Guards Patterson and Keddaugh by his side. Owing to his spinal trouble Tice is obliged to carry a cane, and he cannot stand erect. He is perfectly calm as he takes his seat in the chair. His vest is unbuttoned. Now the attendants are strapping him down. They do their work quickly. "Guard, take my cane," says Tice, holding out his walking-stick.

"Oh, you will break my nose." These are Tice's last words. He is complaining because the broad leather straps over the face are too tight. Chaplain Yates and Pastor Penney now enter the room through the door at the left. It is just 6.30 to a second when Dr. Daniels raises his right arm as a signal to Electrician Davis.

THE DEATH CURRENT.

The latter presses something, and instantly the body of Tice tugs at the straps. This lasts fifteen seconds. Then the contact is broken for a space of three seconds, when the current is turned on for another fifteen seconds. Again the body pulls at its fastenings and again it settles back when the circuit is broken.

For a third time a contact is made, this time lasting ten seconds. Then there is a rest of five seconds. The fourth and last contact lasts ten seconds. The total time of contact has been fifty seconds, and the total time of execution sixty-three seconds.

At the request of Dr. Daniels, Drs. Baker and Irvine examine the body. They say there is no pulsation whatever. Tice is dead.

The other physicians also examine the body a little later, on invitation of Dr. Daniels. All agree that Tice passed into eternity the instant the first contact was made.

Electrician Davis says that the indicator showed 1,720 volts on the first contact, with a very slight falling off when the three other circuits were made.

A closer examination of the body shows no marks or burns upon it. Dr. Daniels announces that the autopsy would be held at 10 o'clock. Then the witnesses go to the office and sign the official certificate of death. They are as follows:

Dr. Frederic Remington, Rochester; Dr. T. K. Smith, Auburn; Dr. J. H. McCort, Rochester; Dr. J. R. Kuf, Clyde; William F. Lansing, Little Falls; Edward M. Allen, Reuben J. Byers, John M. Bailey, L. C. Washburn, Auburn; Dr. George E. Fell, Buffalo; G. E. Graham, Albany; Harvey D. Burrill, Syracuse; C. W. Welch, Syracuse; Rev. Frank D. Penney, Rev. Horatio Yates, Auburn; Dr. A. G. Root, Albany; Dr. C. M. Daniels, Buffalo; Pierre Purcell, Chas. H. Bailey, Rochester; W. B. Brown, Sing Sing; Dr. C. O. Baker, H. D. Peck, Auburn; Dr. R. T. Irvine, Sing Sing.

MINISTERS TALK OF TICE.

Chaplain Yates and Pastor Penney were with Tice half an hour before the execution took place. He told them, they say, that he did not sleep well last night and that his spine had pained him considerable.

"He was very brave," said Chaplain Yates, "he fulfilled his promise to Mr. Penney and myself, that he would die like a man and a Christian."

"His last words to me were, 'Oh, if I didn't drink that whiskey.' Put that in big type," said Mr. Penney, with tears in his eyes. Then he added, "But for that very thing, he was as good a man as any witness in this room."

A MEDICAL VIEW OF THE EXECUTION.

Dr. George E. Fell, of Buffalo, who also witnessed the Kemmler execution said: "The execution of Tice cannot be improved upon. The frequent short contacts are undoubtedly the best method. There was nothing revolting in this case.

"In the execution of Tice there were absolutely no reflex movements from beginning to end, aside from the rigidity of the body produced by the making and breaking of the current. I was one of the first to advocate electrical execution, and after seeing this event of to-day I am satisfied that the grounds I assumed were correct. There is no method comparable to it."

Tice promised Dr. Sawyer, prison physician, several days ago that he would close his left hand and open his right hand as he took his seat in the fatal chair. If he was conscious after the bolt struck him he was to try and close his right hand.

When he took his place in the chair Tice placed his hands in the position agreed upon, but at no time was there the slightest movement of them.

WHAT THE AUTOPSY SHOWED.

The autopsy was performed by Dr. Daniels, with Dr. Remington, Irvine and McCort as assistants. They found the body well nourished. Rigor mortis was slight. There was a scar in the middle of the breast from attempted suicide in 1890. Also two scars from attempted suicide, date unknown.

The right eye was defective and one electrode had caused a slight scalding. The eyelids were slightly congested. There was considerable blood in the muscular tissue of the chest. The skull was extremely thick. The heart was in a normal condition, but showed the instantaneous effect of the electric bolt.

The remains of Tice were buried in a quicklime grave in the prison yard.

Tice and His Crime.

Joseph L. Tice was more than sixty years old. He served as a soldier on the Union side all through the war between the States, and fought at Winchester, Gettysburg and in many other engagements in a Michigan regiment.

