BANKER BENEDICT'S LETTER.

Said to Have Asked Gov. Flower to Declare for Cleveland.

Hot Contest Waging for the Steckler Association's Presidency.

The place-holders and the sentimental politicians of the Ninth Assembly District Republican Club are expected to have a set-to at to-night's meeting of that organization at 1 Abingdon square.

A fund of something like $1,200 has been accumulated to the credit of the Club through social entertainments, excursions, balls and the like. This sum the non-office-holding members, who look upon the Club as quite as much a social as a political organization, are said to desire to have expended for club purposes. The office-holding element in the Club, it is said, wishes to have the money expended for campaign purposes.

BENEDICT'S LETTER TO GOV. FLOWER.

E. C. Benedict, banker and member of the Stock Exchange, is a warm admirer of ex-President Cleveland, and his steam yacht, the Oneida, has been frequently placed at the disposal of Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland during the season. He has been corresponding with Gov. Flower on the subject of Mr. Cleveland's chances for nomination at Chicago.

It is said that Mr. Benedict asked Gov. Flower to declare himself in favor of Mr. Cleveland's candidacy, and that the Governor has written a reply. Mr. Benedict has not yet decided to give out the correspondence for publication.

REILLY AND ROESCH ARE OUT.

Tammany Leader John Reilly, of the Fourteenth District, and Tammany Leader George F. Roesch, of the adjoining Tenth District, do not speak as they pass by nowadays, and it is accounted for on the score of political patronage. There was but one place to fill, and both leaders wanted it for their henchmen. Gov. Flower had the disposal of it, and Reilly got it.

Senator Roesch argued vainly that, because Inspector of Gas Meters Ferdinand Earhardt was a resident of the Tenth District, his successor should be named from that district, and urged the appointment of William Ficke, an assistant deputy sheriff.

Anthony Cilnchy, recently converted to Wigwam principles, was championed by Reilly, and, despite Roesch's arguments, succeeded in securing the appointment.

STECKLER ASSOCIATION ELECTION.

Some members of the Steckler Association considered it a good joke when Clothier Philip Hirshkind announced his intention of contesting for the presidency of the organization with Julius Harburger at the coming election in April. They have since learned that Mr. Hirshkind is in earnest and that President Harburger will have no walkover.

Both candidates are making a personal canvass of the club membership, and the battle is waxing warm. Judge Steckler has felt constrained to take a neutral position as between the candidates, and is anxiously awaiting the outcome.

Hirshkind has been the First Vice-President of the Club for many years, and declares it is true that Harburger, who has occupied the chair ever since the association was organized, except a few months when Richard Nagelsworth presided, should be retired, so that other members may have a chance for preferment.

NOT A TAMMANY TRICK.

Editor Godkin's Opinion of His Arrest Disputed by Justice Mitchell.

Editor E. L. Godkin, of the *Evening Post*, is under $1,000 bail to answer to a charge of criminal libel preferred by D. W. O'Halloran, Secretary for the February Grand Jury. Mr. Godkin was arrested at his residence, 30 West Tenth street, yesterday by Policeman Connolly, of the Jefferson Market Court squad. He was arraigned before Justice Grady and, waiving examination, was held for trial in the Court of General Sessions.

Complainant O'Halloran, who lives at 142 West Seventieth street, who years ago married a sister of Victoria and Tennie Claflin, alleges that Editor Godkin libelled him in an editorial in the *Post* in the following language:

"D. W. O'Halloran, Secretary of the Grand Jury, is a man who was at one time the keeper of a low liquor dive at 16 East Broadway, and who, since he quit the liquor business, has, in the language of his successor, done nothing in particular for a living."

There are other quotations from the *Post* embodied in Mr. O'Halloran's affidavit. The article in which they appear related to Rev. Dr. Parkhurst's arraignment of District-Attorney Nicoll and the Grand Jurors for alleged connivance in permitting the existence of dives.

Editor Godkin declares that the charge was a Tammany trick to intimate him by causing his arrest at a time when bail would not might be difficult to secure and to compel his secure his temporary incarceration in a police prison.

