Last week—Herald ads., 14,867; WORLD ads., 18,741.

On Popularity's Top Wave.

That's where "World" Real-Estate Index advertisements sit.

The BROOKLYN EVENING EDITION World.

The Weather To Morrow—Clearing, Cold.

CHAFF WINNOWED OUT.

The advertisements in "The World's" Real-Estate Index are pure grain.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1892. PRICE ONE CENT

BROOKLYN EDITION OF THE EVENING WORLD---ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION.

WHOSE STOCK IS IT?

This Query the Key to Brooklyn's "L" Scandal.

Bearing of the Barrett Suit on the New East River Bridge.

Mr. Uhlmann Denies that He Is Seeking the "L" Road's Presidency.

While the lawyers and the principals on both sides of the fight in the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn "L" road are doing a large amount of talking, they are giving the public very little definite information in regard to the wholesale charges of bribery and corruption which have been set afloat.

The main issue seems to be, who is the real owner of the 23,790 shares of "L" stock which now stand in the name of Lawyer Anthony Barrett as trustee?

Mr. Hall, who is trying the suit to have the shares cancelled, and the friends of President Putnam say openly that they suspect the real owners of the stock to be members of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen of 1886.

They have not yet mentioned any particular names, and from all that has been said it seems that they are not able to point out the alleged bribe-takers, so that the suspicion rests more or less strongly upon every member of that Board who voted for the Union franchise in 1886.

Mr. Hall now intimates that the suspected Aldermen may never have received a share of the stock at present controlled by Trustee Barrett, but he declares that this is not inconsistent with the theory that several of them have an interest in it.

"It would not do," he says, "for them to hold the stock in their own names, and they will undoubtedly use every means to prevent us from finding out whom Mr. Barrett represents.

"It certainly looks very queer, however, that more than $2,000,000 of the Company's stock should be issued to unknown persons and that there should be no record in the books of the Company that a single dollar was ever paid for it.

"When the members of the Board deny that they ever saw a share of the stock they may be speaking the truth, but that does not prevent them from having a very lively interest in the matter when it comes to a question of cancelling this particular block of stock which Laywer Barrett holds in trust."

When it comes to saying anything more definite than this Mr. Hall "is not there," although he promises to make a tremendous sensation when the matter finally comes before the court.

ONLY GENERAL DENIALS.

From the people on the other side nothing but general denials can be obtained. Mr. Barrett, who is ill at his home, is guarded by a watchful sentinel, and has thus far contributed nothing whatever to the controversy. His friends in the Uhlmann party, and the lawyers who represent him, however, declare that he absolutely owns the stock which stands in his name; that he came by it in a perfectly legitimate manner, and assert that his right to vote upon it has never before been questioned.

They declare with the utmost confidence that when the matter comes before the courts for adjudication it can be shown conclusively that there was nothing crooked about the issuing of this stock; that it was held by Mr. Barrett when the Union and Brooklyn roads consolidated, in 1890, and that President Putnam himself signed the certificate now held by Mr. Barrett without the slighest hesitation or question.

Gen. George W. Wingate, partner of the late Henry J. Cullen, jr., and one of the supporters of the Uhlmann faction, returned last night from a visit to Washington. He says that the whole proceeding is simply a desperate attempt on the part of the present officers of the road to perpetuate themselves in power.

CALLS IT A SNAP INJUNCTION.

"The injunction restraining Mr. Barrett from voting on his stock and the application that the Court order it to be cancelled was a snap affair," he declares, "and was only resorted to by the minority on the eve of the annual election when it was seen that their defeat was imminent.

"The majority of the stockholders are clearly opposed to Mr. Putnam's management and want a change. The proceeding was a most unusual one and is not above suspicion. We are content to let matters remain as they are until the case comes up in court, when the truth will be shown."

RELATION OF THE "L" TO THE NEW BRIDGE.

AS THE EVENING WORLD has already stated, the fact has leaked out that one reason why the Putnam faction is so determined to defeat Mr. Uhlmann's aspirations for the Presidency is that its members believe that if he and his friends are in power they will use the "L" road stock and bonds to bolster up the new East River Bridge scheme, in which they are known to be interested.

Although experts say that the cost of the new bridge should not be more than $15,000,000, it is said that the issuing of $25,000,000 of bonds has been authorized, and it is claimed that there is another big deal under way here also.

The opponents of Mr. Uhlmann do not hesitate to say that they suspect some deep financial jugglery in this direction, and that if the "L" road gets mixed up in the deal the stockholders, at least those of them who do not get in on the ground floor of the bridge scheme, will be left out in the cold.

