Every Citizen's Duty

Is to get the greatest political newspaper ever published, which will be

Next Sunday's World.

Weather Indications.

The EVENING EDITION World.

The Affair of Bleakirk on Sands

A story by Q.

AND A STORY BY JEROME K. JEROME.

Next Sunday's World.

Weather Indications.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1892. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE WORLD'S HOME CHART PUTS IT IN A LINE.

LAST EDITION.

DARK FOR DAILEY.

A Strong Case Made Out Against the Roundsman.

Lizzie Lawlor Stands an Exhaustive Cross-Examination.

Mamie Hannan's Story Is Hard to Break Down.

Lawyers Friend & House, counsel for Roundsman Mathew F. Dailey, whose trial on the charge of criminally assaulting pretty sixteen-year-old Mamie Hannan is now progressing in Part II. of General Sessions, are making strenous efforts to acquit their client of the terrible accusation against him.

DAILEY AND COUNSELLOR AMMON.

In spite of their announcement to Recorder Smyth that the defense would be an alibi, they are making every effort to assail the character of the complainant and the prosecution's witnesses and endeavoring to entrap them into self-condemnations.

These attempts have met with a signal failure in the cases of Mamie Hannan and her mother, while Lizzie Lawlor's testimony has been given in a manner that betokened apparent truthfulness.

Lawyer House is a crafty and merciless cross-examiner, and when relieved by his associate, Mr. Friend, the situation of the witness undergoing questioning is not one bit improved, but in spite of these facts Lizzie Lawlor yesterday acquitted herself most creditably.

Lizzie Lawlor's Strong Testimony.

The insinuations of counsel for the defense did not appear to confuse her in the least, and she positively corroborated Mamie Hannan's testimony as to the alleged assault in Joe Geller's saloon in a manner that had a visible effect upon the jury.

MAMIE HANNAN'S MOTHER.

Lizzie Lawlor is the witness whose presence an EVENING WORLD reporter secured at Dailey's police court examination after Dailey and Capt. Eakins repeatedly declared they could not find her. As on that occasion she yesterday swore that not only did Dailey know her whereabouts, but she had met him in a saloon in Sixth street, between First and Second avenues, four weeks after the alleged assault in company with two men named Kerrigan and "Dory" Ware and a third man whom Dailey introduced as a notary public, and that he unsuccessfully tried to bribe her to sign an affidavit exonerating him from Mamie Hannan's charge.

The People have this notary public, and recognizing that this testimony was exceedingly damaging to their defense of an alibi, Lawyers Friend and House's merciless cross-examination of Lizzie Lawlor is easily understood.

Are They Doubtful of the Alibi?

But the very line of the defense's cross-examination has raised a suspicion in the minds of the court spectators, if not in the minds of the jurors, that the defense of an alibi is not well founded.

"Why," they ask, "if Dailey was not in Joe Geller's saloon on the evening of March 26, and did not assault Mamie Hannan, are his counsel so anxious to prove his accusers of bad character?

"And why do they object so strenuously to the admission of testimony pertinent to the alleged assault, and of Lizzie Lawlor's statement that Dailey did try to bribe her as above related?"

In cross-examining Mamie Hannan yesterday Lawyer House insisted that she had not detailed all the conversation between her and Roundsman Dailey when the latter invited her and Lizzie Lawlor to go to Geller's saloon and have a drink. He finally drew from her an admission that Dailey did address to her a filthy remark, which, if true, plainly indicated his designs towards the young girl.

The fact that Mr. House kept persistently hammering away at the witness until he secured this admission has caused the inquiry:

"How did Dailey's counsel know of this alleged remark if Dailey did not tell him of it? And is not the remark itself circumstantial evidence that Daily did go to Geller's saloon with Mamie, as both she and Lizzie Lawlor have testified?"

When Dailey came down from the Tombs this morning and took his seat beside Lawyer Robert E. Ammon, Messrs. Friend & House's associate, he had regained his wonted air of bravado.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT-ATTORNEY WEEKS.

He was feeling unwontedly jubilant to-day possibly because his month's salary as roundsman, $108.33, was due and he was momentarily expecting it to be delivered to him in court.

Two Witnesses Disappear.

Another evidence of Dailey's alleged desperation cropped out this morning through the report that the People had experienced considerable difficulty in securing important witnesses.

