TO RESCUE RHODE ISLAND.

The "Fighting Democracy" Is There and Victory Beckons.

Ex-President Cleveland Will Lead the Hosts Saturday Night.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 31.—The "fighting Democracy" rallied here last night in response to the bugle call of THE NEW YORK WORLD, and at 8 o'clock the battle for the rescue of Rhode Island from Republicanism was on, with a manifest fervor and enthusiasm that filled the opposition with dismay. Every Democrat in Providence and its vicinity was in the monster procession that paraded the streets, with bands of music, uniformed military and transparencies that called for free wool and iron and coal. The city rang with cheers all night. The largest hall in town, Infantry Hall, had been chosen for the meeting, but it was too small for the crowd. More than one thousand people remained outside, held in the spell of Democratic enthusiasm with which the air was teeming.

THE NEW YORK WORLD was on everybody's tongue. Over and over again the story was told that THE WORLD had suggested opening the Presidential campaign by laying siege to this Republican stronghold, and had outlined the plan of campaign, bringing the most effective orators of the party to the field by appealing strongly to their sense of duty, and urging the importance of this first grand attack against the opposition in just this way. "Democracy's champion, THE NEW YORK WORLD," was what one of the speakers termed it, and the cheers that followed were of the heartiest kind.

The meeting began at 8.30 o'clock. Congressman Oscar Lapham was chairman, and the speakers were ex-Gov. Campbell, of Ohio; Congressman Henry George Tucker, of Virginia; Congressman Asher G. Caruth, of Kentucky; Congressman William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; ex-Gov. William T. C. Wardwell, of Rhode Island, and Mr. Charles E. Gorman. Letters were read from Senators Faulkner, of West Virginia; McPherson, of New Jersey, and Gray, of Delaware, and from Congressmen Fitch, of New York; Wilson, of West Virginia; Chipman, of Michigan, and Springer. Also this from ex-President Cleveland, to whom THE WORLD addressed a special appeal last Saturday:

> You may say to the Democrats of Rhode Island that for the sake of the issues involved in the canvass and upon your assurance that my attendance at the meeting on Saturday may be of service to my political friends in their struggle for Democratic principles, I waive all other considerations and will be with you on that occasion.
>
> GROVER CLEVELAND.

The speeches all had an encouraging and inspiring ring, and were received as assurances of the coming victory. The sentiment of the immense crowd, over 5,000 Democrats being present, was voiced by ex-Gov. Campbell when he said:

"There is a fighting Democracy in Rhode Island, and a fighting Democracy always wins."

Before the meeting ended Ziba O. Slocum, Democratic candidate for Attorney-General said:

> I think before the meeting breaks up that we should give expression to our thanks to THE NEW YORK WORLD for the great interest that paper has taken in the Democrats of Rhode Island. For if it had not been for THE WORLD we would not have enjoyed the privilege of listening to the distinguished speakers who have appeared on this platform to-night.

The indorsement that was given shook the building. The next grand rally will be held Saturday night.

EAST SIDE RAPID TRANSIT.

The Commissioners to Choose a New Route, vice Madison Avenue.

At the office of the Rapid Transit Commissioners it was said this morning that a meeting would be held to-morrow to decide upon a new east-side route in place of that formerly selected on Madison avenue, the use of which has been prohibited by an act of the Legislature. Madison avenue may be crossed, however, with the consent of property owners.

It is thought that the Commissioners will select the Park avenue route, or some street running parallel with Madison avenue, as mentioned in THE EVENING WORLD yesterday.

The Commission will now ask for power to sell the east-side franchise in parts, instead of in blocks. The Commissioners think they could dispose of it easier piecemeal.

PASSED WORTHLESS CHECKS.

Louis Mackintosh a Prisoner, Charged with Several Offenses.

In the Tombs Court to-day Louis A. Mackintosh, of 507 East Eighty-eighth street, was held in $500 for examination on the charge of uttering worthless checks. The complainant was Saloon-Keeper Henry A. Reese, of 834 Washington street, who cashed for Mackintosh a check for $21 drawn on the Clinton Bank.

Cashier Frank Hyatt testified that Mackintosh had had an account at the Clinton Bank, but it was closed out June 1, 1891, because Mackintosh had so frequently overdrawn.

The police have found that Diedrich Baum, 258 West Fifteenth street, cashed a worthless check for $07.75 for Mackintosh, and Wilber & Eggers, Pearl and Beaver streets, cashed another for $6.

LAWYERS WOULD SHUT THEM OUT

Opposition to the Practice of Law by Police Justices.

Lawyers generally are opposed to the bill passed by the Senate yesterday permitting Police Justices to practise law. Justice Grady, who is one of the few lawyers on the Police Bench, has been actively at work in Albany in the interest of the bill.