MR. UHLMANN MAKES DENIALS.

"This," says Mr. Uhlmann, "is all bosh. In the first place, I have never sought to become the President of the "L" road. I don't want the office. I have no time to attend to its duties. I have all I can manage in looking after the bridge matter.

"The bridge which I am going to build will increase the value of the 'L' property about 500 per cent. That doesn't look as if I was scheming to wreck the road, does it?"

Mr. Uhlmann said that while President of the Union "L" road he signed every certificate of stock that was issued; but declared that he knew of no stock that had been issued to Brooklyn Aldermen.

DON'T KNOW WHAT BARRETT PAID.

He didn't remember what Anthony Barrett paid for the stock he held or whether he paid anything at all for it.

"What should I know about it?" he inquired "Go and see the Treasurer or the books of the Company if you want to find out. If he didn't pay for his stock then the people who have brought these proceedings are moving in a queer way to get satisfaction.

"Why don't they sue me for the face value of the stock, if they think I issued it to him without consideration? I certainly signed the certificates held by Mr. Barrett, representing stock in the Union 'L' Company, for I was President at the time. It is safe to say that I did so on good authority."

ALL INVOLVED IN HAZE.

What that authority might have been Mr. Uhlmann declined to say, and so far as the public is concerned the whole matter is in the same hazy and unsubstantial condition as before.

People who would like, and have a right to know whether or not Brooklyn Aldermen accepted bribes to the amount of two and a quarter millions when they granted the Union "L" franchise, will, it seems likely, be obliged to restrain their curiosity until March 28, when Mr. Hall and his friends will appear in court to substantiate, if they can, their charges.

Whether the explosion, which is then promised, will come up to the volcanic proportions laid down in the Hall programme, remains to be seen.

$25,000 TO KILL JUDGE TERRY.

Offer Said to Have Been Made to a California Ex-Sheriff.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

FRESNO, Cal., March 16.—A small safe in Sarah Althea Terry's house here was blown open yesterday by her friends, and papers and letters secured which bear on the Sharon case and the alleged conspiracy to murder Judge Terry.

One of the letters found stated that the writer was formerly Sheriff of one of the counties of this State, and that two months before Terry was killed he was offered $25,000 by certain parties, whose names he could not then reveal, to kill Judge Terry.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—When the guardian appointed to look after the person and property of Sarah Althea Terry commenced an inventory he found under carpets in various portions of the house gold coin, paper money, jewelry and many diamonds, both set and unset.

Among the jewels found are those Mrs. Terry claimed had been stolen from her.

CLAASSEN TO THE PENITENTIARY

The Convicted Bank-Wrecker to Go to the Erie Prison in a Few Days.

It was announced at Ludlow Street Jail this morning that Peter J. Claassen, the convicted bank-wrecker, would be removed to the Erie County penitentiary in a few days. The mandate of the United States Supreme Court affirming the decision of the lower court has arrived, and an order will be filed Friday making the judgment final.

Claassen's term of imprisonment is six years He and James A. Simmons were convicted for trying to wreck the Sixth National Bank Simmons is also in Ludlow Street Jail awaiting removal to the Erie penitentiary.

NEW YORK MAY GET KELLY.

A Baseball Deal with Boston Likely to Be Put Through.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BOSTON, March 16.—J. Walter Spalding, director of the New York League Club, was in Boston yesterday and had a conference with Mike Kelly and President Soden, of the Boston Club, relative to Kelly going with the New York Club this season.

It is stated that the proposed transfer of Kelly is on the table of a player in exchange and a monetary consideration. John Boyle is the man mentioned. It is believed that the deal will go through.

ATLANTIC CITY'S DEADLOCK.

Republicans Refuse to Share Equally in Appointive Offices.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 16.—The new Common Council met last night for organization, and the meeting resulted in a deadlock which bids fair to last a good while. The Councilmen stand equally divided on party lines—nine Republicans and nine Democrats.

The Democrats offered to concede one-half the appointive offices of the borough to the Republicans, but the latter would not accept the proposition. Balloting was kept up until midnight with one unvarying tie. The Council then adjourned.

To Call Republican Primaries.

The Republican County Executive Committee will meet in the *Tribune* building late this afternoon to fix a date for the primaries at which delegates to the State Convention, to be held in Albany April 28, will be elected.

Planters After White Caps.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

JACKSON, Miss., March 16.—Planters in this vicinity are up in arms against a gang of White Caps who gave a negro named Williams 300 lashes and ordered him to leave town. The planters fear the effect on the rest of the colored population.

$ MADE AND SAVED BY THE WORLD'S REAL ESTATE INDEX.