Justice Peter Mitchell, counsel for Mr. O'Halloran, said to-day in answer to that declaration: "The warrant was issued Saturday morning, and Justice Grady instructed the officer to allow Mr. Godkin ample time to secure counsel and bail. I suggested that the arrest be made Sunday, rather than on Saturday, so that the defendant might not be hampered in his business relations. I had no desired to humiliate Mr. Godkin, we could have arrested him last Saturday night and forced him to spend that night in a cell, or a few hours of it, at least, pending the arrival of his bondsmen."

POLITICAL POT-POURRI.

Orleans County Democrats hold an anti-Hill Convention at Albion. A full County Committee appointed.

Nebraska Democrats are divided. Delegates to National Convention will probably not be instructed.

Democratic State Convention to name delegates to Chicago meet at Lincoln, Feb. 23.

Senator Hill arrives at Washington to-day from the South.

The Rochester *Democrat and Chronicle* will become a straightout Democratic paper after April 1. It will be known as the Rochester *Democrat*.

"The Legislature" is the appropriate name for Assemblyman Sickles.

A meeting of the County Democratic Committee, will be held in 12 East Fourteenth street this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Ex-United States Senator Warner Miller contemplates an extended trip to Europe. He is a member of the Republican National Committee, and it is thought he may perhaps do some good for his party by making a tour in those parts.

The Republican Club, 1 East 27th street, has 2,000 members. Some of the leading Republicans of the city are members.

It has been suggested that the Republican County Executive Committee be made a permanent headquarters institution, for the benefit of the Republican National Committeemen.

A similar arrangement was made by the Committee in 1888.

Two Picks at One Pocket.

Richard Murphy, of 347 East One Hundred and Thirty-ninth street, and Charles Ryan, of 193 East Ninety-third street, caught picking the pocket of a woman in Grand near Allen, the scene on the Bowery Saturday night. Were held in $1,000 bail for trial in Jefferson Market Police Court to-day by Jerome.

Burglar Sentence Recommuted.

Eugene Stevens, the burglar whose sentence was commuted from Judge Gaynor's sentence of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to a term in the Penitentiary, was released yesterday by order of Governor Flower. His term was shortened by the commutation to 10 months. Stevens's friends in Washington secured the commutation.

Accused by a Little Girl.

Antonio Cammerino, an Italian shoemaker of 372 Amsterdam avenue, was committed in the Yorkville Court this morning without bail, charged with outrageously assaulting Mary Kelling, a thirteen-year-old girl, of 300 Amsterdam avenue.

Canadian Minister at Washington.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

OTTAWA, Ont., March 21.—Dalton McCarthy, one of the leading supporters of the Government, gives notice of a resolution in the House of Commons proposing that a Canadian representative be attached to the British Legation at Washington.

GEN. LITTLEFIELD ACQUITTED.

But Is Immediately Arrested on Another Charge.

Surprising Termination of the Stephani Bribery Trial To-Day.

Assistant District-Attorney Vernon M. Davis this morning concluded the summing up for the prosecution in the case of Gen. Milton S. Littlefield on trial before Recorder Smyth in Part I. Court of General Sessions, for the larceny of $5,100 from Mrs. Josephine Stephani.

Mrs. Stephani claimed that the ex-Brigadier obtained the money from her by fraud, claiming that he had used it to have her son Alphonse, who murdered ex-Judge Clinton G. Reynolds, declared insane.

Young Stephani was, however, held responsible for his act and sentenced to prison for life, whereupon the action against Gen. Littlefield was commenced.

The defense contended that Gen. Littlefield's action was an act of friendship. He was an honorable man.

"Gen. Littlefield," said Mr. Davis, "took the money and paid $800 to Dr. Fleming and the rest to some others, among them Orlando L. Stewart, since dead. He told us he had $1,600 of Mrs. Stephani's money left, and accounts for it by saying that it was the amount returned to him by Stewart.

"A civil action for the recovery of the money was brought against Littlefield and he put in a counter claim for $3,000 for services.

In one court he puts in a claim for services against Mrs. Stephani, and here he wants you to believe he performed an act of friendship for Mrs. Stephani.

"I haven't any doubt, gentlemen, that when Gen. Littlefield took Mrs. Stephani's money he stole it and divided it among other thieves, one of whom will yet have to stand trial."

Mr. Davis asked the jury not to be influenced by Gen. Littlefield's social position. He should be convicted like any other criminal, he said.

