

"WANTS" THAT WERE MET.

Table showing the remarkable growth of "Wants" advertising in the world, with columns for years and corresponding numbers.

PRICE ONE CENT.



NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1892.

THE WORLD'S GUARANTEE.

The best guarantee that advertisers can have is publicity. The World's circulation books and all accounts relating thereto are open for inspection.

PRICE ONE CENT.

USE THE WORLD'S INDEX ON SUNDAY.

LAST EDITION. COUNSEL SUMMING UP

Howe Calls Murderess Walden "This Helpless Little Girl."

Susceptible Jurors Weep in Sympathy for the Defendant.

Prosecutor Wellman Warns Them that Howe is a Hired Actor.

Two elderly women of refined appearance, clad in mourning, joined the group of sympathizers to-day about Mrs. Annie Walden, who is on trial in the Court of Oyer and Terminer for the murder of her husband, James Walden.

The small and weak prisoner was escorted to the Court-house from the Tombs by Deputy Sheriff John Brown in a cab. She was even more pallid than yesterday and seemed weaker and more listless.

The elderly matron raised her widow's veil and looked at the full, almost purple lips of the frail Annie, and then she assumed her familiar pose, reclining in the arms of her aunt, Mrs. Dehning.

The story of the tragedy and the events leading up to it had nearly all been told when Annie Walden finished her own narrative and was permitted to leave the witness stand yesterday afternoon after a relentless cross-examination by Assistant District-Attorney Wellman.

She had told the jury in faint tones that she was being starved by her husband, and that it had been his daily practice to knock her down; her body as a result was one mass of bruises and contusions and her physical condition pitiful.

Yet it appears that three days before she shot Jimmie Walden she had money enough to pay for a sitting to a sixth avenue photographer, and the photograph resulting shows her rather pretty though somewhat faded without bluish or yellowish tints.

It was shown, too, that the rent for the Fortieth street flat was not due when she killed him.

It is admitted by the prosecution that Walden had beaten her, but not because she upbraided him for his liking for other women or his failure to provide for her creature.

How much do you weigh, Mr. Stewart?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"I weigh 147 pounds."

"Describe James Walden."

"He was a shorter man than I and rather fat. He weighed seven pounds less than I. He was not a strong man."

This in contradiction to Mrs. Walden's assertion that her husband was a big, strong man and an athlete, implying that it was easy for him to abuse her, and that she could not defend herself without arms.

Then Photographer Oscar Dummer, of 433 Sixth avenue, took the stand and testified that he made a photographic negative of Annie Walden on Oct. 27, three days before the tragedy.

"Were there any bruises or discolorations on her face that day?" asked Prosecutor Wellman.

"None whatever."

Mr. Howe, Justice Ingraham and one of the jurors asked a lot of questions and brought out that Mr. Dummer was sure that he should have noticed any discoloration or bruises on the face of the subject, and he remembered none.

Stoval, one of the colored jockey boys, was called, but a consultation with him resulted in Mr. Wellman's dismissing him, and then he announced that the case for the people was complete.

THE SUMMING UP BEGINS.

At 10.55 o'clock Mr. Howe began his final plea to the jury. He was listened to with marked attention, and frequently during his address several of the jurors were moved to tears.

During the plea Annie Walden lay in the arms of Mr. Dehning, her white cap up-turned towards the juror and her heavy eyelids drooping over her sensuous black eyes.

Mr. Howe referred to Annie Walden usually as "this poor little woman," "this weak, frail child," "this poor, frail, fallen creature," "this helpless little girl."

"I have told you that this frail creature had lived a life of shame," said Mr. Howe; "that she had lived with a man, not her husband, in Philadelphia; that she was led astray at seventeen years of age; that she had passed under the name of Annie Delmar and other names and had the avocation of shame."

"But what manner of man was this husband whom she killed? What manner of man? Big, strong; an athlete! What manner of man to beat and kick and abuse this little woman?"

A wife man called "Princess Toto" and about colored jockey named Stoval. He instituted a writ in the Court of Oyer and Terminer which this weak creature had participated with these men.