Three years after his regiment was mustered out of service Tice deserted his wife and children in Michigan and went to live in Rochester. He was a skilful mechanic and always earned good wages at his trade.

Ten years ago he married a Rochester woman, and after many quarrels, separations and reunions, he killed her because she refused to be reconciled to him again.

Tice had a naturally sullen temper, and in his latter years this temper was heightened by a nervous affliction. The troubles that led up to the murder of Mrs. Tice began last Spring, when she left him.

They patched up a peace and were living together in Rochester, when one day in a quarrel he plunged a knife into her body five times and then stabbed himself. But none of the wounds proved fatal, and when both he and his wife had recovered he was permitted to plead guilty to assault in the second degree, and sentence was suspended on his agreeing to go to the Soldiers' Home at Bath and remain there.

He went to Bath, but turned up in Rochester again in July. He hunted up his wife and found her employed in housework for Mrs. Kohl on Goodman street, Rochester.

It was the afternoon of July 10. The doors were open because of heat. Tice entered the kitchen unannounced and seated himself in a chair. His wife made no sign that she was aware of his presence, and for a few minutes he said nothing.

Then in a low, soft tone he asked her to live with him again. She refused as quietly and continued about her work.

"Once and for the last time I ask you," he said.

She refused as firmly as before, and then, while she stood with a dish in her hands, he arose and plunged a knife into her bosom twice. She turned to flee and he plunged the knife into her back up to the hilt.

She staggered out into the yard and fell upon her face, with the knife still sticking in her back. He followed, bent over her, withdrew the knife and tried to return into the house to attack Mrs. Kohl. But she held the door, and after a moment he went away, wandering in the streets till arrested, while his wife died in a great pool of her own blood.

The defense offered was insanity, but Tice was convicted before Justice Davy, of Rochester, in the Court of Over and Terminer, and sentenced on Dec. 3, 1891, to die in the week of Jan. 18, 1892, at Auburn. An appeal was taken and the decision of Justice Davy was sustained and March 15 Justice Davy again fixed a time for Tice's execution at Auburn Prison.

Tice has been cool and indifferent through all the proceedings. He played cards with as much zest after his sentence as before it, and insisted on all occasions that he had no recollection whatever of what occurred on the day of the tragedy.

Miss Johnson Gets an $11,000 Verdict.

A jury in the Supreme Court to-day gave Miss Lou M. Bronson a verdict of $11,000 damages against the Forty-second Street, Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Railroad Company for injuries sustained by Miss Bronson while getting off the car at Broadway and Forty-seventh street in June, 1890.

WENT MAD IN AN ASYLUM.

Amalia Del Gardo Threatened to Kill Sister Irene.

She Is the Wayward Daughter of a Once Wealthy Cuban.

An ambulance was called very early this morning to the New York Foundling Asylum, at Third avenue and Sixty-eighth street, for a woman who was insane. The surgeon who accompanied the ambulance from the Presbyterian Hospital took the woman to Bellevue Hospital, where she was placed in the insane pavilion. No little difficulty was experienced in getting the woman into the ambulance and out at the hospital.

The police were able to learn very little about the woman, whose name was given as Amalia del Gardo and whose age was stated to be 38 years. At Bellevue Hospital the woman said that she was born in Cuba and that she was a teacher and unmarried. She was placed in the insane pavilion.

Sister Irene, who is at the head of the New York Foundling Asylum, was unwilling to talk much about Miss del Gardo. The woman came of a fine family, she said, and being in reduced circumstances had been given a home in the institution. Of late she had been acting queerly, and as she was evidently becoming insane and might grow violent and dangerous it was deemed advisable to have her removed to the hospital. Sister Irene added that for the sake of the woman herself and her connections she didn't care to say anything further.

It was learned from other sources that the insane woman is the daughter of Corsando del Gardo, a Cuban, whose family was once wealthy. It is said that she ran away from home when she was a young girl and that her father had never forgiven her for this wildness.

Friends of the family in this country took care of her, and after a time she was placed in a convent at Morrisania, where she remained several years. She then went to Havana for a few years, and finally returned to this city three or four years ago. She was without means, and friends who had known her from childhood gave her assistance. Since she was a girl she has been troubled with cataracts of the eyes, and she became almost blind about two years ago. Although specialists operated on her eyes several times it did not seem to help her.

She desired to become a school teacher, but in her condition, half blind as she was, no one wanted to employ her. Through the influence of friends, Sister Irene gave her a home in the Foundling Asylum about a year and a half ago, and she had been there ever since.

Within a few weeks she has shown signs of becoming insane, and she got so bad that Sister Irene notified her friends that it would be best to take her to a hospital. She became violent and threatened to kill Sister Irene.