In his charge, which occupied forty minutes, Recorder Smyth said that if the jury believed that Gen. Littlefield made the representations charged in the indictment, and intended to defraud Mrs. Stephani, they must convict him.

It was alleged that the money was obtained from Mrs. Stephani to pay a commission appointed to inquire into her son's sanity.

The Court pointed out that lunacy commissions were paid by the taxpayers, and that there was no lunacy commission in existence when the alleged representations were made.

At 1.05 o'clock the jury retired.

At 1.40 o'clock they returned with a verdict of "Not guilty."

Clerk Hall thought he didn't hear aright, and the foreman had to repeat the words twice.

Gen. Littlefield stood at the bar with arms crossed before his breast.

He had braced himself to hear the worst. When the verdict was announced he broke into tears. Then he glared triumphantly at Mrs. Stephani.

Another indictment for grand larceny in the second degree, charging misappropriation on July 23, 1890, of a mortgaged bond for $1,700 belonging to the Sedgewick Loan and Trust Company was pending against Gen. Littlefield, and he was at once rearrested and held in $5,000 bail for trial.

W. H. Lendrum, of 160 Broadway, is the complainant in the new case.

Gen. Littlefield's attorney declared that he had never heard of the charge before.

WALL STREET AND CONGRESS.

Speculation Held Back Awaiting the Vote on Silver.

WALL STREET, Monday, March 21.—The week opened with a very dull speculation, operations being retarded by the disposition to await the outcome of the silver legislation.

The feeling is freely expressed in financial circles that if the Free Coinage bill is sidetracked not only Wall street affairs, but general trade will take a fresh start.

Prices declined ½ to ¾ per cent. outside of Northern Pacific preferred, which dropped 1¾ to 65¾. Delaware & Hudson first rose ⅝ to 148, and then sold at 141.

When the official announcement was made that the Chicago & Northwestern earnings for February showed an increase of $55,000, the traders who were short started in to get back their stocks. A rally followed in consequence.

The great feature of the market was American Sugar, which rose nearly 2 points on fairly large transactions.

Wall Street Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Adams Express	145	145	145
American Sugar Ref	93½	96¾	93¼
American Sugar Ref. pref	97	97¾	97
American Cotton Oil	36¾	36¾	36¼
American Cotton Oil pf	71	71½	70¾
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	39⅝	39⅝	39⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	104¾	104¾	104
Canadian Pacific	86	86	85⅞
Central Pacific	30⅝	30⅝	30½
Chicago Gas	71¾	72⅛	71¼
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	107¾	107¾	107¼
Chicago & Northwest	120⅝	120⅝	119⅝
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝
Chic., Rock Is. & Pac.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅛
Chic., Chic. & St. L.	21⅝	21⅝	21
Consolidated Gas	142	142	140
Delaware & Hudson	150	150	150
Delaware & Hudson	143	143	141
Denver & Rio Grande pref	52⅝	53⅝	52⅝
Erie	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛
Erie pref.	37	37	36⅞
Lackawanna	138	138⅝	137⅝
Lake Shore	114	114⅝	113
Lake Shore & Western	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛
Louisville & Nashville	74⅝	74⅝	74¼
Long Island	54	54	53
Manhattan	107	107	106⅝
Memphis & Charleston	36	36	36
Michigan Central	104	104	103⅝
Minn. & St. Louis	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
Minn. & St. Louis pref	14	14	14
Missouri Pacific	97	97	96⅝
Mobile & Ohio	19	19	19
Nat. Cord. Oil	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
New Central Coal	16¾	16¾	16¾
Nat. Starch Mfg	40	40	40
New Jersey Central	140	141	139⅝
New York Central	115	115	114
N. Y. & New England	38	38	38
N. Y. Lake Erie & West	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛
N. Y. Lake Erie & West pf	51⅝	51⅝	51
N. Y. Chicago & St. L.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
N. Y. Chicago & St. L. 1st pf	77	77	77
Northern Pacific	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
Northern Pacific pref.	65¾	65¾	65¾
North American Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
Norfolk & West	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Ontario & West	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
Oregon Short Lines	29⅝	29⅝	29
Oregon Navigation	96	96	95⅝
Pacific Mail	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
Pullman Palace Car	179	179	178
Reading	36⅝	36⅝	35⅝
Rock Island	78	78	78
St. Paul	70	70	69⅝
St. Paul & Omaha	48	48	48
Sugar Trust	97	97	97
Texas Pacific	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Term. Coal & Iron	30	30	29⅝
Union Pacific	46⅝	46⅝	46
Wabash	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
Western Union Telegraph	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝
Wheeling & Lake Erie	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
Wheeling & Lake Erie pref	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
Wisconsin Central	18⅝	18⅝	18

An account of Wall street affairs will be found in THE EVENING WORLD'S sporting Extra.

