" was the murderer.

"Such a statement," said Inspector Byrnes, "was never made." He also denied that there had been an arrest on the Red D line steamer dock.

These denials are regarded as very curious in view of the fact that all the reports agreed in stating that Capt. McLaughlin read the original written statement at the Oak street station house in Inspector Byrnes's presence.

Officers of the steamship Philadelphia insisted that the arrest took place.

M'LAUGHLIN'S MIDDAY HUNT.

A sudden exit of Capt. McLaughlin from the Oak street station at 11.45 was attributed to a similar action on the part of a small, plainly dressed woman with red hair and a bonnet covered with flashy, gay-colored roses, just a few minutes before.

The woman walked rather rapidly towards South street, down Roosevelt street, and Capt. McLaughlin followed her closely.

Detective Crowley emerged from the station in another moment and hurried after Capt. McLaughlin.

Another and another detective hastened out and did likewise, all the detectives going in the same direction.

The reporters followed suit, and traced the officers to South street, where the trail was lost, both detectives and woman disappearing as mysteriously as they had started out.

It was evident from their actions that the police were in quest of a seaman, as their every move seemed to be directed towards the river front.

Whether another clue had been unearthed it was impossible to ascertain, as every detective was as mum as an oyster, and the appearance of a reporter was the signal for each and all of the detectives to disappear.

It is believed that a clue was discovered, however, and that Detective Frink's hurried departure was to Headquarters to acquaint Inspector Byrnes of the particulars.

ANOTHER FALSE ARREST.

Henry Weissman, a cigar-maker thirty years old, living at 26 Meserole street, Brooklyn, was arrested Saturday night for drunkenness, and yesterday was sent to Raymond Street Jail.

A resemblance to the man wanted by Inspector Byrnes was detected in Weissman, and this morning he was brought before Supt. Campbell, who sent for Detective Sergeant McCloskey, of Inspector Byrnes's staff.

McCloskey went over, taking Mary Miniter along; but after looking at the man and asking him a few questions, they decided he was not the "Ripper," and he was sent back to jail.

# DR. ROBINSON DEAD.

### Apoplexy Claims One of Auburn's Best-Known Citizens.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

AUBURN, N. Y., April 27.—Dr. Horatio Robinson, the well-known homœopathist physician of this city, died suddenly this morning of apoplexy.

Dr. Robinson was sixty-one years old. He was the son of Dr. Horatio Robinson, who died at a very advanced age, five years ago. The Robinsons, father and son, were leaders in society for sixty years, and at the annual charity ball for many years and down to a few months before his death, the elder Robinson led the cotillon, assisted by a set made up of aged men and beautiful belles.

# WALL ST. STOCK REPORTS.

## Some Notable Advances Mark the Morning Trading in Wall Street.

### Many Dealers Turn Their Profits into Cash.

### This, and London Buying, Force Figures Down After Midday.

The bullish feeling was again in the ascendant in Wall street this morning. Orders poured in upon the brokers from all quarters, and the execution of these led to unusual bustle and excitement in the Stock Exchange.

The bears tried their hand at it soon after the opening, but the market, after yielding fractionally, ran right away from them and some stocks scored substantial advances on the highest figures of last week.

Louisville, New Albany and Chicago led the rise, selling up 2¼ to 29½. Eastern Illinois and P., C., C. & St. Louis preferred each jumped 2 points; Texas Land 1¼ per cent.

Naturally, in a buoyant market, the professionals saw an opportunity of turning paper profits into cash and they were not slow to take advantage of it. The result was that prices reacted a little all around after midday.

At no time since last Spring could the market have absorbed so many stocks as have been fed to it lately with so little effect. The bulls are very confident, as in addition to big crops they have Gould, Depew and other financial lights talking in a hopeful strain about the situation.

The sum of $560,000 gold has been taken for export to Europe, by Lazard Freres.

In the afternoon trading the stock market was weakened by the continued large sales for London account.

The foreigners, it was estimated, parted with something like 35,000 to 40,000 shares of various stocks, including St. Paul, Union Pacific, Erie, Louisville & Nashville and Northern Pacific preferred.

The sold-out bulls and the chronic bears saw in this liquidation a chance to depress the market, which was not neglected, and they hammered away at the list with rather more success than usual.

The decline in prices from the highest point of the day ranged from ½ to 1½ per cent.

The sales at the New York Stock Exchange were 386,693 shares of listed stock, 165,000 ounces of silver, and 5,000 barrels of Pennsylvania oil.