At least two persons have mysteriously disappeared, and up to this morning the subpœna-servers had been unable to discover their whereabouts.

It was 11.15 when Recorder Smyth opened court, and considerable time was occupied in sentencing prisoners convicted of minor offenses.

When Dailey's case was resumed Lizzie Lawlor was recalled for continued cross-examination.

When the witness took the stand she appeared cool and collected, and ready for the ordeal she knew was sure to follow.

Mrs. Hickey or Lawlor said it was true that Mamie Hannan used to visit her at 33 Cannon street, but no men ever visited her there.

Lawyer House drew from her that she had talked with Assistant District-Attorney Sims about the case this morning.

Lawyers' Passage at Arms.

"What was the conversation?" demanded Mr. House.

Mr. Weeks—I object.

The Court—Why? I think he's taking a big risk in bringing it out.

Mr. Weeks—Then I withdraw the objection.

Mr. House—And I withdraw the question.

Mr. Weeks—I object to the withdrawal of the question.

Mr. House—And I object to your objection to the withdrawal of my question.

The Court—Any more objections, gentlemen? If not, proceed with the case.

Mr. House did not press the question.

"Did Mamie Hanan bring beer to your apartments at 33 Cannon street?" he asked.

"Yes, sir."

"Who drank it?"

"I did, part of it."

"What became of the rest of it?"

"It was thrown out."

Mr. House appeared non-plussed and several jurors smiled. The Court, too, came near smiling.

"Didn't men who came to see you there drink beer, too?" asked Mr. House.

"No, sir; no men ever came there."

"Did you live at 181 Eldridge street?"

"Yes, sir."

"Under what name?"

"Mrs. Nelson."

"Were you obliged to move from there?"

"Yes, sir."

"Because of your conduct, wasn't it?"

"No, sir; it was because I had too much company."

The witness said she had only one room at 181 Eldridge street. She admitted that she lied to Mrs. Sheerin, the landlady, in telling her her name was Nelson. She never told Mrs. Sheerin her husband's name was Nelson. She drank beer frequently when her visitors came to see her.

Touched a Tender Spot.

When requested to describe her husband's appearance, Mr. House's insinuation that that individual was in State prison, caused Mrs. Hickey to ween for several minutes before she could reply. She insisted that Mamie Hannan never visited her at 181 Eldridge street, as Mamie herself had testified.

The witness said that Mamie Hannan was the only female visitor she had at 26 Lewis street. She was also compelled to move from there because she had too much company. She didn't know whether Mamie Hannan's mother thought she was working when she came to 26 Lewis street or not. The witness's father lived there with her continuously.

Mrs. Hickey swore that she never left a man alone in her rooms with Mamie Hannan and on her return found Mamie in a loose wrapper still alone with the man. She did, however, remember one occasion when a man slipped out of her rooms down the fire-escape before she would allow her father to enter, but she declined to tell the man's name on the ground that it would tend to degrade her.

She stoutly denied ever telling a Mrs. Harrington in the house at 26 Lewis street that a red-headed man was responsible for Mamie's condition, and that her trouble with Mrs. Hannan was due solely to the fact that she wouldn't write a letter for her charging another young man with such responsibility.

"Did you ever tell Mrs. Harrington that the man to whom Mrs. Hannan wanted you to write a letter had money?" demanded Mr. House, fiercely.

"No, sir; I did not," was the prompt reply.

"Do you know where Delancey street is?"

"No, sir."

"Do you know David Welch?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you remember meeting him one night in January last?"

"No, sir."

"Don't you remember standing at the corner of Allen and Delancey streets, on a night in January, with Mamie Hannan and a young man?"

"No, sir."

Subsequent questions having an intent to prove that the young man in question and Mamie went into 14 Delancey street while the witness waited outside were excluded by the Recorder because of the last answer noted.

To many questions the witness replied, "I don't remember," or "I don't recollect," and to such replies Mr. House invariably responded, "Is that the best answer you can give?"

So frequently did Mr. House ask this question that finally Mr. Week's remarked:

"I object, this is getting monotonous."

The Court: "Yes, what's the use."

Mr. House—Well, I'm paid for being monotonous.

Stopped the Monotony.

The Court—Yes, and I'm paid for stopping the monotony. Proceed with the case.

"Were you ever in Geller's saloon before the night you say you and Mamie Hannan, Sergt. McDonald and Dailey were there?" asked Mr. House.

