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The World. EVENING EDITION

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1892. PRICE ONE CENT.

CLEAR AND COMPREHENSIVE.

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LET YOUR HOUSE OR ROOM THROUGH THE INDEX.

WANSER WINS BY OVER 3,000.

Jersey City Reformers and Republicans are Jubilant To-Day.

This Morning's Fire in the City Hall Was a Small Affair.

The fire which broke out in the City Hall, Jersey City, shortly after 1 o'clock this morning while the election returns were being deposited with City Clerk Scott was not the work of an incendiary nor was it an attempt, as alleged on the part of the more indiscreet of the defeated Democrats to destory the documents proving that they had been vanquished.

MAYOR-ELECT P. F. WANSER.

The fire was the result of an electric light wire igniting some woodwork and papers near a closet in the Comptroller's office on the second floor, and the only damage sustained was the destruction of some tax collectors' receipts, in addition to a small portion of the office furniture.

The fire was first discovered by Sergt. Cox, who had just stepped out of Police Headquarters, around the corner from City Hall on Montgomery street, on his way home.

"I saw smoke coming out of the windows of the Comptroller's office," said the Sergeant to an EVENING WORLD reporter this morning, and I at once sent out an alarm. The firemen came promptly, but they did not use any water, as they managed to extinguish the flames in very short order.

"The report that the fire was the work of an incendiary is absurd. The City Clerk's office, which is on the floor below the Comptroller's office, was filled with citizens, and even if such an attempt had been made it could accomplish nothing. The returns had all been recorded at Police Headquarters and the origin of the fire has been traced to an electric-light wire."

The result of the election shows that the Republicans and Reformers, headed by Col. Peter F. Wanser, the Mayoralty candidate, secured a sweeping victory over the Democrats.

Col. Wanser's election over his Democratic rival, Allan McDermott, was overwhelming, and it is now only a question of votes making his majority over the latter and his plurality over the field.

At 10 o'clock this morning all the returns of the election districts in the six districts had been deposited in the City Clerk's office, with the exception of two in the First and the Third, and these were missing. Wanser's majority over McDermott was 2,867, which when the missing districts are accounted for, is likely to be increased to a figure slightly over 3,000.

On the Aldermanic ticket the Republicans carried four out of the six wards, though the Board, by reason of holdovers, will be controlled by the Democrats, 9 to 4.

The Aldermen elected were: First District, Kelly, Dem.; Second District, Norton, Dem.; Third District, Farley, Dem.; Fourth District, Abey, Rep.; Fifth District, Salenger, Rep.; Sixth District, Kaiser, Rep.

The vote for Mayor without the missing districts was:

	Wanser.	McDermott.
First District	1,449	1,632
Second District	1,210	1,319
Third District	2,586	2,228
Fourth District	3,026	2,408
Fifth District	2,724	2,170
Sixth District	3,704	1,780

Only seventeen votes were cast for the three other candidates on the Prohibition, Independent and Socialistic tickets, of which McLoughlin, who bolted from the Democrats to be an Independent candidate, received but two.

The result has been a tremendous surprise, not only to the Republicans, who did not figure on a majority above 1,500, but especially to the Democrats, who confidently exacted that McDermott would win. The Republican gain of two Aldermen in the Fourth and Fifth Districts, as well as the very material reduction in the votes cast for the Democratic candidates, caused no less amazement, and Democratic leaders this morning though disappointed declare that they cheerfully bow to the will of the people.

Denis McLoughlin, the defeated Independent candidate, was very indignant this morning over the breaking up of his meeting on Newark avenue last night and he vows vengeance against the men who interfered with him.

WANSER DOESN'T GO IN TILL MAY 1.

Mayor-elect Wanser did not reach his home until 2 o'clock this morning, after remaining at Police Headquarters watching the returns. The new Mayor will assume office May 1.

Mayor Cleveland, the Democratic incumbent, will appoint successors to the various city officials whose terms expire April 25. These include two members of the Board of Finance, two Street and Water Commissioners, a Fire Commissioner and a Police Commissioner. The Democrats will thus retain their control of the city government during the first year at least of the incoming Republican Mayor's term.

Democrats Sweep Hoboken.

The charter election in Hoboken was conducted very quietly, the Democrats having about 3,000 majority. The following are the successful candidates:

For Recorder, Frank McDonough, who has held that office for twenty years.

Water Registrar, Henry Lehmann.

Water Commissioners, Henry E. Suldore and Henry Hirtler.

First Ward—Councilman, Joseph Weinthal; School Trustee, Albert Lehmann.

Second Ward—Councilman, J. H. Stegman; School Trustee, Edward Russ.

Third Ward—Councilman, Timothy Kelly; School Trustee, James Havron.