Old Lafayette Survivors as Hosts.

The serving members of Lafayette Engine Company No. 15, of the old Volunteer Fire Department, will celebrate the 100th anniversary of its organization April 4 by giving a reception and dinner to all of the surviving members of the old Volunteers, including those in the Department of Public Works, who was the last foreman of the Company, is the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for the reception.

Very Cutting.

[From Puck.]

"I hear that Flaggon got mad with you the last time and called you everything."

"Yes; but I got the better of him. I called him nothing."

His Value in Sport.

[From Puck.]

"Why do you call Jolliboy a trump?"

"Because he's always able to take everything in!"

Suppressed Desire.

[From the Cloak Journal.]

Miss Later (after the theatre)—What a splendid dinner table that was on the stage. It made me feel hungry myself.

Mr. Movneyless—I felt that way, too; but I have since lost my appetite.

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CATARRH.	BLADDER AND URINARY DISEASES.
ASTHMA.	ALL FEMALE DISEASES.
BRONCHITIS.	MALARIA.
LAME BACK.	CONSTIPATION.
KIDNEY DISEASE.	BAD BLOOD.
LIVER DISORDERS.	SLEEPLESSNESS.
DYSPEPSIA in all its forms.	NERVOUSNESS.
INTESTINAL TROUBLES.	ABUSE OF TOBACCO.
WORMS.	DEAFNESS and Head Noises.
HEADACHES.	PILES or HEMORRHOIDS.
ST. VITUS DANCE.	FALLING OF THE WOMB.
EPILEPTIC FITS.	SKIN DISEASES of All Kinds.
SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON.	DISEASES OF CHILDREN.
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DOWNEY'S MEN ARE OUT AGAIN

Walking Delegates Order Another Strike on the Astor Hotels.

The Contractor Had Refused to Discharge Non-Union Engineers.

The strike on the new Astor hotels—the New Netherland and the Hotel Waldorf—which Contractor John Downey, of Thirty-third street and Ninth avenue, is building, was renewed to-day.

The employees in Contractor Downey's shops were first called out this morning by a committee from the Board of Walking Delegates. The Committee then visited the Hotel Waldorf, at Thirty-third street and Fifth avenue, and the New Netherland Hotel, at Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue, and called out such workmen as acknowledged the Board's authority.

It is a disputed question as to the number of men affected by the strike. The Board of Delegates claim that 1,000 men in the building trades will go out. Contractor Downey says that not more than 250 men in all will be affected.

About one hundred and fifty carpenters, cabinet-makers, carvers and machine men went out of Downey's Thirty-third street shop this morning. Contractor Downey says that the entire force on the two hotels does not exceed 400, including laborers of all trades. Of these, he claims, only fifty men, steamfitters, would obey the order to strike.

Men employed on the hotels told an EVENING WORLD reporter that about fifty men would go out of each hotel, making the total number of men on strike to-day about 250.

The strike was called to force the discharge of five non-union engineers, who went to work during the original strike, which was ordered to compel Contractor Downey either to discharge the cabinet-makers he then had working as carpenters or pay them the same wages.

After the settlement of that strike, by Contractor Downey agreeing to pay the cabinet-makers $3.50 a day, the Board of Delegates determined that the five non-union engineers should be punished. The Board demanded that Contractor Downey compel the sub-contractors employing these five engineers to discharge them.

Contractor Downey declined, and the Board ordered his cabinet-makers to strike. They held a shop meeting and decided not to strike. The Board then appealed to Cabinet-Makers' Union, No. 7, which held a special meeting in Harmonie Hall last night, and decided that Downey's men must strike.

When the committee appeared at Downey's this morning there was some murmuring, but every man employed in the shop obeyed the order to strike.