"Yes sir. I guess Mr. Dailey can testify to that. I've met him there frequently."

This was more than Mr. House bargained for, and he hastened to have the latter part of the answer stricken out.

At Mr. House's request the witness again detailed the circumstances attending her going to Geller's saloon with Mamie Hannan and Sergt. McDonald at Dailey's invitation, and her knowledge of the subsequent alleged assault upon Mamie Hannan.

Her story told on direct examination was not shaken in the least.

Mrs. Hickey said the party entered Joe Geller's back room between 6 and 7 and left after 8 o'clock, but before 9 o'clock. Mamie Hannan thought it might have been after 9 o'clock when they left.

The witness swore that she saw Dailey turn out the gas and heard a struggle, during which she heard Mamie cry out, "Lizzie! Lizzie!" and "Let me out!"

The witness asked Dailey what he was doing, and he told her to "shut up" and "mind her own business." She had no idea of what was going on.

Mr. House's attempt to shake the witness's testimony before Police Justice Taintor resulted in practically nothing. Somewhat to his surprise she answered that since then she had been carefully thinking over the entire affair and had recalled many little details.

At 1.30 an intermission was taken.

The Hannan Relief Fund

THE EVENING WORLD'S fund for the relief of Mamie Hannan and her mother was increased to-day by the addition of $6.55, and now stands as follows:

Previously acknowledged	$42.50
For C. L.'s sake	5.00
M. Quealey, Brooklyn	1.00
M. S. M., Brooklyn	.55
Total	$49.05

The new subscriptions were gratefully received by both mother and daughter, and a receipt for the amounts given.

Mrs. Hannan also received $2 by mail last evening from an EVENING WORLD reader who signed herself "A Servant Girl."

FIVE ILLEGAL REGISTRY CASES.

One Man Pleads Guilty After Hearing the Evidence.

Two Ex-Convicts Are Sentenced by Judge Martine.

Judge Martine devoted to-day to election and false registration cases. Five men who had been arrested by Chief Inspector McLaughlin were stood before him at the bar of Part III. of the Court of General Sessions.

Two of them were George C. Holland and Wm. Green, colored Republicans from Harlem. On Oct. 11 they registered in the Eleventh Election District of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District, giving their places of residence as 204 East Ninety-eighth street and 223 East Ninety-seventh street, respectively.

In police court both pleaded not guilty. Holland said he was a minister and Green a porter and declared their arrest an outrage.

But yesterday when State Detective Jackson, down from Sing Sing, and presented himself before them, they wilted and said they wanted to change their plea to guilty in order to gain the mercy of the court.

Both men have served terms in Sing Sing prison.

This afternoon Judge Martine sentenced Holland and Greene to two years each in the penitentiary.

The Judge scored them, but declared that the man who had induced them to violate the law was more deserving of punishment.

The trial of John Kearney and John H. Griffin, the alleged lieutenants of "Marty" and "The" Allen in the business of colonizing Republican voters in the new Eighth Assembly District, was next called by Judge Martine.

But just prior to arraigning them Assistant District-Attorney Vernon M. Davis called John Donohue to the bar to plead.

Up to this time Kearney and Griffin had been in high feathers in the prisoners' pen, at the back of the room, but when they heard Donohue change his former plea of not guilty to one of guilty, their merriment ceased.

Donohue was charged simply with false registration when he gave his address as 52 South Fifth avenue.

But Kearney and Griffin were charged with inducing him to offer his name for fraudulent registry, and when they heard him admit that he never lived at 52 South Fifth avenue, and pleaded guilty to the charge, they knew that he had turned against them and that his testimony would help to convict them.

They pleaded not guilty, however. James McLaughlin was assigned to them as counsel and a jury was impanelled.

Griffin was put on trial first. He said he was thirty-six years old, a bartender by occupation, and had lived at 52 South Fifth avenue for six weeks.

Prosecutor Davis said he should prove that John Donohue was standing near 49 South Fifth Avenue, the polling place of the Fifty-third Election District of the Eighth Assembly District last Saturday, when Griffin and Kearney accosted him and induced him to register.

John Donohue said he was the John Donohue who had just pleaded guilty to a charge of violating the Election law. To Mr. Davis's questions he answered:

"I lived at 208 Bowery. Saturday I walked over, and was at South Fifth avenue and Bleecker street when a man asked me if I had registered."