Fourth Ward—Councilman, Harry Snyder; School Trustee, M. J. Cannon.

In Other New Jersey Cities and Towns.

RAHWAY, April 13.—Four Councilmen and a Water Commissioner, all the officers voted for, were elected by the Republicans, majorities ranging from 12 to 120.

PASSAIC, April 13.—The ticket supported by the liquor dealers was successful in the charter election here. The Republicans elected three Freeholders.

PATERSON, April 13.—Only Aldermen were voted for at the charter election here. Five Republicans and three Democrats, outgoing, are succeeded by four Republicans and four Democrats.

ORANGE, April 13.—L. T. Fell, Democrat, was elected Mayor by 316 majority. The Council stands nine Democrats to two Republicans.

HARRISON, April 13.—Four Aldermen were chosen yesterday, three Democrats and one Republican.

HOBOKENTOWN, April 13.—Yesterday's election resulted in the choice of five Republican Councilmen to four Democrats.

BELVIDERE, April 13.—George A. Angle, Republican, was re-elected Mayor yesterday by an increased majority.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Nathan S. Dilts, running on a Citizens' ticket, was elected Mayor. He is a Republican.

HACKETTSTOWN, April 13.—Mayor George W. Smith, Republican, was re-elected.

PHILLIPSBURG, April 13.—The Republican candidate for Mayor, Samuel Y. Davis, was successful by a good majority.

CAMDEN, April 13.—The new Board of Freeholders will comprise six Democrats and five Republicans. William J. Thompson, proprietor of the Gloucester racetrack, is one of the Democratic Freeholders-elect, having received 350 majority.

TRENTON, April 13.—Six of the nine candidates for Freeholder were elected by the Democrats, giving that party the control of the Board for three years.

BAYONNE, April 13.—The Democrats elected four Aldermen, the Republicans one, the Citizens' party one.

KEARNEY, April 13.—The new Town Committee comprises four Republicans and one Democrat, the latter being a gain.

SOUTH ORANGE, April 13.—The Democrats carried the township election. The candidates for Village Trustees on the Citizens' ticket were all elected.

Political Potpourri.

The election at Newport, R. I., yesterday for next year's representation resulted in the choice of four Democrats and two Republicans, just the reverse of this year.

Frank A. Herbert (Dem.) is chosen Mayor of Newcastle, Del.

Mr. Bynum, of Washington, just returned from Georgia, says Cleveland is undoubtedly the choice of the Southern people.

A canvass of committee to meet at Dover, Del., May 17, is apparently solid for Cleveland.

The State Democratic Committee of New Haven, Conn., decides to hold State Convention May 10. Canvass of Committee shows five for Cleveland and five for Hill. No choice.

The Fourth District Republican Convention at Three Rivers, Mich., instructs for Harrison.

Congressman Holman renominated by acclamation by the Democrats at Lawrenceburg, Ind.

Col. Conger, of Akron, O., is candidate for Delegate-at-Large to Republican National Convention.

State Senator J. B. Coppinger, of Alton, Ill., says: "The prospects for Democratic success were never brighter than this year."

Of the 151 delegates at the Convention of Reform Republican party, held at Columbia, S. C., 33 were white, something unusual for Republican Conventions.

POINTERS ON THE RACES.

Small Fields, but an Improvement Over Yesterday's Card.

The programme at Guttenburg to-day is an improvement over that of yesterday. The feature of the card is the fifth race, in which Toano will meet Inferno, Rancocas, Logan, Pagan and other fast ones. Toano has not been out for some time, but his brilliant bursts of speed are well remembered. Whether he can beat Inferno and Rancocas is an interesting question for the talent. The race for two-year-olds also looks interesting, and altogether there may be some exciting sport on the hill to-day. The track will be dry and fast. The entries and selections are as follows:

First Race.—Purse $400; for beaten horses; selling; four and a half furlongs.

	lbs.		lbs.
Elmstone	112	Keystone	105
Headlight	106	Avery	103
Fitzroy	105	King Arthur	103
Pardon	103	Servia	103
Canteen	103	Avola	103
Ballad	103	Lucky Clover	100
Silent	103	Craft	100

The opening event may go to Servia, who has had a rest and will run well. Elmstone, who ran an excellent race when last out, may be second. Canteen may beat the others.

Second Race.—Purse $400; selling; six furlongs.

Blackburn	118	Running Bird	105
Zenobia	110	Sheer	105
Duke John	107	Bob Arthur	104
Glenmound	107	Onager	94
Zenobia	106		

Blackburn ought to win this race notwithstanding his weight, and Duke John should be second. Zenobia may be third.

Third Race.—Purse $400; for two-year-olds; half a mile.