WOMEN'S REFORMATORY BILL.

Is Passed by the State Assembly at Albany To-Day.

No Doubt that It Will Pass the Senate and Be Promptly Signed.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ALBANY, March 16.—The Sulzer bill providing for a reformatory for women in New York or Kings County was taken up and passed by the Assembly to-day.

It makes an appropriation of $100,000 for the purpose named.

No opposition to the bill has developed. It is recognized on all hands as a praiseworthy measure.

It remains for the Senate to act upon the bill before it is submitted for the Governor's signature.

There is no doubt that it will be passed by the upper house and will then promptly receive the Governor's signature.

STAGE CHILDREN'S BILL

The Assembly Passes It and Mr. Gerry Gets a Verbal Whacking.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALBANY, March 16.—The first special order in the Assembly to-day was Stein's bill providing that children shall not appear on the stage in theatrical performances except upon written consent of the Mayor of the city or President of the village where the child resides.

Husted asked if Commodore Gerry favored the bill.

Stein said Mr. Gerry didn't oppose it. He had said that as it now stood it was the best bill that had been introduced and he shouldn't oppose it, knowing a similar law must come some time.

Husted opposed the bill. Sulzer, Southwaite and Webster favored it.

Hill said he had never seen a more humiliating thing in the Legislature than the request for members to vote for or against a bill because Comodore Gerry favored or opposed it.

When various amendments to the penal code came up a few days ago, the Legislature had seen what criminal procedure would come to if Mr. Gerry was to have his own way.

The bill was passed by a vote of, ayes, 75; nays, 32.

LOCAL MEASURES REPORTED.

Important New York and Brooklyn Bills Before the State Senate.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALBANY, March 16.—Bills reported to the Senate to-day from committees:

Plunkitt's Harlem River Bridge bill.

McMahon's bill allowing New York City to spend $225,000 for the north wing of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

Floyd Jones's regulating salaries of Long Island City police.

McCarty's authorizing Brooklyn to establish and maintain a public library ($40,000).

McCarty's for the inspection of Brooklyn dwellings by Fire Commissioners.

SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Bill Against Prison-Made Collars and Cuffs to Become a Law.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALBANY, March 16.—Gov. Flower has signed:

Chap. 130.—Prohibiting the making or laundering of shirts, collars or cuffs in State prisons, except for the use of the prisoners. The law is to take effect July 1 next.

Chap. 131.—Increasing the number of the Trustees of the Grant Monument Association.

Bryant Park City Hall Bill.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALBANY, March 16.—Sulzer's bill allowing new municipal building to be placed in City Hall Park, Bryant Park or elsewhere in New York City has passed the Assembly; ayes 68, noes 24.

EXPECT MORE SNOW.

That Is, if You Still Have Faith in Forecaster Dunn.

Snow began to fall at 5 o'clock this morning, and the storm lasted until noon. The fall measured three inches on a level, but it melted rapidly and there was but a thin coating left on New York's streets when the sun shone through the clouds at midday.

It was but one of several local shows, this city sharing with Philadelphia, Washington, Lynchburg, Knoxville and other towns in the luxury.

At the Government signal station it was predicted that there would be light falls of snow at intervals until to-morrow morning, when clearing weather would begin, though there would be little change in the temperature, which ranged to-day from 20 to 28 degrees.

There is a continuance of the cold weather nearly all over the United States. In this State Albany has 20 degrees, Buffalo and Oswego 14. At Key West it is balmy at 68, and at Winnipeg it is freezing at 22 degrees below zero.

The humidity here is 86 and there is a fog on the bay. The wind is a lazy four to six knot breeze and capricious in its movements.

The snow in town has made business for Commissioner Brennan, of the Street Cleaning Department. The Commissioner came down early and distributed a force of extra men with orders to keep the street crossings clean, and the gutters and the culverts open.

Snowing Along the Lower Hudson.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

NYACK, March 16.—A lively March snowstorm set in along the Lower Hudson this morning, and promises to be deep in the mountains and throughout Rockland County. There is considerable snow still remaining on the ground from the last snowstorm.

An Illinois Bonanza.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

MACOMB, Ill., March 16.—Two farmers in Hire Township, McDonoghue County, were digging a well and struck a lot of rocks. One of the diggers, an old California miner, closely examined the lumps and pronounced them silver of the best quality. A large number of nuggets were found.

BETWEEN THE ACTS & BRAVO, 10c. HALF DIME, 5c., All-Tobacco Cigarettes, are the only brands made by Thos. H. Hall. Estabd 1838. *.*

BRADYCROTINE cured Headaches for W. H. Murrell, Fort White, Fla. 50 cents. *.*

HUNTING THE BOMB-PLACERS.