The other sisters in the Foundling Asylum became alarmed, and Sister Irene arranged to see Miss del Gardo's friends to-day and decide what was to be done with her. Last night she made some further threats and created a scene, which resulted in Sister Irene calling for an ambulance and having her taken away.

Miss del Gardo told the hospital doctors that Mrs. Julia Marthet, who lives at 470 West Forty-second street, was her friend. The staff physicians say she is suffering from acute mania. She is a fine-looking woman.

THROUGH WEDLOCK TO JAIL.

A Brace of Brooklyn Men Confess to Bigamy.

It was "bigamy day" to-day in Judge Moore's Court of Sessions in Brooklyn.

Jacob Goldberg was the first prisoner called to the bar. He was married July 15, 1874 to Sophia Saponich, in Russia. The couple had thirteen children, five of whom are dead.

After living with his wife for nearly fifteen years he deserted her and went to Germany. He did not send her any money, and she followed him. He came to the United States in 1890.

The wife learned that he was in this country, and she crossed the ocean too.

The evidence presented before the Grand Jury showed that March 13 last he was married to Amelia Shann. Wife No. 1 testified to-day to the circumstances recited above.

The prisoner pleaded guilty. Judge Moore discharged the jury and remanded Goldberg for sentence.

The next case was that of Jacob Ehrgott, a young man, who confessed that he had married two women.

The testimony showed that Nov. 4, 1884, the accused was married in Brooklyn to Annie Kern by Rev. Mr. Slater. Annie is now living in McKibben street, Williamsburg. He lived with her for several months and then disappeared.

Jan. 24, 1891, the prisoner married Hannah Matzen. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John M. Wagner, and the couple went to live at 177 Montrose avenue.

On the witness stand this morning Ehrgott tried to prove that he did not marry Miss Matzen until he believed that his first wife was divorced from him.

Wife No. 1 brought suit against him several years ago, but lost it.

The jury rendered a verdict of guilty without leaving their seats.

M'INTYRE MAY MOVE UP.

District-Attorney Nicoll to Make Some Changes in His Office.

It was said this morning at the District-Attorney's office that Mr. Nicoll would announce in a few days the changes and promotions in his staff necessitated by the appointment of Assistant District-Attorney Waunhope Lynn to succeed Civil Justice Peter Mitchell.

Deputy Assistants Henry C. Maedons, who gets a salary of $5,000 a year, and John F. McIntyre, salary $4,500, are in line of advancement. One of the two will get the place left vacant by Mr. Lynn, who was an assistant of the first grade at $7,500 a year. Mr. McIntyre's chances are considered to be good, and he will probably be the lucky man.

Deputy Assistant District-Attorney Charles E. Simms, jr., who now gets $4,000 a year, will be made Deputy Assistant at $4,500 or $5,000, and Deputy Assistant and Chief Clerk Henry W. Unger will receive an increase from $3,500 to $4,000 a year.

Joseph I. McKeon, of the First District, who was a candidate against Mr. Lynn for the Civil Justiceship, will, it is said, be satisfied with the vacant Deputy Assistant District-Attorneyship, at $3,000 a year.

Michael J. Sharkey, of the Fifth District, is also after the appointment. He claims that the place should be given to his district, as Mr. Lynn was from there.

SWEPT BY A CONE-SHAPED CLOUD

An Iowa Town's First Rough Experience with a Cyclone.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CONE, Ia., May 18.—A cone-shaped cloud passed over this town, half a mile east, last evening. When first noticed it was about two miles south in the Cedar River bottom, sucking up the water of the creek with a terrific, roaring sound.

It passed up the bottom, over the bluff, tearing down outbuildings and unroofing barns and houses, among them being those of Risdon Tipton and L. M. Cecil. Charley Gay, a young man, was picked up and carried twenty yards and seriously hurt.

No fatalities are yet reported. This is the first storm of the kind ever known here.

FOR A WOMAN'S REFORMATORY

Gov. Flower Signs the Bill to Establish One in New York.

Assemblyman Sulzer's Measure Certain to Work Great Good.

The bill introduced in the Legislature last January by Assemblyman William Sulzer, of this city, and persistently advocated by THE EVENING WORLD, providing for the establishment of a women's reformatory in the county of New York, has just been signed by Gov. Flower.

As expressed in its title, the act provides for the establishment of a reformatory for women in the counties of New York and Westchester upon very nearly the same lines as are laid down in the charters of the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson and the Rochester Reformatory for Women.