The strikers have established headquarters at 355 West Thirty-ninth street.

A meeting of the Board of Delegates will be held at 12 East Fifteenth street this afternoon, when a new plan of campaign against Contractor Downey will be mapped out.

Mr. Downey said this morning that he could not dictate to his sub-contractors in the manner in which they should conduct their business. The strike is therefore likely to be a long one.

EX-SENATOR DALY DEAD.

His Funeral to Take Place To-Morrow at St. Ann's Church.

The news of ex-State Senator James Daly, who died at his residence, 174 second avenue, yesterday, after an illness of several weeks, will take place to-morrow from St. Ann's Church, East Tenth street, at 10 o'clock A. M.

At the time of his death Mr. Daly was Superintendent of Markets and collector of City Revenue in the Finance Department, having been appointed to that position by Comptroller Myers in 1888.

Mr. Daly was born in Ireland in 1832 and came to New York when twenty years of age. He was elected for the twenty-second and adjoining assembly districts and sat in 1873, 1874 and 1875. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen representing the Twelfth District, and was chairman of the committee on Docks. He was also elected to the Board of Public Works, which was the last department of the Tweed Ring, is the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for the reception.

Mr. Daly was in Assemblymen in the Legislatures of 1874, 1875 and 1876, and as a senator from 1884 to 1888, inclusive.

He was a county judge for 10 years, and was a member of the Tammany Hall General Committee for many years. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen from 1871 to 1873, and was a member of the Board of Public Works, which was the last department of the Tweed Ring.

Edward Jacques, Chief Clerk in the Market Bureau, is spoken of as Mr. Daly's probable successor as superintendent of Markets.

Pushing Up the Price of Sugar.

Refined sugar was to-day again advanced ⅛ of a cent by the sugar Trust magnates. The Trust is said to have gained absolute control of the opposition Philadelphia refineries.

THE WORLD'S REAL ESTATE INDEX saves shoe leather.

BRIBES OFFERED FOR VOTES.

Senator Rogers Says Thousands Were Offered for His.

Coal Combine Scandal in the New Jersey Legislature.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

TRENTON, N. J., March 21.—The charges of corruption in the New Jersey Legislature in connection with the Reading Coal Combination are growing daily more vehement and more specific.

Senator Maurice A. Rogers, of the Camden district, contributes the most startling chapter to the story of corruption. He says that he was approached on the morning of the final vote on the bill legalizing the gigantic coal "combine" of the Reading Railroad with the Jersey Central, Lehigh Valley and Lackawanna railways, and was offered a bribe in the specific sum of $10,000.

Senator Rogers says he indignantly repelled the corruptionist, who was an old acquaintance of the Senator.

"But they still backed one vote of a majority," says Senator Rogers, "and this agent of the combination came to me afterwards and told me that when he reported to his principal they authorized him to make a second offer to me, this time of a sum many times larger than the original $10,000.

"It was a sum so large that, put out at 6 per cent. interest, its possessor need never work any more. But the agent refused to make me this second offer. He told his principals it was useless."

It is charged that $3,000,000 was brought to Trenton Friday, March 12, by the agents of the capitalists and stock jobbers who were to profit by the passage of the bill.

At that time Senator Brown was ill at his home and Senator Werts had resigned. That left but nineteen senators on the roll. Eleven votes were required to pass the bill. At its passage, at noon of that day, it got thirteen votes, with five against it, Senator Keyes not voting.

The Senators who voted for the bill are all busily engaged in explaining why they voted for it, and little by little the suspicion against some of them is crystallizing into something more definite.

DIED FROM CHLOROFORM.

An Autopsy Discloses the Cause of Janitor Lally's End.

An autopsy was made to-day on the body of Michael Lally, the porter of the Vanderlaer flats, who died yesterday while under the influence of an anæsthetic taken for the amputation of his finger.

The post-mortem examination showed that Lally's death was caused by the administering of the chloroform. The physicians who were performing the operation were Dr. Eden V. Delphey, of 339 West Fifty-ninth street, and Dr. Augustin H. Goelet, of 351 West Fifty-seventh street.

Lally had a splinter into the index finger of his right hand about six weeks ago. It became inflamed, and finally gangrene set in, and it was found necessary to amputate it.