Paris Police Aroused by the Continued Dynamite Outrages.

Fatal Mine Explosion—General Cable News of the Day.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PARIS, March 16.—The excitement caused by the explosion at the Lobau Barracks yesterday has not yet worn off, and men may be heard talking of the affair in the cafes and wherever the public congregates.

Within a very short time four explosions have occurred in Paris, and in not a single instance have the police found the miscreants who caused them. The barracks of the gendarmes at St. Ouen and the Lobau Barracks were always guarded by sentinels, and yet the Anarchists succeeded in placing their explosives where they wanted.

M. Loubet, the Prime Minister, had long conferences to-day with the Prefect of Police and the magistrates who are conducting the inquiry into yesterday's outrage, and it was decided that the residences of all Anarchists should be searched. Whenever arms, explosives or seditious documents are found the occupiers of the place will be arrested.

The police have an idea that by throwing out a drag-net they may perhaps be able to catch the perpetrators of the outrages.

In accordance with the plan of action decided upon the police to-day took out twenty search warrants, issued chiefly against foreign agitators, and a close search will be made of their residences and belongings.

It is thought that the Anarchists who stole the thirty-two cartridges from the magazine at Chambery will bring them to Paris and attempt further outrages.

The Government has ordered that, in addition to the regular guard, a secret guard be placed at all the public buildings and military posts. As a matter of precaution also, the guards at the Bank of France have been increased.

The approaches to the Palais d'Industrie, where recruiting takes place to-day, are surrounded by gendarmes.

LATER.—Additional search warrants have been issued. Thirty-five lodgings have already been closely examined and five of the occupants have been arrested.

Destitute Women and Children Beg for Relief in Brisbane.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BRISBANE, Queensland, March 16.—Much suffering has been caused by the stagnation in the various industries in this colony, and quite a number of persons are almost on the verge of starvation.

To-day 400 women and children besieged the Labor Bureau in this city, begging for relief. The crush was so great that many of the weaker women in the crowd fainted.

In many cases husbands have left the city and gone into the country seeking work. They have left their families destitute, and the women and children are dependent upon the Government for food to keep them alive.

The Indians Reaches Russia with Food for the Starving.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LIBAU, Russia, March 16.—At 1.35 o'clock this afternoon a steamer was sighted off this port heading in from the westward, and almost immediately afterwards the flag of the United States of America could be distinguished flying from the stern of the vessel.

It was known then for a certainty that the approaching vessel was the Indiana, under the command of Capt. Sargeant, which sailed from Philadelphia for this port on Feb. 22, with a cargo of flour and provisions for the relief of the famine sufferers in Russia.

The Indiana will enter the harbor in a short time.

M. Abeille's Regard for Mrs. Deacon's Youngest Child.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

PARIS, March 16.—The case of Mr. Deacon has been strengthened in public opinion by the fact of M. Abeille having bequeathed his property to Mrs. Deacon's youngest child. It is not believed that the relatives of M. Abeille could succeed in breaking the will should they attempt so to do.

While Mr. Deacon has asserted his paternity of the child in question, there are those who, speaking from a close observation, do not hesitate to express the belief that the will of M. Abeille was the outgrowth of natural affection.

Servant-Girl Murderer Schneider to Be Hanged To-Morrow.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

VIENNA, March 16.—The Emperor has confirmed the sentence of death passed upon Franz Schneider, convicted of decoying servant girls to his home in the suburbs of Vienna and then, with the aid of his wife, Rosalie, outraging and murdering them.

He will be hanged to-morrow.

British Brig Gudrun Lost with Her Crew of Ten Men.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, March 16.—The British brig Gudrun, bound from Fowey, to which port she belonged, has been wrecked on the Shingles off the Isle of Wight.

She had a crew of ten men and all of them were drowned.

Three Austrian Miners Killed by a Colliery Explosion.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

VIENNA, March 16.—An explosion of firedamp occurred to-day in a colliery at Lilienfeld. Three miners were killed and six seriously injured.

Death of the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Edinburgh.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

EDINBURGH, March 16.—The Most Rev. William Smith, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Edinburgh, died to-day.

Cable Brevities.

Senor Uribura declines the Argentine portfolio of Finance. It is believed Senor Saenpena will be elected President of the Republic.

The Tiber inundates the lower part of Rome and interrupts railway communication.

The Deal pilot-boat Walmer Castle was capsized off the Isle of Wight. The crew were lost.