It provides for the appointment by the Governor of a commission of four persons, two of whom shall be women, to carry the act into effect and to be known as a Board of Managers, who within six months after their appointment shall purchase land and erect buildings for the proposed reformatory. The Superintendent will also be a woman, who shall have charge of the reformation and instruction in useful industries of women committed to the institution.

After the institution is ready for the reception of women the act provides that it shall be the duty of all justices of the peace, police justices and committing magistrates of the counties of New York and Westchester to sentence and commit to the said institution for a term not exceeding five years any female between the ages of fifteen and thirty years who shall have been convicted of petit larceny, habitual drunkenness, prostitution, disorderly conduct or any misdemeanor.

The bill also provides in detail for the management of the Reformatory, defining the powers and duties of the Superintendent and Board of Managers, the procedure for commitment, the care, training and education of the inmates, the discharge and the conditions of the same, and appropriates $100,000 from the State treasury to carry the act into effect.

Under the law as it stood until this act was signed, women in New York and Kings counties, women of fifteen years and upward convicted of misdemeanors were sent to the penitentiary. It matters not whether the offense was the most felonious or the most trivial, whether the offender was an old culprit steeped in crime, or some poor girl who had taken her first downward step: on conviction she was invariably sent to the island.

Mr. Sulzer's bill, which passed both the Assembly and the Senate by a unanimous vote, received the hearty approval of all those who are interested in charitable work among women, and the final signing of the bill by the Governor gives to New York and Westchester an institution the need of which has long been deeply felt.

LEXINGTON CLUB WITHDRAWAL.

Its Members Believe the May Convention Not in Mr. Cleveland's Interest.

The withdrawal of the Lexington Democratic Club from the May convention movement and the letter written by its President, D. N. Carvalho, giving the reasons for this action are the talk of the day in local political circles.

President Carvalho says in substance that the Independent Democrats of the Twenty-third District have become convinced that the May movement is not really in the interest of Mr. Cleveland, but that its ultimate object is to strengthen the local anti-Tammany organization, with ex-Mayor Grace at its head.

He believes that the sending of a contending delegation Chicago will be decidedly detrimental to the interests of Mr. Cleveland in this city, as it will stir up party discord, and lose many votes for Cleveland, who, he says, is bound to be the nominee of the party.

"My relations with Mr. Grace," said Mr. Carvalho this morning, "have always been most friendly.

"The withdrawal of the Lexington Democratic Club from the May Cleveland movement and my letter, I do not wish to be regarded as evidence of any hostility on my part towards him personally.

"I cannot say anything more until he replies to my letter, except to contradict a statement with which he is credited in some of the newspapers to the effect that our withdrawal is the result of his refusal to appoint me a member of the Provisional State Committee and a delegate to the Convention.

"This is not true, and I can only say that no such motive actuated me.

"There was some talk between us a good while ago about my representing the district where I live on the State Committee, and he want d me to represent some other district.

"This I declined to do, and the matter has never been spoken of since. The Lexington Democratic Club is first, last and all the time in favor of Cleveland's nomination and it is because we do not wish to see his cause injured that we have withdrawn from their Syracuse movement.

"I have always been an opponent of Tammany, but I prefer to fight that organization right here in local affairs and not over the head of Mr. Cleveland, whose name should be kept out of local pell tiles."

THE DEVIL'S PAL PLEADS GUILTY.

Necromancer Libertino Remanded for Sentence for Extortion.

Vincenzo Libertino, of 131 Mott street, the Italian necromancer who swindled his fellow-countrymen by pretending to be able to work miracles for money through a compact he had made with the devil, pleaded guilty to extortion before Judge Fitzgerald in the Court of General Sessions to-day and was remanded for sentence.

When Mrs. Kate Sergi, of 121 Baxter street, was deserted by her husband in January she applied to Libertino for relief, having heard that he was an adept in the black art. For a consideration of $100 he agreed to send her husband back to her. She paid the money, went home and found her husband there. On comparing notes with him she found he had returned before her interview with Libertino, and then she caused the necromancer's arrest, he having refused to refund her money.

MORE CENSURE FOR DR. COX.

Another Coroner's Jury Condemns the Roosevelt Ambulance Surgeon.

A Coroner's jury held an inquest to-day in the case of Fritz Winters, who died in Bellevue Hospital April 10 from the effects of burns received at his home, No. 553 West Fortieth street, by the overturning of a lamp.

When Winters was admitted to Bellevue, Dr. Hubbard charged that Surgeon Cox, of Roosevelt Hospital, who dressed his wounds, had not applied the proper remedies to alleviate pain.

In consequence, Dr. Cox was censured by the jury "for his neglect of duties in the treatment of the patient."

Surgeon Cox was censured by a coroner's jury six weeks ago for refusing to take to his hospital an old woman who was knocked down in the street and fatally injured.