When the chloroform was first administered Lally struggled hard, but after a little he ceased breathing. His relatives were all out of the room by the time he died, who then went over the body to hail or know whether being able to restore consciousness.

Dr. Delphey is a graduate of Yale College of Physicians and Surgeons of the class of '83, and Dr. Goelet graduated from Bellevue in 1884. They say that Lally's death is one of those inexplicable things that can never be fathomed.

They examined his heart before the chloroform was administered and found that its action was as strong as it is possible to find in a man of his age. The inhaler used consisted of a cone lining covered with flannel, wrapped around with a towel.

So They Are.

[From the Cloak Journal.]

Miss Bishop-Lake—Well, Miss Modernatheus, what do you think of our stockings?

Miss Modernatheus—I think your slaughter-houses are too shiny for anything.

Descent of Man.

[From the Cloak Journal.]

Conductor—Madam, I am obliged to ask fare for that boy; he looks older than four years.

Mother—He isn't at all; he has his father's head, but his mother's ways.

More Fatal Than Pills.

[From Brooklyn Life.]

Gazzam—I understand that the other physicians are very jealous of Dr. Gatling.

Maddox—What for?

Gazzam—Think how many people have been killed with his gun.

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What you can save
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DON'T COME,
Because if you do you will want some of the Bargains.
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FOUND IN PASSAIC RIVER.

A Handsome, Unknown Woman's Drowned Body.

Her Clothing Frozen Fast to the Flesh—No Clue to Her Name.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

NEWARK, N. J., March 21.—The police authorities are greatly puzzled over the finding of the drowned body of a well-developed woman apparently thirty-five years of age.

Two fishermen who were rowing up the Passaic River in a small boat late yesterday afternoon saw the body floating up past Brill street. It was removed to Bruckner's morgue on Belmont avenue. It was completely covered with mud. There were no signs of violence, and the presumption is that she committed suicide.

The body was clad in a suit of black cloth and there were no shoes or stockings on the feet. The pockets contained nothing which could give a possible clue to her identity, and the police have received no report of any missing woman answering to her description. It is thought from the condition of the body that it had been in the water several days.

Many people called at the Morgue this forenoon, but none could identify her. One woman said that she was looking for her sister, who was missing from Trenton, but she did not give her name nor any of the particulars. She gazed earnestly at the face of the dead woman and then declared that it was not her sister. She went away without further remark.

When the woman's body was found her garments were frozen so tightly to her that it was found impossible to remove them. This morning Mr. Bruckner thawed the ice out of the clothing, and at 11.15 o'clock began removing it. He said to a reporter that Dr. Wrightson, the county physician, had viewed the body this morning and had said that he would hold an autopsy.

It was expected that a close examination might reveal exterior indications of either foul play or suicide. It is possible, also, that some mark or name may be found on the clothing that will lead to the woman's identification. Thus far absolutely nothing has been discovered that would give any information about her.

County Physician Wrightson was present during the removal of the woman's clothing.

Both Dr. Wrightson and Mr. Bruckner say that the woman's hands and feet are not swollen.

They declare that this is an indication that the body has been in the water two or three days.

Mr. Bruckner says the body weighs about 180 pounds, and is 5 feet 6 inches in height. The clothing is of fairly good material and fine texture. The woman was apparently good looking.

COLTS OND FILLIES SOLD CHEAP.

Sale of Kentucky Prince Youngsters Under the Hammer.

About two hundred horsemen attended at the American Institute this morning, where a sale of trotting stock, which is to last all week, was begun.

The stock to be sold is from the farms of Chas. Backman, Albert C. Hall, William Rockerfeller, A. B. Darling, Joseph Gavin, A. G. Wicker, C. and E. A. Horner, the Wyn Dye Farm and others. The catalogue contains in all some 201 head. They are the sons and daughters of Messenger Duroc, Kentucky Prince, Mansfield, Leland, Starlight, Red King and Commoneer, Mambrino Dudley, Hysdyk's Hambletonian and others of reputation.

The programme of to-day consisted of stock from Charles Beckman's Stony Ford stud, Stony Ford, N. Y., the Kentucky Prince strain predominating.

The bidding on Prince Lawrence was rather slow. He is a bay colt, foaled May 8, 1889, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Lorinda.

He was knocked down to Wood & Bull, of Chester, N. Y., for $100.