One	118	Isabelle	110
Bunker Hill	113	Gladness Billy	105
Ida B. colt	113	Caledonian	105
Helen	110		

The Ida B. colt, judging by his last race, looks good enough to win this race. The runner up may be One, and Eugene Leigh's best, Caledonian or Isabelle, should be third.

Fourth Race.—Purse $500; selling; mile and a quarter.

Rico	110	Sandstone	88
Crispin	96	Brooklyn	84
Iceberg	92		

Rico ought to win this race without much difficulty. Crispin may fill the place position and Sandstone may be third.

Fifth Race.—Purse $500; weights 15 pounds below the scale; six and one-half furlongs.

Logan	111	Joe Courtney	109
Pagan	109	Rancocas	109
Inferno	109	Toano	106

Inferno's past races have been so good that to pick any one to beat him seems an impossibility. Toano, if he has his old speed, may be second, and Rancocas may beat the others.

Sixth Race.—Purse $400; weights 20 pounds above the scale; selling; seven furlongs.

Gloster	129	Clamor	126
Harrison	129	Matagorda Hilly	121
Amo	129	Tasso	115
Harry Ireland	126		

Gloster should win the closing event, with Tasso second and Clamor third.

Probable Winners at Gloucester.

Judging by the usual conditions of weight, form and distance the races at Gloucester today may result as follows:

First Race—Milledan, Arapahoe, Thad Rowe.
Second Race—Darius, Calculus, Black Chief.
Third Race—A. O. H., Elzton, Mabel.
Fourth Race—Vohrig, Easter, Darling.
Fifth Race—Young Lottery, Silence, Censor.
Sixth Race—Harry Ackers, John Atwood, Richard K. Fox.

Morning Papers' Selections.

First Race—Elmstone, Canteen.
Second Race—Blackburn, Zenobia.
Third Race—Ida B. colt, Helen.
Fourth Race—Crispin, Rico.
Fifth Race—Inferno, Rancocas.
Sixth Race—Gloster, Amos.

First Race—Elmstone, Servia.
Second Race—Blackburn, Zenobia.
Third Race—One, Isabelle.
Fourth Race—Rico, Crispin.
Fifth Race—Toano, Inferno.
Sixth Race—Gloster, Tasso.

First Race—Canteen, Servia.
Second Race—Blackburn, Zenobia.
Third Race—One, Isabelle.
Fourth Race—Rico, Sandstone.
Fifth Race—Toano, Inferno.
Sixth Race—Gloster, Clamor.

First Race—Canteen, Elmstone.
Second Race—Zenobia, San Ardo.
Third Race—One, Ida B. colt.
Fourth Race—Rico, Crispin.
Fifth Race—Inferno, Toano.
Sixth Race—Matagorda Hilly, Gloster.

First Race—Servia, Canteen.
Second Race—Blackburn, Zenobia.
Third Race—Helen, One.
Fourth Race—Rico, Sandstone.
Fifth Race—Toano, Inferno.
Sixth Race—Gloster, Clamor.

MAYOR GRANT IN A DILEMMA.

Will He Delay Appointment of Excise Commissioners?

The Proposed Law Reducing the Number of Election Inspectors.

The possible action of Mayor Grant, in regard to the appointment of successors to Excise Commissioners Meakim, Koch and Fitzpatrick, whose terms expire May 1, is a matter of deep interest to politicians of all parties, and if their calculations be correct it will be of no less concern to the public in general.

The course Mayor Grant may pursue in reference to these appointments is considered of special importance by politicians, because the circumstances are such, they say, that the Mayor must show thereby whether or not he is a candidate for a third term.

Strong pressure has been brought to bear by the brewers and liquor dealers for the reappointment of Messrs. Koch and Fitzpatrick, and, as they are good Tammany men, the Mayor, it is said, is not averse to giving them another term. The stumbling blocks in the way are the indictments hanging over their heads for malfeasance in office. They were tried once and cleared on a technicality, but the Court of Appeals has ordered that they be tried again.

Much as the Mayor may be inclined to reward faithful party followers, who are indorsed by the liquor dealers and brewers, whose powerful support would in turn be pledged to him, it is said that he fears a boomerang. He would in effect be placing ammunition in the hands of his enemies, who would effectually use against him the fact, if he should be a candidate, that he had appointed officials who were under indictment for violating their oaths of office.

It is said that the Mayor is deeply perplexed, but will find a way out of the difficulty by permitting all three Commissioners to hold over until after election. If he pursues that course the politicians will take it as a positive indication that he will seek a third-term nomination.

President Meakim's friends say he would not be satisfied with such an arrangement, and that he would spoil all by resigning. That would place the Mayor between two fires again. If he appointed Mr. Meakim's successor without reappointing Messrs. Koch and Fitzpatrick, or naming their successors, he would be compelled to show his hand too plainly, it is thought, and on the other hand he would make enemies of the candidates who are after the places of Messrs. Koch and Fitzpatrick by not considering their claims to recognition in place of men who are under a cloud.