"Well, you all heard him call Stoval. And Stoval answered and came down out of the back seats, and Mr. Wellman met him and talked in whispers to him before your eyes exactly seven minutes. And then he didn't appear him."

"You know why he didn't swear Stoval? You know that he couldn't prove by Stoval the charges implied against this frail little girl."

All the jurors were deeply interested, one or two were indignant, apparently, and No. 3 had moisture in his eyes and the sheen of perspiration on his bald crown.

BEING A FINDING OF SELF-DEFENSE.

Mr. Howe devoted much time to a description of various phases of self-defense, seeking to impress upon the jury that while an apprehension of a blow from Jimmie Walden would not be sufficient to warrant a man in hitting him, such an apprehension would justify a "wee little woman like that one ore there" in defending herself with a pistol.

"A life is at stake here," said Mr. Howe. "A life to be taken—if you say that she has committed a cool, deliberate, premeditated murder—by the most horrible, most fiendish torture conceived by man."

"There must be evidence uncontradicted that this killing was done in the heat of passion, at the spur of the moment, in a frenzy, but with intent to kill, before you may convict of murder in the second degree."

"And if you so convict, this poor, weak, frail little woman, scarce twenty-one years old, must be consigned to a living grave."

"It is killed with a deadly weapon, but without intent to kill, you must say she was guilty of manslaughter in the first degree, and the penalty may be twenty years."

"If she killed when she thought, and reasonably thought, that she was in imminent danger of great personal injury from her husband, then it was killing in self-defense."

"And it is for you to say, after listening to the story of beatings, poundings and abuse to which she had been subjected by James Walden, whether she had any reason for fearing harm from him."

"If she was in danger, or reasonably thought she was, then she is entitled to an acquittal at your hands."

"The officer says he saw her raise her hand, saw the gleam of the pistol, heard the report, but did not see the man strike her."

"The little woman has told you that he did strike her, and that it was not till then that she fired."

THE LITTLE THEATRICAL EFFORT.

Mr. Howe passed over to Mrs. Annie Walden lay in the arms of her aunt, and taking her black-gloved hand in his, raised it above her head, dramatically displaying an arm thin, small, almost attenuated, and said:

"That arm, against the force of a strong man, who has honored and dignified by the name of husband, a man who was unworthy of that glorious title."

"Come home, Jimmie," she pleaded that evening, after she had called him out of that room, and she would get you."

"Come home! No; I am going to take Mrs. Harris and her ladies to the theatre," he replied.

"Take me instead. I am your wife, and I will go with you."

"No;—you? That was the man's reply. And then she shot him."

"I say to you, Annie Walden should be acquitted, or at the most convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, and I say that she should be acquitted."

THE ADDRESS OCCUPIED ONE HOUR AND FIFTEEN MINUTES.

Mr. Stewart is a young man. He said he had known Jimmie Walden all his life. They were schoolmates in Easton, N. J.

"How much do you weigh, Mr. Stewart?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"I weigh 147 pounds."

"Describe James Walden."

"He was a shorter man than I and rather fat. He weighed seven pounds less than I. He was not a strong man."

PALMER WAIVES A HEARING. Held in Default of \$10,000 Bail for Robbing Tiffany & Co.

The Firm Claims that His Stealings Will Foot Up \$50,000.

JAMES A. PALMER, a manufacturer of gas fixtures and chandeliers at 312 West Twenty-sixth street, with a store at 13 East Seventeenth street, and who, as did his father before him, has made goods for the Tiffany market for years, was held in Jefferson Market Court this morning on \$10,000 bail charged with having obtained \$240 from Tiffany & Co. on a fraudulent bill of goods on which he had forged the initials of an employee and a member of the firm.

While Palmer was charged with forgery on this one bill of goods only, Manager Ralph N. Hyde, who appeared for the Tiffany as complainant, informed the Court that Palmer's stealings by means of similar fraudulent bills and forged indorsements would amount to from \$25,000 to \$35,000.

Mr. C. T. Cook, a member of the firm, told an Evening World reporter that the full amount of Palmer's stealings had not yet been learned, but from the number of fraudulent bills being found he thought it would reach that \$50,000. The search to learn the extent of the robbery will hardly be concluded to-day.