The rest were disposed of as follows:

Nameless, bay colt, foaled April 11, 1890, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Rose Whitmore, sold to W. B. Smith, Worcester, Mass., for $100.

Lucinda, black filly, foaled April 1, 1889, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Meander, sold to Ore View Stock Farm, Hickstown, Pa., for $110.

Nameless, bay colt, foaled March 20, 1890, sire Leland, dam Kate Thompson, sold to J. S. Ferguson for $250.

Leland King, black stallion, foaled April 22, 1885, sire Leland, dam Lilian, sold to J. B. Eisenkrant, Los Angeles, Cal., for $350.

Cady, brown filly, foaled April 8, 1890, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Perdita, sold to Thomas Drake, for $210.

Prince Alfred, bay colt, foaled May 22, 1888, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Dora, sold to E. P. Schoonmaker, Troy, N. Y., for $210.

Chancellor, bay colt, foaled May 11, 1890, sire Leland, dam Norma, sold to H. B. Beach, Morris, Conn., for $420.

Major Leland, bay stallion, foaled May 31, 1885, sire Leland, dam Lady Lightfoot, sold to Emerson Brooks, city, for $360.

Prince David, bay colt, foaled April 20, 1888, sire Kentucky Prince, dam Hermione. Sold to David Lester, city, for $250.

Cybele, black filly, foaled June 1, 1889, sire Holland, dam Vinnette, sold to J. S. Gates, Brooklyn, for $150.

Nameless, bay colt, foaled April 22, 1890, sire Mambrino, dam Belinda, sold to David Bonner, city, for $210.

Bonaparte, bay colt, foaled June 5, 1887, sire Leland, dam Beauty, sold to H. B. Hamilton, Boston, Mass., for $220.

A Grave Charge.

[From Life.]

Bobby—I saw where your pop was buried today, and the monument says he is not dead but sleepin'; but I don't believe it's so.

Tommy—Yes, it is. Man says so.

Bobby—If he's just sleepin', what did they bury him for?

Tommy—Huh! Didn't want to hear him snore, I guess.

TEETH AND COMPLEXION.

Good Taste in Selecting the Correct Shade of an Artificial Set.

Some people can go through life for a large number of years with false teeth in their mouths with no one suspecting the fact, while others find artificial teeth so conspicuous as to make them feel continually conscious of the fact that people are noticing them, says an exchange.

The reason of this, writes a correspondent, is that some people have teeth that suit them and some have teeth that do not. The art of dentistry has been brought to so high a perfection in this country that no difficulty of any kind is experienced in fitting teeth exactly, but there is a knack in getting the correct shape which is not always understood.

Of course, when there is only one tooth to be put in it is easy to match the natural teeth, but when there is to be an entire set, the shade is a matter of discretion. A man with a dark complexion or a lady who is a brunette requires teeth of a milky-white hue, but a very pale and delicate-looking face requires a bluish white or something even darker.

There are over twenty-five different shades in artificial teeth, all sufficiently different to be distinguished when placed side by side, and when a purchaser leaves the matter of selection in the hands of the dentist the correct shade is given, as a matter of course.

Unfortunately, however, many ladies insist on making the selection themselves, in which case they are apt to regret not having left the matter to an expert.

LORD LYTTON'S SOFT ANSWER.

It Turned the Wrath of Some Foreign Diplomats.

When appointed Viceroy of India Lord Lytton dined with me on passing through Paris, says a writer in the London *Times*. On that very day the Due DeCazes, then Minister of Foreign Affairs, had been elected a deputy for a district of Paris.

The guests were the Due De Cazes, the Marquis de Molins, Spanish Ambassador; Prince Hohenloe, German Ambassador; Count Banuelos, also Ambassador; Sir Robert Morier, Laurence Oliphant, Mr. Frederick Marshall, and lastly, M. Henoch.

The conversation turned on Comte Chaudordy, who had just been defeated at the elections. M. Henoch made some sarcastic remark. Comte Chaudordy was then French Ambassador at Madrid and the Due DeCazes resented it.

"Bear in mind," he said to M. Henoch, "that Comte Chaudordy, of whom you speak, is French Ambassador in Spain, and that you are speaking before the Marquis of Molins, who is Spanish Ambassador in France, and before me, who am the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Paris."