### Closing Quotations.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Clos. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amer. Sugar Ref. | 90¼ | 91⅛ | 88 | 88¼ |
| Amer. Sugar Ref. pref. | 92 | 92 | 91¼ | 91¼ |
| American Cotton Oil | 28⅝ | 28¾ | 27⅝ | 28½ |
| Amer. Cotton Oil pref. | 52¼ | 52 | 51 | 51 |
| Amer. Cotton Oil T. Rec. | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 26½ | 27⅛ |
| Atch., Top. & Santa Fe. | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | 33½ | 33⅝ |
| Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts. | 97½ | 97½ | 97 | 97 |
| Buff., Roch. & Pitts. pf. | 79¼ | 79¼ | 79 | 79 |
| Canadian Pacific | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 |
| Canada Southern | 62⅛ | 62⅛ | 62 | 62 |
| Central Pacific | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19 | 19 |
| Chesapeake & Ohio 1st pr | 55¼ | 55⅝ | 55⅝ | 55⅝ |
| Chesapeake & O. 2d pref. | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | 33 | 33 |
| Chicago Gas | 61⅝ | 61⅝ | 59⅝ | 59⅝ |
| Chicago, Bur. & Quincy | 99 | 99½ | 99⅛ | 99⅛ |
| Chicago & Alton | 124⅝ | 124⅝ | 124⅛ | 124⅛ |
| Chicago & Northwest | 111 | 111 | 109⅝ | 109⅝ |
| Chic., Mil. & St. Paul | 64⅝ | 64⅝ | 63⅝ | 63⅝ |
| Chic., Mil. & St. Paul pref | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 |
| Chic., Rock Is. & Pac. | 79⅞ | 80 | 78⅛ | 78⅛ |
| Chic. & Eastern Ill. | 67 | 67 | 66 | 66 |
| Chic. & Eastern Ill. pref. | 96 | 96⅛ | 96 | 96⅛ |
| Clev., Cin., Chic. & St. L. | 65⅝ | 65⅝ | 64⅝ | 64⅝ |
| Clev., Cin., Chic. & St. L. pd | 93⅛ | 93⅛ | 93⅛ | 93⅛ |
| Col. & Hock. Val. | 26 | 26⅛ | 26 | 26⅛ |
| Colorado Coal & Iron | 38⅝ | 38⅞ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ |
| Del., Lack. & West. | 138⅝ | 138⅝ | 137⅛ | 137⅛ |
| Denver & Rio Grande | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| Den. & Rio Grande pref. | 60⅛ | 60⅛ | 63⅛ | 60⅛ |
| Des. & Cattle Feed | 47⅛ | 47⅛ | 47 | 47⅛ |
| Edison Gen. elec. | 96⅛ | 96⅛ | 96⅛ | 96⅛ |
| E. Tenn., Va. & Ga. | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ |
| Evansville & T. H. | 125⅛ | 125 | 123⅛ | 125 |
| Green. Nor. pfd. | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Illinois Central | 102⅛ | 102⅛ | 102 | 102 |
| Iowa Central | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ |
| Lake Shore | 112⅛ | 112⅛ | 111⅛ | 112 |
| Lake Erie & West | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ |
| Lake Erie & W. pfd. | 69⅝ | 61 | 60⅛ | 60⅛ |
| Long Island | 92⅛ | 92⅛ | 92⅛ | 92⅛ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 81⅝ | 81⅝ | 79⅝ | 79⅝ |
| Louis., N. A. & Chi. | 28 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 28 |
| Manhattan Consol. | 107⅛ | 107⅛ | 107⅛ | 107⅛ |
| Mex. Cent. | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ |
| Mil., L. S. & West. pfd. | 104⅝ | 104⅝ | 104⅝ | 104⅝ |
| Minneapolis & St. Louis | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ |
| Missouri Pacific | 73⅝ | 73⅝ | 72⅝ | 72⅝ |
| Mobile & Ohio | 40⅝ | 40⅝ | 40 | 40 |
| Mo., Kan. & Tex. pref. | 24 | 24⅛ | 24 | 24 |
| Mo., Kan. & Tex. ex. 2d. | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ |
| Nat. Cordage | 90⅛ | 90⅛ | 89⅝ | 89⅝ |
| Nat. Cordage pref. | 105 | 105 | 104⅛ | 104⅛ |
| Nat. Lead | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | 19 | 20 |
| New Central Coal | 11 | 11⅛ | 11 | 11⅛ |
| New Jersey Central | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ |
| New York Central | 103⅝ | 103⅝ | 103⅛ | 103⅛ |
| New York & North. pref. | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| N. Y., New England | 39⅝ | 40⅛ | 39⅛ | 39⅛ |
| N. Y., Chic. & St. L. | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ |
| N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pfd. | 30 | 30 | 29⅛ | 29⅛ |
| N. Y., Lake Erie & West. | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ |
| N. Y., L. E. & West. pfd. | 56 | 56 | 55⅛ | 55⅛ |
| N. Y., Susq. & West. | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ |
| N. Y., Susq. & West. pfd. | 33⅝ | 33½ | 32⅛ | 32⅛ |
| Norfolk & West. | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛ |
| Norfolk & West pfd. | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ |
| Northern Pacific | 21⅝ | 22⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ |
| Northern Pacific pfd. | 72 | 72⅛ | 71⅛ | 71⅛ |
| North American | 17⅛ | 18 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ |
| Ohio & Mississippi | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ |
| Ohio Southern | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ |
| Ontario & West | 18 | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| Or. Railway & Navigat. | 77⅛ | 77⅛ | 77 | 77 |
| Oregon Short Line | 29 | 29⅛ | 28⅛ | 29 |
| Pacific Mail | 39⅝ | 39⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ |
| Pipe Line Certificates | 69⅝ | 69⅝ | 69⅝ | 69⅝ |
| Phila. & Reading | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ |
| P., C. C. & St. L. | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| P., C. C. & St. L. pfd. | 83 | 84½ | 83 | 83 |
| P. & Western pref. | 36 | 36⅛ | 36 | 36⅛ |
| Pullman Palace Car Co. | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 |
| Rich. & W. P. Ter. | 18⅝ | 19 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ |
| Rio Grande W. | 39⅝ | 40 | 39⅝ | 40 |
| Rio G., Western pfd. | 72 | 73 | 72 | 73 |
| St. Paul & Omaha | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| St. Paul & Duluth | 31 | 32 | 31 | 32 |
| St. Paul & Duluth pref. | 92⅛ | 92⅛ | 92 | 92 |
| St. P., M. & Manitoba | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| Silver Certificates | 97⅛ | 97⅛ | 97⅛ | 97⅛ |
| Southern Pacific | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 22 | 22 |
| Texas Land | 18⅛ | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19⅛ |
| Texas Pacific | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| Tenn. Coal & Iron | 37 | 37 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ |
| Tol., Ann Arbor & N. M. | 18 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ |
| Union Pacific | 51⅛ | 51⅛ | 50⅛ | 50⅛ |
| Union Pac., D. & G. | 22⅛ | 24 | 22⅝ | 24⅝ |
| Wabash | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 10⅝ | 11 |
| Wabash pref. | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| Western Union tel. | 82⅝ | 82⅝ | 82 | 82 |
| Wheeling & Lake Erie | 36⅛ | 37 | 36 | 36⅛ |
| Wheeling & Lake Erie pf. | 78⅛ | 79 | 77⅝ | 78⅛ |
| Wisconsin Central | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅛ | 21⅝ |