Although Palmer had confessed to Chief Inspector Steers he waived examination this morning upon advice of his counsel, James W. McLaughlin. He trembled like a leaf from the effects of drink when arraigned, and Counselor McLaughlin and his friends would probably allow him to remain in jail to-day to get thoroughly sobered and would then furnish bail for his release.

Palmer's wife, a stately, handsome brunette, and his gray-haired mother appeared in court shortly after Palmer was brought over from Police Headquarters by Detective sergeants Titus and Murphy, who arrested him after a search of several houses. The meeting between a husband, wife and mother was very pathetic.

Palmer told THE EVENING WORLD reporter he had nothing to say, except that the amount of his stealings was greatly exaggerated. According to his own confession, however, the stealing has been going on for four years.

Mr. Cook, of the Tiffany firm, says that Palmer's father had been a workman and a member of their factory. When the Tiffany's abandoned the manufacture of gas fixtures and chandeliers the business was sold to the present firm.

He enjoyed the full confidence of the firm, which was likewise given to his son, James A. Palmer, who is secretary of the company. He was entrusted with the keys of the building, and he was given the full confidence of the firm, which was likewise given to his son, James A. Palmer, who is secretary of the company.

Palmer discovered that through the confidence reposed in him he could forge the indorsements of a head of a department and Mr. Cook and secure payment from the cashier without the bill passing through the regular routine.

This has been doing, he told Chief Inspector Steers, for five years. The discovery was accidentally made a few weeks ago through the failure of the cashier to cash a check which bore the name of Palmer's fraudulent bills.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

Palmer was arrested on the charge of forgery on the bill for \$240, which he had cashed at the cashier's office.

WE GAIN NINE LEGISLATORS. New York to Have 31 Assemblymen and 2 More Senators.

Reapportionment Schedule Fixed by the Party Leaders.

The number of Assembly and Senatorial districts New York City is to have under the reapportionment to be made in extra session by the Legislature next week has been, it was learned to-day, decided upon by the leaders.

There will be thirty-one Assembly Districts in this county, an increase of seven over the present number, and two new Senatorial Districts, making five additional members of the Legislature to be voted for at the next election.

The new Assembly districts will also create places for seven aspirants for leadership. Kings County, which includes the city of Brooklyn, will gain six Assembly men and one Senator.

At present Kings County has three Senators and twelve Assemblymen.

The two counties outside of New York and Kings which will gain by the rearrangement of districts are said to be Albany, Erie and Niagara, which will each get an additional Assemblyman.

Richmond County will remain a part of the Fifth Senatorial District, now represented by Senator William L. Brown, of this city, and neither Richmond, Suffolk nor Queens will gain an Assemblyman.

St. Lawrence County and other Republican strongholds, which were favored under the last reapportionment, may lose a representative each, according to the census returns.

Under the constitution the Assembly can only fix the number of districts to which each county is entitled, and the Board of Supervisors in other counties will fix the boundaries.

The boundaries of the Senate Districts, however, are located by the senators themselves at Albany.

POET GEOEGHEGAN VERY SICK. The Thirteenth Ward Lyrist Battling with Phlebitis.

Poet William Geoghegan, who has a lucrative berth as Secretary of the County Clerk's office, is sick abed at his home, a Columbia street, with inflammation of the kidneys and phlebitis. He fell sick about three weeks ago, and for a while his life was despaired of, his temperature having risen to 104 degrees.

Arduous work, such as the preparation of the annual report of the County Clerk, has not been received by the poet, who is a warm friend of his.

TORE UP HER LOVER'S WILL. Mary Van Hove Wouldn't Have the Wealth of the Man She Rejected.

LINCOLN, N. B., April 22.—Six months ago Arend Arends, a well-to-do farmer, hanged himself because pretty Mary Van Hove, a neighbor's daughter, did not return his love. Arend left a will in which he bequeathed his farm and possessions, valued at \$10,000, to Mary.

Yesterday Mary tore up the will before the astonished boys of the village and renounced her claims in favor of Arend's mother, who resides in Reynolds County, Mo.