"No."

"What's the matter with 52 South Fifth avenue?" then asked Griffin, at the same time pressing money into Donohue's hand.

Soon after Kearney and Griffin took him by the arms and they led him to the election booth where Donohue was registered. The three men were arrested immediately after.

CUT HIS OWN THROAT.

John H. McNally Attempts Suicide with a Razor.

John H. McNally, forty years old, of 153 East Twenty-third street, attempted suicide at his home this morning by cutting his throat and both wrists with a razor.

He was taken to Bellevue Hospital a prisoner.

Gloomy Financial Prospects of the Russian Government.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Advices from St. Petersburg show that the Government has made futile endeavors to raise a loan abroad to relieve its straitened exchequer. The prospects for the winter are gloomy.

The Funeral of the Dowager Queen of Wurtemberg.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

STUTTGART, Nov. 4.—The funeral of the Dowager Queen of Wurtember, who died Oct. 30, took place to-day. In the procession from the Palace to the church Emperor William walked beside King William of Wurtemberg.

Held for Looting a Bowery Store.

Pope Martin and "Red" Murphy were held in the Tombs this morning on a charge of taking eight dozen hats, valued at $210, and two satchels from Goldings Bros.' store, at 246 Bowery, last night. One of the satchels, valued at $100, belonged to Prize-Fighter Greggains.

VOGEL BROTHERS,

of Broadway and Houston street, and 8th avenue and 42d street, have of their own manufacture now ready the largest variety of Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Suits, perfect fitting, correct styles, equal to the best custom work, at nearly half the price. Fashion catalogue sent free. ***

$1,000 Free Accident Insurance

and $7 a week indemnity for injuries *** given to every reader of next Sunday's PRESS.

$7 a Week for Injuries

will be paid you by THE SUNDAY PRESS. It also gives $1,000 free Accident Insurance. ***

BAIL REDUCED TO $1,000.

Davenport's Suspects in United States Court.

Tammany Hall Lawyers Guarding the Accused Men's Interests.

United States Commissioner Shields was at his desk at 9.30 o'clock this morning, looking as if he anticipated just such another busy day as yesterday.

Lawyer H. D. Hotchkiss, of the Committee of Five appointed by Mr. Gilroy, who as Chairman of the Committee of Thirty, together with Lawyer H. W. Wheeler, came around to the Federal Building shortly after Commissioner Shields's arrival to look out for the interests of the twenty-eight men arrested on Randall's Island yesterday and locked up all night in Ludlow Street Jail at the instigation of John I. Davenport. Mr. Hotchkiss said to an EVENING WORLD reporter.

"These men will not be allowed to remain locked up all day. They will be released on bail and will be at liberty to go to the polls next Tuesday like any other citizens.

"Mr. Davenport and the people who are engineering this thing with him, have squeezed out about all there is in the Federal Election law except the rack and the thumbscrews. But these men who have been locked up will be looked after and their rights respected."

After a short consultation with Commissioner Shields it was announced that the men would be admitted to bail to-day and Lawyer Wheeler left to see about getting sureties for the prisoners.

Commissioner Shields stated that the men, having been arrested on bench warrants, after being indicted by the United States Grand Jury, were in the hands of the Federal authorities, and he had nothing more to do with their cases but to accept the men's bail bonds and let them out of jail.

Charities Commissioners Sheehy and Simmons, having already been admitted to bail, are now at liberty to do as they please until called for trial.

Commissioner Sheehy's explanation of the reason the fifty-eight men were put upon the pay-roll books is straightforward and plausible.

It is to the effect that the appropriation for the payment of the attendants at the public institutions in the East River is insufficient, and as there are 18,000 people to be cared for, it requires a small army of these attendants. When short of keepers it often happens that men apply for positions who are willing to work for their board and clothes.

Although the Commissioners dislike to engage men on such terms it is a saving of the city's money, and therefore not a bad arrangement.

There is no question, Mr. Sheehy declared, but that these men are employees in every sense of the word, and the fifty-eight men indicted coming under this category they were put on the rolls with the rest of the employees who receive a salary in addition to their board and clothes.

At 11 o'clock Judge Benedict took his seat in the United States Circuit Court for the purpose of receiving the presentments of the United States Grand Jury. After that formality was over Lawyer Wheeler moved for a reduction of bail in the cases of each of the twenty-eight men arrested from $1,500, the amount fixed yesterday.