FOUND IT IN PAWNSHOPS.

Mr. Bentley's Stolen Silverware Recovered by the Police.

Detective-Sergt. Roche, of the Brooklyn Central Office, to-day recovered from pawnshops in New York nearly $1,000 worth of silverware, which was stolen from the residence of Norman S. Bentley, 271 Hicks streets.

The family were in the country between Feb. 12 and April 20, and when they returned on the latter date they found that thieves had been at work in their house.

The police have no clue to the identity of the burglars.

Bloomingdales
3rd Ave. Corner 59th St.

20 styles Gingham Dresses, elaborately trimmed, sizes 4 to 14 years.....97c.

500 Girls' Stripe Royal Twill Blouse Suits, complete for mountain or seaside, 6 to 14 years, worth $2.50, at.....$1.00

Will close out 75 short Coats in challies, cashmere, French flannel and imported plaids, were $6.50 to $8.00, at.....$3.95

Parasols---Special.

500 heavy gros grain and surah silk Parasols in all the leading shades, with imported carved sticks, actual value $4.90, at...$2.67

500 24-inch G. Silk Sun Umbrellas, assorted ivory and silver handles, worth $2.49, at.....$1.19

250 24-inch Taffeta Silk, pearl handles, worth $4.75, at..$2.98

Bloomingdale Bros., Third Ave., Cor. 59th St.

1,500 FAMILIES TURNED OUT.

Flood Situation Grows More Serious About St. Louis.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 18.—The local flood situation grows more serious each hour. The river is still rising and there have been heavy rains in the past forty-eight hours. Four hundred square miles of fertile lands around St. Louis on both sides of the river are now under from two to twenty feet of water. Fully 1,500 families in this area have left their homes.

The main suffering is in the American bottom and on Missouri Point. In the former locality nearly 500 people, gathered on the bluffs, require food and shelter. Gov. Francis, of Missouri, is sending them food and tents. Boschertown, three miles north of St. Charles, is all under water.

The flood is increasing in East Madison, Venice and Brooklyn. In East St. Louis through train service is badly crippled.

ALTON, Ill., May 18.—The evils of the flood have been increased by robbery and by speculators who are buying stock for practically nothing. Depredations have become so bad that armed men have started for the inundated districts.

VIRGINIA, Ill., May 18.—The breaking of the Linn dyke, ten miles north of here, has let a great quantity of water into the Sangamon bottom, and several families have been flooded out. Farmers are losing stock and grain.

PARIS, Tex., May 18.—Recent rains have spread the Red River out over the bottom lands for a distance of one to three miles, ruining thousands of acres of rich farming land. More than $100,000 worth of logs have been lost in the freshet.

HAVELOCK, Neb., May 18.—A heavy rain has deluged this city and driven forty families from their homes. The Blue River is higher than since 1883, and $50,000 worth of property has been swept away or destroyed. Relief parties are at work.

HASTINGS, Neb., May 18.—A cloudburst in this section last night swept away many country road bridges and flooded the lower part of the town to such an extent that families had to flee from their homes.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., May 18.—The water from the Panther Forest break is gradually covering the country. The break is now 1,000 feet wide, and is discharging about 75,000 cubic feet of water per second.

ROCHESTER, Ind., May 17.—The Union Pacific grade in this city has been washed out, and travel over this line from here is suspended.

JOAN OF ARC'S LAST VICTORY.

Won by Margaret Mather in Miss Craigen's Suit for Salary.

The suit brought by Maida Craigen against Actress Margaret Mather has resulted in a practical victory for the star. The suit was brought to recover $4,500 on a contract Miss Craigen made with Miss Mather to play the leading support in "Joan d'Arc."

The first night of the performance Miss Craigen received two weeks' notice to quit. She promptly began an action to recover the balance of the season, claiming that under their contract Miss Mather had no right to terminate the engagement, and that a certain other contract signed by her and subsequent in date to the one sued upon was obtained without right.

The case commenced yesterday before Judge Patterson and a jury in the Supreme Court. David Gerber, on behalf of Miss Mather, moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that before Miss Craigen could recover it was incumbent on her first to get rid of or set aside the contract which she claimed was obtained without right.

William H. Hamilton, representing the plaintiff, contended that he could obtain all that relief in this present suit. Judge Patterson stated that in his opinion the point taken by the defendant's counsel was a good one, and instructed Miss Craigen's counsel to consider until this morning whether he would withdraw a juror and terminate the trial. This morning Miss Craigen's counsel accepted the Court's suggestion and withdrew a juror.

SUES FOR $20,000 DAMAGES.

Laura Owen's Hand Was Crushed in a Laundry Mangle.