WON IN THE EIGHTH ROUND. Charlie Turner, Colored Middleweight, Whipped Jack McCann.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—At the Pacific Athletic Club, last night, Jack McCann, of Philadelphia, and Charlie Turner, the colored middleweight, fought for a purse of \$1,000.

Turner won in the eighth round, when McCann was unable to rise.

TRIED TO ESCAPE FROM COURT. A Prisoner at Yorkville Makes a Fruitless Dash for Liberty.

JAMES CORRIGAN, a prisoner in Yorkville Court to-day on a charge of stealing \$25 worth of clothing from his sister's home at Avenue C, tried to escape by making a dash for one of the windows overlooking the street, but was prevented by court officers. He was remanded.

Strange Electric Storm at Sea. HALDEX, N. S., April 22.—The steamer Havenside (Reg. Williams), which has arrived here from Boston, was struck by a terrific wind and electric storm on Saturday, April 21, but was blown westward by the wind and waves.

HE BOUGHT MR. BENNETT'S YACHT. CHICAGO, April 22.—Gen. Joseph T. Torrance has purchased James Gordon Bennett's motor yacht "Tulip," and will bring the vessel to Lake Michigan in June. The price was \$20,000.

A National Bi-Metallic Convention. WASHINGTON, April 22.—The National Silver Committee to-day decided to call a National Bi-Metallic Convention to meet in this city May 20, 1892. The formal call will be issued to-morrow evening.

Weather Forecast. To-day: Generally fair; light breeze; Saturday: variable winds; Sunday: fair, slightly warmer.

The Grant Monument will be begun next Wednesday by the laying of the cornerstone. The monument will be a beautiful granite structure of the most magnificent proportions. It is a picture suitable for framing and worthy a place in every home. Order from your grocer or at address.

Central Park Race-Track Law has been repealed, but "HORSE" LOVER'S RIGHTS are a failure. Photographs in each package.

NOW THE DUEL. Borrowe and Fox Expected to Fight Before Day-break.

Belief that the Meeting Will Be for Blood.

And Will Settle One Issue of the Drayton Scandal.

Details Secretly Arranged—Scene of the Duel Not Known.

Borrowe Had Charged Fox with a "Gross Breach of Faith."

Drayton would be, and if Borrowe is not afraid to meet him for an exchange of shots the inference is that cowardice was not his ground for declining to cross swords with Drayton.

As the persons mentioned expect to return to London to-morrow evening, it is probable that the duel is expected to come off in the morning, as before stated.

Whether Fox challenged Borrowe, or whether he forced Borrowe into challenging him, cannot be learned to-day.

There are all sorts of widely divergent rumors, but the probability is that Fox challenged Borrowe.

In that case, Borrowe would have the choice of weapons, and would naturally choose swords, of which he has some knowledge, while Fox has absolutely none.

If Fox had the choice of weapons he would undoubtedly choose pistols, in which case the chances would be strongly in his favor.

This prospective duel between Borrowe and Fox grew directly out of the now famous Borrowe-Drayton scandal.

When Borrowe and Drayton called together on England on the Majestic, after their failure to arrange a meeting on the field of honor, the former left all the correspondence relating to the affair in the hands of Fox, who was his traveling companion.

Some spicy details have already come from Fox of this charge made by Borrowe, and when the latter returned to England with Milbank, some two weeks ago, the air was filled with rumors of an impending duel. It was reported that Borrowe had broken out as he reached the other side, and the advice to-day seems to indicate that these suspicions are well founded.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

It is by no means certain that even the present affair will end the complications which have developed from the Drayton-Borrowe scandal.

Report has it that Mr. Van Hove Milbank is thinking for the blood of the Duc de Morny, who he says has misinterpreted him in regard to the matters submitted to him for decision as an expert authority on the Cohan d'Honneur.

HENRY ROSENFELD IS DEAD. Suicide of the Reckless Young Gambler in Paris.

He Applied To-Day for Retirement as Police Captain.

Detective Sergt. Handy Also Asks to Go on the Pension List.

Probable Action by the Police Commissioners This Afternoon.