### Mining Stocks.

The following are the closing quotations of mining stocks at the Consolidated Exchange to-day:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alice | 1.65 | 2.00 | Mono | .60 | — |
| Belcher | .01 | .03 | Monitor | — | .05 |
| Aspen | 4.00 | 5.00 | Mt. Diablo | 1.80 | — |
| Breese | .35 | — | Navajo | .80 | .85 |
| Bruneson | .09 | .10 | North Star | — | 8.00 |
| B'm'n G'ld | .45 | .47 | Nevada Qu. | .40 | — |
| Cal. & H. | .75 | .95 | N. C'm'n'h | .70 | 1.00 |
| Chrysolite | .20 | — | Ontario | 38.00 | 40.00 |
| Com'nw'lth | .70 | — | Ophir | 6.00 | — |
| Con. T. Os. | | | Orient & M. | — | .08 |
| Stock | .20 | — | Plymouth | 1.90 | 2.00 |
| Bonds | 85.00 | — | Pt. Arsenal | .47 | — |
| Scrip | 35.00 | — | Rapp'n'ck | .01 | — |
| Dunkin | .60 | — | Savage | 3.00 | — |
| Deadwood | 1.10 | — | Sierra Nev. | 3.00 | — |
| Eureka con. | 3.75 | — | Standard | 1.20 | 2.00 |
| F. De Smet | .40 | .54 | Stormont | — | .08 |
| Homestake | 8.75 | — | Santiago | — | .50 |
| Horn Silver | 3.50 | — | Sanchez | — | .10 |
| Hulpoka | — | .03 | Silver Cord | .25 | .35 |
| Iron Silver | 1.00 | — | Silv'r M. Co | — | — |
| Iron Hill | — | .40 | of Lake V. | — | 1.00 |
| La Cronse | — | .08 | Steshone | .01 | .05 |
| Leadville co | — | .12 | Tiger | — | .50 |
| Little Chief | .31 | .34 | Union con. | 3.50 | — |
| Mexican | 4.00 | — | Ward con. | .30 | — |
| Moulton | .20 | .40 | | | |

# DISS DEBAR'S DAUGHTERS.

### The General Trying to Get Them Away from the Children's Society.

Judge O'Brien, in Supreme Court Chambers, to-day, heard argument upon the application of "Gen." Diss Debar, for an order requiring the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to disclose the whereabouts of his two children, Jule and Alice, and to permit him to see them.

The girls were committed to the care of the Society at the time of Ann O'Delia's trouble with Luther R. Marsh.

Lawyer John D. Townsend appeared for Diss Debar and Elbridge T. Gerry for the Society.

Decision was reserved.

# CITY NEWS TERSELY TOLD.

## To-Day's Record of Minor Happenings About Town.

**New Haven Directors to Demur.**

Lawyer John M. Bowers appeared before Presiding Justice Van Brunt, sitting for Judge Barrett in the Court of Oyer and Terminer this morning, and in behalf of the indicted New Haven Railroad directors said he was going to demur to the indictment and ask to have the fifth and seventh counts set aside. Argument was set down for Friday.

**Swindled by an Old Flim-Flam Game.**

Salvator