Laura E. Owens is suing John H. Ernst and Henry D. Heissenbuttel for $20,000 damages, for personal injuries, before Judge Osborne and a jury, in the Brooklyn City Court.

The plaintiff is only sixteen years old. Ernst and Heissenbuttel are the owners of a steam laundry on Court street. Miss Owens entered their employ in January, 1891.

She alleges that she was put to work at a machine known as a mangle, and that the machine, she alleges, was defective, but that her employers neglected to inform her of its dangerous condition.

On Feb. 9 her hand was caught in the machine and crushed so that she will never be able to use it again.

A GIRL'S SUSPENDERS.

They Attract Attention on Broadway, in Williamsburg.

An odd article of feminine apparel, or adornment, has made its appearance on the streets of Williamsburg. It is a fair imitation of the masculine suspender, and is worn outside the ordinary dress.

A young woman promenaded Broadway yesterday with the most elaborate harness which has yet appeared on the street. About her waist was a broad belt of gold braid, to which were sewn gilt buttons corresponding to those on the waistband of a man's trousers.

The suspenders were also of gold braid and were made up with buckles and all, and were attached to the band about the young woman's waist.

It is needless to say that the new style attracts attention.

THINK STANTON WAS INSANE.

His Employers Can Account for His Suicide No Other Way.

The suicide of Albert L. Stanton, on a New York Central express train late yesterday afternoon, was a shock to his employers, Cross & Beguelin, dealers in diamonds and jewelry at 17 Maiden lane, who declared this morning they could not account for Stanton's rash deed.

Stanton was returning from Lyons, N. Y., where he had testified before the Grand Jury in Train-Robber Oliver Curtis Perry's case. As the train approached Poughkeepsie Stanton drew a knife and, screaming, "They are after me!" cut his throat.

Stanton was a porter for Cross & Beguelin, and they reposed implicit confidence in him. He carried the keys to the store and handled thousands of dollars' worth of jewelry, but he never violated his trust, said Albert F. Cross, of the firm.

When he was subpœnaed to appear before the Grand Jury at Lyons, Stanton was somewhat anxious, as he had never had any experience in court proceedings. He was summoned to testify that he had packed some jewelry in a box which was found among Perry's effects.

An Associated Press despatch from Lyons says Stanton acted strangely while there, and when a fellow-employee named Beardsley was questioned he said that Stanton had been badly scared by the men with whom he worked, who told him that he was liable to be put in jail for perjury.

Mr. Cross said that upon investigation the firm found that Stanton had not been frightened by his fellow-workmen, but that for the past month he had shown signs of being mentally unbalanced. He believes that Stanton was on the verge of nervous prostration, and that he suddenly became insane on the train.

Stanton lived with his wife at 333 Johnson avenue, Jersey City. He was thirty-eight years old. So far as the firm could learn, his home life was happy. His brother has gone to Poughkeepsie to take charge of the body.

WOOED HER WITH A PISTOL.

And Mrs. Alice Beverly Crane is Now Waiting for a Divorce.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

WATERTOWN, S. Dak., May 18.—The famous divorce suit of Alice Beverly Crane, of New York, against Walter H. Crane, of London, has been rushed through, and Judge Andrews is expected to issue a decree to-day.

The case was peculiar and sensational. Both parties are scions of wealthy families and cousins.

According to Mrs. Crane's story her cousin took her for a cab drive one day in London, and while the vehicle drew a revolver and told her he would kill her on the spot if she did not marry him. She was too much frightened to either consent or demur, and he ordered the cabman to drive to a church, where they were married with a license he had secured. The next day he was called to New York and she did not see him again for three years.

She told her story to her mother in 1891, and in unsuccessful attempt to secure an annulment of the marriage was made in the London courts.

Mrs. Crane came to South Dakota last November and in February filed a suit for divorce.

TO PUMP MORE WATER.

More Machinery Wanted at the Ridgewood Reservoir.

Chief Engineer Van Buren, of the City Works Department, has recommended to the Brooklyn Common Council the speedy increase of the city's pumping facilities at the Ridgewood engine-house.

The city is last encroaching upon the limit of pumping power, which is 55,000,000 gallons in twenty-four hours. Mr. Van Buren estimates the cost of extension as more than $500,000 to obtain a daily flow of 100,000,000 gallons. He suggests the construction of a duplicate engine and a remodelling of the present engine, and urges immediate action.

Since the completion of the new water-main from Ridgewood to Brooklyn Heights the consumption has increased about 4,000,000 gallons a day. There are five engines at Ridgewood now, two of which were built in 1856. Four of the engines have a capacity of 15,000,000 gallons each. It has been estimated that the new Twenty-sixth Ward, with its population of 30,000, consumes 750,000 gallons daily.