Lawyers say that the people pay the Police Justices $8,000 a year each, and that the public is entitled to their services for that amount. Besides, they think the bill might lead to abuses, among them the neglect of public for private business.

The Fabian Union Reception.

The auction sale of boxes for the entertainment and reception of the Fabian Union at the Lexington Avenue Opera-House on April 20, will take place at their rooms, 227 East Twelfth street, next Saturday evening at 9 o'clock.

SWELL AND EXCLUSIVE BONNETS

Attractions Irresistible to Woman and, of Course, Even to Man.

Swell hat society is decidedly exclusive, and the early spring bonnets are striving with all their might to be classed among the favored One Hundred and Fifty. They only know how many a bitter disappointment is oftentimes hidden beneath a careless bow of ribbon or a bunch of gay flowers. It is at Messrs. Deutsch & Co.'s, Fifth avenue and Twenty-second street, that the creme de la creme of hat society are allowing themselves to be admired.

A hat that has a right to boast of its novelty is in the saucer shape, made entirely of yellow Isnap braid. The crown is doutle, the upper one being of jet. A single rosette and a high stately loop of black ribbon are the trimming. On a band underneath the brim are scattered some russet sailors, and the long streamers are of black moire ribbon.

The spring hats are fashioned almost exactly of the fancy straws. The two-toned ribbon is also quite the thing, and jewelled pins are used too. A novelty which Demorest & Co. are showing is the iridescent straw. It plays an active part in making their bonnets so irresistible to the feminine heart and, of course, what fair woman cannot resist in the matter of dress cannot be resisted by man either.

DRAYTON'S TERMS GIVEN OUT.

Borrowe's Second Furnishes an Extract from the Document.

Fox Brings Proof that Borrowe Agreed to the Publication.

New developments in the Drayton-Borrowe affair to-day are the publication by H. Vane Milbank, Borrowe's adviser, of the text of part of the agreement which J. Coleman Drayton made with his wife, and a positive statement from London that Borrowe consulted with Fox as to the publication of the correspondence and agreed to have the same given to the press.

Almost every day since the White Star liner Majestic was made fast at her dock on her last Western passage a little diplomatic reportorial persuasion would call forth more or less extended statements from either Principal Borrowe or Second Milbank.

At no stage of the controversy has it been possible to obtain anything like a statement from Mr. Drayton or his legal advisers and intimates. The latter have constantly remarked:

"Let the other side continue to unwind their little ball of yarn. The public will quickly notice the breaks and the tangles in it."

The blame for the original publication of the duel correspondence has been laid to Assistant Second Fox's door by Principal Borrowe and Chief Second Milbank. The cables have been kept hot with querying messages, but no positive declaration as to where and how the story leaked out was received until to-day.

In an interview in London Col. Ochiltree distinctly says it was understood that Fox and he were to publish the correspondence when it was agreed that the story might become public, and that condition of affairs was concurred in by Borrowe himself.

It is further alleged that Borrowe, in company with Fox, called on a London correspondent of a New York paper the day before the Majestic sailed with the two antagonists on board, and at that meeting Borrowe authorized Fox to give the correspondence to the press as soon as it was clear that the scandal would be published in any English, French or American newspaper.

To-day also comes another elaborately prepared statement from Henry Vane Milbank, which he voluntarily offers to the press over his own signature. It is extremely sensational in one respect, at least, and that is the clause in the agreement between Mr. Drayton and his wife, which exposes the financial consideration alleged to have been accepted by the former, and which Borrowe and his seconds maintain absolutely debarred him from all privileges that might be expected from a true gentleman on the field of honor.

Mr. Milbank positively states that this agreement was drawn up by Lord, Day & Lord and dated Oct. 28, 1891. Here is the monetary clause:

"The wife has an income of $35,000 per annum; under all circumstances she retains one-half. She agrees that the other half be placed with trustees, $5,000 of which shall be paid to the husband and $12,000 to herself for maintenance of children; out of the moneys she receives wife to keep up establishment for husband and family. The husband's $5,000 for his personal expenses, such as clothing, amusements, travelling, medical attendance, &c. Wife agrees, should she hold any verbal or written communication with Mr. H. A. Borrowe, that the $12,000 for children shall be paid to the husband, and he shall have control of same and children. Husband on his part agrees that for the $5,000 he will go to Europe with his wife, and make his dwelling place there with her."

Among the declarations in Milbank's remarkable document is one denying the charge that the correspondence was published with Borrowe's authority.

"That is disposed of," he writes, "by Fox's letter to Borrowe (dated in London, March 19), in which he gives his (Fox's) reasons for sending the correspondence to the papers after Borrowe left England."