FOR LESS ELECTION INSPECTORS.

Assemblyman Fanquhar's bill, which proposes to reduce the number of election inspectors at each polling-place in this city from four to three, is attracting more than usual interest in political circles. Various views are expressed about it. The most alarming expression of opinion comes from members of the Southern Society, who go so far as to regard its possible effect on national politics.

The Southern men say the bill is bad politics. It is not denied that the object of the bill is to give the dominant party in New York City two of the three election inspectors. At present the Republicans and Democrats each appoint two of the inspectors. The Southern men argue that as Tammany Hall is in control anyhow the bill is unnecessary political legislation, and they seriously declare that it might furnish the next Congress, if it should be Republican, a precedent and an argument for a Force bill.

It is suggested that it would be far better politics to pass a law requiring the Election boards outside of New York and Kings counties to be made non-partisan. The present law provides for only three Inspectors to each Election Board outside New York and Brooklyn, and the manner in which they are appointed insures that two of each Board belong to the same political party.

The men who talk the loudest of the injustice of partisanizing the boards in New York are silent regarding the partisan boards in rural districts.

SENATOR GORMAN IN THE CITY.

Senator Gorman, the brilliant Democratic leader in the United States Senate, is here on a political mission. It is said he came to the city to confer with other prominent Democrats about Senator Hill's canvass for the Presidential nomination. Important results of the conference are expected.

Senator Gorman will not talk to reporters about the object of his visit.

COHOES IS REPUBLICAN.

Betting on Factional Issues Almost Caused a Riot.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

TROY, April 13.—The Cohoes Republicans elect Henry A. Strong Mayor and William B. Leroy Police Commissioner and carry two of the five wards, with a tie on Alderman in another.

The ballot-boxes of the Fourth Ward, which were taken to the police station when special policemen raided the polling places yesterday afternoon, are still held there, but the Republican candidate for Mayor has a plurality of 300, not counting this ward, which is a strong Republican ward.

If the ward should be thrown out, Republicans still elect their city ticket.

It is said that one of the chief causes of the police raid and the seizure of the ballot-boxes was a large amount of money bet on whether Garside or Gorman, the rival Democratic candidates, would receive the larger vote.

The police were under Gorman's control and the inspectors were Garside men, and when the reports received at the police station of the returns showed that Garsides's vote led Gorman's, to save the Gorman backers' money the raid was made on the Fourth Ward boxes.

The excitement caused by the seizure of the ballot boxes by special policemen was unprecedented in Cohoes. Infuriated citizens thronged the streets and threatened the police and police stations. The public wrath was great and was freely expressed.

At one time the captain of the militia company was asked to have his men in readiness, as it was feared their services might be needed.

A WORD IN YOUR EAR.

ADVERTISE and do it in The World's Real-Estate Index.

SPEEDWAY REPEAL HUNG UP.

Country Assemblymen Try to Smother It in Committee.

Allegations that Plenteous Boodle Influences Their Action.

Great excitement has been aroused in this city by the report that a powerful lobby, composed of millionaire owners of fast horses, is working secretly among the members of the Legislature to secure the defeat of the Central Park Speedway repeal bill.

This lobby, it is said, has a large sum of money at its command, and rumors are current that it is being used freely among the country members, in order to secure their votes against the Repeal bill.

These reports have stirred up the friends of the repeal measure in this city, and it is said that the association which has been formed to fight the Speedway act will send up another delegation to Albany to argue the matter before the Assembly Committe on Cities.

The Repeal bill was set down for consideration yesterday, but by a majority vote of the Committee it was laid over until to-morrow, which is the last day on which action can be taken by the Committee.

If no action is taken then the bill will be lost, and the Speedway act will remain on the statute book. The action of the Committee in postponing action upon the bill is interpreted as an indication that the members of the Committee are opposed to it and intend to let it die a natural death, despite the fact that the great majority of the citizens of New York have demanded that it shall be passed, and the Park Commissioners have requested that the act be repealed.

Among those who are said to be opposed to the repeal of the Speedway act are many Assemblymen, who regard the act as a home rule measure demanded by the New York members, and that its provisions were permissive, not mandatory. They say that if New Yorkers do not want a speedway in Central Park the Park Commissioners are not bound to authorize its construction. The matter is entirely within the Park Board's control.

Others are members from Erie and other western counties where there are large stock-farming interests, and who believe that the Speedway act is a measure which will promote the interests of horse-breeders and should therefore be allowed to remain a law.