To-morrow the Common Council will pay its annual visit to the water-shed and pumping-stations.

HE FIDDLED TO HER HARP.

But a Cornet-Tooting Papa Didn't Like the Arrangement.

Henry Helmke agitates a fiddle and Frederick Allen toots a cornet. They formed a copartnership and played around in saloons. Allen's daughter Katie, seventeen, twangs a harp, and helped the men in their melody-murdering work.

Monday night Allen went to his lodge, and and Helmke and Katie started out together to worry the welkin. Katie did not return home. Last night she and the fiddler were found at the latter's conservatory, 143 East Houston street, and both were arrested. Katie said she wanted to marry the saloon-drilling Paganini.

In the Essex Market Court to-day the fiddler charged with abduction was held for examination. Katie went home to her cornet-playing papa.

Never mind the weather. You can stay inside and find your house in THE WORLD'S REAL ESTATE INDEX.

B. Altman & Co.

DEPARTMENT FOR

Ladies' HOUSE GOWNS

Will offer To-Morrow, Thursday, May 19,

Silk Tea Gowns and Negligees, $7.85, 10.25, 13.50.

Challie and Cashmere Robes, $5.25.

Wrappers of Imported Flannel, $2.25 and 4.50.

18th St., 19th St. and 6th Ave.

(18th St. Station Elevated Road.)

DR. MOORE GOT A DIVORCE.

He Went to South Dakota to Secure a Decree.

Despatches from Sioux Falls, S. Dak., state that Dr. William Moore, of Brooklyn, who has been a resident of Sioux Falls for four months, left for the East to-day with a decree signed yesterday afternoon, divorcing him from his wife Virginia.

The couple were married in Brooklyn in 1886, and lived happily until April 21, 1891, when Dr. Moore came home and found that his wife had gone, leaving a note to the effect that she did not love the doctor and had returned to live with her mother.

Dr. William Moore and his wife lived at 41 Seventh avenue, Brooklyn. The doctor still has an office in the Potter Building, in New York.

AN EVENING WORLD reporter, who called at 41 Seventh avenue, Brooklyn, this morning, elicited only the following information from the landlady:

"I know absolutely nothing about Dr. Moore's affairs. All I can say is that he and his wife boarded here, and that both were very nice people. For further particulars you will have to go the Potter Bull——I should say to 28 Maiden lane, New York."

At 28 Maiden lane nobody seemed to have ever heard of such a name as Dr. William Moore. However, acting upon the unfinished suggestion of Dr. Moore's landlady, THE EVENING WORLD reporter made inquiries at the Potter Building and found that Dr. Moore had an office there with Dr. W. W. Lynde, in room 184 on the seventh floor.

The door was locked. A written notice directed callers on Dr. Moore to inquire of Philip Carpenter, room 195, on the same floor. Mr. Carpenter is a lawyer. To the queries of THE EVENING WORLD reporter he replied:

"I am an intimate friend of Dr. Moore's, and think that I ought not to discuss this matter with strangers. All I care to say is that he seems not to have found it disadvantageous to visit Sioux Falls.

"I do not know Mrs. Virginia Moore's maiden name, nor do I know where she resides. I do not even wish to say whether or not Dr. Moore's practice is large. In fact, I am determined to say nothing at all about this affair. Good-day, sir."

BROKER BOUVIER ROBBED.

Burglars Carry Off a Quantity of Silverware.

Capt. Thomas Reilly and the police of the Twenty-third precinct, or "Millionaire District," are investigating a robbery which occurred at the residence of Michael C. Bouvier, 14 West Forty-sixth street.

Mr. Bouvier is a broker, and has an office at 16 Broad street. It was rumored at first that burglars had ransacked the house and carried away $30,000 worth of plunder, but investigation to-day proves this to be untrue. The value of the articles taken will not exceed $500.

The Bouviers' servant went to St. Patrick's Cathedral to attend early mass at 6.30 o'clock yesterday morning, leaving no one in the lower part of the house. When she returned at 7 o'clock she found that a quantity of small silverware, including two dozen spoons and forks, six plated butter-knives and a fine silver ice-bowl had been taken from a drawer of the sideboard in the dining-room.

Capt. Reilly thinks that the robbery was the work of a sneak thief who knew that it was the servants' custom to go to early mass. It would be comparatively easy, he thinks, for any one to open the basement gate with a wire, and finding the door unlocked, to go upstairs.

DRUNK AND BLEW OUT THE GAS.