Fox's reasons in that letter were that he had to give the whole business away because reporters were hunting for information in regard to the affair. How Milbank and Borrowe reconcile that statement with Fox's and Ochiltree's positive declarations in London yesterday is puzzling to those who have followed the case.

All attempts made this morning to induce Mr. Drayton or his legal advisers to answer, if only in the briefest form, the allegations contained in the Milbank statement, were futile. Mr. Drayton has the happy faculty of sequestering himself in some hidden recess in which he has thus far escaped the reportorial vision, and not a syllable could be obtained in his direction.

Lawyer John McLane Nash, his stanch friend and counsellor, was absolutely sphinx-like to-day when approached and only a half-uttered "nothing to say" escaped him.

Daniel Lord, jr., of Lord, Day & Lord, which firm Milbank says drew up the obnoxious financial agreement, said: "We haven't a word to offer about the affair, not a word."

Statement-Maker-in-Chief Milbank was at the Borrowe home, 23 West Seventeenth street, at noon, but he bade the servant say he was not receiving any callers.

An adolescent young clubman who knows Borrowe and Milbank said to the reporter:

"Harry Vane is thoroughly exhausted to-day after that effort of his life which he gave to the public this morning. I understand he is collaborating with Borrowe as to the proper style of cartel to issue requesting a meeting from Fox. Now, if Eddie Fox agrees, Milbank will have a beautiful chance to refer the question to another jury of honor to ascertain if a gentleman can properly meet Fox, who happens to earn his living with his pen. I'm afraid Milbank's duelling days are over."

HER DEATH IS A MYSTERY.

A Shot, a Dead Girl, a Revolver, but That's All.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALTOONA, Pa., March 31.—Shortly before 9 o'clock last night a young woman, who had been wandering about Gospel Hill, a thickly populated section of the city, was found lying in an isolated spot dying from the effects of a revolver shot in the abdomen.

She did not speak after being found and died in a few minutes. The weapon from which the shot was fired, a .32-calibre revolver, was found some distance away.

The girl was well dressed and was soon identified as Miss Emma Fox, who resided with her brother Albert, in this city.

No reason for suicide is known, and the fact that the revolver was found out of her reach leads to suspicions of foul play.

SMALL-POX AT BELLEVUE.

Discovery of a Case Causes a Scare in the Big Hospital.

There has been a small-pox scare at Bellevue Hospital. Anastasia Sullivan, of 26 Greenwich street, was admitted on Tuesday last suffering from tonsilitis. It was discovered yesterday that her disease was small-pox, and she was promptly removed to the Reception Hospital.

The ward where the woman was under treatment was fumigated and isolated this morning, and no patients will be admitted there for several days.

The Corwin En Route to Sitka.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

VICTORIA, B. C., March 31.—The revenue cutter Corwin has just passed here on her way to Sitka. Capt. Hooper's orders regarding sealing schooners are the same this year as last.

Umpire Zachariah Killed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PITTSBURG, March 31.—Thomas Zachariah, a National League umpire in 1890, was killed last evening at Homestead by falling under a train.

Hard to Suit

are those who find not what is desired in FURNITURE at FLINT'S, 106 West 14th st. *.*

Statistics of cities of the United States, of their population, debts, property valuation, police force, fire departments, street lighting, &c., appear in the new issue of THE WORLD ALMANAC.

ROCKEFELLOW'S SLAYER HELD.

Barkeeper Meyer's Sighs When Told of His Victim's Death.

His Story of How He Came to Shoot His Employer.

William Meyers, the barkeeper who shot and killed his employer, Stephen G. Rockefellow, in the latter's saloon at 200 West street, as detailed in yesterday's EVENING WORLD, was arraigned before Justice Duffy at the Tombs Police Court this morning.

WILLIAM MEYERS.

In answer to questions put to him, he had nothing whatever to say, and Justice Duffy sent him before Coroner Schultze, who committed him to the Tombs without bail to await the inquest on his victim.

Meyers was very pale and nervous while in court. When Policeman McCue, who arrested him with the smoking revolver in his hand, told Justice Duffy that Rockefellow was dead, Meyers heaved a deep sigh and wiped great drops of perspiration from his forehead.

He admitted to Capt. Stephenson, of the Leonard street police station, that he shot Rockefellow, but says that he was drunk and didn't mean to do it. When he saw that he had shot Rockefellow he fired a second time, he says, intending to kill himself.

"How did you come by the revolver?" asked Capt. Stephenson.

"Well, I had been drinking and was hanging around the saloon. Mr. Rockefellow hadn't discharged me, but he said, 'Here, you Dutch ——, I want you to clean those windows.' Then he slapped my face.