Cumberland and Lancashire miners want to resume work on Monday. Yorkshire and Durham men are still obstinate.

The J. Chr. G. Hupfel Brewing Co.'s MANHATTAN BEER, Malt and Hops only. 229 E. 59th st. *.*

GEN. LITTLEFIELD ON TRIAL.

Mrs. Stephani's Cross-Examination Begun To-Day.

Her Story, in Which She Accuses the Lawyer of Swindling Her.

The trial of Gen. Milton L. Littlefield, who is charged by Mrs. Josephine Stephani with swindling her out of $3,000, was continued to-day before Recorder Smyth in Part I. of the General Sessions.

GEN. MILTON S. LITTLEFIELD.

Gen. Littlefield was Mrs. Stephani's legal adviser in the proceedings taken before the Commission which was appointed to inquire into the mental condition of her only son, Alphonse S. Stephani, who murdered ex-Judge Clinton G. Reynolds in his office May 15, 1890.

She says that Littlefield came to her and offered to "fix" the Commission, and have her son declared insane if she would pay him $1,500. She did this, and afterwards paid to him further sums of $800 and $1,300, at his request, for the same purpose.

In spite of the General's efforts, Stephani was eventually declared sane and was convicted of murder, for which crime he is now serving a life sentence.

The General is a fine-looking old man, tall and rather stout, with an iron-gray chin beard. He is sixty years old, and lived after the war in the South, where he lost his money in railroad enterprises.

He has been in New York about seventeen years and has been known as a contractor and "boomer" or promoter of various financial schemes.

When the proceedings were resumed this morning Mrs. Stephani, who told her story yesterday of how Gen. Littlefield had induced her to give him her money to rescue her son from prison, was recalled to the stand to be cross-examined by Lawyer A. C. Palmer, who is defending the General.

The witness was dressed in deepest mourning, but seemed to be less nervous than when she was on the stand yesterday.

The object of Mr. Palmer's cross-examination was to show that Mrs. Stephani was unreliable, and that she was in the habit of entertaining unjust and absurd suspicions against various persons.

She said that her husband, who died in November, 1888, was attended by Dr. McKenzie.

"Didn't you accuse Dr. McKenzie of killing your husband?" asked the lawyer.

"Yes, I said so to him when I learned from Dr. Janeway that he had made a wrong diagnosis in my husband's case."

"Did you really accuse Dr. McKenzie of killing your husband?" inquired the Recorder.

"Yes. I told him that in so many words."

Mrs. Stephani said that Dr. McKenzie diagnosed her husband's illness as malaria, while Dr. Janeway said it was malaria and typhoid fever.

"Didn't you say once that you would try your best to ruin Dr. McKenzie's reputation professionally?"

"No, never," replied the witness emphatically; "I said that I believed my husband was killed by neglect and wrong treatment, and I believe so yet."

Mrs. Stephani admitted that she had said that the nurse who attended her husband in his last illness had contributed to his death by leaving the window of his room open. "I only said it was done through ignorance," said Mrs. Stephani.

When her son came back from Europe in 1890, she heard from him that he had made a will while in Germany. He told her he had left his property to his uncle and cousin. She said that this information did not distress her.

The witness also denied that she had on one occasion twisted the necktie of Mrs. Foster's son, a Yale College lad, until he was nearly choked, and had said she would like to treat all her enemies in that way. This was testified to by Mrs. Foster yesterday.

She said she firmly believed her son was of unbalanced mind, and had been for several years before he shot Lawyer Reynolds. He was unkind to her, and had frequently struck her. She took him to Europe in 1885 because of these symptoms of mental disturbance.

Mrs. Stephani denied emphatically that she had ever said she was glad her son had killed Lawyer Reynolds because if he had not the latter would have got all her money away from her.

She went to see Mr. Dougherty, the Philadelphia lawyer. She gave him $5,000 as a retainer. One day, she admitted, she had found her brother in Mr. Dougherty's office consulting with him.

"Didn't you say then that you couldn't trust Mr. Dougherty any longer," asked Mr. Palmer, "because your brother was your enemy?"

"I may have said so. I suspected that Mr. Dougherty was not working in my interest."

Among the doctors she consulted were Dr. Chetwood and Dr. Douglas. The former is at the Tombs.

"I asked Dr. Chetwood to take good care of my boy while he was in the Tombs," she said, "and paid him for his services."

Mrs. Stephani described her first interview with Gen. Littlefield, who was introduced to her by Mrs. Foster at the Hotel Lincoln.

He never told her he was a lawyer, but Mrs. Foster had told her this. He said he would do what he could for her. He told her he was acquainted with the District-Attorney and his family physician, Dr. Fleming.