An Agent for a Boston Firm Found Dead After a Debauch.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

ELIZABETH, N. J., May 18.—Charles T. Emery, agent for a brush factory in Boston, was found dying in room 7 at Ryan's Hotel this morning. He was intoxicated when he retired for the night and it is presumed that he blew out the gas. The servants noticed he did not appear at the usual hour for breakfast, and a man sent up to call him found room 7 full of gas and Emery lying on his back on the bed barely alive. He expired a few moments after being removed from the room.

Emery had been stopping for two weeks at Ryan's Hotel. He was arrested last Monday week for drunkenness and spent a night in a police station. He was about forty-seven years old. He is said to have a wife and two children in Massachusetts and to own property there.

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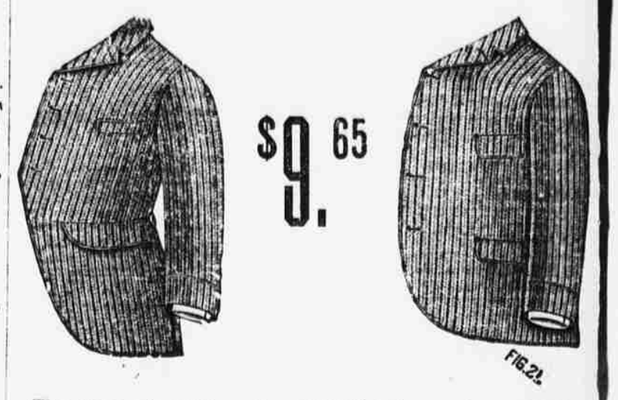

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MOTHERS.—We shall have a grand Special Sale of Boys' Clothing. We have 30 large tables loaded down with thousands of magnificent Boys' Suits, costing from $5.00 to $9.00 per suit; we offer your choice at

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See 'em, and to-day, if possible. Look at our Window Display.

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86 and 88 Bowery, cor. Hester St. Our Only Store.

IT IS NO CRIME TO STRIKE.

That Was Justice White's Decision in Harlem Court.

Edward Smith, who is superintending the building of a row of houses at One Hundred and Sixteenth street and Madison avenue, was complainant in the Harlem Court this morning against Francis C. Zeigler, Walking Delegate of the Public Cartmen's Union, whom he charged with conspiracy.

Zeigler, it was charged, ordered a strike of the cartmen who were hauling brick to the building yesterday afternoon, and the bricklayers also quit work. Work was brought to a standstill, and Smith caused Zeigler to be subpœnaed to explain to the Court why he should not be locked up.

Zeigler said Smith had owed a union man a sum of money since 1890, and he advised other union men not to work for him.

Justice White said that the union had a perfect right to quit if they wanted to, and Smith should hire other men if the strikers would not return to work.

"I can't hire others," said Smith.

"Well, that's your concern," said the Justice. "There is nothing against Zeigler that I can see. He is discharged."

Smith left the court, threatening to appeal to a higher court.

SWINDLED IN CHARITY'S NAME.

And When Caught He Tried to Strangle Himself.

Abraham Lincoln Freed, twenty-three, was arrested last night by Capt. John J. Delaney and Detective Haggerty, of the Madison Street Station, on an alleged charge of swindling under the guise of charity.

Freed lives with his father, a shoemaker, at 205 East Tenth street. Monday evening last Freed asked Henry Rosenthal, sixteen, son of the proprietor of the American Star Hall, in East Broadway, to do some printing for him. He dictated a petition which purported to be circulated for the benefit of a widow of a young doctor, who had died, leaving her penniless. He had Rosenthal write the names of well-known physicians and place amounts ranging from $3 to $5 opposite their names. Then he gave Rosenthal a list of physicians to swindle.

Rosenthal noticed Capt. Delaney and Freed was arrested last night. In his possession was found a list containing the names of sixty-four physicians and a large number of checks, one of them for $500 drawn on the Texas National Bank, of Galveston, and signed by F. S. Veit. In the station-house last night he attempted suicide by choking himself with a steel rib of his umbrella. He was discovered by Capt. Delaney and was watched for the remainder of the night.

Justice Taintor, in the Essex Market Court, remanded him to-day for further examination.

CHALLENGES RIGHT AND LEFT.

Mexican Editors Are Thronging to the Field of Honor.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CHIHUAHUA, MEX., May 18.—Last week's duel, in which an editor fell, has engendered bitter feelings between the factions represented by them, and numerous challenges have been accepted.

To-day a proposed duel between Luis Terrazas, jr., son of the ex-Governor, and Mauro Candano, a crippled soldier with a dueling record, was stopped by officers.

Enrique C. Creel has also challenged Candano.

Gov. Cartilo has also been challenged and other meetings are rumored, all growing out of the Ochoa-Condier meeting.

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