"I went out of the saloon then and wandered over to Park Row where I bought a revolver and a box of cartridges. I loaded the revolver in a Chatham Square saloon, and put it in my pocket. Mr. Rockefellow had frequently abused me and I determined that I would protect myself in the future.

"I then went back to Mr. Rockefellow's saloon. When I came in he again called me a vile name, and asked me why I hadn't washed the windows.

"I started to reply, when he grabbed me and tried to put me out of the saloon. Then I pulled the revolver and fired."

Meyers was not told of Rockefellow's death until this morning. When he heard of it he was much affected.

The dead man's body was this morning removed to Undertaker Hanna's establishment at 78 Greenwich avenue on a permit from the Coroner.

Capt. Stephenson has the statements of two eye-witnesses of the shooting, Nels Jansen, a driver for Brewer Yuengling, and James Dawson, a dock laborer.

Mrs. Rockefellow says that her husband had frequently found money missing from the till, and that this was one reason why her husband had discharged Meyers.

Meyers denies that he ever robbed his employer. He had $4.10 in his pocket when arrested.

SELLING WITHERS' STABLE.

The Brookdale Racers at Auction at the American Horse Exchange.

The auction sale of the Brookdale stable, embracing all of the late D. D. Withers's race horses, was held at the American Horse Exchange this afternoon. S. D. Bruce conducted the sale. A large gathering of turfmen and horse-fanciers was on hand.

Seventeen two-year-olds and seven three-year-olds comprised the Brookdale stable. Among the former were such cracks and finely-bred bits of horseflesh as Experiment and St. Michael.

The three-year-old lot included colts of Mimi, Cadence, Necromancy, Wyandotte, Crochet and Trill filly.

Of the two-year-olds the best is probably Experiment, who did a half-mile in 48¾ last fall. She is regarded as one of the best fillies of the year.

It is the intention of the executor of Withers's estate to sell Brookdale Farm if a good price can be had. The breeding stud, composed of eight stallions and fifty brood mares will not be sold but will be preserved and yearlings sold annually.

The stallions in the stud are Ventilator, Uncas, Macaroon, Stonehenge, Kinglike, Centaur, Imp, Hathen and Stalwart. During Mr. Withers's lifetime the stud was not thrown open to the public, but now will be.

HER SONS WERE GOOD TO HER.

Evidence Heard To-day in the Widow Moss Will Contest.

Evidence was continued to-day before Surrogate Ransom in the contest over the will of Sophia Moss.

Joseph Robbins, a builder of Long Branch, where Mrs. Moss had a cottage and spent the summers the last years of her life, said that he did some building and repairing for Mrs. Moss and her sons, and frequently conversed with the old lady and found her intelligent and a careful business woman. He never saw her in tears, and he noticed that the sons always treated their mother in a gentlemanly and respectful manner.

Rabbi Joseph M. Emanuel, of Long Branch, testified that he knew Mrs. Moss for five years, and found her to be hospitable and determined in whatever she did.

She never complained to him about any ill-treatment on the part of her sons, and he always found their conduct to be as good as that of any sons.

Mr. Emanuel was present at the time Mrs. Moss died, and as he was President of the Synagogue, he read the prayers while she was dying. Ralph and Henry were present and repeated the prayers after him. He denied that Ralph was going about the house at the time calling for brandy.

CONDEMN THE ELECTRIC CAT.

Newarkers Protest Against Such Punishment for Children.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

NEWARK, N. J., March 31.—A report that the little inmates of the Newark City Home for Children are punished by electricity, is the talk of the town to-day. Many citizens are outspoken in condemning what they term an inhuman way of correcting unruly children.

Mayor Haynes is criticised for approving of this method of punishment. The Mayor, who is thoroughly familiar with the management of the Children's Home, does not hesitate to indorse the opinion of Supt. Harris, of the Home, that the punishment of incorrigible boys with electric cat-o'-nine tails is not in the least dangerous, the punishment being always inflicted in the presence of a physician.

Reckless Driver Ehlen Held.

Driver Henry Ehlen, of 561 East One Hundred and Forty-eighth street, was held in the Harlem Court this morning to await the result of injuries to little Willie Hoop, of 864 Amsterdam avenue, whom he is charged with running over.

For invalids J. Meyer & Co.'s Grape Juices are the best recommended. 2 doz. pts., $6; 1 doz. qts., $5.50. 411 Grand st. *.*

STAGE "PROPS" AT AUCTION.

National Opera Company's Belongings Under the Hammer.

Managers Hammerstein and Brady Secure Some Good Bargains.