Mr. Wheeler thought that the amount was unnecessarily high, and would tax their resources to the limit. The men, he stated, acted in good faith when they registered, and had no intention of breaking any law.

Lawyer Wheeler suggested $250 as the proper amount of bail in each case.

Assistant United States District-Attorney Maxwell Evarts opposed the motion on the ground that the offense was of a serious nature and called for a correspondingly large bail bond.

After hearing both arguments Judge Benedict reduced the amount of bail from $1,500 to $1,000, and Mr. Wheeler left the courtroom to have the bail bonds drawn up.

Assistant United States District-Attorney Evarts came down from the Grand Jury room at 12.30 o'clock, and stated that twenty out of the forty indictments found were for illegal registration, but that he could not tell who the persons were until the bench warrants were drawn and placed in the hands of the marshals for execution.

By 1 o'clock thirteen warrants had been drawn and sent to the Sheriff's office.

It was later learned that the names of the twenty men indicted were as follows:

Edward Clark,	Mark Newton,
John Thompson,	David Jones,
John Lang,	William H. Watson,
Patrick Muller,	Thomas Kulp,
George Williams,	Charles Kleine,
Michael McGuire,	George Vogel,
Charles Watson,	John Mallory,
Frank Bowman,	Edward Coulter,
Henry Hoffman,	William Casey,
John Reilly,	Edward Morrissey.

ENGLISH TURF GOSSIP.

Duke of Portland's Trotter Found Dead—Death of Trainer Jones.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, Nov. 4.—One of the Duke of Portland's champion trotting stallions, for which the Duke paid £1,000, was found dead this morning in the stable at Welbeck Abbey, one of the Duke's residences.

John Jones, a celebrated trainer of jumping horses for the Prince of Wales and other aristocrats, and a noted steeplechaser, died at Epsom to-day.

It is probable that the much-talked-of race between Col. North's Nunthorpe and Lord Rosslyn's Buccaneer will come off after all.

OUTLAW NED CHRISTIE AT BAY.

Several Marshals Wounded in an Attempt to Capture Him.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

TAHLEQUAH, I. T., Nov. 4.—Deputy marshals surrounded Ned Christie's house last night, expecting to capture him when he arose this morning.

The outlaw did not appear, but a man named Arch Wolf came out and was ordered to surrender. He refused and was shot. He crawled into the house, and a fusillade was kept up all day. Several marshals were wounded.

His Buckle Stopped the Bullet.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Trouble at a colored ball on Laurel street in this city culminated in a fight early this morning, during which Edward Taylor drew a revolver and began firing promiscuously. Thomas Jones fell with a ball in his leg. Policeman Fisher escaped a fatal wound by the interposition of his belt-plate, which was broken by the bullet.

Raided a Gambling Place.

Petro Pernichari, of 248 Elizabeth street, was held in $1,000 bail at the Tombs Court this morning on a charge of keeping a gambling place behind his grocery. Officers of the Tenth Precinct raided the place last night. Ten men were found gambling and Justice Grady held them all in $500 bail for good behavior.

IMPORTANT TO CIGAR SMOKERS.

The only difference between a Havana cigar and BETWEEN THE ACTS all-tobacco cigarette is size. ***

CAMPAIGN SAYINGS ILLUSTRATED.

"The President's Friends Now Figure Out His Election."

CAME NEAR TO BLOWS.

Lawyer Leventritt and Commissioner Deuel in Altercation.

Lawyer David W. Leventritt and United States Commissioner Deuel came near coming to blows this morning in the latter's office.

Mr. Leventritt appeared as counsel for James Gartlan, the Inspector of Election whom John I. Davenport caused to be arrested for a technical error in registering him.

Commissioner Deuel said he was not ready to proceed with the case, and Lawyer Leventritt accused him of purposely delaying the examination, saying that the Commissioner was prostituting his judicial position to partisan uses.

The two faced each other, both very angry, and it was thought that they were about to engage in a fist fight.

Commissioner Deuel changed his mind, however, and after some more hot words said he would try to hear the case this afternoon.

THREE OF THE CREW BURNED.

Fire Destroys the British Bark Norcross in the Seine.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

HONFLEUR, Nov. 4.—The British bark Norcross, Capt. Roop, from Philadelphia, which was lying in the Seine off this port, has been burned.