At this moment lobster was served, but no one thought of eating. When things were a little calmer they began to eat and the Due DeCazes, a little softened, turned to Lord Lytton and said:

"You, my lord, who are disinterested in this matter, tell us what you think of it."

"I think," replied Lord Lytton, with admirable coolness, "it would have been better if the lobster had been warmer and the discussion cooler." Everybody laughed, the Duke and M. Henoch shook hands and the dinner ended gayly.

FUNCTIONS OF THE TONSILS.

The Workshop for Sanitary Agents Which Destroy Blood Enemies.

Medical discovery has just demonstrated that the glands in the throat, known as the tonsils, are the workshop for these white blood cells, and that they are manufactured here in great quantities, says the Pittsburg *Dispatch*.

From this workshop the white cells are sent all over the system, like sanitary agents, to destroy all the enemies in the blood, and to preserve the red corpuscles from destruction.

Moreover, it has been discovered that they stand at the very entrance of the throat, ready to challenge every enemy that enters through the breath or food. This explains why so many of the germs which enter our mouth do not perform destructive work. They are met, challenged and killed by the white cell sentries in the tonsils.

It appears from this that people who are subject to quinsy and inflammation of the tonsils are not so well protected as those who have strong, healthy tonsils.

Weakened from some cause, the workshops of the sanitary agents are attacked by the enemies and yield to the inroads of the very germs which they are intended to kill.

Extreme caution in the Winter time to preserve these glands from colds and irritation might be the means of warding off many diseases of a violent nature. These discoveries are not only interesting, but of great hygienic value. Heretofore medical science has marked the use of these glands as "unknown."

Died Suddenly in a Lodging-House.

William Radcliff, a homeless man, thirty-five years old, died suddenly in the Melrose lodging-house, 168 East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, early this morning.

Bloomingdales
3rd Ave. Corner 59th St.

Boys' Outfits.

We wish to state in the strongest possible manner that notwithstanding the amazingly low prices none but best materials have been used and every detail of the making has been most carefully looked after.

The thousands who are buying them concede that they are the best special values ever offered by any establishment in America.

1,000 Special Outfits, as illustrated, One Sailor Blouse, Suit of Blue Medal Flannel, with cord and whistle, extra pair of Pants and Polo Cap, ages 3 to 10 years.

All for $1.48.

2,500 Special Outfits, as illustrated: One complete Suit of Dark Ground Cassimeres, extra Pants and Cap; ages 4 to 13 years.

All for $1.98.

Pure Finish Corduroy Pants, 4 to 13. 59c.
Cambric Waists, 4 to 12..... 21c.
Flannelette Waists, 4 to 12..... 39c.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Bloomingdale Bros.,
3d Ave., cor. 59th st.,

RETORTS THAT SAVED HIM.

Some Incidents in the Life of Abbe Maury.

A famous proof of Maury's readiness was his retort on the brutal Parisian mob which hunted him through the streets of Paris with the shout: "A la lanterne!" says the *Gentleman's Magazine*.

"And when you have hung me a la lanterne will you see any better?" A retort which saved his life.

On one occasion a wretch armed with a cleaver pursued him, but without recognizing him, saying: "Where is that Abbe Maury? I will send him to say mass in hell!"

The abbe stopped and, seizing his pistols, said: "Yes, but you will come and serve me there; see, here are my cruets" (the two vessels for the water and the wine).

The populace applauded heartily, and he walked off triumphant.

Some of these terrible marketwoman, the dames de la halle, were "checking" him good-humoredly: "You speak like an angel, M. l'Abbe, but spite of it all you are a fool."

"Quite right, mesdames; but one does not do for that!"

In the tribune he exhibited the most undaunted composure in spite of the vehement interruptions of his adversary, the yells and cries of those whom popularity-hunters designate "our masters."

"Obtain me a hearing," he shouted to Mirabeau across the tempestuous sea of heads, "if you believe you can really triumph over my principles, for in the midst of this tumult you triumph only over my lungs."

Mirabeau, shaking his fist at him, vociferated: "There is the greatest rogue I know!"

"Oh, M. de Mirabeau," rejoined Maury, "you forget yourself."

ONLY A SPARROW.

But When Painted It Sells Readily for a Canary.

The painted-bird trick is the lat