Among those reputed to be working against the repeal bill are Hamilton Busby, of the *Turf, Field and Farm*, who represents some of the largest horse-breeding interests in the State. He and his friends claim, and even boast openly, that they have secured enough votes to defeat the Repeal bill, though they think it will be killed in the Committee.

WOOLSON HAS RESIGNED.

Gives Up, Under Fire, the Central Park Gardenership.

Superintending Gardner George C. Woolson, of Central Park, whose management has been under investigation by the Commissioners of Accounts, and against when very damaging charges have been made by witnesses, sent his resignation to President Gallup, of the Park Board, this morning.

Witnesses accused Mr. Woolson of incompetency and testimony was given that he used his position to enrich himself at the city's expense.

It was alleged that he ordered plants destroyed, and had them replaced by others from his private nurseries, and for which he charged the city exorbitant prices.

LINDEN PARK TRACK NOT SOLD.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Has Simply Secured Adjoining Land.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ELIZABETH, N. J., April 13.—The report that the Linden Park Blood-Horse Association had sold its mile track and buildings to the Pennsylvania Railroad company is not true.

A strip of land seven acres in extent, outside the track, on which the railroad had built sidetracks for the accomodation of the racegoers, has been deeded to the Company, in consideration that when racing is resumed two extra tracks will be laid to the course.

No part of the race course or its buildings has been sold.

LUCKY HOWELL OSBORNE.

The Rumor of His Big Winnings in Wall Street Substantiated.

Wall street is again talking about Howell Osborne's luck in beating the market, and the rumor that he has won a clear $200,000 since his return from Paris appears to be substantiated.

"I know that he made over $90,000 Monday in Chicago Gas," said a broker this morning, "and he has cleared over $200,000 within a few weeks. The funny part of it is that it is 'tape' wholly and on his own judgment."

It is reported that the festive Howell has paid the interest on two of his cash debts and after another coup will sail for France. It is rumored, however, that Fay Templeton will not go with him.

WANT REV. EDGAR DUNBAR.

He Is Accused of Eloping with Another Man's Wife.

The police of this city, although they deny it, are said to be looking for the Rev. Edgar Dunbar, alias Burnett, who is thought to be living here with a woman who is not his wife.

He was originally from Florida, but recently came from California, where he was a member of the Methodist Conference.

The Church authorities out there want him, according to despatches, which say he has been playing fast and loose with women and has eloped a number of times with other men's wives and young girls.

Sing Sing's Strike Settled.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

SING SING, N. Y., April 13.—The men who went on strike at the Monitor Iron Works yesterday because the company on Saturday discharged two of the leaders in the three months' strike which ended last week, returned to work this morning, the Company reinstating both men.

For Sergeants of the Park Police.

An examination will be held next Saturday at the rooms of the Civil-Service Bureau, in Cooper Union, of roundsmen on the Park police force for promotion to the position of sergeant.

Steamship Line Discontinued.

The Campagnie Generale Transtlantique has discontinued its second line of steamers between Marseilles and Colon, the venture having proved unremunerative.

EXTRA.

2 O'CLOCK.

HARRIOTT IS HANGED.

Mrs. Leonard's Murderer Executed in Freehold Jail.

The Drop Fell at 10.20 and His Neck Was Broken.

His Fiendish Killing of His Employer's Beautiful Wife.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

FREEHOLD, N. J., April 13.—Louis Harriott, alias Aubertin, the murderer of Mrs. Anna T. Leonard, of Atlantic Highlands, was hanged in the Monmouth County jail in this place this morning by Hangman James Van Hise, of Newark.

The drop fell at 10.20 A. M.

There was no hitch in the proceedings, nor any horror, as had been feared up to the last moment. The doomed man, who had been on the verge of a collapse all the morning, suddenly braced up when Sheriff Smock came to his cell after him and walked steadily to the scaffold beside his spiritual adviser.

LOUIS HARRIOTT.

When under the gallows, as his feet were being pinioned, Harriott extended his hand to the Sheriff and said:

"Good-by, old man. I want to shake hands with you."

When the black cap had been adjusted and the noose put around his neck, he shouted: "Good-by all."

Then he tottered, and would have fallen backward had not Van Hise quickly pulled the little string that released the heavy weight attached to the rope.

The murderer's body shot up like an arrow, sink back with a sudden jerk, and after one or two convulsive movements was still. It was all over.

At 9.30 o'clock Father Kiveltiz, Harriott's spiritual adviser, said mass for him. The doomed man eagerly responded to the chanting of the priest, and said his prayers and told his beads with a fervor that was clearly inspired by terror. Then the clergyman left him.

As the priest was going away Harriott knelt, and, clinging to his robes, piteously begged of him not to leave him. It was only by repeated promises that he would return soon and be with him to the end that the priest was able to get away.