The captain, his wife, the steward and four sailors were saved.

Three of the crew were burned to death and seven others are missing.

ALL SENSES GONE SAVE SIGHT.

Sad Condition of the Girl Victim of a Young New Yorker's Jealousy.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—An unsuccessful operation was performed at the Medico-Chirurgical College yesterday on Miss Lizzie Albert, the beautiful victim of the jealous wrath of Daniel Love, son of a New York stock broker, in the endeavor to find and extract the bullet which remains in her head.

Miss Albert is twenty-two years of age and lives at Canadensis, Monroe County, Pa. She was employed in August last as a waitress in a Summer hotel at Delaware, Warren County, N. J. Her personal charms won her many admirers among the young male boarders, Love being one of them. She repulsed the New Yorker and the shooting followed.

Miss Albert has lost all her senses but that of sight. Physicians explain this by saying the other nerves were cut by the bullet.

BRAVE POLICEMEN GET MEDALS.

Seventeen Honorable Awards Given at Headquarters To-Day.

Major Kipp, chief clerk of the Police Department, this morning presented seventeen members of the force with medals of honor awarded by the Commissioners for brave and heroic services.

Sergt. Joseph Ivary and thirteen patrolmen of the patrol boat and Sergt. Henry Halpin, of the West Thirtieth street station, received honorable mention for their services in the lower bay during the cholera epidemic.

Policeman Edward E. Griffenhagen, of the East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street station, who stopped the runaway fire horses in Union Square during the Columbus parade, and Policeman Emanuel Meyer, of the Fifth street station, who arrested Murderer Frank Roche on the Bowery, were also honored.

Policeman Richard J. Mulcahey, of the patrol boat, who was on duty during the cholera trouble, was unable to appear to receive his medal owing to illness.

KEYS TO SWITCH TELEPHONES.

Simple Device That Does Away with an Attendant.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—A party of men went to Laporte, Ind., to-day to witness the working of the Strowger system of telephone connections.

The invention consists of a small board with keys attached to the telephone. If No. 1,266 is wanted, the first key is pressed once, the second twice, the third five and the fourth six times. The user then has the telephone connection he desires.

HOUSE-HUNTERS

Use "The World's Home Chart" as Their Guide.

TWO MURDERERS SENTENCED.

Thomas Pallister to Be Electrocuted and John McCann to Elmira.

Thomas Pallister was sentenced in Part II. of General Sessions by Recorder Smyth to-day to be executed by electricity in Sing Sing Prison during the week commencing Monday, Dec. 12, for the murder of Probationary Policeman Adam Kane.

Pallister was convicted Oct. 19 of killing Kane by stabbing him in the groin.

When arraigned Pallister was deadly pale. Yet he calmly listened to the motion of his counsel, Ambrose Purdy, for a new trial on the usual technical grounds, the Recorder's denial of the motion and his terrible sentence.

Chief Clerk John F. Carroll read the warrant of execution to Sheriff Gorman, who took Pallister back to the Tombs. He will be taken to Sing Sing probably this afternoon.

John McCann, the sixteen-year-old tough who was convicted in Part III. of the Court of General Sessions of manslaughter in the first degree, was sentenced to the Elmira Reformatory by Judge Martine to-day.

McCann stabbed Richard Matuerski to death on Aug. 27. His victim was a wood-carver and lived in West Forty-seventh street.

Lawyer James McLaughlin pleaded that the youth be sent to Elmira, and Judge Martine so disposed of the case. On this sentence McCann may be held in the Reformatory for the maximum punishment for manslaughter, twenty years, or, for good behavior, he may be liberated at any time after twelve months, at the discretion of the Superintendent of that institution.

VAMPIRE SENT TO AN ASYLUM

Two Murders in Prison Added to Two on a Fishing Smack.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4.—James Brown, a deranged United States prisoner, has been removed from the Ohio penitentiary to the National asylum at Washington. He fought against being removed, believing that he was going to his execution.

In 1867 two of the crew of a Boston fishing smack were missed and Brown, who was a sailor on board, was found sucking the blood from one of the bodies. He was sentenced to death, but this was commuted to life imprisonment. Brown has committed two murders since his confinement in prison.

PICKED UP THE BUOY.

Peculiar Accident to the Steamship Peconic's Propeller.