She subsequently paid Dr. Fleming $1,550 for getting a commission, as she understood. He told her he was an expert from the court and had been sent for by Gen. Littlefield.

She said she saw Gen. Littlefield about half a dozen times in all. Mrs. Littlefield was present at some of these interviews, which took place at his apartments at the Lincoln Hotel.

Mr. Palmer got admissions from the witness of conversations with Gen. Littlefield and others, in which she had said that she had paid money with the understanding that it was to secure the appointment of Commissioners in Lunacy, and that she had employed half a dozen or more lawyers to look after her son's interests.

The three checks, for $1,500, $800 and $1,300 respectively, which she paid to Gen. Littlefield, she had paid at his office, 141 Broadway. She took down a blank check and filled it out at his instruction.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford was called to testify to Gen. Littlefield's good character. He had known him since 1863, when they were both members of Gen. Gilmore's staff in the Military Department of the South. Gen. Littlefield had always borne a high reputation for honesty.

Mrs. Stephani resumed the stand. The last time she saw the defendant, she said, was some time before July 17 last at his office. "He didn't say much," she declared. "I did most of the talking."

"You have had Dr. Flemming indicted, haven't you?"

"Yes, I testified before the Grand Jury against him."

Recess was then taken.

TONY HART'S WIDOW'S WILL.

Settlement Is Made with Contestants, and It Is Admitted to Probate.

The contest over the will of Gertrude Evelyn Cannon, the wife of Tony Hart, was compromised to-day and objections to the probate of the will were withdrawn.

Mrs. Cannon died March 13, 1890, leaving a will which she executed Jan. 20 of that year. In that will she made no mention of her husband, Tony Hart, who was then in an insane asylum in Massachusetts, but made several bequests to friends and relatives and gave the residue of the estate to her foster brother, John Monahan, and a nephew, Anthony Hart Athy.

The will was contested in behalf of her insane husband, Tony Hart, upon the ground of undue influence, and because it was an unreasonable document, precluding him from any disposition in her estate, the greater part of which came from him.

Pending the contest Tony Hart died in the asylum, but the contest was continued in the name of his father, Anthony Cannon, sr., who is over eighty years of age and in very feeble health.

The contest was called for trial to-day before Surrogate Ransom. Col. Robert G. Ingersoll appeared to sustain the will, and the contestant was represented by Civil Justice Clancy.

Judge Clancy announced to the Surrogate that the contest had been compromised for a reasonable consideration.

There is still pending litigation over the balance of a benefit fund that was raised for Tony Hart some time before he died.

A WOUNDED WOMAN IN A HALL.

She Says a Barkeeper Assaulted Her, but Her Story Is Fishy.

A woman bleeding from a deep cut in her hand was found lying in the hallway of the Gotham Club, No. 24 East Fifty-ninth street, at 4 o'clock this morning.

The woman gave her name as Lena Dreyfuss, her age as twenty-nine and her residence at 224 East Fifty-sixth street.

She told Policeman Quinlan that she had been enticed into the hallway by the barkeeper of the Club. She resisted him, and he drew a knife and attempted to stab her. In warding off the blow her hand was cut.

Lena Dreyfuss is not known at the address given. At the Gotham Club it was said the barkeeper did not report for duty until night. It was not known where he lived.

The police do not believe the woman's story.

M'COMBS DAM BRIDGE AWARD.

It Will Be Built by the Passaic Company for $1,102,541.80.

The Park Board to-day awarded the contract for building the new McComb's Dam Bridge across the Harlem River to the Passaic Rolling Mill Company, of Paterson, N. J., which was the lowest of the six bidders for the work.

The bid of the Company is to build the bridge for $1,102,531.80, which is $48,000 less than the estimate of the next lowest bidder, the Union Bridge Company, of this city.

It was decided to build the sub-structure of the bridge and its approaches of the best quality of granite.

Fell Off a Railroad Trestle.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

PORT CHESTER, March 16.—Thomas McDonnell, who fell from the railroad trestle at King street a little after midnight this morning, is in a dying condition at the Emergency Hospital. He is a stonecutter by occupation.

Unconscious Since Sunday.

An unknown man, about thirty years old, has been in the Harlem Hospital, dangerously hurt and unconscious, since Sunday night, when he was run down by a Northern Railroad train at Morris Heights. He is likely to die. He wore a cutaway coat and a vest of dark material, brown trousers and a derby hat.

Arthur Bock is a Bad Boy.

Arthur Bock, ten years old, of 96 First avenue, threw a stone through the $75 plate glass window of Henry Schmidt, 76 Avenue A. At Essex Market Police Court this morning Arthur was held for trial on a charge of malicious mischief.