The scenery, drop curtains, stage properties, costumes, musical instruments and other paraphernalia, formerly the property of the National Opera Company, now defunct were sold at auction by the Bureau of Incumbrances in the Corporation Yard at the foot of East Sixteenth street, this morning.

The sale attracted but a meagre gathering of spectators and people interested in theatrical business. William Moore, of Harry Miner's Bowery and Fifth Avenue Theatres, Oscar Hammerstein, William Curtis, James Brody, and a few other theatrical managers and speculators, with a few musicians, were the principal bidders.

Van Tassel & Kearney, the auctioneers, disposed of the diversified collection within an hour.

A quantity of music, which included scores of "Faust," "Nero," "Tannhauser," "Lohengrin," "Sheba" and other operas, were knocked down to Mr. Hammerstein for $130. The music was scattered about promiscuously, and appeared to be almost worthless.

Mr. Hammerstein, and Mr. Brady also, thought differently and for a time the bidding was quite spirited.

Several double truckloads of trunks containing costumes, were bought by Mr. Brady at $300, and a quantity of musical instruments, principally brass horns, were knocked down to William Pape, of 195 East Fourth street.

One property was sold to satisfy a claim of $250, held by the city against it. It was originally stored in a loft at 205 East Ninety-ninth street, and was put out on the sidewalk for non-payment of storage. From there it was removed by the Bureau of Incumbrances, which charged $5 per load and six cents each day since for storage.

Mrs. F. B. Thurber, it is said, holds a mortgage on the property for $40,000, and J. K. Emmet a mortgage for $15,000.

TORPOR IN WALL STREET.

Masterly Inactivity Prevailing at the Stock Exchange.

WALL STREET, Thursday, March 31.—Speculation came almost to a dead stop this morning. The "tickers" were silent for minutes at a time, and the Exchange had a dull and deserted look. Neither bulls nor bears appeared to care to trade except from hand to mouth.

The torpor more than anything else led to a slightly lower range of quotations at the opening, but around midday a rally ensued, the small shorts being frightened into covering by the strength displayed by a few of the specialties.

Manhattan jumped 2½ and National Cordage about 1 per cent. The Grangers then started up, and finally the whole list improved on moderate purchases. New England, which had previously declined from 47¾ to 46, rallied about a point.

The sales up to noon were 97,000 shares.

Wall Street Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.
American Sugar Ref.	98¼	98¼	98
American Sugar Ref. pref.	97¾	97¾	97¾
American Cotton Oil	36¾	36¾	36¼
American Cotton Oil pf.	71½	71¾	71½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	37	37	36½
Buffalo, R. & Pitts	36½	36½	36½
Canada Southern	60½	60¼	60½
Chesapeake & Ohio	23½	23¾	23½
Chicago Gas	73½	73½	72¾
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	107¾	108¼	107¾
Chicago & Northwest	119¾	119¾	119¾
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	76¾	77	76¾
Chic., M. & St. P. pref.	123	124	123
Chic., Rock Is. & Pac.	86¼	86½	86¼
Cev., Cin., Chic. & St. L. pref.	98	98	98
Col. & Hocking Valley	30	30¼	30
Colorado Coal & Iron	33½	33½	33½
*Del., Lack. & West.	157¼	157½	157¼
Delaware & Hudson	141	141	141
Denver & Rio Grande pref.	52¾	52¾	52¼
Des. & Cattle Feed	47¾	48½	47¾
Great Northern pref.	134	134	134
Louisville & Nashville	72¾	72¾	72½
Louis., New Alb. & Chi.	24½	24½	24½
Louisville, St. L. & Tex.	22¾	22¾	22¾
Manhattan Consol.	119	121½	119
Missouri Pacific	50¼	50¾	50¼
Mob., Kan. & Tex. pref.	28	28	27¾
Nat. Cord Co.	98¾	99¼	98¾
Nat. Cord Co. pref.	107½	108¼	107½
New Jersey Central	138	138	138
New York Central	114¾	114¾	114¾
N. Y. & New England	47¼	47¼	46
N. Y., Chic. & St. L.	18¾	18¾	18¾
N. Y., Lake Erie & West	30¾	30¾	30¾
N. Y., Susq. & West	12¼	12¼	12¼
Norfolk & West pref.	49¾	49¾	49¾
Northern Pacific	22	22½	22
Northern Pacific pref.	61½	61½	61
North American	14¾	14¾	14
Ontario & West	19	19	18¾
Ontario Mining	43¾	43¾	43¾
Phila. & Reading	57¾	57¾	57¼
Rich. & West Point Ter.	11½	11½	10¾
Rich. & West Point Ter. pref.	62	62	60¾
St. Paul & Omaha	47	47	47
Silver Certificates	86½	86¾	86½
Southern Pacific	37½	37½	37¼
Texas Pacific	10¼	10½	10¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	45	45	45
Union Pacific	44¾	44¾	44
Wabash pref.	27¾	27¾	27¾
Western Union Telegraph	87¾	87¾	87½
Wheeling & Lake Erie	32½	33¼	32½
Wheeling & Lake Erie pref.	74¾	74¾	74¾

*Ex-div.