No sooner had he departed than Harriot retreated to the corner of his cell, and crouching down began to whine and whimper. Then he began to sob and in a few moments his terror found vent in heartrending cries and shrieks that could be plainly heard outside the jail.

At 10.13 the jury, headed by Sheriff Smock, left the Court-House and marched by twos to the jail. Leonard, the husband of Harriott's victim, after a long pleading with the Sheriff that he might witness the avenging of his wife's murder, was finally admitted as a special deputy.

Harriott was awakened shortly after 6 o'clock this morning by the noise made by Hangman James Van Hise, of Newark, in putting up the scaffold.

The gallows was erected in the corridor at the east end of the jail, inside the prison, to prevent possible spying from neighboring house-tops. So perfectly were Van Hise's arrangements carried out that in twenty-five minutes his job was finished. The weight was 190 pounds.

Harriott had slept soundly since 11 o'clock last night. Just before he lay down he said to his death watch: "It's too bad to hang a young man like me." Then he bade them good night and went to sleep.

Jailer Smock, son of the Sheriff; Constable Joe Johnston, who arrested him, and Constables Woolley and Bergen watched him closely all night. He scarcely moved.

When Jailer Smock called him he jumped up cheerfully, and in the presence of his keepers took a bath and put on a new suit of black clothes, white shirt, collar and necktie. Then his keepers asked what he wanted for breakfast. "Nothing," he answered; "I am not hungry."

This was the first time Harriott had refused to eat, and the keepers became alarmed lest he should break down at the last moment.

At 9 o'clock the jury began to arrive at the court-house, but it was 9.25 when all were present, owing to delay of the train from the South.

A big crowd had collected about the jail and court-house, but kept perfect order.

Following is the official list of the jurors: Court jurors, Jas. Isaac S. Long, Asher T. Applegate, Edwin I. Field, Henry A. Hendrickson, George W. Brown, Jr., Jonathan C. Ackerman, Joseph Rue, Henry B. Matthews, Daniel W. White, William V. Ramsey, Charles J. Conover, John H. Cook; Sheriff's jury, Charles Strong, Austin P. Johnson, Dr. Henry G. Cooke, Dr. John P. Pemberton, Theodore Fields, Dr. Ellis W. Crater, Charles Morris, Milan Ross, Theodore Aumack, William S. Tilton, Edgar A. Vandeveer, Charles H. Walcott. The other witnesses were Sheriff Rullet P. Smock, Under Sheriff Houston Fields, Hangman Van Hise and son, Rev. Father Kivelity, Harriott's spiritual adviser, and three newspaper representatives.

Undertaker Barkalow arrived at the jail at 9 o'clock with a plain, cheap coffin and pine box for the body of the murderer, who will be buried in the Potter's field in the Freehold Cemetery.

The crime for which Harriott, or Aubertin, which he declared was his real name, was hanged was a brutal murder. He was a farm hand, employed by Charles H. Leonard, a wealthy farmer of Atlantic Highlands. Harriott was morose and sullen, but was not thought to be vicious. Mrs. Leonard, who as Annie T. Grover was known as the bravest as well as one of the handsomest girls in the community, had no fear of him.

The Leonards had a happy family reunion Thanksgiving Day. Mrs. Leonard had scolded Harriott for abusing her husband's horses.

The next day Harriott was hauling manure from the barnyard near the house. Mrs. Leonard was alone. Harriott went to the house, where Mrs. Leonard was engaged on a crayon sketch of the ocean, which is plainly visible from the kitchen window.

THE FREEHOLD JAIL.

He took a piece of stout rope and an iron railroad "fish-plate," which he found in the woodshed. He overpowered the woman, strangled her with the rope, beat her face into a pulp, crushed her skull and then dragged her into a storeroom, off the sitting-room, where she was found that night by her husband.

Harriott fled to Keyport and boarded the steamboat Minnie Cornell, which was to sail for New York the next morning. Constable Johnson traced him there and arrested him. Next day he was sent to Freehold Jail. There he confessed that he killed Mrs. Leonard because she had scolded him.

He was tried before Justice Beasley Feb. 8 last, the trial lasting four days. The jury found him guilty after deliberating only fifteen minutes.

Harriott's counsel pleaded insanity, and exhibited a letter from Harriott's mother in the old country, which stated that he had been insane from childhood.

On the trial the prosecution contended that the motive for the murder was revenge, robbery and lust. The latter allegation was not positively proven, but Harriott afterwards confessed it to a fellow-prisoner.

RUSSIA'S MASSED SOLDIERY.

Leading Generals Taking Command on the German Frontier.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PARIS, April 13.—The massing of troops along the western frontier of Russia is still a matter of discussion among military men, and considerable conjecture is indulged in as to the object of Russia in sending such large forces to the western provinces.