Weather Forecast.

Till 8 A. M. Thursday: Light snow; dense fog; stationary temperature; northerly winds. For Thursday: Clearing in the morning, fair during the day; stationary temperature. For Friday: Generally fair; stationary temperature.

Changes in the temperature as indicated by the thermometer at Perry's Pharmacy:

3 A. M....24 | 6 A. M....23 | 9 A. M....25 | 12 M....26

"Tiger Head Brand" Robert Smith India Pale Ale and Brown Stout. Superior to any imported. Sold by all dealers. *.*

PEACE IS GOLDEN.

SAVED FROM FIRE BY A DOG.

His Barking Aroused Miss Endel to Her Danger.

Mr. Woolf Endel, a wealthy Walker street merchant, is suffering to-day from serious burns received during the progress of a fire last night in his home at 333 West Fifty-fifth street. Mrs. Endel and her daughter, Miss Matilda, were slightly injured at the same time. All three owe their lives to a pet dog.

Mr. Endel is in the hosiery business with his two sons, Charles and Jacob, at 52 Walker street. They live in a well-appointed brown-stone house on West Fifty-fifth street.

Miss Endel's room is on the fourth story front. About 10.30 last night she was awakened by her pet dog barking. Sitting up in bed she saw that one of the lace curtains on the windows had taken fire from the gas jet.

She sprang out of bed and pulled the burning curtain down. One end of it fell across her left arm, setting the sleeve of her nightgown on fire. She screamed for help and grabbing the bedclothes wrapped them around her, smothering the flames in her garments.

Mr. and Mrs. Endel, on the floor below, heard their daughter's cries and ran upstairs. The room was by that time quite full of smoke, and the flames had communicated to another curtain. Mr. Endel was barefooted and in a nightshirt. He tore the burning curtain down and it fell over him, setting his shirt on fire.

Mrs. Endel ran to her husband's assistance, and, in tearing his blazing garment off, was burned about the hands. Meantime the flames had licked up to his neck and face, burning him terribly.

The carpet had become ignited, and the flames were spreading rapidly when Mrs. Endel and her daughter caught Mr. Endel, and, half-blinded by smoke, dragged him from the room.

One of the servants sent in an alarm, and the fire was finally extinguished by firemen. The loss to furnishings does not exceed $1,000.

Dr. Harnie Dew, of No. 252 West Fifty-fourth street, is attending Mr. Endel, and reports his condition as serious. He was burned in both arms and feet and in the face and neck. Mrs. Endel was slightly burned on the face, neck and hands, and Miss Endel had her left arm burned and her face scorched.

Miss Endel was seen at her home this morning. Her left arm was bandaged. "My father was very seriously burned," she said; "but Dr. Dew says we need not feel alarmed for him. It is terrible, though. In some spots in papa's face and neck the skin has burned off and he suffers much pain. Mamma and I escaped with slight burns. We might have all been burned to death but for my little dog."

MRS. M'LAUGHLIN'S FUNERAL.

Honors by Jersey City to the Political Leader's Dead Wife.

The funeral of Mrs. Johanna McLaughlin which will take place from her late residence, 281 Eighth street, Jersey City, at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, will, it is said, be the biggest ever seen there.

Mrs. McLaughlin was the wife of County Clerk Dennis McLaughlin, Jersey city's Democratic leader, and who is also well known in sporting circles on account of his connection with the Guttenburg race track.

Engineer and Fireman Injured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

SHAMOKIN, Pa., March 16.—The boiler of engine No. 393, attached to a fast freight train on the Catawissa Division of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, blew up at 1 o'clock this morning, probably fatally injuring Clarence Campbell, engineer, and Frank Proschle, fireman.

Senator Morrill's Danger.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—It was stated at the Morrill residence at 10 o'clock this morning that there had been no material change in the Senator's condition since yesterday. He is conscious at all times, and often asks questions of those about him. While his family and friends have not given up hope, yet all agree that he is in imminent danger.

HANDSOME RESULTS FROM USING THE WORLD'S REAL ESTATE INDEX.

LAST EDITION.

FIELD TO AN ASYLUM.

His Symptoms to Be Watched to See if He Is Feigning.

Justice Van Brunt Renders a Decision in the Case.

Thinks Field Not in a Condition to Plead at This Time.

In the case of Edward M. Field, son of millionaire Cyrus W. Field, and head of the late firm of Field, Lindley, Field & Weichers, indicted for grand larceny and felony in connection with the $2,000,000 failure of that firm and tried as a preliminary before Presiding Justice Van Brunt in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to ascertain his mental condition, Judge Van Brunt handed down his decision to-day.