A full account of Wall street affairs will be found in THE EVENING WORLD'S Sporting Extra.

Mr. A. H. Braley of the Fall River Police

is highly gratified with Hood's Sarsaparilla. He was badly run down, had no appetite, what he did eat caused distress and he felt tired all the time. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla effected a marvellous change. The distress in the stomach is entirely gone, he feels like a new man and can eat anything with old-time relish. For all of which he thanks and cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is very important that during the months of

March April May

March April May the blood should be thoroughly purified and the system given strength to withstand the debilitating effect of the changing season. For this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses peculiar merit and it is the

Best Spring Medicine

The following demonstrates its wonderful blood-purifying power: "I have had salt rheum for years, and the past year one of my legs, from the knee down, has been broken out very badly. I took blood medicine for a long time with no good results, and was at one time obliged to

Walk with Crutches

I finally concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken one bottle the improvement was so marked that I continued until I had taken three bottles, and am now better than I have been in years. The inflammation has all left my leg and it is entirely healed. I have had such benefit from

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that I concluded to write this voluntary statement." F. J. TEMPLE, Ridgeway, Mich.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily, promptly and efficiently on the liver and bowels.

LOVE-KNOT TIED IN SECRET.

This Was a Mysterious Wedding in Smith & McNell's Hotel.

A New Jersey Clergyman Marries a Dublin Man to a New York Girl.

McBRIDE—CULLEN.—On January 23, 1892, at Messrs. Smith & McNell's Hotel, New York, by Rev. W. C. Snodgrass, Jersey City, DAVID C. McBRIDE, of Dublin, Ireland, to LOUISA L. CULLEN, of New York.

The above is a summary of Smith & McNell's first and only romance, though this famous marketmen's hotel entertains 15,000 guests every twenty-four hours.

On Saturday night, Jan. 23, Annie Gohrey, the cute little parlor girl, says that a big, smooth-shaven florid man hustled into her domain, followed by a meek-looking young man in his best clothes, and a petite, plump and pretty, but very pale and much excited girl in a seal-plush cloak, black silk gown and black hat with a tiny bit of red ribbon in it.

Behind them came two other couples of older people. The big man said, after a whispered talk with the others in one corner of the spacious parlor, that he was the Rev. Winfield C. Snodgrass, of the Hedding Methodist Episcopal Church in Montgomery street, Jersey City, and he would like to perform a marriage service in the Smith & McNell parlor.

Night Clerk Gauntlett Waddell consented, and the white-faced, brown-haired and deep-eyed little girl and the meek young man clasped their right hands under the big clock at one side of the big parlor.

He said he was Daniel C. McBride, born in Dublin, twenty-three years old, and unmarried.

The white-faced bride said she was seventeen years old, that her name was Louisa L. Cullen, and her home in New York City.

Then the Rev. Mr. Snodgrass pronounced them man and wife and two others of the party signed the certificate as witnesses.

Mrs. McBride placed the certificate in her bosom, and the newly-made benedict invited all hands down to the dining-room below, where they all partook of a bridal supper in Smith & McNell's best style, after which the whole party went away.

"That is all we know about it," said Chief Clerk Waddell to-day. "It is only about four years since we opened our house to ladies, and we are very careful indeed. Had I been in charge I do not think I should have permitted the wedding to go on, though it seems to have been all right. My brother, Gaunt, was in charge.

"The parson seemed to know all about the couple. We never saw them before and I cannot imagine why the publication of the marriage notice was deferred more than two months."

The Rev. Mr. Snodgrass was not at home when an EVENING WORLD reporter called at the parsonage, No. 242 Montgomery street, Jersey City, and his sister declared that he had never seen Mr. and Mrs. McBride until they called on the evening of Jan. 23, and asked him to go on to New York and marry them.

She knew of no reason for their preferring to be married in New York, nor why the marriage should have been kept a secret for so long.

CAUGHT COUNT KOCHEJAY.

To Be Tried for Bigamy in Trenton, Where He Deserted Miss Scovil.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

CAMDEN, N. J., March 31.—Count William D. Kochejay, who fled from this city some time ago, after being accused of deserting Miss Scovil, has been arrested in Philadelphia on a bench warrant.