The *Eclair* to-day says that several leading Russian Generals have left St. Petersburg to assume command of the troops massed on the German frontier.

The movement of Russian troops in a westerly direction has been going on for four years.

According to trustworthy statistics the increase that has taken place in the number of Russian troops garrisoned on the western frontier of the Empire has been as follows: Ninety-one battalions of infantry, 35 squadrons of cavalry, three batteries of reserve artillery, twelve mortar batteries, ten custom-house brigades and five battalions of train. Cadres have been formed for the Landsturm and a large number of depots for war material have been constructed, besides fortifications, railways and roads.

A whole encampment of wooden sheds has been erected at Dubno, on the Austrian frontier, where certain of the troops have wintered. A second encampment of the same kind has been built at another point closer to the frontier.

Gen. Gourko, having been relieved of the duties of Civil Governor, is able to extend his military activity, and is now in command of the districts of Warsaw, Wilna and Kovno. These are now garrisoned by 350,000 to 400,000 men.

Gen. Gourko, during a recent flying visit to St. Petersburg, is stated to have insisted on permission being given him to expel the population from the immediate frontier, and to remove the people to a distance of sixty versts inland.

Spanish Anarchists Have Taken to Writing Menacing Letters.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

MADRID, April 13.—The Anarchists seem to some extent to have abandoned their dynamite outrages for the present and have taken to letter writing as a means to create fear.

The Prefect of Bilbon has received a large number of letters, in which he is threatened with all sorts of dire vengeance for the part he has taken in bringing about the arrest of Anarchists.

The letters not only threaten the Prefect himself, but declare that the Anarchists will in a short time use dynamite to destroy the churches and other public buildings in this city.

The latest dynamite affair reported is an attempt that was made to cause an explosion at the School of Architects in this city. The porter of the building found a petard with a burning fuse lying in the entrance of the school. He extinguished the fuse and no harm was done.

Dynamite Bombs Found on a Train from Brussels.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LUXEMBURG, April 13.—Consternation was caused in the railway station here to-day by the discovery of two enormous dynamite bombs on a train which had just arrived from Brussels.

They were of a size sufficient, had they exploded, to have blown the train to atoms. Each of the bombs weighed 45 pounds, and considerable conjecture is indulged in as to the purpose for which such great bombs were intended.

Niagara Falls in Panorama.

An important new panoramic enterprise, to take the place of the late "Battle of Gettysburg" canvass, is now in preparation by the Union Square Panorama Company. It consists of a canvass graphically depicting the Falls of Niagara. A feature will be a band of English gypsies from Epping Forest, who are said to tell fortunes in a wonderfully effective way. The entertainment will be opened on Saturday with a private view, at which Chauncey M. Depew and other prominent persons will be present.

The J. Chr. G. Huefel Brewing Co.'s MANHATTAN BEER, Malt and Hops only. 229 E. 53d st.

SUPT. BYRNES SWORN IN.

He Pledges Himself to Firmly Fulfil His Duties.

Steers Becomes Chief Inspector and Head of the Detective Bureau.

Thomas Byrnes was sworn in this morning as Superintendent of Police.

Supt. Byrnes first passed a civil-service examination, and it is a curious fact that he had more to say about it than any one else, for he is Chief Examiner of the local Civil-Service Board.

It is not generally believed, however, that the Superintendent showed any favoritism towards himself on this account. In fact, he prepared, it is said, one of the stiffest papers ever presented to a Superintendent of Police in New York City.

Supt. Byrnes was at his office in Police Headquarters shortly after 8 o'clock this morning taking a general survey of the situation.

He received a number of callers, among others many old friends on the force and some outsiders, who had no opportunity to congratulate him yesterday upon his promotion.

The new Superintendent received them all cordially and expressed his gratification at the action taken yesterday by the Police Commissioners.

Some of his friends wanted to give him a regular formal reception, but he discouraged the idea, saying that he was opposed to a demonstration of any kind, and being a modest man, he preferred to have matters settle themselves quietly and without any bustle or excitement.

Supt. Byrnes made a statement on the subject of his promotion to the Superintendency, saying:

"Having been chosen by unanimous voice of my superiors, the Police Commissioners, as Superintendent of Police to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of my old friend and associate, William Murray, I cannot fail to appreciate in the highest degree and feel unbounded gratitude for such a token of their confidence in my ability to fill the onerous duties of the office.

"Nor am I unmindful of the weighty responsibility which rests on the chief executive officer of the police force of this great city.

"This promotion has come to me entirely unsought, and I should have long hesitated before accepting it, but that in my thirty years service on the police force, during which I have held every rank from patrolman to chief inspector, I have learned a lesson that the first and chief duty of a subordinate is to obey.

"Therefore after careful consideration I have come to the determination to accept the responsibility devolving on me in assuming the post of Superintendent.