Two more members of the Municipal Police Department this morning presented requests to the Board of Police Commissioners that they be retired. They were Capt. John J. Brogan, of the Kingsbridge station, and Detective-Sergt. Martin Handy, of the Central office.

Both requests were presented in person, and both officials signed the formal application in the big book at the office of Chief Clerk Kipp at Police Headquarters. Both urged that they be retired under the twenty-year rule, but it is generally believed that the recent shake-up in the department is the primary cause of their practical resignation.

The Evening World yesterday predicted Capt. Brogan's resignation. In company with every captain in the city, he appeared at Headquarters at 9.30 o'clock this morning, in response to an order from Supt. Byrne.

An Evening World reporter accosted Capt. Brogan on the stairs as he was on his way up to Major Kipp's office to hand in his application for retirement, and asked him if it was true that he was about to resign. Even then the wily captain was evasive.

"I have heard these rumors for years," he said. "There is nothing definite in this latest report. I may get out to-day and I may get out in four years from now. That's all I care to say."

Five minutes later Capt. Brogan's resignation was in the hands of the Police Board's chief clerk.

Detective-Sergt. Handy's resignation is said to be the result of a desire on his part to retire, after 27 years of hard service, but there was also a rumor about at Headquarters that another possible shake-up at to-day's meeting of the commissioners that was prophesied by knowing ones to affect the lower ranks of the department had in a measure affected his action.

Capt. John J. Brogan was born in this country, Jan. 21, 1843. He resides at 60 Perry street, where he has a family and a splendid home. He is reputed to be worth \$20,000.

At an early age he was apprenticed to a theatrical sign-painter, but he soon tired of this work, and in 1870 he was promoted to be a policeman. In 1872 he was made a sergeant and assigned to duty at the New York street station.

On Dec. 15, 1878, he was appointed a Captain and sent to the East Fifty-third street station. In 1880, he was promoted to be a sergeant, and in 1882 he was made a sergeant and assigned to duty at the New York street station.

On Dec. 15, 1884, he was appointed a police-captain, and in 1887 he was promoted to his present position as captain.

The applications of Capt. Brogan and Detective-Sergt. Handy were accepted by the Board of Police Commissioners.

All are twenty-year men and are entitled to full-pension status.

Chief Clerk Kipp's private clerk said this morning, that although nothing had been heard from the commissioners since Tuesday, when he was in Washington, he was expected to be present at to-day's meeting of the board, and he is present at the present time.

According to Supt. Byrne, no sweeping changes in the ranks of the department are likely to be made. Several captains who were interviewed at Headquarters this morning declared that they would not resign, and the superintendent himself was non-committal.

"I told them," he said, "that the law must be rigidly enforced and that I would hold them personally and strictly responsible for any failure or omission of duty on their part."

It is said that the Superintendent laid special stress upon the enforcement of the Sunday Excise law, and that in consequence New York's name may expect another dry Sunday.

It was rumored about Headquarters at noon that Detective-Sergt. Handy and Detective-Sergt. Handy were about to be retired.

The first candidate to be retired was Detective-Sergt. Handy, who had been in the department for 27 years, and who had been promoted to his present position as sergeant.

It was rumored about Headquarters at noon that Detective-Sergt. Handy and Detective-Sergt. Handy were about to be retired.

The first candidate to be retired was Detective-Sergt. Handy, who had been in the department for 27 years, and who had been promoted to his present position as sergeant.

It was rumored about Headquarters at noon that Detective-Sergt. Handy and Detective-Sergt. Handy were about to be retired.

The first candidate to be retired was Detective-Sergt. Handy, who had been in the department for 27 years, and who had been promoted to his present position as sergeant.

It was rumored about Headquarters at noon that Detective-Sergt. Handy and Detective-Sergt. Handy were about to be retired.

LAST EDITION. BROGAN GOES NOW.

He Applied To-Day for Retirement as Police Captain.

Detective Sergt. Handy Also Asks to Go on the Pension List.

Probable Action by the Police Commissioners This Afternoon.

Two more members of the Municipal Police Department this morning presented requests to the Board of Police Commissioners that they be retired. They were Capt. John J. Brogan, of the Kingsbridge station, and Detective-S