Judge Van Brunt, as empowered by law, empannelled a jury to try the question which was raised by a plea of insanity by Field's counsel, W. Bourke Cockran, but the jury disagreed, and that left it entirely in the hands of the Court.

He says:

"Although the evidence failed to satisfy me that the defendant was insane, yet it served to establish the proposition that he is not in a condition at the present time to be called upon to plead, as it was extremely doubtful whether he did understand the nature of the proceeding or was able to conduct his defense.

"The evidence in the case consisted very largely of expert testimony, and a peculiar feature of this testimony was a concurrence in the conclusions, if the facts upon which those conclusions were based actually existed. It was virtually conceded if this defendant was actually suffering from the symptoms which he professed to describe, that he had the disease of melancholia, which is a phase of insanity, and the points of difference arose in the conclusions of the expert evidence as to the verity of the symptoms described.

"Those experts who thought the defendant to be sane, being of the opinion that the symptoms were feigned, those who believed him insane, believing them to be genuine manifestations of disease.

"Under these circumstances, there being such doubt as to the existence of these symptoms upon which the question of the defendant's sanity or insanity depends, and it being certain that within a reasonable period of time if this defendant was subjected to disinterested observation any feigning of symptoms might easily be detected, and thus the question of his mental condition be absolutely set at rest, it seems to me that the proper course would be to send the defendant to some asylum under State supervision, and over which his friends and relatives could have no possible control, so that it might be determined by disinterested witnesses who would be thrown in daily contact with the defendant as to whether there was feigning of symptoms, or whether they actually existed.

"My conclusion is that he should not be called upon to plead at the present time, but that by order of the Court he should be confined within an asylum under State supervision until it can be determined as to whether any of the symptoms which he claims now to exhibit actually exist or are feigned for the purpose of creating a belief in his diseased state of mind."

The decision is filed with Chief Clerk Carroll, of the Criminal Courts.

District-Attorney Nicoll said, on learning the decision of Judge Van Brunt:

"I shall consult with the Judge as to what institution Field should be consigned to that draw up the commitment in accordance with the instructions of the Court.

"There is no doubt in my mind that Field is shamming. I cannot think otherwise with the opinion of a host of medical men to that effect.

"Field's family have asked me not to disturb him for the present, and he will be permitted to remain in Ludlow Street Jail till the fore part of next week, when I shall ask the Judge for the order committing him to an asylum. Alienists agree that in a case of shamming the only way to detect it is by long, close and constant observation. The commitment will, of course, be for an indefinite period of time, to be determined by the progress and results of the observation of the case."

AN UNCOMPOUNDED FELONY.

Justice O'Donnell Prevents the Compromise of a Charge of Robbery.

James Nelson, of 65 Hudson street, Jersey City, caused the arrest this morning of Bartender Henry Atwood, whom he accused of knocking him down and robbing him of a $5 bill in a saloon at Hudson and Sussex streets.

Justice O'Donnell held Atwood in $1,000 for the Grand Jury and committed Nelson, in default of $200, as a witness. The pair had come to a compromise, but the Justice would not consent.

James Carson, of 32 Sussex street, who was arrested in the saloon as a witness, fell on the way to the station-house and broke his leg. He was sent to the City Hospital.

Wire News in Brief.

Frederick Krupp, cannon-maker, will have a $250,000 exhibition of firearms at the World's Fair.

George Petel, of this city, won the *Inter-Ocean's* second prize for a design typical of Chicago. Charles Halloway, of Chicago, won first prize.

Kittanning, Pa., had a $100,000 fire. The large warehouse of Edward Hilman and several other buildings were destroyed.

Norwalk, O., is to have a large sugar factory and the farmers will cultivate the sugar beet.

It is probable that an invasion of the Cherokee Strip will be made this month. The date is kept secret.

A bursting mill stone at Nashville, Tenn., killed a man named Scott and fatally injured Frank Leslie.

Jacob Boehm, the bankrupt liquor merchant of Denver, who suicided, had carried a bottle of poison for six months. Attachments against Boehm & Co. aggregate $120,000.

Frank Jeyrille, of Altoona, Pa., threw a lighted lamp at his wife Mollie, and she was roasted to death.

Abraham Wanola, found frozen near Winnipeg, was lost in a snowstorm four days, during which he carried a neighbor, Mrs. Ralange, until she expired.

The Sisseiton Reservation will open April 16. Soldiers, sailors and marines may receive a claim six months for $2; commutation, $3.50 per acre.