"I cannot do this, however, without expressing the keenest sorrow for the necessity which compels the retirement of that true, brave and faithful officer whom I am to succeed and with whom I have been closely associated during nearly the entire period of my service in the Department.

"In parting from those loyal and faithful officers whom I had the honor to command during my administration of affairs of the Detective Bureau, I can scarcely find words adequate to express the great regret I feel.

"If I have been enabled to make a success in that direction it has been due, in very great measure, to the unswerving loyalty, the constant fidelity and the unselfish devotion to duty of my subordinates.

"In accepting the office of Superintendent I can simply say that it will be my imperative duty to devote to the position all the energy and ability of which I am possessed and it will be my earnest endeavor to enforce the laws, fearlessly and impartially, and to this duty I unhesitatingly pledge myself.

"I am entirely free from or untrammelled by party obligations. I am not a member of any political organization, nor have I ever been such. Consequently, in the performance of my duty, I shall have but one supreme object, the protection of life and property, the prevention and suppression of crime, and, above all, the enforcement of laws without fear or favor against whomsoever are found violating them."

Inspector Steers, who has been made Chief Inspector in Mr. Byrnes's place, held a levee in the corridor when he came out from the detective office, of which he now has charge, and was seized upon by a group of friends who were lying in wait for him.

He also seems to be well satisfied with the change, and cordially approves the action of the Police Commissioners. The charge of the detective office is one of the incidents of the chief inspectorship, as is likewise a salary of $5,000, instead of $3,500, which an inspector receives.

It is said that Supt. Byrnes does not lose his right to control the affairs of the Detective Bureau by reason of his promotion, but that he will take as lively an interest as before in its successful operation and constantly growing efficiency.

The detective force is Supt. Byrnes's pride and joy, for it was he who first organized it upon its present basis and nursed it through all its stages of development up to the present time.

There is no end of gossip around Police Headquarters over the probable successor to the vacant inspectorship. It must be filled from the ranks of the captains, who will be required to pass a Civil Service examination before any appointment is made.

Capt. William McLoughlin, of the Eldridge street station, is one of the prime favorites. He has lots of friends who hope he will get it.

DROP YOUR LINE IN "THE WORLD'S" REAL-ESTATE INDEX AND SEE WHAT YOU'LL CATCH.

ROSIE LAWRENCE WILL DIE.

Her Sad History Outlined in a Letter from Her Mother.

Love for a Drummer Brought the Beautiful Girl to Suicide.

When Rosie Lawrence, the beautiful young girl, sent a bullet into her left breast yesterday afternoon in her flat at 1023 Sixth avenue, as told in the Sporting Extra of THE EVENING WORLD, she said she was tired of her life and wanted to die. To-day the doctors at the Roosevelt Hospital said that her wish would certainly be fulfilled, as her death was but a question of a day or two.

The bullet from the 22-calibre revolver buried itself in the girl's left lung so firmly that all efforts to extract it have proved futile. Its presence there will superinduce pneumonia, the attending physician, Dr. J. M. McDonald, says, and there is no hope held out for her recovery.

The girl's right name is Rose Hess. She is the daughter of Adolph Hess, a prosperous business man of Cincinnati. She is only twenty years old and uncommonly handsome with the rich coloring of true Castilian beauty.

She has lived in New York for the past two years with Leo Goodman, a traveling salesman for V. Henry Rothschild, the shirt manufacturer at 43 Leonard street, this city.

Goodman left for the West on a business trip ten weeks ago, and in that time most of her letters to him have remained unanswered.

That fact worried the girl, and to Annie Willis, who has shared Rosie's flat for the past few months, she frequently remarked:

"It's no use, Annie. Leo doesn't love me any more. If I do lose him I shall kill myself."

Miss Willis tried to cheer her companion up, but when on Thursday last, the day she expected Goodman to return to New York, she learned that he intended to push on to the far West she grew gloomier than ever and would not be comforted.

Her funds got low, and the landlord of the apartment became impatient for his rent. She sent telegrams to Goodman at the Palmer House, Chicago, but they remained unanswered.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Willis left the flat to mail a letter, and on her return in a few minutes found Rosie moaning on the floor of her bedroom with blood flowing from a bullet wound in her breast.

A bureau drawer was pulled open, and there was the tiny toy revolver which the desperate girl had used.

She refused to answer all questions at Roosevelt Hospital, except to say that she was in great trouble and desired to die.

Goodman was telegraphed to at Chicago by Miss Willis, but the information was received to-day that he had left for Omaha.

Among the girl's effects was this letter from her mother:

DEARERT ROSE: At the request of your father I answer your letter. But I am at a loss, so sudden has been the blow. Your father will never permit you to enter the