He was found living with another young woman, whom he claims to have married.

Miss Scovil is a daughter of Col. James M. Scovil. Her brother, Lawyer Harry Scovil, said that he would see his sister righted if he had to follow Kochejay to the end of the earth.

Kochejay, it is claimed, belongs to a wealthy Parisian family, and says his mother is worth half a million.

Kochejay will be brought to this city on a requisition to answer a charge of bigamy.

Kochejay was brought over from Philadelphia and arraigned before Judge Hugg and sentence to State prison for a term of five years at hard labor.

CRUSHED BY A TRUCK.

A Lady Fatally Injured by Being Thrown from a Wagon.

Julius Bickhardt, of 135 Hopkins avenue, Jersey City, driver for a tinware factory, ran his loaded truck into a paper-box delivery wagon driven by Charles Millingfurth, of 43 First avenue, at Christopher and Hudson streets this forenoon.

The shock of the collision threw Millingfurth's boy helper, Linden Burchell, aged twelve, of 257 West Thirtieth street, from the wagon and the wheels of the heavy truck passed over the lad's body.

Policeman Gees arrested Bickhardt and took him and the boy to the Charles street station, where Sergt. McCormick sent a hurry call to St. Vincent's Hospital for an ambulance.

At Jefferson Market Court, Justice Divver held Bickhardt to await the result of the boy's injuries. The hospital physicians fear that the little fellow will die, as his back is seriously injured, if not broken.

WANTS $15,000 DAMAGES.

Peacemaker Hallaman Had His Eye Hurt in a Dance Hall Row.

In the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, this morning, testimony was heard in the suit brought by Richard G. Hallaman, printer and publisher, of 122 West Twenty-third street, New York, who resides at 126½ Washington avenue, Brooklyn, against Edward J. Rush, for 15,000 damages.

March 25, 1890, Oxford Council of the Royal Arcanum gave an entertainment at Criterion Theatre, and during the evening a row was caused by one person trying to get into the ballroom and some one else trying to prevent him.

Hallaman, who was Chairman of the committee having charge of the entertainment, interfered and endeavored to quell the disturbance. For his pains he received a blow on the eye from some one then unknown to him, and was knocked down. His eyeglasses were broken and some of the glass entered one of his eyes.

He was under the care of a specialist for more than three months, and was unable to resume business until the September following.

Hallaman now says that Edward Rush was the man who had dealt the blow and he wants damages.

He testified that when he interposed a man named McKvoy was making a loud noise and using profane language and he wanted to get him to go away. While he was talking to McKvoy, Bush, whom he had not seen, struck him (Hallaman), knocking him senseless.

VERDICT AGAINST AN ICE CO.

The Knickerbocker Must Pay $1,750 for Injuring a Boy.

A jury in Justice Cullen's Court, Brooklyn, to-day brought in a verdict for $1,750 in a suit brought by the guardian of Joseph Kane, ten years old, against the Knickerbocker Ice Company.

In 1889 the boy was running after a Knickerbocker ice wagon in Smith street, when a cake of ice fell off and struck him on the head, from the effects of which he has been suffering ever since.

Keeping It Up.

[From Puck.]

Helen Hyler—You can't go now and leave me with this blazing open fire! I shall have to sit here alone until it burns out.

Jack Lover—All right, I'll stay a little longer. (After a pause.) Ah, Miss Hyler! Don't you think I'd better put another log on?

MINISTERS WILL INVESTIGATE.

The Anonymous Letter-Writer Stirs Up the Methodists.

Each Clergyman Feels that Suspicion Might Rest Upon Himself.

When the Methodist ministers, who are now in session at the Park Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, decided to hold off the election of delegates to the Omaha conference until to-morrow morning, it was thought that for the time being at least harmony and brotherly feeling would prevail.

Indeed, the resolution to hold off the election, which was adopted yesterday, was adopted because of the apparently unanimous belief that the exuberance of brotherly feeling was exceedingly pleasant and that from all indications the election of delegates would disturb the equanimity.

This morning, however, the matter of the anonymous letter, which had been circulated for the purpose of injuring the chances of election of a certain clergyman, was again brought up.

It was the first order of business, and nearly every clergyman in the church took occasion to deny the authorship of the unsavory document.

The letter is the thorn in the side of the Conference. The very silence of those who knew of its existence was deprecated to-day by some of the delegates.

They objected to having suspicion resting on any one, perhaps on themselves, without their knowledge, and there was considerable agitation for immediate inquiry.

A motion was made by Rev. N. H. Ferguson that, in view of the charge made in a morning newspaper that a scandal prevailed among the Methodists, a committee of five be appointed to inquire into the matter.