Off the Battery this morning, when the British steamship Peconic, from Mediterranean ports, was being towed to the docks in Brooklyn, a large red buoy was seen bobbing up and down alongside her propeller.

In the fog of yesterday afternoon, while entering Gedney's Channel, the ship stopped for a short time, and when she started fouled this buoy. The buoy chains became entangled with the wheel, and it is thought cracked one of the blades of the propeller.

Several tugs took the Peconic in tow from Quarantine this morning, and she will have to discharge her cargo before the buoy can be got away. A temporary buoy will be taken to Gedney's Channel to-day.

CO-OPERATION AT HOMESTEAD.

New Plan Unfolded in Secret to Amalgamated Association Officers.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Nov. 4.—M. K. Sando, promoter of the scheme to build a co-operative steel plant near Homestead, has returned from his Eastern mission.

He and a number of prominent members of the Advisory Board were in Pittsburg yesterday in consultation with the officials of the Amalgamated Association and their attorneys.

Members of the Advisory Board when interviewed said that Mr. Sando seems to have a bona fide plan of co-operation, and represents a large amount of money for the erection of a steel plant; but that no actual negotiations have been entered into, and until they are the committee is pledged to secrecy.

She Was Mrs. Esther Gatter.

The woman who became confused by the throng of vehicles and fell at Broadway and Nineteenth street last night and was taken to the New York Hospital in an unconscious condition, recovered this morning. She said she was Mrs. Esther Gatter, a dressmaker, forty years old, of 355 West Seventeenth street.

Indian Bones Dug Up in Buffalo.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BUFFALO, Nov. 4.—While opening a new street to-day skulls and implements and cooking utensils were dug up. The relics, it is thought, are of the Kah Wahs, or neutrals, who were wiped out in 1680 by their confederated enemies.

Judge John Collier, of Atlanta, Dead.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 4.—Judge John Collier, one of Atlanta's pioneer citizens and one of her most prominent men, is dead.

STRIKING WIREMEN STILL FIRM.

Large Majority of the Men Placed on Union Jobs.

At Clarendon Hall, the headquarters of the striking electrical wiremen, this morning it was said that there were no new developments in the strike other than that the non-union men working on the jobs the contracts for which were held by members of the electrical contractors had been removed and all of the other trades that had gone out on strike had returned, also that the strikers are as firm as ever.

The strikers say that they are not weakening, that they are placing their men to work every day on union jobs, and the few that are still out will not want for anything.

The strikers claim that the latest dodge of the E. Ward Leonard Electric Company to force its men back is the levying of an assessment of 40 per cent. on all stockholders. Many of the firm's foremen were subscribers to the stock, but as they have not as yet received the stock, say that they have been advised by a lawyer that no assessment can be made on them.

The Executive Committee of the Union will hold a meeting this afternoon.

SENSATION AT LINGO'S TRIAL.

Effort to Show that Miller Knows All About His Wife's Murder.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 4.—Francis H. Lingo, who is on trial for his life for the second time, looked fat and confident as he sat near his lawyers to-day in the Camden County court charged with the brutal murder of Mrs. Annie Miller in a bush lot near Merchantsville in September, 1890.

John Miller, husband of the murdered woman, has been compelled to undergo a rigid cross-examination by Lingo's counsel, who caused a sensation in the court-room by his efforts to create the impression that Miller knew more about the murder of his wife than he was willing to tell.

Miller lost his temper when the counsel broadly intimated that he had murdered his wife.

JOHN I. DAVENPORT.
(Keep your eye on him.)

Proofs that the Republican leaders will try to carry the State of New York for Harrison by Force bill methods are found in the construction of the Federal Elections law, promulgated by Acting Attorney-General Aldrich, in which deputy marshals are directed to override any State statute which prohibits partisan surveillance of the voter; in the repetition and enlargement upon this official opinion by United States Marshal Jacobus, who orders his minions to go into the polling-booths if they see fit, despite the law of the State; in the preparations of Chief Supervisor John I. Davenport to arrest voters by thousands and detain them until the polls are closed; in the implied threat to arrest Lieut.-Gov. Sheehan or any other Democratic manager who attempts to assert and maintain the voters' right to secrecy in casting his ballot, and in the universal upholding and indorsing of these methods by the Republican press and orators.

It is equally clear that Force bill methods will be resisted by the lawfully constituted authorities of the city and State. The brigades of Jacobus and Davenport will be matched by the police and a large force of special deputy sheriffs sworn to prevent the carrying out of the orders of Republican managers who seek to adapt the Federal law to partisan ends.

In the absence of Attorney-General Miller, who is laboring on the stump for Harrison, the opinion is put out by the Acting Attorney-General, Mr. Aldrich, that the United States statute gives Federal election supervisors and deputy marshals supreme authority at all polling places, with arbitrary power to arrest and punish any person who interferes with them in the discharge of their duties as construed by themselves.

The right of deputy marshals to be within the guard-rails of polling booths is squarely affirmed by Judge Aldrich. "Any person," he says, "who, *with or without the authority of any State or municipality*, interferes with or prevents the full and free access and egress to and from any such polling place, &c., is liable to arrest, imprisonment and fine."

In an order issued by United States Marshal A. E. Baxter, of Elmira, each deputy marshal is informed that "in the exercise of his discretion he is the sole judge of the necessity and propriety of being within the guard rail or elsewhere. Whenever he deems it necessary to occupy a position within the guard rail it is his lawful right to do so, and it is his duty to arrest any person, no matter what his official position may be, who interferes with that right."

The arrest yesterday of Charities Commissioners Sheehy and Simmons by Davenport's orders, is regarded as an act of intimidation directly in line with the Republican policy outlined above. As a result was that at a conference last night, Lawyers David Leven-

LAST EDITION.

MAY BE FIGHTING.

Possible Conflict of State and Federal Election Officers.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS' TACTICS

Deputy-Marshals Ordered to Go Behind Polling-Place Guard-Rails.

VARYING VERSIONS OF THE LAW

Encroachments of Davenport's Men Will Be Resisted.

"We wish to say to the Democratic managers that their persistence * * * will result in consequences disastrous to them and their party. This city will be polled on election day with a force of Federal marshals sufficient to secure order at every poll. Similar protection will be extended to the voters and to the ballot-box throughout the State."
—*New York Tribune's leading editorial article to-day.*

Indications abound to-day that the Republican managers intend to bring about a conflict of the State and Federal authorities in this city on election day. Instructions have been given by Republican Federal officials, on the line indicated in the foregoing quotation from the paper owned and edited by the Republican candidate for Vice-President, to United States deputy marshals and supervisors of election, which, if carried out, will inevitably result in rioting, disorder and bloodshed.

15-YEAR-OLD HIGHWAYMAN.

Young McCabe Held for Knocking Down and Robbing Gillow.

Sylvester McCabe, a fifteen-year-old boy living at 150 Cherry street, was held in $2,000 bail in the Essex Market Police Court this morning on a charge of robbery.

The charge was made by John Gillow, thirty-seven years of age, who says that while he was passing through Cherry street night before last young McCabe knocked him down and robbed him of a watch and chain and $12 in money.

McCabe, although young in the business, has a bad name and has been arrested before.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY MISSING.

Came to New York, Having Large Trust Funds and Securities.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

STROUDSBURG, Pa., Nov. 4.—District-Attorney Charles W. Holbrook left here Oct. 5 with his wife to attend the Columbus celebration at New York. He has not returned, and when he failed to meet pressing business engagements his friends became anxious about him.

Large trust funds are in his possession, and his sureties, some of whom are the most prominent men of the town, are alarmed at his absence.

NEWARK CATHOLICS PROTEST.

German Pastors Denounce Rev. V. Corrigan's Criticisms.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 4.—A "protest" has been issued by the pastors of the German Catholic churches here against the letter of Rev. V. Corrigan, of Hoboken, published on Monday, denouncing Catheusiyism, criticising Archbishop Corrigan for the appointment of a German bishop in an English-speaking diocese, and bishop Wigger.

The letter is pronounced a wanton insult offered to distinguished guests by a selfish and disappointed cleric.

An Alleged Deserter Arrested.

Edward Browne, of 147 Conover street, Brooklyn, was arrested this morning, charged with deserting the United States Army in January last. He will be turned over to the authorities at Fort Hamilton.

Col. Vane H. Manning Dead.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Vane H. Manning died at Branchville, Md., last night, aged fifty-three years. Mr. Manning was a colonel in the Confederate army. He represented the Second Mississippi District in Congress for three terms.

THE careful mother always keeps SALVATION OIL handy, for cuts and bruises. ***