A substitute was offered, and accepted after an interesting discussion, that a committee of seven be appointed to inquire into this and kindred matters, with the power to have witnesses come before them.

Rev. J. J. Dean said that so far it was pure assertion that such a letter had been written by a member of the Conference. No one so far had proved it and it was incumbent upon the Conference to institute an investigation.

Rev. Dr. McChesley said that the Conference only desired to conceal personalities for the present. He advocated immediate investigation as the milder action.

"If this milder action is not undertaken," he said, "it will be necessary to do something more severe. For I am in possession of something more than rumors."

This was a clinching argument and the substitute was adopted.

The committee's movements promise to be subject to the closest observation.

DID STAPLES TRANSFER IT?

Brooklyn Again Talking About His Long Island Water Stock.

Strangely Coincident with a Favorable Assembly Report.

Cyrus E. Staples, stockbroker and promoter of the defeated scheme to sell the East New York Water Works to the city of Brooklyn for $1,500,000, will not discuss to-day the report of his alleged transfer of stock in that company.

The transfer, which rumor says was made some weeks ago, is said to have been made after the fashion of the mysterious shares of Brooklyn L stock now held by Anthony Barrett.

Mr. Staples is credited with having been particularly anxious to have such announcement made.

The report that Staples had disposed of his stock is strangely coincident with the favorable report made yesterday by the Assembly Cities Committee on the new bill empowering the city to acquire the Long Island Supply Company's plant by right of eminent domain.

It is also said that Staples had sold his stock outright, but there would be little chance of his obtaining anything like the inflated price which would have been paid but for William Ziegler's fight against the authorities.

Mr. Staples received an EVENING WORLD reporter courteously this morning.

"You want to know what I have to say about this matter and the published reports?

"Well, I have nothing to say just now. Nothing has been done. To-morrow I may have something to say."

"Did you ever declare that you never owned any of this stock and had bought it only for others?"

"No, I don't think I did," answered Mr. Staples slowly. "No, I'm certain I did not. I would hardly say a thing that was not so."

Mayor Boody, when the subject was laid before him for consideration and his opinion, dictated the following:

"I have not heard of any transfer of this stock. I do not know who owns it. I have not had a word of conversation with any one owning or representing the stock of the Long Island Water Supply Company since I took office.

"I do not know whether the parties booming that stock favor the bill or not. I know of no fair way of getting the matter out of the way and of permitting the city to control the water supply business in every part of the city except by condemnation proceedings.

"Yes, it the most economical course. I have no knowledge of what the property is worth, but feel certain that we can trust such a board of appraisers as the courts will appoint."

RECKLESS SENATOR MORGAN.

He Will Force a Silver Debate in the Senate, Regardless.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Mr. Morgan has threatened to precipitate a discussion of the silver question upon the Senate by the introduction of a series of resolutions directing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the causes of depression in agriculture and business, and the effect of the silver act of 1890.

Mr. Sherman has appealed to him to allow the Committee to make the inquiry before the debate is had, but Mr. Morgan said he intended to call the resolutions up to-morrow and discuss them regardless of the feelings of President Harrison, the Democratic Presidential nominee or any other person.

Keeping Lent.

[From Puck.]

Mr. Torrence—Now that Lent is nearly over, I suppose you are eagerly looking forward to Easter, and getting ready to plunge into the social whirl again.

Miss Hasleton—Oh, no! I've had such a rush of Lenten readings and Lenten dinners and Lenten dances, that I am looking forward to Easter with the hope of getting a little rest.

A Lucky Escape.

Fortunate is the man or woman residing in a malaria-ridden locality who escapes the dreaded scourge. Not one in a thousand does. When the endemic is a periodical and wide-spread visitation, it is just as common to see whole communities suffering from it as single individuals. The most vigorous constitution is not proof against it—how much less a system feeble or disordered. As a means of protection against malaria Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the supreme medicinal agent. It will uproot any form of malarial disease implanted in the system, and even in regions where miasmatic complaints are most malignant and deadly, such as the Isthmus of Panama, Guatemala and the tropics generally, it is justly regarded as an efficient safeguard. No less efficacious is it as a curative and preventive of chronic indigestion, liver trouble, constipation, rheumatism, kidney complaints and in grippe.

CATARRH CAUSES CONSUMPTION.

BEWARE OF YOURSELF AND TAKE CARE OF YOURSELF.

In Every Case the Presence of Catarrh Is an Evidence of Predisposition to Consumption, Say Doctors McCoy and Wildman.

It is to be remembered that in every case the presence of catarrh is an evidence of predisposition to consumption, and no matter how slight the attack may be, it should be treated with the greatest care, and the treatment should be continued until